MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

START

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

JUL 1 1901 THRU AUG 31 1901

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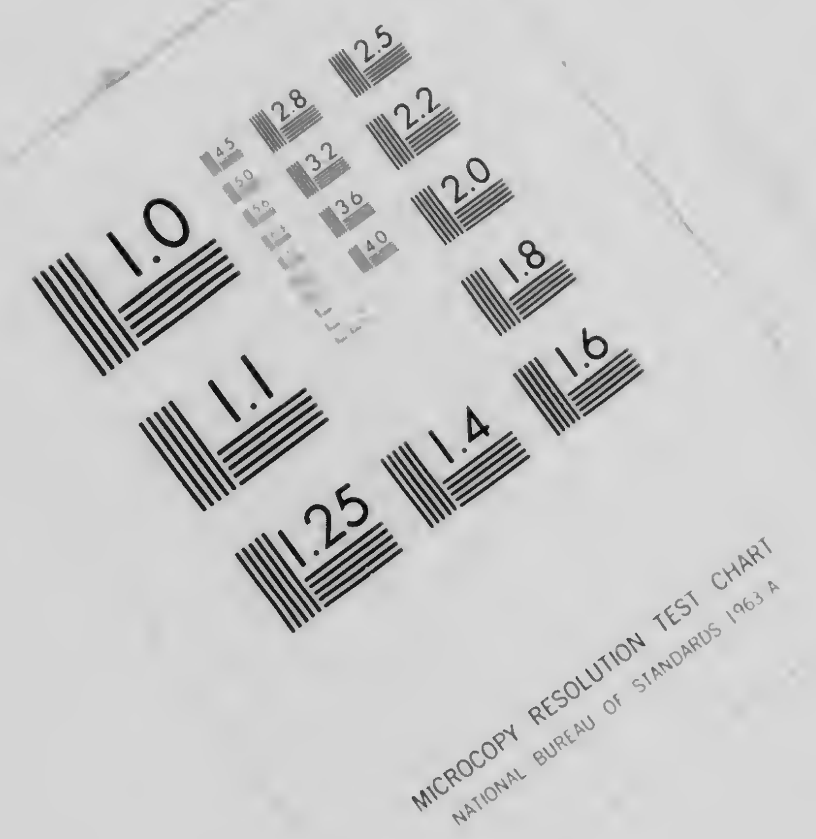
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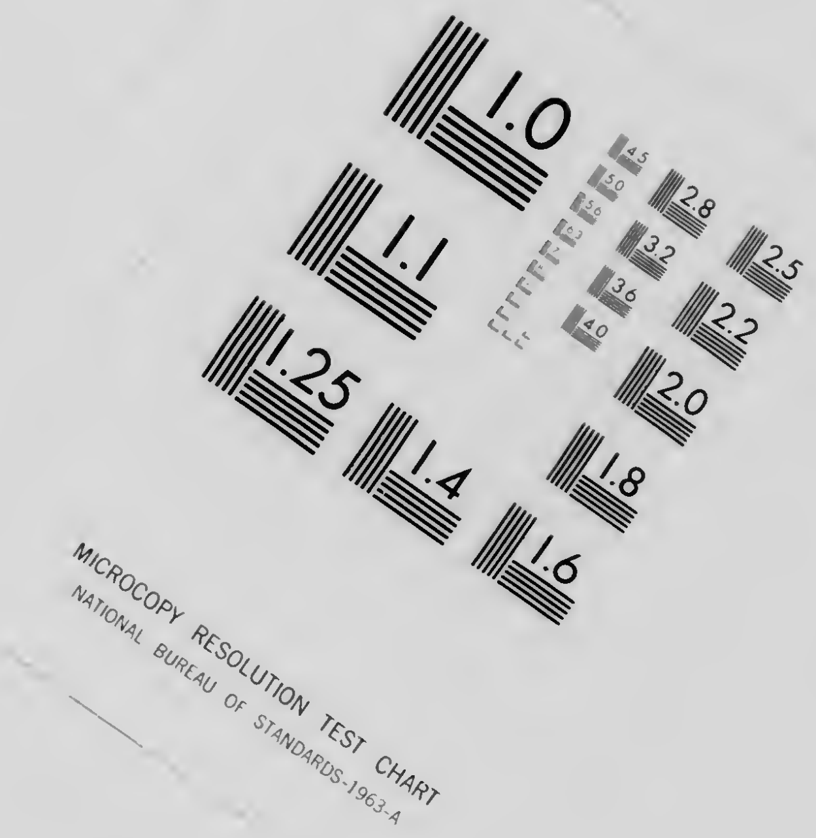
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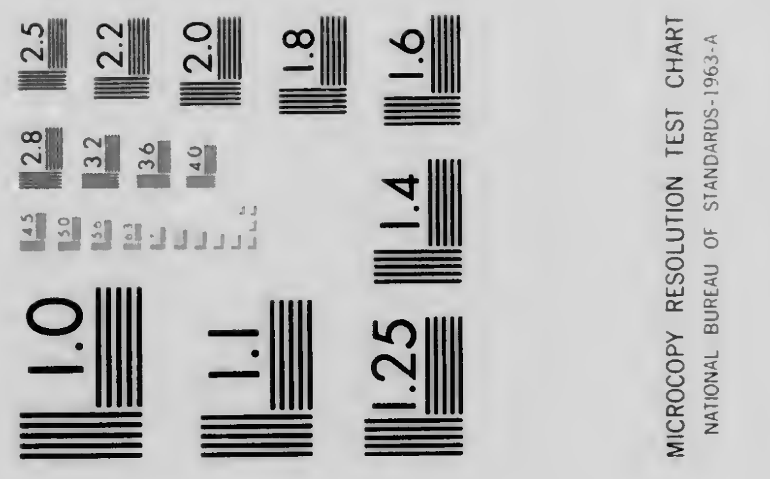
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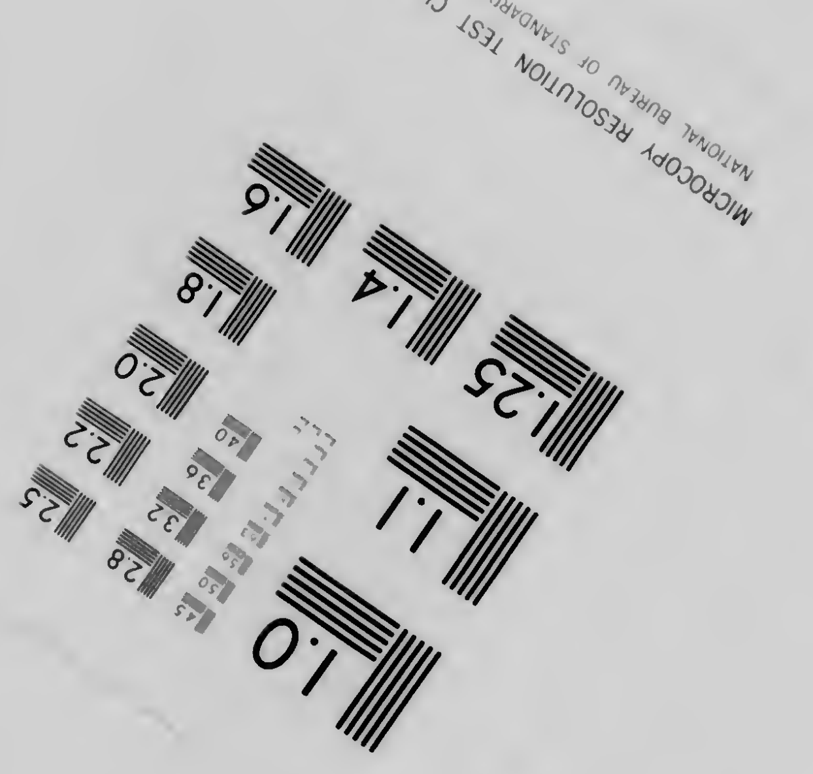
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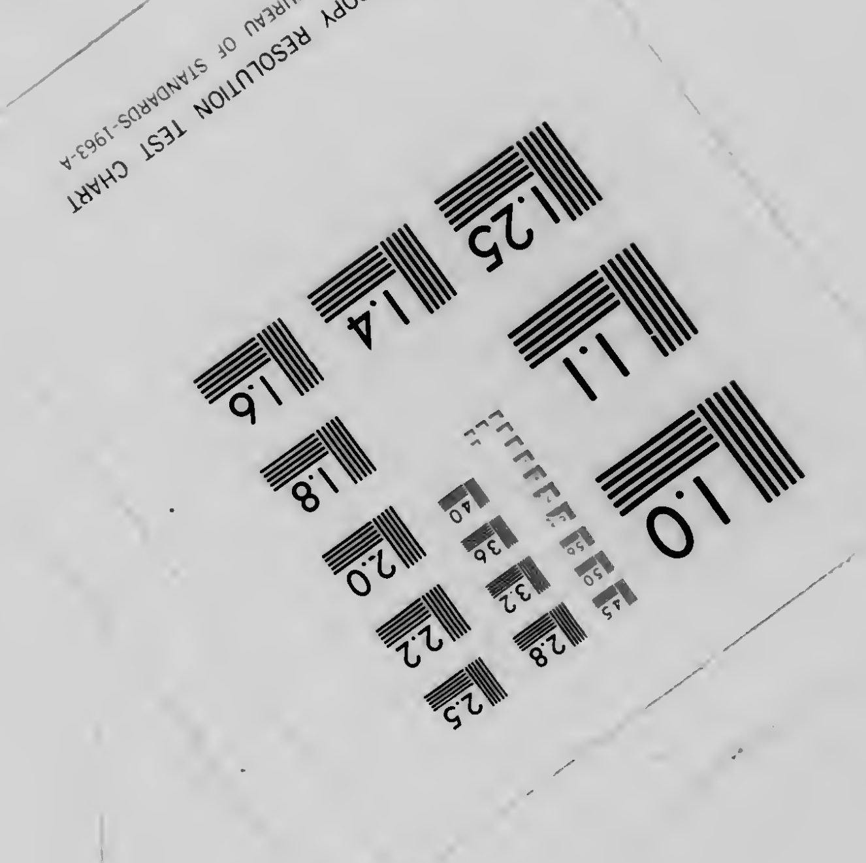
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MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

July 1901. complete.

TEN PAGES. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. TEN PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, JULY 1, 1901. TWO CENTS.

OUR GREAT MANUFACTURERS' CLOSING OUT SALE!

Will save you many dollars in providing your clothing for the Glorious Fourth.

Store Open Every Evening Until THE FOURTH.

The BIG DULUTH

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Store open July Fourth till noon.

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$985 For Men's Suits worth $15.00, $16.00, $18.00.

$1485 For Men's Suits, worth $20.00, $22.00 and $25.00.

THINK OF 1500 SUITS TO SELECT FROM at these Two Prices!—every style fabric—every known material—every popular coloring that is known to the clothing world, is included in this great sale.

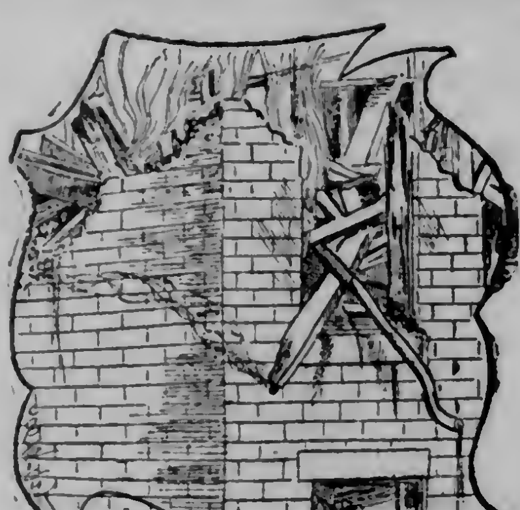
Store open every evening until the Fourth.
Store open July Fourth till noon.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters.

The BIG DULUTH

125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.



IT'S THE SAME STORY

with so many. They do not think seriously of

Fire Insurance

until the property is destroyed. Then there is nothing to insure. Why not take time by the fore lock? Rates are not reduced by procrastinating. Tomorroy may bring a fire. Let us write the insurance you need today.

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Insurance and Bonds,
Torrey Bldg. 1st floor, Duluth.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

QUESTION IS UNSOLVED

The Matter of Guarantees For the Chinese Bonds Securing Indemnities Has Not Been Settled.

Berlin, July 1.—Nothing is known in German official circles regarding the news from Shanghai to the effect that Kai Fong Fu, in the province of Ho Nan, is to become the Chinese capital. The latest reports received from Pekin reiterate the statement that it is the court's intention to return to Pekin.

The German government has not been informed touching the plans of Prince Chuan further than that he is coming to Berlin to apologize for Baron Von Ketteler's murder. In relation to the present status of the Pekin diplomatic negotiations, the representative of the Associated Press learns upon reliable authority that the question of guarantees for bonds securing the indemnities is still unsolved, a difference of opinion between England and Russia still existing. Russia's propositon is to raise the tea tolls from 5 to 10 per cent, but only if the junk and salt taxes, with 5 per cent of tea tolls, shall not yield sufficient results. England's objections to the Russian proposition are believed to be dictated less by practical reasons, since the above taxes would most probably suffice, than the popular sentiment in Great Britain and by parliament. The Berlin authorities believe also, like the other powers, that Russia's proposition is not likely to go into effect. Hence, Germany confidently expects a final agreement on the above question. The matter of the renewal and modification of commercial treaties with China is meanwhile being taken up jointly by the Pekin diplomatists, since this, like the indemnities matter, is expected to be settled in unison at least in its general features. Germany with the other China trading powers advocate the principle of the "open door," the opening of additional harbors and the greatest possible commercial liberty. Well informed circles believe Russia does not oppose the above upon principle, though she may object to certain details when the treaty negotiations are more advanced.

COLUMBIA

Easily Defeats the New Cup Defender.

Outsails Constitution at Every Point.

Batemans Point, R. I., July 1.—When Constitution and Columbia hoisted sails for the race between the America's cup defender yachts, the breeze inside the bay was very light and the yachts had some difficulty in getting out to the starting points. The contest was a windward and leeward affair of thirty miles. By the time the yachts had reached the lightship they found a good breeze from the southwest and at 10:30 there seemed little chance for a postponement. Both yachts came out of the harbor with large club topsails set. The Columbia was the first out, but was only a few minutes ahead of the Constitution. The boats were almost identical in appearance. After waiting at the lightship about ten minutes, the judges apparently decided that the wind was too near the southwest to risk starting from the lightship, so the whole fleet started off to the eastward.

On the way signals were hoisted on the flagship to indicate a beat to windward for fifteen miles and return. The preparatory gun was fired at 11:30. Five minutes later the warning signal was given. Both yachts at once began maneuvering for positions. The starting gun was fired at 11:40, the Columbia crossing the line first and to windward at 11:40:22 and the Constitution right under her lee at 11:40:23. Both boats went across the line on the starboard tack, under all sail and stood about south, the wind being about southwest.

In the first eighth of a mile the Columbia pulled up a bit on the Constitution. Later, however, the new boat drew upon her so that she was almost on even terms, though still to the leeward. When the yachts had covered about a mile they were still standing out to sea on the starboard tack. The Columbia from this point seemed to have gained a bit to windward. During the next five minutes the Columbia outpointed the Constitution and was apparently gaining to windward.

12:40 p. m.—The Constitution is now sailing under forestay sail and baby jib topsail. The Columbia is running right away from her, and it is now almost a mile ahead of the new boat, going very fast.

12:46 p. m.—The Constitution has reset her jib, but is over a mile astern of the Columbia.

The Columbia turned the outer mark at 1:25:05. The Constitution turned the outer mark at 1:27:10.

2:10 p. m.—The yachts have sailed about half the distance back to the finish line. The Columbia still seems to hold her own in the lead, with about half a mile to the good.

2:34 p. m.—The Columbia crossed the line at 2.32.35, the Constitution at 2:33:18.

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SOCIAL AND POLITICAL

Prominent Men From Various Parts of the Country Discuss Questions of National Interest at Detroit Convention.

Detroit, July 1.—Despite the oppressive heat this morning's session of the national, social and political conference was better attended than any preceding one. Ex-Congressman John J. Lentz of Ohio was the first speaker, discussing "Should Political Reforms Precede Social and Economic Reform?" Mr. Lentz said:

"Political reform must precede social and economical reforms, for at present political parties are not organized as refor mforces. With the machines of each party ready to commit any crime to secure preferment and power, there is no hope to secure any reform from them. We must educate the masses."

Mr. Lentz also contended for government ownership of the telegraph and telephone lines and municipal ownership of all public utilities.

"Are Political Parties Necessary, or Are They Obstacles?" was discussed by Mayor Jone of Toledo. He took a strong stand against all political parties, saying: "I am a man without a party, because I consider parties positively inimical to liberty in this country." He declared that candidates nominated by conventions do not represent the people but the bosses who nominated them.

"Can Reform Be Gained Through the Parties?" the next topic, was discussed by J. B. Howarth, of Detroit, business partner of the late ex-Governor Pingree, who was to have read a paper on this subject; Hon. George Fred Williams, of Massachusetts; J. O. A. Parker, chairman of nalonal committee of Middle-of-the-Road Populists, of Louisville; R. S. Thompson, Springfield, Ohio; Fred E. Britten, Detroit, and Seymour Steadman, chairman of executive board of Social Democrats.

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FIVE ARRESTED.

Alleged Americans Turn Looters In China.

Pekin, July 1.—Five men, calling themselves Americans, were captured by Chinese troops in a town fifty miles from Pekin, and were today turned over to Maj. E. Robertson commander of the United States legation guard here. The men, who were armed, demanded 5000 tales from a pawn keeper, and got 500. They filled five carts with plunder. The United States legation was notified and the quintette was brought in.

All parts of Pekin occupied by the British for police purposes were turned over today to the Chinese authorities.

The foreign ministers will meet July 3.

PIER BURNED.

Property Loss In Boston Aggregating $200,000.

Boston, July 1.—A fire, which for an hour threatened to do great damage, broke out on Pier 5 of the Hoosac Tunnell docks in Charlestown today. The pier, which is the Boston terminus of the Warren Line Steamship company, was destroyed with a large quantity of merchandise. The steamer Sachem, from Liverpool, which was unloading at the pier, was towed out of danger before she had suffered seriously. Six cars were consumed. The loss is placed at $200,000.

YERKES WILL TAKE CHAIR.

New York, July 1.—Charles T. Yerkes has promised to take the chair at the anniversary festival and banquet of the Royal St. Annes society on July 11, says the Tribune's London correspondent. is one of the oldest charitable organizations in the world, and through Mr. Yerkes' chairmanship, it is expected to gain many thousands of pounds.

CRICKET MATCHES.

Philadelphia, July 1.—The second of the series of the cricket matches was begun today on the Manheim grounds, the Canadians having for their opponents, the Georgetown Cricket club eleven.

HAS A RELAPSE.

Believed That Senator Kyle Cannot Recover.

Aberdeen, S. D., July 1.—United States Senator Kyle, who has been ill for the past ten days, suffered a relapse at noon today. It is believed he cannot recover.

RECORD BROKEN.

Bergeson Makes Ninety-Eight Out of Possible Hundred.

Cheyenne, July 1.—Pete Bergerson, in the regular shot of the Cheyenne Rifle club, broke the world's record for standard targets at 200 yards, scoring 98 out of a possible 100. The record is official and will be recognized. Bergerson held the previous record of 97 points. His latest score was made with ordinary peep sights.

GOMEZ WITH PALMA.

Discusses Question of Candidacy For President.

New York, July 1.—Gen. Gomez has ben spending much of his time in conference with Thos Estrada Palma at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Neither would divulge the exact nature of their talk. It is thought that Gen. Gomez is here to sound the head of the Cuban junta on the question of his candidacy for the presidency of Cuba.

Gen. Gomez: "I would rather not discuss the matter. It is too early anyway, and the Cubans have really not yet made up their minds whom they de sire for president."

Gen. Gomez will leave the city this morning with Senor Palma for the latter's home at Central Valley, N. Y. He expects to go to Washington tomorrow and call upon President McKinley. Before going to the capital it is possible that he will issue a statement covering the object of his trip and setting forh his views on Cuban affairs.

MANY DIE OF HEAT

Intensely Hot Weather Proves Fatal In Many Cities.

Eight Deaths and Twelve Prostrations Reported at St. Louis.

Six Deaths In New York and Seven In Brooklyn.

St. Louis, July 1.—Intense heat continued here today. At 5 a. m. the lowest point reached during the past twenty-four hours was recorded. The thermometer then registered 80 degrees and two hours later it had risen to 82. There were eight deaths and twelve prostrations yesterday. The dead:

EDWARD CONRAD.
JOHN B. WARD.
ANTHONY SIEGMASZKI.
GEORGE OVERSTREET.
JAMES MONEHAN.
HENRY MILLER.
PETER MELVIN.
MRS. G. SEEBOLT.

Up to noon four more deaths had been reported.

New York, July 1.—The weather which has caused so much suffering in this city last week, continued today. At 9 a. m. the weather bureau thermometer showed a temperature of 87 degrees as compared with 83 at the same hour yesterday. At 10 o'clock the temperature was 89. The humidity early today was 45 per cent. Between 1 and 9 a. m. seven deaths due to the heat were reported in this city.

Six deaths from heat were reported from Brooklyn between midnight and 10 a. m.

There was an increase in the fatalities reported Sunday in New York over Saturday, although the number of reported prostrations was not so large. Up to midnight Sunday, nineteen deaths had been recorded and twenty prostrations. The deaths Sunday numbered eleven.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 1.—Thermometer at the weather bureau registered 77 at 10 a. m. with a breeze from the lake.

Rochester, N. Y., July 1.—The thermometer at 8 a. m. stood at 86 with indications that it would reach 90 by noon.

Philadelphia, July 1.—Today opened hotter than any day during the past week. The temperature was 86 at 8 a. m., two degrees hotter than at the same hour yesterday and at 9 a. m. had risen two degrees.

Washington, July 1.—The hot wave in this city shows no signs of breaking. At 8 a. m. the down town thermometers registered 85 degrees and at 9 a. m. the murcury had climbed up to 92 degrees. This is 7 degrees hotter than it was at 9 a. m. yesterday.

Detroit, July 1.—The temperature at 8:30 a. m. was 78 and Forecaster Conger prophesied that it would pass 90 before the day was over. Last night was the hottest of the summer with 76 as the minimum temperature.

Boston, July 1.—There was little proise of a change in the weather early today. The record at 8 a. m. was the same as it was on the hot days of last week—88. The wind was very light from westward.

Milwaukee, July 1.—Early the mercury registered 92 with a hot breeze. Indications are for the hottest day this year.

St. Paul, July 1.—The mercury here early today at the weather bureau office was 70, sky overcast and threatening storm.

Cleveland, July 1.—There was no abatement in the city today, the mercury hovering around 90 during the morning hours.

Pittsburg, July 1.—Last night was one of the hottest in years and at 8 a. m. today the mercury registered 84 degrees.

Two deaths and eight prostrations were reported up to noon. The dead:

SAMUEL JONES.
EDWARD BOWEN, aged 28 years.

The intense heat played havoc among the mill men and many prostrations are reported. The Oliver puddling department at South Tenth street, the puddling department of A. M. Byers' mill, and the Pennsylvania Car Wheel works, were forced to suspend work. In the latter 400 men and boys are thrown out of work. The Pittsburg Forge works are closed down, throwing 500 men out of work. The temperature at noon was 93 degrees.

Washington, June 1.—The weather bureau thermometer at 9:30 a. m. recorded 91. The hot wave is general east of the Rockies and there is no immediate prospect of relief.

Kansas City, July 1.—At 8 a. m. the temperature was 87 degrees. No relief is predicted for the present.

Louisville, July 1.—At 8 a. m. the thercury registered 87.

Cincinnati, July 1.—At 8 a. m. the mercury was 82 above and 2 to 5 degrees hotter on the street level.

Chicago, July 1.—At 8 a. m. today the mercury at the street level showed 88 degrees and during the next hour a rise to 89 was noted. The humidity intensified suffering, the air showing 85 per cent moisture.

At 12:30 p. m., the intense heat was dispelled by a sudden drop in temperature to 71 degrees and shortly afterward by a heavy fall of rain. No prostrations were reported during the morning.

PENSION INCREASED.

Washington, July 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—An increase of pension to $12 monthly has been granted to David Spatto, of Oak Park, Minn.

BATTLE IS ON

Great Struggle For Supremacy Has Begun.

Outcome of Labor War Is Hard to Predict.

Pittsburg, July 1.—As a result of the refusal of the representatives of the American Sheet Steel company, and the American Hoop company subsidiary companies of the great United States Steel corporation, to sign the workers new scale at Saturday's conference, circulars were sent out from the national headquarters of the Amalgamated Association of Iron Workers today, declaring a strike at all the plants of the two companies. The great strike is now on, but it will be several days before its actual extent is known. At the outset, however, over 35,000 men will be involved as follows:

Union sheet mills, Aetna, Sandard stee lmills, Bridgeport, Ohio, 2500; Midland steel mills, Muncie, Ind., 1000; Old Meadow rolling mills, Scottdale, 400; Saltsburg, 10; W. E. Dewees, Woods' mills, McKeesport, 1000; Cambridge iron and steel mills, Cambridge, Ohio, 500; Canton mills, Canton, Ohio, 250; Chartiers iron and steel mills, Carnegie, 300; Dennison rolling mills, Dennison, Ohio, 350; Dresden iron and steel mills, Dresden, Ohio, 300; Falson iron and nail mills, Niles, Ohio, 450; New Philadelphia mills, New Philadelphia, 500; Reeves iron mill, Canal Dover, Ohio, 750; Struthers iron mills, Struthers, Ohio, 400; Corning steel mills, Hammond, Ind., 300; Lauffman steel mills, Paulton, 200; Hyde Park iron and steel mills, Hyde Park, 350. Total, 11,650.

Non-union sheet mills: Apollo iron and steel mills, Vandergrift, 3600; Kirkpatrick mills, Leechburg, 550; Wellsville plate and sheet iron mills, Wellsville, Ohio 400; Scottdale iron and steel mills, Scottdale, 550. Total, 5100.

American Steel Hoop company, 400; independent plants, twenty-seven in number, 5000. Total number of men involved in strike, 35,750. The American Steel Hoop company's main offices are in this city. The company has three non-union plants in this city. They are Painter's mills, Lindsay & McCutcheon's and Clark's, located in Allegheny. The company has also a non-union plant at Monessen and one at Duncanville, though the employes of the latter are ready fr organization as soo nas the Amalgamated people will take them in. Other plants of the company are claimed by the Amalgamated people as union. There are two at Youngstown and one each at Sharon, Greenville, Pomeroy, Ohio, and Warren, Ohio.

What the trike just inaugurated may eventually lead to is problematical. Three months ago when a strike occurred in the wood plant of the American Steel company at McKeesport, President Shaffer threatened if the McKeesport strikers could not win with their own strength, he would order a strike in every plant of the company. If the latter would not yield he would then call out the union men in every plant of the United States Steel corporation. Such a course would result i nthe biggest strike the country has ever seen, involving several hundred thousand men.

Most all the plants of the company, union and non-union, will be compelled to shut down during the early part of July, to give the men a rest. They have been working steady since the beginning of the year, many of them without a week off. Union and non-union alike are demanding a short vacatios. It will be after, perhaps, Aug. 1, when the combine makes a serious attempt to start up in full, that the real battle will begin if no settlement has been reached at that time. The company cannot well delay operating longer than that, on account of the floods of orders. In fact, the urgent rders now on the books can scarcely wait through July. Thus the association has almost a month more to prepare for the coming struggle. It is the boast of the Amalgamated association officers that by that time they will control 80 percent of the capacity of the combination's plants.

Gradually the plans of President T. J. Shaer of the Amalgamated association are being uncovered. Since the trouble in the W. Dewees Wood mills, at McKeesport a few months ago, the association has been actively engaged in breaking up the present arrangement of the combine in operating parts of their plants with non-union men. Mr. Shaffer says that if it is not checked the life of the Amalgamated association is threatened, for the combine will always work their union mills last, and the union men will be sufferers by this discrimination. It was believed by the Amalgamated association that the promptness with which the sheet steel combine came to their terms in the McKeesport trouble, and allowed the union to exist in that plant, would urove a boon to further aggressive actions on the part of organized workmen. Taking advantage of the new United States Steel corporation, as the parent head of all the other combines with which the Amalgamated association had to deal, it was felt that by a threatened strike of all union men in all branches of the steel business would so frighten the combine officials that they would give in and allow every one of the non-union plants to be unionized. The strike order against the American Sheet Steel company has been ordered because this portion of the United States Steel corporation has thus far stood out against the increase in union mills, now recognized as union, to remain so. The American Steel Hoop company stands in the same position. Thus is arrayed against the union organization the two branches of the United States Steel corporation.

The scale for the American Tinplate company, also a part of the greater corporation, has been signed. It is said, however, in case the struggle continues, the Amalgamated officials have the power to call out the tinplate workers, as a means of defense. The strike now threatened in the bar mills, following so closely upon that of the sheet mills, has therefore a most serious aspect and may spread to enormous proportions. Indeed, in some circles it is predicted that the gigantic struggle that has been talked of since the organization of the United States Steel corporation was formed is on the eve of breaking out, and that it is coming much sooner than many believed was probable.

The position that the greater combine is placed in practically frees the independent plants from complicity in the battle. The fight is not for wages, but for organization. Either the Amalgamated association must bow to the will of the greater combine, or else the greater combine will have to give up its non-union mills. Members of the advisory board of the Amalgamated association declare they have a surprise in store. "We have not been idle during the first half of the year," said one; "we have strong lodges organized in several non-union plants, in which the combine imagines it has absolute control. Our membership among the sheet workers is stronger than it has been in years, and our treasury has a larger defense

(Continued on Page 10.)

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WARSHIPS TO PLAY WAR

Admiral Higginson With His Four Vessels Will Have a Sham Battle and Will Capture Woods Holl.

New York, July 1.—The sham battle and naval maneuvers of the North Atlantic squadron in Vineyard sound next Friday and Saturday will be nearly as extensive as those off Newport last September, says a Herald dispatch from Newport. The battle ground was selected by Rear Admiral Francis J. Higginson, commander-in-chief of the North Atlantic squadron, and Capt. French E. Chadwick, president of the Naval War college, a month ago.

Woods Holl will be the objective point and Newport the base of supplies. The flagship Kearsarge, the battleships Alabama and Massachusetts and the torpedo boat Bailey will participate. The squadron will sail from Newport on Friday morning and will steam at once for Woods Holl. Naval defense mines will be supplied to the ships from the torpedo station and tents from the naval department. The Kearsarge will land at Woods Holl one 5-inch breech-loading rifle, and the Alabama will lay six naval defense mines. The Massachusetts will land two torpedo chutes, two 3-pounders and two 6-pounders, and will plant four naval defense mines.

Marines of the Kearsarge and the Alabama will be put ashore under command of Maj. C. A. Doyen, fleet marine officer. This equipment and this force will hold the place against the fleet. After a sham battle and the passing of the mines by the fleet, the offensive force will be landed from the ships and will capture the place. The battle is calculated to give every opportunity for mining, countermining, signalling and landing men by night and day, and all the tactics that actual conflict would afford. The Bailey will attack the fleet at night. Details of the expedition and maneuvers have been prepared under the supervision of Rear Admiral Higginson.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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$985

For Men's Suits worth $15.00, $16.00, $18.00.

$1485

For Men's Suits, worth $20.00, $22.00 and $25.00.

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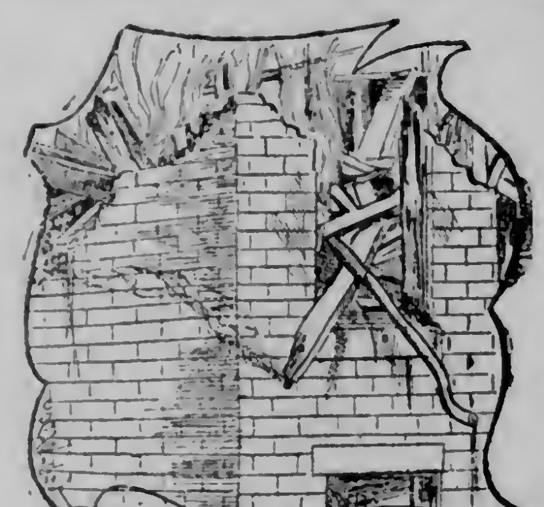

IT'S THE SAME STORY with so many. They do not think seriously of

Fire Insurance

until the property is destroyed. Then there is nothing to insure. Why not take time by the fore lock? Rates are not reduced by procrastinating. Tomorroy may bring a fire. Let us write the insurance you need today.

GRAVES-MANLEY AGENCY
Insurance and Bonds.
Torrey Bldg. 1st floor, Duluth.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

QUESTION IS UNSOLVED

The Matter of Guarantees For the Chinese Bonds Securing Indemnities Has Not Been Settled.

Berlin, July 1.—Nothing is known in German official circles regarding the news from Shanghai to the effect that Kai Fong Fu, in the province of Ho Nan, is to become the Chinese capital. The latest reports received from Pekin reiterate the statement that it is the court's intention to return to Pekin.

The German government has not been informed touching the plans of Prince Chuan further than that he is coming to Berlin to apologize for Baron Von Ketteler's murder. In relation to the present status of the Pekin diplomatic negotiations, the representative of the Associated Press learns upon reliable authority that the question of guarantees for bonds securing the indemnities is still unsolved, a difference of opinion between England and Russia still existing. Russia's propositon is to raise the tea tolls from 5 to 10 per cent, but only if the junk and salt taxes, with 5 per cent of tea tolls, shall not yield sufficient results. England's objections to the Russian proposition are believed to be dictated less by practical reasons, since the above taxes would most probably suffice, than the popular sentiment in Great Britain and by parliament. The Berlin authorities believe also, like the other powers, that Russia's proposition is not likely to go into effect. Hence, Germany confidently expects a final agreement on the above question. The matter of the renewal and modification of commercial treaties with China is meanwhile being taken up jointly by the Pekin diplomatists, since this, like the indemnities matter, is expected to be settled in unison at least in its general features. Germany with the other China trading powers advocate the principle of the "open door," the opening of additional harbors and the greatest possible commercial liberty. Well informed circles believe Russia does not oppose the above upon principle, though she may object to certain details when the treaty negotiations are more advanced.

COLUMBIA

Easily Defeats the New Cup Defender.

Outsails Constitution at Every Point.

Batemans Point, R. I., July 1.—When Constitution and Columbia hoisted sails for the race between the America's cup defender yachts, the breeze inside the bay was very light and the yachts had some difficulty in getting out to the starting points. The contest was a windward and leeward affair of thirty miles. By the time the yachts had reached the lightship they found a good breeze from the southwest and at 10:30 there seemed little chance for a postponement. Both yachts came out of the harbor with large club topsails set. The Columbia was the first out, but was only a few minutes ahead of the Constitution. The boats were almost identical in appearance. After waiting at the lightship about ten minutes, the judges apparently decided that the wind was too near the southwest to risk starting from the lightship, so the whole fleet started off to the eastward.

On the way signals were hoisted on the flagship to indicate a beat to windward for fifteen miles and return. The preparatory gun was fired at 11:30. Five minutes later the warning signal was given. Both yachts at once began maneuvering for positions. The starting gun was fired at 11:40, the Columbia crossing the line first and to windward at 11:40:22 and the Constitution right under her lee at 11:40:23. Both boats went across the line on the starboard tack, under all sail and stood about south, the wind being about southwest.

In the first eighth of a mile the Columbia pulled up a bit on the Constitution. Later, however, the new boat drew upon her so that she was almost on even terms, though still to the leeward. When the yachts had covered about a mile they were still standing out to sea on the starboard tack. The Columbia from this point seemed to have gained a bit to windward. During the next five minutes the Columbia outpointed the Constitution and was apparently gaining to windward.

12:40 p. m.—The Constitution is now sailing under forestay sail and baby jib topsail. The Columbia is running right away from her, and it is now almost a mile ahead of the new boat, going very fast.

12:46 p. m.—The Constitution has reset her jib, but is over a mile astern of the Columbia.

The Columbia turned the outer mark at 1:25:05. The Constitution turned the outer mark at 1:27:10.

2:10 p. m.—The yachts have sailed about half the distance back to the finish line. The Columbia still seems to hold her own in the lead, with about half a mile to the good.

2:34 p. m.—The Columbia crossed the line at 2.32.35, the Constitution at 2:33:18.

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SOCIAL AND POLITICAL

Prominent Men From Various Parts of the Country Discuss Questions of National Interest at Detroit Convention.

Detroit, July 1.—Despite the oppressive heat this morning's session of the national, social and political conference was better attended than any preceding one. Ex-Congressman John J. Lentz of Ohio was the first speaker, discussing "Should Political Reforms Precede Social and Economic Reform?" Mr. Lentz said:

"Political reform must precede social and economical reforms, for at present political parties are not organized as refor mforces. With the machines of each party ready to commit any crime to secure preferment and power, there is no hope to secure any reform from them. We must educate the masses."

Mr. Lentz also contended for government ownership of the telegraph and telephone lines and municipal ownership of all public utilities.

"Are Poliitical Parties Necessary, or Are They Obstacles?" was discussed by Mayor Jone of Toledo. He took a strong stand against all political parties, saying: "I am a man without a party, because I consider parties positively inimical to liberty in this country." He declared that candidates nominated by conventions do not represent the people but the bosses who nominated them.

"Can Reform Be Gained Through the Parties?" the next topic, was discussed by J. B. Howarth, of Detroit, business partner of the late ex-Governor Pingree, who was to have read a paper on this subject; Hon. George Fred Williams, of Massachusetts; J. O. A. Parker, chairman of naional committee of Middle-of-the-Road Populists, of Louisville; R. S. Thompson, Springfield, Ohio; Fred E. Britten, Detroit, and Seymour Steadman, chairman of executive board of Social Democrats.

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FIVE ARRESTED.

Alleged Americans Turn Looters In China.

Pekin, July 1.—Five men, calling themselves Americans, were captured by Chinese troops in a town fifty miles from Pekin, and were today turned over to Maj. E. Robertson commander of the United States legation guard here. The men, who were armed, demanded 5000 tales from a pawn keeper, and got 500. They filled five carts with plunder. The United States legation was notified and the quintette was brought in.

All parts of Pekin occupied by the British for police purposes were turned over today to the Chinese authorities.

The foreign ministers will meet July 3.

PIER BURNED.

Property Loss In Boston Aggregating $200,000.

Boston, July 1.—A fire, which for an hour threatened to do great damage, broke out on Pier 5 of the Hoosac Tunnell docks in Charlestown today. The pier, which is the Boston terminus of the Warren Line Steamship company, was destroyed with a large quantity of merchandise. The steamer Sachem, from Liverpool, which was unloading at the pier, was towed out of danger before she had suffered seriously. Six cars were consumed. The loss is placed at $200,000.

YERKES WILL TAKE CHAIR.

New York, July 1.—Charles T. Yerkes has promised to take the chair at the anniversary festival and banquet of the Royal St. Annes society on July 11, says the Tribune's London correspondent. Is one of the oldest charitable organizations in the world, and through Mr. Yerkes' chairmanship, it is expected to gain many thousands of pounds.

CRICKET MATCHES.

Philadelphia, July 1.—The second of the series of the cricket matches was begun today on the Manheim grounds, the Canadians having for their opponents, the Georgetown Cricket club eleven.

HAS A RELAPSE.

Believed That Senator Kyle Cannot Recover.

Aberdeen, S. D., July 1.—United States Senator Kyle, who has been ill for the past ten days, suffered a relapse at noon today. It is believed he cannot recover.

RECORD BROKEN.

Bergeson Makes Ninety-Eight Out of Possible Hundred.

Cheyenne, July 1.—Pete Bergerson, in the regular shot of the Cheyenne Rifle club, broke the world's record for standard targets at 200 yards, scoring 98 out of a possible 100. The record is official and will be recognized. Bergerson held the previous record of 97 points. His latest score was made with ordinary peep sights.

GOMEZ WITH PALMA.

Discusses Question of Candidacy For President.

New York, July 1.—Gen. Gomez has ben spending much of his time in conference with Thos Estrada Palma at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Neither would divulge the exact nature of their talk. It is thought that Gen. Gomez is here to sound the head of the Cuban junta on the question of his candidacy for the presidency of Cuba.

Gen. Gomez: "I would rather not discuss the matter. It is too early anyway, and the Cubans have really not yet made up their minds whom they de sire for president."

Gen. Gomez will leave the city this morning with Senor Palma for the latter's home at Central Valley, N. Y. He expects to go to Washington tomorrow and call upon President McKinley. Before going to the capital it is possible that he will issue a statement covering the object of his trip and setting forh his views on Cuban affairs.

MANY DIE OF HEAT

Intensely Hot Weather Proves Fatal In Many Cities.

Eight Deaths and Twelve Prostrations Reported at St. Louis.

Six Deaths In New York and Seven In Brooklyn.

St. Louis, July 1.—Intense heat continued here today. At 5 a. m. the lowest point reached during the past twenty-four hours was recorded. The thermometer then registered 80 degrees and two hours later it had risen to 82. There were eight deaths and twelve prostrations yesterday. The dead:

EDWARD CONRAD.
JOHN B. WARD.
ANTHONY SIEGMASZKI.
GEORGE OVERSTREET.
JAMES MONEHAN.
HENRY MILLER.
PETER MELVIN.
MRS. G. SEEBOLT.

Up to noon four more deaths had been reported.

New York, July 1.—The weather which has caused so much suffering in this city last week, continued today. At 9 a. m. the weather bureau thermometer showed a temperature of 87 degrees as compared with 83 at the same hour yesterday. At 10 o'clock the temperature was 89. The humidity early today was 45 per cent. Between 1 and 9 a. m. seven deaths due to the heat were reported in this city.

Six deaths from heat were reported from Brooklyn between midnight and 10 a. m.

There was an increase in the fatalities reported Sunday in New York over Saturday, although the number of reported prostrations was not so large. Up to midnight Sunday, nineteen deaths had been recorded and twenty prostrations. The deaths Sunday numbered eleven.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 1.—Thermometer at the weather bureau registered 77 at 10 a. m. with a breeze from the lake.

Rochester, N. Y., July 1.—The thermometer at 8 a. m. stood at 86 with indications that it would reach 90 by noon.

Philadelphia, July 1.—Today opened hotter than any day during the past week. The temperature was 86 at 8 a. m., two degrees hotter than at the same hour yesterday and at 9 a. m. had risen two degrees.

Washington, July 1.—The hot wave in this city shows no signs of breaking. At 8 a. m. the down town thermometers registered 85 degrees and at 9 a. m. the mercury had climbed up to 92 degrees. This is 7 degrees hotter than it was at 9 a. m. yesterday.

Detroit, July 1.—The temperature at 8:30 a. m. was 78 and Forecaster Conger prophesied that it would pass 90 before the day was over. Last night was the hottest of the summer with 76 as the minimum temperature.

Boston, July 1.—There was little proise of a change in the weather early today. The record at 8 a. m. was the same as it was on the hot days of last week—88. The wind was very light from westward.

Milwaukee, July 1.—Early the mercury registered 92 with a hot breeze. Indications are for the hottest day this year.

St. Paul, July 1.—The mercury here early today at the weather bureau office was 70, sky overcast and threatening storm.

Cleveland, July 1.—There was no abatement in the city today, the mercury hovering around 90 during the morning hours.

Pittsburg, July 1.—Last night was one of the hottest in years and at 8 a. m. today the mercury registered 84 degrees.

Two deaths and eight prostrations were reported up to noon. The dead:

SAMUEL JONES.
EDWARD BOWEN, aged 28 years.

The intense heat played havoc among the mill men and many prostrations are reported. The Oliver puddling department at South Tenth street, the puddling department of A. M. Byers' mill, and the Pennsylvania Car Wheel works, were forced to suspend work. In the latter 400 men and boys are thrown out of work. The Pittsburg Forge works are closed down, throwing 500 men out of work. The temperature at noon was 93 degrees.

Washington, June 1.—The weather bureau thermometer at 9:30 a. m. recorded 91. The hot wave is general east of the Rockies and there is no immediate prospect of relief.

Kansas City, July 1.—At 8 a. m. the temperature was 87 degrees. No relief is predicted for the present.

Louisville, July 1.—At 8 a. m. the thercury registered 87.

Cincinnati, July 1.—At 8 a. m. the mercury was 82 above and 2 to 5 degrees hotter on the street level.

Chicago, July 1.—At 8 a. m. today the mercury at the street level showed 88 degrees and during the next hour a rise to 89 was noted. The humidity intensified suffering, the air showing 85 per cent moisture.

At 12:30 p. m., the intense heat was dispelled by a sudden drop in temperature to 71 degrees and shortly afterward by a heavy fall of rain. No prostrations were reported during the morning.

PENSION INCREASED.

Washington, July 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—An increase of pension to $12 monthly has been granted to David Spatto, of Oak Park, Minn.

BATTLE IS ON

Great Struggle For Supremacy Has Begun.

Outcome of Labor War Is Hard to Predict.

Pittsburg, July 1.—As a result of the refusal of the representatives of the American Sheet Steel company, and the American Hoop company subsidiary companies of the great United States Steel corporation, to sign the workers new scale at Saturday's conference, circulars were sent out from the national headquarters of the Amalgamated Association of Iron Workers today, declaring a strike at all the plants of the two companies. The great strike is now on, but it will be several days before its actual extent is known. At the outset, however, over 35,000 men will be involved as follows:

Union sheet mills, Aetna, Sandard stee lmills, Bridgeport, Ohio, 2500; Midland steel mills, Muncie, Ind., 1000; Old Meadow rolling mills, Scottdale, 400; Saltsburg, 10; W. E. Dewees, Woods' mills, McKeesport, 1000; Cambridge iron and steel mills, Cambridge, Ohio, 500; Canton mills, Canton, Ohio, 250; Chartiers iron and steel mills, Carnegie, 300; Dennison rolling mills, Dennison, Ohio, 350; Dresden iron and steel mills, Dresden, Ohio, 300; Falson iron and nail mills, Niles, Ohio, 450; New Philadelphia mills, New Philadelphia, 500; Reeves iron mill, Canal Dover, Ohio, 750; Struthers iron mills, Struthers, Ohio, 400; Corning steel mills, Hammond, Ind., 300; Lauffman steel mills, Paulton, 200; Hyde Park iron and steel mills, Hyde Park, 350. Total, 11,650.

Non-union sheet mills: Apollo iron and steel mills, Vandergrift, 3600; Kirkpatrick mills, Leechburg, 550; Wellsville plate and sheet iron mills, Wellsville, Ohio 400; Scottdale iron and steel mills, Scottdale, 550. Total, 5100.

American Steel Hoop company, 400; independent plants, twenty-seven in number, 5000. Total number of men involved in strike, 35,750. The American Steel Hoop company's main offices are in this city. The company has three non-union plants in this city. They are Painter's mills, Lindsay & McCutcheon's and Clark's, located in Allegheny. The company has also a non-union plant at Monessen and one at Duncanville, though the employes of the latter are ready fr organization as soo nas the Amalgamated people will take them in. Other plants of the company are claimed by the Amalgamated people as union. There are two at Youngstown and one each at Sharon, Greenville, Pomeroy, Ohio, and Warren, Ohio.

What the trike just inaugurated may eventually lead to is problematical. Three months ago when a strike occurred in the wood plant of the American Steel company at McKeesport, President Shaffer threatened if the McKeesport strikers could not win with their own strength, he would order a strike in every plant of the company. If the latter would not yield he would then call out the union men in every plant of the United States Steel corporation. Such a course would result i nthe biggest strike the country has ever seen, involving several hundred thousand men.

Most all the plants of the company, union and non-union, will be compelled to shut down during the early part of July, to give the men a rest. They have been working steady since the beginning of the year, many of them without a week off. Union and non-union alike are demanding a short vacatios. It will be after, perhaps, Aug. 1, when the combine makes a serious attempt to start up in full, that the real battle will begin if no settlement has been reached at that time. The company cannot well delay operating longer than that, on account of the floods of orders. In fact, the urgent rders now on the books can scarcely wait through July. Thus the association has almost a month more to prepare for the coming struggle. It is the boast of the Amalgamated association officers that by that time they will control 80 percent of the capacity of the combination's plants.

Gradually the plans of President T. J. Shaer of the Amalgamated association are being uncovered. Since the trouble in the W. Dewees Wood mills, at McKeesport a few months ago, the association has been actively engaged in breaking up the present arrangement of the combine in operating parts of their plants with non-union men. Mr. Shaffer says that if it is not checked the life of the Amalgamated association is threatened, for the combine will always work their union mills last, and the union men will be sufferers by this discrimination. It was believed by the Amalgamated association that the promptness with which the sheet steel combine came to their terms in the McKeesport trouble, and allowed the union to exist in that plant, would urove a boon to further aggressive actions on the part of organized workmen. Taking advantage of the new United States Steel corporation, as the parent head of all the other combines with which the Amalgamated association had to deal, it was felt that by a threatened strike of all union men in all branches of the steel business would so frighten the combine officials that they would give in and allow every one of the non-union plants to be unionized. The strike order against the American Sheet Steel company has been ordered because this portion of the United States Steel corporation has thus far stood out against the increase in union mills, now recognized as union, to remain so. The American Steel Hoop company stands in the same position. Thus is arrayed against the union organization the two branches of the United States Steel corporation.

The scale for the American Tinplate company, also a part of the greater corporation, has been signed. It is said, however, in case the struggle continues, the Amalgamated officials have the power to call out the tinplate workers, as a means of defense. The strike now threatened in the bar mills, following so closely upon that of the sheet mills, has therefore a most serious aspect and may spread to enormous proportions. Indeed, in some circles it is predicted that the gigantic struggle that has been talked of since the organization of the United States Steel corporation was formed is on the eve of breaking out, and that it is coming much sooner than many believed was probable.

The position that the greater combine is placed in practically frees the independent plants from complicity in the battle. The fight is not for wages, but for organization. Either the Amalgamated association must bow to the will of the greater combine, or else the greater combine will have to give up its non-union mills. Members of the advisory board of the Amalgamated association declare they have a surprise in store. "We have not been idle during the first half of the year," said one; "we have strong lodges organized in several non-union plants, in which the combine imagines it has absolute control. Our membership among the sheet workers is stronger than it has been in years, and our treasury has a larger defense

(Continued on Page 10.)

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WARSHIPS TO PLAY WAR

Admiral Higginson With His Four Vessels Will Have a Sham Battle and Will Capture Woods Holl.

New York, July 1.—The sham battle and naval maneuvers of the North Atlantic squadron in Vineyard sound next Friday and Saturday will be nearly as extensive as those off Newport last September, says a Herald dispatch from Newport. The battle ground was selected by Rear Admiral Francis J. Higginson, commander-in-chief of the North Atlantic squadron, and Capt. French E. Chadwick, president of the Naval War college, a month ago.

Woods Holl will be the objective point and Newport the base of supplies. The flagship Kearsarge, the battleships Alabama and Massachusetts and the torpedo boat Bailey will participate. The squadron will sail from Newport on Friday morning and will steam at once for Woods Holl. Naval defense mines will be supplied to the ships from the torpedo station and tents from the naval department. The Kearsarge will land at Woods Holl one 5-inch breech-loading rifle, and the Alabama will lay six naval defense mines. The Massachusetts will land two torpedo chutes, two 3-pounders and two 6-pounders, and will plant four naval defense mines.

Marines of the Kearsarge and the Alabama will be put ashore under command of Maj. C. A. Doyen, fleet marine officer. This equipment and this force will hold the place against the fleet. After a sham battle and the passing of the mines by the fleet, the offensive force will be landed from the ships and will capture the place. The battle is calculated to give every opportunity for mining, countermining, signalling and landing men by night and day, and all the tactics that actual conflict would afford. The Bailey will attack the fleet at night. Details of the expedition and maneuvers have been prepared under the supervision of Rear Admiral Higginson.

INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Wide open Saturday until 11 p. m.

HURRAH!
We are exclusive sellers in Duluth of the Stein-Bloch Co., wholesale tailors' productions. The finest and most fashionable Ready-to-wear Clothing manufactured in America.

The Great Eastern Duluth
M. S. Burrows.

HURRAH!
Going away for the 4th? Special prices here on Trunks and Suit Cases.

Prepare for the Fourth!

Sacrifice Sale of Entire Purchase—2000 Men's Suits Bought at 50c on the Dollar.

Open Evenings Until July 4th. | Open July 4th Until Noon.

We bought this mammoth stock at less than the cost to manufacture, and we are selling it the same way. The result has been phenomenal business, and the marvelous rapidity with which they are being sought stamps this as the greatest clothing sale ever attempted in Duluth. Suits at retail for less than wholesale prices.

Your choice of 2000 beautiful garments—Blue Serges, Worsteds, Cheviots, Homespuns, Cassimeres, Fancy Stripes, Plaids, Checks—all sizes, all styles.......... **$9.75**

Suits Made to Sell at $16.00, $18.00 and $20.00.

Cool Shirts, Cool Underwear, Cool Neckwear

At Fearfully Low Prices.

Special Lot—38 dozen soft plaited front Shirts in the colorings such as are shown elsewhere at 75c and $1.00—here tomorrow at.......... **50c**

New lot Manhattan Shirts just received—patterns extremely nobby—plaited and plaid fronts—cuffs detached or separate—on sale tomorrow— **$1.50 to $3.00**

Athletic Jerseys for all kinds of outing—made with close-fitting neck and cuffs—comes in all the swell college colors—striped or plain—a most useful article.......... **$2.50**

Summer Underwear—a special lot, honey comb weave—very serviceable—comes in blue and black—black and white mixtures—usually sold at 75c—our price, per garment.......... **50c**

Silk Grenadine is the fashionable material for summer neckwear—comes in Windsors and Batwing Ties—very jaunty and cool looking—a gorgeous display at.......... **50c**

We have the narrow folded Collars—the kind now being worn in the East with Negligee Shirts—two qualities—the prices are, each.......... **15c and 25c**

A Straw's the Hat Now!

But get a good one—one of ours!

You'll find here every correct shape that straw hats will show this season—all in clean, selected straw, full of wear. Prices here trend down instead of up, but quality never leaves the topmost notch.

The Burrows

Is the swell hat for young men. It's smart and dressy. We delight in showing them.

Prices from 25c to $12.00.

Major Winner and Wife will hold a special reception tomorrow morning at 9. Bring the little ones in.

The Burrows Regent Men's $3.50 Shoes.

Experts admit that the Burrows Regent is the best make of men's shoes in America—for a price. There's character, individuality, in every style of Burrows Regent shown—they come in blacks and tans—enamel and patent leather—Russia, Willow and Box Calf and Vici Kid—31 distinct styles—all Goodyear welted—per pair.......... **$3.50**

The Burrows Wear Well Shoe is equal to any advertised $3.50 shoes, the price is only.......... **$2.50**

Splendid values in shoes for men at $1.50 and $2.00. Boys' shoes at **89c, 98c, $1.00, $1.39 and $1.75.**

Boys' and Children's Cool Clothing.

Prices cut to sell quick

There never was a time in this store's history when such brilliant bargains were placed before the people of Duluth as you'll find in the sale now in progress here. Dress the little ones up for the Fourth of July.

Manhattan Shirts—soft fronts—also a line of stiff bosoms in swell patterns with detached cuffs.......... **$1 to $1.50**

Boys' Neckwear—Four-in-Hands, Bows, Windsors, and String Ties—regular 50c grades.......... **25c**

Special lot of Windsors, Bows, new swell patterns—shapes the very latest, with elastic band to fasten around neck; these are made from remnants of high grade silks and are worth ordinarily 25c to 50c—price 15c, or two for.......... **25c**

New shapes in Boys' and Children's Collars; we have them with capes for the little ones.......... **10c, 15c**

Children's Tams in Royal Blue, Navy Blue, Red and Brown—all sizes—usual prices 75c and $1—reduced to.......... **25c**

The Ideal and Samson Underwaists for Children—the most practical article on the market—sizes 2½ to 10—at, each.......... **25c, 50c**

Straw Hats for the boys and girls—no such assortment anywhere else—you wouldn't be doing yourself or child justice, if you bought without first seeing ours at.......... **25c to $1.50**

Boys' 2-piece double breasted coats with short pants, any color, cream to black, stripes or checks, suits that have sold for $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50, ages 12 to 16 years, choice for this week at.......... **$1.98**

Long Pants Suits—This is a rare chance in Duluth. Tomorrow we sell long pant suits to fit boys from 13 to 18 yrs of age, all wool, light colored fancy Cassimeres and Cheviots, good patterns to select from; sold for $8, $10 and $12 per suit. Choice this week for.......... **$4.98**

Boys' 3-piece Suits with coat, vest and knee pants—suits that have sold all season for $4.95, $5.95 and $6.75—ages 8 to 16 years. Choice this week at only.......... **$3.98**

Boys' Middy Suits, consisting of coat, vest and pants, gotten up very cute, every one pleases the mothers of the little tots—Suits that have sold all season for $3.95 $4.95, $5.95, $6.95 choice this week.......... **$2.98**

Boy's Dress Suits—Boy's Suits, ages 13 to 20; good selection; perfect fitting; all wool; new goods; black and blue cheviots; the kind all boys want; this is an excellent opportunity to procure a good suit for a little money; special this week; your choice here for only.......... **$7.45**

Boys' Spring Overcoats— Ages 3 to 10 yrs—more styles than we have ever shown in past seasons—in price from $2.98 to.......... **$8.00**

Special sale of Boys' and Children's Blouses, Madras, Ginghams and fancy striped Percales—these are fast colors—will stand hard wear and washing, and are sold ordinarily at 75c and $1.00—price.......... **50c**

Boys' and Children's Tams, brown and tan color—twelve dozen to be sold at each.......... **39c**

Boys' Waists—50c and 75c grades, slightly soiled from handling—to close—each.......... **25c**

Boys' fast black stockings—with double knees, toes and heels (2 pair for 25c)—per pair.......... **15c**

Boys' Duck and Linen Knee Pants.......... **25c, 50c**

Bathing Suits and Trunks.......... **10c to 50c**

Special—100 dozen Boys' Bib Overalls in black and blue denim of extra good quality—well made and worth 35c to 40c—sizes 4 to 15—a pair.......... **25c**

Muleskin Hose—just the thing for boys—they cannot wear them out; fast colors; sizes 6 to 10½. The price per pair.......... **25c**

Boys' Golf Caps, blues and fancy checks for.......... **25c, 50c, 75c**

DUGAN & HUDSON'S SHOES FOR BOYS

AT WEST DULUTH

Mrs. Charles St. George, of 608 Fifty-seventh avenue, died this morning after an illness of two weeks' duration. The cause of her demise was meningitis, and she was about 40 years of age. Mrs. St. George is survived by a husband, two grown children and a 5-months-old baby.

Miss Alice Perry and Charles Cromier were united in marriage at 4 o'clock this afternoon at the French Catholic church at Eleventh avenue west. Mr. and Mrs. Cromier leave this evening on a wedding trip to Sault Ste. Marie and they will be gone about a week. They will reside in this end of the city.

Samuel Frederickson did some driving Saturday that proved expensive. He was arrested, charged with violating a city ordinance which reads that the sidewalks are not to be driven on or over. Judge Stone fined Mr. Frederickson $5 and the costs amounted to $3. It is said that there has been altogether too much damage done to sidewalks by uncautious drivers recently, and the officers will be very strict in future in enforcing the ordinance.

There is one young man in West Duluth who will insist on holding the reins, dating from yesterday, when driving out with lady friends. Last evening he was entertaining two of his female friends with a drive, allowing one of them to do the driving. One of the wheels of the vehicle became set and the party was anchored in the street for nearly an hour. After one of the residents of the locality had provided a wrench and some lubricating oil, the four wheels were removed, given treatment and they continued the drive with the man directing the horses.

At the Driving park yesterday the Duluth Brewers defeated the Marshall-Wells hardware team by a score of 6 to 0. It is said to have been one of the cleanest and most exciting games of the season.

West Duluth council No. 4, Modern Samaritans, will visit Beta council at the West End this evening.

Miss Katie Peterson has gone to Cloquet where she will be employed as overseer of a steam laundry.

Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Parsons arrived home yesterday after a visit of three weeks in the East. They spent most of their time in New York city and Buffalo.

The Misses Day, of Shelby, Iowa, are visiting relatives in West Duluth.

Mrs. M. Sparks and daughter, Lelia, left this afternoon for Illinois, where they will visit in several different cities. They expect to be absent from home for at least a month.

Members of the Hibernians and Catholic Order of Foresters attended the laying of the corner stone of the St. Peter and St. Paul's Polish Catholic church yesterday.

Some West Duluthians are planning for a lake tour July 4. It is their intention to visit the Apostle islands and Chequemagon bay.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Detroit and Return $14.00.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company. One night by rail and a delightful twenty-four-hour ride on one of the finest passenger steamers on the great lakes. Tickets on sale July 5 and 7 and can be made good for return until Sept. 1. For sleeping car and stateroom reservation address
M. ADSON,
General Agent D., S. S. & A. Ry.,
Duluth, Minn.

The Municipal Court.

The following civil cases have been put on the municipal court calendar for jury trial this week: Oscar Cederstrom against the city of Duluth; Henry Bridgeman et al against Kate Kingman and the Lakeside Grocery company; M. S. Burrows against the Western Union Telegraph company; W. E. Lewis against H. Brown and Joe Davidson; W. S. Moer against Clara A. Harris, and Johannes Sigurdsson against the city of Duluth. The Cederstrom and Sigurdsson cases are personal injury suits. The case of Lewis vs. Brown et al is a damage suit in which the plaintiff asks damages because his eyebrows and mustache were dyed in the defendant's shop against the alleged wish of the plaintiff. The case of Moer vs. Harris has been in coura before and is a suit for alleged services rendered.

The Brewers Win.

The Duluth Brewers crossed bats with the Marshall-Wells team yesterday afternoon and the Brewers came out victors by a score of 6 to 0. Young pitched a great game for the Brewers and received excellent support. The features of the game were the throwing of Lournan and the fielding of Bushice for the Brewers. The batteries were: Brewers: Young and Robinson. Marshall-Wells: Bainbridge, Stockman and Maley.

The Brewers have played two games this season and have been victorious in both of them. They will play the Hubs next Sunday at Thirty-second avenue west.

Detroit and Return $14.00.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company. One night by rail and a delightful twenty-four-hour ride on one of the finest passenger steamers on the great lakes. Tickets on sale July 5 and 7 and can be made good for return until Sept. 1. For sleeping car and stateroom reservation address
M. ADSON,
General Agent D., S. S. & A. Ry.,
Duluth, Minn.

An Innovation.

EXCURSIONS TO NEW YORK VIA BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

Round trip tickets will be sold from July 1 to Oct. 20, Chicago to New York, at $31.00 for the round trip, with stopover going at either Washington, Baltimore or Philadelphia, or at the Pan-American exposition, Buffalo, returning. This will enable you to visit Atlantic City or other seaside resorts. Send 12 cents for "Guide to Washington" and "Reasons Why." For further information call on or address R. C. Haase, N. W. T. P. A., St. Paul, Minn., or B. N. Austin, general passenger agent, 135 Adams street, Chicago.

LINDSAY DENIES IT

Was Not Responsible For J. L. Bartholomew's Representations.

Examination on Hollister Charge to Be Held Wednesday.

Something of Charge Against Him In That Case.

David C. Lindsay, the ore locator, was arraigned in municipal court this morning on the charge of having defrauded some Duluthians, represented by Theodore Hollister, by pretending to locate them on valuable ore lands when the latter were in fact valueless. The specific charge against him is grand larceny in the second degree. Lindsay entered a plea of not guilty, and his examination was set for Wednesday. His bail was fixed at $500, but Lindsay was unable to get bondsmen and was committed to the county jail. Lindsay is making arrangements to secure a lawyer and expresses confidence that he will not be convicted.

The authorities appear to think the case against the locator is a strong one. They say that the Duluth parties that were victimized by Lindsay did not take very much stock in his statements at first and secured the services of Robert Graff, who was well known to them, and who was to go with Lindsay and another man, named Fitzgerald, to the location of the alleged ore property. It is claimed that when Lindsay and Robert Graff started for the train, Lindsay told the latter that he had just received a telegram of the sickness of a relative at Bemidji, but for Graff to go on to Tower and wait a few days for him. Mr. Graff went to Tower and waited. After several days Lindsay wrote that he would be along in a few days, and that Mr. Graff should wait for him. While Mr. Graff was waiting at Tower, Lindsay, whom it is claimed was not out of the city at all, visited the men that he had interested in the enterprise with a purported report of the ore proposition, together with a detailed expense account for himself and Mr. Graff, embracing car fare, canoes, provisions, dynamite to sink test pits, etc. The complaint avers that Lindsay concocted the whole plan with the intention of defrauding them out of the money.

Lindsay is the man whom J. L. Bartholomew claims was associated with him in the selling of minutes of claims in Itasca county, and whom he accusses of doing the exploring and estimating. Bartholomew claims to have all of his information from Lindsay, and attributes the big swindle that has been perpetrated on a number of Duluthians all to Lindsay.

One of the victims, who went on the chase for timber and found that his claim was in a swamp, called on Lindsay this morning. This man said that all the money that he gave to Lindsay was $10, which would not pay the latter's expenses in going up to the country in which he claimed that he had located plenty of good pine timber on high ground. He said that the trip through the country that Lindsay alleged was high and dry was made by canoe, and that he was not only out a large amount of money in expenses, but he has lost his homesteader's right. He talked very plainly to Lindsay this morning, and the latter displayed a considerable degree of nervousness, but could make no explanation. He admitted that this gentleman had a good case against him, and said that he was willing to make a settlement.

He claimed, however, that a large number of the other victims who acused J. L. Bartholomew of locating them on worthless timber claims have absolutely no claim on himself. He said this morning that Mr. Bartholomew paid the men that were sent up to estimate, received the reports of the estimators and made up the descriptions; that he, Lindsay, in a personal conversation with Bartholomew, told the latter that he was to tell the parties with whom he made the deals that Lindsay had nothing to do with the estimates. When told that Mr. Bartholomew claims to have letters from him in regard to the alleged timber districts, Lindsay laughed and asked if the letters had been shown to anybody.

Reports of Births.

Another good sized report of births at West Duluth was filed at the health office this morning. The births were as follows: A boy to Mr. and Mrs. John Powell, of 5309 Wadena street, June 21; a boy to Mr. and Mrs. Erickson, of 208 Seventieth avenue west, June 21; a boy to Mr. and Mrs. John H. Dorsey, of 603 Sixtieth avenue west, June 13; a girl to Mr. and Mrs. Charles G. Johnson, of 112 Fifty-eighth avenue west, June 6; a boy to Dr. and Mrs. I. T. Burnside, of 701 Fifty-sixth avenue west, May 31; a girl to Mr. and Mrs. Napoleon Sayen, Gosnold street, June 8; a boy to Mr. and Mrs. Paul Morman, of Fifty-third avenue west, June 9, a girl to Mr. and Mrs. Anson F. Coulter, of 5819 Redruth street, June 17; a girl to Mr. and Mrs. Patrick McCann, of Cody street, June 21; a girl to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Anderson, of Sixty-fifth avenue west, June 5; a boy to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Anderson of Sixty-fifth avenue west and Polk street; a boy to Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Murray, of 326 Fifty-seventh avenue west, June 7; a girl to Mr. and Mrs. John Seymour, of 507 Seventieth avenue west, June 16 and a boy to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Sandstrom, of 4932 Wadena street, June 21.

Appeals to the reason of thinking people. The world is weary of substitution, therefore see that you get Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Asy your druggist.

Burrows Open the Fourth.

M. S. Burrows has received so many requests from the iron range towns to keep the Great Eastern open the Fourth that he has decided to keep open the morning of the Fourth, that all who desire may take advantage of the suit sale. Mr. Burrows says that judging from the number of people he has heard from Duluth will be crowded Thursday.

Many thousands have been restored to health and happiness by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. If afflicted with any throat or lung trouble, give it a trial, for it is certain to prove beneficial. Coughs that have resisted all other treatment for years, have yielded to this remedy and perfect health been restored. Cases that seemed hopeless, that he climate of famuos health resorts failed to benefit, have been permanently cured by its use. Bear in mind that every bottle is warranted, and if it does not prove beneficial the money will be refunded to you. For sale by Boyce's Drug store.

WAIT!
until you
READ

Is any man or woman impressed by a full page advertisement filled with exaggerations and ......?

Is it not more interesting to read the truth in a few words? Our increasing business seems to prove that we all agree on this point.

223 Negligee Shirts which we expected three days ago finally came this morning.

They have chambrais bodies, blue, ox blood or red in color, plaited, fancy front, pearl buttons, white neckband and could or should be sold for $1 each. Special late purchase permits us to offer them at—

50c a Shirt.

Don't "neglige" this shirt occasion, and remember there is your size among all these excellent "Fourth of July" bargains.

$16.50 to $20 Suits..........$14.65
$12.50 to $15 Suits..........$10.00
$4 to $7 Pants..........$2.98
$3 to $4 Boys' Suits..........$1.37
$4 to $7 Boys' Suits..........$2.85
50c Girls' Rough Rider Hats..........25c
35c Boys' Columbia Hose..........19c
Boys' Wash Sailor Suits..........50c
Boys' Bathing Trunks..........10c
Men's Balbriggan Underwear..........25c
Balbriggan Hosiery..........15c
2 for 25c.
Black and Tan Hosiery..........10c
3 for 25c.
25c Handkerchiefs..........9c
Japanette Handkerchiefs..........5c
All kinds of Neckwear at..........25c
$1.50 and $3 Ladies' Hawes' Sailors..........$1.00

$5 Hanan Tan Shoes,
$3.85.

$3.50 Columbia Tan Shoes,
$2.85.

$2.50 Tan Colored Shoes,
$1.85.

The Columbia
West Superior.

TRIAL OF THE PYX.

Quaint Ceremony to Occur In London.

New York, July 1.—The trial of the Pyx, or the testing of the money of the United Kingdom will take place in London at Goldsmith's Hall on Wednesday, says the Tribune's correspondent. The ceremony is a very ancient one.

The first known trial for which a writ was issued took place in 1281. Edward III in 1345 formally established the ceremony which down to 1870 took place at uncertain intervals. An act was passed in 1870, however, stipulating that the trial of the Pyx, which is a box or chest in which are deposited specimen coins, shall be held at least one in every year in which coins have been issued.

FOR LEAD FIELDS.

First Step Toward Acquirement By Lead Trust.

New York, July 1.—The Herald says: With the passage of a check for almost of this city, to the Union Trust com- of this city, to the U&nion Trust company of St. Louis, the first definite step on the part of the Union Lead & Oil company towards the acquirement of title of all purchasable Misosuri lead fields has been taken. More changes on title for large amounts are expected soon.

Under the name of the Union Lead & Oil company, the Ryan-Whitney—Elkins syndicate is operating in close conjunction with the M. Guggenheim & Sons Smelting company, which recently became a part—the largest part—of the American Refining company, commonly called the Smelter's combine. Mr. Whitney when asked concerning his connection with the purchase said:

"I am in ignorance as to the details of the purchase now being made in the lead districts.

"It is true that I am interested with M. Guggenheim & Sons, but their plans are not fully known to me."

DEMAND EIGHT-HOUR DAY.

Boston, July 1.—Carpenters of this city who had not been granted the eight-hour day, presented a demand today for that schedule. There are only a few hundred of the six thousand carpenters in the city whose employers have not already conceded the eight-hour rule.

A. B. SIEWERT & CO. | A. B. SIEWERT & CO.

Light Underwear

The desirable kinds are here.

Dr. Deimel's Linen Mesh	$3.25 a garment
Balbriggans, fancy and plain	50c to $3.50 a garment
Lisles	$1.00 to $3.50 a garment
Silk Mixtures	$1.50 to $4.50 a garment
Pure Silks	$3.00 to $12.50 a garment
Mercerized Cottons	$1.00 to $3.00 a garment
Combination Suits in light wool; Balbriggan, silk and wool; Lisle and pure silk	$1 to $7.50 a garment

For Fourth of July Outing.

Negligee Shirts	$1 to $5.00	Sweaters	$2 to $6.00
Belts	25c to $3.00	Straw Hats	50c to $10
Caps	50c to $3.00	GOLF HATS	$1.50 to $5
Wash and Grenadine Neckwear	15c to $5.00 each		

A. B. Siewert & Co.
Hatters and Furnishers.
304 West Superior Street.

E. HOWARD & CO.'S 14 KT
Solid Gold Watches at 50c on the dollar.
G. A. KLEIN, Jeweler.
325 West Superior Street.

THE STORY IS DENIED

Corrigan, McKinney & Co. Properties Not Under Option.

That Is the Emphatic Declaration of the Owners.

Steel Combine Said to Have Option on Them.

There were two very angry men at the Spalding today, or at least they professed to be. In fact, from all appearances they appeared to be mad clear through and indignant as well. They were James Corigan and Price McKinney, of Cleveland, of the iron mining firm, Corrigan, McKinney & Co. Their anger, though not directed at The Herald, was innocently povoked by a Herald reporter who asked them with reference to the following dispatch under a Duluth date line which appeared in the Minneapolis Journal Saturday evening:

"All the Corrigan, McKinney & Co. mines including the Commodore and Stevenson and some prospects on the Mesaba, their four Crystal Falls mines and several Menominee prospects, and their Gogebic properties, are under option to the United States Steel corporation at $9,000,000. The Crystal Falls properties are the cream of the Menominee high phos non-Bessemers, and the Mesaba mines are splendid properties. The Commodore is a forty-acre tract and contains 10,000,000 tons of ore, much of which is of the 'Admiral' grade, 64 iron and .029 phos. The mine is peculiar in that it contains several flare lenses of ore of different grades, the Admiral being under the taconite."

Mr. McKinney was asked with reference to the authenticity of the report and declared at once that it was the first he had heard of it. His denial that any such deal was in the wind was as emphatic as could be desired. He said:

"The story is preposterous. You can deny it as emphatically as you know how. Mr. Corrigan an myself happened to visit Duluth together, and we are making a visit to all the firm's properties, as is the custom once a month. How that story originated is impossible for me to say. All I know is that there is not a word of truth in it."

While it may be that the properties are not under option to the United States Steel company, it is said to be a fact that that corporation has been making an examination of them, though for what purpose is not known. It is suggested that the company is hardly in the business of investigating ore properties out of mere curiosity.

Messrs. Corrigan and McKinney left this afternoon for Hibbing to inspect the Stevenson mine.

MAY COME BACK.

Colored Man In Superior Wanted Here For Robbery.

County Attorney McClintock has been busy today in his efforts to get back to this city from West Superior, without requisition papers, Cato Stevens, a colored man who was arrested in that city last Saturday night, charged with having robbed a Finlander of about $100. The victim had just come down from Alger, Smith & Co.'s camp and had his check cashed. He was somewhat intoxicated, and it is charged that Stevens, seeing his condition, ran his hand into the woodsmen's pocket and secured his roll. The woodsman was locked up for safe keeping over Sunday and to sober up. Mr. McClintock said this afternoon that Stevens denies all knowledge of the affair, and that he may be induced to come without the expense of requisition papers.

NEEDS MONEY.

Board of Public Works Will Ask an Advance.

One of the most important matters to come before the council at the meeting this evening will be the report of the board of public works regarding the amount of damage done by the recent storms, and action to be taken on the recommendations that the board may make. The board of public works held a meeting this morning and talked the matter over. It is understood that a report will be made to the council that the damage done by the storm will amount to about $25,000, and it will be recommended that the council consent to let the board overrun the appropriation for the coming month, as it is regarded as absolutely necessary that funds be forthcoming to make the repairs to the sewers and the streets. The appropriation for the board of public works fund, it will be remembered, is made at the beginning of the year, when it is divided up into monthly appropriations. The board cannot overrun a monthly allowance without the consent of the council.

Another matter that is likely to come up for the consideration of the city fathers this evening is a resolution for the paving of West Michigan street between Seventh and Eighth avenues west. This is a strip of city roadway that is very badly in need of repair, and is practically a connecting link between the new paving on Michigan street and the proposed paving on West Superior street. It is understood that the project is for the paving of but one side of the street, and that some of the councilmen have been talking in favor of tar macadam. If the resolution does come up this evening, it will likely be referred. The cost would come out of the general fund.

It is expected that the committee to whom was referred the Raleigh street extension at West Duluth, will submit a report to the council this evening. The measure could not be passed this evening in event of a favorable report, as it must lay over three weeks after the committee report.

Another resolution that will come up this evening is one for condemnation proceedings in connection with the proposed opening of Fremont street in West Duluth to the new park.

The monthly pay rolls will also be passed tonight.

The application of the labor employment bureau commission for a $1500 appropriation necessary to employ help, also the request for two rooms at the city hall for offices will come up this evening for discussion. It is rather doubtful what the council will do finally in the labor bureau question, as there is a difference of opinion among the aldermen as to the maintenance of the office. Some believe that the office should be self-supporting and others think that the employer should pay a small fee.

The Weather Report.

The monthly weather report issued by the weather bureau office today, shows that the precipitation for the month was 9.09 inches. This record has been surpassed three times in 31 years, in 1873, when it was 9.90; 1874, 10.89 inches, and 1880, 10.40 inches. Excess in precipitation was 4.54 inches for the month. The mean temperature for the month was 57 degrees, which is one degree less than the average in thirty-one years. The highest temperature was 86 degrees on the 13th, and he lowest, 40, in the 7th.

The prevailing direction of the wind was northwest. Highest maximum velocity of the wind, 42 miles, blowing from the northwest on the 27th. Number of clear days 4, partly cloudy days 15, cloudy days 11. No [illegible] was recorded.

SERVICE CUT OFF

No Street Cars Running On the Woodland Line.

Messrs. Lowry and Munn Here For a Conference.

Luther Mendenhall States the Traction Company's Case.

The Woodland street railway line is not operating today. The cars ordinarily run out there stop at Eighteenth avenue east and run out West Third street, as usual. Woodland people are coming in to town today on carry-alls and every kind of conveyance that is available. They are taking it philosophically and are not complaining severely as yet. On the contrary, they are pretty generally hopeful that this condition of affairs will bring a climax that will settle the future of the line for all time, or at least for many years to come.

Thomas Lowry and M. D. Munn, attorney for the Lowry interests, arrived from St. Paul this afternoon and with Resident Director Luther Mendenhall are conferring with the directors of the Woodland company this afternoon. Out of this conference there may possibly come a settlement of the problem.

This morning R. M. Hunter, head of the Woodland company which owns the line, would make no statement, saying that it would be better to allow another day to pass and see what came forth.

Luther Mendenhall was not so averse to talking, and when asked whether any propositions had been made between the companies he made a general statement of the trouble as follows:

"When the Woodland line was built a contract was made with the Duluth Street Railway company to operate the line. The latter company was to be paid any loss that there might be in the operation of the line. Some time ago that part of the contract was thrown out and the street railway company has since been standing the loss itself. The roadbed has gradually run down until it is no longer safe to operate it. Last night there was a car off the track and traffic was delayed for about two hours or more. The ties are worn out, for the life of a tie is about ten years, the spikes come loose, the rails are spreading and there must be a complete renovation of the line in order to operate it at anything like a proper expense or one that will allow the realization of operating expenses.

"The traction company is confident that it can, by putting in a single track from a point near James C. Hunter's residence running over to Woodland avenue and out as far as the cemetery, get enough revenue to pay the operating expenses. This the company must have, for it is a street railway company and nothing else operating for the moey it can make out of its lines. The Woodland line was built to a large extent for the benefit of property interests but Mr. arHtley and myself no longer control it and Mr. Lowry owns no property. He is in the street railway business.

"The Woodland company wants us to build a new double track to the end of the line and operate it and guarantee to run another mile out as soon as that company is able to build the line that much farther. They will turn the line over to us on that condition.

"Now we cannot operate a double track line out there and make it pay and we know it. We will put in a single track line and will give a thirty-minute service which is all the people ask for. Moreover, there is nothing to run cars beyond the cemetery for. There not to exceed a dozen houses beyond the Stryker house and not all of them are occupied.

"Another thing which the Woodland company wants is that we shall continue to run around the series of curves coming on to Woodland avenue at Petre's bridge. The only house along that line is the Petre house and there is not a cent of revenue to be derived from running the line around there. Of course, the Woodland company wants it because its owners are interested in the property. They want us to go out Woodland avenue if we do not do that, but Woodland avenue I stoo heavy a grade. We cannot afford to go that way because of the heavy power necessary. The question with this company has got to be how to make the line pay.

"I hope that the conference this afternoon will bring some favorable developments for the people out there ought to have the service. The Woodland company has had plenty of time. Last fall we gave it ample notice that the service would be cut off this spring but it has done nothing."

NEAR DEATH.

The board of public works is bending every available resource within its power to repair the sewer system of the city, which was so badly damaged by the storms of last week. The board states that there are very few sewers in the city that will not need repair work. This morning the board took the men employed on the stone crusher at Fifteenth avenue west, some twenty-four in number and transferred them to the sewer repair work. Foreman Traff, the members of the board says, is well acquainted with the sewer system and his knowledge will be of much service. It was stated at the office of the board this morning that some of the men employed on the sewer work have been working almost night and day since the storm of Friday in the endeavor to repair the sewers.

Last evening, John Lorex, one of the oldest employes on the city force, came near meeting death in the Lake avenue sewer at Fifth street. He was at the repair work where vent was given to a large quantity of the gas that had been pent up by obstructions in the sewer and he was overcome. He was rescued by companions who saw his danger.

At the board meeting this morning the estimates were passed upon of a $2100 sidewalk contract and of improvements in the alley between Fourth and Fifth streets at Ninth and Tenth avenues east, the estimates in the latter case being $751.23.

Another matter that the board took into consideration this morning, and which it will probably make recommendations to the council about, is the improvement of First avenue west. This street, which is said to have been in a bad condition before the storms of last week, is in a much worse condition now, and the board feels that something should be done regarding the street immediately.

The United States engineer's office has sent to the board of public works plans regarding the dumping ground in the St. Louis river near the mouth of Kingbury creek, in which it is shown that the dredge men are leaving a channel out from the creek mouth. Several weeks ago complaint was made through the West Duluth aldermen that the dredge men were dumping at the mouth of the creek and would destroy the future possibilities of the creek as a passageway for small boats to the new park. The matter was referred to the board of public works and the plans received will be presented before the council this evening.

A LARGE DECREASE

Transportation Expense of Poor Fund Much Reduced.

Effect of Handling By Board of Poor Commissioners.

Board Calls On the Fraternal Societies For Help.

The report of the board of poor commissioners for May and June, which is given on another page of this paper, shows the expenses for transportation for those two months to have been $54.72. This is a sharp contrast to the expenses of this fund in the past. For the same months last year the expenses for transportation were $347.55. In May, 1900, $170.42 was spent, and in June of the same year $3477.55 was laid out in transporting paupers.

These two months are taken because the conditons then would be more nearly like those of the two months for which the por board reports. The transportation expenses for last year, under the old system, were $1816.11, an average of $151.34 per month during the year. At the rate the por board has started in the expenses for a year will be $328.32 instead of $1816.11.

John Jenswold, Jr., one of the members of the board, when asked about the matter this morning, said that the board had been able to save considerable money by getting reduced rates. Wherever a pauper that it is desirable to ship out of the county is found to be a member of any society or fraternal organization, an effort is made to have that society care for him or get him reduced rates. In this way a considerable saving is made, though, of course, that will not account for all of the reduction in these expenses that have been made.

"The transportation account is rather a hard proposition," said Mr. Jenswold. "It is a heavy expense at times, but in a way it is necessary and often it is economy. Sometimes we are able to dispose of people that would otherwise be a life-long charge on the county by shipping them to some place where they have relatives that can care for them."

The board has got out of a matter that has puzzled the county authorities, very nicely. Many patients are afflicted with diseases that can be easily cared for at the poor farm, but for sentimental reasons they object to going to that institution, though they are compelled to accept public aid in the hospital. It is impossible for the poor board to go on sentiment, for it is appointed to conduct the poor expenditures according to business. But in many cases it has been possible to arrange the matter so that the patients are suited without extra expense to the county. Where the patients are members of fraternal organizations arrangements have been made for these organizations to pay the difference between the expenses at the poor farm and those in the hospital.

TWELVE DEAD

Chicago, July 1.—Twelve men were killed and a boy probably fatally injured this afternoon by a single bolt of lightning. The victims were fishing in Lake Michigan at the foot of Montrose boulevard on the north side. The fatal bolt struck the pier where they were seated, and all were thrown into the lake.

A policeman attracted to the pier by the crashing timbers found it impossible to rescue any of the victims. The heavy timbers of the pier had been shattered and the whole structure toppled into the water. He hurried to a patrol box and called for assistance.

Nearly half an hour elapsed before aid arrived. The work of recovering the bodies was extremely difficult but, finally, all were carried ashore.

Owing to the terrific thunder storm prevalent the work of identification was extremely slow.

Oppressed by the extreme heat, the boys had gone in bathing. When the rain began to fall, and it became evident a severe electrical storm was coming, they rushed to the shelter they had built on the pier.

Willie Anderson, 12 years old, was the only survivor of the shock which followed a moment later. He managed to crawl to shore, gave the policeman a bare idea of the horrible ending of an hour's sport, and then fainted. He was carried to a nearby house where medical assistance was rendered. The stroke was the most powerful seen here in many years. The pier was demolished in a trice, giving the boys not the slightest chance of escape.

In age the victims ranged from 12 to 25 years, and evidently were from the poorer classes.

Moonlight Excursion
—ON—
STEAMER "BLOOMER GIRL,"
Given by St. John's English Lutheran Church,
Tuesday Ev'g, July 2d,
Boat leaves foot of 5th Ave. W. at 8 o'clock sharp. Music and refreshments. Tickets 25c.

Robbed the Till Again.

For a second time in one week, the till at the Peerless bar at 103 West Superior street, Probeck & McLennan proprietors, was touched by thieves, on Saturday night. The first robbery occurred during the first of the week and about $15 was taken. The proprietors are loath to say how much is missing since the second visit but it is understood that it is about the same amount. If there is any clue to the perpetrators of the crimes, for the same person or persons are supposed to have committed both depredations, it is being kept quiet.

THREE SHOT.

Metropolis, Ill., July 1.—Constable Grant Rankins was shot and mortally wounded yesterday at a farm house in this county while attempting to arrest James Prichett and James Mason, of Kentucky, for disturbing the peace. Rankins shot both of his assailants, who are now in jail. Prichett probably will die.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Cotton Shirt Waists—On Sale Tomorrow.

We shall offer tomorrow several hundred high-class Shirt Waists—of cotton and linen—of the season's best styles and from the very best makers in America and the following prices—

Lot 1.

$1.75, $1.50 and $1.25 Cotton and Linen Waists at **95c**

Lot 2.

All of our fine Colored Waists in stripes—Persian effects and solid colors—$3.50, $3.00, $2.50, $2.25 and and $2.00 kinds—at **$1.50**

FLAGS! BUNTING! of all kinds—and almost every size—of wool, silk and cotton. Lowest prices in the city.

Wash Skirts of Linen and Pique—Reduced.

All of our $1.25 and $1.00 Wash Skirts at 75c.

All of our Pique and Linen $1.75 and $1.50 kinds at 95c.

All of our Fancy Trimmed Pique Skirts—Denims embroidered with White Braid—and Grass Linen with White braid trimmings—that have sold for $3.50, $3, $2.50 and $2 at $1.75.

Other Important Sales.

$10 Eton Jackets and Box Coats are $5.

$15 Eton Jackets and Box Coats are $7.50.

$20 Eton Jackets and Box Coats are $10.

Tailor-Made Suits are a fourth and a third and in some instances half former prices.

Beautiful trimmed hats are $14.50—from $20.

Beautiful trimmed hats are $11.00—from $15.

Beautiful trimmed hats are $5.00—from $6, $7 and $8.

Parasols.

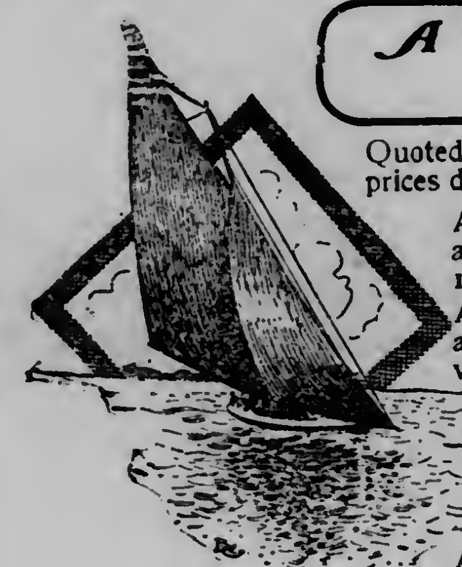
If you haven't been here—you haven't seen the prettiest styles—nor have you seen the largest assortment. The prettiest styles ever brought to Duluth are here—in white and black—colors—and a combination of colors. "Coachings" are most popular, but fluffiness is needed to give the summery charm—very pretty styles—all silk—at $1.50—silk all over corded "Coachings" $2.25—then $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00 and up to $19.50.

Girls' Parasols.

Girls' Parasols—for the miss from 10 to 15 years—in all of the season's most striking novelties—plain or with different colored border—75c to $2.50.

Children's Parasols.

Children's Parasols—for the little tot—pink and blue are most popular ,though we've plenty of others.



A "Sail" of Handkerchiefs.

Quoted by the half dozens and dozens to bring prices down to their lowest point.

At 60c—dozen of pure linen, 14 threads, ¼ and ½ inch hem, dozen only—regular value 10c each.

At 75c—Dozen of pure linen 16 threads; ¼ and ⅛ inch hem, 45c half dozen—regular value 12½c each.

At $1.00—dozen of pure linen—18 threads, ¼ and ⅛ hem of 15c value.

At $1.50—Dozen Irish linen, 24 threads fine, ¼ and ⅛ inch hem—of 20c value.

At $1.75—Dozen of double hemstitch edge, pure linen, 25 threads, 20c value. 3 for 50c.

At $2—Dozen of Irish linen, 26 threads fine, ¼ and ⅛ inch hem—of 25c value. $1.10 half dozen.

At $2.50—Dozen of pure Irish linen, 28 threads fine, ¼ and ⅛ inch hem—of 30c value.

Other Needs For the Fourth

Ribbons,
Silk or Lisle Gloves,
Muslin Underwear,
Shirt Waist Suits,
Shirt Waist Hats,
Belt Buckles,
and other
Jewelry
Novelties.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelley's hat hospital for sick hats.

If you smoke a "Tom Reed" you smoke the best cigar on the market.

Humes' millinery store, open evenings till after the Fourth.

The death of Robert Murray, of 117½ East Fifth street, was reported at the health office this morning. The decedent was 71 years of age and died of cancer of the stomach, on July 28. Interment will be made at Lake Linden, Mich.

For that tired feeling drink Weiss beer.

The Big Duluth clothing store will be open Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings July 1, 2 and 3.

Martha A. Triggs, Charles F. Caughell and Jeremiah H. Triggs, all of St. Louis county, have been adjudged bankrupts in United States court. The final papers were received at the office of the clerk of the United States district court in this city today.

The American Exchange bank of Duluth has begun suit in district court to recover $6301.67 from the Iron Land company alleged to be due on a note. Crassweller & Crassweller are the attorneys.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Harry Gran and Sadie Shapira, Edward Guyer and Margaret McNab, Walter Matheny and Minnie Neiman, Charles Cormier and Alice Perry, Alex Russell and Julia Johnson, and to Arthur Alcumbrack and Georgiana Moran.

Albert E. McEwen died at Carlton Place, Ont., June 26. He was formerly employed in the Merchants' bank of this city.

The St. John's English Lutheran church will give a moonlight ride on the steamer Bloomer Girl tomorrow evening, leaving the foot of Fifth avenue west at 8 p. m.

The moonlight ride to be given by the Elks takes place tomorrow evening on the steamer Peerless, leaving the foot of Fifth avenue west at 8. There will be music, dancing and a ride down the lake.

It is reported from a reliable source that a new brewery, modern in every particular, is to be erected in one of the range towns. Men of large means are back of the enterprise. The only brewery north of Duluth at present is located at Tower.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Frank W. Taylor, of St. Paul, is visiting Mrs. O. I. Olson, of 2231 West Superior street.

Capt. Roberts, W. T. Bailey and Capt. Sullivan, who have been prospecting for iron near Vermillion lake, returned to Duluth this morning.

D. Wittenberg, Jr., of Tower, is in the city this afternoon. He is just returning after a visit in Chicago and Milwaukee. Mr. Wittenberg, until recently of the Tower Logging & Railroad company, expects to engage in a new business enterprise soon on the range.

J. R. Graves of Winnipeg, is in the city.

F. S. Colvin of Biwabik, is in the city today on business.

William Allen of Tower, is registered at the St. Louis.

John A. Healey of Eveleth, is a Duluth visitor today.

Mrs. A. H. Comstoc leaves tonight for a visit in Boston.

Duncan A. Cameron, of La Crosse, Wis., a nephew of the late Senator Angus Cameron, is the guest of Fred Stickles, for a few days.

Miss Annie Burnham leaves tonight for Chicago, where she has a position as artist for an engraving company.

B. E. Baker is going to Chicago tonight.

J. T. Cox, of Detroit, representing the Peters Cartridge company, is in the city to take part in the Central Gun club's tournament July 5-6.

Mrs. J. O. Dalzell returned home this morning from St. Paul.

Miss Millie Kelly, of Minneapolis, is the guest of friends in this city.

Joseph Grignon, of Montreal, is in the city, the guest of his sister, Mrs. P. Poissant, of 4 Glen avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Fellows leave tonight for Boston where they will make an extended visit.

W. B. Mangold, of Minneapolis, formerly of Duluth, spent Sunday in the city.

Edwin Dodge, of Winnipeg, is in the city.

C. H. Poggi, of Chicago, is registered at the Spalding.

George M. Brush, traveling freight agent of the Eastern Minnesota, lost the end of a thumb yesterday on a parlor car. He was standing in the doorway and the thumb was caught in the jamb when the door was unexpectedly swung.

Mr. and Mrs. David G. Black have arrived in the city from St. Paul, where they were married Wednesday.

Masters Herbert and Clarence Couhaim of St. Paul, are guests of Mrs. Jacob Sattler of 213 Fifth avenue west.

Mrs. D. Gross and son are in the city visiting Mrs. G. A. Klein.

Dr. J. A. Watling of Ypsitonti, Mich., is in the city on business for a few days.

Mrs. W. G. LaRue has just returned from California and other points and is at home at 502 Ashtabula terrace.

Mrs. Mary T. Sparks and daughter Leila, of West Duluth, left this afternoon for a several weeks visit with relatives at Huntley, Ill.

Miss Eloise Decker of Evansville, Ind., is visiting Miss May Sherwood of Woodland.

Some Lots Sold.

Four Garfield avenue lots have been sold by Charles S. Hinchman, of Philadelphia, and Luther Mendenhall, of Duluth, to Allen P. Lovejoy, of Rock county, Wis., for $20,000, the deed having been filed for record in the office of the register of deeds. The property is described as all that part of lots 16, 17, 18 and 19, block F, Duluth Proper, Second division, lying between Garfield avenue and the right-of-way of the Duluth Terminal Railway company, subject to an easement for a street twenty-five feet wide along the front line of lot 16. The property is also subject to two leases, one to C. F. Dogherty and another to the Duluth Shingle company.

Advance In Coal.

The local dealers have advanced the price of anthracite coal 25 cents a ton today, as was predicted, and now it costs $7 all over the city. This rise is similar to one which went into effect in Chicago and most of the Western cities.

UNCONSTITUTIONAL

Is Wisconsin Law Authorizing Levee Building.

Madison, Wis., July 1.—Attorney General Hicks today rendered an opinion holding that the act passed by the last legislature, authorizing the expenditure of $20,000 of state money for the extension and improvement of the Wisconsin river levee at Portage is unconstitutional and void.

TUG LOST.

Fern of Algonac Foundered With All On Board.

Eagle River, via Houghton, Mich., July 1.—The tug Fern of Algonac, Mich., foundered off here Saturday morning. Five men composing the crew are lost. Three were from Alganoc. The other two were Frank Johnson and Will Anderson, of Eagle Harbor. The bodies are supposed to be in the boat, which lies in thirty feet of water.

The wreck of the yacht Marguerite of Hancock has been discovered between Houghton and Eagle Harbor. Two men are supposed to have been lost on her.

FARMER DEAD.

It Is Thought Wisconsin Man Was Murdered.

Schlesingerville, Wis., July 1.—John Gehl, was found dead in his pasture on his farm near St. Lawrence today. Circumstances point to murder, but no clew to the assailant has been found.

FOR DETROIT.

Carnegie Will Donate $150,-000 For Library.

Detroit, July 1.—George W. Radford, member of the Detroit public library board, has received a letter from Andrew Carnegie stating that Mr. Carnegie will contribute $750,000 toward the erection of a new public library building in this city.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve should be promptly applied to cuts, burns and scalds. It soothes and quickly heals the terfeits. be sure to get DeWitt's. Max can't help but do you good. Max Wirth.

Fireworks, Flags and Bunting.

Get your supply now and avoid the rush of the last day. Cheapest and best Fireworks at

Bennett's Book Store,

N. B.—Five packages of Firecrackers free with each $1.00 sale.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Help to boom the Celebration—
Make it a ROARING SUCCESS!

FIRE WORKS FOR THE FOURTH

Roman Candles, Sky Rockets, Fire Crackers, Common Crackers Red Fire and Balloons, Flags, Etc.

The greatest aggregation of good all around Fire Works ever brought to the Head of the Lakes.

SEE THE BIG WINDOW DISPLAY—GET PRICES!

Kelley Hdw. Co.

GREAT RACE

Between College Eights on the Hudson.

Intense Heat Seriously Affects Crews.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., July 1.—The Wisconsin crew is picked as the winner in the great 'varsity race tomorrow afternoon, while opinion is divided as to whether Cornell or Columbia will be second. Pennsylvania, Syracuse and Georgetown are not considered to have much chance of winning, but the wiseacres have frequently been deceived in the past and they may be given a surprise.

Intense heat is seriously affecting the oarsmen. Two of Syracuse's men are somewhat under the weather, but expect to be in their boat on race day. Columbia's freshmen crew look by this morning's work to have been weakened, and two of the Wisconsin 'varsity men show the effects of the hot weather. All of the crews have lost in weight. The Cornell boat has averaged two pounds loss, while in the other crews from a pound to a pound and a half has been lost by each man. Cornell, however, can afford to lose some weight, for next to Wisconsin it is the heaviest crew on the river, averaging fully three pounds per man more than Columbia and fully seven pounds to a man more than Syracuse. In their freshmen crew the Cornell men are fully twelve pounds heavier per man than any other crew in the race. Wisconsin's 'varsity crew is fully four pounds heavier than Cornell, and experts this morning are using as an argument that she will land first place in the race because they contend the superior weight on the leverage of the car will do for her in a 4-mile race what it would not do in a 2-mile race.

Following are the statistics regarding the crews:

WISCONSIN.

	Age.	Height.	W'ht.
Bow, D. C. Trevarthan, '03	19	5.09	157
2, B. F. Lounsberry, '02	24	5.11	161
3, L. H. Levisey, '03	20	5.11	166
4, E. L. Jordan, '04	20	6.00	174
5, Capt., W. J. Gibson, '02	25	6.02	184
6, R. G. Stevenson, '03	20	5.10	176
7., C H. Gaffin	20	6.01	174
Stroke, E. V. McComb, '04	18	6.09	164
Averages	20¾	5.11½	169⅞
Cox, J. F. Sawyer, '03	20	5.06	100
Sub, B. M. Palmer, '03	22	6.00	164
Sub, A. J. Quigley, '03	20	5.09	146
Sub, M. Banta, '04	18	5.09	149

Dwight C. Trevarthan, 1903, rowed on the Wisconsin freshmen crew last year at No. 3. He is a resident of Madison. He has done nothing in athletics, except rowing.

Benjamin F. Lounsberry, 1902, is a resident of Pipersville, Wis. He was a substitute to last year's 'varsity crew.

Lester H. Levisey, 1903, lives in Clintonville, Wis., and rowed No. 6 on last year's freshman crew.

Ebert L. Jordan, 1904, hails from Berlin, Wis. He has no athletic record and this is the first year he has rowed.

William J. Gibson, 1902,, lives in Hartland, Wis. He made the 'varsity crew in his freshman year and this is the third year he has rowed No. 5 in the 'varsity boat. He is the only member of last year's crew in the present eight and was elected captain after the race a year ago.

Robert G. Stevenson, 1903, hails from Marinette, Wis., and rowed last year on Wisconsin's freshman crew.

C. Harold Gaffin, 1903, of Leaf River, Ill., rowed on last year's freshman crew.

Earl V. McComb, 1904, hails from Brillion, Wis. This is the first year he has ever rowed and he has no other athletic record. Having made his freshman crew, his rowing attracted the attention of Coach O'Dea and a week before the 'varsity crew started for Poghkeepse he was made its stroke.

John F. Sawyer, 1903, resides in Hammond, Ind. He steered the victorious freshman crew of last year.

Bernard M. Palmer, 1903, lives in Janesville, Wis. He has no athletic record.

A. J. Quigley, 1903, is a resident of Lake Geneva, Wis. He stroked the freshman crew of last year.

Mark Banta, 1904, is a resident of Menasha. He has no athletic record.

COLUMBIA.

	Age.	Height.	W'ght.
Bow, R. F. Jackson, '02	20	5:07¼	145
2, H. C. Townsend, Jr., '03	19	5.08½	158
3, A. D. Weekes, Jr., '02	22	5.08½	150
4, Capt. F. B. Irvine, '02	21	6.09	167
5, S. P. Nash, '01	22	5.11	172
6, M. Stevenson, '01	20	5.11	170
7, R. S. Bartholomew, '03	20	5.10½	165
Str., C. M. Niezer, '01	23	6.00	170
Averages	20⅞	5.10⅛	162⅓

SYRACUSE.

	Age.	Height.	W'ght.
Bow, W. T Pangmon, '02	26	5.11	151½
2, J. E. Gramlich, '04	23	5.08	152
3, A. D. Brown, '03	26	5.10	165
4, E. H. Sumner, '03	22	5.11	152
5, H. E. Elden, '03	23	6.00	160
6, J. B. Parrish, '02	21	5.11½	164
7, L. D. Woolsey, '02	26	5.07½	155
Str., Capt. L. B. Wikoff, '02	26	5.09½	163
Averages	24¼	5.10.16	157.16

GEORGETOWN.

	Age.	Height.	W'ght.
Bow, J. St. Clair, '02	21	6.00	147
2, J. Reilly, '03	20	5.11	156
3, Frank Romadka, '01	22	6.00	163
4, Joseph F. Lynch, '02	21	6.01	172
5, William Britt, '03	23	6.00	167
6, M. A. Russell, '03	20	6.01	165
7, J. P. B. Duffy, '01	22	6.01½	163
Str., Capt. F. J. Kerns, '0.	22	5.11	172
Averages	21⅜	6.00	163⅛

CORNELL.

	Age.	Height.	W'ht.
Bow, S. Hazlewood, '03	23	5.09½	164
2, Merrill, '03	21	5.05½	163
3, M. T. Kuschke, '03	21	5.10	165
4, T. J. Van Alstyne, '03	21	6.00	179
5, C. A. Lueder, '02	23	6.00	171
6, Capt. H. E. Vanderhoef, '01	24	5.09½	162
7, A. S. Petty, '02	22	5.10½	162
Str., R. W. Robbins, '01	21	5.08½	156
Averages	22	5.09-11-16	165¼

PENNSYLVANIA.

	Age.	Height.	W'ht.
Bow, B. Bloch, '02	20	5.05½	155
2, G. S. Keller, '03	20	5.08¼	160
3, E. A. Hartung, '03	22	5.09	155
4, J. Sharpe, '03	22	5.10	165
6, H. E. Gillaspy, '03	20	6.00	165
7, W. L. Schrieber, '01	21	5.10	150
Str., Capt. F. J. Kier, '03	21	5.10	155
Averages	21⅝	5.09½	158⅛

The beautiful 4-mile stretch of the Hudson river, known as the Poughkeepsie course, as straight as an arrow and with a current so swift that faster time can be made on it than elsewhere, has been the scene of the most important college boat races that have been rowed within the past four years, or since 1895, when the course was first brought to public notice, through its selection for the triangular race between Cornell, Columbia and Pennsylvania universities, composing the membership of the Intercollegiate Rowing association.

In the following year (1896) Harvard, having disagreed with Yale and severed athletic relations, made a two-years' agreement to row Cornell, and was accordingly, with the consent of Columbia and Pennsylvania, a party in the memorable four-cornered race on the Poughkeepsie course, in which Cornell established a new world's record for four miles of 19 min. 29 sec. In tnat year Yale was at Henley and there was no race at New London.

In 1897 Harvard and Yale had made up their differences and were anxious to resume their old relations, but as Harvard would not break its agreement with Cornell, and was unwilling to race in two different places, thero was no alternative for Yale but to come to Poughkeepsie and enter a race with Harvard and Cornell, which she did, although Yale declined to compete with Columbia and Pennsylvania. Consequently there were two races here that year, the first between Yale, Harvard and Cornell, and a week later Cornell rowed Columbia and Pennsylvania, winning both events. In that year the Yale freshmen made on this course a new 2-mile record for 8-oared crews of 9:19½.

In 1898 Yale and Harvard went back to New London, and Cornell, on their invitation, competed with them there, rowing Columbia and Pennsylvania a week later at Saratoga. Hence there was no racing at Poughkeepsie that year.

In 1899, Cornell being unwilling to row two races in two different places, declined to go to New London to meet Harvard and Yale, but the Intercollegiate association invited those colleges to enter the race on the Hudson between Cornell, Columbia and Pennsylvania. Harvard and Yale declined the invitation, and since then they have ceased to be a factor in rowing at Poughkeepsie. In the same year the university of Wisconsin accepted an invitation to enter the Cornell-Columbia-Pennsylvania race here, and its crew beat Cornelll and Columbia and crowded Pennsylvania closely for first place.

Last year Wisconsin came again, bringing a freshmen as well as a 'varsity crew. They won the freshman event and again finished second in the university race. The university of Georgetown wns another entry in the university race last year. The records of the 'varsity races rowed on the Poughkeepsie course are as follows:

June 2, 1895—Eight-oared university race (4 miles): Columbia, time, 21:20; Cornell, 21:43; Pennsylvania, wrecked.

June 26, 1896—Eight-oared university race (4 miles): Cornell, 19:29 (world's record); Harvard, 19:32; Pennsylvania, 20:11; Columbia, 21:35.

June 25, 1897—Eight-oared university race (4 miles): Cornell, 20:34; Yale, 20:44; Harvard, 21.

No race in 1898.

June 27, 1899—Eight-oared university race (4 miles): Pennsylvania, 20:04; Wisconsin, 20:05½; Cornell, 20:13; Columbia, 20:20.

June 30, 1900—Eight-oared university race (4 miles): Pennsylvania, 19:44 3-5; Wisconsin, 19:45 2-5; Cornell, 20:04 1-5; Columbia, 20:08 1-5; Georgetown, 20:19 1-5.

JULY EXCURSIONS

EVERY THURSDAY, 9 A. M.

From Duluth to

Split Rock and return	$2.00
Grand Marais and return	$3.00
Isle Royale and return	$5.00
Port Arthur and return	$5.00

Cabin Passage.

WHITE LINE TRANS. CO.

2 Lyceum Bldg. Dock, Lake Ave. and Canal

HE RELENTS.

Judge Edson Paroles Charles Tumpchock For a Year.

Judge Edson, who in municipal court last week sentenced Chales Tumpchock, a thirteen-year-old boy convicted of stealing scrap iron from a railroad company, to a term of years at the state school at Red Wing, Minn., has relented and recalled his decision. This morning he directed that the boy be paroled for a year, the court believing that the boy has been given a lesson that will do him a great deal of good. After the boy's conviction and as the officers were about to take him to the station, sentence having been rendered Friday afternoon, the mother made a great scene in the court room by resisting the officers and trying to take her son away from them. The woman did not understand English and thought that the officers were about to put the boy in a dungeon.

Mrs. Kate Gray was arrested yesterday charged with keeping a house of ill-fame. She gave bail in the amount of $50 and forfeited the same by not appearin in municipal court this morning. Dell Higgins an active member of the demi-monde society, was arraigned in police court this morning on the charge of drunkenness. She could not deny the charge as the evidence of the carousal were too convincing, and as this was the woman's second offense, she was given a fine of $37 or 30 days in the county jail. She did not have the money and will be compelled to forgo the pleasure of celebrating the Fourth of July this year.

Frank Lynch, the station agent at West Duluth, who was charged with assault on a woman that tied up his cow in her barn, this morning changed his plea to guilty, and was fined $7.50 which he paid. Mr. Lynch some days ago, at the time of the occurrence of the alleged assault, made a complaint against himself in the justice court at West Duluth and there paid a small fine. Afterward the woman claiming the assault came to the city and had a warrant taken out for him.

Pure Cow's Milk

Made sterile and guarded against contamination, from beginning to baby's bottle, is the perfection of substitute feeding for infants. Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk has stood first among infant foods for more than forty years.

Boating, Fishing, Picnicing

At Minong, Wis., July 4th. The Twilight Limited, leaving Duluth 4:30 p. m. Wednesday, July 3rd, will stop at Minong to accommodate those who desire to spend their Fourth of July among the pines, streams and lakes of this very popular Wisconsin resort. The Day Express, leaving Duluth at 9:15 a. m., makes regular stops at Minong going and returning, and the "Twilight Limited" will stop July 4th to pick up passengers for Duluth and the Superiors. You will enjoy the day at Minong.

American Sale
Corsets..

The "Empress" $1.00 Corsets, in batiste, coutil or satine; in long hip and high bust or short hip and French style—colors, white, drab and black—all sizes—a regular $1.00 Corset—see them on second floor—American Sale price, only.......... **75c**

Mail and 'phone orders carefully filled.

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

American Sale
4th of July Decorations

Show your patriotism—let your house burst out in a blaze of patriotic colors. Here is everything in the decorating line—red, white and blue festooning streamers, wreaths, shields. Maltese crosses, stars, horse plumes, parade plumes, dusters—of paper and jute fibre, strong and durable, ranging from 19c up to $2.50. Also bunting and flags, from 2c per dozen up to $10.50 each.

Tomorrow--Third Day of the
Great AMERICAN SALE

All Hail America—Let American products be sold as American, and American manufacturers get their just due. The best American goods are in this sale—Values to make the eyes sparkle—bargains to enthuse over. Hundreds of seasonable and desirable goods—radically under price, and everything throughout the store priced in that popular irrisistible way, which explains why this splendidly thriving store is so incessantly busy. Saturday you responded splendidly to our call—today you outdid yourselves—let tomorrow exceed them all. It's a pleasure to distribute such magnificent values to such an appreciative public.

American Sale of High Priced **HATS** *at Half Price.*

Here's welcome news of an "ante 4th" clearance in connection with the American sale—many beautiful hats, the peerless products of our own workrooms; or model hats from best New York makers, individual and exclusive and style and shape, hats that have sold at $12.50, $14, $15, $17.50, $18, $20 and perhaps a few at $22.50—all on one table; your choice tomorrow at half the marked prices.

$6, $7.50 and $10 trimmed hats at.. ***$4.50***

$10 and $12.50 trimmed hats at.... ***$6.75***

Children's and Misses' $1.75 and $2.00 trimmed hats—Pretty leghorns and fancy straws, with dainty trimmings of Muslin and flowers. American sale price **$1.25**

Children's $3.00 trimmed Leghorns—Trimmed with silk, chiffon, flowers' etc.—extremely pretty and fetching styles—tomorrow at American sale price of **$1.98**

See the display of new Shirt Waist Hats for the 4th at popular low prices.

American Sale of **Superb Silks.**

The winner of the grand prize in the world's silk manufacturers competition was an American firm. The winner of the silk ribbon prize was an American firm. America doesn't claim to make every sort of silk—but what is made here ranks among the world's best—let these illustrate:

Some American Sale Prices.

60c Black Taffeta Silk—At American Sale price of **48c**

90c rich Black Peau de Soie—Superb for waists and skirts. American Sale price **69c**

21-inch guaranteed Black Taffetas, Fine finish, will outwear the ordinary $1 Silk. American made at American Sale price **79c**

23-inch guaranteed Black Taffetas, Extra fine quality; made in America; wear guaranteed; will equal in wear the $1.25 Silk; American Sale price of **89c**

Plain iron frame Grenadines—Pure Silk—44 inch—La Tosca nets, 44 inch; fine Point de Esprit nets; values ranging up to $2, at this American Sale price of **$1.25**

75c Flannel Taffetas—19 inches wide; in blue, pink, red, green; regular 75c Flannel Taffetas at American Sale price **59c**

$1.00 Colored Peau de Soies—21 inches wide; in all the beautiful summer shades for waists and handsome costumes; a $1.00 American Silk at this American Sale for.......... **85c**

$1 Summery plain liberty Foulards, 24 inches wide; in all the fashionable light shades; regular $1.00 Silk at the American Sale price of **75c**

Plain black iron frame Grenadine—All Wool—American made; also fine Black Nun's Veiling 42 inch; the light-weight fabrics that sell usually at $1.00; for tomorrow, only.......... **89c**

65c fancy wool Challies—Polka dots, stripes, rings, figures and all-overs; this season's best colors and styles; real value 65c and 75c.......... **50c**

The above are almost universally sold as "French," because of their fine texture and finish—even an expert cannot always tell which is the "French" and which the "American."

White Pique SKIRTS.

PIQUE SKIRTS—White Pique, trimmed with blue bands—perfect hanging regular $1.75 Skirts, at American Sale of **$1.25**

PLAIN WHITE PIQUE SKIRTS—extra heavy Pique—cut 5 gore—with flounce at bottom—also some with heavy trimming—for the best Skirt for Fourth—at **$2.50**

Parasols.
American Sale. For the Fourth.

American made for American trade, and never so fairly priced as at this store. Get your sunshade for the Fourth—you'll probably need it.

Children's fancy colored and figured Parasols, with two ruffles and pretty handles American Sale Price.......... **29c**

Children's Parasols, elaborate floral designs—very handsome colors—with two ruffles and neat handles—American Sale Price of **58c**

Women's Parasols—American made of pure white silk, white enameled frame handles—only **95c**

Children's pretty colored Parasols, polished handles American Sale Price.......... **15c**

Women's pure white silk Parasols—with two white ruffles—white enameled frame and handle.... **$1.25**

Women's fancy colored silk Parasols, worth $2.50—corded or hemstitched effects—cover of fine taffeta silk—very pretty and stylish handles, American Sale Price **$1.95**

Astonishing American Sale Values in KNIT
...Underwear

The wholesale summer season is over—the retail is at its height—clean shelves are more desirable than the most worthy stock—thus the Patrick-Granger company, of this city, were anxious to close out some 100 dozen or more of their summer underwear—greatly under price—before their July inventory. We bought them—just in time for this American sale—see the goods in the window—and in the departments.

Women's 35c Vests of fine cotton, high neck and long sleeves—jersey ribbed perfectly shaped and nicely trimmed—regular 35c Vests at American Sale price of **19c**

Women's 45c Umbrella Drawers, of fine bleached Maco Yarn—nicely trimmed with mercerized lace—very wide and well made, regular 45c drawers at the American Sale Price of **22c**

Shirt Waists. Shirt Waist Suits

White lawn waists—exquisitely trimmed in lace, insertion embroidery, etc., with tucking, hemstitching effects—a matchless array—so varied as to style and qualities as to make it well nigh impossible not to be suited here—at $3.00, $2.50, $2.00, $1.50 and.......... **$1.25**

American Shirt Waist Suilts—originated and worn by discriminating American women—ours is the premier assortment of this region and includes all the newest fabrics made in charming fashions. We are showing special values for the 4th and our delightful styles and little prices will surprise you—prices from.......... **$10.00 to $3.00**

SEPARATE ....SKIRTS

New Walking Skirts—in medium and Oxford grap—has lapped seams and flounce with 6 rows of cording and rows of stitching at hem; perfect hanging skirts that should bring $5.00—at **$3.75**

No matter what you've in mind for the Fourth, we can help you on this part of your costume, whether it be a dressy occasion, or a picnic, or a sail.

$18 Taffeta Silk Skirts—and we think we're most fortunate to have secured these beautiful Taffeta Skirts underprice in time for this American Sale. They include plain, corded and pleated effects and are perfect in hang and style—$16.00 and $18.00 Silk Skirts—for **$12.50**

ELEVATOR LICENSES.

Inspector Robinson Will Soon Issue Them.

Building Inspector J. H. Robinson will soon be ready to issue to the elevator boys their licenses to run elevators in this city. The examination was held last week and there were 34 applicants for licenses. Inspector Robinson says that he carried out a little differen plan in conducting the examination than was adopted in the Twin Cities. Inspector Robinson asked the boys technical questions that are required by law, but he also asked them practical questions about the running of the particular kind of elevator that the boy might be working on. He took into account the boy's knowledge largely of the elevator system that he was running. Consequently, when the licenses are granted some will have written across them the information that the license is good only on either a hydraulic, an electric, a steam or a belt elevator. Inspector Robinson thinks that it is an injustice to mark the boys on the elevator systems that they know nothing about, while they are proficient in running some certain system of elevators. The inspector says that his manner of conducting the examinations may not be entirely in accordance with the law, but if he has erred it has been in the interests of justice.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers

Heavy Receipts For Year.

At the United States land office the force is busy making out the quarterly report as well as the annual report. Sunday, June 30, was the close of the fiscal year in governmental business. In the year just closed about $225,000 was received, the greatest business on record at the local office, and probably in excess of that transacted at any other office in the United States. The activity in pine and iron lands, as well as agricultural, is the cause of the great volume of business. The outlook for the new year, commencing today, is said to be favorable, and the record just finished may be surpassed.

MUST CLEAN UP.

Storm Leaves Much Property Very Unclean.

The health office has been receiving a large number of complaints since the heavy storm of last Friday, through the health inspectors. The premises of property holders all over the city have been left in bad condition from a sanitary point of view, and on complaint of the inspectors the health office is notifying the owners and agents to clean up as fast as possible. The board of health has passed a measure leaving the officers no other alternative but to issue a warrant for arrest for violation of the health ordinance, after two complaints have been made. The health officers say they cannot understand in many cases where the owners themselves know that their premises are in bad condition, why the latter will await until the health office has notified them once or twice to clean up.

Tom Reed cigar is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

Building Permits.

Building permits for buildnigs and repairs that aggregated a large amount of money were granted this morning. That for the largest building was the permit for the construction of a brick hospital building to cost $52,000 on the north side of First street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues east. The permit was issued to the St. Luke's Hospital association.

J. T. Michaud was granted a permit to build a brick building for flats, on the north side of First street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues west, to cost $4000; Peet & Son, to construct a 3-story brick building on the south side of Michigan street, between Third and Fourth avenues west, to cost $11,129; Clinton Markell, to repair his residence on the north side of Second street, between Third and Fourth avenues east, at a cost of $3500; Mrs. M. E. Brown, of West Duluth, to repair a frame building on the east side of Fifty-ninth avenue, the repairs to cost $600.

STILL HOLD OUT.

Machinists Show No Signs of Wavering.

Newport News, Va., July 1.—Striking machinists at the shipyards are adhering to their determination to hold out for their demands. The strike is now in its fifth week and seems no nearer a settlement than on the day of its inauguration. The machinists claim they have 98 per cent of the number solid for a continuance of the strike. The shipyards employed 7500 men before the trouble. Now about 3000 are employed. General Superintendent Post declares no concessions will be made.

SYMPATHETIC STRIKE.

Easton, Pa., July 1.—Carpenters, painters, tinsmiths, plumbers and electricians of this city quit work today in sympathy with the brick layers and plasterers who went on strike May 1 for shorter hours with no reduction in pay.

COMMISSIONS SIGNED.

Washington, July 1.—The president today signed the following commissions: War—William H. Taft, Ohio, civil governor of the Philippine islands. Jos. T. Davidson, quartermaster, rank captain.

LONG STRIKE SETTLED.

Binghamton, N. Y., July 1.—A strike of Erie boilermakers at Susquehanna, which has lasted six months has been settled. The men, who number about 500 will return to work July 8. All their demands with the exception of abolition of the piece work system, have been granted.

LYNCHED BY MOB.

Richmond, Va., July 1.—A negro who attempted a criminal assault upon a white lady a few days ago was taken from the jail at Lawrenceville Sunday night by a mob and lynched.

KINTUCK RELEASED.

Washington, July 1.—The war department is informed that the transport Kintuck has been released from quarantine, at Port Townsend, and will go direct to Seattle with the troops.

A little life may be sacrificed to an hour's delay. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea come suddenly. Only safe plan is to have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry always on hand.

CAPT. DAVISON DEAD.

Was Formerly Well Know Mississippi Lumberman.

La Crosse, July 1.—Intelligence was received here this morning stating tha Capt. P. S. Davison, formerly of this city had died at his home at Hood river, Oregon, very suddenly. Capt. Davison wa one of the most prominent lumbermen o the Upper Mississippi. He conducted i the early '80s the white collar line o packets and ran two mills here. He wa 74 years old. He moved to Hood Rive two years ago.

DID NOT OPEN.

Comptroller's Men In Charg at Buffalo Bank.

Buffalo, July 1.—The City Nationa bank which was placed in the hands of receiver Saturday night by Comptrolle Dawes, did not open its doors today. M D. Lynch, chief of the division of insolvent banks, and Special Bank Examine W. A. Mason took charge pending the arrival of Temporary Receiver Vaughn. No more than fifty people were at the ban at 10 a. m., the usual opening hour, and few minutes later they had left.

$45.00 Seattle, Tacoma and Portland and Return.

July 6 to 13 the Northern Pacific railway will place on sale tickets from Duluth to above points and return at extremely low rate of $45.00, with final limit for return Aug. 31, 1901. Destination must be reached not later than July 18. Tickets are first-classs and good for stopover privileges in either direction, within transit limits. This offers an unsurpassed opportunity for those desiring to hunt new homes and farms to go into the Northwest and look over the country, or for those wishing to visit relatives or friends, or to make pleasure trips. Two trains daily, including famous North Coast Limited.

For tickets and full information, call at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

See Tomorrow's Herald for announcements of "water soaked" sale—begins Wednesday.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Closed all day Thursday—open till 10 o'clock Wednesday night.

PANTON & WHITE

Fourth of July Sales.

Jobbers' outlet sale wash goods.

Bargain counters 1 and 2.

3c for 6c challies

9c for 18c dimit

5c for 10c dimity

8c for 12½c percales

This sale of Wash Goods succeeds in spite of unfavorable weather. When we made an offer for these goods it was so ridiculously low that we did not think that the jobber would accept, but he did and at our figure. We are giving you the greatest bargains in Wash Goods you probably ever bought. Many assortments are yet unbroken—while others are completely gone. It is well to come early as possible. The styles of these goods, colorings and quality are perfect—all first class—direct from the leading manufacturers—no seconds. Some of the goods that are making the greatest seasation are 6c Challies at 3c—10c Dimities, Batistes and Lawns at 5c—12½c Percales and Covert Cloths at 8c—15c, and 18c Dimities, Batistes, Lawns, 9c.

We will include in this sale tomorrow standard quality and widths for Fourth of July Bunting at 3c per yard

Handkerchiefs.

100 dozen Ladies' pure linen hemstitched handkerchiefs, very special purchase that we sell ordinarily at $1.00, per dozen ______ 60c

A new lot of styles, scolloped and embroidered handkerchiefs, dainty new patterns, worth 15c and 20c each—special **TWO** for 25c

100 dozen ladies' lace trimmed hemstitched handkerchiefs, beautiful lace inserted handkerchiefs, worth from up to 75c a piece—special each 50c, or per dozen ____ $5.50

All the new ideas in fine handkerchiefs—fine lace trimmed and embroidered ones, received direct from the manufacturers, selling all the way from 75c to ______ $3.50

100 doz. white hemstitched handkerchiefs, as good as any other store's 5c leader, special a doz.. 35c

Bathing suits.

Bathing suits for the Fourth—men's and boys' 1-piece bathing suits, 75c value, selling for the Fourth at____ 49c

Hammocks essential to comfort

How many of you will take to the woods the Fourth? It matters not whether you celebrate in Duluth or beside some cool, sparkling stream, you will want a hammock to make the day pleasant. It is almost a necessity to have one.

We sell the Palmer hammocks. We have the entire line, and as a special for this week we offer a woven hammock special for outing purposes at 59c. Strong, durable and sightly. We offer another special in linen finish—full sized pillows—large size at________ $1.10

Same hammock as above, fringed, at $1.48. Same with wide valance and fringed at $1.95. Other excellent hammocks at—

$2.35, $3.45 up to $6.75

Going fishing the Fourth?

Here's everything for fishermen prices the lowest in the city.

Hooks—all sizes, for every kind of fishing—per doz	5c
Spoon hooks for trolling—all sizes	10c
Fish poles—jointed wood—each	15c
Fish poles—jointed bamboo—each	45c
Lance wood fish poles—jointed—very strong	$1.39
Quart minnow pails—each	89c
Reels—double, multiplying, nickel plated—click and drag	65c

Millinery—very low priced.

Trimmed hats—very newest styles—some of them just finished—worth up to $7.50—for	$5.00
Large assortment of stylish trimmed hats, worth up to $5.00—good enough to wear on any occasion—at	$2.95
Children's Leghorns and fancy straws—from	$1.25 to $5.00
Children's Mull Hats—from	35c to $3.50
Children's mull tucked and embroidered bonnets at—	15c, 25c, 35c, 50c up to $2.25

Shirt waists, jackets, suits, skirts.

Tailor made suits.

Our entire lot of suits reduced—plenty of time to have it altered in good shape for those who wish to wear them the Fourth if you buy tomorrow. Entire suit selling for what the Jackets are worth. Best makes and grades of women's fine man tailored suits selling for less than the cost of bare material.

$47.00 for	$32.50
$39.00 for	$25.00
$31.00 for	$19.50
$24.00 for	$14.98
$18.00 for	$12.50

Walking skirts.

Walking skirts in gray, brown, blue and black—seven gores and flare effect—perfect fit and drape—worth $5.00—selling at this sale for ________ $3.98

Dress skirts.

Great sale of black taffeta dress skirts—lined with good material, cut and made after the very latest fashions—lined and interlined—tailored in the best manner—they hang perfectly, and are worth $10.00—our price______ $7.50

We are closing a lot of cheviot and broadcloth dress skirts—black only—$11.00 value for__________ $7.50

Extra special.

300 ladies' wash skirts made from good quality denim—two rows of white trimming around skirt—colors gray, brown and blue—at ________ 49c

Crash skirts.

200 fine linen crash skirts—deep hem, perfect finish—as good as can be bought at $1.50 and $1.75—all go at__________ 75c

Shirt Waists

This is the place to buy your shirt waists for the Fourth. Everybody is expressing wonder at the great assortment we show, and our prices are winning the greatest trade in shirt waists. This is shirt waist headquarters and tomorrow we have a Fourth of July sale—giving better values than ever before.

Beautiful white shirt waists in fine sheer lawn waists, made in the most careful manner—exclusive styles in the new surplice and French effects with low necks and turn down collars—prices, **$1.49, $1.98, $2.50, $3.50, $4.50 and** ________ $5.00

Extra special white shirt waists.

25 dozen new popular styles, perfectly made and finished, splendid fit, made to sell at $1.25. Special Fourth of July sale__________ 69c

Fine colored shirt waists, made of splendid fabrics—dainty stripes and most popular colors, very latest styles, 10 dozen on sale at ________ 98c

Elegant custom-made waists, made from fine wash fabrics—best values ever given, **$1.49, $1.98 and** ________ $2.50

Entire line of jackets reduced in price.

Our entire line of jackets are reduced—not one reserved, all are unmercifully cut and the stock is very complete for this time of the year, but moving rapidly. In Duluth one needs a jacket the year round—summer and all. This is your opportunity to buy a stylish jacket.

$24.50 jackets at	$14.98	$13.50 jackets at	$7.50
$16.75 jackets at	$9.98	$ 7.50 jackets at	$4.98

Muslin underwear.

Values that positively defy competition in muslin underwear. We know what we are talking about. Not another stock in this city offers equal values at these prices. We have bought garments elsewhere and made careful comparisons and at the same price goods from the other stores are simply trash. The quality of the fabrics of our garments are not only superior—the make of the underwear is vastly superior. Tomorrow we will ask you to inspect the following specials—

25 doz Children's and Misses' muslin underskirts made with ruffle—the price is what you would pay for making these garments—per skirt.. 10c

15 dozen Ladies' Drawers—umbrella shape—with lawn ruffles—price is far less than cost of material 17c

50 dozen of new Corset Covers—embroidery and lace trimmed—you never in your life heard of garments like these selling at__________ 15c

25c dozen Children's Drawers—well made and finished—any size from 1 to 7 years—at________ 15c

10 dozen of the new shirt waist corsets at________________ 25c

Silk waists.

Dressy, perfect fitting—made from very fine taffeta silk—blacks and colors and evening shades—tucked and trimmed in fashion's most approved modes. The waists are worth from $6.00 to $7.50—selling at ________________ $4.98

Shoes.

We offer for tomorrow and Wednesday the two of the very best specials yet. Of all the many sales we have had in this busiest of all shoe departments the like of this was never heard before.

500 pairs of ladies' dark tan lace shoes guaranteed worth from $2.25 to $2.50 per pair—very newest styles in toe and heel with fancy inlaid cloth top. We will sell but one pair to a customer, no exchange on these goods—special. $1.24

350 pairs of women's tan and black kid oxfords—two button or lace—choice of cloth or kid top. They fit perfectly—wear splendidly and look handsome—value $1.50—tomorrow at______________ 98c

WOODLAND CAR LINE

People Want the Question Settled Now For All Time.

J. L. Washburn Ready to Organize New Traction Company.

Line Would Run on First Street East and to Woodland.

To the Editor of The Herald:

We are treated today to a lesson from which some kind of a deduction should be made. Perhaps we are not quite competent to make the proper deduction.

The Woodland company, a corporation not authorized by law to operate street cars, nor desired by its promoters to be so authorized, owns the street car line, I believe, from Fourth street to the northerly terminus at Woodland Park. It acquired this line through the foreclosure of a mortgage or trust deed, and, by the same process, acquired a large quantity of land and lots, which it hopes to sell to people who are willing to walk to them.

The people who live along this line have for two years been treated to an indifferent service, in ramshackle cars and over a railroad that would hardly be tolerated in Texas. This service has been furnished by the Duluth Street Railway company, and latterly by the Duluth-Superior Traction company. There is no contract of permanent agreement, only a hand-to-mouth arrangement has been in existence by which the company will operate until it gets tired, or says it is tired. Once before the cars were taken off, a truce was patched up, since which time we have not known how soon operations would cease.

It was announced a few days ago that the track is out of order and that on that account the cars would stop running after June 30. That the track is out of order is true; that the Traction company has ceased to operate is also true; that it has ceased because the track is out of order may be open to question. The track on Fourth street, as is much other track in the city, is badly eough out of order. The people are jerked and wobbled over it and given a fine imitation of a combination of a voyage on a stormy sea and a ride over a stony mountain road in an old-fashioned stage coach. The Traction company would buy, and probably wants to buy, the Woodland line, and add to its mileage, but is unwilling to build up or operate the line for a period of ten years and then have to buy it when the territory is more thickly populated and the franchise has become more valuable. Hence it wants it now. The Woodland company is unable to forget what the road and some of its other property cost it. It would prefer to retain the ownership if the Traction company would operate the line on a lease for a nominal rental or for no rental at all. It would sell, but wants more than the Traction company will pay.

It is thought the municipality cannot order the Traction company, under the Duluth street railway franchise, to build a line on a street which has a line already upon it. The Woodland company has no franchise into the city, and the Traction company claims the exclusive franchise in all of the streets of the city. The Woodland company will not sell for what the Traction company thinks is a reasonable price. The Traction company will not pay what the Woodland company demands and insists is a reasonable price. The public may fall between these scraps and negotiations are going on, and citizens who pay thousands of dollars in taxes and who are building homes which at least do not disgrace the city, are left to carry their own corns to and from their places of business while the strong and revised and reformed municipal government can sit supinely by and, like James Buchanan, in times of secession, or like more recent presidents when riot runs rampant in doubtful states, say: "We have no power."

Some months ago, in the interests of a syndicate which had sufficient funds back of it to make good its contract, I offered the Woodland company to pay it $5000 for its tracks and equipment and such franchise as it had by its occupancy, and to put in new ties and grade up the road throughout the whole line, build a cut-off from James C. Hunter's residence to Woodland avenue, near Mr. Coffin's residence, take out the center posts, put in new overhead work, put on decent cars and run them to the end of the line and give good service and guarantee the certainty of operation, and to extend the line whenever it was a fair street railway proposition so to do. This offer was not made for personal profit, but was made for the purpose of getting this question permanently settled. The offer was declined and an oral counter-proposition to sell for $15,000 was made.

All of the rest of the holdings of this company must be of small value indeed if it is more important to get a few more thousands of dollars for its old iron than it is to have it made into a good and serviceable line, well equipped and well operated, and more important than it is to treat the people who have built their homes along this line with some degree of consideration.

There is, I believe, no doubt but that this line, put in proper order and well operated, will pay well as far as the cemetary. It may not at the present time pay beyond that point, but it is only a question of a little time when it will pay to the end of the present line and, perhaps farther.

From the standpoint of the people who neither love the one company more nor the other less, we say, let the Woodland company qualify itself, put this line in shape and operate it, or else sell out or get off the street. Let the city find out, this thoroughfare being a public street and now within the city limits, whether it has any less control or power over it than it has over any other street. If the Duluth Street Railway company, or the Traction company owns the streets, and not the public, perhaps there is power enough left in the municipal government, even after the new charter has strengthed the street car franchise, to compel the company to put in operation and maintain car service on this street, and incidentally to put in order some of the other lines over which the public are now being joggled at 5 cents a head.

If the city still has control of the streets and will grant a franchise on First street from the postoffice east and on Woodland avenue, and over so much of the parts of the other streets as will connect the same, and order the Woodland company to take its old junk off the avenue, we will organize a home company that will build a line, equip it and run it in such a manner that the public will walk a long way for the privilege of riding upon it; or, perhaps, what would be better still, if the city is desirous of trying the experiment of municipal ownership, here is an opportunity for it to do so, with a line which will pay from the beginning.

The Woodland region is one of the beauty spots of Duluth. It is the prettiest and most available suburban section. It has a differential in its favor in point of climate, being several degrees warmer than down town much of the time, and comparatively free from the cold winds and fog. Its soil is superior and conducive to tree culture, and efforts at fruit growing in the region have been well rewarded. Our homes are not for sale. We like them and built them to keep. Others are awaiting the settlement of this car trouble to acquire homes in the region. We pay taxes for some things we do not have, but which we expect to have before long, for it will not be very long until, with the aid of our city friends, we will stir up the animals on some questions about which we have been very patient.

As to this car service matter, we do not want any truce patched up, and the uncertainty continued. We want, above everything else, the matter settled now and for all time, and we want municipal authority exercised to enforce hereafter the maintenance and operation of the line. If it is necessary, or will conduce to bringing this about, we can walk for a while in the summer when the birds are singing and the flowers are in bloom and the fruit is ripening on the branch, but we would be much obliged if everyone would not feel it necessary to refer to it on all occasions wherever we meet them.

The purpose of this communication is to draw attention to the real situation, show how it looks to a poor citizen up a tree, and stir up a little interest in a question which is not limited to Woodland, but which is far-reaching, embracing every part of our city from one extreme to the other. Respectfully,

J. L. WASHBURN.

Duluth, July 1.

Scrofula

Few are entirely free from it.

It may develop so slowly as to cause little if any disturbance during the whole period of childhood.

It may then produce irregularity of the stomach and bowels, dyspepsia, catarrh, and marked tendency to consumption before manifesting itself in much cutaneous eruption or glandular swelling.

It is best to be sure that you are quite free from it, and for its complete eradication you can rely on

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best of all medicines for all humors.

MISS GOOD.

Lecture at High School on Improvement Work.

Secretary Thomas E. Hill, in behalf of the Duluth Improvement association, has perfected arrangements for the lecture by Miss Jessie Good, organizer of the National League of Improvement associations at the Duluth High School assembly hall tonight. The lecture is to commence promptly at 8:30 and will be profusely illustrated by views from a stereopticon. The lecture is free to all, and those interested in a more beautiful Duluth are expected to be in attendance. The young people are cordially invited, as upon them in later years will fall the duty of continuing the laudable work now commenced.

The campaign being conducted by the national league covers the country. Its attention was attracted to Duluth by the methods employed by the local association to bring the greatness of this city before the people of the country. Tonight Miss Good will tell of what has been accomplished in the United States.

The national league invites the co-operation of civic clubs, horticultural and floral unions, commercial bodies, religious societies and similar organizations in the work of civic improvement. Their co-operation will undoubtedly aid the local society in its efforts to beautify Duluth. In many cities the league offers prizes in order to create a general interest. A cash prize will be offered for the most attractive school lawn and premises, prize to be awarded to janitor; for the best kept and most attractive lawn and premises of public buildings, other than schools; and others of a similar nature. This plan wherever adopted, has proven highly successful. The association holds its annual convention at Buffalo, Aug. 12 to 15.

The South Superior Floral club will entertain Miss Good this afternoon. From Duluth she leaves for the Dakotas to fill several Chautauqua dates.

CAKE FLOATED OUT.

High Water In a Cellar Makes Trouble.

One of the city officials received a box of wedding cake under very peculiar circumstances Friday evening. The cake was nicely packed in a pasteboard box, gaily decorated with ribbon. Of course the official knows where the cake came from, and does not wish his name mentioned for the reason that it will disclose to the public the location of the wedding party. The people interested in the wedding live on the hill just above the residence of the city official, and during the heavy storm Friday their cellar was flooded, the water rising to a level of the cellar window, finally running out of it. The wedding cake was stored in the cellar, but was carried out on the rising flood and deposited in the dooryard of the city official.

SUICIDES.

Samuel A. Stambaugh Ends His Life With Gas.

Samuel A. Stambaugh, of 326 East Second street, was found dead in his bed early Sunday morning, death having been caused by gas. Death came through suicidal intent plainly evidenced by the circumstances surrounding the finding of the body. One end of a flexible tube was attached to a gas jet and the other end was in the suicide's mouth. Coroner Boyer and Dr. Stewart viewed the remains and it was decided by the coroner that no inquest would be necessary. The funeral will take place on Tuesday.

He has been out of employment for some time. For several years past he is said to have drunk to excess. Saturday night he left the house and his sister waited for his return until a late hour, finally retiring. It is supposed that Stambaugh returned toward morning. The sister found the body of her brother cold in death when she went to call him in the morning.

Samuel Stambaugh came to Duluth from Pennsylvania about eight years ago as the confidential employe of Peter Kimberly. Afterward he became bookkeeper for D. T. Adams, but lost his position. About three years ago he is said to have suffered from a lapse of memory and went to Lansing, Mich., but did not remember how he got there. He was 42 years of age, a graduate of a Cincinnati college and was an accomplished man. He at one time lived at Big Rapids, Mich. The wife died a few years ago leaving him with five children ranging in ages from 7 to 15 years. The children have been looked after by their aunt, Mrs. Eleanor Shields, of 326 East Second street.

He Knows of None.

Chief Engineer Mason of the Great Northern railway was at the head of the lakes yesterday. He professed to have no knowledge of any improvements contemplated by his company on the bay front in Superior this year. He admitted that a large amount of water front property had recently been added to the company's holdings, but stated that he thought it would be impossible to engage in any construction work this year.

It is easier to keep well than get cured. DeWitt's Little Early Risers taken now and then, will always keep your bowels in perfect order. They never gripe but promote an easy gentle action. Max Wirth.

SITUATION IS GRAVE

The Constitution Has Been Suspended In Cape Colony.

King's Subjects Deprived of the Protection of Law.

Another Instance of Milner and Chamberlain's Tyranny.

London, July 1.—The Daily News publishes an article by its parliamentary correspondent on the political situation in Cape Colony, in view of the prorogation of the Cape parliament, the writer saying that an issue of the gravest moment, namely, the suspension of the constitution of the Cape Colony is involved. He adds:

From the night of June 30, for an indefinite period, the king's subjects are deprived of the protection of the law, and will be governed contrary to its express provisions. Taxes will be applied under warrant of the governor without appropriation by parliament, which has been prorogued until Aug. 27, and is not likely to sit even then.

This illegal method has been resorted to by the governor and the ministry, doubtless at the instigation of Lord Milner and Colonial Secretary Chamberlainberlain. In a word, the imperial government has abrogated every article of the compact under which a free people owes allegiance to its rulers. Liberty is dead, so far as our Dutch subjects are concerned.

The crisis calls for the authoritative intervention of the Liberal party, in which there is a feeling in favor of summing a great popular conference to consider the situation.

The Alaskan Nuggets is the best cigar we can make, or anybody can make, to sell at the nickel price.

THE DAKOTAS.

Question of Selling Liquor at Wholesale Again Raised.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—Have cities and towns which have voted against the sale at retail of intoxicating liquors the power to prevent the sale at wholesale of intoxicating liquor by breweries whose headquarters are outside the state? is a question of much interest which will be determined by a suit which has just been filed here in the United States court. The suit was instituted by the Theodore Hamm Brewing company, of St. Paul, the defendants are H. Kirk, sheriff of Turner county; John W. Edmunds, state's attorney of the same county; Albert L. Peterman, mayor of Parker, and James E. Donahoe, chief of police at that place.

Aberdeen—President Thomas Lowry and General Manager Pennington, of the Soo line, reached this city by team, having driven overland from the latter point to Aberdeen, a distance of over 200 miles. They were tanned by the sun and buffeted by the winds, but were enthusiastic over the country and pleased with what they saw on their long ride. Mr. Lowry stated positively that the Soo would be ironed to Aberdeen before July 4, 1902, following the old Bismarck grade from Wishek to this city. He said the road would have been ironed this year but for the impossibility of getting the rails.

Governor Herreid has accepted the resignation of Professor I. D. Aldrich, of Milbank, as a member of the board of regents of education, to take effect July 1, and has appointed R. M. Slocum, of Mound City, Campbell county, to the vacancy. On July 1 Professor Aldrich will become secretary of the board of regents, receiving the salary of $1200 provided by law for this office.

Sioux Falls—Plans for the public library building have been completed. It will be one story, with a basement. The length will be 90 feet, the width 80 feet and the height 21 feet.

Big Stone—The Chautauqua commenced yesterday with a lecture by Rev. H. W. Sears on "Taffy and Epitaphy." Last evening the Sanford Dodge company played "Quo Vadis" to an audience of nearly 2000

Milbank—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Farmers' elevator, the following officers were elected: George Isham, president; William Schaffer, vice president; F. B. Roberts, secretary; George Mitchell, treasurer.

Huron—Col. Stewart, of Pierre, Maj. Mahoney, of Mitchell and Maj. Heins, of Milbank, with fourteen line officers of the South Dakota National Guard, have accepted the invitation of the citizens' committee to hold the state militia encampment here, probably in August.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Devil's Lake—The department of North Dakota, W. R. C., elected officers as follows: Department commander, Mrs. Emma B. Falconer, Bismarck; senior vice, Mrs. Fannie D. Valker, Wahpeton; junior vice, Mrs. Etta Elliott, Devil's Lake; treasurer, Mrs. Florence Ward, Bismarck; chaplain, Charlotte Hewitt, Larimore. Delegates to the national convention: Mrs. C. W. Barrett, Tower City; Frances E. Dixon, Devil's Lake. Alternates: Mrs. Gertrude Brown, Fargo, and Mrs. Moore, Grand Forks.

Minot—The announcement from Devil's Lake that Judge F. Cowan may possibly be a candidate for the United States senate creates much interest in this vicinity. It is doubtful whether the judge has authorized the use of his name in this connection, but friends who have been with him in other political contests assert positively that he will be in the race.

Steele—Melvin, the 13-year-old son of E. H. C. Smith, was dragged to death by a horse. He was leading three horses and had one tied to his wrist.

Devil's Lake—The annual meeting of the Press Association of North Dakota will be held at Chautauqua July 9 and 10. The committee has prepared an interesting program.

Fargo—William Scherrer, an employe of the Geiser Manufacturing company, sustained probably fatal injuries by falling down an elevator shaft. His lower jaw is broken in two places and his skull fractured.

Grand Forks—While workmen were engaged in excavating for a basement under the south wing of the Hotel Hall they discovered eight human skeletons. It is supposed they are the bones of Indians who were killed in one of the tribal wars.

WINTNER RELEASED.

Verdict of Not Guilty In Murder Trial.

Granite Falls, Minn., July 1.—The jury in the murder trial of Dr. Wintner late Saturday night returned a verdict of not guilty. The defendant was released and left with his father and sister. Dr. Wintner on April 15 last, shot and killed William Lenard, a gambler with whom he was playing poker, explaining at the time that he had discovered Lenard to be cheating him. He demanded his money back and secured part of it from Lenard's partner, but the other man refused to give up what he had won and Dr. Wintner shot him in the leg and abdomen. He died within a short time and the doctor immediately surrendered himself to the authorities and his trial has resulted in acquittal. Dr. Wintner was formerly a resident of New York.

Diversified Fishing at Minong

The Peaceful Valley resort at Minong, Wis., on the "Omaha Line," is proving to be a very interesting spot for a few days' or weeks' outing. The conveniences of getting back and forth excel those of other localities, and the clean, comfortable home, with its beautiful spread, attracts the hungry sportsman. The trout streams, the numerous lakes, with most excellent bass and muskalloge fishing, provide a diversity of sport. Boats, canoes, guides and all conveniences at Minong. See ticket agent, "The North-Western" Line for particulars.

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), July 1.—The warm wave continues in Central and Eastern states. Pressures are high over Southeastern states and Montana, and low over the Southwest, Saskatchewan and Lake Superior. Showers fell over Northwest Canada, the Dakotas, Minnesota, Wisconsin, the upper lake region and gulf states. The winds in the lake region are generally fresh; easterly to southerly on Superior and southerly to westerly on Michigan, Huron and Erie.

Maximum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	94	Memphis	90
Battleford	68	Miles City	72
Bismarck	68	Milwaukee	94
Boston	92	Minnedosa	70
Buffalo	78	Modena	94
Calgary	58	Montgomery	92
Charleston	92	Moorhead	76
Chicago	96	New Orleans	90
Cincinnati	96	New York	98
Davenport	98	North Platte	92
Denver	94	Oklahoma	90
Detroit	90	Omaha	98
Dodge City	98	Pittsburg	94
Duluth	70	Port Arthur	78
Edmonton	56	Portland	68
El Paso	94	Prince Albert	68
Escanaba	74	Qu' Appelle	66
Green Bay	82	Rapid City	70
Havre	62	San Francisco	64
Helena	60	Santa Fe	83
Houghton	80	Shreveport	88
Huron	82	Spokane	70
Jacksonville	92	St. Louis	100
Kamloops	72	St. Paul	90
Kansas City	98	Sault Ste. Marie	74
Knoxville	92	Swift Current	60
La Crosse	90	Washington	98
Lander	82	Williston	68
Los Angeles	86	Winnemucca	78
Marquette	76	Winnipeg	76

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 a. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday with probably local showers; fresh westerly and northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, July 1.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday except probably thunderstorms northwest portion tonight; cooler Tuesday and west portion tonight. Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday except possibly thundershowers extreme east portion tonight; cooler southeast portion. North and South Dakota—Fair tonight and Tuesday except possibly thunderstorms South Dakota tonight; cooler. Lakes Michigan and Huron—Fresh southerly winds, shifting to westerly; generally fair except possibly showers north portion. Lake Superior—Variable winds, becoming fresh westerly; showers and probably local thunderstorms tonight and Tuesday.

Will Return the Bullion.

It is gratifying to learn that the government of the United States has decided to do the square thing and return to China $376,000 in silver bullion taken from the salt tax yamen in Tien-Tsin by American troops. This bullion was deposited in a bank in China, and a check covering the amount sent to the treasury department in Washington. As China is to pay an indemnity for the whole war the authorities here regard it as unfair to keep the money seized as a military measure. When the peace negotiations have been concluded the government will arrange to return the bullion. The seizure referred to occurred last July, when the American marines entered Tien-Tsin after the two days' fighting. They captured Chinese silver coin to the value of $376,000 in gold, which had been in the possession of the collector of the Chinese tax on salt. They had the honesty to turn it in officially, a fact which was widely commented upon at the time in connection with the reign of loot in the other allied camps. Last October Secretay Long received drafts on Hong-Kong for the amount, which he turned in to the treasury of the United States, where it is still held subject to his order, with the approval of the president. The American marines discovered this great sum of coin mingled with a mass of bricks and mortar and refuse of all sorts in the ruins of the treasury building, which was shelled during the battle of Tien-Tsin. The return of this money is a bright feature in contrast with the reign of loot.

The Trade of Newfoundland.

In common with nearly all the countries of the Western hemisphere the colony of Newfoundland shows large gains in its commerce, the customs returns for the year ending June 30, 1900, showing the largest exports in its history. The amount for the year is $8,597,414, as compared with $6,936,315 the previous year. Brazil continues to be the best customer of the colony, its purchases amounting to $2,068,586, the United Kingdom coming next with $1,942,098; Portugal, $1,009,027; United States, $975,363; Gibraltar, $972,085, and Canada, $520,137. Although sixth in the list of purchasers, Canada heads the record of commodities sold to Newfoundland, the importation from the Dominion having been $2,806,490; United Kingdom, $2,224,353; United States, $1,993,505. The total importations were $7,497,147, as compared with $6,311,244 the previous year. The great bulk of the importations from Canada sells to Newfoundland in greater quantities than any other country are apples, sheep, beans, butter, cheese, fresh meat, oatmeal, peas, poultry, eggs, hay, horses, oats, cattle potatoes. In most of these articles the Dominion has a decided lead, and is steadily drawing away from its rivals, which shows the value of propinquity and ease of communication. Canada has no advantage in regard to the duties, the imposts being the same for all countries. Newfoundland's leading export was, of course, dried cod, the value in 1900 being $5,453,538. For the first time the exports of fresh cod were of sufficient value to be worth quoting, namely, $1661. There is a great possibility of expansion in the exportation of fresh fish by refrigerated transportation. Let it be hoped that small as this sum is, it is the beginning of a great trade. The figures of the pickled herring industry do not show the returns that would be desired. The exports of copper were $617,015, the largest since 1892, and of iron ore $313,940, the greatest sum yet reached, although this export will show still greater figures for the years to come. Newfoundland appears to have been satisfactorily prosperous.

THE BRITISH NAVY.

The alleged unpreparedness of the British fleets has ben a theme of discussion latly by naval experts in England, who have regarded the recent failure of a squadron to quickly mobilize in the Mediterranean as an indication that the British navy is not in a condition of readiness for instant service.

The views expressed abroad and the caustic criticism aimed at the responsible naval officials have been keenly relished and discussed by American officers, who seem to discern in the so-called unreadiness of Britain's big fleets evidences of a radical defect similar to that which brought crushing defeat to the English army during the early months of the South African war.

Recently there has been a great outcry in the British naval service over the type of boiler used in warships, and a board has found that at least $10,000,000 will be required to place reliable boilers in the best British warships. Weaknesses in machinery departments, defects in ordnance and, worse than all in the opinion of naval men, the unreadiness of the personnel to commission ships speedily render the service incapable of that dispatch which Great Britain has encouraged, and which she some day may be called upon to display against an enemy only a few miles from her shores.

Naval officers in Washington are wont to regard the British service as the pink of perfection, unequaled by any except their own, but in the light of recent disclosures they have concluded there may be weakness in the system of holding ships for instant service and then discovering they cannot be speedily commissioned and sent away. Such a condition, if not corrected, it is thought here might tend to seriously endanger the prestige of Britain's navy. There is no doubt that British naval experts are alarmed by recent disclosures and regard them as of the utmost importance to the nation. They hold that if a big fleet cannot be mobilized quickly for service in the Mediterranean, it might be shown that a strong force could not form in the British channel speedily in case of threatened attack by Russia and France.

The forthcoming maneuvers of the famous "Red and White squadron" are expected to shake up the dry bones of the service and bring British naval men to a realization of the fact that if England's safety lies in her naval strength, efficiency and preparedness cannot be overlooked. The discovery that the British navy is not up to date, and is inefficiently officered, is calculated to give John Bull cold shivers.

FRENCH WHEAT SHORTAGE.

The farmers of the Northwest and the grain shippers of Duluth will be much interested in the report from Paris that the shortage in the French wheat crop will probably necessitate the importation of at least 36,000,000 bushels this year.

France imports wheat chiefly from the United States and the Argentine republic, but the duties imposed on American wheat and flour have been practically prohibitive since 1895. The figures of exports of American wheat and flour to France in 1891 were valued at $12,590,322. In 1892 the exportations rose to 42,139,488 bushels, valued at $43,778,633.

The department of agriculture has recently dispatched its chief statistician to Europe. He is now engaged in collecting statistics as to the production of wheat and other cereals in all continental countries with the view of furnishing a definite idea as to the extent to which Americal wheat is likely to be in demand.

Crop reports indicate that the United States will be able to meet all the demands from abroad for cereals and breadstuffs, and the shortage in France and probably in other European countries should result in better prices for our wheat. The French duty on wheat is 37 cents a bushel, but, in view of the shortage in the crop in France, it is likely to be temporarily suspended.

FOURTH OF JULY EXPLOSIVES.

The mayors of nearly all the leading cities in the country have taken steps to regulate the sale and use of Fourth of July explosives, and Mayor Hugo should promptly place Duluth in line in this respect. Mayor Harrison of Chicago has taken a stand that will win the praise and hearty support of all intelligent and sensible people. He has put not only the firing but the sale of cannon crackers, toy pistols, cannon, metallic caps and railway torpedoes under a legal ban, not only before but on the Fourth of July. Dealers exhibiting these articles are presumed to intend selling them, and are made liable to arrest.

Mayor Ames of Minneapolis has issued instructions to the police department to suppress all improper celebrations and dangerous exhibitions. His proclamaiotn says:

"No fire arms of any description or character are to be fired within the city limits. Under no circumstances will the shooting of revolvers, guns or small cannon (or any device used as a cannon) be permitted. Officers are to see that this order is strictly enforced. Special vigilence shall be exercised in seeing that no explosives of any kind are placed on the street car tracks. In years past complaints in large numbers have come to the authorities that accidents of a serious nature have been narrowly averted through this reprehensible practice. Women and children have been frightened, and as a result frequent serious results have followed. In no way can this practice be looked upon as a reasonable or justifiable celebration of the holiday, and officers will arrest on sight.

"Special care must be taken that no explosives of any kind are used in alleys. Where they are permitted, they must be exploded or set off in the streets. As far as possible they should also be kept from sidewalks. In the business district of the city the police are to exact special watchfulness in seeing that the appended ordinance is strictly enforced. Wherever a business plant is located there fireworks will not be tolerated, and nowhere in the vicinity of woodyards or other extra-inflammable property must any sort of an explosive be used. Bombs and giant fire crackers, even in districts where permission has been given for the display and use of fireworks, will not be allowed except under the direction of the police."

Similar regulations should be enforced in Duluth. It is not necessary, in order to properly celebrate the Fourth, to endanger lives and property, nor to offend sensitive people by the discharge of cannon crackers and similar ear-splitting explosives. There were more people killed and injured in the United States last Fourth of July by the reckless use of explosives, than in any battle in the South African war, and there were several serious accidents in Duluth from that cause. The authorities of Duluth should follow the splendid example set by the mayors of Chicago and Minneapolis.

STREET CAR COMPETITION.

The people of Woodland, one of the most attractive suburbs of Duluth, are again deprived of street car service, owing to a dispute between the Duluth-Superior Traction company and the Woodland company. The latter company owns the line from the point where it leaves Fourth street east, and the Traction company refuses to longer operate it unless extensive repairs are made or the Woodland company relinquishes ownership of the line. On the other hand, the Woodland company, it is said, has set a price upon the line which it deems reasonable, and the Traction company refuses to pay the sum demanded. Both sides refuse to yield, and meanwhile the people are deprived of the street car service to which they are entitled.

The Herald does not propose to pass judgment on the quarrel between the two companies. It does believe, however, that the residents of Woodland and other people who desire to visit that suburb are entitled to continuous, first-class service, and that it is the duty of the common council and the city's legal department to compel the two companies to furnish such service at once or grant to some other company authority to build and operate a line.

In another column will be found a letter from Attorney J. L. Washburn, who lives at Woodland and has personal knowledge of the matter. Mr. Washburn says that if the council will grant authority for the construction of a street car line on First street east from the postoffice and on Woodland avenue and connecting streets, he will organize a home company and start a street car line that will give such fine service that people will be anxious to travel on it. This would, indeed, be a splendid way of settling the whole dispute, and it might result in Duluth getting a street car service more nearly up-to-date than the present one. There are other sections of the city besides Woodland that should have street car service, and perhaps if a new company were organized they might get it. The present company might at the same time find it advisable to put the Fourth street lines in good condition, so that people could ride on them with some degree of comfort. By all means, let us have some competition in the street car business. It is needed.

In connection with the determination of the immigration authorities to exclude from our ports all aliens suffering from tuberculosis it has been ascertained that practically all immigrants afflicted with this disease came from European countries and Russia. It was recently reported that the bulk of tuberculosis immigrants arriving here were Orientals, and in order to see whether this report were correct, Commissioner General Powderly called on the New York, Boston and Philadelphia offices for reports of the number of immigrants reporting at those stations since May 1, 1900, suffering from this disease. The reports have been received and show that not a single Oriental with tuberculosis arrived at our ports during that time. Ten immigrants with this disease were rejected at the New York port, their nationalities being as follows: Irish, 2; English, 2; Italian, northern, 1; Italian, southern, 2; Roumanian Hebrew, 1; Russian Hebrew, 2. There were seven rejected at Philadelphia, as follows: Italian, 2; Irish, 1; Hungarian, 1; Barbadoes, 1; Russian, 2. But one tuberculosis victim, an Irishman, reported at Boston during that period. Commissioner General Powderly is convinced from these reports that the Orientals are not subject to the disease as much as the residents of Europe and Russia.

Senator Platt, of Connecticut, has very pronounced views about the future of Cuba and has had no hesitancy in making them known both in congress and out. That he has not changed his mind any is shown by his article in the Independent last week. He says that the United States will insist that the new Cuban republic shall be a real republic. It is to be no ordinary Latin-American government on the verge of civil strife, when not actually engaged in revolution. He thinks that the United States will be a stern protector, and while we will hope and believe that the Cubans will succeed in establishing a stable independent state, we will stand ready to intervene if hopes and beliefs are not realized. The course of political affairs in the island will be viewed, therefore, with close interest and concern during the next few months, and the Cubans who are placed in a way upon their good behavior may be expected to give the world the best possible exhibition of their capacity for self-government.

These philosophers and economists who are figuring on how to live on so much, or so little, a day, will have to omit beef from the bill of fare entirely, as, if the price continues to advance, nobody but rich people can afford to eat it more than once a week, at least as long as the extortionate greed of the Duluth butchers' combine remains unbroken.

The Bank of England holds no silver—while the Bank of France holds over $200,000,000 as compared with $470,000,000 of gold. The Bank of Germany held $90,000,000 in silver on June 1, compared with $150,000,000 in gold. Spain held $90,000,000 in silver as against $70,000,000 in gold—and the Netherlands held about $400,000 more of silver than of gold.

The Topeka Journal thinks that the proposition of the Hawaiian senate committee to abolish the National Guard and dump their paraphernelia thereunto belonging into the bay is a suggestion worthy the consideration of some communities on the main land. But every one will not agree with this view of the subject.

The Washington Post is guilty of the following: "In case our biologists succeed in making the monkeys useful and the monkeys do as much for the biologists, two important reforms will be accomplished. At present it is rather difficult to see any difference between the biologist business and the monkey business."

Some men are born colonels, some achieve coloneleies, while others have coloneleies thrust upon them. The former class are found in Kentucky, and under the third heading must be placed the members of governor's staffs.

In Indianapolis the city administration has decided to limit the celebration of the Fourth of July to next Thursday. Explosion of fireworks before or after that day will lead to arrest.

If the Porto Ricans could vote in Ohio this year, Senator Foraker might have more difficulty to secure an election.

Please do not ask any Woodland resident how the walking is. It is a painful subject.

The tariff was a local issue in Gen. Hancock's time, but now it is a private issue.

The situation in South Africa is becoming more serious, from the British standpoint.

Cannot the weather man do something to "push dem clouds away?"

THE MERRYMAKERS' CHAFF

Detroit Journal: "He used to be called a bad lot, but now he's rich I suppose it's different."

"Yes, the rise in real estate made a new man of him."

Puck: "You'd see a good many things in the East that would astonish you."

"I suppose so. Some of 'em come west!"

Boston Transcript: Barnes—What dreadful weather we have had this spring! It's perfectly awful.

Shedd—But there's one good thing about it. The women haven't had a chance to begin housecleaning.

Brooklyn Life: Louise (in surprise)—You don't mean to say Grace Pretty married a millionaire, old enough to be her father Good gracious! Why did she do such a thing?

Muriel—Why, she couldn't catch one old enough to be her grandfather.

Baltimore World: "Dat's de job I'm lookin' fer," observed Weary Watkins, as he read in the paper: "Wanted, elderly man to eat and sleep on the premises."

Washington Star: "It 'pears," said Uncle Eben, "like some men will turn plain, hones' people down an' take up wif confidence men jes' foh de sake o' de excitement."

Philadelphia Press: "Ah!" he sighed soulfully, as he leaned above her, "would I were a glove upon that hand."

"Ridiculous," replied the girl, wearily. "You could never be anything but a muff."

Detroit Free Press: "I got quick action on my garden seeds," said Cumso. "They came up next day."

"How do you account for such rapid germination?" asked Cawker.

"My next door neighbors' hens did it with their little scratchers."

Brooklyn Eagle: Lady of the House—If you are such a skillful typewriter as you say you are, how is it that you cannot find employment?

Perambulating Pete (mournfully)—Well, you see, lady, my name's Mr. Jesse Darlin', an' all the men are afraid to hire me for fear of gettin' into trouble wid their wives er sweetheirts.

CUPID'S AUCTION.

"Love, love! going for a song!
Love that's short and love that's long,
Love that's tainted, love that's sound,
Love enough to go all round.
Men, and maidens hear me cry—
Love, love, going—stop and buy!

"What, I pray you, will you give,
For a love that's bound to live,
Dainty maiden over there—
Bid a strand of shining hair?
Going, going—priceless pearl—
Gone—you've got it—for a curl!

"Here's a love that's valued high,
Come, come, youths, step forth and buy,
Who bids gold and jewels bright?
'Diamonds, dollars,' heard I right?
Going, going, I do declare,
To you, multimillionaire!

"Love, love! going," hear him cry,
"Men and maidens, come and buy!"
Hear him in the market place,
Cupid, with his smiling face,
"Love that's short and love that's long!
Love, love—going for a song!"

—FRANCES A. SCHNEIDER, in New York Herald.

Wake Up and Hustle.

Chicago News: If the British merchants and manufacturers who are now complaining of the incursion of American competitors would spend less time in trying to obstruct innovations and devote their energies more to exploiting enterprises of their own they would have fewer defeats to lament. In this country the ambitious merchant's idea of competition is to hurry along his own enterprises—not simply to obstruct those of his competitor. Apparently it has not yet occurred to the complaining Englishman that the way to win a running race is to run. The effort to win by sitting still and dissuading rivals from running may be more dignified, but it dose not secure any of the prizes.

Man Is Not the Whole Thing.

Chicago Post: Progress in America is not due to man alone, but to the man and the woman acting in harmony and almost wholly bearing the same responsibilities and dividing credit for the same achievements. Would we have been so far advanced had we left woman where we found her legally? Without question we would not. And as she has been so large a factor in our advancement we view without jealousy or fear for the future her constantly widening sphere of influence, liberty and equality. In her hands repose the home, the heart of the nation and largely the nation's honor and prestige.

May Change His Mind.

Indianapolis Sentinel: McKinley says he really won't, but then we all remember what he said about "criminal aggression" in Cuba and the "plain path of duty" in Porto Rico.

Smoking Out Tobacco Combines.

New York Tribune: To judge from the new combinations among tobacco companies and the immense business done by existing corporations, the enemies of the dreamy smoke which soothed Sir Walter Raleigh while he was imprisoned in the Tower of London are not making great reductions in the hosts of devotees of the alluring weed. It is true that many states have adopted rigorous laws against cigarettes, but the quantity of tobacco consumed in one form or another in the United States does not seem to be falling off. From the equator to either pole the legion of the votaries of smoke are still countless.

Foreigners Favored.

Indianapolis News: Mr. Schwab, of the steel trust, admits that it sells goods abroad for less than it sells them at home, but he says that this discrimination is necessary because of the cheap labor abroad. But does not the steel trust sell at a good profit abroad? If it does not, why does it want foreign markets?

Classification as a Rate Raiser.

Philadelphia Record: Sweeping changes made in freight classifications by associated railroad companies west of the Mississippi are to go into effect Aug. 1 next, and already Eastern shippers are protesting earnestly against what amounts not only to a material increase in rates, but also in large degree to a discrimination against the seaboard in favor of central supply points. To increase freight rates directly would be in violation of the interstate commerce law; but by the device of freight classification almost any desired rate on goods in transit may be exacted. Business men have scarcely felt as yet the sting of this sharp practice; but it will scourge them one day like a whip of scorpions.

Must Water His Stock.

Washington Post: There is a disposition on the part of the Ohioans to think that Hon. Tom L. Johnson is doing altogether too much talking on the amount of capital he acquired by getting elected mayor of Cleveland.

Retaliatory Blushing.

Denver Republican: Senator Mason's constituents are not evidencing any great enthusiasm in indorsing his official career. The man who blushes for his party always finds that his party is good at blushing back.

No Waste of Time.

Chicago News: It was not wasting time for Mark Hanna to tell the convention that he loved Foraker, for the members would never have known it if he had not told them.

Impressed With Its Importance.

Washington Post: We infer from Mr. Foraker's keynoter that he believes the job of electing a Republican legislature in Ohio this year is bubbling over with importance.

Another Cruel Suggestion.

Baltimore American: If it is not too late we would suggest for the Sampson medal a design representing a baseball game, with an inscription reading: "Robbed by the umpire."

Depew's Change of Front.

Detroit Journal: Dr. Depew says he will leave the widows alone. It is understood he now favors first term candidates.

Resort to Extreme Measures.

Washington Post: Mr. Hanna was compelled to smash several gentlemen over the head in order to obtain harmony.

The Butchers' Extortion.

Princeton Union: Up at Duluth the butchers have decided that 8 cents per pound is only a fair profit and the consumer is obliged to pay 20 cents per pound for his meat. About half the town has turned vegetarians and the pocketbooks of the other half will soon force them to follow suit.

Midsummer Exultation.

Boston Transcript: Thank heaven that we have progressed and that our city is not like Chicago or New York.

Old Favorites Forgotten.

Indianapolis News: Europe is finding all manner of faults with out locomotives, but as yet they have escaped the charge of being afflicted with trichina or the San Jose scale.

Can't Lose Us.

Buffalo Express: The English syndicate which is building a railroad in Ecuador, has placed a rush order with American firms for material. This is a double victory. The Americans are capturing a South American market and the English are paying for it.

No Chance to Kick Back.

Washington Post: The supreme court is compelled to take considerable back talk. Unlike the baseball umpore, it is unable to fine the offenders and order them to the bench.

Kentucky's Little Opener.

Louisville Courier-Journal: One trouble with the Indiana decision legalizing the opening of a jackpot with a counterfeit coin is that it takes no cognizance of the fact that the six-shooter with which the opener may be called is not likely to be a counterfeit.

IN MICHIGAN.

A Brewery Is to Be Built at Sault Ste. Marie.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.—Edward Arnold, a well-known and wealthy resident of Escanaba, will establish a brewery plant here this summer that will cost $100,000. The site, which has been purchased, is in the eastern section of the city, and will have a fine water frontage. Mr. Arnold is able to finance the project alone, but in all probability will organize a corporation. It will be the only only brewery here.

Ishpeming—"Parson" Joe Pope, one of the best known sports and promoters of wrestling and fighting tournaments in the Northwest, died Thursday at his home in Ispeming of kidney trouble, after a two weeks' illness. He had been in the saloon business for thirty-five years and is survived by a wife and three children.

Menominee—The use of fire crackers, except on the Fourth, has been restricted at Menominee. This action was taken on account of the numerous accidents reported during the past few days. It is thought that if the police keep the crackers out of the small boys' hands until Independence Day it will be possible to pull the entire population through the season of celebration safely.

Hancock—Master Mechanic J. J. Conolly, of the Duluth, South Shore and Atlantic railway, will shortly go East to purchase six new consolidation engines for his company. The new engines will be four heavy freighters, weighing 180,000 pounds on the drivers, and will have cylinders 22x28; and two switchers weighing 120,000 pounds on the drivers with cylinders 19x26. It is understood that these engines will be used on the old Mineral range and the Hancock and Calumet narrow gauges that were purchased by the South Shore last year, and that are now being rebuilt into standard guages.

Marquette—News of the death of J. B. Boxer, formerly chief train dispatcher for the South Shore road at Marquette, has been received. It occurred in Washington, D. C., after a lingering illness.

Special Excursion to Colorado

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

July 1 to 9 and Sept. 1 to 10 the Northwestern Line will sell round-trip excursion tickets from Denver to Colorado points at the low rate of $29.

Remember the dates and route, and do not fail to avail yourself of this very low rate to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo. Also tickets to Salt Lake City and Ogden and return for $44, final limit to return Oct. 31. Full information and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

DAILY STORY.

DON FELIPE.

BY GRANVILLE TRACE.

(Copyright, 1901, by Granville Trace.)

Don Felipe, banker, of Manila, knew that to lie for the good of the church is a virtue, and he was not the man to separate religion from business. His devotion to the strong box was no less ardent than his ambition never to fail of counting the requisite number of beads on Sunday or to confess to Father Jose at least once a quarter. So Don Felipe lied with readiness when the church or his pesatas were concerned—especially the pesatas.

Therefore, was he considered a good citizen, and thereby, also, he incurred the wrath of two heretics, impolite Americans with ancient Springfields in their hands, and un-Spanish ideas in their prairie-grown brains.

But the brains and the rifles served Don Felipe well once, when, just after their arrival, he offered two thousand "Mex," to Privates Turner and Larson for the rescue of his 12-year-old son, who was supposed to be at the plantation, "La Honradez," in the interior.

The colonel, on whose ranch the two had punched steers, was obdurate when they went to him about it. But Larson had often worsted him at poker, and out of respect for the man he finally gave him permission to try for the reward. As for Turner, the "Old Man" loathed him for a shiftless dog, and considered it only a question whether he would some time reach his death by Mauser bullets or by order of a court-martial.

So Don Felipe ordered masses to be said, and holy water to be sprinkled upon his emissaries, and sent them jungleward, to return after three months with a medley of bruises, and beards of long standing and wide sweep. They brought the boy, and he was bruised about the ears.

"He thought he was the king of these cannibal isles," Turner said. "We had to cuff the little devil a good deal to teach him his place. At first he ordered us around as if he was born in shoulder-straps; but we soon taught him that traveling in the jungle isn't the same thing as lying in a hammock and having a nigger work the fan. That trip was a good thing for the kid; it would have been a good thing for any of these satin-skinned Spaniards."

It was philosophy, but Don Felipe was no philosopher. He was indignant, and went to the colonel. The colonel, in turn, was indignant, and showed him the door, whereat Don Felipe waxed more wrath than ever. He swore in fervid Castilian, brandishing his flabby fists, and told Turner and Larson to get their pay where they might.

It was a bluff, a lie to save the reward; for, if more cunning would have yielded more gold, he would have kept the boy's ears roaring like a cane-brake in a monsoon. But what was to be done? The military government must be lenient with the resident population, advertising its benevolent intentions. Moreover, how were soldiers, who, according to the sergeant's book had been spending their time in barracks, to receive pay for a nasty job somewhere in the jungle?

Larson was stupefied. The ingratitude of the man was beyond him. It was an hour before he recovered from the shock, and when the eruption finally began Turner stopped him.

"Return good for evil," he admonished. Larson was dazed anew, and his dumbness returned upon him.

"We must," continued Turner. "It is best for him that he should pay his honest debts, and we must do what we can to make him see his best interests."

It was Saturday night, and Larson was eager for canteen drill; but Turner objected. He turned in early to think.

Monday morning, and Don Felipe sat at his desk, a look half anger, half terror, on his face, and his right hand grasping nervously for his cane. The intruder was Turner. Don Felipe's apprehensions were soon quieted, however. Turner stopped at three paces from the door, hat in hand, and made a deep obeisance.

"Will the senor grant me a word?"

Don Felipe radiated majesty for a half minute, then pronounced:

"I sall hear you."

Turner expressed gratitude.

The senor no doubt expects to dispose of his plantation."

No reply.

"The condition of the country is extremely unsettled, and the future is uncertain. The new administration may not be friendly to Spanish interests. Being an American, I am willing to place capital here. In case the senor wishes to dispose of the plantation, my friend and I are prepared to offer a satisfactory price."

Don Felipe was astonished at hearing a private refer to himself as a capitalist, but he reflected that the man must be merely an agent, and, moreover, even the shadow of such an opportunity would have been worth grasping at. But business policy dictated delay, and Don Felipe bade his caller to an interview the day following.

"Well?" quiried Larson as Turner came back from the second encounter.

"Good. His standing me off for a day was pure bluff. He was dead anxious. All that is left for us to do is to sign the papers and turn over the money."

Larson contorted his visage expressively.

"When do we sign the papers "

Saturday evening, and we are to do it in style—invite a dozen or two of the push, and have a blow-out at the castle of his highness. A banquet is always in order with these Spaniards. A Spaniard couldn't have his mustache curled without giving a dinner."

Numerous paper lanterns rivaled the splendor of twenty white uniforms in the pavilion that served for a banquet hall, and the glory thereof was full compensation to Don Felipe for an expenditure that ordinarily would have been heartrending. He was eloquent in lame English, and there was free flowing of good wine and bad toasts.

"Ellos Socorrodores. The Rescuers," announced the toastmaster, and their host made Turner and Larson feel themselves heroes indeed. He forgot animosities, and poured forth his soul.

Larson was touched. He whispered:

"Say, Turner, don't you think, really now, that the old gent is coming around all right? Meybe we'd better not—"

"Yes, we had, too. Suppose we'd be getting any of that if 't cost him anything? Don't be easy—and let up on the cognac."

Don Felipe's commercial English was too limited for use on an occasion like this, and in his native tongue, thus interpreted, he concluded:

"Rescuers, heroes, you have rstored to me the light of my soul. I owe you the life of my beloved son, and I repay you, senores, with the only reward which the poor may bestow, or which heroes can desire; senores, I thank you!"

Principals and witnesses signed legal documents and Turner and Larson became owners of "La Honradez."

Don Felipe was about to give the signal for resuming festivities when a servant brought a letter. It was from the plantation. He broke the seal and read:

"Honorable Master: I hasten to write to you of what happened when the two Americans were here three weeks ago. One afternoon when we were all fishing in the river when it cut through during the last rains I dropped by fish pail in the water, and when I brought it up it contained some queer yellow pebbles. I showed them to the Americans and they seemed greatly astonished, and said it was gold, and they dipped the pail and brought up more of the pebbles."

Don Felipe did not finish the rambling account. He hastened to find the signature, and after casting aside several closely written pages, found, crowded into a corner.

"Your honor's faithful and humble servant, PEDRO."

Don Felipe felt genuine emotion now. His nails blanched, but he did not swear; Turner was watching him. And it was necessary to act. He signed for silence after a moment, and said, in a broken voice:

"Senores, a letter from my mother—on her death bed. She—she makes a last request." Pause for supposed grief. "A last request—that I shall never part with the beloved estate of La Honradez. Senores, you will appreciate my position. Such a request cannot be denied. I take refuge in the honor and generosity of my dear friends—"

"Alas! Your honor's saintly mother," interrupted Turner. "A pious and devout woman, I have heard. Is her name not Pedro? I bribed Pedro to keep silence, but—"

Voluble and profane remarks from Don Felipe; then calm.

He led Turner to one side and settled the business like a man—by paying two thousand "Mex." to get the deed back.

They of the uniforms departed. Another message arrived. It read:

"Senor: It is my duty to inform you of the sad death of your faithful servant, Pedro, on the day before my arrival at La Honradez. He was widly delirous before death, and imagined himself the discoverer of quantities of gold.

"TURNER."

While Killing Time

During the hot weather season it would be profitable to you to look in on us and examine our

Hot Weather Suits.

We have them in all the latest patterns, and as to the size of the selection we are second to none in the city. Remember—our two floors are filled to overflowing with bright, SNAPPY SUITS at—

$8, $10, $12, $15, $18 and $20.

We have not forgotten the small boys. New lot of THREE-PIECE KNEE PANT SUITS in genteel shades at—

$5, $6, $7 and $8.

Hot weather Negligee Shirt, the prettiest stripes and checks you ever laid your eyes on, at—

50c, 75c, $1 to $5

Hot weather UNDERWEAR, at a garment—

25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 to $1.50

UNION UNDERSUITS, at a suit

$1.25 and $1.50

C. W. ERICSON,

Reliable Clothier.

219 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

$17.00 Buffalo and Return

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account Pan-American Exposition. Tickets on sale every day and a train every day from Duluth, Union depot, at 7:00 p. m. Let us plan your trip, via popular rail and lake routes.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

$24.50 Pan-American, Buffalo

Until further notice the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, all rail, via Chicago, to Buffalo and return, for $24.50. Good returning ten days from date of sale. For full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

AMUSEMENTS.

JULY 3.

Duluth Circus Grounds,

29th Ave. West and Sup. St.

Two performances, rain or shine, at 2 and 8 p. m.

The Great Educational Exhibit—

Pawnee Bill's Wild West.

1000 Men and Horses.

Exciting and thrilling reproduction of modern and romantic history. Portrayed by Indians and natives of many nations.

Strange and startling street parade at 10 a. m.

PARLOR THEATER.

W. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Ave. West.

EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.

"Ida Rose Big Specialty Co."

Fine Bill of Vaudeville Acts.

THE STONE IS LAID

Ceremony at New West End Polish Catholic Church.

A Large Procession, All Catholic Societies Taking Part.

Bishop McGolrick Performs the Ceremony and Preaches.

The cornerstone of the new Polish Catholic church at Twenty-fifth avenue west and Fifth street was laid yesterday afternoon with the imposing ceremonies with which the Roman Catholic church always accompanies such ceremonies. The church will be a handsome structure of brick and stone and will supply a large parish.

All of the Catholic societies at Duluth and some from Superior took part. There was a procession from the cathedral to the site of the church at 3 o'clock. Shortly before that hour the line was formed before the cathedral. There were two divisions, each headed by a band. In the first were the trustees of the church, Division No. 1 of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, St. Jean Baptiste Catholic Order of Foresters and the Ancient Order of Hibernians and Catholic Order of Foresters of West Duluth.

The second division included West Superior Polish societies, St. Anthony's society of the German Catholic church, the Ancient Order of Hibernians of St. Clement's church and the Italian societies.

In carriages were the clergymen, Rt. Rev. James McGolrick, bishop of Duluth; Very Rev. Father Corbett, Rev. Father Kosmerl, Rev. Father Lauret, Rev. Father Hogan, Rev. Father Sjorka, Rev. Father Feheley, Rev. Father Wurm and Rev. Father Buckler.

The number of people in the procession was very large and it was one of the largest ever held by the Catholics of Duluth. The line of march was down Second avenue west to Superior street, west on Superior street to Twenty-first avenue west, up to Third street, west to Twenty-fourth avenue and to the site of the church.

Arriving there the societies formed about the chair and the bands played sacred music while the clergymen were preparing for the ceremonies. These were conducted by Bishop McGolrick, and included the blessing of the spot where the altar is to be laid, the placing within the cornerstone of a box filled with various matters of interest, etc., and finally the laying and blessing of the stone.

The sermon was preached by Bishop McGolrick and he congratulated the Polish Catholics on the new building which they were to have, which would be one of the finest Catholic churches in the city. He spoke of the growth of the church in Duluth, this being the seventh church in the city.

Rev. Father Sjroka also spoke, congratulating the people of the new parish on the excellent house of worship which they were to have and exhorting them to continue their zeal.

The new church will be ready for use in September.

PAWNEE BILL.

Big Show Coming to Duluth Wednesday.

Wednesday, July 3, at 2 o'clock sharp, Pawnee Bill and his Wild West show will appear for their first performance in this city at circus grounds at Forty-ninth avenue west and Superior street. A second and final performance will be given at 8 p. m. of the same day. A grand street parade will be given in the morning, leaving the show grounds at 10 o'clock sharp.

More than 1000 men and horses are used with the Pawnee Bill show, the horde of rough riders including Indians, cowboys, Mexican vaqueros, South American guachos, Philippine bolo-men, Riffian Arabs, Russian Cossacks, Japanese lancers and detachments of cavalry from the great armies of the world. Among the Indians are the famous Ridge Bear, Red Wolf, Kiser Young Man, Chief Thunder, Spotted Tail, White Eagle, Crazy Snake and a band of nearly 100 braves made up of Sioux, Pawnees, Apaches, Comanches, Flat Heads and Mojave Indians; the Indian village and museum is a big show in itself.

The show will open with a grand review of the riders of all nations, followed by a series of brilliant military maneuvers and cavalry evolutions, artillery drills, etc., followed by cowboy sports and pastimes, lariat throwing, broncho-breaking and pony races between Indians, cowboys and Mexicans, sharpshooting by rifle and revolver experts, exhibitions of boomerang-throwing by Australian bushmen, the juvenile Wild West by the youngsters with burros and Shetland ponies, hippodrome racing of all kinds, fancy shooting by the woman champion, May Lillie, and a hundred other attractive features. The show offers a historical study of great value to old and young, as well as an entertainment full of excitement and interest. The doors will open at 1 o'clock in the afternoon and at 7 o'clock in the evening, one hour before the performance begins, to allow all who may so desire to visit the Indian village and explore the museum. Pawnee Bill and his people travel and perform without regard to weather conditions, and this big show will come off on time, rain or shine.

The parade route is from the show grounds down Superior street to Third evnue east; back on First street to Fifth avenue west; Fifth avenue west to Superior street, back to show grounds, Twenty-ninth avenue west and Superior street.

Purest and best of all Drinks.....

Soda Water

If drawn from our new Fountain. DEEP ROCK LITHIA WATER, VERNOR'S GINGER ALE at

MAX WIRTH'S DRUG STORE.

ODD INQUIRY.

Sample of Some Queer Ones Received By Police.

There are many people that seem to think that the city police department is a sort of bureau of information on all subjects, and if the force was to take care of all the requests that are made through letters, the entire department would have little time left for other duties. The other day Chief Crandall received a long written communication from a woman living at Duluth Heights who has lost her dog. She said that she was sick and could not hunt for the animal, and then went on to describe the appearance of the canine, the description in the main being that the dog was white in spots where somebody's elses dog was black, and vice versa. She understood that there was a dog at Fond du Lac and another at Rice Lake that looked like her dog, and would the chief please send officers to each of the places and get the dogs, then send a rig after her so she could identify her pup.

Chief Crandall accuses Sheriff Sargent of referring this communication to him, on the ground that it was out of the sheriff's jurisdiction.

The request that capped the climax was received this morning from a citizen of Sioux Falls, S. D., who evidently got up early, dusted the hayseed out of his eyes and, after much trouble, composed the following epistle:

"City Police,
Duluth, Minn.

On Februrar 14 or 15 last while riding on the Street car from Duluth minn. to Superior Wis. I seen a lady who's name I like to get. She whas of medim sise brown hair and wore a dark suet. she got off in Superior cloce to ent of the line but doo not know what Street too ladys a little older than she and suposet marriet left the car with her. the conductor who's Number, I think whas 14, whas aquantet with her. as I seen from a conversaton. Could you please help me any in finding her name.

Respectfully
" Jers Jergenson
Sioux Falls, S. Dak."

"she was about 20 years old"

Chief Crandall says he will have to draw the line at hunting up acquaintances for young men, though he suggested that the best plan, if he should set about it, would be to call Conductor No. 14 up on the carpet. The chief referred the letter to Officer Shong of Superior, who was a caller at the station this morning.

VOLUNTEERS ARE PLENTY.

Many Anxious to Be Elevator Watchman.

Recent reports to the effect that ghosts hold high carnival at night in the Great Northern steel elevator at Superior have proven at least that there are a great many men at the head of the lakes for whom the alleged visitors from another world have no terrors. The morning after the publication of the story in the paper of the previous evening, seven men were at the elevator office bright and early to apply for positions as watchmen. As the early applicants were followed by more as the day wore on, men asking for places were told that it would be necessary for them to submit to a physical examination. If the doctor found them proof against ghostology and mythology, and otherwise physically and mentally fit, their applications would be considered when there were vacancies. In the meantime the old watchmen are still holding the fort.

The spooks alleged to abide in high and remote portions of the elevator have not been in evidence since the publication of the story. Perhaps they are ashamed of themselves for having caused any person to suffer from nervousness.

If no men are available as watchmen, there are some brave women who have announced that they will guard the house and watch the ghosts at $4 per night.

During the month of June, Messrs. Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict, through their employment department, placed twenty-two stenographers with the leading firms of Duluth and Superior. The highest salary paid was $85 per month and the lowest $40 per month, making an average of $56.75 per month. The demand for competent Remington operators is steadily increasing.

CROWDS OUT.

Parks and Places of Amusements Filled on Sunday.

In spite of the slight showers yesterday morning, large crowds visited all of the public parks yesterday afternoon, and many parties went picnicing for the day. Good crowds were in attendance at Lester Park, while throngs visited Oatka, where Flaaten's Third Regiment band gave an afternoon of music. In the evening the ladies' orchestra played to large crowds. Both the White Line Transportation company and Booth had rather good crowds on board their boats, although they would have been larger had the weather been clear in the morning. In the future Captain Singer will have one boat leave Two Harbors at 3 o'clock and the second at 5, so that it will not be necessary to spend the whole afternoon at that place unless it is desirable to do so.

Sunday excursions are very popular in Duluth and as the summer and the good weather advances, there will be large crowds spending the day on the lake.

Anxious For Trouble.

The following communication from the Black Diamonds of the West End, a ball team that is "some" when it comes to playing fast baseball, has been received by The Herald.

The Black Diamonds of the West End do hereby challenge any organized baseball team in the city, composed of players, 18 to 21 years of age.

All communications should be sent to Victor I. Fraser, 1730 West Third street.

Sailboat Capsizes.

Three young men, a 20-foot sailboat and a smart breeze caused the first excitement of the season on the bay yesterday afternoon, when the young fellows, named Petty, McLaughlin and Helm respectively, capsized at the foot of Twentieth street, opposite Park Point. They hung on to the edge of the boat until help arrived, when they were rescued and made for dry clothes.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION

—TO—

Port Arthur

Calling at Isle Royale.

ON STEAMER ARGO

WEDNESDAY, JULY 3.

Leave Booth's dock 10 a. m., returning arrive early Friday morning in time for business.

Fare $5.00 Round Trip

Including Meals and Berth.

HE SUICIDES.

Ole Knuseth, a Leper, Ends His Own Life.

For a couple of years the St. Louis county authorities have been mightily puzzled as to what they could do with a leper whose case was discovered within the county boundaries. Every possible means of providing for him was considered and tried, and finally the unfortunate victim of this dread disease settled the matter by taking his own life Saturday afternoon.

Ole Knuseth, 45 years of age, and for the past fourteen years a leper patient and cared for by the county during the past year, committed suicide on Saturday afternoon, by hanging himself, at a farm about seventeen miles from the city, where he had been placed for keeping. Knuseth lived at the home of S. Larson and Saturday noon, not appearing for his dinner, Mr. Larson sent his boy out to look for the afflicted man. The boy returned with the information that Knuseth would be in shortly, but as he failed to put in an appearance, Mr. Larson made a search and found the body suspended from a stick of timber at the rear of the barn. Knuseth had placed the noose about his neck and sunk to his knees. Superintendent of Poor A. P. Cook was notified and he in turn sent for Coroner Boyer.

Dr. Eklund, of this city, is best acquainted with the particulars of Knuseth's case. He says that he came to this country about eighteen years ago from Norway and worked about as a common laborer. While treating Kunseth for typhoid fever about fourteen years ago, Dr. Eklund noticed symptoms of the dread disease, leprosy, and on investigation it was found that the afflicted man came from the leprosy district in Norway. An effort was made to have Knuseth sent back to Norway, but the transportation companies did not take kindly to the idea of carrying him and the Norwegian government objected to receiving him because Knuseth had sworn allegiance to this country. When it was seen that nothing else could be done for him, Knuseth was taken in charge by the county and sent out to Mr. Larson's farm. The last time that he came to the city was about eight months ago. At that time he was nearly blind and could scarcely talk. So slowly do the ravages of the terrible disease work, Dr. Eklund says, that Knuseth might have lived for several years longer had he not become discouraged and taken his own life. The remains of the unfortunate man will be buried at some distance from the city, the law requiring that the grave be marked by a slab of stone.

The case has been a very interesting one from the fact that the disease is not a familiar one to most of the American people, who see very little of it. According to the statement of some physicians the disease is not so contagious as many people have been led to think. The county authorities have been puzzled for some time as to what disposition to make of the afflicted man but he has taken the matter into his own hands and saved them all future trouble.

"I am indebted to One Minute Cough Cure for my present good health and my life. I was treated in vain by doctors for lung trouble following la grippe. I took One Minute Cough Cure and recovered my health." Mr. E. H. Wise, Madison, Ga. Max Wirth.

SYSTEM A SUCCESS

Citizen Management of Poor Affairs Showing Up Well.

Transportation Account Shows a Remarkable Falling Off.

Less For Two Months Than Was Usual For One.

The report of the expenditures of the board of poor commissioners for the quarter ending June 30, which was presented to the board by Secretary Cook at its meeting Saturday evening, shows beyond any question that the experiment of entrusting the care of the county's pauper business to a board of citizens is a complete success. Perhaps no item shows this better than that of transportation. The report for the quarter—which includes only two months this time—shows expenses of $54.72 for this item, and in years there has been no single month under the old system when the transportation expenditures were so little as this. The report of expenses for May and June follows:

Poor farm	$1,485 21
Board and care outside of poor farm	788 01
Temporary relief	140 00
Transportation	54 72
Burials	38 40
Miscellaneous	724 04
Total	$3,230 38

The receipts were $82.90, so the net expenses were $3147.69.

The board is determined to put up a hot chase after men who have left their wives and families and caused them to become county charges. They will be relentlessly pursued, and when they are caught they will receive the benefit of the rigid law framed to fit their case. The matter was discussed Saturday night at the regular monthly meeting in the Mesaba block, and it was stated that every effort to recover deserting husbands will be made. Already one such husband is in jail, and several more are likely to be caught any time. Thirteen deserted wives are on the board's books, and that means that thirteen faithless husbands are being pursued.

The regular monthly bills were allowed and some routine business transacted. Reports showed that forty-three persons are now receiving county help and a large percentage of these are members of deserted families and widows with numerous children. Temporary relief was authorized in six cases.

FLOATER FOUND.

Supposed to Be a Deck Hand.

Yesterday morning the crew of Nick Witt's meat boat picked up a floater near the No. 2 ore dock, that is supposed to be a deckhand that fell off the steamer Coralia last Monday afternoon. The body was in an erect position with the head protruding from the water. The remains are those of a man about 22 years of age. He had a light mustache, light hair and wore overalls over dark trousers. The dress indicated that the man was a sailor.

The man missed from the steamer fell into the water while shifting one of the big ropes and the life saving crew was unable to recover the body.

The remains were taken to Stewart's undertaking rooms, where they have been left for identification. If nobody identifies the body today it will be buried at the expense of the county.

CHURCH DEDICATED.

St. John's at Lakeside Is Consecrated.

St. John's Episcopal church was dedicated yesterday morning by Bishop Morrison. The services opened with prayer and the rite of confirmation was administered. A special service of consecration followed, and Bishop Morrison preached again in the evening. All of the outstanding debts of the church are fully paid, otherwise, under the rules of the Episcopal church, the edifice could not be consecrated. It is the fourth church of its kind in the city and has a seating capacity of about 200.

The Wages of Sin.

The remains of Goldie Martel, a young girl who ran away from home in Iron River, Wis., last spring, to enter a house of ill-fame in this city, are lying at the undertaking parlors of Durkan & Crawford's. The girl was but 16 years of age at the time of her death. After a life of shame for about three months she was taken very ill and was removed to St. Mary's hospital where an operation was found necessary. Death came after excrutiating suffering. The father, an industrious farmer, came to see his daughter last Friday, but returned the next day to Iron River. He has been sent for to take charge of the remains, but has not been heard from.

More Excursions Coming.

It is possible that July 20 may bring the next excursion in to Duluth, although the date is not yet definitely decided upon. The Great Northern will be the road and the excursionists will come from Evansville, Wilmar and intermediate points. Another excursion from Crookston and Grand Forks, a locality from which comparatively few have ever visited Duluth, is announced by the same road to come off about the last of July or the first of August. Crops have been good in this section of the country for the last few years and as the company announces an extremely low rate, good crowds can be expected.

C. E. Route to Cincinnati.

Pennsylvania Short Line from Chicago. Morning and evening trains through without change. Round trip, $8. July 5, 6 and 7. Tickets on sale at offices of connecting lines selling through Chicago, also at 248 South Clark street, and Union station ticket office, Chicago. H. R. Dering, A. G. P. agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for particulars.

Quick Dessert

JELLYCON

No Cooking
No Baking

Only necessary to dissolve in hot water and set away to harden. Lemon, Orange, Peach, Raspberry, Strawberry, Wild Cherry.

BIG CIRCUS.

Ringling Brothers' Great Show Is Coming July 25.

Ringling Brothers' big circus will exhibit in Duluth again Thursday, July 25. It has been two years since the show was here, but the intervening period has been one of growth and development, and there is a great deal of curiosity to see the exhibition again. Duluth people undoubtedly have a warm feeling in their hearts for this great show. There are thousands of circus lovers in this community who can recall the time when Ringling Brothers' entire outfit could have been enclosed within their present dressing tents, but even in those struggling days there was something about the show that commended it to the public. The personality of the five brothers who managed the show, and even contributed to the performance, was also a factor in winning the good will and approbation of the people. The show grew rapidly and nowhere was its growth watched with more interest than right here in Duluth.

When the show emerged from its swaddling clothes and "took to the rail," the comment was freely made that it was the best circus of its size that had ever come to Minnesota. When a second train was added, there was a proportionate increase of commendation. Now that the show has reached such colossal proportions that it requires five trains of double-length cars to carry its paraphernalia, the verdict is the same—only more so. Press and public everywhere declare that it is the biggest and best of all the American circuses.

Many new and interesting arenic features are announced for the present season. There are 30 performers from all parts of the world, a new and gorgeous spectacular entry and a series of remarkably trained animal displays, one of which presents twenty elephants in one big act. The menagerie has been greatly augmented and in addition to hundreds of interesting caged animals exhibits thirty elephants and what is believed to be the only giraffe now in existence. This rare animal has proved a great drawing card elsewhere and will undoubtedly attract attention here. Ringling Brothers will have a gerat day in Duluth.

A COUNTRY GIRL

Sixth Ave. Theater Tonight.

BETTER STAY AT HOME.

Better Farming Land Here Than In Washington.

Thomas Devine, the well-known explorer, in a letter to a Duluth friend, has something to say about the Portland, Ore., region, from which place he writes as follows:

"There is not a handsomer city in the United States or in the world than Portland, and the farming country hereabouts cannot be excelled anywhere. In timber many Duluth people are interested. As to a poor man's chance for getting farming land, I will say that I would as soon—in fact, sooner—go north of Duluth and locate on the Miller trunk road and settle on land than to come out here and grub out stumps with dynamite. It will take one a week, after one stump is blown out, to clear away what is left of it with a span of horses. City folks who wish to have some place for their families to recuperate pay as high as $80 per acre for clearing land, and after it is cleared it is not worth half that, for you can buy improved farms for $30 to $40 per acre. Wages run from 80 cents to $2 per day. In the mills it is $1.25 to $1.50 per day for common labor. On the farms the men get up at 2 a. m. to milk the cows and work hard all day. Still I will admit that they do not work as briskly here as they do in Minnesota.

"Portland can be proud of her hotels, for she is equipped with a number of very handsome ones."

In conclusion Mr. Devine says that in his next letter he will have something to say about the people that are locating on timber claims out that way, and his manner of referring to them indicates a doubt on his part as to the wisdom of their action.

TELLS IT DIFFERENTLY.

Bay City Detective Tells of Groulx's Crime.

Detective Benson, of Bay City, Mich., started on Saturday for Bay City, Mich., with William Groulx, alias La Jole, who was arrested by Detective Irvine, of this city, at the request of the Bay City authorities last week. Detective Benson tells a different story than that put up by Groulx at the time of his arrest and asserts that there is a pretty clear case of manslaughter hanging over the latter's head in the Michigan city. Detective Benson says that a 12-year-old boy was sitting on the curb, when Groulx came along and kicked him in the side, breaking one of the boy's ribs and bending it in until it pierced the kidneys, causing an injury that a few days later resulted in the death of the lad. Detective Irvine arrested Groulx at the postoffice last Wednesday as he called for his mail. The arrest was made on the authority of the sheriff at Bay City, who charges murder.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

$5.75 Fourth of July

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

July 3 and 4, Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short line, three trains daily) will sell tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return for $5.75. Good returning up to and including July 5. For tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot or Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

Excursion Rates Via "The Milwaukee."

Cincinnati, July 4, 5, 6, United Society Christian Endeavor, $21.50 round trip.

Detroit, July 5, 6, 7, National Educational association, $20.75 round trip.

Chicago, July 23, 24, 25, Baptist Young People's union of America, $13.50 round trip.

Louisville, Aug. 24, 25, 26, triennial conclave Knights Templar, $21.50 round trip.

Buffalo, all summer, Pan-American exposition, $24.50 round trip.

All tickets good on celebrated Pioneer Limited.

Call at Milwaukee office, or write J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, St. Paul, for detailed information. Ask for Pan-American folder.

AT CLOQUET.

Big Crowd Going to Duluth to Celebrate the Fourth.

Cloquet, Minn., July 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The musical at Miss Carey's studio, on Saturday afternoon, was attended by a large number of ladies, who were all delighted with the entertainment.

The Cloquet Lumber company and Northern Lumber company's ball teams are to play on the Fourth. Game called at 2 p. m.

In all probability 200 or 250 Cloquetites will visit Duluth on the Fourth. A special train will leave here on the Northern Pacific railroad at 6:30 a. m., returning in the evening. The time for leaving Duluth will be announced later. The excursion will be under the auspices of the Masonic lodge.

The steam laundry plant has finally changed proprietors. Baker & Detlaw are now in full control.

Morgan & Peterson are getting ready to erect a building at a cost of $3000, to be used as a boarding house between the Johnson-Wentworth and Northwest Paper companies mills.

Mrs. E. Monroe is reported as being dangerously sick.

The St. Louis river is steadily rising. The sorting works are closed down and a big jam reported above the boom.

Cloquet is wondering when the Eastern Minnesota railroad is going to build a depot here. Think of passengers and baggage dumped out of the train Friday night during the storm, and not even a temporary shed to shelter them from the rain coming down in sheets. The bundles of Heralds had to be hung out to dry, before they were fit for delivery, and everything and everyone around the tracks got a thorough drenching.

Rev. Father Girraux held services at Carlton, Sunday evening and Monday morning.

The Johnson-Wentworth mill had a shut-down Saturday. The fire in the burner went out Friday night, and getting choked up, it had to be cleaned out before the mill could resume operations.

Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Elfers left on a visit to the Twin Cities, Saturday.

BASEBALL.

Saturday Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Pittsburg, 5; Philadelphia, 4.

At New York—New York, 14; Chicago, 1.

At Boston—Cincinnati, 11; Boston, 5.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 7; St. Louis, 5. Second game, St. Louis, 7; Brooklyn, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Washington—Boston, 7; Washington, 2.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 15; Philadelphia, 13.

At Detroit—Detroit, 5; Milwaukee, 0.

At Chicago—Chicago, 4; Cleveland, 1.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 6; Colorado Springs, 2. Second game, St. Paul, 6; Colorado Springs, 0.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 6; Denver, 1.

Sunday Games.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Milwaukee—Cleveland, 7; Milwaukee, 0.

At Chicago—Chicago, 4; Detroit, 2.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At St. Paul—Colorado Springs, 4; St. Paul, 2. Second game, St. Paul, 5; Colorado Springs, 4.

As Des Moines—Des Moines, 11; St. Joseph, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	56	33	23	.589
New York	48	27	21	.563
Philadelphia	56	30	26	.536
Brooklyn	56	30	26	.536
St. Louis	58	31	27	.534
Boston	50	25	25	.500
Cincinnati	53	23	30	.434
Chicago	59	19	40	.322

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	57	37	20	.649
Boston	50	30	20	.600
Baltimore	47	27	20	.574
Washington	47	26	21	.553
Detroit	56	30	26	.536
Philadelphia	52	21	32	.396
Milwaukee	55	19	36	.345
Cleveland	53	19	34	.358

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost	Pct.
Kansas City	54	24	20	.630
Omaha	52	29	23	.558
Minneapolis	51	27	24	.529
St. Joseph	53	28	25	.528
St. Paul	54	28	26	.519
Colorado Springs	49	22	27	.449
Des Moines	51	20	31	.392
Denver	48	18	30	.375

A burn, scratch, cut or trifling sore may result in blood poisoning if neglected. Satin-Skin Cream magically heals, makes healthy skin. 25c.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Mrs. Eliza Rogers Potter, wife of the Right Rev. Henry C. Potter, Protestant Episcopal bishop of New York, died suddenly early Sunday morning at the family residence in New York. Mrs. Potter's death was due to heart failure superinduced by the intense heat of the last few days.

A severe rain and electric storm struck the vicinity of Winona, Sunday, about two inches of rain falling. Lightning struck the Young Ladies' seminary, damaging the roof. The lake bridge was set on fire by the lightning, but was saved by the firemen. Some cows were killed and the boy herding them was stunned, but will recover.

Two important military events occurred at the Presidio, San Francisco, Sunday, the retirement of Maj. Gen. W. R. Shafter and the mustering out of four volunteer regiments. Gen. Shafter went on the retired list at noon, when he formally transferred the command of the department of California to Maj. Gen. S. M. B. Young. In the afternoon the Forty-fourth, Forty-ninth, Forty-eighth and Thirty-eighth volunteer regiments were mustered out.

Rev. Dr. Byron Sunderland, of Washington, D. C., died at Catskill of cerebral embolism Sunday morning at the home of his son-in-law, Orin Day, president of the Lenners National bank.

William Grundmann, who was shot by Joseph Campbell at Winona Wednesday night, died in the hospital Sunday afternoon. The post mortem showed that one bullet had passed through the bowels, cutting them in two places, while the other passed downward. The location of the bullet makes the theory of suicide improbable. Campbell is improving and will recover.

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels, the stomach, the liver and kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Bitters does it.

EPWORTH CONVENTION.

The North-Western Line Official Route for Coference.

The North-Western Line—Omaha road—is the official route of the Minnesota conference to the fifth international Epworth league convention, July 18 to 21, at San Francisco. By this line a number of inexpensive side trips may be made to places of historic interest and to world-renowned scenic resorts.

Rates for round trip from Duluth, by way of Omaha, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pike's Peak, Garden of the Gods, Royal George, Salt Lake City and Ogden, $50.00; same trip going, returning via Northern Lines, $62.

A grand opportunity to cross the Rocky Mountains and see California and the Pacific ocean.

For choice of routes, tickets, illustrated folders and all information, apply to G. M. Smith, general agent, 405 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

TO THE PEOPLE OF DULUTH:

Beaumont, Tex., June 26, 1901.

I am in receipt this morning of a letter from the underwriters of the Export Oil and Pipe Line Co., of which ex-Senator Towne is president, stating that on account of the great interest in the Export Oil and Pipe Line Co. in the East, and the large number of reservations which they have made for their friends, they have decided to place the first block of stock on the market, when they advertise, at 60 cents per share. In the article published in The Herald of June 21 it is stated that the stock would be placed on the market at 50 cents. I gave out this information on the strength of a letter from the underwriters, Walter G. Hudson & Co., of Boston, Mass. In their letter to me today they state that in view of my having written a number of letters and given this information to The Herald correspondent, they will take care of all stock ordered through me or Senator Towne at the 50 cents per share, providing all such orders bear date and post mark not later than July 5.

The underwriters will begin to advertise the Company's stock for sale at about that time, when the prospectus will be ready for distribution.

Mr. Fred W. Kugler, druggist, has a statement showing the Company's holdings, and has authority to accept subscriptions for stock and drafts, checks, etc., for the same. He will accept subscriptions at the 50 cent rate up to and including July 5.

Yours truly,
ELLIS E. BEEBE,
Auditor Export Oil & Pipe Line Company
Of Beaumont, Texas.

IN TROUBLE.

David Lindsay Is Accused of Defrauding Duluth People.

Detective Troyer returned from Minneapolis last evening, having in custody David C. Lindsay, who was arrested by the police at Minneapolis and held for the local authorities. The charge against Lindsay is that he has been defrauding a large number of business and professional men of this city, complaint having been made by Attorney Theodore Hollister, who claims to have been defrauded of $65.

Lindsay is a cruiser, explorer and alleged discoverer of valuable iron property. While cruising about thirty miles northeast of Tower, last spring, in section 17-67-14, Lindsay thought that he had discovered a valuable ore proposition and came back to this city where he told a number of men of his alleged find. He also showed samples of iron ore and readily interested a number of Duluthians in the project. These men furnished the funds and Lindsay was to have the work done and receive a third of the stock. He was to have sent out men to look over the property. In the meantime the Duluth people interested in the proposition scripped the land as most of it belonged to the government. Lindsay is said to have returned to the city last week and stated that the property was not what he expected, in fact, was worthless. He appeared confident, however, that there was a vein some place. Some of the men interested began to think that Lindsay had found ore, but discovered where he could make a better deal with others, so they bought more land.

In the specific charges against Lindsay it is said that he did not dig pits on the land, nor did he have Robert Graff accompany him there as he had represented, also that he did not leave in charge a man by the name of Fitzgerald, nor did he even visit the property. It is charged that all representations made by him were false.

When seen at the police station after his return, Lindsay declared that he could account for every cent he had spent of the other people's money. He claims to have two men looking over the property and that he was there about June 19. He says that he thought the property was all right that there is a vein up there somewhere that he has been unable to locate.

"I wish to truthfully state to you and the readers of these few lines that your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is without question the best and only cure for dyspepsia that I have ever come in contact with and I have used many other preparations." John Beam, West Middlesex, Po. No preparation equals Kodol Dyspepsia Cure as it contains all the natural digestants. It will digest all kinds of food and can't help but do you good. Max Wirth.

To the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

The most popular railway from the Northwest to the great show at Buffalo will be the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

It runs, every day, five beautiful trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago, connecting directly with all Eastern lines.

Its celebrated Pioneer Limited (the famous train of the world) leaves Minneapolis 7:30 p. m. and St. Paul 8:10 p. m. daily, arriving Chicago 9:30 next morning.

Special features of the "Milwaukee's" service are the observation, buffet parlor cars on day trains, private compartment and standard sleepers on night trains, as well as buffet smoking cars and the best dining service in the world.

Tickets at cheap rates will be on sale every day at all points on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to Buffalo and return, and the maximum comfort can be obtained by using this line.

Write to J. T. Conley, Ass't Gen'l Passgr. Agent, St. Paul, for the "Milwaukee's" Pan-American folder (one of the completest and most comprehensive guides yet published of the exposition) and all information concerning rates, etc.

Cheaper Fuel!

WOOD!

4 feet Birch and Maple...**$4.00** per cord
Sawed Birch and Maple...**$4.75** per cord
Sawed and Split Birch and Maple....
..........**$5.75** per cord

Duluth Fuel & Transfer Co.
410 West Superior St.

MARKET IS WEAK

Wheat Started Out at an Advance But Declined.

Cables Showed a Gain and Caused Opening Strength.

Decline That Followed Was Due to Extreme Dullness.

Duluth Board of Trade, July 1.—The wheat market started out with an advance this morning, the strength being due to better cables, Liverpool wheat showing a rise of ½@¾d for futures. Trading was very dull, however, and prices soo neased off and closed at a considerable loss for the day. Chicago reported that the deliveries on July contracts were about 1,500,000 bus. The world's shipments were 8,290,000 bus, against 9,481,000 bus last week and 6,294,000 bus last year. Primary receipts of wheat were 858,363 bushels, last year 577,930. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 807,000 bushels. The visible supply of wheat showed a decrease of 2,110,000 bus.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 514 cars, against 430 last week and 332 last year. Chicago receipts, 514 cars, 1 of contract grade.

Trading in futures was fairly active on the Duluth board. September wheat opened ¼c higher at 66¼c, sold at 66¼c at 9:40 and then declined steadily to 65⅝c at 11:45. It held fairly steady after that, selling at 65¼c at 12:40 and closing at that price, a decline for the day of ⅝c. Chicago declined ¾c and Minneapolis ⅞c.

Cash sales were liberal today, aggregating 75,000 bushels.

September flax halted in its decline today, showing a rally of 2c. October rallied the same amount. Rye was up ¼c. Corn is inactive in Duluth now and the sharp bulge at Chicago created little interest here. At Chicago the September option at one time was up 2¼-⅜c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 68½c; to arrive, 68⅝c; July, 68⅝c; September, 68¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 65½c; to arrive, 65⅝c; July, 65⅝c; September, 65¼c; August, 65⅜c. No. 2 northern, 60½c. No. 3 spring, 55½c. Oats, 27¼@27c. Rye, 46¾c. Flax, cash, $1.88; September, $1.37; September, Northwestern, $1.38; October, $1.34.

Car inspection—Wheat, 71; corn, 1; oats, 1; rye, 5; flax, 14. Receipts—Wheat, 36,241 bus; corn, 4581 bus; oats, 9151 bus; rye, 4322; flax, 2076. Shipments—Wheat, 468,690 bus; corn, 80,000 bus; rye, 20,000 bus.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$0.66⅝
No. 1 northern, 1 car	65⅞
No. 1 northern, 1 car	66
No. 1 northern, 1 car	65¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	66¼
No. 1 northern, 1 car	66¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	66
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	65⅝
No. 1 northern, 4 cars	65¾
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	66⅜
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	66⅜
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	66⅛
No. 1 northern, 2000 bus	66½
No. 1 northern, 1000 bus	66⅜
No. 2 northern, 1 car	63
No. 2 northern, 1 car	61
No. 2 northern, 1 car	61¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	62⅛
No. 2 northern, 1 car	62¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	61⅞
No. 2 northern, 1 car	62¾
No. 1 northern, 1 car	61¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	62¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	61⅞
No. 2 northern, 1 car	62
No. 2 northern, 1 car	63¼
No. 2 northern, 1 car	61⅞
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	61½
No. 2 northern, 4 cars	61¼
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	61½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	62¼
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	61½
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	61½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	61¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	62¾
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	57½
No. 3 spring, 1 car 1	57⅞
No. 3 spring, 1 car	57½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opened Higher But Eased Off Rapidly.

Chicago, July 1.—Wheat opened higher today on better cables, and trade was dull and the market eased off rapidly. September opened ¼@⅜c higher at 66¾@66⅞c, advanced to 67c and fell to 66⅜@½c. Deliveries on July contracts were estimated at a million and a half bus. There was a decrease in the amount on passage. The world's shipments were 8,290,000 bus, compared with 9,481,000 bus last week and 6,294,000 bus a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 515 cars, against 430 a week ago and 332 last year. Local receipts were 63 cars, 1 of contract grade.

September declined to 65½c and closed ¾c lower at 65⅝c.

Corn opened excited and higher on hot weather throughout the Southwest. For a time the crowd seemed willing to pay almost any price, but the demand gradually was satisfied and prices settled back. September opened ⅜@½c to 2¼@⅜c higher at 46¼@48c. Only one or two sales were made at the latter prices. The market then eased off to 46⅝@¾c. Deliveries on July contracts were heavy at two million bus. There was an increase in passage of 952,000 bus. The world's shipments were 6,415,000 bus, against 5,923,000 bus last week and 5,750,000 a year ago. Local receipts were 222 cars, 4 of contract grade.

On reports of rain in Kansas, September dropped back to 46⅛c and closed ⅞c higher at 46⅛@⅜c.

Oats opened higher, but offerings were liberal and the market eased off slightly. September opened ⅛@¼c to ¾c higher, at 27¼@⅜c to 27¾c and steadied at 27½c. Receipts wre 161 cars.

Provisions were firm early with corn. Pork opened unchanged at $14.85, lard at $8.75 and ribs 2½c lower at $8.15.

Close, wheat, July, 64¾c; August, 65¼c; September, 65⅝c. Corn, July, 44½c; September, 46¼@⅜c. Oats, July, 27c; September, 27¼@⅜c. Pork, July, $14.55; September, $14.75; January, $14.20. Lard, July, $8.60; September, $8.67½; October, $8.65; November, $8.50; December, $8.25; January, $8.15. Ribs, July, $8.00; September, $8.12½; October, $8.05; January, $7.32½. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.88; No. 1, $1.88; September, $1.37; October, $1.35¼. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 67c; No. 3 red, 66½c; No. 3 hard winter, 65¼c; No. 1 northern spring, 67c; No. 2 northern spring, 66c; No. 3 spring, 63@65½c. Corn, No. 2, 44½@45c; No. 3, 43¾@44½c. Oats, No. 2, 28½@29c; No. 3, 28½c. Rye, September, 47c; October, 47c. Barley, cash, 40@53c. Timothy, September, $4.40; October, $4.40@4.45. Clover, cash, $9.50.

A. J. CUMMINGS,
—DEALER IN—
Grain, Stocks and Provisions.
Why pay interest on stocks when you can have them carried by a responsible house free. We take orders for TEN shares and upwards; one point margin and upwards; one thousand bushels grain on 1 cent margin; and REMEMBER that we give instantaneous service over our own private wire. Call at our new and elegant offices in the Trust building and get one of our little books of information, which will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
Write for our daily market letter. It will keep you posted on daily prices all the world over. Both publications mailed free of charge. 'Phone 1172.
CHAS. E. WHEELER, MGR., 306 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
428 West Superior St. (Spalding Hotel.)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
Private Wire.
MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, CHICAGO. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
A, Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
3 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis.
Duluth, Minn., 100 Torrey Building.

Calumet & Arizona Stock Wanted.
A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
Bankers and Brokers,
112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

LAND SCRIP
Unsurveyed and Surveyed LANDS
H. W. COFFIN,
Manhattan Bldg.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 307 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.:

Chicago, July 1.—Wheat—The opening was strong on the cables and the advance in corn, but later the market turned weak and made a new low record in price. The continued favorable outlook for the crop and the increasing country movement are the depressing factors. While a good cash business is apparent the speculative buying is insufficient to take the increasing offerings. The tone is heavy and the tendency of prices seems lower.

Corn sold as high as 48c for September. The weather map early showed continued dry and hot weather throughout the corn belt, on this there was a sharp pressure to buy early which established much higher prices at the opening. There was free liquidation, and later reports of rain in Nebraska and threatened weather in Iowa, the market sold off, for the time being it is almost entirely a weather market. The crop condition is irregular, but complaints of present injury by hot weather is confined to localities and is by no means general.

The oat market was affected by much the same conditions as corn. The buying was on the hot, dry weather early and the selling later was on rain; cash demand good.

The provision market is easier. Cash demand still rather disappointing and speculative trade slow. Hogs at primary markets 61,000, against 68,000.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, July 1.—Close: Wheat, cash, 63¾c; July, 62⅝c; September, 63⅛c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

On Minneapolis wheat—
Puts, September wheat, 62⅞c.
Calls, September wheat, 63½c asked.
Curb, September wheat, 63⅛c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 1.—Close: Wheat, July, 72¼c; September, 71¾c. Corn, July, 43¾c; September, 49⅝c.

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth, Saturday, June 30:

Wheat—	Bus.
No. 1 hard	19,771
No. 1 northern	1,092,828
No. 2 northern	1,944,979
No. 3 spring	3,324
No grade	128,755
Rejected	42,012
Western	30,804
Special bin	1,316,554
Total	3,679,027
Decrease during week	995,612
Stock year ago	12,151,188
Corn in store	2,458,806
Oats in store	1,167,043
Rye in store	159,595
Barley in store	41,470
Flax in store	48,400

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	27¼@¾	46¼@47	$14.65
High	27⅞	48	14.80
Low	27¼	46⅛	14.65
Close	27¼-⅜	46¼-⅜	14.75

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	66⅜	63¾	65⅞	72½-⅝
High	66⅞	65⅝	66	72¾-⅞
Low	65⅝	62⅜	64½	72¼
Close	65⅝	62⅜	64¾B	72¼N
September—				
Open	66⅛	64⅜-½	66¾-⅞	72⅜
High	66¼	64½-⅝	66⅞-67	72¾
Low	65¼	63	65½	71⅝
Close	65¼B	63¼	65⅝A	71¾A

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
New York	242,250	389,227
Philadelphia	55,056	72,800
Baltimore	43,010	32,011
Toledo	30,789	4,700
Detroit	6,735	......
St. Louis	126,000	17,000
Boston	21,600	114,136
Chicago	88,050	493,532
Milwaukee	13,500	90,000
Minneapolis	389,840	45,480
Kansas City	194,200	36,900
Duluth	36,241	468,690

LIVERPOOL IMPORTS.

Liverpool, July 1.—Imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were: From Atlantic ports, 122,900 quarters; Pacific ports, 1000; other ports, 3000 quarters. Imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week, 126,700 quarters.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, July 1.—Wheat, easy. July futures, ½@¾d higher. July, 5s 6¼d; September, 5s 5¾d; December, 5s 7⅛d. Corn, quiet, ¼@1⅜d higher. July, 4s ¾d; September, 4s 1⅜d.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, fresh prints	19½@ 20
Creamery, tubs	19 @ 19½
Dairies, fancy	15 @ 16
Dairy, fair	14 @ 15
Packing stock	10 @ 10½
EGGS.	
Fresh	11½@ 12
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream, new	10½@ 11
Twins, full cream, old	11 @ 12
Full cream, young America	13
Swiss cheese, No. 1	14 @ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@ 13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13
Primos	6 @ 6½
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	19 @ 20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	15 @ 17
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25 @ 2 40
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00 @ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13
Cocoanuts, per doz	75
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	14
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
FRUITS.	
Strawberries, 16-quart cases	1 35 @ 1 50
Apricots	1 50
Peaches	85 @ 90
Cherries	1 35 @ 1 50
Sour Cherries, per case	1 65 @ 1 75
Currants, red and white	1 50
Gooseberries	1 50
Watermelons	35 @ 40
Rockyford melons, per crate	3 00
Pineapples, per doz	1 50 @ 1 75
California lemons	3 25 @ 3 50
Bananas	1 75 @ 2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75 @ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25 @ 1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50 @ 3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7 @ 7½
California valencia oranges	3 50 @ 4 00
Seedling oranges	3 25 @ 3 50
Plums	1 25 @ 1 75
OLD VEGETABLES.	
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @ 40
Turnips, white	30 @ 40
Garlic, per lb	10 @ 12
Beets	50 @ 60
Potatoes, per bus	75
FRESH VEGETABLES.	
New celery, bunch	35
Mushrooms	45
Lettuce, per box	40 @ 50
Green onions, per doz	15
Green peas, per bus	1 00
Pie plant, per lb	1¼@ 1½
Cucumbers	45 @ 50
Spinach, bus	40
Radishes, round, per doz	10 @ 15
Radishes, long, per doz	10 @ 12
Asparagus, green, per doz	45 @ 55
Tomatoes, per basket	45 @ 50
Egg plant, per doz	2 00
Beets, per doz bunches	25
Carrots, per doz bunches	25
Turnips, per doz bunches	25 @ 30
Cabbage, per crate	2 75 @ 3 00
Wax beans, per box	2 25
New Potatoes, per bus	1 00 @ 1 10
Cauliflower, per doz	1 00 @ 1 25
Mint, per bunch	20
CIDER	
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50 @ 2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00 @ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50 @ 3 75
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3 @ 3½
LIVE POULTRY.	
Hens	10 @ 10½
Spring Chickens	18 @ 19
Turkeys	8 @ 10
Ducks	8 @ 10
Geese	8 @ 10
MEATS.	
Mutton	7½@ 8
Lamb	8½@ 9
Veal, good	8
Veal, fancy	8½
Beef, dressed	6½@ 7½
Hogs	7½
Pork loins	9
BRAN AND SHORTS.	
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50
Shorts, 200 lbs, acks inc	14 00
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.	
Corn, car lots, sacked	48
Oats, car loads, sacked	32
Hay, upland	13 50
Hay, timothy	15 50
Feed, No. 1	19 00
Feed, No. 2	19 50

IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 1.—Butter, receipts, 13,181 packages. Quiet and steady. Creamery, 15@19¼c; factory, 12¼@15c. Cheese, receipts, 1858 packages. Dull and easy. Fancy large colored, 9¼c; fancy large white, 9¼c; fancy small colored, 9¼c; fancy small white, 9¼c. Eggs, receipts, 10,504 packages. Firm. Western candled, 13½@14½c; Western uncandled, 11@13c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 1.—Butter, steady. Creamery, 12@19c; dairy, 13@16½c. Cheese, steady. Twins, 9@¼c; young Americas, 9¾@10c; cheddars, 9@¼c; daisies, 9¼c. Eggs, steady. Loss off, cases returned, 11c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m. seventy-fifth meridian time, Monday, July 1:

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture *Maximum	Temp'ture **Minimum	Rainfall
Alexandria	Cloudy	84	64	.10
Crookston	Cloudy	76	66	0
Detroit City	Clear	76	58	0
Grand Meadow	Clear	94	70	0
Montevideo	Cloudy	94	62	.22
Minneapolis	Cloudy	90	66	.12
New Ulm	Raining	94	64	.02
Park Rapids	Cloudy	78	58	0
Winnebago City	Pt. cldy	94	66	0
Worthington	Raining	90	60	.12
Devil's Lake	Clear	76	52	0
Larimore	Cloudy	72	52	0
Lisbon	Cloudy	76	54	0
Pembina	Clear	74	50	T
Aberdeen	Cloudy	78	52	0
Millbank	Pt. cldy	76	62	.06
Mitchell	Pt. cldy	84	58	.38
Redfield	Cloudy	80	56	0
Bismarck	Clear	68	56	0
Duluth	Raining	70	52	T
Huron	Cloudy	82	60	.02
La Crosse	Pt. cldy	96	68	T
Moorhead	Cloudy	76	58	0
St. Paul	Cloudy	90	68	T
Winnipeg	Clear	76	52	.24

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting	Temp'ture **Minimum	Temp'ture *Maximum	Rainfall
Chicago	24	96	74	0
Columbus	17	96	74	0
Des Moines	13	98	72	0
Indianapolis	11	96	72	T
Kansas City	16	98	76	0
Louisville	17	96	72	.02
Minneapolis	18	82	60	.06
Omaha	14	98	72	.06
St. Louis	12	100	76	.02

REMARKS.

Warm weather continued; local showers occurred over the Dakotas, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Nebraska, Missouri and Kentucky.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.
*Minimum temperature for yesterday.
**Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

United States Steel Has Dropped on Account of Strikes.

Weakness In the Grangers on Stories of Drouth.

Prices Drifted Downward and the Close Was Heavy.

New York, July 1.—Changes were divided between gains and losses at the opening, but the more conspicuous stocks were heavy. United States Steel fell 1½ on the labor troubles in the trade and preferred stock was off ¾. There were declines of 1¼ in Sugar, 1 in St. Paul and ¾ in Union Pacific and Pennsylvania. On the other hand Iowa Central preferred was up 1¼ and General Electric 1¾. Business was on a very small scale.

There was no material increase in the volume of stock offered, but the concessions between transactions became lighter and in the first hour many prominent stocks sold a point or over below Saturday's close. The loss reached a point in St. Paul and Tennessee Coal and 2 in Atchison preferred. The Southwestern, Pacific and granger stocks as a group showed the principal weakness on the reports of danger to corn from drouth and independent metal stocks were sympathetically affected by the labor difficulties confronting United States Steel.

Prices moved further downward, the absence of support for the speculative leaders prompting more general short selling by the room traders. A few stocks bore the brunt of the selling, notably St. Paul, and Union Pacific. New York Central, Delaware & Hudson and Rock Island also yielded 2 points and there were conspicuous losses in other stocks of prominence. United States Steel touched 47¾. Purchases to cover steadied the market somewhat at noon, the leaders rallying a point or more. The market fell into intense dullness at the recovery. Bonds were dull and firm.

Colorado & Southern first and second preferred rose ¾ and 1⅜ respectively, and American Linseed 1½. There was a decline of 3 for Rock Island and Colorado Fuel, 2¾ for General Electric and ¾ for Lackawanna. Prices generally drifted downward. The closing was heavy and semi-stagnant.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Woods & Co., 100 Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	124¼	122⅞	122⅝
American Express	141½	140	141
Atchison pfd	105⅝	103½	104⅜
American Linseed	56½	55½	56
Baltimore & Ohio pfd	94⅞	94½	94¾
Brooklyn Transit	82¾	81½	81¾
C., B. & Q.	197½	197	197¼
Canadian Pacific	105¼	104¾	104⅜
Continental Tobacco	68½	68½	68½
Chesapeake & Ohio	48¾	48	48⅜
Chicago & Alton	45¾	44⅝	44½
Colorado, Southern	15¼	14½	15
Colorado Fuel and Iron	116½	113	112
Chicago Great Western	24¾	23⅞	24⅞
Chicago Terminal	23¾	23⅛	23⅛
Del. & Hudson	168	166	167
D., S. S. & A., pfd	20¾	20½	20
Erie	43⅞	43⅜	42⅞
General Electric Co	268¾	264	264
Great Northern pfd	185¾	185½	185
Glucose	60⅞	60	60½
Illinois Central	154⅝	152	153½
Iowa Central	42½	40¾	41
Louisville & Nashville	111	109⅝	109¾
Lead			72
Leather, pfd			78¾
Manhattan Con.	124⅝	123⅝	124½
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	174	173¼	173
Mertopolitan Traction	174	173¼	173
Minn. & St. Louis	106⅝	106	106
M., K. & T.	31¾	30⅝	30⅞
Missouri Pascific	121⅞	120¼	120½
Northern Pacific, pfd			97
New York Central	158¾	155½	157⅞
New York Air Brake			142
Northwestern			190
North American			100½
Ontario & Western	37⅛	36⅜	36⅞
Pressed Steel Car Co.			44
Pennsylvania Ry	151¾	150⅞	151
People's Gas	119⅝	117½	117¾
Republic Iron & Steel	22	21¼	21¼
do pfd	76⅝	76	75¾
Reading	47	45½	45¾
Rock Island	158½	155¾	155¾
Southern pfd	87⅞	87	87
Southern Pacific	60⅝	59¼	59⅝
Smelter pfd	104¼	103½	103¾
Sugar Refinery	144½	143¾	144⅛
St. Paul	177¼	174¾	174⅞
T. C. I.	72½	69½	70
Texas Pacific	46⅝	44¼	45
Twin City R. T. Co			94
Union Pacific	110⅞	108⅞	109
do pfd	90½	90	90
U. S. Steel	48⅞	47¾	48⅛
do pfd	99½	98	98¼
Wabash	23	22⅝	22⅝
do pfd	44	43¼	43⅜
Western Union	93¾	93	93
Wisconsin Central	25	24¼	24⅞
do pfd	47¼	46¼	46¾

The total sales were 464,800 shares.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, July 1.—Cotton opened firm 10 to 14 points higher. English news headed the list but the advance was the direct result of drouth news from Texas and urgent demand for raw cotton from spinners. Sentiment was decidedly bullish, all the early session and the greater portion of the trade looked forward to a bullish weekly report from Washington tomorrow, and an unfavorable monthly report Wednesday.

Cotton spot closed dull, 1-16 higher; middling uplands, 8⅝; middling gulf, 9⅛; sales, 29,586. Cotton futures closed easy; July, 806; August, 790; September, 736; October, 759; November, 756; December, 759; January, 762; February, 762; March, 765.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 1.—Money on call firm at 6@8 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@5½ per cent; sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾@4.88 for demand and $4.85¼@4.85½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86@4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84¼@4.85. Silver certificates, nominally at 60c; bar silver, 59¼c; Mexican dollars, 48¾c. Government bonds steady. Refunding 2s registered, $1.07; coupon, ex-interest, $1.07; 3s registered and coupon, $1.08¾; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.39; old 4s registered, $1.12½; coupon ex-interest, $1.12½; 5s registered and coupon, $1.08¾.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, July 1.—Bank clearings, $27,874,545; balances, $3,590,063. Posted exchange, $4.86 for sixty days and $4.88½ for demand; New York exchange, par.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a steady improvement in demand from the Northern country. Drafters of the good kind were especially in good request. Inferior and common grades unsteady at uneven values. Mules continued slow and showed no improvement during the weak at the lowest prices of the season. Values:

Drafters, extra	$140@$180
Drafters, choice	125@ 140
Farm mares extra	105@ 120
Farm mares, choice	90@ 120
Farm mares, common to good	50@ 65
Mules	115@ 130

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, July 1.—Cattle, receipts, 23,000. Steers generally weak; choice butchers steady; others slow. Good to prime steers, $5.20@6.25; poor to medium, $4.20@5.10; stockers and feeders slow, $2.75@4.75; cows, $2.70@4.75; heifers, $2.75@5.10; canners, $2.00@2.65; bulls, $2.85@4.50; calves, $4.00@6.25; Texas fed steers, $4.25@5.35; Texas grass steers, $3.10@4.15; Texas bulls, $2.75@3.75. Hogs, receipts today, 26,000; tomorrow, 18,000; left over, 1450. Shade easier. Mixed and butchers, $5.80@6.15; good to choice heavy, $6.00@6.22½; rough heavy, $5.80@5.95; light, $5.80@6.10; bulk of sales, $5.95@6.10. Sheep, receipts, 2000. Steady. Good to choice wethers, $3.60@4.00; fair to choice mixed, $3.25@3.75; Western sheep, $3.60@4.00; yearlings, $3.80@4.25; native lambs, $3.75@5.00; Western lambs, 4.00@5.00. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 582; hogs, 11,562; sheep, 1276. Shipments—Cattle, 161; hogs, 615; sheep, 270.

FINANCIAL.
THE
American Exchange
BANK,
DULUTH, MINN.
Capital Stock - $500,000
Surplus Fund - - $75,000
HAMILTON M. PEYTON, President;
MELVIN J. FORBES, Vice-President;
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier;
WILLIAM G. HEGARDT, Asst. Cashier;
I. S. MOORE, Second Asst. Cashier.
We issue certificates to depositors, allowing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum on deposits of any amount for a period of three months or longer.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	25	25½
Allouez	2¾	4
Arcadian	16½	17
Amalgamated	122¾	...
Arnold	2	3
Ashbed	25	50
Atlantic	39	38
Baltic	54¼	54½
Bingham	23⅝	24
Calumet and Hecla	785	790
Centennial	30	...
Centennial Eureka	30	30½
Copper Range	78½	79
Cochita	5	5½
Dominion Coal	39	40
Elm River	4¼	4¾
Franklin	17	17½
Humboldt	25	50
Isle Royale	44	45
Mass	18	18¼
Michigan	8¾	9¼
Mohawk	43½	44
Mayflower	1¾	2
Old Colony	2¼	4
Old Dominion	31¼	31¾
Osceola	89½	90
Parrot	53	53½
Quincy	173½	174
Rhode Island	3¾	4
Santa Fe	7	7½
Tamarack	345	347
Tecumseh	2	2½
Trimountain	54	55
Utah	32	32½
United States	19¾	20½
Victoria	4¾	5
Winona	2	2½
Wolverine	58	59
Washington	25	...
Wyandot	1	1½

MET DEFEAT.

Duluth Fashions Are Cleaned Up at Ashland.

Ashland proved too much for the Duluth Fashions, defeating the cigarmakers in two games Saturday and Sunday, although the latter were strengthened by the addition of Lambert and Shepard. Augustine, who has been pitching for Superior, and who, Sunday before last fielded for Duluth against Ashland, has gone to the iron town and is working in a bank and incidentally playing baseball. He pitched a tremendous game Saturday afternoon, and the Duluthians were unable to touch him for more than two hits, while he struck out four men. Staub, who pitched for the Fashions, was hit for five bases, while he succeeded in striking out eight men. Neither side secured any earned runs and the final score was in Ashland's favor, 4 to 1. Ericson and Gardner were the battery for the Ashland people in Sunday's game, while Staub and Scudd pitched for Duluth. The Fashions secured thirteen hits and five earned runs, while Ashland only got four. They secured four hits off Scudd and one off Staub. The features of the game were home runs by Gerard and Lambert and Shepard's timely batting. Ashland won in this game, also, by a score of 8 to 7. The attendance was good Sunday though there were but few people at the game Saturday afternoon. A return game will be played here in the near future and Hansell will take his men down to Ashland for two games on the 3d and 4th. Cummings, who was to pitch Saturday and was sick and unable to go, will pitch Wednesday for the Duluth team, Glenny pitching on the glorious Fourth. Hansell wants to play two games Thursday, and was in communication with Gardner, but up to this afternoon nothing refinite had been heard from the Ashland man.

FORFEITED SALE.

It Is on In Earnest at Court House.

County Auditor Halden this morning put in the first full half day of the forfeited tax sale, the lists having all been corrected up to and including the latest decision of the supreme court. There was a fair crowd in attendance at the sale, but the bidding for property was not wildly active, neither was there any falling over each other on the part of the people there to get property. All that was sold went at 50 per cent of the taxes, which is the least it can be bought for at the sale, and the most anybody is willing to offer apparently.

Mr. Halden expects the sale to last a couple of days longer, and perhaps, if such a thing should happen as some spirited bidding for property, it may last longer. The chances are, however, that there will be no spirited bidding, and that the sale will be over by Wednesday.

Sale of Lumber.

Lumber buyers are very scarce in Duluth today. One sale was recorded Saturday, C. R. Ash disposing of 6,000,000 feet of Norway and white pine to Eastern parties. The lumber was cut in May and shipment will begin within two weeks, most of the lot going to Chicago. During the storm of last Friday afternoon, the Tower Lumber company last 1,000,000 feet of logs from a raft in Vermilion lake, and their tug Holland was disabled and has been anchored ever since. Men are now at work picking up the scattered logs. A large camp of the same company located on Bear Head lake has been compelled to cease operations temporarily owing to an accident to the engine.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Boycott on Cleveland May Result From Rate Fight.

Cleveland Consignees Are Said to Be Perniciously Active.

Going Rate on Lumber $2.50 to Lake Erie Ports.

A lively fight over lumber freights is a strong possibility, and there is already a good deal of feeling over it. The lumber rate just now is $2.50 to Lake Erie, but the consignees are attempting to beat it down to $2.25, and the Cleveland consignees are particularly active in the matter. They have even called a meeting of lumbermen there and at other receiving points to see if some united action cannot be taken to crowd the rate down.

The vesselmen, on the other hand, are sticking firmly for $2.50, and it is their intention to keep the rate there until fall, when a rate of $3 will succeed. The action of the Cleveland consignees is arousing a good deal of warmth among the vessel agencies, and if the reports about the Cleveland people turn out to be true it is said that it will not be at all improbable that a boycott will be levied on Cleveland, and that vessel agents will not provide that port with tonnage when they can send it elsewhere.

This will make a rather strong retaliatory move, and if it is carried out, and the Cleveland men invite it by persisting in their efforts to crowd down the rate, the fight may assume interesting proportions.

The vesselman are firm in their belief that the $2.50 rate is the proper one, and they say they do not intend to recede from that position. One lumber dealer, who also owns vessel tonnage, says in a letter to a Duluth vessel agent: "Before we got tonnage of our own we were bears on the rate, as you may remember, and it was our idea that when the rate got up to $2.50 the vessel owner was rolling in wealth. Since we have had boats of our own to handle, and have had to pay the expenses, I am firmly convinced that there is no money in the $2.25 rate for the vesselmen. He may get out even if he is lucky, and he may not. The $2.50 rate is the proper one, and it must be maintained. We are anxious to have our lumber yards make money, but we do not care to lose it on our vessels. The going rate is $2.50, and it ought to stay there until fall, when it will be time for a $3 rate."

LITTLE BUSINESS.

Chicago, July 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Markets were out of line for shipment today in grain and vesselmen were unable to do much. Boats on the market for Georgian bay went over without charters.

THE FRICK RELEASED.

Detroit, July 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer H. C. Frick aground at Grosse Point, released herself last night and proceeded on her voyage.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, July 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Portage, 10 last night; Pentland, Falcon, Carrington, Strathcona, midnight; Colgate and whaleback, 1 a. m.; Minch, 2:40; Mars, Devereaux, 2:30; Murphy, Maritana, 5:30; Carnegie, Northern Queen, Monahansett, Law, Japan, 8:30, Fayette Brown, Samuel Mitchell, Chickamauga, 10:30. Down: Pringle, Sweetheart, Harrison, 11 last night; Grecian and whaleback, Holland, White and Fryant, Exile, Crosthwaite, 3:20; Kearsarge, William Palmer, 4:30; Turner, Maxwell, Oneonta, Advance, 5; Captain Wilson, Norton, 6:20; Lafayette, Ward, 7:20; Walter Scranton, Zenith City, 8; Warren, Keith, Kabin, Oregon, Foster, Sacramento, Victoria, 9:30; Toltec, Zapotec, 10:20; Elphicke, Alva, 11:20.

Up yesterday: Jeanette, Ford, 4:40 a. m.; Corsica, 7; Orion, 7:30; Spencer, 8; Jupiter, 10:10; Merida, J. B. Ketchum, Yale, Poe, 11:30; Saxon and whaleback, 1:40; Manitoba, India, Ceylon,Q 2:20; Victory, 2:40; Corona and whaleback, Angeline, 3:10; Schuck, 3:30; Andaste, 3:40; Berlin, Mesaba, and whaleback, 5:30; Edenborn, 6:10; Lake Shore, 6:40; Troy, 8; Merrimac, Ellwood, 9. Down: Shawnee, 4 a. m.; Niko, Blaine Peterson, 5; Codorus, Castalia, 5:10; Morse, 7:20; Centurion, 8; Siemens and whaleback, 8:40; Miami (passenger), 9:20; Mataafa, Bryn Mawr, 9:40; Gilbert, Shaw, Lackawanna, George Gould, 11; Nielson, Pioneer, Chattanooga, 12:30 p. m.; Yakima, Marquette, 2; Lansing, 3:20; Fairbairn and whaleback, Wolvin, 4:40; Hopkins, Goshawk, Peshtigo, 5; Pontiac, 6; Saturn, 7.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, July 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Panther, Massassoit, 10 last night; Auburn, 2 a. m.; Rhoda Emily and consorts, 3; Frontenac, 5; Brazil, Antrim, 6:30; Hall, Mason, 8:20; Reginald and oil barges, 9:30; Schuylkill, 10; Marshall, Tilden, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Sachem and consorts, 2:40 a. m.; Flagg, Warriner, Northern Queen, 2:50; Maritana, Majestic, 3:30; Pathfinder, Sagamore, 4:30; Fayette Brown, 4:40; Runnells, Alaska (wood), 5:50; Stafford, McWilliams, Keweenaw, 7; V. H. Ketchum, 7:20; Moore, 9:30; Clarion, 10:10; German and whaleback, Wright, Magnetic, 11:30; Minnesota, Ewen, noon; Presque Isle, 12:20 p. m.; Frick, 12:50; Whitney (steel), McGregor, Allegheny, 1; Jewett, 1:20; Haskell, 1:30; J. D. Marshall, Maize, 2; Elfin-Mere, 320; Whiney (wood), 5:20; Gladstone, 5:30; Rensselaer, Holley, 5:40; Northwest, 6:20. Down: Sparta, 4 a. m.; Williams, Georger, 4:30; Queen City and whaleback, Frost, Venus, 6; Topeka, Golden Age, 10; Selwyn Eddy, 10:10; Choctaw, 11:50; Adventure, 1 p. m.; Tampa, Aurora, Vance, 1:20; Waverly, 1:40; Hanna, 2:50; Cadillac, Quito, Page, 3; Bartlett, Holden, 3:40; Watt, Jenney, 4:10; City of Cleveland, New York, 5:30; Omaha, Seattle, Buell, 5:50; Bessemer, 6:30; Boscobel and raft, 7; E. F. Gould, 7:30.

PRESTON WRECKED.

Winnipeg, Man., July 1.—Word has reached the city of the wreck on Lake Superior of the steamer Preston in charge of Capt. Barlow, of Toledo, Ohio. On Saturday morning the steamer Athabasca, Capt. McDougall, sighted the Preston which was showing flags of distress and at the mercy of a severe storm. She was waterlogged and her twelve men and two women were clinging to the riging. After incredible difficulties Capt. McDougall succeeded in reaching the vessel with a life line thrown by a rocket and after four hours hard labor rescued all but one man, named William Eckert, of Algonaiac, Mich., wheelsman on the ill-fated vessel, who was badly crushed and sank. The remainder of the crew were landed safely in Fort William and $150 was collected for the widow of the dead man. The Preston was loaded with lumber for Mackenzie & Mann of the Canadian Northern railway, and is reported a hopeless wreck.

THE FRYER DISABLED.

Port Huron, Mich., July 1.—The steamer R. L. Fryer, bound down, with ore, became disabled about four miles above Fort Gratiot light yesterday morning, and was drifting helplessly in the lake when the steamer M. A. Hanna, of the same line, tried txo pick her up. She was unsuccessful, and the tug Boynton finally brought the Fryer into the river.

STRANDED AGAIN.

Detroit, July 1.—Misfortune is crowding thick on the steamer H. C. Frick. She was released from the middle ground at Point Pelee yesterday morning after 800 tons of her coal cargo had been lightered, and she proceeded into Detroit river, when her steering gear gave out and she went aground again at Grosse Pointe. The Frick just came out of drydock on account of damages received in stranding in Detroit river on her last trip down the lakes.

AVON ON FIRE.

Sault Ste. Marie, July 1.—The steamer Avon, bound down, caught fire while above Point Aux Pins at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The latest reports are that the fire has been confined to the stern of the boat, and only the upper works are burned away. The Avon is probably loaded with a cargo of flour, grain and general merchandise, bound from Duluth to Buffalo.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland—Arrived: Iron Duke, Case. Cleared: Wawatam, 107, Australia, Emory Owen, Cleveland, ore; Redfern, Tuxbury, Tonawanda, ore.

Erie—Cleared: Light—Penobscot, Superior.

Lorain—Cleared: Coal—Wright, Duluth. South Chicago—Cleared: Superior City, Superior; Maia, Duluth.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Notice has been given by the lighthouse board that Rain's dock gas buoy, No. 18, Sailors' Encampment, St. Mary's river, Michigan, was damaged by a raft on June 27 and until further notice no light will be shown from this buoy; also that Duluth harbor basin post light No. 1, Duluth harbor, Minnesota, was carried away by a tug on June 25. These lights are not now shown, but will be relighted as soon as practicable, of which due notice will be given.

ORE DOCKS IN BAD SHAPE.

The Cleveland Plaindealer states that the dock situation at Ohio ports is such that owners and shipers are unable to figure when vessels will be unloaded. The dock managers are doing everything possible to get the boats out, but the railroads are unable to furnish cars, and considerable ore that should go forward direct is going on dock. At the rate that ore is being placed on dock the storage room at some of the ports will be all taken soon and then vessels will have to tie up and wait for cars. Shippers say that there is no improvement in sight and that vessels will be delayed as long as the heavy movement for ore is kept up.

CARGO VALUED AT $1,200,000.

In May, on her maiden trip to this port, the steamer George A. Flagg, of the Hanna line caused much interest in marine circles by bringing down a cargo of copper ore valued at $800,000, says the Buffalo Courier. Tuesday the Flagg broke her own record by bringing into port a load of ore and manufactured copper which is valued at about $1,200,000. The greater part of the cargo is in plates, bars and ingots and it undoubtedly represents the most actual money value of any cargo ever brought into Buffalo harbor.

RETURNED TO THE LAKES.

The steamer Paraguay, which was built at the Craig shipyard last fall and sent to to the coast shortly before the closing of the locks for the winter, has returned light to her native waters and is now at Cleveland. The obstacles which the lake steamers had to meet on the coast were so many and so great as to bo practically insurmountable. The first hindrance was the absence of fast loading and unloading plants. Time, that might have been spent to good advantage on the lakes carrying cargoes, was used up at the docks trying to get the cargoes out of the hold. The absence of fast plants, such as are used on the lakes, was one of the great surprises to lake owners. Then, too, the general tendency to build new schooners and to carry cargoes without steam on the coast, and also the advent of the barge into quite general use there, makes the single steamer rather out of her class. Vessels carrying lake crews pay such high salaries that they can hardly come into competition with with strictly coast vessels, which do not pay such good wages. When it comes to going into the foreign trade and to competing with ships from foreign countries, where the sailors are of high-class, yet underpaid, the American boat is entirely outclassed, hence as a financial venture is hardly to be classed as a successful undertaking.

APRIL AND MAY LAKE DISASTERS.

According to the first 1901 report of the weather bureau offices on the great lakes, forty-four wrecks and casualties took place between the opening of navigation on April 16 and May 31. In these casualties forty-three lives were lost, boats damaged to the extent of $140,250, and cargoes to the extent of $18,000. The biggest loss of life was caused by the foundering of the steamer Baltimore near Oscoda, Lake Huron, on May 24. Twelve out of fourteen in the crew were drowned. The monetary loss was $35,000 on the vessel and $4000 on the cargo, the biggest single loss on the lakes so far. The next largest loss was the burning of the steamer Bon Voyage, on May 10, south of the ship canal, Lake Superior. Four lives were lost, and the damage to the boat reached $25,000. The heaviest damage during the St. Clair river ice blockade resulted from a collision between the steamers Oglebay and Jupiter. It cost $10,000 to rejair the Oglebay and $5000 to repair the Jupiter.

DIED IN POVERTY.

The death of George W. Day, well known in marine circles, is announced from Benton Harbor, Mich. For many years he visited owners of large lake steamers trying to induce them to adopt his method of loading boats by which he claimed that a few men could do the work of hundreds. He believed that his invention would revolutionize the handling of general freight, and that he would die a rich man. With this expectation, he worked on the invention for over thirty years, dying in poverty.

STEAMER HADLEY'S DAMAGE.

The steamer George G. Hadley, which collided with barge 130 some time ago at Sault Ste. Marie, has been put in the dock of the Shipowners' Drydock company at Chicago, and a survey of the damages made. An inspection revealed that twelve planks in her bow were badly broken and that fifteen planks and three frames on her bottom will have to come out. The damage is estimated at about $4000, and it will be the last of next week before she is ready to leave the dock.

MATE'S AWFUL DEATH.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 1.—John Gates, of Buffalo, second mate of the steamer Mariska, met a horrible fate at noon Saturday. While letting go of a towline his feet became entangled in a bight of a messenger attached to the cable and he was pulled through the towing check of the Mariska. His body was picked up in the water terribly mangled.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Nicol, Buffalo, Buffalo, merchandise; India, Buffalo, passengers and merchandise; Argo, Port Arthur, passengers and merchandise; Jay Gould, Chicago, passengers and merchandise; Bon Ami, north shore, passengers and merchandise; Bradshaw, north shore, passengers and merchandise; Caledonia, Polynesia, Thomas Wilson, Mecosta, Drake, Michigan, Admiral, Uranus, Black, Roman, Rockefeller, Whitworth, 202, Lake Erie, light for ore; Scranton, Armour, Tacoma, Paris, Louisiana, Lake Erie, coal.

Departed—Bannockburn and consorts, Prescott, grain; Nicaragua, Alva, Buffalo, grain; United Empire, Sarnia, passengers and merchandise; Kearsarge, Ottawa, Depot Harbor, flour; Northern Light, Buffalo, flour; Lafayette, Appomattox, Santiago, Viking, Vinland, Thomas Wilson, Ralph, Harold, Caledonia, Polynesia, Lake Erie, ore; Prentice and consorts, Sawyer, Tuxbury, Lake Erie, lumber.

Later—Arrived—Bielman, Albright, Venezuela, Granada, Iroquois, Hutchinson, Helvetia, Yukon, Genoa, Celtic, Johnson, Abyssinia, Helena, Lake Erie, coal; Poe, Mariska, Wallace, Ashland, Iron Chief, Iron Cliff, Chisholm, Lake Erie, light for ore; Green, Sicken and consorts, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Lindsay, Smith, Kelly's Island, limestone; Mohawk, Buffalo, mdse.

Departed—Hunter, Ashland, pass and mdse; North Star, Buffalo, flour; Jay Gould, Chicago, pass and flour; Drake, Michigan, Wallace, Ashland, Iron Chief, Iron Cliff, Lake Erie, ore; Poe, Two Harbors, light.

Those famous little pills, DeWitt's Little Early Risers compel your liver and bowels to do their duty, thus giving you pure, rich blood to recuperate your body. Are easy to take. Never a gripe. Max Wirth.

Enters Vessel Firm.

Ralph Davis, who has been in the employ of the Northern Pacific railroad for some time as stenographer to J. O. Dalzell, the general agent, has resigned to go into the vessel business with Capt. A. R. Sinclair. The firm will continue to be known as A. R. Sinclair & Co., and will have its offices in the Board of Trade building.

TAKING A CENSUS

Reasons Why a Permanent Bureau Should Be Established.

The Coming Examinations For Entrance to Naval Academy.

British Soldiers In South Africa Liked American Beef.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, July 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Officials of the government are now convinced that the establishment of a permanent census bureau is absolutely necessary. The compiling of the twelfth census has proved conclusively that it will be almost impossible to complete the work under the time limit, or with the money appropriated by congress for this purpose. Under the management of Director Merriam the twelfth census will be more complete and more accurate in every way than has been the case in taking any past census of the United States. Director Merriam, however, it is said, is convinced that the government spends a good deal more money without the desired result in taking the census under the present system than would be the case if the United States congress decides to establish a permanent bureau for this kind of work. Director Merriam has had little trouble in convincing the people that the population statistics are as correct as can be made under the present system, but he, as well as others who have knowledge of this matter, favor the establishment of a permanent bureau, and it is believed that during the Fifty-seventh session of congress something may be accomplished in the direction of the maintenance bureau. It is probable that congress will ask Director Merriam, and some of the statistical experts under him, to advance their views regarding this matter at the coming winter session of the Fifty-seventh congress. Just how much money it will take to maintain a permanent bureau is not known at this time, but it is thought that it will be little if any more expensive to the government than under the system now in vogue.

Director Merriam is doing all he can, of course to complete the work of taking the twelfth census before the date set by congress expires. He believes that he will be able to accomplish this, but to do so will probably require the expenditure of more money than congress has thus far appropriated for this work.

* * *

The usual September examinations for entrance to the naval academy are to be held this year on Aug. 13 and will be conducted jointly by the civil service commission and academic board at Annapolis. The date has been advanced owing to the large class which will appear and the time required to forward the papers for revision at the academy.

Under the arrangement with the civil service commission it was supposed this body would conduct the examinations and thus take the matter entirely out of the hands of the naval academy authorities, but reconsideration of the arrangement has resulted in authority being granted the academic board to hold an examination at Annapolis, which may be attended by any candidates so electing. Candidates residing near the academy will probably report there for examination, while those living at a distance will appear before the civil service boards in the towns nearest their places of residence.

All candidates passed by the commission must be examined by a board of naval medical officers before being admitted to the academy, and as it would be impracticable to have such a board travel from place to place it has been decided that candidates successful in the medical ordeal must make the journey to the academy for the medical examination.

If the usual percentage of candidates is accepted at the approaching examinations the next junior class at Annapolis will be the largest in the school's history and should number nearly 150 cadets. The average fourth class seldom exceeds 100 in number.

* * *

Consul General Stowe, in a recent communication to the state department, says: As the British government has prohibited the use of American meat for army purposes for a certain period, and as the great bulk of the tinned meat bought by the military authorities of Great Britian has been sent to Cape Town, I have been making investigations with a view to finding if objections have been made to the American product. I obtained permission for an American, who was proceeding to Johannesburg, to stop at the different military bases and make inquiries. I give the substance of his report below:

"Thousands of empty tins which have contained American beef are strewn throughout the entire route to Pretoria. The percentage of Australian is very small; I should think less than 5 per cent of the whole. At De Aar, Bloemfontein, Kronstadt and lesser bases, large stores of American corned beef are to be seen. The men, when questioned, state that it is very satisfactory, and I was informed by several officers that in many cases the men preferred tinned meat to the poorer fresh article. There is a large stock of American meat at Pretoria. All the stores and shops carry it, and have no complaints as to its quality. I have ascertained that it is the custom at the bases to use cases of corned beef as floors, putting a layed of cases on the ground and piling thereon flour, meal or other commodities which it is desired to protect from moisture. These cases are often so used for months before being sent out as rations, and the tins become rusty and small holes let in the air, thus spoiling the meat, although the tin is not blown. This, in my opinion, is the principal cause of complaint."

The importation of frozen meat is in the hands of the DeBeers company, which has erected several substantial depot sand installed ice-making machinery, imported from the United States, thus reducing the price of frozen meats to the consumer. It also imported refrigerator cars for transmitting meat up the country. The company now proposes to import from Australia frozen hog products, hams, shoulders and bacon, and to cure these after arrival. It is reported that the difficulty in curing frozen meats has been solved in New Zealand and that a company is applying the new process. It would seem cheaper to import cured meats than to import frozen ones and cure them. The import of hog products into South Africa up to date has been limited.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Increases human energy, makes soldiers of weak men. The world has little ply for a man who having lost his grip does not regain it by taking Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. Ask your druggist.

CABLE FLASHES.

The steamer Orinoco which arrived at Kingston, from Colon, Colombia, reports that martial law has been proclaimed in Panama, owing to a report that the rebel forces are being reorganized.

Marquis Tsen has received a dispatch from Sian Fu to the effect that the empress dowager fearing a trap to capture her, declines to return to Pekin and has notified the grant council that the future capital will be Kai Feng Fu in the province of Ho Nan.

Violent storms have swept the northwest and southwestern sections of France doing great damage to crops and vineyards, especially in the neighborhood of Bordeau and Dijon where considerable hail has fallen.

The long-continued drought in Great Britain has broken up. Violent thunder storms occurred Saturday night and Sunday accompanied by torrential rains and lightning which wrought much havoc. Many parts of the continent have been suffering from heat waves.

According to the Vienna correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph a conflict has occurred between Musselmans and Christians at Gussinge on the Albenian-Montenegrin frontier, ten Christians being killed and many others wounded.

Cure For Cholera Infantum—Never Known to Fail.

During last May an infant child of our neighbor was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctors had given up all hopes of recovery. It took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days' time the child had fully recovered. The child is now vigorous and healthy. I have recommended this remedy frequently and have never known it to fail.—MRS. CURTIS BAKER, Bookwalter, Ohio. For sale by Boyce's Drug store.

A COUNTRY GIRL

Sixth Ave. Theater Tonight.

Morning Trains From Chicago to Louisville and Cincinnati

Over Pennsylvania Short Lines have vestibuled cafe parlor coach serving lunch. They leave Chicago Union station 10:00 a. m. daily, arrive Louisville 7:10 p. m., Cincinnati 6:05 p. m. No change form Chicago to either point. Night trains with coaches and compartment sleeping cars containing private rooms leave Chicago 8:40 p. m. for Louisville and Cincinnati, arriving there next morning for breakfast. Parlor car or sleeping car reservations can be arranged for through H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt. 248 South Clark St., Chicgo. Write him.

Rheumatism

Rheumatism is due to an excess of acid in the blood. When this escapes through the pores of the skin, as it often does, it produces some form of skin eruption—some itching disease like Eczema or Tetter—but when these little tubes or sweat glands are suddenly closed by exposure to cold and sudden chilling of the body, then the poisons thrown off by the blood, finding no outlet, settle in membranes, muscles, tissues and nerves. These parts become greatly inflamed, feverish and hot; dagger-like, maddening pains follow in quick succession, the muscles become extremely tender, the nerves break down and the sufferer is soon reduced to a state of helplessness and misery. This acid poison penetrates the joints and seems to dry out the natural oils, and the legs, arms and fingers become so stiff and sore that every movement is attended with excruciating pains.

Liniments, plasters, electricity and baths, while their use may give temporary ease, cannot be called cures, for the disease returns with every change of the weather.

"Three years ago I had a severe attack of la grippe, which left me almost a physical wreck. To add to my wretched condition, a severe form of Rheumatism developed. I tried all the physicians in our city, but none of them could do me any permanent good. I used all the rheumatic cures I could hear of, but received no benefit. After beginning S. S. S. I was relieved of the pains and have gained in flesh and strength and my general health is better than for years. I consider S. S. S. the grandest blood medicine in the world, and heartily recommend it to any one seeking relief from the tortures of Rheumatism.

B. F. GREGORY, Union, S. C."

S. S. S. cures Rheumatism by working a complete change in the blood; the acids are neutralized, the circulation purified and the rich, healthy blood that is carried to the irritated, aching muscles and joints, soothes and heals them. S. S. S. cures Rheumatism even when inherited or brought on by the excessive use of mercury. Opium, in some form, is the basis of nearly all so-called Rheumatic Cures, which deaden the pain but do not touch the disease and lead to ruinous habits. Alkalies and the potash and mineral remedies so often prescribed, affect the tender lining of the stomach and weaken the digestion, thus adding another burden to the already weak and impoverished blood. S. S. S. contains no mineral or dangerous drug of any kind, but is a simple, vegetable remedy and the most perfect blood purifier known. Send for our book on Rheumatism and write our physicians if you wish any information or advice. We would be glad to mail you a book free; we charge nothing whatever for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

THE GRAIN OFFICES

The Past and Present of the Grain Department.

Some Facts In Regard to Changes Made In Officials.

Falsehoods Published By a Partisan Press Are Exposed.

To the Editor of The Herald:

People are getting so used to reading Munchausen stories in the partisan papers that they pay very little attention to them, as a rule; they seem to think, also, that most of the riddles are too flat to be humorous. As an exception to this rule, however, I found in the Moorhead Independent a couple of weeks since an editorial anent the new railroad commission, which I consider too good to be left unnoticed.

The Independent strives to bring out three principal points:

1. That "the new commission is proceeding with the utmost care and caution in the selection of employes;" that "it is already practicing a system that amounts to practical civil service;" that "every appointment that is made is strictly upon the merit and fitness of the applicants."

2. That "when the fusionists got in control of the commission they immediately set the ax in motion and began the work of decapitating Republicans. They could not get them out fast enough to make room for the hungry and waiting fusion office seekers. Slum politicians from the cities, who could not distinguish between rye and wheat, were hastily pushed on to the pay rolls as inspectors of grain, replacing men who had qualified themselves for the work by years of experience. In very many cases these men simply drew their pay and did not even report for duty."

3. That "the inspectors under the fusion commission brought the department into disrepute and totally destroyed the value of inspection as a measure of the value of grain sold on grade. The result was that it was only a few months after the installation of the fusion crowd that inspection became a mere formal function, and grain was sold almost exclusively by sample," as the Eastern buyer had no more confidence in the inspection department, etc.

The author of the above, Editor Meeker of the Moorhead Independent, reminds me of the little boy who wanted to make himself rich and famous by starting out to make almanacs. He tried and tried in vain to get all the months and weeks and days in order, and finally exclaimed in despair: "Oh. Papa! I can't get that darned almanac right!" The wise old man came to his aid and answered: "Don't be so particular, my boy; make them any way at all—only look out so that you don't get Sunday in the middle of the week."

So with Mr. Meeker; he evidently knows as much about the past and present of the grain department as the little boy knew about making almanacs. He tried and tried last fall and winter to find something to write about the inspection of grain, but failed. Now his wise Republican fathers have come to his rescue and advised him to write anything at all—paint the fusionists black and the Republicans white and let it go at that, regardless of all the well-known facts in the case.

As to the first assertion, that the new commission is practicing civil service in the grain department, it would be safe, indeed, to stamp it as a lie, but that would not look good in print.

Look at the case of H. B. Moore, for instance, who performed his duties as state weighmaster at Duluth in such an able and faithful manner that almost every member of the board of trade, mostly all Republicans, endeavored to influence the commission to have Mr. Moore retained on the plea that he had proved himself to be the best weighmaster that Duluth ever had. But in spite of his ability and fitness, he was the first one to be discharged—for political reason. How much civil service can the Independent find in that?

Then comes the chief clerk in the inspection office at Duluth. Chairman Mills of the railroad and warehouse commission wrote to the clerk and informed him that his services would be dispensed with after the 15th of May; in the same letter the chairman says that "there is no question but what you have been a faithful and efficient official." Anyhow he had to step out and give place to a Republican. How much civil service in this, Mr. Editor?

But, of course, the new commission is very strict and sees to it that "every new appointment that is made is strictly upon the merit and fitness of the applicant." To prove this assertion the Independent should have pointed strongly to the appointment of a certain grain inspector at Minneapolis. Last fall this inspector was discharged, not because he was a Republican, as he had already held the place for two years after the fusionists were elected to office in 1898, but because he had proved himself unreliable and unfit to occupy such a responsible position. Certain charges were preferred against him, and an investigation followed, in which all three members of the new commission sat as judges. It was shown by sworn testimony at this investigation that the party was "guilty of gross insubordination," to use the exact words of the commission in the findings of the case. The commission, of course, decided that the chief deputy inspector was justified in discharging him. But the same commission has since been humiliating itself and the department by appointing this same man as state grain inspector at Minneapolis. Indeed, it looks as though "merit and fitness" cuts a great figure with the new commission.

The second assertion that the fusion administration, immediately after getting into control, discharged all the Republican employes to make places for fusionists, is as much out of place as is "Sunday in the middle of the week." It is history, open to everybody, that Clausen, in spite of the universal complaints and remonstrances against him, was allowed to serve out his term, and the Republican deputy inspectors and weighers were allowed to remain undisturbed for a year or more after the fusionists took charge of the department. Even then they were not all discharged; if Mr. Meeker reads the daily papers he has certainly read an interview with Commissioner Staples, in which this gentleman admitted that the fusionists had allowed forty-three of the old Republican employes to remain in their respective places.

As to these "slum politicians from the cities who could not distinguish between rye and wheat" and who did not even report for duty but drew pay from the state, I ask the Independent that it, as a matter of fairness, name a few instances. An editor with any pride at all in his profession or the least regard for truth and honesty, would not make any such sweeping charges without having at least some proof to back them with. Now, as a matter of fair play, I ask the Independent if it can name one single instance when an employe has been put on the pay roll during Chief Inspector Reishus' administration who was not fairly competent and who did not have to work for his salary?

Can Mr. Meeker name one? If not, he must stand branded as a person who bears false witness against his neighbor. He tries to make it appear that the fusionists have been lavish in the use of the sttae funds, while the fact is that in the Duluth inspection office alone there was a saving last crop year, under Mr. Prodger's able administration, of about $4000 compared with the previous year under the Republican rule. This can be ascertained by inquiring at the office of the state auditor, who, by the way, is a good Republican.

The third point in the Independent's harangue is at par with the other two, namely, that the standing and usefulness of the inspection department has been destroyed by the fusionists. The writer knows whereof he speaks, also, on this subject, and can stamp it as a brazen falsehood. All shipments to foreign markets, and mostly all to the so-called Eastern markets, are made through Duluth where inspection certificates are issued. There has not been a single cargo of standard grade going out of Duluth the last couple of years without state inspection certificates covering same. As a further illustration the Eastern buyers have absolutely demanded state certificates for every purchase of grain the last couple of years, not buying by sample, as during Clausen's administration. Even foreign grades, Washington and Montana wheat, etc., which have been shipped through Duluth, can not, apparently, be sold easily on the Eastern markets without Duluth certificates.

More than that—inquiries have been received from Canada the last few months, asking if the Minnesota state inspection department could inspect bonded wheat, arriving here from Manitoba, which has already been inspected by the Canadian inspectors. It appears that even our neighbors across the line find it difficult sometimes to sell their grain profitably on the Eastern markets without Duluth certificates.

Furthermore, take the Liverpool reports for the last crop year under Clausen's and the two years under Reishus' administration and compare notes—see how Minnesota grades keep up with California and other contract grades of wheat for the last three or four years, and it will be plain to every fair-minded reader that the Minnesota inspection has not only held its own during Mr. Prodger's term in Duluth, but has improved nicely compared with former years. This in spite of the fact that grading of incoming grain has been uniform the year round, while Mr. Clausen admitted that his plan was to tighten the grades in the fall and winter when the farmers sold their products, and then loosen up again in the spring when the elevators owned the grain and were ready to ship it away to the Eastern markets.

Such reckless statements as those cited from the Moorhead Independent can do the fusion administration no harm among intelligent farmers and other citizens, but, on the contrary, will serve as a roorback and in a very large measure injure the party and officials it was intended to serve.

O. B. SERVER.

Duluth, June 28.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists. Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

HE FOUND HIS WIFE

Deserted Her Twenty Years Ago to Search For Gold.

He Saw a Girl He Thought Was His Wife.

Followed Her and She Proved to Be His Daughter.

Joplin, Mo., July 1.—Twenty years ago John Doerr disappeared from his home in a little Illinois village, leaving a bride to whom he had been married only a month, and during all those years nothing was ever heard of him. He disappeared as completely as if the earth had swallowed him. The other day Doerr and his wife met in this city.

Twenty years ago Mary Wilson was one of the most popular young ladies in the village in which she lived. She had suitors by the score, and could have had most any of the young men of her home town for a husband, but John Doerr, a young dry goods clerk, was her choice, and one day in June, 1881, they were married. They went to a home of their own, and for a month their married life was a dream of happiness. But the young bride's happiness came to an abrupt ending one day, when the husband-lover failed to come home. Doerr left her one morning, ostensibly to go to his work, but he failed to return. Mrs. Doerr sat up all night awaiting him, but she waited in vain.

Before a year had passed Mrs. Doerr, who returned to her parents, became the mother of one of the brightest of girl babies, and upon the new arrival was bestowed all of the mother's love. Her parents died within the next few years, and being the only child, Mrs. Doerr was left in possession of a large farm. Three years later she sold the farm and with her daughter moved up to this city, where she has been very successful.

The baby of 19 years ago is now a most beautiful and accomplished young woman. She had never seen her father, but her mother had often spoken of him and they knelt together in prayer for him many times. Mrs. Doerr always felt that some day her husband would return and the other day their prayer was answered.

When Doerr left his bride twenty years ago he went directly to the California gold fields, hoping to become rich in a few years and then return to his bride, but months and years went by and still Doerr was poor. He kept up his courage and after many years of hard toil he made a rich strike. He had then been away from his wife nineteen years, but he had worked so hard that the years seemed only like days to him. He went to the little Illinois village, where he expected to find his wife, but she was not there, and nobody seemed to know where she was. Doerr then began a hunt for her.

Doerr was walking on Main street here when he passed a young lady who looked so much like his girl-wife of twenty years ago that he could scarcely control himself. Surely that was not his wife, he thought, and yet the resemblance was so great he could not help following her. She entered a street car and Doerr occupied a seat just opposite her. The young lady noticed that he scarcely took his eyes off of her and she became very restless.

When she left the car Doerr also left, and followed her to her home. After she had entered he asked some of the neighbors who lived there, and was astonished to hear: "Mrs. Doerr and her daughter."

Doerr did not walk to the gate, but bounded over the fence and rapped. Mrs. Doerr came to the door, and there he stood before his sweetheart and wife whom he had not seen for a score of years. The recognition was mutual.

Miss Doerr appeared upon the scene, and was surprised to find her mother in the embrace of a stranger. She was told that the stranger was her father, and then there were more embraces, kisses and tears.

Explanations followed and Mr. and Mrs. Doerr and their daughter will leave in a few days for California.

FRIGHT

Drove Trainer of Wild Animals at Buffalo Insane.

Buffalo, July 1.—Clad only in his night shirt, with an imaginary whip in his hand, Herman Weeden, one of the trainers at the Bostock Animal Show on the Pan-American exposition Midway, put imaginary lions, tigers and bears through their tricks in a room in the sleeping quarters, which he shared with several other attaches of the show. He aroused his roommates from slumber with cries like this:

"I am the animal king. I am the monarch of the brute world. See how I subdue them. Leap, Sapho, leap!"

When others in the room tried to quiet Weeden he became violent, and Manager Frank C. Bostock was sent for. He ordered that an ambulance be sent for.

Weeden grew worse, continuing to call on his impaginary lions, calling them by name. When interfered with he fought like a demon. Some of those in the room were in favr of laying hands on him and carrying him to the entrance of the concession. At this point Director Bostock went down on all fours. He assumed the role of "Sapho," the lioness of the show. Weeden was evidently pleased with the proposition, and called out the usual commands for the animal's tricks.

Gradually Bostock led the way to the entrance of the concession, and after a short wait the ambulance arrived. Then Weeden was placed in it and hurried away to the Exposition hospital before he had a chance to make any objection. From there he was removed to the Buffalo General hospital, where he now is.

Weeden's insanity was brought on, Manager Bostick says, by sudden fright occasioned by a mad tiger breaking his wrist a few weeks ago. Weeden was compelled to go to a hospital, where he became melancholy, imagining that his wrist would never heal. This is his first week back at the show since the accident, and he has acted strangely for several days.

FREE TILL CURED!

For the next thirty days will treat all NERVOUS and SEXUAL DISEASES of MEN absolutely FREE, except a small charge for medicine only. Call and investigate. THIS MEANS WHAT IT SAYS. Don't run after Fakirs, new fads and would-be Specialists. Call and get a scientific opinion and diagnosis of yaur case before applying elsewhere. Remember I have been in business thirty years, three years in Duluth, and have a record of 15,000 cases cured. Many of which I have permission to refer to.

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never-failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure. Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, No. 5 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

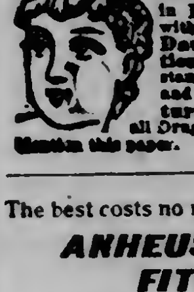
Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

Fourth of July Rates.

July 3 and 4, Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to all points on its line within a radius of 200 miles at one fare and a third for round trip. Good returning July 6, except St. Paul and Minneapolis tickets, which will be good until July 5 only. For tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot and Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.



CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS,
MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING,
HARDWOOD, SCREENS.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24TH AVE W & MICHIGAN ST.

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PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence. James T. Watson.

Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of six thousand one hundred ninety-seven and 95-100 dollars ($6197.95), which is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal and interest, upon a mortgage duly executed and delivered by Persis T. Norton and James W. Norton, her husband, mortgagors, to The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of February, A. D. 1895, and with a power of sale therein contained and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 20th day of February, A. D. 1895, at 3:50 o'clock p. m., in oBok 99 of mortgages on page 157.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot numbered eight (8), in block numbered ten (10), Banning & Ray's Subdivision of Duluth, according to the accepted plat thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, said lands being located in St. Louis County, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth in said county, on the 17th day of July, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of six thousand one hundred ninety-seven and 95-100 dollars ($6197.95), with interest and one hundred dollars ($100) attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., June 3rd, 1901.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-3-10-17-24-July-1-8-1901.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR LIQUOR LICENSE.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis, Village of Floodwood.—ss.

Notice is hereby given, That application has been made in writing to the common council of the village of Floodwood and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on July 8, 1901, and terminating on 8th day of July, 1902, by the following persons and at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, towit:

New & Carlin, in one frame building, situated on lot 11, block 16, village of Floodwood.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said village council of the village of Floodwood at the village hall in the village of Floodwood in said village of Floodwood in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota on the 8th day of July, A. D. 1901, at 7:30 p. m. of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of village recorder, this 22nd day of June, A. D. 1901.

(Corporate Seal.) JOHN AUGER,
Village Recorder.

Duluth Evening Herald—June-24—July-1—1901.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.

In District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Loretta A. Richards,
Plaintiff,
vs.
William D. Richards,
Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court, in and for St. Louis County, state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 405 Providence building, in the city of Duluth, said county and state within thirty (30) days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer the said complaint, within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated this 20th day of May, 1901.

JNO. P. MORROW,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
405 Providence Building,
Duluth, Minnesota.

Duluth Evening Herald—May-27—June-3-10-17-24—July-1-1901.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN the payment of ten hundred eighty-four dollars, which is claimed to be due at this date upon a mortgage made by W. D. B. Janes to Neil McLachlan, dated March 30th, 1891, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on April 15th, 1891, at 2:40 o'clock p. m., in Book 71 of mortgages, on page 379; which mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by said mortgagee to W. M. Wells and E. Wells, and subsequently by them to the undersigned James F. Jackson, by written assignments heretofore duly recorded. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that pursuant to statute and by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in said mortgage and situate in said county, to-wit:

Lot two (2), of section eight (8), and lot five (5), of section nine (9), in township fifty-two (52), north of range fourteen (14) west, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house, in Duluth, Minnesota, on Wednesday, the 17th day of July, 1901, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest and thirty dollars attorney's fee as therein provided and the disbursements herein.

Dated July 3, 1901.

JAMES F. JACKSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-3-10-17-24-July-1-8-1901.

WHY ? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY— It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN— It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE— As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP— By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

Every Afternoon at 5 The Herald is Sold by Newsboys on the Streets of West Superior

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE!

$1000 50 feet on Fourth street near Sixteenth avenue east.

$4000 50 feet on Second street, between Third and Fourth avenues east; very choice location.

$7500 Modern dwelling house on First street, 125-foot frontage, all modern conveniences.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
LONSDALE BLDG.

RATES ARE MADE NOW

Railroad Agents on the Ranges Informed of Excursion Rates.

Fine Rates Made---Other Lines Offer Reduced Fares.

Some Trouble Possible In Getting School Children Together.

Frank Burrows, who has just returned from the range towns, where he has been in the interest of the mammoth Fourth of July celebration here, when asked how it was that some of the range people had received no rates to Duluth up to last Thursday, said that the agents of the railroads did not receive their instructions until Friday, although the rates had been posted on flaming posters all over the towns. Mr. Burrows expects great crowds to visit Duluth during the Fourth and says that there is intense enthusiasm throughout the range towns and that tremendous crowds may be expected. The rates quoted by the various roads to Duluth are as follows:

The Omaha will sell round trip excursion tickets from points on its line within a radius of 200 miles, at the rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip, good going the third or Fourth, and returning until July 5.

The Northern Pacific will sell tickets to all points on its line within a radius of 200 miles at the rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip, good going the third or fourth and returning the sixth, with the exception of St. Paul and Minneapolis tickets, which will be good until the fifth only. These will be sold at $5.75 for the round trip.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic will sell excursion tickets between all local stations at the rate of a single fare for the round trip. Tickets good going the third or fourth and returning July 5.

The Great Northern and Eastern Minnesota will sell excursion tickets for one and one-third fare for round trip in Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, Iowa and Nebraska, good going the third and fourth and returning until the sixth.

The Duluth, Missabe & Northern will make a round trip rate from all points north of and including Iron Junction of $2.

The Duluth & Iron Range will sell excursion tickets, good going the 3rd and 4th, returning on the 5th and 6th, at one fare for the round trip. On July 4 only the following special excursion rates will prevail: Round trip from Ely, $2.50; Tower, $2.25; points on the Mesaba range, $2; Two Harbors, 75 cents.

For this occasion a special train will be run, leaving Ely about 5:30 a. m.; leaving Eveleth and Virginia at 6 a. m., returning leaving Duluth at 10:30 p. m.

The White Line Transportation company will sell excursion tickets to Duluth from points on the North and South shores at one-half fare for the round trip. Mr. Singer expects to bring in over 500 people.

The fact that vacation is here in full force, it is feared, will make it rather difficult for those in charge of the matter to get all of the school children together for the parade on the Fourth.

Both Professor Alethyhauser and Professor eDnfeld have been out of town, but have returned and will take charge of things immediately and endeavor to have as many children in line as possible.

The police have arranged for a Rer Cross brigade to care for any who may in any way be injured during the parade, and although it is not thought especially necessary, it is a very good precautionary measure.

The mayor says that fire crackers over six inches in length will not be permitted to be fired during the day, and that absolutely no fire-crackers can be fired during the parade or along the line of march. Special police and plain clothes men will be in attendance to keep order and the chance for crooks will be very slight.

PARTRIDGE DEAD.

Detroit, July 1.—George W. Partridge, for eight years private secretary to Zach Chandler, former United States senator from Michigan and ex-secretary of the Interior, died today from heart failure. He was about 70 years old and held numerous governmental positions in Washington.

A NEW CORPORATION.

Columbus, Ohio, July 1.—Articles of incorporation were filed today with the secretary for the Toledo Railroad and Lighting company, capitalized at $12,000,000. The new company will, it is understood, control the lighting and street railway plants of Toledo.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate Business and residence property, improved and unimproved, bought and sold.

Loans Money loaned at the lowest rates.

Fire Insurance Carefully written in good companies.

For Rent Stores, flats and dwellings.

Look Out for London Road!

Wake up people! London road, 100 feet wide, is going to be THE residence street. We offer a beautiful double corner for $3300. A fine single corner for $900. A fine inside lot for $900. Sewer and water in.

Little & Nolte.

BATTLE IS ON

(Continued From Page 1.)

fund than we ever had in our history. The question of signing for all mills must be settled this year. Next year would be too late." At McKeesport the strike outlook is regarded seriously. W. Dewees Wood mill was shut down a week ago.

A party of 220 employes left yesterday for Port Marion, where they will go into camp. Other employes are to follow. The members of the union all endorse the stand taken by President Shaffer. The Amalgamated association say they are gaining members every day.

The clerical department in all the mills of the Republic Iron & Steel company, located at Youngston Ohio, and at other points in the Mahoning and Shenango valleys, in accordance with orders issued by the officials began taking stock today. This will consume at least two weeks after that, the mills will be started in full operation under the new scale. The mills of the American Hoop company at Youngstown, closed on Saturday night and will remain shut down until an amicable settlement is reached on the scale question. The mills of the American Sheet Steel company at Strubers O., also have shut down on account of President Shaffers strike order. During the suspension the company will make extensive repairs and install much new machinery.

In accordance with President Shaffer's orders, the crews of sixteen furnaces in the Lindsay's and McCutcheon's mills, Allegheny, struck, and the four other crews are expected to quit today. The men say they will remain out until the scale is signed.

The strike began at 3:30 a. m., when four of the crews went to work and found that none of the men working on the other sixteen furnaces had shown up. The four crews went to work, but were approached by the strikers, and it is understood have agreed to quit after today. The finishing and all other departments in the plant are running full.

At the Isabella furnace of the American Steel Hoop company at Aetna it was stated that the strike will not be in effect. There are 800 employes, 500 of whom are Italians. The remaining 300 are machinists and are satisfied with their scale.

At the Lockport Iron works, McKees Rocks, it was announced that the strike will not interfere with the operation of the plant, as the scale was signed by the works on Saturday afternoon.

At Muncie, Ind., the plant is closed and 500 men are out.

Signatures to the Amalgamated scale from the following concerns were received at the headquarters during the morning: Lockhart Iron and Steel company, McKees Rocks, Pa.; Sharon Tinplate company, South Sharon, Pa.; Stewart Iron company, limited, Sharon, Pa.; N. & G. Taylor Tinplate company, Cumberland, Md.; American Rolling Mill company, Southern Car and Foundry company, Anderson, Ala.; Bessemer Rolling Mill company, Bessemer, Ala.

TO COURT OF APPEALS.

Barker's Counsel Carry His Case Higher.

Trenton, N. J., July 1.—Counsel for Thomas Barker, who was sentenced to five years in state prison for assaulting Rev. Dr. Keller at Arlington, today took out a writ of error which he will carry to the court of errors and appeals. In the meantime Barker will not be sent to the state prison to serve his term. If the court of errors and appeals grant the writ, Barker may again be released on bail.

MAY SETTLE STRIKE.

Cincinnati, July 1.—A conference was held here which may result in the settlemen, locally, of the machinists' strike. Nothing has yet been given out.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

BARGAINS!

214 East Superior street, 25 feet front.
50-foot corner 11th ave. W. and Mich. st.
33 feet Superior st, near 21st ave west—very cheap.
87 houses in all parts of the city.
Two good 50-foot lots on 6th st, close in—$400 each.
7-room house, 5 blocks from Postoffice, for $850; easy terms.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

Settlers for Western Canada

I will be absent until July 5, but settlers wishing the cheap rate to Western Canada, can procure the same by calling on the agent Northern Pacific Railway Co., 332 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. J. H. M. PARKER, Canadian Government Agent.

Biggest Snap in Endion.

$1600 Takes 100 feet upper side of street, all improvements. Only $600 cash, balance at 6 per cent.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Building.

FOR RENT.

121 Tenth avenue east—Six-room flat; bath, hot and cold water, steam heat, janitor service, etc.

Store room formerly occupied by R. R. Forward & Co., at 2023 West Superior street; extra good location; newly papered and painted and in first-class condition throughout.

Flats in Wieland Flats, four rooms, steam heat, city water, bath, etc., $10.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT.

Furnished Flat, till September 1st—five rooms........ **$20**
Six room Flat—unfurnished at........ **$15**

C. A. & E. D. FIELD, 204 Exchange Bldg.

FOUND.

FOUND—ROW BOAT. INQUIRE JOHN Fink, Park Point street railway.

TRAINED NURSE.

MRS. JAMES MUCKLE, TRAINED nurse; twelve years' experience. Residence Palmetto street, Highland Park, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED SITUATIONS.

MAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE PLACE to do cooking in or outside of city. Address 16 East Superior street.

WANTED—WASHING TO TAKE HOME 805 East Second street.

WANTED—PAINTING AND PAPERhanging by day or job. Address 622 West Fourth street.

OFFICE WOMAN WANTS EMPLOYment. Has had experience and can give references. Address A 79, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS NURSE GIRL. Address A 79, Herald.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER would like position in office for practice. Address L 3, Herald.

LADY WITH SEVERAL YEARS EXPErience in law office, desires position as stenographer. Apply Box C. B., Herald.

YOUNG LADY WOULD LIKE POSItion as stenographer; has had experience and can give best of reference. Address T 12, Herald.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, A SMALL SAFE. Apply at 427 West Michigan street.

GOOD INTEREST PAYING, CENTRALly located real estate. Not to exceed $5000. Address with price and location. X 4, Herald.

THE LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD

Operates the Finest Passenger Service in the South. The equipment is up to date, the road bed without an equal and the time the fastest. Through trains of magnificent Coaches and Drawing-room Sleeping Cars between

Chicago,
Cincinnati,
Louisville,
Evansville or
St. Louis and
Nashville,
Memphis,
Birmingham,
Mobile,
New Orleans,
Pensacola,
and Jacksonville.

Through the historical and scenic regions of Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida.

For descriptive matter, time-tables and maps, address

C. L. STONE, Gen. Pass. Agt.,
Louisville, Ky.

$2.85 July Fourth, Deerwood & Return.

July 3 and 4, Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to that popular resort Deerwood and return at $2.85. Good returning up to and including July 8. For tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street or Union depot.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

PLANTS

Cauliflower, Celery and Cabbage, House and garden Plants and a lovely lot of Ferns. LINDSAY'S GREENHOUSES, Lester Park Bridge.

Carfare both ways on every dollar purchase.

FOR SALE—LADY'S WHEEL IN GOOD condition, cheap. 1131 East First street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, BOY'S BICYCLE in good condition. Address 214 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—LADY'S BICYCLE, PRACtically new. Price $15. A bargain. Call at 1016 East Second street.

FOR SALE—A TWO CHAIR BARBER shop outfit. Barber shop, 215 West Superior street.

$195 —PIANO, CHICKERING, UPright, elegant mahogany case; almost new. Inquire 2 Columbus block.

$25 —ORGAN, ESTEY MAKE, HIGH top; snap. 2 Columbus block.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows. S. Kaner, 1217 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—TIMBER AND HOMEstead locating in good locations on rivers running to the coast. Fine homesteads and good timber, a specialty. Headquarters, address Murphy & Dammon, Merchant hotel, Portland, Oregon.

FOR SALE—THE HALL SAFE COMpany's fire and burglar proof safe. J. S. Ray, post box 89.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

FOR SALE — THE JOHN DAIGLE hotel in Hibbing. For terms and further particulars, apply to John Daigle, Hibbing, Minn.

Large Consignments of
Drafters, Farm Mares, Drivers and Mules
are daily received at
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S Midway Horse Market,
Midway, St. Paul, Minn. All horses sold under written guarantee to be as represented. Part time given if desired.

PERSONAL.

PIANO, VIOLIN AND MANDOLIN LESsons, 50c. Walter Howard, 22 7th Ave. W., or leave calls at Howard's machine store, 10 E. Sup. St. Music for dances.

LADIES—TRY MY MONTHLY REGUlator. Box free. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

MIDWIFE.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM, OBSTETRICS electricity, magnetic and suggestive. Private hospital 11 19th Ave. W.

MRS BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 708 E. 3d st. 'Phone 1225.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MEDICAL.

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions: also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Superior street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile Company, 16 West Superior street.

ATTORNEYS.

S. L. SMITH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 219 Duluth Trust building.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY, 711-712 Palladio building.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

LOST.

BUNCH OF KEYS IN POSTOFFICE Sunday morning, June 30, between 7:30 and 8 o'clock. Were left sticking in lock box. Finder please return to Herald office.

LOST—GENTLEMAN'S DIAMOND ring Thursday morning. Finder will receive reward of $25 if returned to Herald office.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING, Simpson, Zenith 'phone 738. 119 W. 1st st.

INSTRUCTION.

PERSONS DESIRING TO BE TUtored in grade or high school work, apply L. A. W., Box 435.

INSTRUCTION GIVEN TO PUPILS wishing to make up a grade. Address L, Herald.

PAPERHANGING.

PAPERHANGING, CALSOMINING, painting, etc. Good work, moderate prices. Do all work personally. Address T 19, Herald.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK TO BEGIN July 12. No washing. Good wages. Mrs. S. T. Harrison, 2107 East First street.

COMPETENT GIRL WHO WISHES good home and easy place can secure same by calling at 101 West Fifth street. None other need apply.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. oGod wages. Small family. Mrs. S. W. Richardson, F. Buffalo flats.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED LADIES' clothes ironers. Acme laundry.

WANTED -- GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be good cook. Mrs. John P. Morrow, 122 Twenty-first avenue east.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with light housework. Family of two. Mrs. Hughes, E Buffalo flat.

WANTED — A LADY COOK. GOOD wages. 7 Nineteenth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages. 224 East Fourth street.

WANTED—COOK. 318 WEST SECOND.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth street.

A BURN, SCRATCH, CUT OR TRIFLing sore may result in blood poisoning if neglected. Satin-Skin Cream magically heals, makes healthy skin. 25c.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL TO DO general housework. Apply 525 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL AT BELMONT hotel; good wages; 705 West Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL AT 210 West Third street.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; small family. Mrs. W. Van Brunt, 1112 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 529 West Fourth street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family, 2116 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family; good wages. 1617 London road.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. No. 409 West Second street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK IN PRIVATE family. Best of wages; no washing; that is willing to go to Ashland. Transportation paid. Call for information. 901 London road.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1127 London road.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family, 2116 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR PRIVATE family out of the city. No children. Address S. S., Herald.

A CAPABLE GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call after 6 p. m., 1714 Jefferson street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. One with references. 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 309 West First.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COOKING AND general housework; family of three. Apply morning, 5302 Main street, West Duluth.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL AT 507 WEST Second street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls at Peerless laundry.

WANTED—A GOOD STENOGRAPHER, afternoon work only. Situation offered by grain commission firm board of trade. Address D 78, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 112 East Third street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—NIGHT CLERK, REQUIRES no experience; $4 per week and room to commence; no board. 10 East Superior street, upstairs.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN WITH knowledge and experience in the hardware and crockery departments. I Freimuth.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN STENOGRApher. State age, experience, salary expected. References. Address in own handwriting D 86, Herald.

WANTED—AT ONCE, NIGHT CASHIER for Criterion restaurant. Haley & Co.

WANTED—COLORED MAN AS DOORman at Spalding hotel; permanent position.

WANTED — CARPENTERS. APPLY Anderson & Gow, 14 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED—BRICKLAYERS TO WORK on Hibbing High School, 50 cents an hour; fare one way.

WANTED, MACHINISTS—STEADY EMployment and good wages to competent men to fill places vacated by striking machinists in Chicago. Allis-Chalmers Co., 12th St. and Washtenaw Ave., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—FIFTEEN FIRST - CLASS structural iron men. Good wages and steady work. Wisconsin Bridge and Iron company, Houghton, Mich.

WANTED—MACHINE HANDS AND vise hands for sawmill work. Good wages and steady jobs with chance for promotion are offered to the right men. Address The Filer & Stowell Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

YOUNG MAN, do you wish to rise higher in the world? Learn how. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence schools, 206-208 New Jersey Building, Duluth. Open evenings.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY PERSONS in each state to manage business of wealthy corporation; salary $18 cash Wednesday direct from headquarters; expense money advanced. Manager, 335 Caxton Bldg, Chicago.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR RENT—COSTUMES FOR FOURTH of July. Uncle Sams, George Washingtons, etc., at 125 West Superior street, over Big Duluth. W. Reemer.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE IN EAST End. Modern. 1222 East Second street.

FOR RENT — 8-ROOM FURNISHED house. East End. All conveniences. Reasonable, for July and August. Address T 94, Herald.

FOR RENT—NINE-ROOM HOUSE. Modern conveniences; perfect repair; $30. 401 Torrey.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—MODERN 5-ROOM FLAT to family without children. Call Tuesday afternoon and Wednesday. 128 Sixth avenue west.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. Central. 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED PARLOR and bedroom; ground floor; central. One front room second floor. B 63, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWELVE UNFURNISHED rooms on Superior street, also furnished. S. Selleck, 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 123 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, 120 West Fourth.

FOR RENT—ONE, TWO OR THREE unfurnished rooms, 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room in modern brick house. 130 Sixth avenue west.

MODERN FURNISHED ROOMS FOR rent. 210 East Second street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT—A FIVE OR SIX room house, with water and sewer connections. Address stating location and terms. Address T 84, Herald.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED — ROOM AND BOARD. 120 First avenue west; bath, etc.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD, 207 WEST SECOND street.

WANTED—TABLE BOARDERS IN private family. 32 West Second street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 1, 1901. Work Third degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 8, 1901. Work, ——— Burr Porter, M. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocationss second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1901. Work, P. M. & M. E. M. degree. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, recorder.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave July 2, 1901. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elk's hall, 113 West Superior street. Frank Crassweller, G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2 MEETS EVERY Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 a. m. Roy Hood, G. S.; Reuben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets second and fourth Monday evenings of each month in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. L. R. Birch, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Memorial service Tuesday evening, June 25. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the initiatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; T. B. Perry, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

UNITED COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS. Zenith, No. 40, Duluth, Minn.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month. Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, LEADer North Star band. Zenith 'prone 606.

DRUGGIST.

C. J. TUFTE, 2015 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOTELS.

HOTEL NORTHERN,
208 W. Superior St.
Music Every Afternoon and Evening by the VIENNA LADIES' ORCHESTRA AND CONCERT COMPANY.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY THEM AT 20 FIRST AVENUE west, from expert. 'Phone 854.

MONEY TO LOAN.

WITHOUT CHARGE FOR COMMISsion, from $1000 to $2000 or less as desired on first mortgage improved real estate at 6 per cent. Address G 37, Herald.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—RESIDENT PARTNER FOR Duluth in an established business. Must have at least $500. Address F. B. W., Hotel Spalding, Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

CARPET CLEANING.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 765-5.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF. WALTER TELLS EVERYthing. 314 East Fifth street.

PROFESSER MME. QUINN IS STILL at 622 West Superior street.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.,
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes

STR. BON AMI
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at **9 a. m.** for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.

STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's Dock Mondays and Thursdays at **8 p.m.** for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton
JOHN FLYNN, Agt., 2 Lyceum Building. W. H. SINGER, Mgr., Lake Ave and Canal.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar... Wolf ...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth .. Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta .. Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing .Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv....... Duluth .... Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar....... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar....... Eveleth Lv	7:38 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar....... Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*1 25 pm 11 10 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. L. J. KITCHELL, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*6 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm *7 30 pm *8 40 am	Ashland and East Minn & Dakota Express No Coast Ltd.	*11 15 am *7 55 am *4 55 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 10 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*6 45 am †2 10 pm *7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
† 7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED.	† 8 30 am
* 8 15 am	Copper Country Local.	* 8 00 pm

TWELVE PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TWELVE PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, JULY 2, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Wicker Rockers

A cool, comfortable,
substantial wicker
—just the kind for
these hot days—
suitable for porch or
home—rocker like cut

$2.85

Everything Sold on Monthly payments.

OUR TERMS:

$ 25.00 worth of goods ---- $5.00 a month
$ 35.00 worth of goods ---- $6.00 a month
$ 50.00 worth of goods ---- $7.00 a month
$ 60.00 worth of goods ---- $8.00 a mon'h
$ 75.00 worth of goods ---- $9.00 a month
$100.00 worth of goods ---- $10.00 a month

FRENCH & BASSETT
Complete House Furnishers.

FOR SALE!
First-class dwellings in the East End. All modern conveniences.
FOR RENT!
5614 London Road, nine rooms, all modern improvements, furnace heat.
C. H. GRAVES & CO.,
FIRST FLOOR TORREY BUILDING.

THE DRENNING SCHOOL.
GREGG SHORTHAND EASY TO LEARN. EASY TO WRITE. EASY TO READ.
A LESSON IN GREGG'S SHORTHAND.
K. G. R. L. N. M. T. D. (up) A. E. I.
WRITE BY SOUND:
me meek get day cat near
meet make tray cake my keg
TO BE MEMORIZED:
A, an Can Good In He The Will Period
WRITE:
The lad will meet me in the lane.
READ:
Can be learned in from ⅔ to ½ the time required to master the old, out-of-date systems. Full particulars regarding this wonderful, modern shorthand will be furnished upon application to
THE DRENNING SCHOOL.
8th Floor, Torrey Building.

ONLY BUTTER MADE IN DULUTH.
SEPARATOR CREAMERY
B & R
Primus
TRADE MARK
MANUFACTURED BY,
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, - DULUTH, MINN.
BEST BUTTER SOLD IN DULUTH.

Boys, Look Here!
Any Boy accompanied by his Parents visiting my Store JULY 3, will be presented with
A BUNCH OF FIRECRACKERS.
The Tea Store
C. SUNDBY, Proprietor. 1823 W. Sup. St.
Store open to 10 o'clock p. m. on July 3.

Fine Stationery.
Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store
323 West Superior Street.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY,
15 Second Ave. West.
Both 'Phones.
Printers.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

TEST BEGINS

Boat Races on the Hudson Are Starting.

Oarsmen Standing Heat Very Well.

Poughkeepsie, July 2.—The day of the intercollegiate regatta opened intensely hot and with scarcely a breath of air stirring. The thermometer at 8:30 registered 93 degrees, and college men declared that it would be wicked to let the men row at 3 o'clock, in the broiling sun, and that the racing should be delayed until the sun had begun to go down behind the western hills.

The crowds for the race day began to arrive early and by 10 o'clock the streets began to take on a holiday appearance. The college colors were lavishly displayed and added a picturesque feature to the crowds. It was pointed out this morning as a rather phenomenal thing that out of a total of over 100 college oarsmen there has not been any severe or serious cases of illness or collapse and that in the face of the fact that the temperature has been severely trying to all classes of people. So far as could be learned, at an early hour this morning, nearly all of the crews will take their seats this afternon as before detailed, there being but one change, and there is not a coach this morning who is making any special complaint that his crew or crews are not in good condition. Towards 9 a. m. a slight refreshing breeze began blowing fitfully from the southwest, but it can blow quite hard from that direction and not disturb the west course.

The order of races was arranged as follows: Four-oared race between Columbia, Cornell and Pennsylvania to start at 3 p. m.; freshman eight-oared race between Columbia, Cornell, Pennsylvania and Syracuse, to start at 3:45 p. m.; university eight-oared race between Columbia, Cornell, Georgetown, Pennsylvania, Syracuse and Wisconsin, to start at 5 p. m.

The first event of the day occurred at 11 o'clock, when Clinton Goodwin, of Syracuse, class of 1903, rowed over a mile and a half course, beginning a half mile below the bridge and rowing up stream because of the tide flowing in that direction. He rowed the course in 9:31:3-5, pretty fair time considering the intense heat.

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RUSSIA NOT RECOGNIZED

Czar Establishes a Civil Government In Manchuria Which Makes Prominent Again the Question of Occupation.

London, July 2.—A dispatch from Pekin says: The installation by Russia of a civil administrator in New Chwang, Manchuria, has again made prominent the question of occupation of that province by the Russians. Some of the powers have already recognized the administrator, but the ministers of other nations are doubtful as to the course to be followed in the matter and are awaiting instructions from their home governments. Among those thus awaiting instructions is the representative of the United States. It is understood that the British and Japanese ministers will recommend to Li Hung Chang some plan for opening Manchuria to the world in such a way as to constitute an effectual barrier to Russian aggression and to avoid trade and other complications that are otherwise bound to follow a Russian occupation. The matter has not yet been presented to the court.

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THE CRISIS DELAYED

The Real Struggle In the Conflict Between Labor and Capital Will Not Come For Some Weeks.

Pittsburg, July 2.—The second day of the strike of the sheet steel and steel hoop workers of the Amalgamated association opened without interesting or exciting features. It was evident that neither side anticipated early developments, as there was no unusual activity about the combine offices and the utmost quiet prevailed at the headquarters of the workers. As President Shaffer remarked, the conditions of the present strike were peculiar and no decided results were expected for ten days or two weeks. By that time the manufacturers having all necessary repairs at their mills completed would be anxious to resume operations. The struggle would then begin in earnest.

The belief is quite general, however, that the real test will not come until the close of the hot weather and the general resumption of business in the early fall and in the meantime it is thought that the conflicting interests will see their way clear to recede from the present positions. That President Shaffer, of the Amalgamated association is preparing for the rainy day, which may come if the strike is prolonged indefinitely, is evident from the circular mailed to the association lodges today. hTe circular directs the lodges to lay assessments upon their members, the money to be used for the relief of such members of the association as might be out of work. The money collected by these assessments of the lodges will be forwarded to Pittsburg where it will be placed in the general fund of the association. The latter has for years been creating a strike fund, systematically and methodically. This fund is said now to amount to between $200,000 and $300,000. The combine officials do not appear to be worrying over the situation and say they do not recognize a condition of strike as yet. Some officers intimate that there may be a renewal of negotiations at any time and a settlement effected. In outside cities the belief is growing the strike will be called off before it gets fairly well under way.

Outside the combine plants, there is little apprehension over the situation. Among the independent companies in Pittsburg who have closed down, but who are ready to sign are:

Sug & Ca., limited, will sign; the Pittsburg Forge and Iron company, who are satisfied to grant the men's demand; A. M. Byers & Co., of the South Side, at present closed for repairs, but ready to sign the scale whenever the committee waits upon them, and Brown & Co., who are closed for repairs.

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CATHOLICS

Celebrate Semi-Centennial of Arrival of First Bishop.

St. Paul, July 2.—The Catholics of the Northwest celebrated at St. Paul today, the semi-centennial of the arrival here of their first bishop, the Rt. Rev. Joseph Cretin. Only two priests were then located in the whole diocese, Fathers Ravoux and Lacombe, both of whom are here today. At 10:30 o'clock this morning pontificial high mass was celebrated by Bishop McGolrick, of Duluth, on the grounds of St. Paul seminary. Arhcbishop Ireland preached the sermon. After the mass a te deum was chanted.

At 3 o'clock took place in the aula maxima of St. Paul seminary the presentation of the jubilee fund and of the memorial volume. At 4 o'clock will be laid the corner stone of the new seminary chapel, Bishop Trobec, of St. Cloud, officiating. Bishop O'Gorman, of Sioux Falls, delivers the sermon.

A WATER FAMINE.

Huntington, W. Va., July 2.—Great suffering is being caused in this city by a water famine due to the failure of the pumps at the waterworks. The city reservoirs are now empty and thousands of persons are temporarily out of employment as factories cannot be run without water.

TECHNICAL

Is the Defense of Capt. Carter's Fellow Conspirators.

Washington, July 2.—The record of the case of Benjamin D. Greene, John D., William T. and Edward H. Gaynor, charged with entering into a combination with Capt. Oberlin M. Carter to defraud the government in connection with the improvement of the harbor at Savannah, Ga., was filed in the office of the clerk of the United States supreme court today. The case comes to this court from the circuit court for the southern district of New York, that court refusing to grant the application of the persons named for a writ of habeas corpus, thus confirming the order for their removal for trial to the circuit court for the southern district of Goergia, where they were indicted. In their assignment of errors the petitioners allege that he Georgia grand jury was illegally and improperly drawn and that therefore the indictment is invalid. It is also alleged that the Georgia court is without jurisdiction and that the indictment states no offense against the laws of the United States.

THE LAMP EXPLODED

Fatal Experiment In a Butte, Mont., Lodging House.

The Building Was Instantly Wrapped In Fierce Flames.

Two Burned to Death and Others Seriously Injured.

Butte, Mont., July 2.—Two dead, two severely, if not fatally injured, and a score or more more or less hurt, is the result of a fire which broke out at the Pullman lodging house, 114 West Mercury street, at 2 a. m. today. The dead:

SAM MIX, waiter, Missoula, Mont.
OLE BERG, carpenter, Butte.

Severely injured: Billy Ryan, better known as "Australian Ryan," a pugilist, well known throughout the Northwest, jumped from a third story window, seriously injured about head and legs. —— Camp, jumped from a third story window, internally injured and cut about head. Miss Crystal, proprietress of lodging house, burned about body and injured from inhaling smoke.

A number of men were experimenting with a gasoline lamp in a saloon on the lower floor of the lodging house when the lamp exploded, scattering flames in all directions. The building was wooden and before the fire department arrived the flames had eaten through the lower floor. and were spreading to the upper stories.

The lodging house contained about 100 guests, none of whom were able to save anything except what they wore. Most of them escaped by jumping from the first and third story windows and it is miraculous that more were not killed. A number were carried out unconscious by the firemen, but so far as known, all will recover. It is not believed that any except the two mentioned perished. The property loss is about $4000, with no insurance.

BANK CLOSED.

Niagara Bank at Buffalo In Bank Superintendent's Hands.

Buffalo, July 2.—The Niagara Bank, a state institution, closed its doors today. The following notice has been posted on the doors:

"I have closed and taken possession of this bank. F. D. KILBURN,
"Superintendent of Banks."

The Niagara was organized Sept. 15, 1891, with a capital of $100,000. P. P. Griffin was president. Chairman Clement of the clearing house committee said the closing of the bank was brought about solely by reason of its close connection with the City National Bank, its president having been vice president of the City National bank and that no other bank here is in any way affected.

The bank superintendent said: "I have closed this bank because I think it insolvent. The main reason for the failure is the failure of the City National bank."

HOT ABROAD.

Interior of Europe Suffering From Long Continued Heat.

London, July 2.—While the weather in England is temperate, continental telegrams continue to report the ravages of heat and storm. Deaths from sunstroke are numerous. In an Italian regiment which was marching from Pisa to Leghorn yesterday, there were thirty cases of sunstroke, while many of the soldiers dropped from exhaustion. Storms have occurred in Northern France, where lightning has wrecked churches and houses. Several fatalities occurred.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says the crops in the province of Saratoff are withering and the grass is scorched, owing to the prolonged heat and drouth. The price of corn is jumping up and the outlook at Saratoff and in the neighboring Volga districts, is alarming. The scarcity promises to be as severe as the famine of a decade ago.

NOT FOR ALLEN.

State Department Declines to Prosecute His Claim.

Washington, July 2.—The state department has declined to prosecute the claim of Charles S. Allen, an American, against the government of Mexico.

Allen was arrested for working on a broken water pipe in the street of Ensenada, without the permit of the municipality. The result of the judicial proceedings was his final discharge by the superior court, but he claimed damages for imprisonment. The state department holds that there has been no denial of justice and if there has been malicious prosecution, the local tribunals afford an ample remedy.

FRIGHTFUL

People Are Dying In New York Like Sheep.

Death Rate In Other Cities Is Very High.

NO BRE[illegible] IN SIGHT.

Washington, July 2. — The weather bureau has issued the following special bulletin:

"There are no present indications of a permanent break in the warm wave which covers the country generally east of the Rocky mountains. Local rains and thunderstorms will furnish temporary relief in the lower lake region, the Upper Ohio valley and in the mountain districts of Pennsylvania, Maryland, West Virginia and Virginia, and there is a possibility that these local rains may occur in limited areas in Atlantic coast states.

"H. E. WILLIAMS,
"Acting Chief."

New York, July 2.—At 8 a. m. the temperature as shown by the weather bureau thermometer, was 88 degrees. At the same hour yesterday it was 83. On the street, thermometers registered 94 at 8 o'clock. The air was almost perfectly still this morning and there was no sign of a breeze. To add to the suffering the humidity was 59 per cent as compared with 48 per cent yesterday. Between 2 and 8 a. m. fourteen adults died of the heat on Manhattan island. The prostrations were so numerous that it was impossible to keep a complete record of them.

In the interior cities of this state the heat was generally but little abated. At Troy the temperature at 8 a. m. was 88 degrees, 3 degrees warmer than at the same hour yesterday. Deaths at Troy since the hot spell began number six.

At Rochester at 9 o'clock the temperature was 84 degrees and humidity 62. At Buffalo temperature 76 degrees at 9 a. m.

The weather bureau thermometer was at the 95 mark at 10 a. m., 6 degrees higher than at 10 o'clock yesterday. So many horses have been killed or disabled by the heat that deliveries of provisions and ice were much retarded today, thus adding to the discomfort and suffering.

In Brooklyn thirty sudden deaths were reported to the coroner's office between midnight and 9 a. m., and of these seventeen were directly due to the heat.

At 11 a. m. the police department lists showed that, from midnight to that time, a total of fifty-two deaths from heat had been reported in Greater New York. nearly all the dead were adults.

Pittsburg, July 2.—Twelve deaths and sixty prostrations from the heat were reported between midnight last night and 11 a. m. today, making the number of fatalities for twenty-four hours forty. The dead reported up to 11 o'clock were:

CHARLES BLANK.
BENJAMIN EVANS.
Unknown Italian.
JOHN NORASIL.
Unknown negro.
Unknown foreigner.
FRED ROESSLER.
Infant male child.
EVA CAREY.
Child of Michael Demonik.
JOHN RAGY.
MRS. NANCY MERCER.

Sixteen others died yesterday afternoon and last night as a direct result of the heat. Their names:

ANN McLAUGHLIN, 65 years.
MOUIS RENGI, infant.
LOUIS KERSABIRE, aged 35.
JOHN HEIDESH, aged 47.
JOHN METZ, aged 45.
SAMUEL McGINNIS, aged 46.
MRS. MARY POVLAK.
JOHN CARR.
WILLIAM ANDERSON.
THOMAS ALBERT, infant.
CHARLES ELLIOTT, infant.
CHARLES WEICK, aged 23.
JOHN AUGUSTINE, committed suicide while insane from heat.
JOHN SHIPKA, aged 31.
JOHN NICHLAUS, aged 30.
MARTIN GULLICK.

Nearly every mill and furnace not affected by the strike is crippled from the great number of heat prostrations of the employes, and many mills have been forced to entirely suspend operations.

While last night was not so close as the previous one, thousands of persons in the tenement districts slept in hallways or on stone steps and brick pavements. A walk up Webster avenue last night was difficult. Not only the sidewalks, but even the roadways were full of people trying to rest. At 8 a. m. the mercury stood at 78, 6 degrees cooler than at the same hour yesterday, and at 11 a. m. it had risen to 96.

Fifty-two men were prostrated during the night in the finishing mills of the Homestead Steel works. This morning the mills were closed on account of the heat.

Philadelphia, July 2.—The hot weather continued today with unabated intensity. The temperature at 8 o'clock was 91 degrees, five degrees higher than at the same hour yesterday. The minimum temperature during the night was 85 degrees at 4 o'clock this morning. The local forecast officials say there are no indications of immediate relief. Since 1:30 this morning twelve deaths and about fifty prostrations have been reported.

This is the largest number of deaths and prostrations that have occurred in any one day of the present hot spell. All records for July were broken by the temperature this morning.

During the morning the Baldwin Locomotive works closed three departments. Dobson's big carpet mills also closed.

At 11 a. m. the government thermometer on top of the post office building registered 95 degrees, while those in the street varied from 99 to 102. Sixteen deaths had occurred and over 100 prostrations had been reported up to that time.

Manufacturing establishments in all sections of the city were compelled to close. Cramps' shipyard began operations at 4 a. m. and closed at noon. Before 10 a. m. a dozen ambulance calls had been sent from the plant and many of the employes were compelled to leave their work. The Pencoyd Iron works were one of the first of the big plants to shut down. Work on building operations was almost entirely suspended today. Men were not allowed to go to the tops of buildings in course of erection, as it was feared they would be overcome and fall to their death. Hospitals all over the city are crowded with heat patients, and in some cases the facilities are inadequate for the treatment of the sufferers owing to lack of tents.

St. Louis, July 2.—At 8 a. m. the mercury registered 86. There was no breeze and conditions were less bearable than yesterday. A number of prostrations were reported during the night, but no additional deaths.

Kansas City, July 2.—At 8 a. m. the weather bureau thermometer registered 84, three degrees above that of the same hour yesterday. Hardly any breeze was strring. There have been no prostrations during the past twenty-four hours.

Louisville, July 2.—At 8 a. m. the official thermometers recorded 79, and the indications were for continued high temperature. No fatal prostrations were reported during the night, though the suffering among children is intense and probably will result in many deaths.

Indianapolis, Ind., July 2.—No deaths

(Continued on page 2.)

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UNIONS LOSE AT READING

Railroad Shop Strike Settled on a Basis Under Which Union Labor Will No Longer Be Recognized.

Philadelphia, July 2.—George F. Barr, of the Reading Railroad company, has given out the following signed statement:

"The Reading railroad shop strike has been settled upon the following basis:

"The men to return to work at once just as they were before they went out.

"The men to be restored to the Philadelphia & Reading Relief association with like effect as though they had not left the employ of the company.

"The labor union not to be recognized. We will employ any one we please and no distinction will be made between union men and non-union men.

"After the men have returned to work, a committee of the shops, representing all the workmen can be appointed by our employes. We will appoint a committee composed of superintendents and foremen of the shops to meet the workmen's committee and the whole subject of wages to be considered by this joint committee with power to agree upon a new scale of wages, which shall be fair and just both to the men and the company. These committees are to begin work as quickly as they are elected. In case, after a considerable effort, the joint committee cannot agree, I will personally meet with the joint committee and endeavor to adjust the differences. It is understood that if any new scale is agreed upon it shall, whenever adopted, be effective July 1, 1901. Transportation will be given to the committee to visit any of the shops with a view of ascertaining the scale of wages in force in such shops."

THE BUSY BURROWS STORE.

Open tonight and tomorrow night ...Until 9.

The Great Eastern Duluth

M. S. Burrows.

Open on the Fourth of July until ..12 Noon.

We are exclusive sellers in Duluth of the Stein-Bloch Co., wholesale tailors' productions. The finest and most fashionable ready-to-wear Clothing made in America.

The Suit Sale of Modern Times....

The crowds which throng The Great Eastern daily, buying these suits would lead one to believe that this is the only clothing store in Duluth. Two thousand new and stylish suits for tomorrow's selling.

Get a New Suit for the Fourth!

Your choice of two thousand beautiful garments --all sizes all styles

$9.75

Suits Made to Sell at $16.00, $18.00 and $20.00.

Blue Serges, Worsteds, Cheviots, Homespuns, Cassimeres, Fancy Stripes, Plaids, Checks

Straw Hats Reduced in Price.

More lots to choose from than in all the other stores in town combined. Be sure to get a new one for the Fourth of July.

Surprising Sale of Boys' and Children's Wear.

Fine dress up suits in all the new and desirable patterns at prices that should appeal to every money saving mother at the Head of the Lakes.

Cool Shirts, Cool Underwear, Cool Neckwear.

At Fearfully Low Prices.

Special Lot—38 dozen soft plaited front Shirts in the colorings such as are shown elsewhere at 75c and $1.00, here tomorrow at ---------- **50c**

New lot Manhattan Shirts just received—patterns extremely nobby—plaited and plaid fronts, cuffs detached or separate, on sale at **$1.50 to $3.00**

Athletic Jerseys for all kinds of outing—made with close-fitting neck and cuffs—comes in all the swell college colors; striped or plain, a most useful article ---------- **$2.50**

Summer Underwear—a special lot, honeycomb weave—very serviceable, comes in blue and black, black and white mixtures, usually sold at 75c—our price per garment ---------- **50c**

Silk Grenadine is the fashionable material for summer neckwear—comes in Windsors and Batwing Ties—very jaunty and cool looking—a gorgeous display tomorrow at ---------- **50c**

We have the narrow folded Collars—the kind now being worn in the East with Negligee Shirts—two qualities—the prices are only, each ---------- **15c and 25c**

Last times of Maj. Winner and wife—do not fail to bring the children in tomorrow—morning or afternoon.

FRIGHTFUL.

(Continued From Page 1.)

or serious prostrations were reported during the morning. The temperature this mornig was fully up to that of yesterday.

Detroit, July 2.—A fierce rain storm during the night, lasting an hour and a half, cooled the temperature so that at 8 a. m. today the weather bureau thermometer registered but 75 degrees. The prospect is for considerably cooler weather today over the lake region, according to Forecaster Conger. There was one death last night from heat, Albert Richter, a teamster, who was overcome on the street and died at Emergency hospital. Six other prostrations occurred yesterday afternoon and evening.

Cleveland, July 2.—The mercury early today registered 78. The sky was overcast and the local weather bureau predicted showers, with lower temperature. No deaths or prostrations from heat were reported during the night.

Cincinnati, July 2.—Only one death was reported during the night from heat. The temperature, which was lowered during the night by a storm, got up to 84 on the street by 8:30 a. m. today.

New Haven, July 2.—The temperature at 8 a. m., according to the weather bureau, was 82. This is 1 degree lower than the corresponding record yesterday.

Omaha, July 2.—Moderate weather prevailed during the morning and at 7 a. m. the mercury registered 72 degrees. Fear of drouth were completely dispelled by the rains of last night, which were general in the state.

Washington, July 2.—The hot wave continued with little abated severity here today. At 9:30 a. m. the official thermometer at the weather bureau recorded 89, which is several degrees lower than the showing made in the unofficial thermometers down town. This, however, is 2 degrees lower than for the same time yesterday morning. The night was insufferably hot, and even on the heights, where there is a marked difference in temperature as compared with the down-town districts, there was scarcely a breath of air stirring. No heat prostrations have been reported this morning.

Boston, July 2.—Weather conditions here were improved, though in a very slight degree, early today, the thermometer standing at 84. There was a light wind from the westward.

Chicago, July 2.—Notwithstanding the storm, which diminished the heat somewhat last evening and made the night more bearable, the mercury on the street at 8 a. m. registered 86 degrees, only 2 degrees lower than at the same hour yesterday. The heat wave is not yet broken, and from present indications it is uncertain when it will be. Forecaster Walsh said:

"It will be cloudy today, and there may be showers. If the sun is kept out of sight all day the heat may be endured in spite of the humidity, but if the sun gets out the day will be a scorching one."

At 10 a. m. the temperature on the Auditorium tower, where the weather bureau is located, was 85. But one prostration has been reported—that of Attorney John Leidler, whose condition was reported serious.

Harrisburg, Pa., July 2.—At 9 a. m. the thermometer registered 94. The heat has seriously affected business. Many steel plants are working half time, but no deaths from heat prostrations have been reported. Pottsville reported 102 at 10 a. m.

Boston, July 2.—Reports from New England points received today indicate no abatement in the hot wave, and the weather bureau looks for "hotter yet."

Newport, R. I., New Bedford, Fall River, Concord and Woonsocket report temperatures ranging from 84 to 90 degrees. At Lynn several factories have been closed down. The mercury at Fall River stood at 90 nearly all night.

At Springfield, Mass., all heat records of the season were broken today. At 8 a. m. the official record was 90 degrees. At 10 a. m. the mercury stood at 96. No deaths have been reported.

Baltimore, July 2.—This city today sweltered under intense heat conditions with no signs of abatement. At 9 a. m. the mercury was at 95 degrees and steadily climbing. One death and twelve cases of prostration were reported up to noon.

Milwaukee, July 2.—Yesterday was the hottest day since July 1, 1887, when it was 103 in the shade. The mercury went up to 97 and there were a dozen prostrations but no deaths. A cool wave from the lake dropped the temperature 20 degrees in that many minutes about 1:30 p. m., but in two hours it was 95 again. Today opens hot and stuffy but there is a breeze blowing and the weather man predicts a cool wave this afternoon.

St. Paul, July 2.—Official temperature in this city this morning was 67, with indications for a continuation of yesterday's clear and comfortable weather. A cool breeze is blowing and the sky cloudless.

Wilmington, Del., July 2.—Most of the large manufacturing plants here closed at noon today owing to the extreme heat.

New York, July 2.—At noon the temperature at the weather bureau was 97 degrees, 1 degree higher than at noon yesterday. The humidity at that time had fallen to 42. At 1 o'clock the total number of deaths from heat in greater New York was 62.

Business everywhere in town is much hindered by heat. The trial of Miles B. McDonnell, before Justice Fursman, was adjourned until next Monday. The foreman of the jury, Patrick Caravan, collapsed from the heat yesterday, and although he was in his seat today, the court decided it would be better to adjour the case.

Shortly after 1 o'clock the J. Hood Wright hspital sent out a notice that it would be unable to respond to any more ambulance calls today, as all the hospital horses were disabled and others were not obtainable. Yesterday's highest temperature of 98 degrees, at 3 p. m., was equalled today at 1 p. m. At that time the wind was blowing from the northwest at the rate of six miles an hour. There were deaths caused by the excessive heat in Jersey City between midnight and noon. Among the number were John Finn and his wife, Margaret Finn. He was prostrated last night, and soon after he had been removed to the hospital, where he died today. His wife expired unattended. Her body was found in her house by a neighbor today. All the foundries in Jersey City have been forced to bank their fires on account of the heat, and they will not be reopened until the hot spell has passed. Altogether about 1100 foundrymen have ceased work . The Clark thread mills and all the other factories and foundries in Harrison, Kearney and Arlington have ceased work. Lorillard's tobacco factory closed down yesterday on account of the unbearable temperature of the work rooms. The factory employs 2300 men and women.

A number of concerns in Newark, Paterson, Passaic and New Brunswick have closed.

Vegetation is suffering greatly in all parts of New Jersey. Unless rain soon falls many crops will be almost totally ruined, and in any event the farmers will lose heavily.

Detroit, July 2.—At 12 o'clock the official temperature was 83 degrees, but a four-mile-an-hour breeze from the Southwest made the city comparatively comfortable. No prostrations were reported up to noon.

Baltimore, July 2.—The thermometer at noon registered 101 and at 1 o'clock it was 1 degree higher, with no relief in sight, unless the few clouds in the west presage a thunderstorm. Four deaths and thirty-two cases of prostration had been reported at 1 o'clock, which exceeds the number recorded yesterday at the same hour.

St. Louis, July 2.—Thirty-three persons, a larger number than were treated here during the entire summer of 1900, are at the city hospital suffering from heat prostrations. Two of these cases resulted fatally up to noon. At 12 o'clock the temperature was 94. In the streets it was 10 degrees higher.

Cleveland, July 2.—At noon the weather bureau thermometer indicated 87 degrees, or 1 lower than at the same hour yesterday. While the promised rain had not come up to noon, a 12-mile breeze from the southwest materially tempered the sun's rays. Two deaths and one prostration from the heat have been reported thus far today.

Louisville, July 2.—A shortage of ice, which, following the breaking down of several ice-making machines yesterday, resulted in the stoppage of shipments to small Kentucky towns, became serious today, when two leading dealers announced the exhaustion of their supplies. Rush orders have been sent North for a supply, but much suffering will ensue, it is feared, before the strain can be relieved.

Philadelphia, July 2.—At 2 p. m. the weather bureau thermometer registered 101½, 1½ degrees hotter than at the same hour yesterday. On the street the register was 105 to 108. So far today, twenty-five deaths from heat have been reported and hundreds of prostration cases are under treatment. One hospital has over 100 cases. The superintendent of police ordered that the horses be spared, and as a result the prisoners were transported through the streets on trolley cars. The hospital ambulance service was inadequate and dozens of the prostrated were carried to the hospital in furniture vans.

BOTH LEGS CRUSHED

David Peterson Terribly Injured While Crossing Railroad Yard.

May Lose His Limbs and Possibly His Life.

Accident Shows Necessity For Proposed Foot Bridge.

David Peterson, a young man 19 years of age, lies in St. Mary's hospital with both legs crushed above the knees and the prospect of going through life without the lower members, even if he survives the terrible shock. Peterson was crossing the railroad yards, between Tnth and Eleventh avenues west, this morning, on his way to work, and had climbed between two cars with the purpose of crossing the track, when a gravel train bumped into the rear of the string of cars and the young man was thrown under the cars, several passing over his limbs.

The ambulance was summoned and the injured man was taken to St. Mary's hospital. Toward noon he had regained consciousness and called for his mother, who is with him. It was expected this noon that amputatin of both limbs above the knees would be necessary this afternoon.

Peterson was employed at the Kelley Island Lime & Transport company's kiln at the foot of Eleventh avenue west and was on his way to work at an early hour this morning when the accident occured. It happened at about the point where the city and railroad companies are to construct a foot bridge across the railroad tracks for the benefit of those workmen who are compelled to cross the tracks twice a day in going to and from their employment. The danger existing in this locality from passing trains has been realized for a long time by the city authorities and a determined effort on their part has brought about the arrangements for the foot bridge, the contract for the construction having already been let.

The Kelley Island Lime & Transportation company states that Peterson has been employed by them in the cooper shop for the past three years and has a record as a sober and industrious young man. He has been the support of a mother and has a smaller brother working at the kiln. Peterson's father committed suicide on the Bowery about four or five years ago. The family lives in the vicinity of Garfield avenue and Michigan street.

ECZEMA; NO CURE NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, Itching Humors, Dandruff and all Skin Diseases no matter of how long standing. Price 50c. If your druggist should fail to have it send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail, and at any time you notify us that the cure was not satisfactory we will promptly return your money. Your druggist will tell you that we are reliable, as our LAXATIVE BROMO-QUININE Tablets, which have a national reputation for colds, are handled by all druggists. Address PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

LAND OFFICE RECEIPTS.

Total For the Year Was $200,057.26.

Receipts for the month of June at the United States land office aggregated $16,286.34. This sum was collected as a result of the following busienss: Eighty cash entries for 6409.56 acres, 205 homestead entries for 23,233.35 acres, and final proofs on 8601.12 acres. The total receipts for the quarter ending June 30, 1901, were $63,797.47, and the total receipts on the same date were $200,057.26. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1900, the total was $176,000, an increase of about $24,000 for the year just closed.

DR. WELLS WRITES A LETTER CONCERNING PE-RU-NA

She Says: "Your Wonderful Medicine Has Saved My Daughter From the Grave.

ANNA WELLS, M. D.

Anna Wells, M. D., writes from the Park Gate hotel, Chicago, Ill., the following letter to Dr. Hartman concerning his world famous remedy, Peruna:

"I thank you most heartily for the sample bottle of Peruna. I prescribed it for my daughter (Miss E. L. Huston), who sadly needed it, as it had proved. **I was utterly hopeless and discouraged. Nothing we gave her would give her an appetite. A nervous shock received two years ago prostrated her. All the consultations and advices of brother physicians had done no good, until your Peruna was advised.**

"She can now eat heartily of solid foods—she had been, not living, but dying on liquids; sleeps good; was troubled with insomnia; mensturation, easy and comfortable; had suffered from dysmonorrhoea and ovaritis. She is now on the third bottle.

"I wish this letter could reach the whole world for the sake of brother physicians, their patients, and the discouraged class who are nobody's patients.

"With all my heart I thank you. Your wonderful medicine has saved my daughter from the grave. I am prescribing it right along for my patients, and find that it soon begins to give relief."—Anna Wells, M. D.

Dr. Wells' daughter, Ethelyn Leslie Huston, was late associate editor of Brann's Iconoclast, and is now on the editorial staff of the Chicago Chronicle. She says:

Ethelyn L. Huston

"I have used Peruna for nerve exhaustion and lack of appetite. I find it invaluable."—Ethelyn Leslie Huston.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, president of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

GATHERED IN.

Amos Bowman's Shining Raiment Did Not Save Him.

Some of the Pan-American exposition tourists from this city are returning. Yesterday Amos Bowman, one of the colored nobility of the city, resplendent in tailor made clothes and shiny silk hat came back to his old camping grounds to relate to his friends the glories of the exposition and the busienss conditions in the East. Amos was busy telling his story lat night when Capt. Resche rudely broke up the meeting by gathering the dazzling story teller into the fold. The captain had been waiting for Amos for about six weeks, but the latter did not appear overjoyed to see him last night.

At police headquarters last evening, the colored Beau Brummell took one look about the palatial apartment reserved for night lodgers and sent for a friend. When the latter arrived, Amos had him strip and the two exchanged clothes, Amos remarking that his clothes were entirely too good for the surroundings. If his friend had the same scruples about his clothing he did not dare express them.

Capt. Resche took Bowman in charge last evening on a warrant charging him with threatening to kill his wife with a revolver, some time in May, in the effort to induce her to give him $50 to pay a cigarette bill. She made complaint and asked that her loving hubby be put under peace bonds, but when Capt. Resche pulled the latch string on the front door of the Bowman abode, Amos, warned by his friends, ducked out of the back door and went over to Superior to arrange for his little trip East.

Bowman was arraigned in municipal court this morning, but the case was dismissed with the understanding that he pay the costs which amounted to about $6. The complaining witness did not appear.

Judge Gearhart listened to the confessions of tipplers this morning and gave them doses of justice according to the extent of their malady. William Rollins, a colored man, pleaded guilty to the charge of drunkenness and was sentenced to pay $12 in fine costs. He did not have the coin handy, but one of his friends, who had been hanging over the bannisters on the outside of the court room, declared that the money was in sight, and he hurried off after it, quickly returning with $12 in small coin. The court officers figured that he must have taken up a collection down on St. Croix avenue.

Andrew Herman, another drunk, was shy the coin of the realm and was committed to the county jail for ten days. The court followed suit in regard to the disposition of John Hanson. John Larson had a charge of disorderly conduct inscribed against him. He pleaded guilty and was released under suspended sintence.

NOT ANXIOUS TO COME.

Cato Stephens, the dusky complexioned gentleman who is badly wanted by the local authorities for highway robbery, and who is at present spending a few of the summer days in the city bastile over in West Superior, is indeed a foxy man, according to the police, but his foxiness is likely to go hard with him when he is brought back to this city. Cato refuses to again become a citizen of Minnesota without requisition papers, and this means that the county will have to go to the expense of sending down to St. Paul and Madison. Cato engaged a lawyer in West Superior, but when that legal authority advised him to come back without causing trouble, he gave him his time. County Attorney McClintock went over to West Superior today to see if Cato's obstinacy had softened. Stevens is accused of stealing $80 in gold and notes from a Finlander by the name of Erick Mattson and hiking over to West Superior to bank it. The authorities say that they have a good case against the colored man, and that if he compels the county to go to extra expense, it will not be forgotten.

THOMSON & DUNLOP
31 West Michigan St.

Are you going to build? You will need—

**Cement Sidewalk, Mantels,
Tiling, Shingle Stains,
Iron Fences,
Etc.**

Telephone 657 { Duluth. Zenith.

Men's $2.50 Canvas Shoes— ...$1.69

THE BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH.

THE FAMOUS

111 West Superior Street.

Big Cut in Prices on High Grade Summer Shoes and Slippers.

$1.25 for 98c— 120 pairs Ladies' $1.25 Oxfords, Tan or Black, all sizes, reduction sale....... **98c**

$1.00 for 69c— 90 pairs Ladies' $1.00 Tan or Black Oxfords, mostly large sizes, reduction sale. **69c**

$1.50 for $1.19— Ladies' $1.50 fine Vici Kid Oxfords, reduction sale........... ... **$1.19**

$2.00 for $1.48— 500 pairs Ladies' $2.00 Oxfords, tan or Black, turn sole, 16 different styles to select from; reduction sale........ .... **$1.48**

$2.00 for $1.48— 100 pairs Ladies' $2.00 Shoes, kid or patent tip, button or lace all sizes, reduction sale..................... **$1.48**

$3.00 for $2.39 60 pairs Ladies' $3.00 Cloth Top Patent Leather Shoes—all sizes and widths—reduction sale....... **$2.39**

200 Pairs Ladies' $3.50 Shoes, in all the different styles, all the different leathers—reduction sale....... **$2.98**

$3 and $2.50 for $1.98 300 pairs Ladies' $3.00 fine Vici Shoes, lace or button, kid or patent tips, all sizes—reduction sale. **$1.98**

Misses' and Children's Slippers— $1.00 for 75c 150 pairs Child's patent leather, red, white or black strap Sandals, reduction sale................. **75c**

Crystal Cut Glass Given Away Free.
☞ Ask For a Ticket.

Misses' $1.25 Strap Sandals in Black or Tan—reduction sale **85c**

65c for 49c 90 pairs Child's 65c Kid Shoes, lace or button, sizes 2 to 5—reduction sale. **49c**

75c for 59c 120 pair Child's 75c Shoes, in Red, Tan or Black, sizes 2 to 5—reduction sale. **59c**

$1.35 for 98c Misses' $1.35 Shoes in Tan or Black, all sizes—reduction sale.............. **98c**

$1.50 for $1.19 Misses' $1.50 Kid Shoes—kid or patent tip, lace or button; reduction sale................ **$1.19**

$2.50 for $1.69 Misses' $2.50 patent leather lace Shoes—reduction sale........ **$1.69**

50c for 35c Boys' and Youths' Tennis Oxfords, Tan or Black—reduction sale............................ **35c**

$1.25 for 89c Little Gents' Vici Kid Shoes, sizes 9 to 13—reduction sale................. **89c**

$1.25 for 98c Little Gents' satin calf Shoes, all solid, sizes 9 to 13—reduction sale..... **98c**

300 pairs Boys' $1.25— Real and Satin Calf Shoes, sizes 2 to 6—reduction sale................. **98c**

Boys' $2 Satin Calf Shoes—reduction sale..................... **$1.48**

$1.50 for $1.19 Men's $1.50 Satin Shoes—reduction sale....................... **$1.19**

Big Reduction on all Men's Summer Tan Shoes.

Monstrous Clothing sale

Store jammed from the time doors opened till doors closed all this week. Vast crowds coming from far and near to take advantage of our Great Manufacturers Closing Out Sale.

Store open until 11 p.m. tomorrow

The Vanguard Clothing Co.

Store open until 11 p.m. tomorrow

Wonderful in the extreme will be our slaughtering of Men's Fine Suits, Mackintoshes, Shoes, Shirts, Underwear and Hosiery on the 3rd and 4th of July.

Men's $10.00, $12.00 and $13.50 suits at ---------- **$6.75**

Men's $15.00, $16.00, $18.00 and $20.00 suits at ---------- **$9.75**

Men's $1.50 and $2.00 trousers at ---------- **95c**

Men's $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 trousers at ---------- **$1.95**

Men's $4.00 and $4.50 trousers at ---------- **$2.95**

Men's $5.00 and $6.00 trousers at ---------- **$3.95**

Don' delay! Early customers will get the best selections. Extra salesmen provided to wait on you promptly. Extraordinary reduction in men's fine furnishing goods and neckwear.

Wanted at once Five experienced Clothing Salesmen

THE VANGUARD CLOTHING CO.,
407 W. Superior St.

Wanted at once Five experienced Clothing Salesmen

AT ASHLAND.

Duluth Ball Team Will Play There on the Fourth.

The Duluth team goes to Ashland today, and will play three games at that place, one tomorrow and two on the Fourth. Manager Hansell went down yesterday afternoon to make the final arrangements for the games and the team will follow this afternoon. The men expect the warmest set of games that they will have this season. Although they defeated Ashland two weeks ago they had with them the hard-hitting Augustine, who batted in three of the runs. This gentleman is now down at Ashland and will twirl for the iron town team. The Duluth people are full of fight and if hard work can do it they will win. Cummings will pitch tomorrow and Staub or Glenny on the Fourth. Sturgeon will wear the mask both games and Hansell will cover first. Staub and Cummings will play second, while McLaren will be on third. Shepard will play short and Bennet, Lambert and Randall will be in the field.

The Fashions will play the Duluth team next Sunday afternoon and one of the most interesting games of the season on the home grounds will probably be the result. The line-up has not been definitely decided upon yet.

The Elks' Excursion.

The excursion of the Elks will take place this evening on the steamer Peerless at 8 o'clock. A 30-mile trip down the lakes will be the route, and music and dancing will be enjoyed. Refreshments will be served and it will doubtless be one of the most delightful affairs of the season. The excursion is given to enable the Elks to take the Third Regiment band, strengthened to thirty pieces, to Milwaukee with them at their annual convention.

Proclamation!

All persons are warned against discharging fireworks or firearms of any kind during the parade or during the ceremonies of laying the corner stone on July 4, in the vicinity of the parade or of the new library building. This precaution is necessary to prevent accidents, fires and runaways and the police have been given strict orders to enforce this proclamation by arrests, if necessary.

Attention is also called at this time to the danger of setting off fireworks in alleys and back yards. Notice is also given of the ordinance restricting the use of firecrackers to those of less than six (6) inches in length, and also that the use of torpedoes, fulminate or other explosives on the street car tracks will not be permitted under any circumstances.

As these points are covered by ordinances of the city of Duluth, the police are instructed to see that they are strictly enforced.

T. W. HUGO,
Mayor.

July 2, 1901.

Earned a Vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Mahoney, of St. Joseph, Mich., are visiting their sons, J. D. and Edward Mahoney, of this city. Mr. Mahoney, who is 76 years of age and as active as though half of that were the total of his years, is an interesting figure. He helped lay the first rail for the Great Western railroad in Western Ontario, and for forty-seven years he has been an employe of the Grand Trunk road. Out of that time he has the unique distinction of having worked forty-three years without being absent from his labors a single day.

The Forfeited Sale.

The forfeited tax sale is progressing rapidly at the court house, and though it is not very much of a sale, County Auditor Halden is going through the motions as though he were doing as well as he did when he made his reputation as an auctioneer on the first forfeited tax sale. The sale will last tomorrow, but it will probably be finished before the Fourth, which is the day after tomorrow.

A Crazy Miner.

Victor Johanson was brought down from Eveleth yesterday to be examined in probate court as to his sanity, and with him came a tale of some wild and woolly doings on his part up there. When he was examined in probate court yesterday afternoon, however, he was so mild and sane that everybody thought he must have been greatly maligned. The matter was held over to see how he came out, and last night he started on a rampage in the jail and stirred things up considerably. He was to have another examination this afternoon, and it was not thought that it would result in his commitment to the asylum for the insane at Fergus Falls. He is a miner.

Excursion For Fourth.

Among the many attractions for the Fourth of July will be the holiday excursion given by the Booth Transportation company on their new steamer Argo. The boat will leave Booth's dock at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning and return early Friday morning in time for business, calling at Isle Royale and stopping at Port Arthur. This is one of the most pleasant excursions that one can take at any time, and on the new boat it will be especially delightful.

Morrison-Harvey.

This afternoon at 5 o'clock the marriage of Miss Anne Morrison and P. Harvey will take place at the home of Rev. Alexander Milne. After the ceremony a wedding supper will be served at their new home in Munger terrace. They will leave this evening for a short trip and will be at home about July 15. Miss Morrison is a popular young woman, while Mr. Harvey has a wide circle of friends. He holds a position with G. C. Steele.

Early wrinkles indicate deficient nourishment, starving skin. Use Satin-Skin Cream skin food and restore rotundity.

$45.00 Round Trip

To Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Pacific Coast Points via Great Northern Railway. Tickets first class and good until August 31st, only $50.00 to San Francisco and return. On sale, July 6th to 13th inclusive. Call at city office, cor. Spalding Hotel.

FOR THE FOURTH

Preparations For the Big Day Are Practically Completed.

Order of Parade With Assignment of Each Organization.

No Advertising Floats Allowed---No Fire Crackers Tolerated.

The preparations for the Fourth of July celebration are about completed, although there are some of the minor details that are necessarily left open until the last minute. The order of march was printed in The Herald last Saturday afternoon, but the full and detailed order is now printed for the first time. A meeting of the parade committee was held last night and the final preparations decided upon. No advertising will be allowed in the procession and no cannon crackers can be exploded along the line of march. The school children are requested to assemble at the high school at 9:30 Thursday morning so that those in charge will have ample time to arrange them. Maj. Resche will be the chief marshal of the day. The detailed order of the parade follows:

FIRST DIVISION.
Platoon of Police.
Chief Marshal and Staff.
Third Regiment Band.
Company C. M. N. G.
Company A. M. N. G.
Soldiers of all Nations.
SECOND DIVISION.
Boys' Drum Corps.
Boys' Brigade.
School Children.
THIRD DIVISION.
Royal Camp Band, M. W. A.
Trades and Labor Assembly.
Longshoremen's Union No. 12.
Plumbers' Union No. 11.
Amalgamated Meat Cutters' Union No. 12.
Brewery Workers' Union.
Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers' Union.
Railway Conductors' Union.
Carpenters' Union.
Iron Molders' Union.
Stone Masons' International Union No. 4.
Freight Handlers' Union.
Cooks and Waiters' Union.
Letter Carriers' Union.
Cigarmakers' Union.
FOURTH DIVISION.
Ely Band.
Ely Finnish Temperance Union.
Scandinavian H. & E. F. of A.
Modern Samaritans.
Polish National Benevolent Society.
Knights of Pythias.
St. Joseph Benevolent Society.
Knights of the Maccabees.
FIFTH DIVISION.
North Star Band.
Modern Woodmen of America.
Improved Order of Red Men.
Normanna Singing Society.
Svea Glee Club.
Ancient Order of United Workmen.
Bagpipes.
Clan Stewart.
Independent Order of Odd Fellows.
United Order of Foresters.
L'Union St. Jean Baptiste.
Mayor.
Hon. R. G. Evans, Orator of the Day.
Hon. L. C. Harris, Reader of the Declaration of Independence.
Common Council and Invited Guests.
SIXTH DIVISION.
Duluth City Band, U. R. K. P.
Free Masons.
Knights Templar.
Hon. Gideon S. Ives, Grand Commander, and Grand Lodge of Masons.

There is every indication that the man, woman or child that attempts to display his enthusiasm on the glorious Fourth by firing off firearms or firecrackers along the line of the parade, will go up against the real thing. Mayor Hugo has been in consultation with Chief Crandall and has insisted to that officer that the order prohibiting the discharging of firearms and firecrackers during the parade be carried out to the letter, and he has instructed the department to make arrests promptly in case of a violation, and it will be seen to that offenders are dealt with as severely as possible under the law. These measures have been taken, the mayor states, not for the reason of curtailing any of the fun on Independence day, but for the safety of those that are in the parade, the aim being to reduce to a minimum the chances for accidents. There will be a large number of horses in the big parade and it would be dangerous for the crowds if explosives were permitted. The young people will have plenty of opportunity before and after the parade to vent their exhuberance of spirits in firecrackers. The mayor and chief have looked up the law regarding the length of firecrackers permissible and have found that all crackers less than six inches in length are within the limit.

There has been just one case reported to the board of fire commissioners thus far of a dealer that has violated the law by selling fire crackers that are longer than permitted by law. The man that bought the fire crackers was warned by the board, and he in turn took them back to the dealer, who refused to give him back his money. The purchaser made complaint to the board and was advised to go before the county attorney and make complaint against the dealer for violating the law, as he had a plain case. The law is very strict regarding this matter, and conviction may be followed by a heavy penalty.

One of the members of the committee on parade said this morning that he had heard that several of the business houses of Duluth were preparing expensive floats to take part in the procession. It was stated in The Herald, and the committee has emphatically decided that there shall be absolutely no advertising floats in the parade, and this decision will be strictly adhered to on the Fourth. This is a strictly patriotic affair, and although business house floats would doubtless add beauty to the occasion, the committee have thought it best to bar all such things.

The program for the day will be in the hands of the printer by tomorrow morning and will be full and complete. The entries for the horse races are not all in as yet, but a number of fast horses will compete. The free-for-all is expected to be the most interesting one of the lot.

Much interest has been taken in the contests between The Herald newsboys at the driving park on the Fourth, and that part of the program will provide an entertainment in itself. When the contests were printed in Saturday's Herald it was not three minutes after the first paper had come from the press that the page containing the Fourth of July program was stuck up on the wall in the circulating room and three-legged races were being run all over Michigan street. Neckties were utilized to make two legs one, and about the only contest that was not tried was the bun-eating event. Most of the boys consider themselves adepts in the gentle art of bun-eating, and it is safe to say that there will be the largest number of entries in that contest. About twenty of The Herald newsboys will take part.

The events as arranged by A. C. Pearson, the circulator of The Herald, are as follows: Fast-dressing race, animal race, leap-frog race, bun-eating contest, three-legged race, hopping race and 100-yard dash. These events will be put in at the driving park to fill up the time between the horse races.

The fireworks will be the most splendid exhibition that Duluth has ever seen, occupying about three and one-half hours. They will be set off at Thirteenth avenue east and London road, and 50,000 people will be able to see them with ease and comfort.

JUNE WEDDINGS

were plentiful. Has the wedding Piano been chosen? If not, may we assist in the selection? A handsome

STEINWAY

will grace any home and afford lifelong pleasure. The Colonial, in fancy mahogany is a charming Piano. Let us send particulars regarding it, and quote our special prices.

DULUTH MUSIC CO
Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.
Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos
Cor. Superior Street and Lake Avenue.

Kool, Komfortable Klothing--

Don't you think you could enjoy the Fourth of July celebration better if you were dressed in a neat, nobby new suit of blue serge.

50 Blue Serge Suits go on sale this morning, good quality, well tailored. Regular price, $13.00—until after the Fourth—

$10.

Come and see them.

$1.00 Per Week Payments.

Gately
Supply Co.,
8 East Superior Street.

The Municipal Court.

Two jury cases were called in Judge Edson's court this morning and both were dismissed. The first was the personal injury case of Oscar Cederstrom, of West Duluth, against the city of Duluth. The main witness for the plaintiff resides out of the city and could not be reached and the court refused a motion for a continuance. The case was dismissed on motion of the plaintiff's attorney. The second case was that of the city against Jacob Lieberman, who has one of the street sprinkling conracts. Lieberman was charged with assault, the complaining witness being J. J. Findlay, a veterinary surgeon residing on Sixth avenue west. The complaining witness did not appear this morning, and on motion of the attorney for the defense, the case was dismissed.

Business University Notes.

Miss Nettie J. Haley, a former student, has procured an excellent position as stenographer and bookkeeper for the First National bank, Devils Lake, N. D.

Professor A. J. McLennan, of the Toronto university, is likely to become a member of our staff in the near future.

Misses Belle Brown and Mae Murphy, and Messrs. F. Crabtree and S. Rhodes enrolled at the college last Monday, each for a complete stenography and commercial course.

Excursion Rates Via "The Milwaukee."

Cincinnati, July 4, 5, 6, United Society Christian Endeavor, $21.50 round trip.

Detroit, July 5, 6, 7, National Educational association, $20.75 round trip.

Chicago, July 23, 24, 25, Baptist Young People's union of America, $13.50 round trip.

Louisville, Aug. 24, 25, 26, triennial conclave Knights Templar, $21.50 round trip.

Buffalo, all summer, Pan-American exposition, $24.50 round trip.

All tickets good on celebrated Pioneer Limited.

Call at Milwaukee office, or write J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, St. Paul, for detailed information. Ask for Pan-American folder.

$17.00 Buffalo and Return

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account Pan-American Exposition. Tickets on sale every day and a train every day from Duluth, Union depot, at 7:00 p. m. Let us plan your trip, via popular rail and lake routes.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

THE STATE BENEFITS

Large Find of Ore Made on Four School Forties.

Messrs. Miller, Brown and Merritt Held the Leases.

Sold to J. E. Wright of West Virginia For $112,500.

The state school fund will be further enriched to a handsome extent by reason of another find of ore on state lands, and the state can thank the prsent activity in iron ore for prompting the explorations that have resulted in this. A. M. Miller, Jr., John G. Brown and Alfred Merritt are the fortunate finders of this iron ore, and they have just made the sale of two leases to J. E. Wright, of West Virginia, for $112,500. The lands covered by the leases are three forties in section 3-58-18 and one forty in section 11-58-18. It is said that about 6,000,000 tons have been shown up on the properties, and on this the state will get a royalty of 25 cents. The ore is of fair quality, not the best on the range nor the poorest.

Under the leases the owner can hold them for four years more by paying $100 a year before mining, but after that he must begin to work the property. It is expected that mining operations will begin before very long, however.

There has been a suspicion that the purchaser of the leases represented the Great Northern railroad interests, but this is said to be untrue. The purchaser is not, however, disclosing whom he represents.

Takes a Residence.

F. E. House, president of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, has rented the Bunnell house, on East Superior street, between Thirteenth and Fourteenth avenues east, and will occupy it with his family at a very early date. Mr. House has also purchased some lots, and it is said will erect a handsome home next spring.

Girls Have Their Way.

There was a small-sized strike among the young women employed by the Zenith Telephone company this morning. They did not quit work, but made known their desires in the shape of a formal communication. The company has been paying the operators $20 a month to start with, and $25 after two weeks' service. The young women desire a different scale. They want $20 the first three months, $$2.50 teh sec- the first three months, $22.50 the sec- first year, $27.50 the second year and $30 the third year. Manager Kritzer was very gallant, notifying the young women at once that their request was granted.

ATTENTION, SIR KNIGMTS!

A special conclave of Duluth Commandery, No. 18, K. T., has been called to meet at their asylum, Masonic Temple, on Thursday, July 4th, at 9 o'clock a. m., tor the purpose of acting as escort to the Grand Lodge, A. F. & A. M., Minnesota, on the occasion of laying the corner stone of the new Carnegie Library building.

All sojourning Sir Knights are cordially invited to attend.

ALFRED LE RICHEUX,
Recorder.

Fourth of July Rates.

July 3 and 4, Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to all points on its line within a radius of 200 miles at one fare and a third for round trip. Good returning July 6, except St. Paul and Minneapolis tickets, which will be good until July 5 only. For tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot and Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

Boating, Fishing, Picnicing

At Minong, Wis., July 4th. The Twilight Limited, leaving Duluth 4:30 p. m. Wednesday, July 3rd, will stop at Minong to accommodate those who desire to spend their Fourth of July among the pines, streams and lakes of this very popular Wisconsin resort. The Day Express, leaving Duluth at 9:15 a. m., makes regular stops at Minong going and returning, and the "Twilight Limited" will stop July 4th to pick up passengers for Duluth and the Superiors. You will enjoy the day at Minong.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

Don't forget that we are Headquarters for Flags and Bunting.

Store open tomorrow evening until 10.
Closed on the Fourth.

We are Prepared to Fill Your Every Want for the 4th

Shirt Waists Also some special lots on sale.
Shirt Waists Suits.
Separate Wash Skirts On sale.
Separate Skirts of cloth or silk.
Eton Jackets and Box Coats at half price.
Ribbons—Parasols.

Headquarters for Flags and Bunting.

Trimmed Millinery.
Straw Sailors.
Children's Hats.
Summer Underwear and Hosiery.
Neckwear and Novelties.

Headquarters for Flags and Bunting.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

RAISED.

Limit of Age of Applicants For Postoffice Positions.

Washington, July 2.—Secretaries Hay and Long were the absentees at today's cabinet meeting. Little business was transacted. The most important question decided upon was a change in the civil service rules regarding clerks and carriers in the postal service. The age limits within which applicants could apply for positions as carriers heretofore have been 21 years as the minimum and 40 as the maximum. The minimum for clerks has been 18 years with no maximum. The civil service commission proposed a uniform minimum of 18 and a maximum of 40 years. It was the opinion of the postmaster general and the rest of the cabinet, however, that this maximum was too low, and it was decided to fix 45 years as the maximum for both classes of employes.

Secretary Hitchcock informed the cabinet that the proclamation for the opening of the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache Indian reservations, in Oklahoma, was completed. The secretary will go over it with the president tomorrow, and it will be issued either tomorrow evening or July 4. It will fix the day of opening and will prescribe the methods and rules to be observed by prospective settlers.

THE MEN WON.

Joliet, Ill., July 2.—A strike of 250 machinists, which caused the closing of the Bates plant several days ago, was settled today. The men received the concessions sought.

For **Flags and Bunting** of all kinds.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Lester Park.

Two orchestras. Two elegant dancing floors. Afternoon and evening, July 4.

This store will be open tonight, Tomorrow night and Fire Works Dep't all day on the Fourth.

FIRE WORKS!

They're going like wild-fire, but at this rate they can't last long. Get yours quick or you may get left.

All that's new—all that's good in Fire Works—is shown in our big stock. Our prices are so low you'll get much more for your money than you expect.

Roman Candles, Pin Wheels,
Mines, Sky Rockets,
Balloons, Colored Lights,
Surprises, Wind Mills,
Grasshoppers, Fire Crackers,
Japanese Sun Lights,
Cannon Crackers.

Kelley Hdw. Co.

FUNERAL OF KYLE

Congressional Committees Have Been Named to Attend.

All the Minnesota Members' Names Are on the List.

Senators Will Not Be Able to Reach Aberdeen.

Washington, July 2.—The following committees have been appointed on behalf of the senate and house of representatives to attend the funeral of Senator Kyle, at his late home at Aberdeen, S. D.: Senators Gamble, Hansbrough, McCumber, Nelson, Clark (of Montana), Gibson, Penrose, Mallory, Daniel, Bard, Dolliver, Heitfield and Harris. Representatives Martin and Burke, of South Dakota; Marshall, North Dakota; Edwards, Montana; Tawney, McCleary, Heatwole, Stevens, Fletcher, Morris and Eddy, of Minnesota.

Sergeant-at-arms Ransdell has been notified that the funeral will take place Thursday afternoon, which renders it impossible for an official representative of the senate to reach there in time for the ceremony. On that account Col. A. D. Tinsley, Senator Kyle's private secretary, has been requested to act as the official representative of the senate.

DELINQUENT.

Some Elevator Men Have Not Yet Procured Licenses.

Building Inspector J. H. Robinson has completed the examination of the first batch of applicants for a state license to run an elevator, and has issued licenses to the following named persons with their places of employement :

Charles F. Parsons, Palladio building; Callis Foucett, not employed; Frank McGirl, Torrey building; Folkey E. DeVohn, Exchange Bank building; Charles Nelson, Providence building; Charles W. Ferrer, Board of Trade building; Thomas Johnson, Providence building; William B. Richardson, First National Bank building; E. C. Ludwig, Board of Trade building; Robert Gillis, Palladio building; Albert Gillis, Manhattan building; Edward Donker, Manhattan building; James D. Hart, Lonsdale building; Arthur St. Germain, Lonsdale building; K. Williams, Burrows building; Henry C. Richardson, First National Bank building; Seth M. Parker, Marshall-Wells building; Joseph Pierce, Torrey building; Philip Busha, Burrows building; David Brown, G. C. Steele store; J. H. Coggan, Spalding hotel; H. H. Richards, Board of Trade building; Fred Swanson, Freimuth store; William Andrew, Lowell block; Frank Ottinger, Silberstein & Bondy store; H. Van Brunt, Masonic Temple; Thomas Pearson, Masonic Temple building; George Chambers, French & Bassett building; W. W. Daoust, Glass Block store; George C. Champlain, G. C. Steele store; John Cosgrove, Burrows store; Fred Owens, St. Louis hotel; John E. Richardson, Providence building; Roy Mitchell, Burrows building; Frank O'Connor, New Jersey building; James Ogle, St. Louis hotel; Victor J. Fraser, Providence building.

Only 10 per cent of the applicants failed in the examination in this city, while in St. Paul the percentage was 30. The licenses date from July 1, 1901, and expire June 30, 1902. The state law passed at the last session of the legislature requires that all passenger elevators in cities of over 50,000 inhabitants be run by licensed men, the examinations to be held by the building inspector or the city engineer, the applicants to pay a fee of 25 cents each to cover all expenses.

Inspector Robinson says that there are some buildings in the city where the elevator employes have not presented themselves for examination and in such buildings where elevators are being operated by unlicensed men, the owner is guilty of a misdemeanor and liable on conviction to pay a fine not exceeding $100 or imprisonment in the county jail for a period not to exceed over ninety days. The inspector says that he has given warning to the owners of buildings and will proceed against them wherever he discovers a violation of the law.

Anxious For Trouble.

Having infused some new blood into the ball team, which last year met with defeat at the hands of the News Tribune type-eaters, The Evening Herald composing room team hereby challenges the former victors to another game, the date and particulars to be arranged later, a guarantee being given by The Herald team that it will give the News-Tribunites pointers about the national game that they never before saw or read about. All communications should be addressed to the Sporting Editor of The Herald.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelley's hat hospital for sick hats.

If you smoke a "Tom Reed" you smoke the best cigar on the market.

If it rains on the 4th Lester Park is the place. If it does not rain Lester Park expects the biggest day in its history.

Next Tuesday the annual meeting of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor will convene at West Superior. One hundred delegates from all the large cities of the Badger state, will be in attendance.

Frank Fleischman has returned to Duluth to accept the management of the crockery and hardware departments at Freimuth's.

Mr. and Mrs. William Mies have taken one of the houses in the Ashtabula terrace, 221 Fifth avenue east.

The following deaths have been reported at the health office: Anna Peterson, a domestic, 30 years of age, at the Red Cross hospital, June 23, of tuberculosis and rheumatism, burial at Greenwood cemetery; Mrs. Charles St. George, age 30 years, of 608 Fifty-seventh avenue west, died on June 23 of menengitis, burial at Calvary cemetery.

One birth certificate was filed at the health office this morning, that of a boy to Mr. and Mrs. John Reiois, of 331 Sixtieth avenue west, on June 5.

A marriage license has been issued to Otto Helstrom and Tina Fredin.

Building Inspector Robinson has turned over to the city during the month of June, $262.52, that he has collected in fees. This is one of the self supporting offices of the city government, as there is rarely a month that the fees received fall below $100.

Mrs. A. A. Harris has sold her residence at No. 12 Twelfth avenue east to Frank P. Nester of the Nester lumber interests. He will occupy it at once. The consideration was $9000.

PERSONALS.

Senator Moses E. Clapp and daughter, Miss Kathrina, of St. Paul, arrived in the city this morning from Ely where they had been visiting since last Saturday. They left this afternoon for home.

Charles Culver left this morning for Seattle where he will engage in business.

Mrs. A. Merritt left this morning for Butte where she will visit friends.

Mrs. J. Pengilly and daughter, of Ely, and Mrs. Marion, of Tower, are visiting with friends in Duluth today.

E. C. Garlick, of Virginia, is in the city.

James T. Hurst, of Wyandotte, Mich., a lumberman, is in Duluth on a business trip.

J. Geary, of Hibbing, is registered at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Chase, of Minneapolis, are at the Spalding.

A. S. Hamilton is up from Hancock, Mich., for the Fourth.

Mrs. T. F. Canfield, of Salem, Oregon, is in the city visiting her sister, Miss Murray, of 1632 East First street. Mrs. Canfield was formerly Miss Margaret Murray and frequently visited here.

Mrs. M. A. Howe, of New York, is here to spend the summer with her daughter, Mrs. George A. St. Clair, of 1125 East Superior street.

Drew Dunn arrived in the city from Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Davidson left this morning for their old home at Austin, Minn., where they will spend the Fourth.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Howard and child leave this afternoon for Buffalo.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Bacon of Grand Forks, N. D., are in the city. They will depart this evening for Buffalo.

J. W. Jones, late of Charles City, Iowa, has accepted a position as assistant manager with the Scott-Graff Lumber company and is now in the city. At Charles City, Mr. Jones was manager for the George P. Smith company.

F. Weyerhaeuser and C. J. Morris, of St. Paul, are in the city on business.

Mrs. A. M. Chisholm of Hibbing, is in Duluth today.

Solomon Sax of Eveleth, and Samuel Sax of Hibbing, are in the city.

M. C. Woodward of Tower, is a Duluth visitor today.

W. J. Smith and Miss Smith of Eveleth, are visiting in the city today.

John F. Coggswell of Two Harbors, is calling on Duluth friends today.

EIGHT HOURS NOW.

Postoffice Carriers Work Only That Time.

The new law passed by the last congress reducing the hours of the letter carriers in the postoffice service to eight hours a day, went into effect yesterday, July 1. Previous to that date, the carriers had to cover their routes regardless of the time it took them. It is expected that the change in hours will not effect the delivery of the mail in this city, and that the carriers can cover their routes within the prescribed time, without the necessity of increasing the force or cutting the routes.

The postoffice hours for the Fourth of July are as follows: The general delivery and carriers' and stamp window will be open from 8 to 9 o'clock a. m. There will be an early morning delivery of mail in the business district of the city only. The money order and registry departments will be closed all day.

Library Board Meets.

The library board held its regular monthly meeting last evening, but little of importance came up outside of the regular routine business. The question of plaster for the new library building was the subject of some discussion, and the only conclusion reached by the board was that adamant would not be used. The board directed that some of the library records be prepared, to be placed under the corner stone of the new library building at the time of the ceremony on Thursday, July 4. Nothing of startling importance has ever transpired in connection with the Duluth public library, and the records that will be planted will not be very extensive.

Going to Tower.

The Freimuth baseball team will play at Tower on the Fourth for a purse of $50. The Duluth boys think that they have the stronger team, and expect to come back with flying colors. They will play as follows: Catchers, Harney or Robinson; pitcher, Ryan; first base, Welsh; second base, Chyne; short stop, Carroll; third base, Deighton; left field, Medley; center field, Kreiger; right field, Van Couten.

ITALIANS ARRESTED.

Paris, Ill., July 2.—Two Italians, who assaulted a woman last night at Bloomfield, five miles from here, have been captured. Hundreds of farmers have gathered with guns and ropes but the officers are holding them at bay awaiting the arrival of the sheriff.

FUNERAL OF JUDGE WOODS.

Indianapolis, July 2.—Funeral services were held today over Judge William Woods, late of the Seventh federal district. Many prominent men were in attendance. Interment was at Crown Hill.

F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO.

Sterling Silver Ware.

Straight Drive on Prices.

Spoons, Forks, Knives, Etc.

Tea Spoons, $2.75, $3.50 and $4.25 for set of six.

Dessert Spoons, $7.75 and $8.00 for set of six.

Forks, $7.75 and $8.00 for set of six.

These prices you will find are far below the regular.

F. D. DAY & CO., 315 W. SUPERIOR ST. Duluth, Minn.

REPORTS ON HEAT

Humidity Made Weather at Chicago Very Oppressive.

Two Deaths and Several Prostrations Occur at Washington.

East Wind Brought Relief From the Heat at Boston.

Chicago, July 2.—While the humidity made the weather oppressive, the temperature did not go above 85 up to 2 p. m., and most of the time it was under that mark. Four prostrations were reported.

Indianapolis, July 2.—Two deaths were reported from the heat. At 1 p. m. the thermimeter registered 93 degrees.

Wilmington, Del., July 2.—Three deaths from heat and fifteen prostrations were reported up to noon.

Washington, July 2.—Two deaths and a number of prostrations have been reported. The thermometer has been dropping steadily this afternoon and at 2:10 p. m. registered 85.

Boston, July 2.—As the day passed the east wind brought relief from the great heat and the temperature fell to 78. Seven prostrations were reported up to noon. Four of the victims probably will die.

Pittsburg, July 2.—At 3 p. m. the thermometer registered 92 degrees. Seven more deaths were reported, making nineteen today.

Philadelphia, July 2.—At 3 p. m. the weather bureau thermometer registered 102½, breaking all records.

Cincinnati, July 2.—The government thermometer at noon registered 89, which is three degrees lower than at noon on Monday. The sky has been overcast slightly most of the day and a light breeze has tempered the atmosphere. Only one death has been reported today and that was a prostration of yesterday. The prostrations today were fewer than yesterday.

Baltimore, July 2.—The weather bureau reported a temperature of 103 degrees at 3 p. m. This is exactly the same as yesterday at the same time.

Boston, July 2.—At 3 p. m. the thermometer had climbed to 94 and was 16 degrees higher than when the wind changed at 2 p. m.

A FINE PROGRAM.

Cathedral Celebration of the Fourth.

The cathedral celebration of the Fourth of July was held in Catholic Association hall at the corner of Second avenue west and Fourth street last evening. The hall was packed and an extremely interesting program was given.

Miss Theresa Lynn played a piano solo with excellent effect, and a vocal solo by Miss Anna Farrell was much enjoyed.

A recitation by J. R. McKinnon, entitled "The Convict," was well delivered and elicited great applause. John Foran sang a vocal solo very acceptably, and a piano duet played by Mrs. J. McAuliffe and Mrs. C. H. Thornton was a fine success.

"Mr. Rob," a farce comedy in two acts, was one of the greatest successes ever presented in the hall, and the participants deserve great credit for their work.

BUSINESS OF THE PORT.

The Receipts and Shipments During June.

Port business for the month of June was heavy but no records were broken. The number of vessels arriving was 360 and the clearances exactly the same, something which has never happened before in the history of this port. A new ore shipping record was made at Two Harbors, the shipments of any previous month being exceeded by nearly 200,000 tons, and the total tonnage leaving that port was in excess of that leaving Duluth, the preponderance of ore cargoes and larger vessels accounting for this strange fact. The figures are as follows:

RECEIPTS.	
Coal, tons	121,208
Sugar, barrels	6,600
Salt, barrels	26,766
Cider, barrels	70
Vinegar, barrels	528
Liquor, barrels	4
Stone, tons	6,348
Cement, tons	2,582
Manufactured iron, tons	486
Fish, lbs	45,037
Logs, feet	8,200,000
Ties	7,400
Merchandise, tons	10,119
Total tons	188,946
SHIPMENTS	
Wheat, bushels	727,636
Corn, bushels	80,000
Oats, bushels	30,000
Rye, bushels	22,000
Flax, bushels	72,843
Flour, barrels	282,648
Feed, tons	1,200
Ore, tons	542,487
Lath	1,500,000
Shingles	5,609,000
Lumber, feet	43,856,000
Copper, tons	935
Ties	31,300
Merchandise, tons	498
Total tons	592,466

The ore shipments at Two Harbors for the month amounted to 861,876. The best previous record was made in July, 1900, the total being 634,388, and the total for June one year ago is 625,826. Vessels to the number of 165 entered the port, and 168 vessels cleared. The receipts at the port were 23,550 tons of coal. Shipments, exclusive of ore, were 4,550,000 feet of lumber. The total tonnage leaving the port was 872,726.

FIRE AT FLEMINGS.

Williams, Ariz., July 2.—Fire, which started today in Fleming's general store destroyed the main portion of the town including two entire blocks and a portion of another. Estimates on the loss vary, but it will be quite heavy.

FOUR-DAY HOLIDAY.

Philadelphia, July 2.—The brokers on the stock exchange today voted to take a four days' holiday. When the exchange closes at 3 p. m. tomorrow, it will remain closed until Monday morning, July 8.

Lester Park.

Two orchestras. Two elegant dancing floors. Afternoon and evening, July 4.

Freimuth's Store open WEDNESDAY till 10 p. m. Freimuth's Store Closed ALL DAY THURSDAY. Freimuth's

The Great American Sale Finishes in a Blaze of Glory TOMORROW NIGHT AT 10 O'CLOCK.

It has been a magnificent success from its inception—every hour has been thronged with bargains—every day crowded with price attractions—and tomorrow will crown them all—a day and a night throbbing with values on goods needed for the proper celebration of the nation's birthday—these head the list—there are hundreds of others—LET US HELP YOU CELEBRATE THE FOURTH.

WHITE SHIRT WAISTS AT $1.00.

Even if you think you've shirt waists enough for the Fourth and the season—you're likely to change your mind when you've been here a few minutes—because the styles of these dainty white waists are so wonderfully attractive and the prices so undeniably in your favor, that you're won by them from the first sight.

Some Fourth of July Specials.

Waists of good White Lawn, very prettily made with embroidery tucking, etc.—description is out of question for there's 6 or 8 different styles—at $1.00

Beautiful White Lawn Waists with lace and insertion and clusters of tucks—soft collar and soft fancy stitched cuffs—3 styles at........ $1.50

White Lawn Waists—exquisitely trimmed in lace—embroidery—hemstitching—with strips of embroidery from shoulder to bust—very beautiful waists—elegantly made, at only.. $2.75

Colored Waists in Percales and fancy shirting goods in every accepted style and color. If we can't please you—It'll be odd, for we're pleasing scores daily—Tomorrow we offer special inducements at— $1, 75c, 50c

$1.00 Sailor collar Percale Waists with wide band of white pique around collar—and corded white pique vest—soft cuffs—plaited back in elegant stripe patterns. A regular $1.00 waist for the Fourth at 75c

Pique Skirts—White Pique, trimmed with blue bands—perfect hanging, regular $1.75 Skirts, at........ $1.25

Plain White Pique Skirts—extra heavy Pique—cut 5 gore—with flounce at bottom—also some with trimming the best Skirt for the Fourth—at $2.50

Extra SPECIAL VALUES IN HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR FOR THE FOURTH.

Here are four values—to enthuse over—to wonder about—they certainly are far out of the ordinary—nor could we offer them to you except for very fortunate trade chances that brought them our way. Read on and you'll agree with us—

Women's 50c fancy colored Stockings, including polka dots, stripes and fancy colors—guaranteed fast colors—and splendid wearing—extraordinary 50c value at the Fourth of July price of 39c

Women's real Maco and Lisle Stockings the "only" standard fast black dye—double soles, high spliced heels and toes—superfine quality at........ 25c

FOURTH OF JULY UNDERWEAR.

It's wonderful how short a time it takes to sell 100 dozen garments if you have the right goods at the right price. There's enough left for tomorrow selling anyway.

Women's 35c Vests of fine cotton, high neck and long sleeves—Jersey ribbed, perfectly shaped and nicely trimmed—regular 35c Vests at American Sale price of 19c

Women's 45c Umbrella Drawers, of fine bleached Maco Yarn—nicely trimmed with mercerized lace—very wide and well made, regular 45c drawers—at the Price of 22c

Millinery For the Fourth. Our way of celebration.

We had an idea that we'd have enough of the $18 and $20 Hats at HALF PRICE to last till tomorrow, but the entire lot slipped out like magic yesterday and today. So we've made up another lot—culled every odd piece—every Model and Pattern Hats including all the late effects in summer shapes and trimmings, priced from $16 to $22.50—making a grand collection for tomorrow's sale at—

JUST HALF PRICE!

Fourth Shirt Waist Hats—(Special)—New Pilot shape Shirt Waist Hats of Jumbo braid, trimmed with silk in soft pretty shades—some with quill, others with large soft silk knot—they should bring $2.75, tomorrow choice is only $1.98

See the Display of Shirt Waist Hats ranging up to $10 each.
And then those other reduced price Hats—

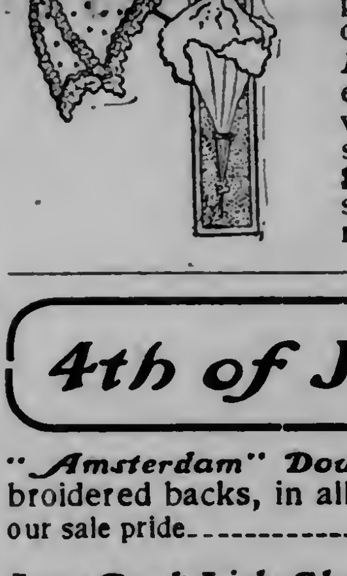
$6, $7.50 and $8.00 trimmed hats at $4.50

$10 and $12.50 trimmed hats $6.75

Children's and Misses' $1.75 and $2.00 trimmed Hats: pretty leghorns and fancy Straws, with dainty trimmings of muslin and flowers; American Sale price $1.25

Children's $3.00 Trimmed Leghorns — trimmed with silk, chiffon, flowers, etc.—extremely pretty and fetching styles —at American Sale price of $1.98

Special Fourth of July Sale of Fine Parasols



Stylish and beautiful Parasols in corded and hemstitched effects—of fine taffeta and liberty satin—very pretty handles—regular $2.50 qualities—for the Fourth at only $1.95

New two toned effects in $5 Parasols with cords and hemstitching—exclusive in style—rich in colors and great bargains at the 4th price—$5 Parasols at only $3.50

Exquisite $7.50 Parasols in embroidered, hemstitched, corded and graduated effects—with new shaded ribbon bands, with new and handsome handles—special $7.50 Parasols at 4th special price —tomorrow at $5.00

4th of July Silk Gloves.

"Amsterdam" Double finger tipped Silk Gloves—with embroidered backs, in all colors and black, worth 68c—our sale pride 50c

Lace Back Lisle Gloves—in tan, gray, mode, black and white—have been 75c—cool and serviceable gloves at sale price of 50c

Ladies' and Misses' 65c Silk Mitts in tan, modes, gray, brown and black—for the Fourth—only 39c

Misses' and Children's 40c Silk Mitts in gray, brown, tan and black, have been 40c and 35c, for the 4th 19c

Special Neck Ribbons Values Unexampled.

Beautiful 40c luster Taffeta Ribbons in polka dot designs, 4 inches wide, maize, helio, lilac, red, blue, pink, stylish 40c neck ribbons 29c

Men's Shirts For the Fourth.

Nearly every man buys a new Shirt for the Fourth, and by the way these Shirts are going, many of them are outfitting themselves here—will you join the crowd of discriminating Shirt buyers tomorrow. It's to your advantage.

Negligee Shirts—of good Percale, in neat stripe patterns—with two separate collars and cuffs attached, or no collar and cuffs detached. All the popular colors—are sold in Duluth at "special values" at 58c—our price..... 50c

Soft Shirts—in many handsome colors and stripe patterns—of excellent Percales and fancy shirtings—sold elsewhere at $1.00—our price is but 75c

Our $1.00 Shirts—have more good points of style, colors and design than you'll find elsewhere, and we show you an assortment in Percale and Madras that cannot help but please you. Scores of shirts, that in exclusive shops bring a quarter more—your choice of them here at........ $1.00

$1.75 Madras Shirts—in plain or plaited front—good colors and patterns—also our regular $1.50 shirts—choice of peerless stock—at $1.50

Special SHOES for the Fourth.

Women's Hand Turned Vici Kid $5.00 Shoes in lace or button—made by Wright, Peters & Co., nearly all sizes, to close out at 4th sale price.. $2.50

Women's $2.00 Hand Turned Oxford ties in black or tan—all new—this season's goods — all sizes, 2½ to 8 widths A to EE........ $1.50

Women's $1.50 Vici Kid Oxfords in black or tan—good wearing goods—all sizes, 2½ to 8 widths to EE........ 98c

Women's $1.35 and $1.50 shoes in black and tan lace and button—all sizes—11½ to 2—special price for the 4th........ 98c

Child's $1.00 Kid Shoes, patent Leather or Kid Tips—lace or button—new clean goods—sizes 5 to 10½—special Fourth Sale price 67c

Child's Kid Button Shoes, good soles—spring heels—worth 75c—sizes 5-8 at 50c

Babies' 75c Kid Shoes—2-5 tomorrow 50c

Boys' Calf Shoes—made to sell at $1.50—sizes 11 to 5 special Tomorrow—at $1.00

AT HENLEY.

Three Preliminary Heats Have Already Been Rowed.

Henley, July 2.—Owing to the large number of entries for the Thames challenge cup at the Henley regatta, which commences tomorrow, three heats in the contest for that trophy were rowed this afternoon. The results were as follows:

First heat—Trinity hall Cambridge, beat the Vesta Rowing club. The Cambridge men led throughout and paddled home, six lengths ahead, in 7 minutes 35 seconds.

Second heat—The School of Mines won by a length and three quarters. Time 7 minutes 33 seconds.

Third heat—Kingston beat the Thames Rowing club by two lengths. Time 7 minutes 57 seconds.

These heats were rowed under depressing conditions, with heavy clouds and occasional rain. The weather prospects for the formal opening of the regatta tomorrow are not promising.

Detroit and Return $14.00.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company. One night by rail and a delightful twenty-four-hour ride on one of the finest passenger steamers on the great lakes. Tickets on sale July 5 and 7, and can be made good for return until Sept. 1. For sleeping car and stateroom reservation address

M. ADSON,
General Agent D., S. S. & A. Ry.,
Duluth, Minn.

ROADS ANSWER.

Say They Have Not Bought Paralleling Line.

Jefferson City, Mo., July 2.—In accordance with an order from the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners calling upon the presidents of the St. Louis & San Francisco and the Kansas City Ft. Scott Memphis railroads, to appear and answer questions regarding the rumors of a proposed consolidation of the two lines, in violation of the state laws, the general attorneys of the two lines appeared today and filed with the commissioners sworn statements regarding the matter. These declare the Frisco has not secured the paralleling lines of the Memphis road in Missouri, but will secure the line from Springfield, Mo., to Memphis. No action was taken by the commissioners.

SEVERE WIND.

Much Damage Done In Central Iowa.

Des Moines, July 2.—A severe wind storm passed over the central portion of Iowa last evening doing considerable damage to farm property. In Perry the roof of the Stuart hotel was blown off and a large number of barns and sheds were demolished.

In Cambridge the wind destroyed a circus tent.

At many points the corn was badly damaged.

BODY IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 2.—The committee having in charge the body of former Governor Hazen S. Pingree of Michigan, said today that the body would be kept in this city until Thursday when it will be taken to Detroit. The body was removed from the steamer Zeeland today to an undertaker's establishment. The funeral will take place Saturday from the Pingree home on Woodward avenue.

RUSSIAN INTRIGUE

Suspected In Corea's Action Toward Japan.

Yokhama, July 2.—Reports received here from Seoul say Corea has suddenly requested Japan to close the latter's postoffices in Corea and withdraw the Japanese officials, thus increasing the tension between the two countries. The newspapers contain veiled allusion to Russian intrigue.

KURDS ARE PLUNDERING.

Constantinople, July 2.—Reports from Mush, in Kurdistan, say the Kurds are plundering villages and have killed fourteen Armenians in consequence of the belief that the latter murdered a Kurdish notable, who was sheriff of Aghan.

SALT LAKE HERALD SOLD.

Salt Lake Utah, July 2.—The Salt Lake Herald announced today the sale of that paper by A. W. McCune and the R. C. Chambers estate to William Igleheart, who since October, 1898, has been manager of the paper, and formerly was financial editor of the Chicago Record.

VIOLENT STORM.

Middlesboro, Ky., July 2.—Half a dozen small farm houses and many large barns were destroyed last night by a storm of great violence which swept through Cumberland Gap, in Powells valley. Several persons are said to have been killed, but only one name, that of Perry Smith, has been reported. Crops were badly damaged.

FOUND DEAD.

New York, July 2.—Jacob S. Rogers, formerly owner of the Rogers Locomotive works of Paterson, N. J., was found dead in his room in the Union League club, this city, today.

Excursion Tickets to New York.

Commencing July 1 the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway will sell reduced rate tickets Chicago to New York and return, good for stop at Pan-American exposition. Low rate Buffalo tickets are also now on sale. Eight trains daily. Send 4 cents in stamps for printed matter and full information. F. M. Byron, general western agent, Chicago; W. B. Hutter, Northwestern passenger agent, 122 Endicott Arcade, St. Paul, Minn.

Special Excursion to Colorado

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

July 1 to 9 and Sept. 1 to 10 the Northwestern Line will sell round-trip excursion tickets from Denver to Colorado points at the low rate of $29.

Remember the dates and route, and do not fail to avail yourself of this very low rate to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo. Also tickets to Salt Lake City and Ogden and return for $44, final limit to return Oct. 31. Full information and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

Diversified Fishing at Minong

The Peaceful Valley resort at Minong, Wis., on the "Omaha Line," is proving to be a very interesting spot for a few days' or weeks' outing. The conveniences of getting back and forth excel those of other localities, and the clean, comfortable home, with its beautiful spread, attracts the hungry sportsman. The trout streams, the numerous lakes, with most excellent bass and muskallonge fishing, provide a diversity of sport. Boats, canoes, guides and all conveniences at Minong. See ticket agent, "The North-Western" Line for particulars.

A CITY'S BEAUTY

Miss Good of the National Improvement League Lectures.

What Can Be Accomplished With Intention and Effort.

Says Duluth Has Natural Beauty That Is Unsurpassed.

Miss Jessie M. Good, of the National Improvement association, spoke at the high school last night, showing the results arising from municipal improvement, and how to obtain the desired results. Miss Good, has made a careful study of the improvement question, and is fully able to discuss her subject thoroughly. She said that the reason the women of the land had taken hold of the improvement side of the cities was because they were housekeepers by right, born with brooms in their hands so to speak, and were better fitted for the work than men. How a woman can sweep only as far as her own door and leave the sidewalks and alleys alone is a mystery to Miss Good, and she said that if this tendency were overcome. more beautiful cities would be the result.

"Two of the greatest helps to a city's improvement association are juvenile auxiliaries and ward societies. The former are composed of school children, and are fully organized with officers, constitutions and by-laws. The children, if once interested are even more helpful to a city than the older ones, because they have more opportunity in their play to help in the little things that make and keep a city beautiful. They are taught that they have an interest in the beautiful places, and that they are in a measure destroying their own property when they mark up fences and houses or disfigure the landscape in any way. It is wonderful what children, and especially boys can do towards beautifying a city if they but have a mind to.

"Ward societies are established in each ward, and are fully organized also. The women of the districts are interested in the work and are urged to keep their premises clean. Prizes are offered for the most beautiful yards, and this in a measure is a stimulus to the work until they get to doing it because they want to. When a shopkeeper does not keep his place clean, the ward society sends around a man with a wagon and a rake, who gives the premises a thorough cleaning. If the place gets littered up again, the cleaning up process is repeated, and it very seldom becomes necessary for the man with the wagon and the rake to come around the third time.

"Improvement is looked upon as a business proposition abroad, and in Germany is used to attract trade. The beauties of the cities are advertised far and wide, and in most cases a beautiful city becomes a prosperous one."

Miss Good is afraid that Duluth will do as Chicago when she fills her lake front with docks. Chicago is spending millions of dollars to have the lake front given back to the people again and make it one beautiful park. She spent the greater part of her time in telling how South Park, in Dayton, Ohio, won the beauty of which it now boasts.

"When the National Cash Register company established its factories there some years ago, the workmen refused to live in the locality near the works, as it was considered the hardest part of the city. The president of the works went to work to beautify the place, interested the workmen in the scheme, and now it is filled with cosy little cottages and beautiful streets. Trees and flowers are in abundance, and it is now one of the most beautiful places in the country."

Miss Good had a number of stereopticon slides which she exhibited, showing the "before and after" of beautifying. Most of the views were from South Park, Dayton.

Miss Good said to a Herald reporter that she had heard that it is intended that the Point will be docked in the near future. "I think that it will be the greatest mistake that the people of Duluth ever made if they do so," she said. "If Duluth attains anywhere near the size that it promises, the city will some time spend millions of dollars to get the Point back for the people. It is a peculiar place, one of the wonders of nature, and could be turned into a magnificent summer resort. I have, during the two days that I have been in the city, visited Lester Park, Park Point and gone around the boulevard drive, and I think that they are three of the most beautiful natural wonders of the Northwest. They are simply indescribable and should be preserved in all their beauty. But they are not sufficiently advertised throughout the Union. People who do not live in Duluth or who have not visited here, are unaware of the beauties of the place, and a stranger coming into the city, unless he is told concerning them, does not look for them, and goes away with Duluth in his mind as a rocky, barren city—some beautiful dwellings, few shade trees and dirty streets.

"I understand that Superior street is to be paved in the near future. It will improve the looks of the city immensely, although I do not see, covering as much ground as Duluth does, how the people are willing to pay the taxes necessitated by the long streets.

"I think that rest rooms should be provided for the tourist or excursionist that comes into the city, and someone ought to be placed in them who could tell them the places that they ought to see—a sort of information bureau, so to speak. Sandusky, Ohio, has little oval plats of grass between the docks where the tourists sit down, eat their lunches and rest, and a few such places would work wonders for Duluth.

"The future of a city is in the hands of the newspapers, and I notice with pleasure that the newspapers of Duluth seem to be so metropolitan, not only in appearance, but also in the way that they are got up.

"I have in process of construction an article on the fine driveways of America, which will be published in one of the magazines in the near future, and have long wanted to get some views of Duluth's boulevard drive with which to illustrate it. If the newspapers and magazines push the city along, and if information is scattered broadcast over the country concerning Duluth, there is no reason why it should not be, as I firmly believe it will be, one of the foremost cities of the country."

Miss Good goes from Duluth to the Dakotas, where she will fill several Chautauqua dates.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate
Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—
Hood's Pills

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Open Tomorrow Night Until 10 o'clock.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Closed All Day Thursday, July Fourth.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

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"Fashions" can only be securrd in Duluth at this store.

Call and ask for a copy.—The July edition is limited to 5000 copies.

Flooded with pleased customers!

The crowds have been enormous all this week. Prices are uniformly low all over the Big Store. The success of our wash goods sale is phenomenal. The shoe department is flooded with customers. Steady streams of people are visiting the basement. Likewise the second floor, where we sell the best millinery, shirt waists, muslin underwear, ladies' tailor-made garments, carpets, curtains, etc. You hear on every hand such expressions as, "My, but isn't it busy here;" "Panton & White must be doing all the business in the town;" "See how the people flock to the Glass Block."

The water-soaked sale will be the principal attraction tomorrow.

All this damage to the merchandise in our carpet department was caused by an old cap, which someone threw on our roof. This stopped up the gutter and caused the roof to give way under the heavy water pressure last Friday. None of these articles are hurt as far as utility is concerned, but having been wet they cannot be sold for perfect goods, hence we slaughter them for a quick clearance. IN THE CARPET DEPARTMENT WE WILL SELL—

A lot of water-soaked Japanese and Chinese Matting, worth up to 45c—not very much of this—at 15c

Six mattresses, water soaked—priced before the storm at $3.00 each—closing at—each $1.00

Oak and cherry wood curtain poles—soaked by the water—our regular price 3c per foot, furniture stores get 5c, water-price, per ft. 1½c

Tapestry and Velvet Carpets—absolutely as good as if they never had been wet—worth 85c—water-soaked sale price 55c

Moquette Brussels, Velvet and Axminster Carpets, good as ever—in fact you would never know they had been wet, at 75c

Water soaked sale on bargain counter 4. Some of the snappiest bargains of the sale are on this counter. All have been wet with the water—some are so slightly damaged as to be indiscernible.

Window Shades—Opaque and water colors, worth 40c—water-soaked sale price—each 13c

Feather and Down Pillows—A large lot, greatest snap of this sale, at Half price

Sham Holders—worth 15c—water-soaked sale price—only 8c

Hassocks, only a few, and very little damaged—Water-soaked sale price each 15c

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

MILLINERY.

Buy your millinery tomorrow for the Fourth—come to headquarters where prices are lowest, styles choicest, and varieties most pleasing and ample. Lots of splendid hats ready-made for immediate wear—or we will make a hat to your order on short notice. In order to keep our milliners busy we are making very tempting prices. All of our imported pattern hats are being sold at half prices; but there are not many of these left.

Besides we offer about 25 beautifully trimmed white hats in tuscans, chiffon and fancy white straws—just the thing for the 4th and on sale at $2.95 and $5.00

Shirt waist hats—regular shirt waist patterns, neatly trimmed, special at $1.25

Rough jumbo braid sailors at 49c, 75c and 95c

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Special bargain counter sales.

Bargain counter 1—4th of July Millinery bargains—offering 500 Boys' and Misses' Hats in straw and cloth—kinds formerly sold at 75c to $1.50—price 25c

3c per yard for Standard Bunting, selling elsewhere at 5c—also headquarters for flags, mounted or unmounted—all sizes from the large wool flags to the small cotton ones.

Bargain counter 2—Candy sale—this affords splendid opportunities for buying your Fourth of July candies—we guarantee them to be fresh and pure—Marshmallows, Cocoanut Bon Bons, French Mixed Candies, Assorted Buttercups, Fruit Tablets, Butter Daisy Drops, Burnt Peanuts, Fruit Drops—all worth 25c per lb—Wednesday selling at half price—2 lbs for 25c—per lb 13c

Bargain counter 2—continuance of that sale of "S. H. & M." bolts—offering three lots of high grade fashionable belts at exceedingly low prices—prices 25c, 49c and 69c

Special notice. The Sale of Cotton Wash Fabrics that created such a sensatiou yesterday and today will be transferred to the wash goods department. Here we will continue to sell wash goods at half price until every bolt is sold. The particulars of this sale were printed in a former advertisement.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Jackets, skirts and summer waists.

Good-Bye to the Jackets—all our ladies' and misses' Jackets receive their passports in this final mark down sale—prices $3.98, $4.98, $7.50 and $9.98

Fine dress skirts of black taffeta silk—elegantly finished tailor made—equal to custom tailoring in fit, finish and elegance—exquisitely trimmed—the drape is perfect, and the hang and general appearance is correct—some of these skirts are worth $20, but none are priced over $15—others sell at $12.50, $9.98 and $7.50

Sale of Walking Skirts—Skirts made of light and dark gray fabrics, 7-gore, with the fashionable flare, several rows of stitching around bottom—perfectly made and finished—special at $3.98

Wash dress skirts, made from linen crash, made with deep hem, splendid values at 75c

Ladies' white lawn waists—tucked and hemstitched, with soft cuffs and turn-down collars—prices $1.49, $1.98, $2.50, $3.50, $5.00

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Selling reliable footwear low.

Four busier men can't be found than the shoe salesmen. A busier spot than the Glass Block shoe department is as scarce as hen's teeth. We feel safe in saying that we are now doing the greatest women's and children's shoe business at the head of the lakes. Our sales have been making phenomenal gains for the past six months, making last year's showing wither in comparison. You needn't look far for reasons for this gratifying success. It comes to us because we are constantly striving to give the best values for the money. No matter how low priced the shoe, we insist that it wear and give perfect satisfaction. When we sell you once we want you for a regular customer. This can't be accomplished with shoddy goods. Tomorrow's specials are these—

Women's tan and black Oxford ties, in plain and fancy designs, new stock—a very fortunate purchase—selling at 98c

Women's fancy cloth top tan lace shoes, dark, rich shades. Very stylish and equal to most $2.25 and $2.50 shoes. Another number from that much talked of purchase made last week. This price is the lowest yet $1.24

Women's Oxfords, in ten styles—all new—high grade footwear—rich wine, tan or black colors—plain or fancy designs—complete sizes in each style. $2.25 and $2.50 shoes for $1.75

Women's all patent leather lace shoes—some with light flexible soles, others with dull tops, extension soles, and decidedly mannish—the new shapes in heels and toes. Regular $3.50 patent leather shoes for $2.23

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

For Fourth of July picnicers.

Thursday is the only oppportunity of the year many have for taking a summer outing. If it's a favorable day the streams and lakes about Duluth will be dotted with jolly picnic parties. A few of the things you can't well do without are these:

Picnic baskets, with double handles and cover, in three sizes—medium, large and extra large—roomy and cheap 19c, 23c, 29c

Picnic plates, 9-in. fluted wood plates, use them and throw them away—per dozen 6c

Tin drinking cups, large, each 2c

Manny lemon Juicers, made of glass like cut, small size 4c, large 8c

Liquor sets, new ones just received—a dozen styles and as many prices. We offer a liquor bottle, six glasses and glass tray, decorated in gold—tomorrow you can buy them for—per set 98c

Ice Cream or Berry Dishes, 4-inch size, tinted pink with raised decorat'ns in white—gold bands—per dozen $2

Hammocks, that are stong and tested for two—good appearing, made for outing purposes—price 59c

All kinds of Fishing Tackle for the fisherman and fisherwoman.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Make ready for rain or shine.

It's hard to figure out which you need most: a parasol to keep the sun off, or an umbrella to keep the rain off. Prices are so low you can't afford to get wet or sun-burned.

Ladies' and Men's gloria silk umbrellas—26 and 28 inch size. These are splendid bargains, and we consider them equal to any $2 umbrella manufactured. We will offer this lot tomorrow at $1.50

English gloria umbrellas, 26-inch, suitable for either lady or gentleman, steel rods and stylish Dresden and natural wool handles, price 69c

Children's parasols, large variety 10c, 15c, 25c, 45c to $2 50

Ladies' fancy colored parasols with covers, at $4.25

Ladies' fancy silk parasols with deep chiffon ruffle, very chic—they come in all colors and are very elegant for the price $2.25

Ladies' fancy ruffled silk parasols, all lace trimmed in a bewitching manner, very elegant handles, princely values at $4.75

Ladies' shirt waist gloves, made especially to our order, from excellent quality of chamois skin. Made with Paris stitched backs, two-clasp, washable, very serviceable and unusually good for 75c

$23.55 Cincinnati and Return

July 4, 5 and 6, Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short line, four trains daily) will sell tickets to Cincinnati and return for $23.55. Tickets good returning July 14, or by depositing same return limit will be extended until Aug. 31. For full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot or Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

THE DEFENSE.

Some of Testimony In Pearson vs. Great Northern Case.

The trial of the case of Herbert W. Pearson against the Great Northern railroad was taken up in St. Paul again yesterday after the adjournment from Friday. The defense is still putting in testimony and the St. Paul Dispatch reported yesterday proceedings as follows:

"Henry Burrell, a rugged miner, prospector, and superintendent of mines, testified today in the Pearson-Great Northern case that the finding of 1,500,000 tons of coal was really but a small proposition and not to be considered in the light of a paying mine.

"Mr. Burrell carries in his face the evidence of years of battling with the rocky surface of Montana and his countenance has taken on much of the stern an immovable appearance that characterizes the hills in which it is his life work to delve. Mr. Burrell's ideas as to what a coal mine should yield to make it worth even recognition are large.

Mr. Pearson's attorneys strenuously objected to the witness answering Mr. Wellington's question on the grounds that, while he was a practical coal man, he was incompetent to judge of the comparative size of coal mines. After considerable argument on Mr. Wellington's part Judge Kelly overruled the objection and allowed Mr. Burrell to say whether or no a 1,500,000 coal mine was worthy of respect. It was this very mine in the said Coulie district that Mr. Burrell had himself objected to opening because he thought it would not pay.

"Mr. Wellington asked the witness how much was ordinarily paid for the services of a prospector.

"This was objected to by Mr. O'Brien as irrelevant and the objection was sustained inasmuch as the prospector in the present instance had been working under contract.

"Mr. Burrell had, he told Mr. O'Brien, made reports to his successive presidents of the Sand Coulie Mining company, H. R. Cocker, of St. Paul, and Samuel Hill, of Minneapolis. His connection with the mining company had been severed in 1896, largely because of his condemnation of coal property, and he had afterward worked for Marcus Daly.

"According to Mr. Burrell's testimony coal was hardly present in paying quantities in any part of the territory in question, and coal mining in the Sand Coulie and Cottonwood regions was, one might infer, a direct route to poverty. It would be impossible, he was sure, for any man to judge if there was coal in any considerable quantities over a given area without drilling every few feet, and this would be a very large expense. Mr. O'Brien's questioning finally forced the witness to admit that by putting thirty drills in a section and finding coal every time the deduction that a valuable mine had been found might be made.

"Paul Reisinger, a graduate in 1896 of West Point, and a mining engineer at Stockett, Mont., for the Sand Coulie company, testified to the scarcity of coal over a large part of the Cottonwood and Sand Coulie territory, and to the extreme frequency of faults in the coal veins. The coal beds were variable in thickness, and the faults, or entire disappearance of the vein, often extended for hundreds of feet.

"A number of maps of the workings in the district were shown and explained. These maps Mr. Reisinger had made at the instance of Prof. Winchell and Prof. Calvin."

It was expected that Prof. Winchell, of the University of Minnesota, who has made extensive investigations into the Sand Coulie, Cottonwood and Smith River coal situation, will testify today.

NOT SETTLED.

Another meeting was held yesterday to see if satisfactory arrangements could be made that would bring about an end of the linemen's strike, but the two sides seem to be as far apart as ever. During the afternoon, a committee representing the striking linemen met L. S. Loeb and S. T. Harrison, directors of the Zenith Telephone company and Manager Kritzer to talk over the strike situation. The men asked for a meeting of the directors that they may give their side of the trouble, asserting that the truth has not yet been made apparent to the company. The men are firm for eight hours and will not compromise. There was a little brush at the meeting over the reported crippling of the telephone service on account of the strike. Manager Kritzer claimed that seven trunk lines are in operation between Duluth, West Superior while the members of the strike committee claimed there are but two in operation. Although the Lakeside line has been put in operation the strikers say but half the telephones are working. The directors of the Zenith company will hold another meeting on Saturday afternoon.

REMARKABLE ESCAPE.

Kenosha, Wis., July 2.—One of the most remarkable escapes from death ever recorded in this city was that of Leroy Huff, the 3-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs.. Charles Huff, of 400 Bronson street, Sunday afternoon.

The child, while playing in a third story window, fell to the ground, a distance of fully thirty feet, and escaped with a slight bruise on one leg. When the mother rushed horror-stricken from the house, expecting to find the child horribly injured, or perhaps dead, and attempted to pick him up, the little fellow pushed her away, exclaiming: "Go away; I want to play."

Three feet in front of the house runs a sharp picket fence and directly under the window a pointed post. Had the child struck either in its descent, it would have been impaled.

Boys' 85c Rubber Soles Outing Shoes 69c

PHILLIPS
218 West Superior Street.

Ladies' $1.35 Oxfords and Strap Slippers 98c

Celebrate the Glorious Fourth in Phillips Shoes.

Unparalleled opportunities. Colossal choice, immense bargains that will delight and dazzle you.

Store open tonight and tomorrow night till 9; Open July 4 till noon.

Ladies' Shoes.
$3.00 and $4.00 tan and black up-to-date styles Vici kid shoes, made of fine quality kid, all sizes. Sale price only $1.98

Ladies' Patent Leather
Shoes, worth $3.50, all this season's shoes, light or heavy sole, price $2.69

Ladies' Shoes.
$2.00 Vici kid lace and button shoes, all sizes and styles, new goods, fine and stylish, sale price $1.48

Ladies' Oxfords.
$1.00 tan and black Oxfords, all sizes, sale price 69c

Ladies' Oxfords.
In tan and black, worth up to $2.50, made of soft Vici kid, sale price $1.39

Misses' Shoes.
$1.35 tan and black Vici kid shoes, new shapes, latest styles, sale price, only 98c

Misses' Shoes.
A mixed lot of tan and black shoes, worth up to $2.25, all sizes, up-to-date styles, sale price $1.48

Misses' Sandals.
Red tan, patent leather and Vici, regular $1.25 grade, sale price at this clearing sale only 98c

Child's Sandals.
Red, tan, black and patent leathers, $1.00 grade, sale price 75c

Infant's Shoes.
Black, red and tan soft vici kid, sizes up to 5½, sale price 49c

Men's Shoes
200 pairs $3 and $3.50 tan shoes, all sizes, a mixed lot sale for tomorrow at $1.98

The Walk-Over Shoes & Oxfords
The best shoes made, 40 different styles, for $3.50, $4.

Ladies' Princess Shoes & Oxfords
Made on all the swell shapes, patent leathers and vici kid, our price for all— $3.50 a pair.

Boys' Shoes.
Boys' $1.75 solid wearing tan and black shoes, all sizes, tomorrow at $1.39

Boys' tan and black vici kid shoes —up-to-date lasts, worth $2, sale price $1.48

Boys' 50c tan and black tennis oxfords, sale price 35c

Boys' $1.00 canvas leather sole shoes— sale price 75c

Little Gents' Shoes.
Little gents' $1.25 vici and satin calf— sale price 89c

Little gents' $1.25 vici kid and box calf shoes, sale price 98c

THE EVENING HERALD
AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

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Per year $1.00
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Largest Circulation in Duluth.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time., July 2.—Barometric pressures continue high in Southeastern states, with a low area developing in Middle Rocky Mountain districts. Sweltering heat still prevails in Mississippi valley and Eastern states, the highest temperatures at 7 a. m. today being 88, 86 and 82, at New York city, Washington and Boston, respectively, as regards the extreme East and with 82 at St. Louis and 84 at Galveston. Showers fell over the Western lake region, Upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys, Eastern Gulf states, Western Texas, Eastern Montana and Oregon. The winds in the lake region are fresh westerly and northerly.

Maximum temperatures during the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	94	Memphis	92
Bismarck	74	Miles City	78
Boston	92	Milwaukee	96
Buffalo	82	Minnedosa	72
Calgary	64	Modena	92
Charleston	81	Montgomery	92
Chicago	92	Moorhead	74
Cincinnati	96	New Orleans	90
Davenport	96	New York	98
Denver	78	North Platte	84
Detroit	94	Oklahoma	92
Dodge City	96	Omaha	94
Duluth	82	Pittsburg	98
Edmonton	68	Port Arthur	74
El Paso	94	Portland	66
Escanaba	84	Prince Albert	70
Galveston	86	Qu' Appelle	68
Green Bay	94	Rapid City	74
Havre	74	San Francisco	56
Helena	74	Santa Fe	84
Houghton	80	Shreveport	88
Huron	80	Spokane	80
Jacksonville	[illegible]	St. Louis	100
Kamloops	76	St. Paul	74
Kansas City	100	Sault Ste. aMrie.	80
Knoxville	90	Swift Current	72
La Crosse	92	Washington	102
Lander	80	Williston	72
Los Angeles	76	Winnemucca	88
Marquette	76	Winnipeg	74

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time, today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and cooler tonight and Wednesday with probably local showers; winds shifting to fresh northeasterly.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, July 2.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight, Wednesday and probably Thursday, with probably local thunderstorms; slight change in temperature. Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Wednesday except possibly thunderstorms Wednesday and west portion tonight; Thursday possibly thunderstorms. North and South Dakota—Partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday with probably local thunderstorms. Upper lakes—Variable winds, southerly prevailing; partly cloudy with showers and probably thundersqualls.

The Vagaries of the Law.

A little more uniformity in the laws of the various states regarding serious crimes would perhaps be beneficial to the cause of justice. At the recent trial of Barker for shooting Rev. John Keller in New Jersey the judge instructed the jury that its only duty was to decide whether Barker shot him or not; the cause for the deed not to enter into the case. Inasmuch as there was no dispute as to the fact of the shooting, the jury found Barker guilty and he was sentenced to five years in jail. A short time ago Dr. Wintner, of Granite Falls, this state, shot and killed a gambled whom he accused of cheating at cards. There was no disputing the fact that Wintner killed him, yet the jury last Saturday brought in a verdict of "not guilty" and the doctor was released. If a person had any shooting to do, especially for cause, it would be better to do the deed in Minnesota.

Production of American Tobacco.

When Secretary of Agriculture Wilson told the president and cabinet the other day of the work being done by his department he gave many facts that were astonishing. Concerning tobacco the secretary said: "Now we sell $30,000,000 worth of tobacco, and buy $13,000,000 worth of high priced varieties. We have to pay $5,000,000 for Sumatra wrappers. Our department is teaching American people how to produce it in the United States so that we took the gold medal at the Paris exposition for the finest Sumatra tobacco. We have been paying $8,000,000 a year for filler tobacco, mostly Cuban, but we are conducting experiments which will result in our producing most of the filler tobacco needed in the United States. Some of the very finest varieties we may still have to go to the tropics for, to Porto Rico, Hawaii or the Philippines, but it will be only a question of time when the United States will produce all the tobacco it wants." To those smokers who have scorned the Connecticut "cabbage leaf" or the Wisconsin wrapper the above statements will come as a revelation.

In the Satrapy of Guam.

Many an official, competent in some ways, is totally unfit for the position to which he is assigned. He may be a good officer and an excellent man in many ways and still lack the judgment necessary to make his administration a success. The latest one to have trouble is Commander Seaton Schroeder, who succeeded the energetic Capt. O'Leary as the governor of Guam. Reports received at Washington indicate that the commander is experiencing difficulty in preserving discipline among the marines stationed at Guam, many of whom recently broke through all bonds of restraint, seized some whisky and took to the woods with their plunder. It appears that Schroeder is a Prohibitionist and that all intoxicating drinks were forbidden to the men under his command. Capt. O'Leary took more liberal views of the temperance question and while being careful to keep all liquor away from the natives, used to permit the enlisted men to have a certain allowance. The marines did not take well to the blue laws of the new governor and when an opportunity presented itself recently to get some whisky it was promptly taken advantage of. The greater part of the marine guard swooped down on the whisky and carried it off to the woods, where they entered upon a spree. The whole trouble may be charged to the inefficiency of the commander or in other words to a great lack of judgment as to the handling of men in such situations.

THE NEXT WORLD'S FAIR.

There seems to be general unanimity of opinion in St. Louis that the World's fair management in selecting Forest park, or, more accurately speaking, the western half of that spacious pleasure ground for a site for the great exposition of 1903, which is to fitly commemorate the centennial anniversary of the purchase of Louisiana territory from France, has made the best selection possible.

The 668 acres of the park that have been chosen are described as being higher than the city, are equi-distant from its southern and northern districts, and are covered with natural forest trees. More than one-third of the entire tract is a level plateau, and two-thirds of it is composed of gently undulating hills. It is contiguous to the district in the city containing the handsomest residences, and lies adjoining the improved portions of Forest park and the magnificent grounds and buildings of Washington university.

In the important feature of transportation facilities the Forest park site is particularly fortunate. A number of electric lines already run to the grounds and several railroads entering St. Louis pass through them. An amplification of the transportation facilities existing will make it practicable for the various roads to easily take care of a million people every day.

The space chosen offers the widest opportunity for producing the finest scenic effects to be derived from artificial landscapes. It is penetrated by several small streams, which will allow the construction of lagoons and waterways that are considered necessary accompaniments of all large expositions. The site is but four and one-half miles from the Union station and five and one-half miles from the Eads bridge.

By adding the 450 acres lying to the west and south of the site chosen, which can be had free, or at a nominal rental, owing to the fact that the tract belongs to President Francis of the World's Fair association, whose liberality and public spirit are unquestioned, a body of 1118 acres altogether will be made available for fair purposes, the largest area ever devoted to any such purpose.

It is evident that excellent judgment has been displayd in selecting a site, and if equally good judgment be shown in the other arrangements, St. Louis will have the greatest world's fair in the history of the world. Not only because of the great scope of the fair, but because Minnesota is part of the territory whose purchase from France it is designed to commemorate, this state should be well represented at the St. Louis exposition, and The Herald trusts that the legislature, at the special session next winter, will make an appropriation sufficiently large to ensure a creditable display of Minnesota's products and resources.

THIS YEAR'S ELECTIONS.

There will be fewer state elections in 1901 than during any year since the civil war, and those that are held will be of little interest outside of the respective states, unless it be the contest in Ohio. However, None of the elections are in any way doubtful, and although the campaign in Ohio may prove interesting, the result will undoubtedly be a Republican victory. There will be no vote in any doubtful state this year. Some Southern states have changed or will change their election laws, but the changes will serve only to strengthen majorities. Virginia will elect a governor under the new constitution formed at Richmond, and Maryland will vote under a new election law for two state officers and members of the legislature. The recent election in Frederick was considered a straw, and has been held by many to indicate that notwithstanding Republican efforts to educate the negroes up to the standard required by the new law, the Democrats will have little difficulty in holding the state for the immediate future at least. Iowa Republicans will meet in convention at Cedar Rapids on Aug. 17 to nominate a governor and other officers. There is a warm fight on for the Republican nomination for governor between the machine that has controlled the party for many years and the anti-machine element headed by Mr. Cummins, a man of great energy and ability. The outlook at present is favorable for the success of the Cummins forces. The effort to create a boom for Edwin H. Conger, minister to China, fell very flat and he is not now in the running.

Governor Nash has been renominated in Ohio, and Col. James Kilbourne, who has carefully canvassed the state, believes the masses of the Democrats are clamoring for his nomination. Mayor Tom Johnson is too busy now to pay any attention to the governorship, for, as he modestly admits, it will take him fully two years to get the city of Cleveland in good and satisfactory running order. He, however, is likely to be heard from later, for the mayoralty is by no means the zenith of his ambition. Two state officers are to be elected in Pennsylvania, and notwithstanding ex-Lieutenant Governor Black's impassioned appeal for a purification of the ballot in the Keystone state, things are likely to continue in the same old way.

New Jersey will elect a successor to Governor Voorhees, but there is little uncertainty as to the result, that state being generally conceded to the Republicans. Massachusetts will, as usual, elect state officers, and doubtless the usual party will be successful. In the Western states other than those mentioned, there will be no elections excepting for unimportant offices, and none in the South excepting as stated herein. The most interesting election this year will be the mayoralty contest in New York city, where the cry of "Anything to defeat Tammany!" is the issue, and reform parties are already getting together to unite all forces against the wigwam. Even Senator Platt says he will support an anti-Tammany Democrat if a good man can be found; but his promise of assistance is not regarded as likely to give any marked impetus to the movement, some people even go so far as to say it will "damage the cause." The indictment of Fire Commissioner Scannell for corruption is part of the campaign to drive Tammany out of power.

There are so many rich people now that great wealth has almost ceased to be a mark of distinction. The only thing left for the multimillionaire therefore is to endeavor to eclipse his fellow millionaires in the magnificence of his bequests to charity, education and the church. The fashion started by Carnegie and Rockefeller is rapidly becoming a fad, and the Topeka State Journal ventures the opinion that it is not unlikely that the time will soon come when the question will be not How much is he worth? but How much has he given? and it may come in time to catch Uncle Russell Sage.

The gross earnings of forty-three railroads in the United States for the second week in June are reported to have been $7,200,143, against $6,678,667 for the second week in June, 1900, an increase of $521,476. Thirty-five roads show increases and eight decreases. Since January 1, the roads referred to above earned $166,623,528, an increase of $12,328,885 over the $153,294,643 reported for the corresponding period of 1900. For the longer period thirty-four show increases and nine decreases.

The death of Philip B. Winston, of Minneapolis, will be deeply regretted by a multitude of friends. He was mayor of Minneapolis for two terms and served in the legislature of which he was an efficient member. Mr. Winston was prominent in Democratic circles during his residence in this state and was a delegate-at-large to the Kansas City convention where he served on the committee on resolutions.

The San Juan News is probably the first foreign-American newspaper to give an entirely safe interpretation of the supreme court's recent insular decisions. It says: "We are and are not a foreign country. We are and are not citizens of the United States. We are and are not to have our money back. The tariff is and is not void. The constitution does and does not extend and its limitations do and do not apply."

There is much talk in Pennsylvania, and especially in Philadelphia, of wresting the control of public affairs from the plunderers under the leadership of Quay. Similar talk has been heard before, but the people of Pennsylvania evidently like to be plundered as they roll up big majorities for the corrupt gangs that run things.

The Des Moines News thinks that Mark Hanna overlooked that clause in the resolution of the Ohio Republicans which declares against combinations in restraint of trade, else he would have run his blue pencil through it. Hanna is on record as saying there is no such thing as a trust.

The Des Moines News claims that "a good vitrified brick pavement will last fifty years under the heaviest traffic without necessity for repairs." The property owners on Superior street will be rejoiced to find this true.

The country has just passed through the coldest May and the hottest June known for many years. But Duluth has presented the finest article of weather to be found anywhere.

It is now claimed that A. B. Cummins has enough instructed, uninstructed and second-choice delegates to guarantee his selection as the Republican candidate for governor of Iowa.

An injunction has been secured in Evanston, Ill., against a rooster that persists in crowing at 3:30 a. m. daily. But if he does not obey the injunction, what then?

If the sweltering multitudes in the East and South could enjoy a cooling breeze from Lake Superior, what a pleasant sensation it would give them.

The former inhabitants of the Transvaal are being scattered all over the world. Some are at St. Helena, some are in Ceylon and some are in the Bermudas.

Perhaps the people will finally demand a municipal ice plant as a means to escape from the exactions of the ice trust.

A man is about to start a Republican paper in Mississippi. He must be tired of living or wants excitement.

The Albany Argus suggests "Marcus Acclamation Hanna" as the proper way to write it.

SETTLERS COMPLAIN.

Unfair Regulation By Land Office Is Alleged.

Washington, July 2.—Land Commissioner Hermann has been petitioned by several settlers and homesteaders, to reverse a ruling recently made by the local land office at Crookston, Minn., relative to lands that have been restored to entry under an act approved June 3, 1896.

This was an act for the relief of settlers who had taken up lands which were afterward decided as belonging to the Northern Pacific Railroad company in indemnity selections.

The Crookston register and receiver are requiring those settlers who have rights to take up lands on the Red Lake reservation to advertise for six weeks giving notice of their entry, etc., the same as used to be done many years ago when soons and squatters were more plentiful than they are now.

The settlers demur over this action. They say in their communication, which has just been filed, that it works a hardship upon them. They must first prove up their old claim and have a case well made out, by showing what they did upon their original entry, which was afterwards wiped out under rulings from Washington.

This proof is presented and the sum of $14 in fees and $1.25 an acre is paid on the new entry under the provisions of the act above quoted.

They claim that having paid the money they should be entitled to receipts, instead of having their proposed entry advertised six weeks and necessitating another trip to the Crookston land office. It is cited that the local officials at the Duluth land office do not require the advertising of the entry, but give a register's and receiver's receipt when the fee and the purchase money is paid.

The act of 1896 was passed for the relief of a number of Minnesota farmers in the northern section of the state, and was introduced and put through congress by Senator Nelson and Congressman Eddy.

Commissioner Hermann has taken the matter under advisement.

TO THE POLES.

Quartet of Arctic and Antarctic Expeditions This Year.

London, July 2.—While Explorer Baldwin is en route to the icy North, bound to raise the American flag at the North Pole, busy preparations are in progress for the British national Antarctic expedition, which will leave England within the next two weeks.

hTe enterprise has been made possible by public-spirited Englishmen, who have been generous contributors, and the work of equipment has been steadily going on for two years. It is conducted under the auspices of the Royal and the Royal Geographical societies.

While England and the United States are trying to reach the opposite poles Germany and Canada are not idle. Professor Deygalski will sail next month in charge of a big German expedition to the Antarctic, and the Canadians are engaged in an overland quest for the North Pole. This makes four nations in an Arctic and Antarctic race in the first year of the new century.

The main ship of the British expedition is the Discovery, especially adapted to a perilous Antarctic voyage. The vessel with all equipments and pay of crew, etc., costs $80,000, while an additional ship is being made ready at a cost of $60,000. Capt. Scott of the Discovery will be in full charge of the entire expedition.

This latter appointment has caused the resignation of Professor Gregory as head of the civilian scientific expedition. He was opposed to permitting Capt. Scott to have full control of the various lines of investigation. The two societies are to meet this week and appoint some one to take the place of Professor Gregory. George Murray, of the National history museum, will act as scientific director only as far as Melbourne. Mr. Murray is now editing an Antarctic manual to aid the members and friends of the expedition.

The German expedition proposes to approach the Antarctic zone to the south of the Indian ocean, near Terminus island, and on the prolongation of an American that would pass through Siam and the island of Sumatra.

This is exactly opposite the Planer and Graman land region where the Gelgica, for the Belgian government, started her exploration two years ago. The English expedition, organized by the Royal Geographical society, will start toward the pole from the neighborhood of Victoria-land, to the south of the Polynesian sea.

SQUANDERED FORTUNE.

A New York Lawyer Has Skipped Out.

New York, July 2.—Frederick C. Dexter, a lawyer and notary in Manhattan and a well known real estate operator in Brooklyn, has disappeared, after having in twelve years lost a fortune of $125,000 belonging to his wife, and an equal amount, the property of his clients. His wife, who was Miss Maud Vail, is now living in straitened circumstances with her two children in a small flat, and no word has come to her from her husband since he left her, two weeks ago.

Dexter has not only lost his wife's fortune, but he has seriously involved a house at 77 Remsen street, bequeathed to his two children, with a life interest to his wife. He also has used money on which his wife and children depended as a last resort, $12,000 paid to Mrs. Dexter by the insurance companies after his house in Dyker Heights, which stood in her name, burned down.

Appeals to the reason of thinking people. The world is weary of substitution, therefore see that you get Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Asy your druggist.

DAILY STORY.

REDEEMING HER SEX.

BY VENA KENNEDY WILSON.

(Copyright 1901, by V. K. Wilson).

"Are yo sure, madam, you bought nothing in the upholstery department on Thursday?"

"Yes, I am sure."

"Then this receipt for $3.29 was given you for a $5 deposit?"

"Yes, it must have been. I was here Thursday and paid $5 on a rug, and when I got home I found the receipt was for $3.29."

"Well, just take a chair, and I will look it up."

The head of the department went through a pile of papers before him. A faintly amused contemptuous glance in his eye told the under clerk that he had branded her story "another lie."

In a few minutes he turned to her and said courteously, but coldly:

"Strange; our slip says $5. Now I will give you a duplicate receipt. I will keep the receipt you gave me for the $3.29. It is of no value to you," looking her in the eye.

"No, oh! no—of—course—not. Thank you. I—I—knew I had paid the five dollars."

After she had left he took his way with a smile to the upholstering department. When he returned the smile was almost a sneer.

"Well?" said the under clerk with a laugh.

"Same old thing," he said wearily. "The receipt was given for goods bought by her Thursday. She has lost or mislaid her receipt for the five dollars, and, judging us by herself, was afraid we would deny receiving it, so hatched up that lie. By heavens! I believe a woman would lie her soul away to save a dollar."

The other man chuckled.

"You think it is funny. Well, I don't."

An hour later he turned to his clerk again:

"Five more women; five more lies; a good record for an hour."

A woman stood beside him, and as his eyes scanned her quickly he smiled involuntarily.

She was not shabbily genteel, but shabbily grotesque. The skimpy cape, the threadbare waist, the beflowered bonnet, and ill-hanging skirt were of all colors and materials. They were alike only in cleanliness.

She raised her sharp brown eyes, hesitated and smiled a little tremulously, showing gums entirely devoid of teeth. Then straightening herself up, she said slowly:

"I've come to see if you'd take a rug back."

"What is the matter with the rug?"

"Nothing, only I don't want it."

"How long have you had it? A couple of days, I suppose," ironically.

"No, I've had it purty near two month."

"But you have not used it, of course."

"Well; it's been on the floor all the time, but I only set there when I have company, and I don't have company very often," this a little apologetically. "It's a purty rug an' I like it, but I want to send it back."

"Why did you buy it, if you didn't want it?" he asked bluntly.

"I do want it, but—but I've got to have some money an' I can't get it unless I can send the rug back."

"How much was it?"

"'Leven dollars an' forty cents," she answered dejectedly.

"Are you sure there is nothing wrong with the rug?" he asked in an insinuating voice. "If it is crooked, or off color, or not as represented, I may be able to do something for you."

"No," emphatically, but sorrowfully, "there ain't nothin' wrong with the rug. It's purty an' all right, but it ain't hurt any, an' I must have the money, an'—an' I thought you might take it back."

"Give me your name and address," he said, "and I will call tomorrow and look at it. I will tell you then what I can do." His eyes held a smile that was not amusement or contempt, but a combination of incredulity and joy that made the under clerk wonder.

The next afternoon he climbed five flights of stairs and was ushered into the room with the rug.

Its flaunting colors, the glaring chromos, the table with the installment plan album, the few wooden chairs and the old cane rocker, even the one little scarlet geranium were noted in a single glance. But he looked at the old woman's face long and steadily. It was such a battered old face, as though time, sorrow and privation had fought out their desperate battle there, and left, each time, traces to tell the tale.

"It's a purty rug," was what she said.

"You don't want to give up the rug. Why do you do so?"

She clutched nervously at her apron, and shrank within herself before the man who seemed to fill the room with his dominant forceful personality. He was so strong, young, well groomed, that she felt suddenly old, weak and helpless before him.

"Excuse me," he said kindly. "I had no thoughts of prying into your business. I only want to help you out of this, if I can."

"I know, I know," she said quickly, "an' you're good—good. You'll think me a silly old woman, but I can't bear to disappoint him. Nigh thirty years! It's a long time and we've both got old and ugly, but our hearts is just the same. If he hadn't said it almost the last thing —I wouldn't care so much, but, 'Molly,' said he 'be careful of your teeth; you've such a purty mouth. An'—an'—now I ain't no teeth at all, an' him a comin' after all these years! It's a long time to be in prison, an' that's why I want the rug, 'cause it's so bright and cheerful, and he hain't seen nothing very cheerful all these years, but—but I must have the teeth. I had the money for them, too, but they'll only send him to Cincinnati, where he went up from, so I'll have to send the money for the rest of the way. I must have the teeth," wringing her hands unconsciously, while the shrunken lips quivered and the tears trickled down the yellow cheeks. "I must have the teeth—an'—an' I don't know what to do.

"They sent him up for fifty years; it's a long time for killin' a man that egged him on to doin' it, an' he was young an' hot headed then. We'd only been married four year, an' we was jus' gettin' a nice little start, but," with a dry sob, "I know it seems silly to you fer an old woman to care how she looks, but it's fer him; it's to please him."

The man walked quickly to the window.

A woman true for thirty years! A woman who would not lie! A woman whose love had grown up suffering! A woman with clear brown eyes like— He bowed his head in his hand a moment, and when he raised it the light of joy that shone through the mist was like the sun behind an April cloud.

"We can't take back the rug," he said, "but here," quickly writing on his card, "is the address of my dentist. Go to him; he will make your teeth and I will stand good for them. Now promise me that you will go today."

"No, no," she said, breaking into tears. "I ain't nothin' to you an' I can't let you do that. God bless you! I ain't never taken nothin' yet but what I earned. I wouldn't feel honest in doin' this, for I wuzn't tryin' to get help, only to have the rug taken back."

"You must," he said firmly. "You can pay me back; you can pay it a little at a time. Will you be generous and do this to please me?" and he looked into her face with a winning smile.

"God is good," she answered brokenly, the weary old face lighting with a great joy. "I know you mean what you say an' I'll pay you every cent just as soon as I can. You don't know what this means to me," breaking into helpless sobs, "for—for I want to look as good as I can for John."

That evening a girl with clear brown eyes sat with hands folded listlessly in her lap, her lips in wistful curve. Suddenly, she started, a flush came to her cheeks, a warm light to her eyes. With a cry of joy she sprang to her feet and held out her hands—to him. With no words he caught her to him and kissed her with a passion of love. Then putting his head under her chin he held her face so he could look into her eyes, and said slowly:

"If I was sent to prison for thirty years, would you love me, be true to me, and kiss me after those thirty years with the same gladness you do now?"

"I don't know," she answered hesitatingly.

"You don't know?"

"No. How could I? I love you so much I think I could love you always, but how can I tell? Oh," her face flushing scarlet, "what am I saying? I am telling you I love you, and—you have never yet said you loved me. And you can not, or you wouldn't have left me for a month with no word, even to tell me why."

"You know I love you, though," he said; "love you so much I was afraid of it, and I am happier to hear you say that you can't tell whether you would be true to me or not, than for an assurance to come tripping off your tongue. It wasn't you, darling, but your sex, that has almost robbed me of my happiness. But one little old woman has redeemed all your sex for you, and brought me to you again. For God's sake, never lie to me, Cleta!"

She looked at him with tender womanly pity.

"Poor boy," she said softly, "you have seen the one side so long you forget how many sides there are to an octogon. Because from millions of women a few hundred come to you with lies on their lips—must you condemn all womankind. No, no, my dear, you must not condemn women, for every noble man is mostly what his mother has made him. While women have their weaknesses, they are—"

"The light of man's life," he cried.

Fire Bugs

Protect yourself by insuring with John A. Stephenson, 104-105 Providence Building.

Millionaire Companies Only.

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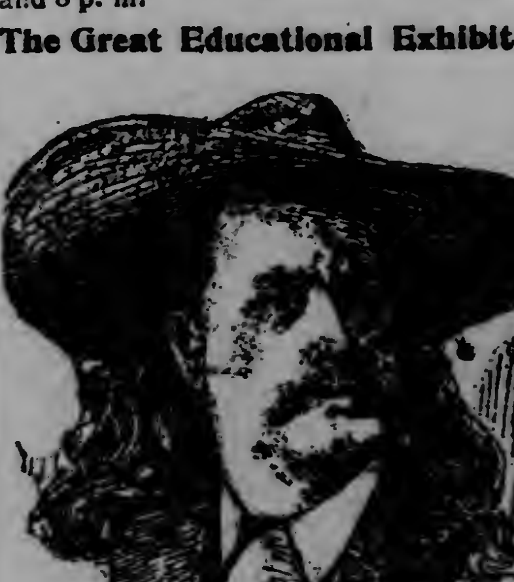
PROVIDENCE BUILDING.

AMUSEMENTS.

TOMORROW
Duluth Circus Grounds,
29th Ave. West and Sup. St.
Two performances, rain or shine, at 2 and 8 p. m.
The Great Educational Exhibit—



Pawnee Bill's Wild West.
1000 Men and Horses.
Exciting and thrilling reproduction of modern and romantic history. Portrayed by Indians and natives of many nations.
Strange and startling street parade at 10 a. m.

LICENSES GRANTED

Lively Time at Council Over East Fourth Street District.

Petitions of Residents Against Saloons Are Not Heeded.

Michigan Street Drinking Fountain Will Remain Where It Is.

The granting of licenses to saloons on East Fourth street was the bone of contention in the city council last evening, and because of the discussion, the session was a prolonged one. The council decided by a vote of 10 to 3 that there shall be saloons in the residence portion of the city, even though there is presented to that body, petitions from the residents asking that the license be not granted. The discussion arose when the resolution granting the renewal of some sixty saloon licenses was introduced last evening. At the request of Alderman Moore the licenses of the Fourth street saloons and one on Third street were withheld until after the others had been disposed of.

There was a petition signed by seventy-five names against granting a license to Henry Sandmann at 605 East Third street, which the petition alleged was owned by Henry Schumann. M. W. Bates asked to speak and declared that the residents of East Fourth street ought not to have four saloons kept in the district when they did not want them. He said the presence of the saloons was a bad thing for their home and their children. A letter was read from G. G. Barnum, who also took the ground that it was the best policy for the city to keep the saloons out of the residence portion.

Alderman Moore said that the petition was largely signed by the residents of the district affected; that complaint had been made to him that the saloons had not been running in a proper manner, and that he believed the wishes of the petitioners should be respected.

Alderman Krumseig argued in opposition to Alderman Moore. He said that so long as he had been in the council he had been against granting licenses for saloons in the residence portions of the city when the majority of the people living in the district were opposed to them, or the saloons were run in a disorderly manner. He disagreed with Alderman Moore that the petition was signed by the people most affected, and said that most of the petitioners lived all the way from six to eight blocks from the saloon. Alderman Krumseig thought the petition was most unfair. He said that he had asked the police department about the saloon and the chief of police had assured him the place was run in a proper manner.

Alderman Neff said that the saloon had been located on Third street about fourteen years; that he regarded the petition as unfair; that the majority of the people in the district had not signed the petition.

Alderman Schaffer was another that thought no attention should be paid to the petition.

Alderman Barnes argued that after the council had established the patrol district and said that there should be saloons in that district, he could see no reason why the council should refuse the request of the men who were asking for the licenses so long as the saloons were not new places, but saloons that had been doing business at the present locations for years.

When it came to a vote on the Sandmann license, Alderman Cromwell, Swenson and Moore voted against it.

The other saloon licenses objected to were those of Oscar Fleer, 409 East Fourth street; John Gouska, 431 East Fourth street; H. H. Krause, 619 East Fourth street. The licenses were granted after considerable discussion, Alderman Krumseig holding that East Fourth street is a business street and not a residence street, and that the council should help to keep it so.

Another measure that stirred up the aldermen to flights of oratory was the proposed new drinking fountain at First avenue west and Michigan street. Some time ago a petition headed by H. F. Davis was presented asking that the fountain be removed. Last evening another petition headed by I. Freimuth, and signed by fifty others, was presented, asking that the fountain be completed and operated.

H. F. Davis was present and asked to speak. He denounced the last petition in strong terms, claiming that one of the signers lived in St. Paul and that the rest might as well live there so far as they were known in the district that would be affected by the putting in of the fountain. Mr. Davis' argument was to the effect that the fountain would be a great hindrance to the hauling of heavy loads and that the property owners and commission men of that neighborhood did not want a fountain there.

Alderman Barnes, to whom the matter was referred, reported in favor of the fountain and offered a resolution that the fountain be finished. An amendment was offered to remove the fountain to First avenue east and Michigan street, but this was lost by a vote of 10 to 2, after argument. Alderman Barnes held that so long as the fountain had been established and was practically finished it would be the best plan for the city to make the water connections and try the fountain, then if it was a nuisance, it could be removed. The resolution was adopted, Alderman More, Neff and Wing voting against it.

The bridge commission presented a concise report of the progress that it had made toward getting the work started on the ferry bridge, and the setback that had been given the proposition by the letter from Acting Secretary of War Sanger. The commission stated, however, that Secretary Root had given Congressman Morris assurances that the bridge could be built by the permission of the war department and believes that the matter can yet be satisfactorily arranged so that the bridge may be completed by April 15, 1902, the time planned by the government engineers. The commission recommends that Congressman Morris be urged to give the matter his immediate attention.

As was forecasted yesterday afternoon, the board of public works reported to the council that the storm damages would amount to about $25,000 and that there is little money available for the repair work. The board asked permission to overrun the July appropriation. The board has saved a little over $1000 in its appropriation for the year, up to July 1, but it was held that it would run behind on ordinary repair work alone for the month, to say nothing of the extra work entailed by the storm. The matter went over for a week.

A request by the Fourth of July committee was followed by a resolution directing the board of public works to order the "Welcome" arch at Fifth avenue west lighted during the evenings of July 4, 5 and 6. The Commercial Light and Power company has agreed to furnish the lights free on the night of the Fourth.

Another resolution was passed that the street railway company be requested to stop its car traffic on Superior street between Eighth avenue west and Third avenue west, during the parade, on the Fourth of July, also to stop traffic on Second street during the ceremony of the laying of the corner stone at the new library building.

A resolution was introduced last evening for the paving with tar macadam of Michigan street between Eighth and Eleventh avenues west, the idea being to pave but one side of the street. The city engineer's estimate of the cost is $7000 and the money would probably have to come out of the general street fund. At the request of some of the aldermen the resolution went over until the matter can be investigated more fully to determine if there are any property owners along the proposed route that could be assessed for part of the cost.

A letter was received by the council from the Canosia Lake Improvement association, thanking the city and the county for the appropriation made at the request of members of the association for the construction of the "Swan Lake cut-off," and for the efficient manner in which the money had been applied. It is the opinion of the association that the country tributary to Swan Lake and Pike Lake roads and the city of Duluth, has received benefits many times the cost of the construction. The communication was referred to Alderman Wing for framing.

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Patented

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray**. The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 220 Times Bldg., New York.

What Our Flag Stands For.

Wherever the American flag is raised in token of sovereignty, it stands for liberty, independence and equality. What our flag is to the nation Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is to the individual, inasmuch as it not only gives you freedom from your ailments, but protects your system in such a manner that they cannot return. When your stomach gets out of order, causing you to belch after eating, or when you are so nervous that you toss about all night unable to sleep, you should certainly try it, because it will strengthen your stomach, steady your nerves, and induce sound, healthy sleep, and for indigestion, constipation and biliousness there is nothing to equal it. Rheumatism is also counteracted by its direct action on the kidneys.

BIG COAL TRUST.

Cleveland, July 2.—The Leader says: Before the first of September all the big companies producing bituminous coal will have been gathered into one organization, similar to the United States Steel corporation. The capitalization will be enormous, probably second only to that of the big steel trust.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION

—TO—

Port Arthur

Calling at Isle Royale.

ON STEAMER ARGO

WEDNESDAY, JULY 3.

Leave Booth's dock 10 a. m., returning arrive early Friday morning in time for business.

Fare $5.00 Round Trip

Including Meals and Berth.

PAWNEE BILL.

The Big Show to Be In Duluth Tomorrow.

The great Pawnee Bill Wild West show will be in Duluth tomorrow and will show at Twenty-ninth avenue west and Superior street. The show is appearing throughout the Northwest and is giving general satisfaction. The Pioneer Press of St. Paul had the following to say of it:

"Pawnee Bill's Historical Wild West show opened a two-day engagement yesterday afternoon at the circus grounds, University avenue and Dale street. Afternoon and evening shows drew packed tents, the combined attendance aggregating 10,000.

"The Historical Wild West is a melange of horsemanship and scenes typical of frontier life in the Western states a quarter of a century ago, participated in by riders representing half a dozen nations besides the American riders, who are represented by a detachment of United States cavalrymen, artillerymen, cowboys and Indians. The whole show, from the opening pageant to the realistic finale, representing the burning of a frontiersman's cabin by the Indians, goes with a snap.

"Miss May Lillie gives a clever exhibition of glass ball shooting from the back of a galloping horse, and bands of Apache and Ute Indians present a series of national dances and ceremonies. The most appreciated features of the performance are the really marvelous tumbling of a troupe of Bedouin and Moorish Arabs and the superb horsemanship of the American cowboys and United States cavalrymen."

In the morning there will be a great street parade. This will leave the grounds and go east on Superior street to Third avenue east, up to First street, west to Fifth avenue west, down to Superior street and back to the show grounds. Arriving there a free exhibition will be given.

FOG CHARTS.

Government Publications That Contain Some Interesting Features.

The meteorological chart of the great lakes, issued by the weather bureau, contains some interesting charts showing the frequency of fogs on the lakes. Three are shown, giving the normal fog distribution for June, July and August. The amount gradually decreases during the three months, June having the most and August the least. The prevalence of fogs is expressed by shades on the map, one shade indicating no fog to four days per month, the next 4 to 8 days, the next 8 to 12, the next 12 to 15, and the deepest shade over 15 days per month.

In June the belts of shade overly each other, narrowing as they grow deeper. The shade showing more than 15 days of fog extends from the Soo west up the lake to a point even with the west end of Isle Royale, and that is the only place on the great lakes where there is so much fog. The shade showing 12 to 15 days of fog per month extends on each side of this belt, including both ends of the lake, with Duluth and the Apostle islands, with a part of the south shore. The next lightest shade, indicating 8 to 12 days of fog, lies on each side of the 12 to 15 days' shade, and includes all of the south shore not already covered. The northerly line of the belt runs from Michipicoten west to a point not far south of Grand Marais, just missing Isle Royale. The shade indicating 4 to 8 days forms an irregular belt north of this and including Isle Royale, and Marquette on the south shore is in a detached portion of it. North of a line drawn from Pie Island east is the only section on the lake having 4 days or less of a fog a month.

In the July chart the fog has lessened, and the deeper shades have diminished and the lighter ones increased. The belt of 15 or more days is a small blotch from a point in the eastern end of the lake off Deer Park to a point slightly west and north of Stannard Rock. The belt of 12 to 15 days is nearly all out in the lake, slightly larger than the 15-day belt, the belt of 8 to 12 days runs from the Apostle islands to the eastern end of the lake, and the belt of 4 to 8 days includes most of the rest of the southerly part of the lake, with Duluth in its boundaries. The belt of 4 days and less has moved down to include Isle Royale, Michipicoten and Grand Marais.

The August chart shows only three shades, below 4 days, between 4 and 8 days and over 8 days. The latter shade extends from the Soo up the lake nearly to the Apostle islands, including Keweenaw point. Nearly all of the remainder of the lake, except a part north and east of a line from Black bay, on the north shore, to Michipicoten island, is in the belt of 4 to 8 days, and the part north of the above line is in the belt of less than 4 days, in which belt all of the rest of the lakes are included.

DISTRICT IS BOOMING.

Big People Going Into Flat Lick.

M. C. French, of the Mountaineer Oil company returned yesterday from another trip to the Flat Lick Oil district of Kentcky, where he went to push work on the properties of his companies' properties. Said Mr. French:

"We have a contractor who has shipped three strings of tools to Flat Lick from Marutta, Ohio, and has agreed to furnish us with as many strings of tools as necessary to do the drilling for our various companies. Work will commence on both the Mountaineer and Daniel Boone, and additional wells will be sunk on the Blue Grass property.

"The situation has changed very much since I was there. People all over Kentcky and bordering states are getting interested in Kentucky oil, and the Standard Oil company has two crews of men leasing lands in that vicinity and will start work at once drilling some wells. A New York company, headed by James A. Tiller, has leased large holdings there the past few weeks, and have two strings of tools shipped in to commence work on the company's holdings. S. B. Logan, who owns the Logan well along with Hazeltine, the oil operator, and Grandin Bros., wheat farmers of North Dakota, is also there. He and his associates pastured upwards of 32,000 acres by sinking the Logan well, and have since been drilling on lands in West Virginia, which had to be drilled out to hold their leases there. They are now going to work on their properties lying within two miles from the Blue Grass lands.

"Frederick A. Hull, of Connecticut, associated with Suffey & Goley in some lands in the same section, and in fact an adjoining property to the Blue Grass and Mountaineer, lying between the two, was there arranging for the development of his properties. Two local companies, one at Pineville and another at Middlesboro, Ky., have been organized to operate properties in the Flat Lick, Ky., district. The Blue Grassers themselves are getting interested. Even old mountaineers, who have never had ambitions above raising a little 'cawn' and razor back hogs, are getting inoculated with the boom virus. The weather was awfully hot, and we were all glad to get back to the breezes of Lake Superior, which we anethamatize so strongly when we are at home."

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Some people can't drink coffee; everybody can drink Grain-O. It looks and tastes like coffee, but it is made from pure grains. No coffee in it.

Grain-O is cheaper than coffee; costs about one-quarter as much.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

INDIANS OF BRAZIL

Fine Collection of Materials From the Amazon Country.

Natives There In a Wonderful State of Savagery.

Number of Interesting Musical Instruments In the Collection.

Washington, July 2.—There is joy among the government ethnologists over the possession of a remarkably fine collection of material from the Indians of that part of Brazil lying south of the Amazon, and which affords for better field for the study of the almost unknown races than has ever before been obtained. Upon many of these tribes the touch of civilization has not rested, nor is there anything to show that they ever saw a white man, save a few glass beads that form some of their body decorations, such as belts and necklaces.

Fifty years ago this government came into possession of a mere handful of the belongings of these tribes, obtained at great cost and trouble, but giving little insight into the manners, customs and conditions of the tribes they represented.

During all the years intervening between that and the World's fair at Chicago nothing more could be obtained.

With a view to making the richest display of ethnological material ever gotten together by a government, capable men were chosen to go to South America for the purpose of enlarging the collection. So many difficulties lay in the way that the result was the still meager collection seen in Chicago.

Until the present collection reached Washington—a part of it being sent to Buffalo—nothing more could be obtained until recently. Then some of our government scientists, like Professor Steer made rich additions. Other specimens were obtained through exchange. As compared with the Indians of the United States, those of Southern Brazil are in a wonderful state of savagery.

Almost the entire collection now being handled by the museum officials came from races in the interior, lying far south of the Amazon, and of whom almost nothing is known as to habits and condition. Their only dress is of the gorgeous-hued feathers of the birds of South America, being woven into bands generally, that festooned the body, though some of them have a sort of an apron of ostrich feathers pending from a belt, to hang about the loins.

A belt and necklace, with some ear ornaments, and gay feather bonnets, worn for certain ceremonies, seem to form the attire of some of the races.

There is nothing to show that any of them depend in the least upon the white man for material upon which to subsist, the resources lying about them being utilized in the most primitive manner.

The Indians inhabiting the forest between the Rio Doce and the Rio Pardo are beyond doubt the most barbarous tribe of Indians known. Nearly all of the Indians of the southern part of Brazil live upon fish, turtle, turtle eggs and monkey meat. Those living upon the upper Paraguay and its tributaries during six months of inundation navigate, as genuine water nomads, in their canoes. Driven to the water for their food, they subsist almost wholly upon fish, which, in the absence of hooks, they hunt skilfully with bow and arrow, an art common in South America.

In this collection, rich as it is, and the most carefully selected, no cooking utensils whatever are found. Articles for cooking are not supplied by the basketry, such as is the case among the tribes of Indians of the United States, for their basketry is loosely woven, and appears to be made only for carrying purposes.

They are also lacking in the pottery, that attractive art of our native Indians.

There are a number of interesting musical instruments in the collection, one of the most novel being a wedged shaped piece pointed at one end and cut V shaped at the other. It is about a foot and a half in length, painted black and spotted with white. It is slung about the head by means of a string, and makes a mournful screech, scream and groan, which, according to tradition, drives away evil spirits. No woman of the tribe of Borero can look upon it without suffering the penalty of death. This instrument resembles what is known as the "bull roarer" of our Indians.

Other interesting instruments are made of gourds, a small tube inserted on the inside and the outside covered with toucan feathers. A lusty blow brings out varied noises, that might sooth the heart of a savage. Still other instruments are decorated gourds filled with nuts or monkey teeth, forming a rattle. Rattles seem a favorite form of music among all of the savages, and they are in various shapes, some being made of gourds, empty nuts, and others of hollow tubes of bamboo, each applicable to some peculiar ceremony.

Gay head dresses of toucan or parrot feathers, representing the rising sun, worn by the chief singers and dancers at funeral ceremonies, is an astonishing bit of mourning. Necklaces and belts of monkey teeth, shells, beans, plaited native fiber, with feathers made into every fanciful conceit to be used as a semblance of dress, a rich lot of bows and arrows, and many other appliances give the ethnologists months of study and conjecture.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 1; Pittsburg, 0.

At New York—New York, 6; Chicago, 4.

At Brooklyn—St. Louis, 10; Brooklyn, 8.

At Boston—Boston, 9; Cincinnati, 1. Second game, Boston, 4; Cincinnati, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 7; Boston, 5.

At Milwaukee—Cleveland, 8; Milwaukee, 5.

At Washington—Washington, 13; Philadelphia, 13. Game called on account of darkness.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	57	33	24	.579
New York	49	28	21	.571
Philadelphia	57	31	26	.544
St. Louis	59	32	27	.542
Brooklyn	57	30	27	.520
Boston	52	27	25	.519
Cincinnati	55	23	32	.489
Chicago	60	19	41	.317

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	57	37	20	.649
Boston	51	31	20	.608
Baltimore	48	28	20	.583
Washington	48	26	22	.542
Detroit	56	30	26	.536
Philadelphia	54	21	23	.477
Cleveland	54	20	34	.370
Milwaukee	54	18	36	.333

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost	Pct.
Kansas City	54	24	20	.630
Omaha	52	29	23	.558
Minneapolis	51	27	24	.529
St. Joseph	53	28	25	.528
St. Paul	54	28	26	.519
Colorado Springs	49	22	27	.449
Des Moines	51	20	21	.392
Denver	48	18	30	.375

The Alaskan Nuggets is the best cigar we can make, or anybody can make, to sell at the nickel price.

TO THE PUBLIC:

Come to Our Drug Store for

Mull's Grape Tonic

The Reconstructor of Health, Run Down Systems and Worn Out Tissues. We Guarantee it to be the best spring tonic and the only one of its kind known.

A FRUIT TONIC LAXATIVE.

For old people, who feel the need of strength and vitality, it is a welcome friend. It sends new blood through their veins, builds them up, bringing them back to a life of usefulness where living is a pleasure and not an existence of misery.

Don't give up until you have tried the discovery which the doctors have styled THE NEW WONDER FOR BAD HEALTH.

It is recommended for children as well as adults. Invalids can use it with perfect safety and good effect. It is woman's best friend. It has proven valuable in the treatment of La Grippe and kindred ailments. It acts on the Liver, Kidneys and Blood, regulates the bowels. It is a laxative tonic, an unusual combination. Grapes and medical properties of crushed fruits, combined with nature's health-giving herbs are the basis of Mull's Grape Tonic, a combination never before thought of.

Indigestion, Stomach Troubles, Sick Headache, Etc., Quickly Disappear With Its Use.

Mull's Grape Tonic, the Crushed Fruit Laxative, is good for everybody, sick, half sick, or if you merely "feel bad." No matter what the trouble may be, a few doses of this remedy, or in severe cases, a bottle or two, usually restores health and renewed life and vigor.

Get a full size bottle at 50c. Its pleasant taste renders it acceptable to all.

It is so good a remedy that benefit usually follows the first dose.

All we ask for it is a trial. Because of its wonderful curative power and rare merit, we shall hereafter keep it on sale.

A 50c Bottle is almost as large as the $1.00 size of other remedies.

Every dose is worth the price of a full bottle to anybody. Its very taste is a pleasure. Every system requires a remedy of this kind. Yours truly,

YOUR DRUGGIST.

Mull's Lightning Pain Killer relieves life of one great burden—PAIN. 25c.

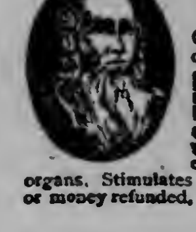
Fifty Cents Per Box

TRADE MARK **Palmo Tablets**

HEALTH, POWER, ENERGY. stop *forever* all weakening drains, feed the brain, replace wasted tissues, and send rich, flesh-building blood bounding through every part of the system, making every organ act, and causing you to glow and tingle with newly found strength. You're a new man, and can feel it! The greatest NERVE TONIC ever discovered. Palmo Tablets cure quickly and forever Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Atrophy, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Dyspepsia, Kidney Diseases. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with guarantee, good as gold), $5.00. Sent anywhere. HALSID DRUG CO., Cleveland, O.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth, Minn.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN



Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

AT SUPERIOR.

Lowry Strikes City For an Extension of Franchise.

Yesterday at Superior, Thomas Lowry had a conference with Mayor arPker and members of the council committee, looking to a final adjustment of the controversy over the improvement of the street railway lines. Mr. Lowry asks that the city council pass an ordinance providing for a new franchise for the company in place of the one under which it is now operating. All the things asked for by the Superiorites are promised, if the company is granted an extended and amended franchise. If the ordinance is granted the company will discontinue service on the Broadway and Sixth street lines in West Superior, and on Central avenue in South Superior, that being part of the agreement.

It is understood that the proposed ordinance to be introduced at the council meeting tonight reads that the franchise of the company shall be extended twelve years. Mr. Lowry was seen last night and when asked why an extension was asked now, in view of the fact that the franchise of the company does not expire for eighteen years, said:

"Our only object in asking the extension is to have the life of the franchise coincide with the thirty-year bonds which are to be issued to make improvements on this side of the bay. It will make it somewhat easier to oflat them in the East, or wherever we apply for money. I have no idea what the council will do, but I believe they will look at the matter reasonably. I intend to treat the city fairly, and I also think they will do the same with us."

The opinion of many of the Superior people seems to be that the company wants a good deal. The Evening Telegram evidently thinks so although it does not say more than intimate that the company "wants the earth."

WETMORE'S GELATINE.

Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers

Kimberly Takes Interest.

P. L. Kimberly has purchased of the C. M. Hill Lumber company a quarter interest in five forties in 58-15 for $20,000. The property is described as lot 3, section 2; lots 3 and 4 and the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 3, all in 58-15. Ore is said to have been found on these lands, raising their value from $1000 six months ago to the $80,000 indicated by this sale.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

MAKE-MAN TABLETS

TRADE MARK

PROLONG LIFE

The effect of Make-Man Tablets are magical. They impart the fire of youth and the vigor and strength of healthy physical manhood. —The good effects of **Make-man** Tablets are felt at once and all suspense as to the results speedily banished.

Make-man Tablets quickly and forever restore Lost Vitality — make the weak strong — they are a combined Brain, Blood and Nerve Food.

Free A trial treatment of Make-man Tablets will be sent free to any reader of this paper who send their name and address. Make-man Tablets are sold on a positive guarantee at 50 cents a box by all leading druggists or sent postpaid upon receipt of price by the **Make-man Tablet Company, 1056 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago, Ill.**

SOLD IN DULUTH BY MAX WIRTH AND S. F. BOYCE.

SAME SHAPE TWO QUALITIES
"Cluett"
NASHUA
25c each
ARROW BRAND
DALFIN
2 for 25c
CLUETT PEABODY & CO
MAKERS

BEN FRANKLIN RYE.

Finest whiskey ever produced.

"My Office"

Room D, Torrey Bldg.

Wm. McCullough

Trade BIG G Mark

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. **Sold by Druggists,** or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS.

SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.

24th AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

WHY?

IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—

It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—

It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—

As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—

By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

MALYDOR

THE 1 TO 4 DAY CURE [illegible]

[illegible]

No Pain. No Stain. No Stricture. Free Syringe.

Prevents all Private Diseases of either sex.

At Druggists, or sent to any address, for $1.00.

"Injection Malydor is 'The Best' of all similar remedies."

DR. [illegible], Biddeford, Me.

MALYDOR MFG. CO. Lancaster, O., U. S. A

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF. COMPLAINT FILED.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

District Court Eleventh Judicial District.

Jesse Smith,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Bertha Smith,
Defendant.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which is filed in the office of the clerk of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscribers, at their office in the Exchange building in the city of Duluth, in said county, within thirty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated May 3rd, 1901.

CRASSWELLER & CRASSWELLER,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald—June-11-18-25—July—2-9-16—1901.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of the sum of nine thousand six hundred thirty-one and 50-100 dollars ($9631.50) which is actually due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal and interest upon a mortgage duly executed and delivered by Persis T. Norton and James W. Norton, her husband, mortgagors, to The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, mortgagee, bearing date April 2nd, A. D. 1894, and with a power of sale therein contained duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m. in Book 99 of mortgages, on page 113.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lots numbered five (5) and six (6), in block numbered sixteen (16), Banning & Ray's Subdivision of Duluth, according to the accepted plat thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, said property being located in said St. Louis County, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, on the 17th day of July, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of nine thousand six hundred thirty-one and 50-100 dollars ($9631.50) and interest, and one hundred dollars ($100) attorneys' fees as stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated Duluth, Minn., June 3rd, 1901.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Mortgagee,

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Building,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-4-11-18-25—July—2—9—1901.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of three hundred twenty-four dollars which is claimed to be due and is due at this date upon a mortgage made by Ole Jackson to Mehitable Todd dated December 16th, 1894, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on December 26th, 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 127 of mortgages on page 346.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to statute said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described and situate in said county, to-wit: The rear or southerly fifty feet of the westerly half of lot numbered ten, East Second street, Duluth Proper, First division, according to the recorded plat thereof which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house in Duluth, Minnesota, on Thursday, the 1st day of August, 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and taxes if any, on said premises, together with twenty-five dollars attorney's fees as stipulated in said mortgage and the foreclosure disbursements.

Dated June 11th, 1901.

MEHITABLE TODD,
Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June—18-25—July 2-9-16-23-1901.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, General Term, June 17th, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of William F. Jenks, Deceased:

Letters testamentary, on the estate of William F. Jenks, deceased, late of the county of Montgomery, state of Pennsylvania, being granted to Helen C. Jenks.

It is ordered that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate court of said county for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered that the 23rd day of September, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said Probate court to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 17th day of June, A. D. 1901.

By the court. W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, June 18-25—July 2, 1901.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 14th, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of John Marshall Williams, Deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of John Marshall Williams, deceased, late of the County of Santa Clara, State of California, being granted to Lucien M. Williams, Nathan W. Williams and Parke E. Simmons.

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered that the 18th day of December, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said Probate court to be held at the Probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

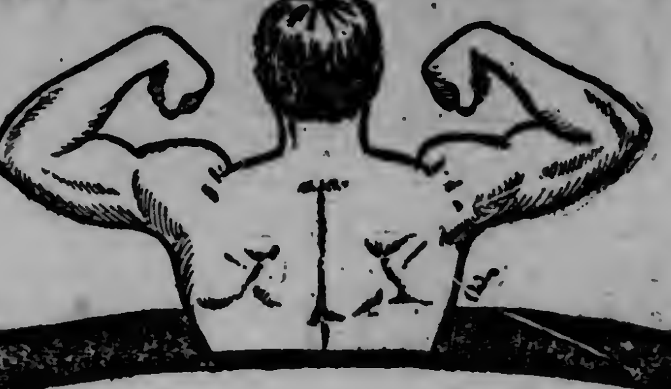
And it is further ordered that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 14th day of June, A. D. 1901.

By the court. W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, June 18-25—July 2, 1901.



The Human Machine

The human body is like a delicately adjusted machine. When a part is worn out, or through abuse becomes rusty, it affects the whole system. The kidneys and liver are among the most important of all the organs in the body. When they get out of order the entire system suffers. Keep them running smoothly and good health follows.

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

will regulate these organs and keep them in perfect health. Years of use in thousands of families have proved its value in all troubles affecting the liver and kidneys.

If your back aches; If your head aches;

If you lack ambition; If you are easily tired and worn out; It means your kidneys are out of order. Buy a bottle to-day at your druggist's. It may save you useless suffering.

Made by

The J. H. McLean Medicine Co., St. Louis. Mo.

AT MANILA.

Civil Government Will Be Inaugurated on July Fourth.

Manila, July 2.—Thursday next, July 4, will be inauguration day for the civil government and moving day for the military headquarters, which will be transferred to the former Spanish headquarters, outside the walled city. The palace will be occupied exclusively by the civil government. Gen. Chaffee, who assumes command Thursday, will occupy Judge Taft's residence and Judge Taft will remove to the Malacanan palace.

Gen. Chaffee is preparing to push Marvar, the insurgent chief, in Southern Luzon. He has ordered the transfer of the Fifth infantry from Northern Luzon to Batangas province. The general has been informed that Malvar's principal headquarters are in a mountain in Northern Tayabas, whose inhabitants are contributing to his support. Gen. Chaffee has not formulated plans for the occupation of the island of Mindoro.

Gen. Hughes at his request will be permitted to continue in in command of the Visayas islands until the Samar campaign is completed. Subsequently Gen. Davis will continue temporarily to be provost marshal at Manila.

Gen. Chaffee's staff appointees are as follows: Adjutant general, Brig. Gen. William P. Hall; quartermaster, Brig. Gen. Charles F. Humphrey; inspector general, Lieut. Col. Joseph P. Sanger, and military secretary, Capt. Grote Hutchinson (Sixth cavalry).

Four American prisoners, who escaped from Calapan, Mindoro, June 25, in a sail boat, have been recaptured. Six others are reported to be in Southern Mindoro. Bills have been passed establishing a board of health for the Philippines and providing for laboratories in connection therewith. The salary of the health commissioner will be $6600.

The United States cruiser Albany sailed today for the Mediterranean.

Several insurgent officers and 350 Bolomen have voluntarily taken the oath of allegiance at Cuino, province of Bataan.

Capt. Williams, with ten men, scouting in Albay province, has killed ten insurgents and captured a Filipino captain and ten men. A detachment of the Fourth infantry, scouting on a volcano island in Lake Taal, has captured Gonzales, an insurgent leader, his adjutant and several others. Another detachment of the same regiment has had a running engagement at Baneas and destroyed a Filipino stronghold. Serge. Brown and Privates Rigsby and Gatfield of the coast artillery were wounded.

The English club gave a reception to Gen. MacArthur last night.

WRIT DENIED.

Denver, July 2.—Judge Hallet, of the United States district court, has denied a writ of habeas corpus to Edward H. Reid, the Omaha cattle shipper, who was sentenced to six months' imprisonment by the district court of Arapahoe county for failure to pay the state inspection fee on a shipment of cattle from Texas. Attorney Ralph Talbot took an appeal to the United States supreme court and Reid was released on $500 bond.

WERE REPRIMANDED.

Denver, July 1.—Judge Palmer, of the district court, today reprimanded Rev. M. A. Rader pastor of Grace M. E. church, Rev. W. H. Talmadge, state sunperintendent of the Anti-Saloon league ,and Secretary Walter D. Wynkoop, of the Christian Endeavor society, who were charged with contempt of court and discharged them. The judge did not announce his decision on the question of making permanent the injunctions in saloon cases for criticism of which Rader, Talmadge and Wynkoop were cited for contempt.

DECREASING.

Not as Much Counterfeiting as Usual Done Last Year.

Washington, July 2.—The annual report of Chief Wilkie, of the secret service division, treasury department, submitted to Secretary Gage, indicates that this has been the most successful year in the history of the division. During the twelve months ending June 30, 1901, there were placed in circulation but four new counterfeit notes against an average of about ten for each year during the preceding ten years. Only one of these new notes was at all dangerous, the others being the product of unskilled workmanship. The total amount of counterfeit currency which came into the possession of the division during the year amounted to $30,056, while $18,117 in counterfeit coin was confiscated. Coin counterfeiting decreased all over the country, except in New York city and vicinity, where there has been a gradual increase in this class of crime, particularly cases in which genuine silver forms the basis of the imitations. The arrests for twelve months show a total of 594.

PENSIONS.

Statement of the Business For the Past Year.

Washington, July 2.—A statement which appeared at the pension office shows that for the fiscal year ended June 30, there were 49,612 names added to the pension rolls of which 44,861 were original issues and 4751 were restorations. The original issues included the following: Invalids, civil war, 20,443; invalids, war with Spain, 2795; survivors, Mexican war, 15; survivors, Indian wars, 7; widows, civil war, 19,842; widows, war with Spain, 1241; widows, Mexican war, 352; widows, Indian wars, 132; widows (old war prior to 1861), 6; widows of 1812, 3; nurses, 25. The increases and ratings, etc., numbered 60,043, making the total number of certificates issued 109,600 as against a total of 105,591 in 1900. The increase in number of pensioners on the rolls June 30, 1901, compared with the previous year was about 2500. The number of claims pending May 31, 1901, was 415,409 and on June 30, 1897, 635,059.

Increases human energy, makes soldiers of weak men. The world has little ply for a man who having lost his grip does not regain it by taking Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. Ask your druggist.

$5.75 Fourth of July

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

July 3 and 4, Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short line, three trains daily) will sell tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return for $5.75. Good returning up to and including July 5. For tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot or Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

Schlitz

THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS

M. Pasteur, of France, invented a process for killing all possible germs in a product, and we use it. After each bottle of Schlitz beer is filled and sealed it is sterilized.

This is an extreme precaution. The beer is brewed in extreme cleanliness, cooled in filtered air, then filtered. It seems impossible for a taint of impurity to get to it. Yet we sterilize every bottle.

We, who know brewing, know the value of purity. We add vastly to the necessary cost of our beer to assure it. You who drink it get the healthful results of our precaution. Your physician knows; ask him.

'Phone 358, Schlitz, 38-40 Railroad Avenue, Duluth.

Every Bottle Sterilized

RECRUITS FOR NAVY

Men Wanted to Complete the Full Strength of the Navy.

The Apprentice System Is Over One Thousand Short.

Few Chinamen On Warships Except In Mess Departments.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, July 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is learned at the navy department that men are wanted for the enlisted force of the navy to complete the organized strength of 25,000. The apprentice system is over 1000 short and the regular establishment about the same number, with poor prospect of being fully recruited during the present summer. Over 900 sailors, whose terms of enlistment had expired, were discharged within the last three weeks from the Asiatic station, and as each ship returns home its crew almost to a man will be discharged. At this rate the navy department finds it impossible to maintain the service at its full strength, although every recruiting station is active in enlisting new men.

Eight ships are now employed in the training service, and two more are to be added this summer to accommodate the sailors recruited in the next few months. Men on these ships come to a large extent from the Central West and lake regions. After a year's experience they are detailed to ships with the fleet, where they soon become proficient in their duties. Through this seasoning process the navy is now securing the finest body of men enlisted for years.

The percentage of naturalized sailors is now over 90 per cent, as compared to about 50 per cent ten years ago. In the days of the old navy, three-fourths of the sailors were foreign born, and there was a mixture of whites, blacks and Asiatics, where there are now few if any but native or naturalized Americans. Statements that Chinese are enlisted in large numbers have no foundation in fact. The only Chinamen on warships, as a rule, are those in the mess departments and as servants to officers. On the Asiatic station a few Filipinos have been enlisted to man the small gun boats engaged in the patrol of inland waters.

* * *

The advanced course in naval architecture heretofore pursued by Naval Academy graduates, prior to being commissioned in the construction corps, at European institutes, is hereafter to be given these young men at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Boston, where a course of study is to be followed equaling that of the famous schools of Great Britain and France.

Admiral Hichborn, some years ago, entered into negotiations with the faculty of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology with a view to providing the course required for the cadets. A proposition was submitted which was regarded as satisfactory. Secretary Long was in favor of adopting the plan, but line influences at the navy department operated to defeat it, and the old system was adhered to at considerable expense to the government.

Admiral Bowles, the new chief constructor, has taken up the subject again, and it has been decided that all naval academy graduates selected for the construction corps in future shall be educated at the Massachusetts Institute, which now provides a course of lectures fully answering the needs of such education. The first cadet to take this course will be William McEntee and William B. Ferguson, Jr., who were graduated Nos. 1 and 2, respectively, a year ago. Two additional cadets will also be chosen later from this year's class and assigned to the course.

Since 1883 each cadet commissioned in the construction corps has been sent abroad for study and has invariably taken first rank in classes. Admiral Bowles, one of the first sent abroad, led his class. Constructor Gatewood, now dead, followed him with a similar record, and Constructor D. W. Taylor, who made a higher record at the Naval Academy than was ever before or since made in the school, graduated at Greenwich with the biggest honors. Capt. Hobson was another of these graduates.

So remarkable were the records of American cadets that the British government became sensitive a few years ago at their outstripping English students, and declined to allow them the advantages of the school. The navy then sent its students to the University of Glasgow and to the Ecole Politechnique, at Paris, where all recent graduates of the corps have completed their education.

* * *

The health department of this city is taking more than a passing interest in the mosquito question, and an active campaign against this pest is projected. At present there is no law under which the department can proceed against the owners of land on which there are stagnant pools. Health Officer Woodward proposes, therefore, that a regulation shall be adopted making owners of property where water is allowed to stand until it becomes a nuisance liable to a fine of from $10 to $100.

The mosquito crusade is directed principally, however, against the Anacostia flats. Here hundreds of acres of land are daily submerged and then left in a swampy condition by the receding tide, to form the birthplace and feeding grounds for great clouds of mosquitoes. Under such favorable conditions these mosquitoes attain a growth and vigor unknown to the upper parts of the city, and are said to rival, if not surpass, the Jersey breed in voracity and bloodthirstiness.

Dr. Woodward is making a thorough investigation of the prevalence of malarial fever along the Anacostia river, especially in the asylum of the insane, where accurate records are accessible. It is a lamentable truth that, although every member of congress who visits the Anacostia flats admits that they are a menace to the public health, congress steadfastly refuses to appropriate the money necessary for their reclamation.

Dr. Woodward does not believe that kerosene, under the circumstances, would be effective in preventing the breeding of mosquitos, as the rise and fall of the tide would drain away the oil. The only remedy, he thinks, lies in filling the flats, which would cost several million dollars.

* * *

The postoffice department has agreed to name the county seat of a new county to be laid out in Oklahoma after the late Gen. Lawton. The interior department is now wrestling with the question whether the county shall be called McKinley county, in accordance with the wishes of Governor Jenkins and Delegate Flynn. It is said the president is in doubt as to the propriety of having a county named after him by the interior department during his administration. There is a postoffice named Lawton in the Indian Territory. The postmaster at that place has been notified to select another name for his office.

* * *

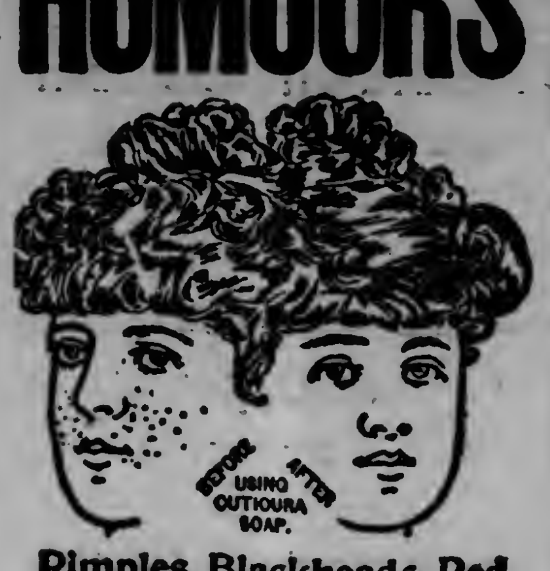
Consul General Stowe writes from Cape Town that he is in receipt of a letter from a well-known resident of that place which states that very large quantities of Argentine mealies (maize, or corn) are imported to Cape Town to the exclusion of American grain.

Mr. Stowe adds that the corn raised in this country resembles the Argentine corn in shape but is slightly smaller. It is quite palatable when mixed with cold water, and is principally used by the natives thus. Our own Western corn, prepared in a similar way, is harsh and uneatable, for neither hot nor cold water softens it.

The Argentine corn is preferred by the natives next to African corn, although it is not so palatable. The Argentine corn is, owing to its softness, attacked by weevils. Consul Stowe recently examined a cargo of this corn, which arrived on an American bark from the River Plata, and almost all was destroyed by weevils.

If corn, such as he has seen in the Eastern states, could be shipped to Cape Town he believes it would find a ready market. Since the first of the year over 50,000 bags of corn have arrived at that port—a very fair receipt.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.



FACE HUMOURS

Pimples, Blackheads, Red Rough, Oily Skin

PREVENTED BY

Cuticura SOAP

MILLIONS OF PEOPLE USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative purposes. CUTICURA SOAP combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet, bath, and baby soap in the world.

Complete Treatment for Every Humour. CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the severest case.

Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27-28 Charterhouse Sq., London. E. C. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props.

$14.00 Detroit and Return

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and D. & C. steamers, via St. Ignace (Mackinaw Island), acount National Educational Convention. Leave Duluth 7:00 p. m., July 5. Make early application for sleeper and steamer accommodations at

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Can't Evade It.

Positive Proof From Duluth Can't Bo Brushed Lightly Aside.

THE READER IS FORCED TO ACKNOWLEDGE THAT CONVINCING PROOF IN HIS OWN CITY IS PRE-EMINENTLY AHEAD OF ENDORSEMENTS FROM EVERYWHERE ELSE IN OUR REPUBLIC. READ THIS:

Mr. James McKeag, of 1804 Piedmont avenue, miner, says: "For two years I was troubled with pains through my loins and kidneys. If I sat long in one position my back became lame and sore. I tired easily, and if I overworked myself I was always much worse. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended for such toubles, I procured a box at W. A. Abbet's Drug store and used it. The remedy acted splendidly and effectively. Doan's Kidney Pills are pleasant to take, have no disagreeable effects and are permanent in their results."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

WINSTON IS DEAD

One of Minneapolis' Best Known Citizens Passes Away.

Taken Sick While on a Train Going to Chicago.

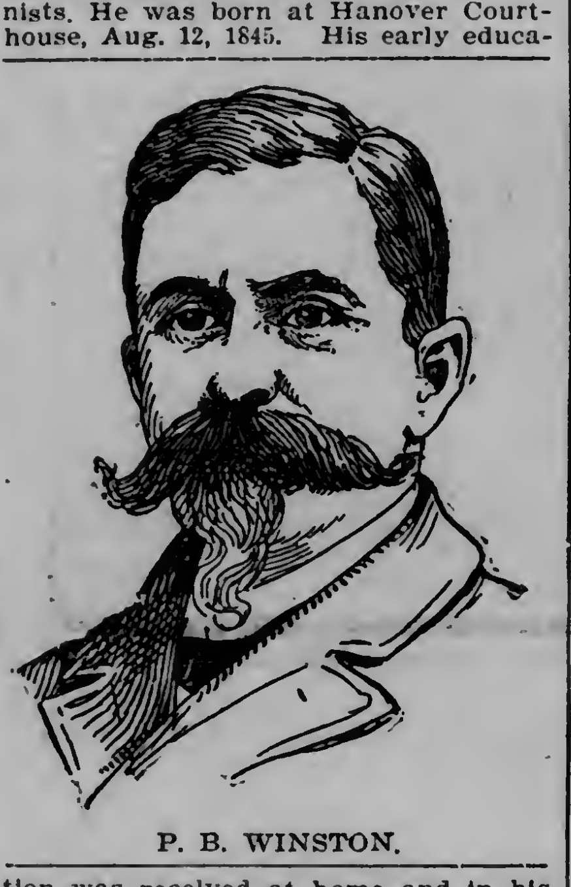
He Was Always Prominent Figure In Democratic Circles.

Minneapolis, July 2.—Philip B. Winston, the well known railroad contractor, died at Augustana hospital, Chicago, at 10:30 yesterday morning. Mr. Winston was overcome by the heat while on his way to Chicago Sunday night and he grew rapidly worse after being taken to the hospital. His brother, F. G. Winston, was with him at the time of his death.

Mr. Winston left with his brother for Chicago on an Omaha train Sunday night. He was, apparently, in the best of health. On Saturday he remarked to his bookkeeper, Mr. Hill, who had inquired about his health, that he never felt better in his life.

A telegram was received at the office of Winston Brothers, in the Globe building, from F. G. Winston yesterday afternoon confirming the report of his brother's death. No details were given, except that Mr. Winston was taken to Augustana hospital from the train and that he died there at 10:30 in the morning. The telegram also contained a request that the news be broken to Mrs. Winston and members of the family.

Philip Bickerton Winston was a native of Virginia, being the son of William Overton Winston and Sarah Anne Gregory Winston, both of whom were descendants of the early English colonists. He was born at Hanover Courthouse, Aug. 12, 1845. His early education was received at home and in his sixteenth year year he attended an academy until the death of his father. In 1862, after being on the farm a short time, he enlisted in Company E, Fifth Virginia cavalry, though only a boy of 17. He participated in several battles and engagements and served until Appomattox. Boy though he was he won first lieutenantcy and served as an aide on the staff of Gen. Thomas L. Rosser.



P. B. WINSTON.

Farming engaged his attention until 1872, when he came to Minneapolis with little money, but plenty of grit. He engaged in government survey for two years and in 1875 formed, with his elder brother, F. G. Winston, the firm of Winston Brothers, general railroad contractors. It is one of the best known firms in the country and in the past twenty-five years has constructed thousands of miles of railway in the West.

On March 30, 1876, Mr. Winston was married to Katherine D. Stevens, daughter of Col. John H. Stevens, the pioneer settler of Minneapolis. They have two children, Philip B., Jr., and Nellie Winston.

Mr. Winston was one of the notable figures in Minnesota politics, in which he has been a leader for many years. In the course of his career in this city he held many honorable positions, serving in the legislature. He was elected mayor in 1890, serving to the satisfaction of his party and friends.

He was of a genial disposition, with a kind word to all and a personality winning in the extreme. Because of his popularity his party associates were always desirous of having him upon the ticket in one capacity or another and he repeatedly was compelled, especially in recent years, to decline nominations which the party was only too anxious to give him.

This was true two and four years ago when, it is commonly acknowledged, he could have had the Democratic nomination for congress. Owing to the extraordinary prosperous business conditions of the past five or six years Mr. Winston positively refused to accept any nomination, saying that at the proper time he would accommodate his friends, but that his first duty was to his family, and that the time to make hay was while the business sun was shining.

During the recent troublous times politically he was loyal to the party as exemplified by William J. Bryan, but was never an ardent silver advocate. He refrained, as far as possible, from taking a very active part in the bitter controversy which raged, and his popularity was alike evident with both wings of the party until the last, and during the past month or so his name was mentioned prominently as the choice of Manager Rosing as the next candidate of the party for governor.

Tom Reed cigar is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

Detroit and Return $14.00.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company. One night by rail and a delightful twenty-four-hour ride on one of the finest passenger steamers on the great lakes. Tickets on sale July 5 and 7 and can be made good for return until Sept. 1. For sleeping car and stateroom reservation address

M. ADSON,
General Agent D., S. S. & A. Ry.,
Duluth, Minn.

The best toilet soap man can make costs only 10c. now.

Any higher price is waste; for a better soap than Jap Rose is impossible, though you pay a dollar a cake for it.

And Jap Rose costs but a dime.

Jap Rose (TRADE MARK) Soap

A transparent, glycerin soap, made from pure vegetable oil and perfumed with roses.

Kirk's finest production -- and that means the world's best.

Have your Carpets cleaned at Bayha's

Carpet Cleaning Works—most reliable at the head of the lakes. All kinds of carpets cleaned for three cents per yard. No charge for calling for them. Office—Bayha & Co.'s Furniture Store, 24—26 East Superior Street.

"IF AT FIRST YOU DON'T SUCCEED,"
TRY
SAPOLIO

PRIVILEGES

TO HOLDERS OF
Eastern Tourist Tickets
VIA THE
Lake Shore
and Michigan Southern Railway

STOP OVER AT
Chautauqua,
Pan-American Exposition,
Niagara Falls.

OPTIONAL USE OF
Cleveland & Buffalo Steamers,
Hudson River Boat Line.

Printed matter giving routes and rates for summer tours with full information on application to F. M. BYRON, G. W. A., Chicago.

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VAN CO.
MOVING, PACKING AND
STORAGE OF FURNITURE.

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THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492- Old
'Phone 767—Zenith
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MICHAELS, STERN & CO
ROCHESTER N.Y.

Dress up for the Fourth!

Men's Suits:

Gentlemen's handsome $20 and $22.50 Suits.. **$13.75**

Gentlemen's stylish $15.00 and $18.00 Suits. **$9.75**

Gentlemen's nobby $8.00 and $12.00 Suits. **$5.75**

All new materials, stylish and handsome patterns, beautiful colorings, the finest of fabrics and a large assortment to make your selection from.

Straw Hats—All the new shapes, rough and plain straw **50c, $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3.**

Store open until noon July 4th.

Floan, Leveroos and Co.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Store open evenings until July 4th.

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

The New Store

We Will be Closed All Day Thursday, July 4th.

But open all day until 10 p. m. Wednesday. We will make special offerings in the many necessary "ready-to-wear" garments for which "THE NEW STORE" is justly famous. You will find the variety, style and qualities here that you seldom find elsewhere; Coupled with the ridiculously low prices will make Wednesday a busy day with us.

In the Ladies' Suit Room—You will find the most complete line of Summer Shirt Waists shown at the head of the lakes. Every material that is up-to-date and desirable. Endless styles in make-up and finish. Starting at........**25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50 and up to $4.50**

Ladies' Wash Suits—In white or colors. In muslins, lawns, Batistes, grass linens, Etamines, etc. Skirts are cut in stylish flare flounce. Fresh lines just opened up today. The prices will prove most pleasing to you, ranging from **$3.50, $4.50, $6.50, $7.98, $8.50 and $8.75**

Summer Wash Skirts—In linens, ducks, piques, denims, crash, etc. We show them in white and colors at from........**98c up to $12.00 each**

Fine Tailored Suits—Only a few left. They represent the best styles and makes that are shown in the city. We want to clean them up Wednesday and make the following reductions, which are genuine—all suits worth $18.00 and $20.00, Wednesday at only........**$12.50**
All Suits worth up to $27.50, Wednesday only........**$18.00**

White Waist Specials—Splendid line to select from at........**75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50**

Undermuslins Royal Undermuslins are best. We have the exclusive sale of them in Duluth. Superior in material and finish. Wednesday we offer special bargains in the various lines—
Corset Covers at........10c, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, 65c, 75c, $1.00 and up
Drawers at........29c, 39c, 50c, 75c, 89c, 98c, $1.25, up to $2.00
Gowns at........59c, 69c, 75c, 89c, 98c, $1.25 and up to $4.00
Chemise at........50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, up to $2.50
Skirts........from 69c up to $7.50

Children's Muslin Hats—Very pretty line—we show them at........**25c, 39c, 50c, 65c, 75c, 89c, $1.00 and up to $2.00**

Summer Parasols—Ranging in price from........**50c to $5.00**

Ladies' Neckwear—Every shape, style or collar imaginable, from a 10c stock to a $7.50 Liberty silk ruche. We show more swell things in this department than you will find elsewhere.

Men's Furnishings **Neckwear**—New 4-in-hands, tecks, Imperials, Yales, etc., 50c and 75c goods, your choice of them all Wednesday at........**39c**

Negligee Shirts—Dark and light styles, collars and cuffs attached or detached, 75c goods—Wednesday on sale at only........**49c**

Suspenders—worth 25c and 35c. You can take you choice Wednesday at........**15c**

Ladies' Summer Knit Underwear—in great variety.

Vests—at........**4c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35, 50c and up to $1.50**

Umbrella Drawers—Lace trimmed—at........**25c and 50c**

Hosiery—at........**10c, 15c, 19c, 25c, 30c, 35c up to $3.00**

Ladies' Gloves—Colored fabric gloves, especially good for hot weather, all colors and sizes **25c**

Lisle Gloves—In all colors, black and white at........**50c**

We have just received a shipment of Ladies' Kimonas and Dressing Sacques, in white and colors. A wide variety of materials and styles. Most beautiful lot we have had this season. We wish you to see them in our Suit Department. Prices range from............ **50c up**

Remember *We will be open until 10 p. m. Wednesday, but*
Closed all day Thursday, the 4th.

THE DAKOTAS.

Much Vacant Land Remains In the Aberdeen District.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—Records of the United States land office, in this city, show there are 141,740 acres of vacant land in the district, located as follows: Brown county, 480 acres; Campbell, 57,400 acres; Edmunds, 9170; McPherson, 35,870; Walworth, 38,820. Some of this land is broken or stony, but much of it is good farming land, subject to free homestead entry. Business at the land office in this city for June consisted of thirty-five original homestead entries, embracing 5523 acres; twenty-one final homestead proofs, embracing 3280 acres, and ten final timber culture proofs, embracing 1587 acres.

Lead—At a conference in Deadwood between the captains of the two Lead running teams, the Central City team and that of Deadwood, the question arose as to whether professionals were to be allowed in the contests during the carnival. One of the Lead teams had secured the services of four professional runners from the football team of the State university, Vermillion, including the coach. The rules by which the contests of the firemen will be governed strictly forbid the participation of professional runners. It is thought that the Lead teams will withdraw from the contests during the tournament of firemen

Mitchell—The state board of charities and corrections met at the Plankinton reform school and passed through this city on their way home. It had been given out that the superintendent for the school would be named, but it was learned it is not the intention of the board to make the appointment until all members are present, which will likely be the case at the next meeting. There are about fifteen applicants.

Huron—The work of rebuilding the skimming station at Merritt's Grove, destroyed by fire last week, is progressing rapidly. The Virgil Creamery association, owner of the plant, estimates tho loss at $1000; insured for $800. The most serious part of the loss is the icehouse, as difficulty will be experienced in getting a sufficient supply of ice for the remainder of the season. The new building will be larger and better equipped than the one burned.

Edgemont—The county treasurer of Fall River county, Mr. Morgan, and Col. D. G. Grippen, chairman of the board of county commissioners, have disposed of the personal property of the Edgemont and Union Hill Smelting company, consisting of engines, boilers, lumber, etc., for the purpose of paying the delinquent taxes of the company.

Pierre—The horse sale here last week shows that the men who had faith in horses during the time of low prices are now reaping their reward. Among those who placed their horses on the market, L. LaPlant comes out with the best showing, having received a check of $6500 from the commission company for his sales.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—The Jamestown Electric Light company has sold its plant to John H. Canahan, who has been in the company's employ for many years. Mr. Canahan expects to make [illegible] provements. Another company, formed of Jamestown business men and the former manager of the old electric light company, John Masters, is attempting to secure a franchise from the city council.

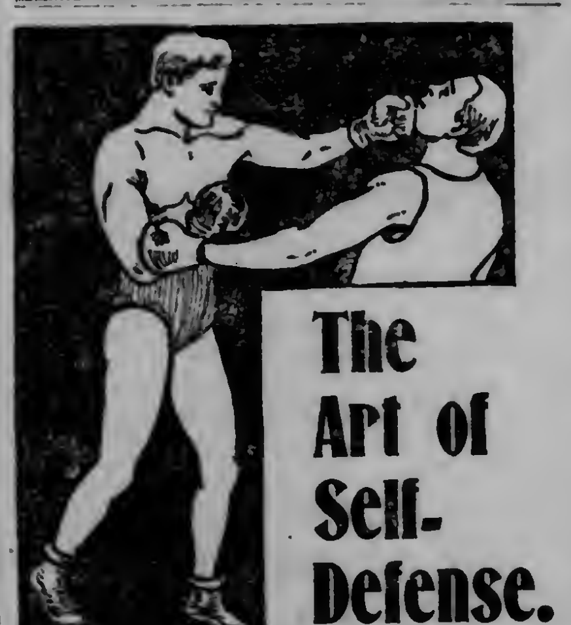
Mack Sinclair has received his appointment as deputy revenue collector for half of North Dakota, and will begin work shortly. He succeeds Harry Cornwall, of Eldridge, who resigned.

Fargo—William Scherer is dead as the result of injuries received in falling through an elevator shaft Thursday night. He was unconscious from the time of the accident.

IN MICHIGAN.

Thirty Rock Cars Wrecked on Atlantic & Lake Superior.

Calumet—About thirty rock cars were wrecked on the Atlantic & Lake Superior railroad at Redridge. The excessive heat so expanded the rails that the switch at the yard entrance could not be thrown in time to run the cars on to the rock bins.



The Art of Self-Defense.

The popular idea expressed in the phrase, "the art of self-defense," shows the opinion that the chief enemies a man has to defend himself from are visible and external. But the real danger of every man is from minute and often invisible foes. In the air we breathe and the water we drink are countless minute organisms leagued against the health of the body.

The one defense against these enemies is to keep the blood pure. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery thoroughly purifies the blood, removing poisonous substances and accretions. When the blood is pure there is no harborage for the germs of disease which find a lodging only when the blood is impure and corrupt.

"I consider your 'Golden Medical Discovery' one of the best medicines on the face of the earth," writes Mr. Wm. Floeter, of Redoak, Montgomery Co., Iowa. "While in the southwest, three years ago, I got poisoned with poison ivy. The poison settled in my blood and the horrors I suffered cannot be told in words. I thought I would go crazy. I tried different kinds of medicine, tried different doctors, but all the relief they could give me was to make my pocket-book lighter. I then began taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Took four bottles without relief. Kept taking it. I took in all ten bottles and got entirely cured."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.

As a result several cars jumped the track and were badly demolished, the remaining portion of the train being telescoped. The brakemen saved themselves by jumping.

Osceola—Early Saturday morning the lighthouse on Osceola point was blown from its foundation. The lighthouse is situated on the beach and it will be an easy matter to repair the damage. In the meantime the keeper will show a lantern at night for the benefit of navigation.

Hancock—The contract for remodeling the Hancock First National Bank block went to Gauthier Bros., the Hancock builders, who were the lowest bidders. A third story will be added and an addition 40 by 50 feet built on to the rear of the block. The front will be thoroughly modernized and the banking office refitted.

BIG SAVING

To Railroads By Discharge of High-Salaried Employes.

Chicago, July 2.—Employes of the great railroad companies, which have now made their grasp on the principal lines of the West and Northwest secure and have now begun to get down to details, will soon feel the effect of the combination.

The "community of interests" has abolished all competition. As a result thousands of men who have earned good salaries by reason of their skill in obtaining business in competition with other roads will be discharged. Expenses must be cut down.

The fast freight lines are said to be doomed. The fast lines are looked upon by the owners of railroads as the breeders of competition and manipulation.

A majority of freight soliciting agents are attached to the fast freight lines, and if the latter are abolished thousands of men with salaries averaging from $75 to $100 a month will be thrown out of work.

Another prospective result is the consolidation of the offices of railroads in the trust in the different cities.

In Chicago the Morgan-Hill interests maintain four separate offices—the Burlington, Monon, Great Northern and Northern Pacific. It is figured that as these four offices represent one interest and the business might be transacted in one, the consolidation would save money.

The Vanderbilt system maintains six offices in this city—the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Nickel Plate, Big Four, West Shore, New York, Ontario and Western. The West Shore office, it is said, is sure to be abolished soon.

It is likely that the business of all the railroads will soon be transacted through two offices, the Lake Shore and the Michigan Central.

ESCAPED.

Philadelphia Embezzler Gets Away From the Detectives.

Philadelphia, July 2.—William E. Douglass, until recently an assistant to the receiving teller in the Guarantee Trust & Safe Deposit company of this city, has disappeared owing the institution $13,000, which loss is covered by a Baltimore Surety company. Douglass resigned his position a few weeks ago. The auditor of the trust company in the last monthly audit found the discrepancy in Douglass' accounts and at the request of the surety company, which is on his bond, a warrant was sworn out for his arrest. He was placed under detective surveillance, but escaped. The case is now in the hands of the city detective department. Douglass is about twenty-six years old and unmarried.

TROUBLE SETTLED

Woodland Cars Are Again Running on Regular Schedule.

Traction Company Gets the Line Under Certain Conditions.

Will Operate Another Mile as Soon as Built.

The Woodland street railway trouble is settled.

The details were all arranged at the conference yesterday afternoon between Thomas Lowry, his attorney, M. D. Munn, of St. Paul, and Luther Mendenhall, representing the Duluth-Superior Traction company, and R. M. Hunter, T. W. Hoopes and T. T. Hudson, representing the Woodland company. The contract has not yet been drawn up, but that is merely a formal matter.

At 7:30 o'clock last evening the car service was resumed and the residents of Woodland, Hunter's Park and Glen Avon were able to get into town without walking, taking carryalls or some other mode of conveyance.

The agreement reached provides that the Duluth-Superior Traction company is to take the line and put it in shape. This means the building of a new line and it will be a single track. Good service is to be given and if necessary, switches and sidetracks will be put in. A cut-off will be built running along Wallace avenue. This will carry the line from a point at about James C. Hunter's residence over to Woodland avenue striking it at about H. W. Coffin's residence.

The Woodland company, throughout the controversy, has been striving for the continuance of the service to the end of the present line and a mile beyond as soon as the company could build the line. The Traction company wanted to run no farther than the cemetery, claiming that there was no revenue from the line beyond that point. Under the agreement the Traction company is to give at least seven trips a day between the cemetery and the end of the line and is to extend this for a mile farther than the present terminus when the Woodland company is able to build the line that much farther.

Luther Mendenhall stated this morning that the Woodland line will be repaired temporarily at once and completely rebuilt as soon as possible. It may not be possible to rebuild the entire line this year, but an effort will be made to build the cut off this fall. He says that the company has so much work on hand now that it is almost at the limit. The East and West Fourth street lines must be rebuilt and the plans of the company for this summer contemplate that. This, together with the work on Superior street and the very large work being done at Superior, which was absolutely necessary, the system over there being practically worn out, is about all the company can carry on just now. If the line cannot be built anew this year, however, it will be completely rebuilt by next year.

"The aim of the Traction company with reference to the Woodland line will be to give the residents of the suburbs on the line the best possible service, shortening the time as much as possible and giving all the cars the business will warrant. It will not be operated in the interest of any land speculation for the present owners of the company have no lands to promote."

R. M. Hunter says the Woodland company will build the one-mile extension as soon as possible. The company owns a large tract of land out there and plans the division of this into five-acre tracts, which it will try to sell to city residents enabling a man to live in the city and own a little farm on the outskirts which will be readily accessible.

With the points for which each company was striving and its success in attaining them, the people of Woodland have little concern and they are glad that the matter has been adjusted so that they are assured service in the future. This what they have longed for and they were not unwilling to walk for a month even in order to get a decisive settlement of the question. That it has come so soon is pleasing to them.

"A Country Girl."
Sixth Ave. Theater Tonight.

LOOKS BADLY.

Suggestion to Park Board as to Portland Square.

The condition of Portland square at the present time is very beautiful. The flowers are all coming into bloom, the foliage is well out and the grass is green and velvety in appearance. The big beds of peonies are rapidly becoming a mass of beautiful colors sending out great volumes of fragrance.

There is one thing, however, that mars the beauty of the park and it is commented upon by every observing person and more than one has said that it is about time the park authorities took a tumble. This is the condition of the grass plot between the sidewalk and the street on the Fourth street side. There is a wide space that has been left there for the creation of a sort of boulevard. This is overrun with weeds, tall grass and several varieties of vegetation that are not beautiful. It has been suggested more than once that it is the duty of the property owner to keep the space between his walk and the street looking as well as his lawn but if the park board, which is expected to originate plans for beautifying the city, gives such an example as that what can be expected from the ordinary tenant renting a place?

These suggestions have been given to the Herald by many citizens with a request that they be called to the attention of the park board publicly.

GEORGE DAVENPORT DEAD.

Saginaw, Mich., July 2.—Hon. George Davenport, a former state senator, and one of the most prominent men in this section, was killed by lightning today, at his summer home, a short distance from the city.

CRITICAL.

Grain Growers Watching the Clouds With Anxious Eyes.

Minneapolis, July 2.—The Journal says: The next ten days or two weeks will be a critical period for the growing crop. If the clouds do not cease to spill for that period much damage will result.

As it stands now, the Northwest wheat crop is in fine condition. The rain that came just when dry weather began to make the condition critical sent the crop ahead rapidly. During the past three weeks the Northwest generally has been visited by frequent showers until now the limit of what the crop will stand has been reached. This rainfall has been very general, touching almost every section of Minnesota and the Dakotas. Many grain men assert that continued showers through the Northwest for the next two weeks will reduce the prospective yield by at least one-third and end all talk of a bumper crop. The danger lies in rust and poor filling. Dry weather for the next ten days will enable the grain to "head out" properly. Continued rains will increase the liability to rust and cause rank growth of the straw at the expense of the head.

While the grasshopper situation does not warrant a scare, yet many wheatgrowers consider it serious. In several sections farmers have been busy for two weeks dosing the hoppers with oil. Up to date the insects have been so small that their destruction was possible. Now they have begun to attain size and strength enough to fly, which makes their extermination difficult. It is conceded that in many localities the war has not begun early enough. This is the case in some parts of the Red River valley, where farmers but lately began to realize the danger.

While the rainfall for Many and June of this year was 7.01 inches it has not yet greatly exceeded the precipitation for May and June in 1896, when the Northwest raised its record crop of 85,000,000 bushels of wheat. Taking the rainfall at Moorhead as being in the wheat belt, the record for rainfall and crops since 1893 has been:

Year—	Yield.	Rain fall Moorhead May, June
1893	125,000,000	5.13
1894	120,000,000	10.53
1895	225,000,000	6.96
1896	135,000,000	6.81
1897	165,000,000	8.22
1898	200,000,000	5.44
1899	210,000,000	7.42
1900	140,000,000	3.42
1901	....	7.01

Average rainfall for June, 20 years..4.17
Average rainfall for May, 20 years...2.45

INCENSE.

Will Probably Be Used at Coronation of the King.

New York, July 2.—There is much talk among the ultra-Protestants in England about the use of incense in the coronation service next year, says the Tribune's London correspondent. This detail cannot be settled so long in advance, yet it is assumed by the clergy, both high and low, that the ritual of coronation at Westminster Abbey will be accompanied by a cloud of incense. The king is commonly supposed to have yielded to the queen's wishes in this respect, but there is no authority for the statement. The use of incense would be a strange sequel to the recent decisions of the archbishop of Canterbury on the controversial questions of the Anglican church.

TO STUDY CONDITIONS.

Glasgow, July 2.—The Scotch iron and steel makers are preparing to send an influential deputation of manufacturers to the United States in September, to study trade conditions, with a view of devising means for better meeting American competition in neutral markets.

MINNESOTA INVENTORS.

Washington, July 2.—(Special to the Herald) The following patents were issued today: Murdick Cameron, Duluth, meat or vegetable cutter; John T. Hildahl, Sparta township, saw set.

MUST HURRY.

American Witness In Russell Case Cannot Remain Long.

New York, July 2.—Commenting upon the preparations for the trial of Earl Russell on the charge of bigamy, the London correspondent of the Tribune says:

"The prosecuting authorities are not expecting a serious delay in disposing of the case. They have need of haste, for they cannot keep their most important witness long in England. Judge Curler is a voluntary witness who cannot remain indefinitely in London. He has said that he canot remain after the middle of August, but must return to Nevada whether or not it suits the convenience of the crown. It is probable that there will not be any negligence on the part of the prosecution in establishing the identity of the accused earl.

The royal gallery in which Lord Russell will be tried is one of the finest rooms in the precincts of the house of lords. It was occupied by a large number of privileged spectators on the occasion of the state opening of parliament.

$45.00 Round Trip to Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Pacific Coast Points

VIA GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Tickets first class and good until Aug. 31. Only $50 to San Francisco and return. On sale July 6 to 13, inclusive. For details of these cheap Pacific coast excursions call at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

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Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry. account Pan-American Exposition. Tickets on sale every day and a train every day from Duluth Union Depot at 7:00 p. m. Let us plan your trip via popular rail and lake routes.

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WHEAT IS STRONGER

Market Declines Sharply After the Opening But Rallies.

French Crop Damage Estimates Start Shorts to Covering.

Another Lively Bulge In New Flax Crop Futures.

Duluth Board of Trade, July 2.—Cables showed a heavy tone this morning and under their influence the market started cut weak and declined further. Liverpool closed ½ to ½d lower. Covering by shorts later on brought a rally and the market moved upward a cent from the low point. Reports were especially bullish from the French crop. Broomhall reported it as damaged by heat and storm and certain not to exceed 300,000,000 bushels and possibly as low as 240,000,000 bushels. Another authority estimated the French requirements this season at from eighty to ninety millions. The cash demand was fairly good. St. Louis reported a sale of 200,000 bushels of red wheat for export. The world's visible was reported by Brddstreet as decreasing 2,800,000 bushels, against 4,628,000 last year. Primary receipts of wheat were 459,534 bushels, last year 399,947 bushels. Clearances of wheat and flour were 263,523 bushels.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 271 cars, against 352 last week and 96 last year. Chicago receipts, 73 cars, 11 of contract grade.

Trading in futures on the Duluth board was fairly active. September wheat opened ¼c lower at 65c, sold down to 64½c at 9:30, reacted to 65¼c at 11:40, continued upward to 65½c at 12:40 and closed at that price, a gain of ¼c. Chicago advanced ¼-⅜c, and Minneapolis ⅜c.

Cash sales were 10,000 bushels at ¾c over September for wheat in store and 1c over for wheat to arrive.

Flax futures were on the rampage again today and September advanced 5c and October 4½c. Cash flax continues at $1.88 bid and the high price is bringing out every pound of seed that remains in the country. Rye was off ¼c and other course grains were unchanged in price.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 69¼c; to arrive, 69¼c; July, 69¼c; September, 66½c. No. 1 northern, cash, 66¼c; to arrive, 66¼c; July, 66¼c; September, 65½c; August, 65¾c. No. 2 northern, 61½c. No. 3 spring, 57½c. Oats, 27½-27c. Rye, 46½c. Flax, cash, $1.88; September, $1.42; September, Northwestern, $1.43; October, $1.39½.

Car inspection—Wheat, 141; corn, 7; oats 1; rye, 3; flax, 24. Receipts—Wheat, 33,727 bus; corn, 751 bus; oats, 1335 bus; rye, 690 bus; flax, 243 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 475,017 bus; oats, 3362 bus; flax, 48 bus.

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WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
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Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car	$0.68½
No. 1 northern, 1,000 bus	66
No. 1 northern, 4 cars	65¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	61
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	60¾
Flax, 12 cars rejected	1.80
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.83

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Intense Heat Caused Dullness of Trade.

Chicago, July 2.—Trade was dull today on the board of trade, largely because of the heat. September wheat opened ⅛c lower to ⅛c higher at 65⅝c to 65⅞c, declined to 65⅜c and rallied to 65¾c. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 271 cars against 352 a week ago and 96 last year. Local receipts were 73 cars, 11 of contract grade.

On reports of damage to the crop in France, September rose to 66@⅛c, where it closed, ¼@⅜c net higher.

Rains in the West and Southwest contributed to a weak opening in corn. September opened ⅜c to ¾c lower at 45⅝c to 45⅞c, rallied to 45⅞@46c and reacted to 45½c. Commission houses were good buyers at the decline. Receipts wer 261 cars, 8 of contract grade.

On general buying September rose to 47c, where it closed ⅝@¾c higher.

Oats opened easy with other grains. September opened ⅛@¼c lower at 27⅛@¼c, and held steady. Receipts 158 cars.

Heavy receipts of hogs caused a weak opening in provisions. September pork opened 5c lower at $14.70 and dropped to $14.52½; lard opened 5c lower at $8.62½, while ribs were 2½c lower at $8.10.

Close, wheat, July, 64½@⅝c; September, 66@⅛c; October, 66⅝c. Corn, July, 45⅜c; September, 47c. Oats, July, 27⅜c; September, 27¾@⅞c. Pork, July, $14.32½; September, $14.52½; October, $14.40. Lard, July, $8.55; September, $8.60; October, $8.57½@8.60; November, $8.42½@8.45; December, $8.15; January, $8.02½. Ribs, July, $7.97½; September, $8.07½; October, $8.00; January, $7.27½. Flax, cash, Northwest, $1.88; No. 1, $1.88; September, $1.40; October, $1.37. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 65½c; No. 3 red, 64c; No. 2 hard winter, 65c; No. 3 hard winter, 64c; No. 1 northern spring, 65@½c; No. 2 northern spring, 64c; No. 3 spring, 61@63c. Corn, No. 2, 44@½c; No. 3, 43½@¾c. Oats, No. 2, 28½@29c; No. 3, 28½c. Rye, July, 47c; September, 47c. Barley, cash, 40@53c. Timothy September, $4.50. Clover, cash, $9.50.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 307 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.:

Chicago, July 2.—Wheat—Liverpool ½d lower. Paris higher. Domestic conditions are unchanged. There was some selling pressure on the market, but the tone has turned somewhat stronger. The situation of the French crops has lost attention at the moment. Broomhall cables the French crop is injured by heat and storms and that it will not exceed 300,000,000 bus with a minimum at 240,000,000. The average French crop of the past few years has probably been 310,000,000 to 320,000,000, which is not far from their consumptive wants. Bradstreets gives the world's available supply decrease at 2,800,000 bus for the week, against an increase of 604,000 last year. Exporters are fair buyers. After so long a break with July liquidation practically over, a reaction would seem reasonable. Unless conditions materially change, however, on any fair advance, we think wheat should be sold.

Corn—The weather map this morning showed fair rains in Iowa and Nebraska with light showers in Wansas and conditions favorable for more to follow. On this there was considerable selling pressure early and September sold as low as 45⅝c. It has rallied, however, on good general buying. It is a weather market largely and in the main the weather is favorable for the growing crop. The corn belt requires more general rains and at once. The feeling obtains, however, that the poor start the crop had is not likely to be overcome and this will help the small receipts constitute the bull factors. We do not consider the tone of the market weak.

Oats—After an early weakness, the market, turned strong and the general tone seems firm. We see nothing to create any great pressure on oats unless the movement from the first have materially increased.

Provisions—The market is again easier Receipts of hogs at primary markets, 72,000, against 50,000 last year. In a speculative way the market has not very good support

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NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 2.—Close, wheat, July, 72⅝c; September, 71⅞c. Corn, July, 49¼c; September, 50⅛c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

At Minneapolis—

Puts, September wheat, 63⅛-¼c asked.

Calls, September wheat, 63⅞c.

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
New York	164,350	152,415
Philadelphia	17,609	124,073
Baltimore	105,300	38,640
Toledo	3,106	2,100
Detroit	10,000	......
St. Louis	85,000	63,000
Boston	33,688	......
Chicago	126,750	26,800
Milwaukee	59,250	75,000
Minneapolis	105,300	38,600
Kansas City	44,000	22,000
Duluth	33,757	475,017

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	65½	62¼	64⅝	72¼
High	66¼	63	64⅜	72⅜
Low	65½	61¾	64	71⅞-72
Close	66¼	63	64½-⅝	72⅜
September—				
Open	65	63	65⅞	71⅝
High	65½	63⅝	66..	71⅞
Low	64½	62¼-⅜	65⅜	71¼
Close	65½B	63⅝	66-⅛B	71⅞

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	27¼@¼	45⅞@⅝	$14.70
High	27¾-⅞	47¼	14.70
Low	27⅛	45⅝	14.45
Close	27¾-⅞	47	14.52

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, July 2.—Close, wheat, steady, ¼@½d lower. July, 5s 6d; September, 5s 5⅞d. Corn, quiet, ¼@½d lower. July, 4s ½d; September, 4s ¾d.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, July 2.—Close, wheat cash, 64¼c; July, 63c; September, 63⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 66⅝c; No. 1 northern, 64⅝c; No. 2 northern, 62⅞c.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the midsummer's dullness characterized the market today. Although arrivals of horses were steady buyers were few and prices held weak. Values:

Drafters, extra	$135@180
Drafters, choice	125@135
Farm mares, extra	110@125
Farm mares, choice	90@110
Farm mares, common to good	55@ 65
Mules	115@135

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, July 2.—Cattle receipts, 3500; steers weak; butchers, slow; Texans, steady to slow; good to prime steers, $5.20@6.25; poor to medium, $4.00@5.10; stockers and feeders, weak, $2.75@4.60; cows, $2.65@4.75; heifers, $2.70@5.10; canners, $2.00@2.60; bulls, $2.75@4.50; calves, $4.00@6.25; Texas fed steers, $4.25@5.30; Texas grass, $3.50@4.20; Texas bulls, $2.75@3.75. Hogs receipts today, 18,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over, 5140; slow, closing steadier; mixed and butchers, $5.80@6.15; good to choice heavy, $2.90@6.20; rough heavy, $2.75@5.87½; light, $5.80@6.07½; bulk of sales, $5.95@6.07½. Sheep receipts, 12,000; slow; good to choice wethers, $3.40@4.00; fair to choice mixed, $3.00@3.70; Western sheep, $355@4.00; yearlings, $3.60@4.10; native lambs, $3.50@5.00; Western lambs, $4.25@5.00. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 23,720; hogs, 37,385; sheep, 24,740. Shipments—Cattle, 4114; hogs, 6680; sheep, none.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, fresh prints	19½@	20
Creamery, tubs	19 @	19½
Dairies, fancy	15 @	16
Dairy, fair	14 @	15
Packing stock	10 @	10½
EGGS.		
Fresh	11½@	12
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream, new	10½@	11
Twins, full cream, old	11 @	12
Full cream, young America	13	
Swiss cheese, No. 1	14 @	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13	
Primos	6 @	6½
HONEY.		
Fancy white clover	19 @	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@	13
Golden rod	15 @	17
Dark honey	13 @	14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @	14
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25 @	2 40
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00 @	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40	
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13 @	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13	
Cocoanuts, per doz	75	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17	
Brazils, per lb	14	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @	8
FRUITS.		
Strawberries, 16-quart cases	1 35 @	1 50
Apricots	1 50	
Peaches	85 @	90
Cherries	1 35 @	1 50
Sour Cherries, per case	1 65 @	1 75
Currants, red and white	1 50	
Gooseberries	1 50	
Watermelons	35 @	40
Rockyford melons, per crate	3 00	
Pineapples, per doz	1 50 @	1 75
California lemons	3 25 @	3 50
Bananas	1 75 @	2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75 @	4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25 @	1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50 @	3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7 @	7½
California valencia oranges	3 50 @	4 00
Seedling oranges	3 25 @	3 50
Plums	1 25 @	1 75
OLD VEGETABLES.		
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @	40
Turnips, white	30 @	40
Garlic, per lb	10 @	12
Beets	50 @	60
Potatoes, per bus	75	
FRESH VEGETABLES.		
New celery, bunch	35	
Mushrooms	45	
Lettuce, per box	40 @	50
Green onions, per doz	15	
Green peas, per bus	1 00	
Pie plant, per lb	1¼@	1½
Cucumbers	45 @	50
Spinach, bus	40	
Radishes, round, per doz	10 @	15
Radishes, long, per doz	10 @	12
Asparagus, green, per doz	45 @	55
Tomatoes, per basket	45 @	50
Egg plant, per doz	2 00	
Beets, per doz bunches	25	
Carrots, per doz bunches	25	
Turnips, per doz bunches	25 @	30
Cabbage, per crate	2 75 @	3 00
Wax beans, per box	2 25	
New Potatoes, per bus	1 00 @	1 10
Cauliflower, per doz	1 00 @	1 25
Mint, per bunch	20	
CIDER.		
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50 @	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00 @	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @	5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50 @	3 75
POPCORN.		
Rice corn, shelled	3½@	4
Choice, per lb	3 @	3½
LIVE POULTRY.		
Hens	10 @	10½
Spring Chickens	18 @	19
Turkeys	8 @	10
Ducks	8 @	10
Geese	8 @	10
MEATS.		
Mutton	7½@	8
Lamb	8½@	9
Veal, good	8	
Veal, fancy	8½	
Beef, dressed	6¼@	7½
Hogs	7½	
Pork loins	9	
BRAN AND SHORTS.		
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 00	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50	
Shorts, 200 lbs, acks inc	14 00	
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.		
Corn, car lots, sacked	48	
Oats, car loads, sacked	32	
Hay, upland	13 50	
Hay, timothy	15 50	
Feed, No. 1	19 00	
Feed, No. 2	19 50	

IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 2.—Butter, receipts, 14,865 packages. Quiet. Creamery, 15@19½c; factory, 12½@15c. Cheese, receipts 20,331 packages. Dull. Fancy large colored, 9c; fancy large white, 9c; fansy small colored, 9c; fancy small white, 9c. Eggs, receipts, 16,242 packages. Steady. Western candled, 13@14c; Western uncandled, 10@12½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 2.—Butter, steady; creamery, 14½@19c; dairy, 14½@16½c. Cheese, steady; twins, 9@¼c; young Americas, 9¾@10c; cheddars, 9@¼c; daisies, 9½c. Eggs, steady; loss off, cases returned, 11c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m. seventy-fifth meridian time, Tuesday, July 2:

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture •Maximum..	Temp'ture ••Minimum..	Rainfall......
Alexandria	Cloudy	78	56	0
Campbell	Cloudy	76	54	0
Crookston	Clear	75	..	0
Detroit City	Clear	74	46	0
Grand Meadow	Cloudy	90	64	0
Montevideo	Cloudy	82	60	0
Minneapolis	Pt. cldy	82	62	.02
New Ulm	Pt. cldy	84	68	0
Park Rapids	Clear	76	50	0
Winnebago City	Pt. cldy	80	66	T
Worthington	Pt. cldy	74	62	T
Devil's Lake	Clear	74	52	0
Langdon	Clear	74	50	0
Larimore	Clear	74	50	0
Lisbon	Cloudy	76	52	0
Pembina	Clear	76	50	0
Aberdeen	Raining	80	52	T
Millbank	Cloudy	88	58	.01
Mitchell	Pt. cldy	78	64	.12
Redfield	Raining	80	60	T
Bismarck	Cloudy	74	58	0
Duluth	Pt. cldy	82	60	.04
Huron	Cloudy	80	64	.08
La Crosse	Clear	92	79	.01
Moorhead	Cloudy	74	54	0
St. Paul	Pt. cldy	82	64	0
Winnipeg	Clear	74	54	0

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting......	Temp'ture. •Minimum..	Temp'ture. ••Maximum..	Rainfall..........
Chicago	23	94	70	.24
Columbus	17	98	70	.12
Des Moines	14	94	68	.26
Indianapolis	11	96	72	0
Kansas City	17	100	70	.22
Louisville	17	96	72	.06
Minneapolis	20	78	56	.01
Omaha	13	92	64	1.02
St. Louis	12	100	74	.02

REMARKS.

Warm weather continues; showers fell in nearly all districts, heavy as follows: Chicago, 1.56 inches; Maryville, Mo., 3.38; Ashland, Neb., 2.02; Fairmont, Neb., 5.42; Tecumseh, Neb., 1.44; Clarinda, Iowa, 2.34.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

•Minimum temperature for yesterday.

••Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

CAUGHT AT LAST.

Ward of Le Mars Found In Jersey.

Washington, July 2.—Chief Wilkie of the secret serivce today received a telegram announcing the arrest of Thomas F. Ward, at Jersey City, N. J., by Special Operative Peeke. Ward was vice president of the Le Mars, Iowa, National bank, and is said to have lost heavily in the stock market last April, and is charged with having used the bank's funds. He left Le Mars and was not located until about two weeks ago, when he was seen by a former acquaintance to enter the Jersey City postoffice. He was located today by Operative Peeke and arrested. He is said to have signified his willingness to return to Iowa without extradition formalities.

DULLNESS IN STOCKS

Speculation Was Listless and Many Brokers Were Absent.

Odd Lots Recorded For the First Time In Months.

General Market Ruled Dull and Heavy and Closed So.

New York, July 2.—Business in stocks started languidly and with only a small attendance of the board. Only a few stocks were traded in, but these showed sharp declines in sympathy with the weakness in London in which market U. S. Steel had lost 1½ before the opening here. First prices here were not down to the London parity but declines reached a point in St. Paul, Louisville and Southern Pacific.

A few prominent stocks were offered at the low prices made at the start and they improved a fraction. Revived reports of the absorption of the Minneapolis & St. Louis, by the Illinois Central, advanced the former stocks 1¾. New York, Chicago & St. Louis common and second preferred were conspicuously strong as on yesterday and gained 2 and 1 respectively. Other Vanderbilt stocks were a trifle higher in sympathy. Consolidated Gas sold up 1¼ and Brooklyn Transit a point, while Colorado Fuel and Gas and Electric lost 1½ each.

Odd lots were recorded on the tape for the first time since business reached the unprecedented proportions prevailing before the check to speculation in May.

Speculation was listless but steady during the second hour. A few wide fluctuations were made by high priced inactive stocks. Lackawanna rising 2¼ and General Electric reacting 2. Evansville & Terre Haute moved up 2½. Rubber preferred and Laclede Gas about a point each, and Norfolk & Western declined 1¼. The price movement of the active stocks were ⅛ to ¼ per cent. Bonds were weak.

Standard Rope and National Biscuit preferred gained about a point each and American Linseed preferred 2½, while some of the earlier stocks yielded as much. The general market continued dull and heavy and closed so.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Woods & Co., 100 Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	123	122¼	122⅝
American Tobacco	138⅞	138⅞	136
Atchison pfd	104¼	104	104⅛
American Linseed pfd	58½	56	58½
Baltimore & Ohio	107¼	107¼	107
Brooklyn Transit	82⅞	81¾	82¼
C., B. & Q.	198	197½	197
Car and Foundry	32½	32⅜	32¼
C., C. C. & St. L.	87¾	87¼	87½
Continental Tobacco	68½	68½	68¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	48¼	48¼	48
Chicago & Alton	45	44½	44¼
Colorado Southern	15	14½	15
Colorado Fuel and Iron	113	110¼	111½
Consolidated Gas	222¾	222	222
Del., L. & W.	235½	235	235
Denver & Rio G.	......	......	49
D., S. S. & A.	......	......	10¼
Erie	42¾	42⅜	42½
Evan. & Terre Haute	61½	58½	61
Great Northern pfd	......	......	185
Glucose	61	60¾	60¾
Hocking Valley Ry.	53½	53	53
Illinois Central	153⅞	152½	153
Iowa Central	42	41¼	40½
Louisville & Nashville	109¾	109	109¼
Lead, pfd	......	......	90
Leather, pfd	79	78⅞	78¾
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	26¼	26¼	25¾
Metropolitan Traction	173¾	173¼	173
Minn. & St. Louis	108	106½	107¾
Missouri Pacific	120½	119	120¼
New York Central	158¼	157⅝	158
National Biscuit, pfd	103	102¾	102½
Norfolk & Western	51⅞	51½	51¼
N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	40⅜	38½	39⅛
Ontario & Western	36¼	35⅞	36⅛
Pennsylvania Ry.	151⅛	150½	150⅝
Pacific Mail	41	41	41
People's Gas	118	117½	118¼
Republic Iron & Steel	21¼	21	21⅛
do pfd	75⅜	74¾	75
Reading	46⅝	45½	45¾
Rock Island	155	155	154⅛
Southern Ry pfd	87¼	87	87
Southern Pacific	59⅝	58¾	59
Stand. R. & T.	8	7¾	7¼
Smelter, pfd	103½	103	103
Sugar Refinery	144½	143½	144⅜
T. C. & I.	70¾	69⅝	70½
Texas Pacific	45	44	44
Union Pacific	109⅛	108⅝	108¾
do pfd	......	......	90¼
U. S. Steel	48¼	47½	47⅞
do pfd	98½	97¾	98⅜
Wabash	22½	22¼	22¼
Western Union	93	92⅜	92¼
Wisconsin Central	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛

The total sales were 202,877 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf gossip to Edwards, Wood & Co—While the shade of the strike of sheet steel workers came as a disagreeable surprise the consensus of opinion is that in view of its suddenness and the insufferable weather the stock market acted well despite the labor troubles. Sentiment continues bullish. The observation of close students of the speculation is that bad news does not bring important liquidation and that the bulk of the selling is professional. The buying includes supporting orders from large capitalists and there is no question but that the short interest is again becoming unwieldly in the United States Steel shares. Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Missouri Pacific, Louisville & Nashville, Illinois Central, New York Central, Atchison and the traction and copper stocks, all of which are believed by good judges to be a purchase on a scale, as also Reading and Erie common and second preferred. Naturally the strike at Pittsburg is the principal topic of conversation. There is a theory that the matter will be arranged soon after Margon's arrival from Europe. Men who know the organizer of the great steel trust say he is a firm believer in the arbitration of labor difficulties and moreover that he is for paying and treating labor fairly. Then it is argued that in view of large business booked and in the United States Steel corporation can well afford to pursue a liberal policy with its employes and will do so. Little stock is taken on the reports of serious damage to corn, on account of weather as they are believed to emanate from speculators long of the cereal. Still there has been some influential selling of Atchison stock on these reports, Bearwind, and his friends taking much offerings on a scale. The same interests are said to have been heavy buyers of calls on Atchison common in London at 91½ good until Aug. 15, which is taken to indicate a renewal of the bull campaign in these shares later on.

* * *

New York to Baker—The general situation and outlook is favorable to ultimately higher prices and we expect they will prevail but we are not likely to have anything better than a narrow dragging traders' market for the next few days at least, when a better insight can be obtained in regard to the conditions in the corn belt and when the returns flow to Wall street and the security market of the enormous amount of money disbursed today in interest and dividends account may be expected.

* * *

McIntyre & Marshall—The general situation and outlook is favorable to ultimately advance prices but we are not likely to have anything but a narrow traders' market for the next few days at least, when a better insight can be obtained in regard to the conditions in the corn belt and when the return flow to Wall street and security market of large amount of money disbursed today in interest and dividend account may be expected.

FINANCIAL.
OLDEST! SAFEST! BEST!
WALL STREET
money will earn big returns.
The Investor's fund pays semi-monthly
The oldest established in America. No certificate holder has ever lost a cent. Payments made to all subscribers every 15 days. No trouble. No delay. Money refunded on demand. Write today for particulars, free to any address.
C. E. MACKEY & CO., Hudson Building, N. Y.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	25	25½
Allouez	2½	3
Anaconda	48	48½
Arcadian	16½	17½
Arnold	2	3
Ashbed	25	50
Atlantic	37½	38½
Baltic	54⅛	54½
Bingham	23⅞	25
Calumet and Hecla	787	793
Centennial	30	30½
Centennial Eureka	30½	31
Copper Range	77	78
Elm River	4¾	5
Franklin	17	18
Humboldt	25	50
Isle Royale	45	46
Mass	19¾	20
Michigan	10	10½
Mohawk	43½	44
Mayflower	1¾	2
Old Colony	2½	4
Old Dominion	31⅛	31½
Osceola	92	93
Parrot	53	54
Quincy	174	177
Rhode Island	5	5½
Tamarack	345	348
Trinity	38	38½
Trimountain	34½	35
Utah	32½	33
United States	19½	20
Victoria	5½	5¾
Winona	3	3¼
Wolverine	59	60
Wyandot	1¾	2

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 2.—Money on call steady at 6 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@5½ per cent; sterling exchange heavy with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½@4.87¾ for demand and $4.85¼@4.85½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86@4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84½@4.85. Silver certificates nominally at 60c; bar silver, 59⅛c; Mexican dollars, 47c. Government bonds steady. Refunding 2s registered and coupon, $1.07; 3s registered, ex-interest, $1.08; coupon, $1.08¾; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.39; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.12½; 5s registered and coupon, $1.08¾.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, July 2.—Consols for money, 93 5-16; for the account, 93½.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, July 2.—Cotton opened steady with July 2 points lower and later months 1 to 5 points higher, after which August worked up to 8c. October to 7.69 and January to 7.72 on general buying. Advices from cotton and dry goods markets bullish. There were reactionary turns later in the morning, but at no time could the bears have laid claim to supremacy.

Cotton spot closed dull; middling uplands 8⅞; middling gulf, 9⅛. Sales 2130 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady. July, 8.53; Aug., 7.85; Sept., 7.60; Oct., 7.57; Nov., 7.45; Dec., 7.57; Jan., 7.61; Feb., 7.61; March, 7.64; April, 7.66.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, July 2.—Clearings, $39,007,352; balances, $3,561,940. Posted exchange, $4.86@4.88½; New York exchange, 25c discount.

FALLING OFF.

Wheat Receipts For June Show a Heavy Decrease.

The receipts of grain at the head of the lakes during June were less than half what they were during the same month last year, the heavy falling off being nearly all in wheat, though every grain, except rye, showed a decrease. The total receipts of all grains were 2,127,539 bushels last month as against 4,623,039 bushels for the same month last year.

The shipments, on the other hand, showed only a small decrease in the total. The total shipments were 4,368,381 bushels as against 4,512,701 bushels for June, 1900. All grains show a decrease, except oats and rye, which show small decreases. The figures are as follows

RECEIPTS.	1901.	1900.
Wheat	1,702,102	3,898,444
Corn	188,043	331,514
Oats	152,381	195,910
Barley	....	16,002
Rye	43,845	17,130
Flax	41,168	168,039
Total	2,127,539	4,623,039
SHIPMENTS.		
Wheat	2,974,936	3,016,919
Corn	988,274	1,129,008
Oats	163,943	129,546
Barley	2,087	20,000
Rye	151,682	25,013
Flax	87,459	198,215
Total	4,368,381	4,512,701

TRUST DIVIDES.

Hands Out Percentage to Various Stockholders.

New York, July 2.—The directors of the United States Steel corporation have declared a dividend of 1¾ per cent on preferred stock and 1 per cent on the common stock. The dividend on preferred is payable Aug. 7 and that on common Sept. 14.

A BLUFF.

Sheet Combination Reduces Its Prices to Scare Independents.

Pittsburg, July 2.—The announcement today that the sheet combination had cut prices occasioned surprise, as it is known that all the mills have been busy and many orders remain unfilled. The heaviest cut is on No. 28, the standard guage, which is reduced from $3.35 per 100 pounds to $3.10. The lighter guages have been cut in price from $1 to $3 a ton. The move puzzled the Amalgamated officials and President Shaffer said:

"It was done merely for the purpose of having an effect on the independent sheet makers, who have signed our scale."

The advisory board of the Amalgamated association has not yet been called to meet to consider the situation, but a meet will be held soon if the American Sheet company shows no disposition to reopen negotiations. President Shaffer says the call for another conference will not come from the Amalgamated association, as the ultimatum of that body was given at the last conference.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

The Gettysburg Will Break Record For Big Log Rafts.

Is Coming From Pigeon River With Eight Million Feet.

The Abandoned Steamer Preston Brought to Port Colwell.

The record for rafts is being smashed to very small pieces this year. A short time ago the Alger-Smith company brought in from the north sore a raft of 6,000,000 feet, and that made a brand new record for rafts. Now the steamer Gettysburg is on her way here with a raft of 8,000,000 feet of logs, making at one jump an increase in the record of 2,000,000 feet. This amount alone used to be considered a large raft. The Gettysburg left Pigeon river several days ago with the big raft, but was forced to put back because of weather. She is expected to bring her raft in Friday, barring accidents, and it will be quite a sight to see such a prodigious quantity of logs in one raft.

THE PRESTON PICKED UP.

Jack Fish, Ont., July 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The abandoned steamer Preston has been picked up by the tug Innes, and is now safe in Port Colwell on the north sore of Lake Superior. The Preston was supposed to have sunk soon after her crew had been taken off by the Canadian Pacific steamer Athabasca last Saturday. It seems she kept afloat and was found adrift twenty miles east of Herring bay by the Innes.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, July 2.—(Special to The Herald.—Up: Robert Packer, 10 last night; Reynolds, 10:40; Norseman, barges, 12:30 a. m.; Bangor, 2; Amazonas, Grampian, 2:20; Stewart and barges, Case, 3:20; Canisteo and barges, 5:20; Sparta, 6; Gilchrist (steel), Hill (wood), 6:30; Colby, 7; Penobscot, 7:40; Mahoning, 7:50; Falcon, 9; Van Hise, 10.

Up yesterday: A. L. Hopkins and consorts, 3:40 p. m.; Clyde, Amboy, 4; Hall, Noyes, 7; John Duncan, 8:20.

Down: Joliet, whaleback, 9:30 last night; Waldo, 9:40; Farwell, 10; Zillah, consorts, 11:20; Pasadena, 11:40; Marina, 12:10 a. m.; Madden barges, 1:15; Roby, Linn, Maida, 3:30; Hackett, McGregor, 7; Sitka, 8:20; Venice, 9; Codorus, 9:30; Castelia, 10; Uganda, 10:20; Oliver, North Land, Gogebic, Biwabik, Gates, Roumania, 11:10; Gilbert, 3 p. m.; Fryer, Shaw, 4; Centurion, Neilson, Rose, and barges, Lackawanna, 5; Siemens and whaleback, 5:40; Georger, Gould, 6; Progress, Tasmania, Boston, 7; Miami and barges, 8:20; Pope, 9.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, July 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Miami (passenger), 9:40 last night; Moore, Flagg, Warriner, 11:40; Shores, Bourke, Nestor, Frick, 1:40 a. m.; McGregor, Allegheny, Whitney (wood), 5:30; Minnesota, Ewen, 6:30; Gladstone, Renssalear, Holley, 7:30; Frontenac, 9:30. Down: Appomattox, Santiago, 11 last night; Bannockburn, Winnipeg, Dunmore, 11:30 Yuma, 12:20 a. m.; Neptune, 1; Prentice, Halstead, Middlesex, 4:20; Viking, Vinland, 5; Sawyer, Tuxbury, Redfern, 5:40; [illegible]

Up yesterday: [illegible] 12:20 p. m.; Malletoa, Manila, Iron Age, Hutchinson, King, [illegible] Matanzas, Presque Isle, Newaygo, Checotah, [illegible] Maunaloa, [illegible] back, [illegible] Flagg, Warriner, [illegible]

Down: [illegible] United Empire, [illegible] Liberty, [illegible] Athabasca, [illegible] 6:20; [illegible] Orinoco, [illegible] helm, [illegible] nette, [illegible] 10:50; [illegible] 11:30 p. m.

SPEED OF PASSENGER STEAMERS.

The passenger steamers of the North West and Illinois had a speed race at the lower end of Lake Michigan last week, and it was claimed that the Illinois was badly beaten. During the race the North West is said to have averaged twenty miles per hour. A victory over the Illinois is nothing to boast of, as her speed was not expected by the builders and owners to exceed eighteen miles per hour. [illegible]

Another fact has been established by the race. [illegible] Columbus [illegible] steamer [illegible] Michigan, [illegible] West [illegible] Harbottle [illegible] who [illegible] Columbus [illegible] speed [illegible] says [illegible] whaleback [illegible] twenty-one miles [illegible] logbook for corroboration.

In point of speed the passenger steamers rank as follows: [illegible]

In [illegible]

WHY COAL IS NOT MOVING.

The [illegible]

OBJECT TO STORAGE CHARGES.

A [illegible]

D. O'LEARY. M. E. DEVINE.
D. O'Leary & Co
CASH GROCERS.
17 EAST SUPERIOR ST.
Telephone 199. The Right Price Store.
We close all day July 4.
Store open tomorrow night till 10.
Everything Imaginable for Pic-nics Lunches etc.
Bananas, per dozen 15c
Oregon Strawberries, extra fancy.
Water Melons, each 40c
Nice Pine Apples, each 15c
Red Raspberries, Gooseberries, Blueberries, etc.
Peaches, per dozen 20c

RATHBUN'S
The Busy Grocery.
29 East Superior St.
Both phones 656. Simon Clark, Mgr.
Open Tomorrow Night Till 10.
Closed all Day July 4th.

WILCOX-TANSY PILLS
Monthly Regulator. Safe and Sure. Never Fails. Druggists or by Mail. Price, $2.
Send for Woman's Safeguard (free).
WILCOX MED. CO., 329 N. 15th St., Phila., Pa.

flour. Railroad men say that the Minneapolis millers will not be likely to ruin their business in an effort to get even with the lines.

THE CURRY-PACKER COLLISION.

The collision between the steamers S. S. Curry and A. A. Packer is proving very expensive. Buffalo surveyors just back from the Parker at Cleveland state that the loss on her will be $16,000 and perhaps more, and it may easily happen that the Curry will come out still worse. She is at Buffalo repairing and will be out in a day or two. Quite a number of her plates have had to be taken off and replaced.

THE BARRYS WILL NOT BUY.

The Chicago Record-Herald says that Capt. John Barry has returned from Lorain without closing the option which he [illegible]

RUMOR OF ANOTHER STRIKE.

[illegible]

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland—Arrived: [illegible]

Ashtabula—Cleared, light: [illegible]

Cleveland—Cleared: [illegible]

Erie—Cleared: [illegible]

Marquette—Arrived: [illegible]

South Chicago—Cleared: [illegible]

Toledo—Departed: [illegible]

CONNEAUT'S ORE RECORD.

Conneaut, July 2.—June was the banner month for ore receipts at this port. [illegible]

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—[illegible]

Departed—[illegible]

Goes to San Francisco.

George D. Young, who for the past year and a half has been the manager of the [illegible]

$5.75 Round Trip
St. Paul and Minneapolis, via Eastern Minnesota railway—the shortest and quickest line to the Twin Cities. On sale July 3 and 4, good returning until and on July 6. The limited leaves 1:25 p. m., arrives Minneapolis 6:00 p. m., St. Paul 6:25; night train 11:10. Tickets at City office, cor. Spalding Hotel, or Union depot.

VARICOCELE.

MASTER SPECIALIST.

We do not treat all diseases, but cure all we treat. We treat MEN ONLY, and cure them to stay cured.

If you are a victim of varicocele, come to our office and let us explain to you our process of curing it. You will then not wonder why we have cured to stay cured, hundreds of cases of varicocele during the past twelve months. Under our treatment the patient improves from the beginning. All pain instantly ceases. Soreness and swelling quickly subside. The pools of stagnant blood are forced from the dilated veins, which rapidly assume their normal size, strength and soundness. All indications of the disease vanish completely and forever, and in their stead come the pride, the power and the pleasure of perfect health and restored manhood.

We have recently treated scores of stubborn casese for some of the best citizens of this city and vicinity, and not a single failure nor an unpleasant result has been reported. What we have done for others we can do for you. We also cure to stay cured.

Syphilitic Blood Poison, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Stricture, Rupture, Hydrocele, Kidney and Urinary Diseases and all Allied and Associate Diseases of Men.

One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call at our office, write a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms. We make no charge for private counsel and give to each patient a ***legal contract*** to hold good to our promises.

If you cannot call today, write.

REFERENCES: **Best Banks and Leading Business Men of this City.**

Consultation In Person or by Letter **Free and Confidential**

Progressive Medical Association

No. 1 West Superior St., Cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

AN EXTRA SESSION

No Doubt But What the Legislature Will Meet.

Governor Van Sant States Positively It Will Be Called.

Opposition of Interested Parties Will Prove of No Avail.

Minneapolis, July 2.—The Journal says: There will be an extra session of the legislature next winter. There is no longer any doubt of the fact in well informed circles. Governor Van Sant has considered all the arguments that have been advanced against an extra session. He has also conferred with members of the tax commission, whose work will furnish the principal employment of the legislature. They have assured him that their report will be made in ample time. Under the law, it has to be printed and sent out by Feb. 1, 1902. The commissioners expect to finish their report and "go to press" by Jan. 1, giving ample time for the printing and distribution to members of the legislature.

Governor Van Sant gave his personal pledge to several members of the legislature last winter that he would call an extra session in case of an early adjournment. He will keep his word, and without any regret. The extra session will be called some time in February of next year, probably late in the month, in order to give the members plenty of time to digest the tax commission report. It will also be made public in the newspapers, and in a few weeks much can be learned of the popular feeling and opinion.

Much pressure was brought to bear on the governor against an extra session, and the opposition will not cease their efforts yet. Most of the antagonism comes from the iron range railroads and their political friends. Regardless of what the railroad commission does with the iron range roads, there is trouble ahead of them at the next session of the legislature. The land grant and ore rate difficulties will call for legislation, and it is likely to be drastic. This may quite surely be expected of the present legislature, sitting just on the eve of the primary elections. The railroads and other political friends realize this, and they have been using every argument against the calling of an extra session. Their efforts are destined to fail, however. Only last week Governor Van Sant declared quite positevely that an extra session would be called.

COOPER ILL.

Well Known Chicago Man In a Critical Condition.

Chicago, July 2.—Col. John S. Cooper, well known to Duluth people by his advocacy of a large national park and game and fish preserve in Northern Minnesota, is critically ill with pneumonia at his residence in this city. Unwilling to commit themselves to a favorable report, the physicians in attendance, Dr. Wallace H. Harrison and Professor Robert B. Preble, say the chances of recovery are still slightly in the patient's favor. Col. Cooper returned early last week from a visit to Montana in the interests of his horse business and on account of the extreme heat was exhausted by the travel. A chill, brought on by a sudden change in the weather while he was still weak, made him an easy prey to the disease.

"It may appear strange to many people," said Dr. Harrison, "that a man should have pneumonia in the hottest June weather Chicago has known in six years. Nevertheless, the case is not unique. The sudden northeast winds, more frequent on the North Side than elsewhere in the city, are often hard for a younger person to withstand. We are inclined now to believe that pneumonia is a germ disease and may be looked for at any time. In the case of a man of Col. Cooper's age—58 years—I hesitate to prophesy a favorable outcome. He is doing well, however, and at the close of the fourth day still has the probabilities in his favor."

Col. Cooper has been prominent in Democratic local and state politics for twenty years. In 1896, however, unwilling to subscribe to the Chicago platform, he left the party and was one of the leading campaigners for the Palmer and Buckner ticket. He attempted to take the County Democracy with him, being president of the organization at the time, but was outvoted. Two years later he was reinstated as a member. For several years, through different administrations, he practically had a monopoly in the street cleaning contracts.

EPWORTH CONVENTION.

The North-Western Line Official Route for Coference.

The North-Western Line—Omaha road—is the official route of the Minnesota conference to the fifth international Epworth league convention, July 18 to 21, at San Francisco. By this line a number of inexpensive side trips may be made to places of historic interest and to world-renowned scenic resorts.

Rates for round trip from Duluth, by way of Omaha, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pike's Peak, Garden of the Gods, Royal George, Salt Lake City and Ogden, $50.00; same trip going, returning via Northern Lines, $62.

A grand opportunity to cross the Rocky Mountains and see California and the Pacific ocean.

For choice of routes, tickets, illustrated folders and all information, apply to G. M. Smith, general agent, 405 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

A New Comer Expected

It will bring joy and comfort, especially if its birth is made easy to the mother.

Children born under painful circumstances or surroundings before or during accouchement are rarely strong, hearty and healthy.

Parents and relatives should recommend a trial of ***"Mother's Friend"*** for external use. It is a simple and effective liniment, relieving all pain by relaxing the muscles. There is nothing like it in the world.

Sold by all Druggists, or sent by express paid on receipt of price, **$1 per bottle.**
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Every woman should send for a little book we publish on "Motherhood." It is free.

THE ARMY RETIRED

The Volunteer Army Has Now Been Mustered Out.

Officers and Men Have Returned to Private Life.

Country Can Feel Proud of the Record Made.

Washington, July 2.—On Sunday the last of the magnificent volunteer army of the United States was mustered out of service, and the majority of the 35,000 officers and men of that organization have returned to civil life. The president and the war department officials are much gratified with the successful disbandment of this army within the time fixed by law.

Only those who know the limitations and difficulties of the transport service can appreciate the magnitude of the task of bringing this army home across 10,000 miles of ocean, since the passage of the army reorganization act, a little less than four months ago.

At the war department there is nothing but praise for this splendid body of men, and it is a matter of congratulation to Secretary Root and his associates that so many of the experienced volunteer officers have enlisted permanently into the military service of the country by taking commissions in the regular army.

It is believed at least 75 per cent of the young volunteer officers who have taken examination for second lieutenancies in the regular army will pass.

It is also a matter of congratulation that the ranks of the regular army have received so many recruits from the volunteer veterans. As expressed by an official of the war department, in commenting on the passing of the volunteer army, the country can well feel proud of the record this organization has made.

It is just about two years since the first recruits were enlisted in this army, and the months that ensued were filled with exciting scenes that tried the new soldier to the utmost, but there is no record of cowardice to show against even a corporal's guard of the volunteers. The mustering out has been going on gradually for the last two or three months and the soldiers are returning to their homes and resuming their civic occupations without causing a ripple. This is another source of gratification to the president and his cabinet associates.

No problem confronts the country such as came at the close of the civil war. Then there was some difficulty in finding places for all the returning soldiers, but the army of 35,000, which today passed out of existence, will be absorbed by the industries of this prosperous country and no one will be elbowed out of the way to make room for them.

At the war department the record of the volunteer army is exhibited with pride and satisfaction. The army was authorized by act of congress of March 2, 1899, one of the last acts of the Fifty-fifth congress. This act gave the President authority to raise twenty-five regiments of volunteers to serve in the Philippines, to be mustered out not later than June 30, 1901.

President McKinley did not exercise the power granted in this act until July 5, 1899, when orders were issued to raise ten of the twenty-five regiments. On July 18 orders were ordered for the recruiting of two more in the Philippines, and on Aug. 10 the Eleventh cavalry was authorized to be raised in the islands. On Aug. 17 ten more regiments were ordered, and on Sept. 2 the last two regiments, the Forty-eighth and Forty-ninth, to be composed of colored men, were ordered to be recruited.

The enlistment of these volunteers began under Secretary Alger, who resigned on July 19, 1899, and completed under Secretary Root, who took office on July 21. The president received the commendation of the regular army and of the whole country as well by ignoring political considerations and selecting the field officers of these regiments, the colonels, the lieutenant colonels, and majors, from the commissioned officers of the regular army. There were a few exceptions to this rule, these being volunteer officers who had signally distinguished themselves in the Spanish war. The efficiency of the new volunteer army was further assured by the selection of company officers from those who had participated in the Spanish war.

As rapidly as they were recruited the volunteer regiments were sent to the Philippines, the First regiment reaching Manilla Oct 11, 1899, and the last Jan. 25, 1900. Their efficiency dispelled the fears of a long and bloody war, and the condition in which they reached this country has effectually silenced the tales of horrid diseases decimating the army's ranks and destroying the health of the soldiers.

The records of the medical branch of the army show the soldiers when mustered out at San Francisco to have been in as good health as when they enlisted to go to the Philippines. In the most part, they have returned to their homes stronger and better men than when they left them.

Probably the most conspicuous volunteer officer who is now discharged was Maj. Gen. Shafter. He has been a major general of volunteers since May 4, 1898, at the breaking out of the Spanish war. He was retured some months ago, his rank being that of a major general of regulars. Maj. Gen. Wood loses his place by the disbandment of the volunteer forces, but will continue as governor general of Cuba, with the rank of brigadier general in the regular service.

$2.85 July Fourth, Deerwood & Return.

July 3 and 4, Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to that popular resort Deerwood and return at $2.85. Good returning up to and including July 8. For tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street or Union depot.

$45.00 Seattle, Tacoma and Portland and Return.

July 6 to 13 the Northern Pacific railway will place on sale tickets from Duluth to above points and return at extremely low rate of $45.00, with final limit for return Aug. 31, 1901. Destination must be reached not later than July 18. Tickets are first-classs and good for stopover privileges in either direction, within transit limits. This offers an unsurpassed opportunity for those desiring to hunt new homes and farms to go into the Northwest and look over the country, or for those wishing to visit relatives or friends, or to make pleasure trips. Two trains daily, including famous North Coast Limited.

For tickets and full information, call at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., July 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Rev. J. W. Heard went to Carlton Sunday afternoon to take part in the patriotic service held in the M. E. church in that place.

J. A. Keyes, with the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company, has returned with his bride. They will reside in Cloquet.

Saturday night was a record breaker for minor accidents. Four men were injured in succession by running slivers into the hand and sawing off ends of fingers.

Rev. A. N. Claggett and mother left for Virginia yesterday morning. They will cross the lakes to Buffalo, N. Y., and thence overland to the South.

H. L. Grant, of Peoria, Ill., is in town, interviewing the school board. He is an applicant for the superintendency of the public schools, and has highest recommendations.

Loisel, the hardware man, sprained his ankle at the ball game Monday between the Fats and the Leans. The game resulted in a victory for the Leans by one tally, but the Fats say that the accident to Loisel sent them down to defeat again.

A Scandinavian picnic at Chubb Lake Monday was largely attended.

Miss A. Lefleur left for Eau Claire, Wis., yesterday.

Miss Hall, sister of one of the proprietors of the Northern hotel, left for Chippewa Falls yesterday.

Ed Irish has sold out his dray business to Theodore Fredeen.

Sheriff Wallace was in town yesterday on official business.

J. De Laittre, of Aitkin, was transacting business in town yesterday.

Attorney Oldenberg, of Carlton, was doing business here yesterday.

W. F. C. Gadau made a trip to the Zenith City yesterday.

Mrs. A. Bratlof is home again.

Ole Heistrom, of Duluth, was in town Sunday.

M. W. Price has accepted a position in Johnson Bros.' store. He will be in charge of the furnishing goods department.

The arrangements for running an excursion train from here to Duluth on the Fourth have fallen through. Visitors to the Zenith City will have to take the ordinary trains.

Miss May Miller ran a nail in her foot and is laid up in consequence.

KYLE IS DEAD.

South Dakota Senator Expired After a Brief Illness.

Aberdeen, S. D., July 2.—Senator James H. Kyle died at 6 o'clock last evening after an illness of ten days' duration. He had rallied to quite an extent from his first attack and hopes were entertained of his recovery, although at no time was he considered wholly out of danger by his physicians. Symptoms of Bright's disease developed and on Saturday his condition was less favorable. Sunday night he grew rapidly worse and Monday morning all hope was given up, his death being only a question of a few hours. His wife is prostrated with grief and is inconsolable. They have two children, a daughter, Ethelwyn, about 14, and a baby boy. The city is in mourning over the great loss that has fallen upon it. Senator Kyle was highly esteemed and by his death Aberdeen loses a friend who cannot be replaced.

James Henderson Kyle was born in Xenia, Ohio, Feb. 24, 1854; entered the university of Illinois in 1871, taking a course in civil engineering; entered Oberlin college in 1873 and was graduated from classical course in 1878; prepared for admission to the bar, but afterwards entered Western Theological seminary, Allegheny, Pa., graduating in 1882. During these years was teacher of mathematics and engineering; and subsequently engaged in educational and ministerial work in Utah and South Dakota. At the time he entered political life was financial secretary of Yankton, college, Yankton, S. D. Was elected to the state senate as an independent in 1890; was elected to the United States senate to succeed Gideon C. Moody; took his seat March 4, 1891; was re-elected in 1897.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

C. L. Colman, of La Crosse, one of the most prominent lumbermen in the Northwest, died Monday night of appendicitis after an illness of several days. He was president of the C. L. Colman Lumber company. Mr. Colman was 75 years of age and came to this city in 1854.

The monthly report of State Treasurer Block shows that the state had on hand at the close of business Saturday cash to the amount of $1,379,817.98. Of this amount, $164,640.31 was deposited in St. Paul banks and $365,031.43 in the Minneapolis banks. The remainder was distributed over the state.

W. J. Bryan Monday night addressed a large audience at the Academy of Music, Newport News, Va. Following the address a banquet was given at the Hotel Warwick in Mr. Bryan's honor by the city Democratic executive committee at which a number of prominent men were present.

Three tons of molten iron which exploded with terrific force in the plant of the Illinois Steel works at South Chicago Monday night instantly killed John Kabo, and injured several ohter employes. The injured men were taken to the company's hospital and their names withheld.

Little Whirlwind, the life prisoner, whose case was taken by the Indian Rights association and his pardon urged is a free man. The Montana state board of pardons Monday endorsed the action of Governor Toole in ordering him set at liberty.

"A Country Girl."
Sixth Ave. Theater Tonight.

CABLE FLASHES.

The Earl of Morley, chairman of the committee in the British house of lords, announced that the trial of Earl Russell, by the house of lords, on the charge of bigamy will begin July 18 in the Royal gallery, under the presidency of the Lord High Steward, the Earl of Pembroke.

A special from Glasgow says that Kenneth M. Clark, owner of the Kariad, has sent a challenge to Sir Thomas Lipton for a race between the Shamrock II and the Kariad to be sailed over courses similar to course for the Americas cup and on the American measurement to decide which shall be sent as challenger to American waters.

Special dispatches from the continent report further ravages by storms and prostrations due to heat conditions. Many persons were driven mad and committed suicide on account of sunstrokes. According to the Lisbon correspondent of the London Daily Express the death roll for heat reached 22.

Disastrous hurricanes on the coast of New South Wales have paralyzed shipping. Twelve vessels have been wrecked and ten persons drowned.

$14.00 Detroit and Return.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and the D. & C. steamers, via St. Ignace (Mackinaw Island), account National Educational Convention. Leave Duluth 7:00 p. m. July 5th. Make early application for sleeper and steamer accommodations at
City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Smith's
Green Mountain
Renovator

THE COMING OF HEALTH

Out of the Green Mountains of Vermont, with their gently sloping heights, their rich verdure, their crystal streams, and sparkling cascades—out of their roots and herbs and leaves and flowers, allied with kindred medicinal vegetation from other parts of the world—comes the greatest of all known medicines, **SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR**, bringing health to the sick, strength to the debilitated, and happiness and long life to the hopeless.

IT COMES TO MAKE THE SICK WELL AND THE WEAK STRONG.

It comes to the impoverished blood, bringing it new life and sending it coursing through the system charged with nourishment and electrical force—the electricity of high vitality.

It comes to the nervous—to those whose nerves get tired and worn from long strain in the counting-room, at the typewriter, at the desk or counter, in the factory, in the workshop, or in social or household duties—it comes to them, gives them quiet and repose and a sense of increasing confidence, sturdiness, and ability.

It comes to the tired brain—to the brain that has more responsibilities than it can justly perform; the brain that thinks and throbs and grows tired and aches and longs for a rest that it never gets—it comes to the tired brain with soothing, sustaining effect, enables it to act without worry, and brings it into pleasurable health again.

To the tired stomach—overburdened, weak, unable to prepare for digestion the food that comes into it—to the tired stomach it comes to relieve, to assist, to befriend. It makes digestion easy and assimilation certain.

To the liver, to the kidneys, and to all the correlative parts of the body, it comes to remove the obstructions, the poisons, and to clear the way for natural and healthy action without strain or effort.

To sufferers from Rheumatism, Malaria, Scrofula, Catarrh, Anemia, or other affections of the blood or skin or tissues—*to the jaded, worn, and broken down and emaciated*—to these it comes like a great force, bringing with it such vitality as makes the eye bright, the step elastic, the muscles strong, the heart glad, the nights restful, and the days' duties a round of delight. All this it does with an energy that never ceases, but which is ever mild and gentle and sure in its action.

It comes to the muscles of the arms, the loins, the back—the muscles that have been strained beyond the point of natural weariness and have become so tired that they never get rested—it comes to them and gives them new strength, new vigor, and a feeling of rest and reserve power.

It is called by many "The Body Builder." It builds up the nerves and muscles and tissues that have been wrecked by illness and suffering. It builds the shrunken body and features and gives them the fullness and glow of joyous health.

From infancy to the grave, the best medical friend any man, woman, or child can have is SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR.

S. F. BOYCE, Sole Agent, Duluth, Minn.

TO SCRAMBLE.

Settlers For Government Lands Are Opposed to a Gamble.

Guthrie, O. T., July 2.—The government's proposed lottery plan of settlement of the Kiowa and Comanche country is to be contested by settlers who expect to take claims when the country is opened. The plan of contest is the legality of the drawing scheme. Among the plaintiffs will be Lewis N. Hornbeck, of Minco, I. T., former government surveyor.

The best advices show that thousands are now ready and prepared to enter the country as soon as the proclamation is promulgated. Claims will be staked out by those who are already camped along the borders and if a fight is to be made along the proposed lines of contest it will occasion endless suits for rights and titles in the land offices and the courts. The belief of the land attorneys is that only two legal ways are open to those who want a claim. First to settle upon a quarter before some one else files. Second, to file before the other fellow settles. The courts, not the departments, are the interpreters of the law and all questions must be finally passed upon by the courts.

Denison, Tex., July 2.—A company of Texas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma men has been formed to make a rush for the lands of the Kiowa and Comanche country when they are opened for settlement. They have employed Hon. Richard Morgan, of Perry, Okla., as counsel and if necessary will fight their case in the courts. They have been given legal opinions that the Kiowa and Comanche country has been purchased by the government; that it is public domain and open for settlement by the citizens of the United States; that it can only be subject to the homestead laws of the United States, and that the homestead laws provide but one means of selecting homes and that is to move on a claim, stake it off and own it as a homestead and that here is no provisions in law for selecting claims by drawing lots.

A HANDY FRIEND.

One Donates $5,000 to Oberlin College.

Oberlin, Ohio, July 2.—President John Henry Barrows announced yesterday the receipt of a check for $5000 from "a friend in New England" toward the completion of the $500,000 Rockefeller endowment fund for Oberlin college. It is necessary yet to secure $150,000 to assure Mr. Rockefeller's conditional gift of $200,000.

BAD SPLIT.

Trouble In the Liberal Party In England Seems Inevitable.

London, July 2.—Herbert H. Asquith, former liberal home secretary, has consented after considerable hesitation to attend the banquet tendered him by the imperialist liberals. In a letter accepting the honor, he promises to deliver a speech at dinner, setting forth the claims and duties of the liberal party and his view that "there is an alternative to the existing government."

The banquet is regarded as a severe reflection upon the policy of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman and Mr. Asquith's action is looked upon as a bid for the liberal leadership. The greatest efforts have been made to prevent the project being carried out; but these have failed and a complete split in the liberal party appears to be inevitable. Great irritation is observed in the liberal ranks.

DICKMAN REINSTATED.

St. Paul, July 2.—Sheriff Dickman, of Wabasha county, has adjusted his affairs, and has been reinstated by the governor. He deposited $400, the amount of personal property taxes called for in the list of amounts uncollectable for which he had failed to make returns. The county commissioners will go over the list at their meeting next month and determine how much of the amount in their opinion is collectable. This amount will be turned into the county treasury and the balance, if any, returned to Dickman.

To the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

The most popular railway from the Northwest to the great show at Buffalo will be the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

It runs, every day, five beautiful trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago, connecting directly with all Eastern lines.

Its celebrated Pioneer Limited (the famous train of the world) leaves Minneapolis 7:30 p. m. and St. Paul 8:10 p. m. daily, arriving Chicago 9:30 next morning.

Special features of the "Milwaukee's" service are the observation, buffet parlor cars on day trains, private compartment and standard sleepers on night trains, as well as buffet smoking cars and the best dining service in the world.

Tickets at cheap rates will be on sale every day at all points on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to Buffalo and return, and the maximum comfort can be obtained by using this line.

Write to J. T. Conley, Ass't Gen'l Passgr. Agent, St. Paul, for the "Milwaukee's" Pan-American folder (one of the completest and most comprehensive guides yet published of the exposition) and all information concerning rates, etc.

$24.50 Pan-American, Buffalo

Until further notice the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, all rail, via Chicago, to Buffalo and return, for $24.50. Good returning ten days from date of sale. For full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Prescriptions are filled correctly...

Every drop of medicine that goes into a prescription which is filled here is perfectly pure. We make it our business to see that everything is pure and of standard strength. There is no guess-work about it. Pure drugs and intelligent compounding are what make a prescription filled here so effective.

No doctor can obtain the desired results in the sick-room unless his prescriptions are filled with drugs of the highest quality. The sick-room is the one place above all others where quality counts more than anything else. If you want the patient to improve, to respond to the physician's labors, you should be particular about the medicine. You should have his prescriptions filled with nothing but pure fresh drugs and chemicals.

More and more physicians are depending on our prescriptoin department. We compound as we think your doctor would like to have them compounded, and as we know they should be.

Most of the reputable physicians of Duluth patronize our prescription department. This fact should be of interest to you. It means that if you bring your prescriptions here to be compounded, that the physician is satisfied—the patient gets the best medicine.

BOYCE'S Drug Store.

Every Night at 7 The Herald is Sold by Newsboys on the streets of..... Ashland

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE.

$6000 Modern residence, No. 1531 East Third street. Immediate possession can be given.

$4200 No. 1517 East Fourth street, eight rooms, hardwood finish, good plumbing; house in first-class condition.

Two choice business corners on first street.

Business and residence lots in the West End.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.
Money to Loan at Low Rates.

AT WEST DULUTH

At last night's council meeting, the committee to which was referred the proposed extension of Raleigh street, reported in favor of the proposition. A resolution providing for it was introduced and will come up for final disposition in three weeks. Should the resolution meet with favor, five blocks of the street between Fiftieth and Fifty-fifth avenues will be immediately opened to traffic.

A resolution was passed to commence condemnation proceedings on Fremont street, through block No. 8. The board of public works will institute the work. This will open another road into Fairmount park.

The United States engineer's office submitted plans, showing what territory was being used as a dumping ground for the dredges between Sixty-first and Sixty-eighth avenues. The chart showed that a channel of 400 feet wide was left commencing at Kingsbury park limits and extending out to the bay.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Yesterday, at the Clark & Jackson mill, an employe, Charles S. Danks, living in Superior, had an arm terribly mutilated by getting it caught in the machinery while adjusting a belt. Bones were shattered in four places and the unfortunate man will undoubtedly have to submit to amputation of the lacerated member. Danks is said to have a wife and several children.

Miss Maggie Foucault, of West Duluth, and John Mitchell, of Iron River, Wis., were married this morning at the church of St. John the Baptist, at Eleventh avenue west, Rev. Father Lauret officiating. This evening a wedding supper will be served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Foucault, of Fifty-third avenue west, the supper to be followed by a reception. Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell will reside at Iron River.

Miss Bertha Syldienna and Meddie Lallamme will be married at St. James' church this evening. Rev. Father Feehley will read the service.

Miss Alice Perry and Charles Cormier were married yesterday at St. James' church, instead of the church of St. John the Baptist, as previously announced.

Grocer Ed Dormedy was fined yesterday for having adulterated cloves in his possession. The complaint was made by Food and Dairy Commissioner Gifvert. An examination of all the other spices at the store proved them to be of pure quality. Mr. Dormedy is in the role of an innocent purchaser, as he purchased the cloves as honest goods from a Duluth wholesale house, and that concern will bear the expense which was written after Mr. Dormedy's name on the justice's records.

The funeral of Mrs. St. George, who died yesterday of meningitis, was held this morning at St. James' church, with Rev. Father Feehley in charge of the services, which included a requiem high mass. The interment was at Calvary cemetery.

A band of ten pieces from West Duluth will furnish music for the celebration at Biwabik, July 4.

The Knights of Pythias orchestra is arranging for a ball at Great Eastern hall July 16.

The Salvation Army from the barracks at the West End will picnic at Zenith park July 4. They have also planned for a religious and memorial service.

Alexander Murray, of the hotel bearing his name, has retired from business. Mr. and Mrs. Murray will leave this week for their old home in Iowa and will not return to Duluth until autumn.

Peter O'Donnell left yesterday for Buffalo and other points East. He will be gone a month.

H. R. Patterson has his sprinkler ready for business any time that the weather boss becomes weary of his job.

John Pierson is very ill with pneumonia at his home at the corner of Forty-third and Halifax street.

George Colmena was at Cloquet on business today.

W. S. Cochrane, of Cloquet, who has been visiting with John Cashin, returned home yesterday.

Edward Webb, of Hibbing, is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Krakenberg, 336 Fifty-eighth avenue west. He will remain until after the Fourth.

Mrs. S. A. Jamison left yesterday for New York state, where she will remain two months in the hope of benefiting her health.

The Senate club will have a session at its rooms tonight.

Steamer Mary Mann will meet street cars at Sixty-first avenue west July 4, and make regular trips to Zenith park, also stops at Big Island. A good time is promised at the park.

COLLISION

On Pennsylvania Branch Injures Two Passengers.

New Castle, Pa., July 2.—A passenger train southbound from Oil City, Pa., on the W. N. Y. & P. branch of the Pennsylvania, ran into two cars loaded with limetsone, which had been left standing on the tracks, today, two miles north of this city. Two passengers and five trainmen were injured.

On the train with a funeral party were Hon. Henry Robinson distributing clerk of the house of representatives at Washington, and Dr. E. D. Snell, Mercer, Pa., who took care of the injured until the physicians arrived.

AGREEMENT RATIFIED.

Reading, Pa., July 2.—The Reading railroad striking shop hands today ratified the agreement between Chairman Boscher and President Baer and it was decided to return to work on Friday morning. Over 1200 men were present at the meeting.

Free Cooking Lessoos.

By special arrangements with the Natural Food Company, of Niagara Falls, N. Y., Mrs. McCann will give a free cooking lesson each afternoon this week, at our store.

She prepares and serves "Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit" in various dainty ways.

Visit the demonstration and get a cook book free.

HENDRICKS DRY GOODS CO.
302-304 55th Ave. west, West Duluth.

You Don't Have to Hold on to Your Ice

for fear it will run away, when you have one of our up-to-date Refrigerators. They are the acme of cleanliness and economy in the use of ice, and the price is right—**$8.00 to $20.00.** Call and see them.

Gasoline Stoves—
One, two and three burners— **$2.00 to $5.00.**

Crescent Bicycles—
will aid you in enjoying the Fourth. They are— **$25.00 and $35.00.**
Acme Bicycles........................**$15.75**

WIELAND & WADE,
123 W. First St. 322 Fifty-fifth Ave. W.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate Business and residence property, improved and unimproved, bought and sold.

Loans Money loaned at the lowest rates.

Fire Insurance Carefully written in good companies.

For Rent Stores, flats and dwellings.

Lakeside Residence for Sale or Rent.

No. 4309 London Road, 12 rooms, hot-water heat, all modern conveniences.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

The Climax Building & Loan Association is paying the regular semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent in cash to the members of the association.

The association is still receiving subscriptions to close the loan of $3000 on central property consisting of two buildings and a lot worth at lowest valuation $10,000. Any one can invest from $1 to $1000 and receive a certificate which will pay interest on dividends as desired by the investor.

The association is in a very prosperous condition with no poor securities or real estate. It loans on plans which enable the borrower to save money in paying interest or it will make the usual straight loans at 6 per cent interest and make no charge for commission.

Chas. Smith, Sec'y
No. 2 First Ave. W. in Hunter Block.

For Sale.

A nine-room house on Superior Street close to 14th avenue east

$5000

A bargain—good only for a few days.

R.B.Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FARM

We will trade for improved city property, 100-acre farm near Duluth. Good house and barn, large hennery, horses, cattle, wagons and tools, half acre strawberries, and other crops all in. A very desirable home.

For particulars call at office of

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

$1000 takes 50 feet on East Second street.

$3000 takes 7-room modern house on Third street, center of city.

$1500 takes 50-foot corner, London road, upper side,; all improvements.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Building.

Settlers for Western Canada

I will be absent until July 5, but settlers wishing the cheap rate to Western Canada, can procure the same by calling on the agent Northern Pacific Railway Co., 332 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. J. H. M. PARKER, Canadian Government Agent.

West End Bargains

$425.00

each—a few choice and well located building lots in the West End on First Street near 28th Avenue West.

$600.00

each—your choice of three lots on West Superior Street near 29th Avenue West.

Julius D. Howard & CO.
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.
Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE.

House and lot in Portland Division **$1200**

One-half cash—balance 3 years at 6 per cent.

Fire Insurance Written.

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

4½% 5% 5½%

Money to Loan.

Fire Insurance.. Employers' Liability Insurance.

General Agents Travelers' Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD, 207 WEST SECOND street.

WANTED—TABLE BOARDERS IN private family, 32 West Second street.

UNDERTAKING.

WE HAVE THE BEST FUNERAL CAR and rubber tire carriages in the state. Why not get the best particularly when our prices are lowest. Stewart Livery company, 122 West Second street. Telephone 334—2 rings.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF. WALTER TELLS EVERYthing, 314 East Fifth street.

PROFESSER MME. QUINN IS STILL at 622 West Superior street.

PIANO TUNING.

C.A.GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, LEADer North Star band. Zenith 'prone 606.

FOUND.

FOUND—ROW BOAT. INQUIRE JOHN Fink, Park Point Street Railway.

FOUND—JERSEY COW. OWNER CAN have same at Runkle dairy, Eleventh street and Thirteenth avenue west.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, A SMALL SAFE. Apply at 427 West Michigan street.

GOOD INTEREST PAYING, CENTRALly located real estate. Not to exceed $5000. Address with price and location. X 4, Herald.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

College of Mines.

An Engineering School with unique location, giving it unusual facilities. Distinctive methods of instruction. Special courses given. All work in charge of widely experienced men. Catalogue giving list of graduates and their occupation on application. Address F. W. McNAIR, President, HOUGHTON, MICH.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—CRAWFORD BICYCLE, coaster brake. A snap. Address C. H., Herald.

FOR SALE—GOOD SINGLE RUBBER tire buggy. Address D. D., Herald.

FOR SALE—HORSE, CHEAP. 1127 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—DINING ROOM AND PARlor furniture and a number of Remarque proof etchings. Inquire afternoons this week, at No. 20 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE—LADY'S WHEEL IN GOOD condition, cheap. 1131 East First street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, BOY'S BICYCLE in good condition. Address 214 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A TWO CHAIR BARBER shop outfit. Barber shop, 215 West Superior street.

$195 —PIANO, CHICKERING, UPright, elegant mahogany case; almost new. Inquire 2 Columbus block.

$25 —ORGAN, ESTEY MAKE, HIGH top; snap. 2 Columbus block.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows. S. Kaner, 1217 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—TIMBER AND HOMEstead locating in good locations on rivers running to the coast. Fine homesteads and good timber, a specialty. Headquarters, address Murphy & Dammon, Merchant hotel, Portland, Oregon.

FOR SALE—THE HALL SAFE COMpany's fire and burglar proof safe. J. S. Ray, post box 89.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

FOR SALE — THE JOHN DAIGLE hotel in Hibbing. For terms and further particulars, apply to John Daigle, Hibbing, Minn.

Large Consignments of
Drafters, Farm Mares, Drivers and Mules
are daily received at
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S Midway Horse Market,
Midway, St. Paul, Minn. All horses sold under written guarantee to be as represented. Part time given if desired.

PERSONAL.

PIANO, VIOLIN AND MANDOLIN LESsons, 50c. Walter Howard, 22 7th Ave. W., or leave calls at Howard's machine store, 10 E. Sup. St. Music for dances.

LADIES—TRY MY MONTHLY REGUlator. Box free. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

MIDWIFE.

DR.EMMA BREINHOLM. OBSTETRICS electricity, magnetic and suggestive. Private hospital 11 19th Ave. W.

MRS BANKS, MIDWIFE,328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS.HANSON,FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 708 E. 3d st. 'Phone 1225.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 819 FIRST AVE. E.

MEDICAL.

MEN **NO CURE, NO PAY.** If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Superior street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile Company, 16 West Superior street.

ATTORNEYS.

S. L. SMITH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 219 Duluth Trust building.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY. 711-712 Palladio building.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING. Simpson. Zenith 'phone 738. 119 W. 1st st.

INSTRUCTION.

PERSONS DESIRING TO BE TUtored in grade or high school work, apply L. A. W., Box 435.

LOST.

BUNCH OF KEYS IN POSTOFFICE Sunday morning, June 30, between 7:30 and 8 o'clock. Were left sticking in lock box. Finder please return to Herald office and receive reward.

LOST—PAIR OF BAY MARES, ONE week ago. Return to 102 East Eighth street and receive reward.

LOST—WILL THE TEAMSTER THAT found an abstract on Superior street yesterday afternoon kindly leave it at The Herald office.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; $14.00 per month, 1422 East Third street.

WANTED—ONE GIRL TO WAIT ON counter and bake pies. Apply Charles H. Hall, Branch Bethel.

WANTED — GIRL TO DO LIGHT housework, 1428½ East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Small family. 1405 East Superior street.

EARLY WRINKLES INDICATE DEficient nourishment, starving skin. Use Satin-Skin Cream skin food and restore rotundity.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. Belmont hotel.

WANTED COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of two. $18 per month. Call 2327 East First street.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK TO BEGIN July 12. No washing. Good wages. Mrs. S. T. Harrison, 2107 East First street.

COMPETENT GIRL WHO WISHES good home and easy place can secure same by calling at 101 West Fifth street. None other need apply.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. oGod wages. Small family. Mrs. S. W. Richardson, F. Buffalo flats.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED LADIES' clothes ironers. Acme laundry.

WANTED — A LADY COOK. GOOD wages. 7 Nineteenth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages. 224 East Fourth street.

WANTED—COOK. 318 WEST SECOND.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL TO DO general housework. Apply 525 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL AT BELMONT hotel; good wages; 706 West Superior street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL AT 210 West Third street.

WANTED — GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; small family. Mrs. W. Van Brunt, 1112 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 529 West Fourth street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family, 2116 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family; good wages. 1617 London road.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. No. 409 West Second street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK IN PRIVATE family. Best of wages; no washing; that is willing to go to Ashland. Transportation paid. Call for information. 901 London road.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1127 London road.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family, 2116 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR PRIVATE family out of the city. No children. Address S. S., Herald.

A CAPABLE GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call after 6 p. m., 1714 Jefferson street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. One with references. 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 309 West First.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL AT 507 WEST Second street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls at Peerless laundry.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 112 East Third street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—MAN IN LODGING HOUSE. requires no experience; $4 per week and room to commence; no board. 10 East Superior street, up stairs.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN AS ASSISTant in office. Must be good penman and accurate. Give age and references. Address M. W., Herald.

WE, THE HAWKES NURSERY COMpany, Milwaukee, Wis., want more men. Big inducements; salary or commission. Write for special terms.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN STENOGRApher. State age, experience, salary expected. References. Address in own handwriting D 86, Herald.

WANTED — CARPENTERS. APPLY Anderson & Gow, 14 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED—BRICKLAYERS TO WORK on Hibbing High School, 50 cents an hour; fare one way.

WANTED, MACHINISTS—STEADY EMployment and good wages to competent men to fill places vacated by striking machinists in Chicago. Allis-Chalmers Co., 12th St. and Washtenaw Ave., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—FIFTEEN FIRST - CLASS structural iron men. Good wages and steady work. Wisconsin Bridge and Iron company, Houghton, Mich.

WANTED—MACHINE HANDS AND vise hands for sawmill work. Good wages and steady jobs with chance for promotion are offered to the right men. Address The Filer & Stowell Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

GOOD SALARIES — Earn good wages while learning electrical engineering. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 206-208 New Jersey Building, Duluth. Open evenings. 2

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—HOUSE, CENtrally located; 8 or 10 rooms, modern and suitable for furnished rooms. Y 6, Herald.

PAPERHANGING.

PAPERHANGING, CALSOMINING, painting, etc. Good work, moderate prices. Do all work personally. Address T 19, Herald.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LAWN MOWERS SHARPENED; CALL for and delivered, 75c. Address "Mower" Gen. Delivery, City.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—10-ROOM BRICK HOUSE. Rent very reasonable. Inquire Bloom & Co., 102 West First street.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE IN EAST End. Modern. 1222 East First street.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE IN EAST End. Modern. 1222 East Second street.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH bath and electric light. Inquire Bloom & Co., 102 West First street.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms. 909 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT — NEATLY FURNISHED front room, 628 West Second street; $5 per month.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. Water, sewer, and gas, use of bath. 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED PARLOR and bedroom; ground floor; central. One front room second floor. B 63, Herald.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 123 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room in modern brick nouse. 130 Sixth avenue west.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM BY lady with baby. Must be central, between Second and Fifth avenues west and Superior and Third street. Y 46, Herald.

WANTED—ONE OR TWO FURNISHED rooms with board by young married couple. Y 4, Herald.

WANTED — ROOM AND BOARD. 120 First avenue west; bath, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 1, 1901. Work Third degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 8, 1901. Work, ———Burr Porter, M. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO.20, R. A. M.—Stated convocationss second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1901. Work, P. M. & M. E. M. degree. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, recorder.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave July 2, 1901. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elk's hall. 113 West Superior street. Frank Crassweller, G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2 MEETS EVERY Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 a. m. Roy Hood, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets second and fourth Monday evenings of each month in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. L. R. Birch, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—DUluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Memorial service Tuesday evening, June 25. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall. Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the initiatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; T. B. Perry, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

UNITED COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS. Zenith, No. 40, Duluth, Minn.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month. Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

WANTED SITUATIONS.

MAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE PLACE to do cooking in or outside of city. Address 16 East Superior street, Room 18.

COMPETENT LADY STENOGRAPHER wishes position. Has had one year's experience in real estate. Speaks and writes Scandinavian. References exchanged. Address Lavinia Larson, 2420 Twenty-sixth avenue south, Minneapolis Minn.

WANTED—SITUATION BY MAN AND wife experienced as cooks or managers of boarding house. Frank Frantz, 518 Garfield avenue.

MAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE PLACE to do cooking in or outside of city. Address 16 East Superior street.

WANTED—WASHING TO TAKE HOME 805 East Second street.

WANTED—PAINTING AND PAPERhanging by day or job. Address 622 West Fourth street.

LADY WITH SEVERAL YEARS EXPErience in law office, desires position as stenographer. Apply Box C. B., Herald.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOTELS.

HOTEL NORTHERN,
208 W. Superior St.
Music Every Afternoon and Evening by the VIENNA LADIES' ORCHESTRA AND CONCERT COMPANY.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY THEM AT 20 FIRST AVENUE west, from expert. 'Phone 854.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—RESIDENT PARTNER FOR Duluth in an established business. Must have at least $500. Address F. B. W., Hotel Spalding, Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 819 First avenue east.

CARPET CLEANING.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

DRUGGIST.

C. J. TUFTE, 2015 West Superior street.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.,
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes

STR. BON AMI
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at **9 a. m.** for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.

STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's Dock Mondays and Thursdays at **8 p.m.** for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton
JOHN FLYNN, Agt., 2 Lyceum Building. W. H. SINGER, Mgr., Lake Ave and Canal.

STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE
FLEET PASSAGE 6 DAYS 16 HRS 27 MIN
High Class Passenger Steamships
NEW GIGANTIC TWIN SCREW
BOSTON AND PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL.
Perfect service and table steadiness account of enomous size no stauncher handsomer ships cross the Atlantic.
T.H.LARKE, GEN'L NORTHWESTERN AGENT.
127 SO THIRD ST. GUARANTY BLD'G MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth .. Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor .. Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar... Wolf ... Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta .. Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing. Lv	p.m 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv........Duluth........Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar........Virginia........Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar........Eveleth........Lv	7:38 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar........Ely........Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*1 25 pm 11 10 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am †3 00 pm	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points. Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	*6 43 pm †11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. L. J. KITCHELL, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm *7 30 pm *8 40 am	Ashland and East Minn & Dakota Express No Coast Ltd.	*11 15 am *7 55 am *4 55 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 10 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*6 45 am †2 10 pm *7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
† 7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED.	† 8 30 am
* 8 15 am	Copper Country Local.	* 8 00 pm

TEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

TEN PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, JULY 3, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Minn Hist'l Society

Beautiful 4th of July Suits.

$9.85 For Men's Suits worth $15.00, $16.00, $18.00.

$14.85 For Men's Suits, worth $20.00, $22.00 and $25.00.

Store open tonight till 10 o'clock.
Store open July Fourth till noon.

Man's and Boys' Outfitters.

The BIG DULUTH

125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

For Sale—

$1700 for 100-foot corner Third street and Nineteenth avenue east.

$10,000 for 50 feet on West First street, diagonally across from the government building; two houses on lot, worth $5000; renting for $60 per month. This is a rare bargain.

$7500 for 75 feet on West Second street, near Lake avenue, and a good 10-room house, worth $5000.

East End Houses—

We believe we have the best list of strictly modern houses in the city.

$9000 for elegant 12-room house, with 50-foot corner on East Superior street; steam heat, hardwood finish; good plumbing.

$200 for nice lot near the Normal School.

$6000 for 1900 West Superior street, 2-story brick building, worth $4000; rent $57.50 net a mo.

Five Per Cent Money to Loan.

Stryker, Manley & Buck, TORREY BUILDING

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

THE ALLIED VILLAGERS

A New Organization of Chinese Which Is Replacing the Boxers and Whose Objects Are Insurrectionary.

London, July 3.—A dispatch from Pekin says: The French propose to delay their evacuation of Pao Ting Fu until autumn. They believe that their presence there is necessary, as the disorders, which have been widespread, are increasing. The society of allied villagers is replacing the Boxer organization. This society was ostensibly formed for local protection, but it is really insurrectionary, as it resists the collection of the regular taxes, because the villages suffered heavily last year and objects to the additional taxes for the expenses of the court's return, and indemnity for the Catholic converts, who greatly outnumber the Protestants.

The people have some ground for complaint, it is said, but money being needed the government must make demands, and when they are resisted the Chinese troops must enforce the government's orders. If these troops fail the foreign troops must interpose. Hence there is good reason for the French remaining, as the converts are under their protection. Another reason is that the railway runs through the disturbed districts and must be protected. The Germans intend to evacuate Pao Ting Fu by July 5.

The British and Japanese sections in Pekin have been formally transferred to the Chinese, says a Pekin dispatch to a news agency. There is delap on the part of the Italians, French and Germans in transferring their sections in the Tartar city. The Germans have transferred their section of the Chinese city, all of which is now under the jurisdiction of ten police censors. The British, Germans and Japanese retain some supervision over the city, and are responsible for the settlement of quarrels between foreigners. A thousand new Japanese troops have arrived here and nearly 4000 more are coming to replace the force in the province of Chi-Li. The Japanese, French and German commanders have consented to Governor Yuan Shih Kai's troops coming within seven miles of the city. The British commander has not yet decided whether to consent or not. The British, French and Japanese say that they will not evacuate until the troops of the other powers have.

Arrangements are being made for the return of the court. Orders have been given for the rebuilding of two of the large gates of the city. The cost of this work is estimated at 1,000,000 taels for each gate. The merchants in the ruined portion of the city are rebuilding, showing that they expect the court to return.

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HEAVY LOSS

By Fire at South Boston Wharves.

Boston, July 3.—The fire which started in the Metropolitan Coal company's stables at South Boston last night, practically destroyed all the company's property at that point, including coal sheds and wharves, burned several small buildings and the barge Buena Vista. Twenty valuable draft horses perished. The total loss is estimated at $200,000.

BAD FIRE AT GLOBE, ARIZ.

Globe, Ariz., [illegible] buildings were [illegible] here yesterday by fire of an unknown origin and ten families of miners are homeless. Loss, $80,000.

GRIFFITH RESIGNS.

Denver, July 3.—William C. Griffith has tendered to Governor Orman his resignation as a member of the fire and police board of this city. He acted as agent for parties who held the disputed state warrants on which State Treasurer Shipley recently paid out $89,000.

MERCHANT SUICIDES.

Leipsic, July 3.—Herr Schwendler, merchant of this city, drowned himself today at Zwickau. His suicide was a result of the failure of the Leipsiger bank.

SOME RELIEF

Though the Death Rate Continues Large.

Deaths In Six Days In New York Number 517.

New York, July 3.—It was not as hot in this city this morning as it was yesterday, but the percentage of humidity was much greater. At 9 a. m. the weather bureau thermometer showed a temperature of 85 degrees as compared with 93 at the same time yesterday. The percentage of humidity was 72. Yesterday morning it was 59. From 2 to 9 a. m. eleven deaths, due to heat, were reported in New and Brooklyn.

At 11 o'clock the thermometer had risen to the 92 mark, but the humidity had fallen to 53 per cent. The temperature at 11 a. m. yesterday was 96 degrees. Up to 11 o'clock today the total number of deaths from heat in New York and Brooklyn, after 2 a. m., was 47.

The action of the board of governors of the stock exchange, in voting to close the exchange on Friday and Saturday, and the decision of banks to restrict business all possible on these days, was due entirely to the intense heat.

There were so many bodies in the morgue today that the compartments could not hold them all. Two dead wagons and police patrol wagons were bringing in others constantly, and it was necessary to send the remains of sixty persons to the potters field before the expiration of the five days usually allowed for identification or reclamation.

Since the extremely hot weather began on June 28 there have been so many deaths from the heat that it has been impossible to keep a correct record of them, but a careful estimate today placed the total in Greater New York for the six days at 517. All of these were well defined cases of heat prostrations resulting from the high temperature.

Philadelphia, July 3.—A cool breeze from the south tempered the heat slightly this morning, but a jump of 8 degrees in one hour indicated another scorching day. The minimum temperature during the night was 81 degrees and at 8 o'clock today the weather bureau thermometer registered that figure. At 9 a. m. the mercury had risen to 89, 4 degrees cooler than at the same hour yesterday. Up to 9 a. m. eleven deaths had occurred and the hospitals reported about 38 prostrations.

The total number of deaths from heat in this city since the beginning of the present hot spell is ninety-one.

At 11 o'clock the official weather bureau thermometer registered 91 degrees, a decrease of 4 degrees compared with the same hour yesterday. Up to this hour fifteen deaths and a score of prostrations have been reported. The humidity at 8 a. m. was 61 per cent. At 11 o'clock it had decreased 3 per cent.

Boston, July 3.—This city entered upon its seventh day of oppressive heat with the thermometer at 86 at 8 o'clock and the wind light from the southwest.

Two deaths and two prostrations were reported in the city during the early morning hours.

During the six days of excessive heat which have prevailed in New England before today, nearly 100 deaths have occurred, which have been attributed to the weather conditions. Of this number twenty-four died in Boston. The number of prostrations in New England will reach several hundred. In Boston there have been nearly 150.

Washington, July 3.—The mercury is again climbing upward and at 9:45 a. m. this morning the official thermometer at the weather bureau registered 96, a rise of 6 degrees since 8 o'clock. People in this city gained a good night's rest last night for the first time in several days. The weather bureau reiterated today its announcement that there is no permanent break in the hot spell in sight. Sixteen deaths in the past six days have been either directly or indirectly attributable to the heat.

Pittsburg, July 3.—The torrid wave was broken at 9 o'clock this morning by rain. The mercury dropped from 81 degrees to 77 in a few minutes, and the indications point to a still further decline, and what promises to be a steady rain has set in. Two deaths and three prostrations from heat were reported up to 9 o'clock.

Eighty-six deaths, directly attributed to the excessive heat, have occurred in Pittsburg since last Wednesday. Of this number sixty-four were reported since Sunday night.

Detroit, July 3.—The heavy thunder storms of last night cooled the air so greatly that the official thermometer registered but 76 degrees at 7:30 this morning. A ten-mile breeze was blowing from the northeast at that hour. Forecaster Conger says that the temperature probably will go above 85 before night.

Cleveland, July 3.—A gentle rain began falling in this city early today and as a result the temperature fell to 76 degrees.

During the past five days sixteen deaths and sixty prostrations from heat have been reported.

Louisville, July 3.—At 7 a. m. the temperature was 84, 7 degrees higher than yesterday. Street thermometers showed 91 in the shade. There have been but two deaths from heat, both negroes.

Louisville, July 3.—At 7 a. m. the government thermometer recorded 82, while in the streets 88 was registered, against 82 at the same hour yesterday.

Kansas City, July 3.—At 8 a. m. the mercury registered 89, or 5 degrees more than at the same hour yesterday.

Without a breath of air stirring last night the suffering was great. Four prostrations, one fatal, were reported.

St. Louis, July 3.—At 8 a. m. the weather bureau thermometer registered 82 degrees. This was 6 degrees cooler than at the same time yesterday.

St. Paul, July 3.—A cool breeze was

(Continued on Page 10.)

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STRIKERS RESTRAINED

Cincinnati Judge Issues Order on Application For a Blanket Injunction By the Metal Trades Association.

Cincinnati, July 3.—A temporary restraining order was granted today, on application for a blanket injunction against the striking machinists before Judge Thompson, in the district court, by the metl trades association of Cincinnati. The petition charges that the strikers have used coercion, violence, intimidation and boycott to prevent men from accepting employment without the sanction of the machinists' union.

The movement is in line with yesterday's declaration by the employers that they will not submit to alleged interference with their business. The temporary injunction was allowed until Judge Clark shall return from Chattanooga, when argument will be heard for a permanent order.

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NOT A WHEEL MOVES.

Strikers Tie Up Business at St. Louis Yards.

St. Louis, July 3.—Striking freight handlers in the railroad yards at East St. Louis now number 1700 men. Of this number 600 are the drivers of transfer wagons who went out today in sympathy with their fellow workmen.

Not a wheel is moving about the freight sheds, and 3000 freight cars are in position to be unloaded. Many of them are loaded with fruit, vegetables and other perishable goods.

REAPPOINTED.

Major Pruden Assistant Secretary to President.

Washington, July 3.—Maj. O. L. Pruden, the former assistant secretary to the president, who was appointed a paymaster in the regular army in May, has resigned his position in the army and has been re-appointed to his old position of assistant secretary to the president. This is the office to which the late Adelbert Hay was to have been appointed. Maj. Pruden has abandoned his career in the army on account of personal and business reasons to assume his former duties at the White House.

FRUITLESS

Was the Meeting of the Foreign Ministers at Pekin.

Pekin, July 3.—The meeting of the foreign ministers today was barren of result, only matters of minor importance being discussed, despite the efforts of two of the ministers to force consideration of the indemnity question so that a satisfactory reply might be given to China, accepting the offer of 450,000,000 taels at 4 per cent interest.

TESTING YACHTS

Constitution and Columbia Sail Over Triangular Course.

Shamrocks Vie With Each Other Under Similar Conditions.

Second Trial of Big Racing Machines For Supremacy.

Bateman's Point, R. I., July 3.—The yachts Constitution and Columbia came out today for another race under the aupices of the New York Yacht club, this time over a triangular course of thirty miles, ten miles on a side. Columbia's substitute boom seemed to be in excellnt shape, and the Constitution's jib had also been repaired and was in good shape.

Columbia was the first to come out of the harbor about 10:30, beating down under main sail, two head sails and club top sail. Constitution followed five minutes later, under a similar suit of sails. Getting outside, the yachts found a fine whole sail breeze from the southwest and stood out to the starting point.

The weather off shore was quite thick and there was very little hope that much of the race could be seen from the land.

As on Monday, the start was five miles off Brenton's Reef lightship, owing to the direction of the wind.

12:27 p. m.—The yachts have apparently started. The Columbia went across the line first at 12:25:53, the Constitution at 12:25:54.

12:43 p. m.—The Columbia has met with an accident, apparently having carried away her bobstay. Both head sails are being taken in. Constitution is also taking in her baby jib top sail. The race is apparently over.

12:46 p. m.—The Constitution has run up near the Columbia. The latter has been sent up into the wind.

12:52 p. m.—It looks now as if the jib stay on the Columbia had parted, causing the race to be called off. At the time of the accident the Constitution was gaining on the Columbia, although she was about 200 yards to leeward. The cause of the accident to the Columbia was the buckling of the martingale. It is expected that this can be repaired this afternoon.

Rothesay, Firth of Clyde, July 3.—The two Shamrocks started on a thorough racing trial today over a 43-mile course. A brisk breeze was blowing when the start was made. The yachts carried jib headers.

In order to give the Shamrocks a fair trial in open sea, a triangular course was laid out for today's race, starting at Garrock Head, thence to Holy Island, around the Erin, thence ten or twelve miles to the southeastward, around the Erin again and a reach back to the starting point.

Sir Thomas Lipton invited the reporters aboard the Erin to witness the racing, but Mr. Watson cancelled the invitation, desiring to preserve the secrecy with which he has endeavored to surround all the challenger's movements.

The boats fetched out of the bay under jib-headed topsails. A brisk easterly breeze was ruffling the water and giving a fine racing wind all the way down. Although the formal race commenced off Garrock Head, the boats were sent off from Craigmore pier in racing order. The challenger took up a position on the weather bow of the older boat, as she crossed the line and rapidly opened the way, the Shamrock I following in her wake.

At the finish of the actual racing the Shamrock I led by a minute and a half.

WILL MEET.

Hill and Morgan to Arrive About Same Time.

New York, July 3.—The Tribune says: James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern railroad, will arrive in this city a day or two after the Fourth, and his presence here just about the time that J. Pierpont Morgan returns from abroad is regarded by Wall street as a matter of more than passing importance. It is said that Mr. Hill will urge upon Mr. Morgan the appointment of Darius Miller, second vice president of the Great Northern, as general traffic director of that road, the Northern Pacific and the Burlington.

FIRE A MYSTERY.

Guests Had Narrow Escapes at Homestead Hotel.

Richmond, Va., July 3.—The Homestead, the well known hotel at Virginia Hot Springs, in Bath county, were totally destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. No lives were lost, although a great many guests were in the building. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

The Homestead had a capacity of 450 guests and has numbered as its patrons many of the most prominent people of the United States, including President and Mrs. McKinley and members of the cabinet. While the guests all escaped without injury many of them lost their valuables.

PENN WINS

American Crew Captures Heat at Henley.

Defeats English Crew By Three Lengths.

Henley-on-Thames, July 3.—The Henley royal regatta opened today formally, although, owing to the large number of entries for the Thomas challenge cup, three heats in the contest for that trophy were rowed yesterday afternoon and were won by Trinity Hall, Cambridge, the School of Mines Rowing club and the Kingston Rowing club.

The regatta began under favorable conditions. The sun was bright and warm and a cool breeze was blowing off the tow path. The attendance, however, did not equal expectations, and in no way equalled Yale's year. Comparatively few American flags or prominent Americans were visible.

The Pennsylvanians came down to their boat house at 11:30 and they all declared themselves fit and confident. Leander, which was to meet New College at 12:35 p. m., went out for a spin, but the Pennsylvanians did not embark until they went to the starting point.

"Bob" Cook in his final summary of the Pennsylvanians' prospects said: "No American crew was ever at Henley with better prospects. They are in splendid condition and confident. They will, in my opinion, meet Leander in the finals, when, I fear, the Englishmen will beat them."

The results today were as follows:

Wyford challenge cup—First heat: Kinston Rowing club beat Trinity college, Oxford. Kingston's time was 8:08.

Wyford challenge cup—Second heat: Christ college, Cambridge, beat the Royal Artillery Rowing club. Time, 8:06.

Grand challenge cup—First heat: Leander Rowing club beat New College, Oxford. Time, 7:09.

Grand challenge cup—Second heat: Pennsylvania university beat London Rowing club by three lengths. Time, 7:01 2-5.

Ladies' challenge plate—First heat: Worcester college, Oxford, beat Jesus college, Cambridge. Worcester's time, 7:17.

Thames challenge cup—Fourth heat: Trinity hall, Cambridge, beat the London Rowing club. Trinity hall's time was 7:25.

The Pennsylvanians, after their heat for the grand challenge cup, disembarked at their boat house apparently as fresh as when they left it. There was no sign of exhaustion on the part of any member of the crew. The stroke, Gardiner, said:

"We pulled pretty lively at the finish, but there was no time in the race when we had any doubt about the result.

Ellis Ward, the coach, said: "The crew did the work today which I expected. Their performance, I believe, was most creditable. But to me it was in no way a surprise. There was no advantage whatever in the stations today and all the conditions of the race and the management were as perfect as possible. The conditions of the race and management are as perfect as any one could desire. I can say no more about the finals than I have already said, but our work today, I think, has demonstrated our ability to uphold the credit of the university against any crew we may meet."

In the first heat for the Diamond sculls Johnson beat A. H. Coulette. Johnson's time was 8:05. Second heat: G. Ashe beat W. C. Bond. Ashe's time was 8:48.

Ladies' challenge plate—Second heat: Eton Rowing club beat Trinity college, Dublin. The Eton boys won easily in 7:25.

Thames challenge cup—Fifth heat: The Royal School of Mines beat the Twickenham Rowing club.

Diamond challenge sculls—Third heat: S. T. Blackstaff beat W. A. Hickman, of St. John, N. B. Time, 9:23.

Thames challenge cup—Sixth heat: Kingston Rowing club beat Exeter college, Oxford. Time, 7:27.

Visitors' challenge cup—First heat: New College, Oxford, beat Trinity college, Oxford. Time, 8:14.

Thames challenge cup—Seventh heat: Worcester college, Oxford, beat Caius college, Cambridge. Time, 7:29.

Wyford challenge cup—Third heat: The Thames Rowing club beat the London Rowing club. Time, 8 minutes.

Fourth heat—Trinity Hall, Cambridge, beat First Trinity, Cambridge.

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PRESENT SOLID FRONT

Apparently No Attempt By Steel Companies to Break Organization of Strikers---Say Mills Are Closed For Repairs.

Pittsburg, July 3.—There were no developments today in the strike situation of the sheet steel and hoop workers. Neither of the combines affected has seemingly made any attempt to break the solid front of the men at any of the union plants. They still announce that mills not running this week are shut down for repairs. A private telegram from Youngstown, received in this city last night, stated that the American Steel Hoop company will go direct to the men at its union plants in Girard, Youngstown, Warren, Greenville and Pomeroy today, with the demand that they return to work next Monday at the scale figures asked by the association. No word of such action has been received at strike headquarters, however.

President Shaffer of the association stated this morning that he had called upon officers of the independent sheet plants in reference to the recent cut in prices made by the sheet combine, and they all agreed with him that the reduction was made to keep the independent concerns out of the market.

"If they persist in this," said he, "I will call a conference with the independent people next year and arrange a scale with them."

When asked if he expected any developments soon, he said:

"I expect to get into communication with the combine people before the close of the day. They called for me by long-distance telephone yesterday, but when I reached the office I was unable to get them. I am to call them up today and there may be some understanding."

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LIKE HOT HOUSE PLANTS

So Congressman Hull Characterizes New Provincial Governments and Says They Will Be Unable to Withstand Adversity.

Manila, July 3.—Congressman Hull, of Iowa, who accompanied Gen. Chaffee on his southern tour, characterizes the newly established provincial governments as "hot house plants, unable to withstand adversities." He said to the correspondent of the Associated Press that there will be many difficulties under the dual civil-military government, which will be inaugurated tomorrow. Mr. Hull believes their natural richness insures the eventual prosperity of the islands; but, he is convinced, from conversation with the governors and army officers, that in new southern provinces poverty and other obstacles will prevent the successful collection of land taxes. He believes that the salaries, excepting those of the clerks and minor employes, are too high, from the commissioners downward, and that the provinces ought to have far larger areas and fewer officers. The United States commissioners agree with this, but have deferred to the wishes of the inhabitants."

Mr. Hull approves of the provincial laws, but is of the opinion that the bulk of the territory should be under military government until absolutely pacified and cleared of ladrones. He is convinced the natives in general are not concerned about the government.

These views are typically those of the generality of army officers. The American civilians, as a rule, are not inclined to await a fair trial of the experiment of partial self-government and neither the natives nor the army officers are in favor of any removals of troops. Gen. Sumner urges that the native police of Tayabas province ought to be disarmed or controlled by military governors. Col. Gardiner of the province insists upon controlling the police. The pending bill for the organization of the entire insular police provides for civil control, and army officers predict clashes unless the military control the police in the listurbed localities.

Knox Hats.

The Great Eastern Duluth

Hanan Shoes.

M. S. Burrows.

Store open tonight till 10—tomorrow till noon.

Are You Ready for the 4th?

Men's Homespun Suits,
Men's Cassimere Suits,
Men's Fancy Stripe Suits,

$9.75 Suits made to sell at $16.00, $18.00 and $20.00.

Men's Fancy Worsted Suits
Men's Blue Serge Suits,
Men' Fancy Cheviot Suits.

Straw Hats, Negligee Shirts, Cool Shirts, Cool Underwear, Cool Neckwear, New Belts, White Vests, Alapaca Coats, Fancy Hose.

Last Times—Tonight and Tomorrow Morning of

Major Winner and Wife

Don't fail to bring the children in—they may never again have a chance to see so small a couple.

WHAT THEY DESIRE

The Social and Political Reformers Adopt a Platform Which Contains Some Excellent But Far Distant Planks.

Detroit, July 3.—The national, social and political conference today adopted the following platform:

"We declare for direct legislation and proportional representation; direct nomination of candidates for offices; equal suffrage for all regardless of sex or color; honest elections, free from all partisan manipulation or control; direct taxation through progressive land values; inheritance and income taxes; public ownership of public utilities, an eight-hour day; sole control of the medium of exchange by the government; home rule; postal savings banks; state insurance and workmen's compensation for industrial injuries; opposition to militarism and conquest and advocacy of peaceful arbitration; demand the same rights and liberties for others as for ourselves."

In the preamble to the platform the conference expressed its condemnation of monopolies, the concentration of wealth and the present policy of this government with regard to its insular possessions. One of the features of the morning session was the withdrawal from the conference of Professor W. C. Bohannon, of Chicago, because he was not permitted to talk on a resolution after the previous question had been moved.

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LIBRARIES.

Annual Convention of National Association Meets at Waukesha.

Waukesha, Wis., July 3.—Only a few delegates have arrived to attend the annual convention of the National Library association. Henry J. Carr, president; former Governor Luce, of Michigan; Herbert Putnam, librarian of congress; J. P. Kennedy, of the reading room division, congressional library; Chief Hansen, of the catalogue division; Cutter, of the order division, and Messrs. Windsor, Shaw and Sulberg, of the copyright division, were among the early arrivals. This evening, after the arrival of several special trains bearing delegates, an informal reception will be held.

APPOINTED ASSAYERS.

Washington, July 3.—The president today appointed George W. Mark, assayer in charge of the assay office at St. Louis, Mo.

RECEPTION DAYS.

Chicago, July 3.—All Western railroads have agreed upon a set of dates upon which reduced fares will be allowed country merchants. Chicago receives August 7-14, August 21-28, Sept. 4-11, Sept. 18-25. Minneapolis and St. Paul are given July 25-30, August 8-11. A rate of one and one-fifth fare will be allowed for the round trip.

TENNIS AT LONDON.

London, July 3.—In a ladies' single tennis championship contest at Wimbledon today, Miss Sterry, of Surbiton, beat Mrs. Hillyard, the holder of the championship, by 2-0. In the doubles championship the Doherty brothers beat Davis and Ward, the American players. The game stood 4-6; 6-2; 6-3 and 9-7.

A LONG JUMP.

London, July 3.—A representative of the Associated Press hears that an American syndicate has purchased the International Sleeping Car company from the Belgian company and that the business will be transferred to Chicago.

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels, the stomach, the liver and kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Bitters does it.

Special Excursion to Colorado

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

July 1 to 9 and Sept. 1 to 10 the North-western Line will sell round-trip excursion tickets from Denver to Colorado points at the low rate of $29.

Remember the dates and route, and do not fail to avail yourself of this very low rate to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo. Also tickets to Salt Lake City and Ogden and return for $44, final limit to return Oct. 31. Full information and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

ILLINOIS

Dedicates Its Building at Pan American Exposition.

Buffalo, July 3.—Though the regular Illinois day at the exposition will not be held until Sept. 16, today was set aside for the dedication of the Illinois building. The following members of the Illinois commission to the exposition were at the building this morning, receiving guests:

James W. Templeton, president; Henry W. Evans, William A. Heath, Thomas A. Grier, Edward J. Brundage, Charles A. Davidson, Thomas A. Smith, William B. Brinton and John W. Stanton.

Addresses were delivered by J. W. Templeton, president of the Illinois Pan-American commission; Col. James G. Oglesby, private secretary to Governor Yates, representing the governor; Director General Buchanan of the Pan-American exposition, and H. S. Boutelle, of Illinois. A feature of the dedication was the singing of a hymn entitled "Illinois" by the Lexington quartet, the audience participating. Representatives of the Chicago newspapers arrived here today over the Michigan Central railroad and were present at the dedication exercises.

Clan Stewart, Attention

The members of Clan Stewart will meet tomorrow morning at 9 a. m. at Kalamazoo hall. All members are requested to be present to take part in the parade. The pipers taking part in the parade will be open for engagement after the parade is over.

Detroit and Return $14.00.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company. One night by rail and a delightful twenty-four-hour ride on one of the finest passenger steamers on the great lakes. Tickets on sale July 5 and 7 and can be made good for return until Sept. 1. For sleeping car and stateroom reservation address
M. ADSON,
General Agent D., S. S. & A. Ry.,
Duluth, Minn.

Fourth of July Rates.

July 3 and 4, Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to all points on its line within a radius of 200 miles at one fare and a third for round trip. Good returning July 6, except St. Paul and Minneapolis tickets, which will be good until July 5 only. For tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot and Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

Rain or shine we dance at Oatka.

AT WEST DULUTH

Tomorrow will be a genuine holiday in West Duluth. All the stores will be closed and most of the people will evacuate this portion of the city for the day. The sawmills paid off their employes today, about $45,000 being distributed. The mills will be closed tomorrow and this first national independence day of the new century will be properly observed. Some of the people have ceased labor today and are at the circus. A number of arrivals from the range were noted this morning, it being the evident intention of the visitors to commence their celebrations early.

AFTER THE OWNERS.

A new policeman, Officer Sauer, has been assigned to duty in this end of the city, while Officer Stahl engages in some special duty. Officer Stahl's special work consists of looking up persons owning dogs who have failed to pay the tax. It is stated that there are over 200 dog owners in West Duluth who so far have failed to comply with the law. It will prove much more costly for the owners of canines to settle fines in police court than it will to pay the tax, which is $1.25 on male and $5 on female dogs. Now that the authorities are proceeding to learn who the delinquents are, it is very probable that the number of persons applying for dog licenses will be largely increased.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Miss Bertha Arhuse and Meddin Laflamme were married last evening at St. James church by Rev. Father Feeheley. After the ceremony a wedding supper was served at the home of relatives.

Flaring signboards greet the eye along the street railway line from the Mesaba ore docks west. The street railway employes are instructed by these placards just how the speed must be regulated at different places along the line.

William Spencer has received an interesting letter from Dr. C. R. Keyes, who, with Mrs. Keyes, is at Buffalo. The doctor writes that they had a most enjoyable trip down the lakes, with clear weather and smooth water. The electrical display at the Pan-American is described as magnificent.

H. C. Yeager has returned from an extended visit in Ohio. He comes home improved in health.

Mrs. Louis Foucault left today for Hibbing, where she will remain two weeks.

Some new sidewalks are to be built in the business portion of Central avenue. Surveyors were at work this morning finding the building lines and grade levels.

Arthur Baker received a wicked blow under the eye from a flying knot at Mitchell & McClure's mill yesterday. The accident will keep him from work for a few days.

A 5-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Wilcox, with an active mind, was anxious to learn something new yesterday, so he placed a large navy bean in his ear as an experiment. His experience was undoubtedly instructive but far from pleasant. A physician had to be summoned, and he had quite a task to remove the bean.

Charles Loveless is home from Chicago on his first visit to West Duluth in a long time. Mr. Loveless is employed by the Republic Steel company.

The sprinkler is ready to make regular trips now. It was taken out for a trial yesterday and today.

William Wie is home from Chicago for a visit with his family.

Joseph McCarthy, of Cloquet, is in the city.

Mrs. W. W. Walker leaves this afternoon for Appleton, Minn., where she will visit relatives.

Fred and Harry McKinnon, of Cloquet, are in the city to remain until after the Fourth.

Ice cream by the gallon, quart, pint or dish, at the Florist's, 325 Fifty-fifth avenue. Also fresh cut flowers.

Steamer Mary Mann will meet street cars at Sixty-first avenue west July 4, and make regular trips to Zenith park, also stops at Big Island. A good time is promised at the park.

Independence day dance at Oatka.

NOW FOR WEATHER

All That Is Necessary For Success of Celebration.

Places Where Divisions Will Form For the Parade.

Fine Lot of Horses Entered In the Races.

The arrangements for the Fourth of July are all completed, and now, if the weather man is propitious, the affair will certainly be a success. Maj. Resche has gone over the order of parade and the places of formation are printed today for the first time.

If rain does not interfere, all of the events will come off as they are posted, but in case the regulation excursion weather of Duluth sets in, as much of the exercises as will be possible will be held in the Armory. No cars will be permitted to be run while the parade is in progress, and the streets will be kept clear of carriages and all vehicles. The parade will move at 10 o'clock sharp, and nothing will make it later than that.

The line of march will be as follows:

Down Third avenue east to Superior street, west on Superior street, passing city hall, where Mayor Hugo and the city officials will review the parade, afterward joining in; west on lower side of Superior street to Eighth avenue west; countermarch there and return to Lake avenue on upper side of Superior street; north on Lake avenue to Second street; west to First avenue west, site of the library building.

The corrected order of march, with places where the divisions will form, is as follows:

Platoon of Police.
Chief Marshal Resche and Staff.

FIRST DIVISION.

Maj. H. V. Eva, Marshal.
Third Regiment Band.
Company C, M. N. G.
Company A, M. N. G.
Soldiers of All Nations.
Division will form at Armory.

SECOND DIVISION.

Capt. Boyd, Marshal.
E. Alletzhaeusser, Assistant Marshal.
Boys' Drum Corps.
Boys' Brigade.
School Children.

Will form in front of the High School on Second street and march east to Second avenue east and down Second avenue east in time to follow the first division.

THIRD DIVISION.

George Davis, Marshal.
Charles Murphy, Assistant Marshal.
Royal Camp Band, M. W. A.
Trades and Labor Assembly.
'Longshoremen's Union No. 12.
Plumbers' Union No. 11.
Amalgamated Meat Cutters' Union No. 12.
Brewery Workers' Union.
Painters', Decorators' and Paperhangers' Union.
Railway Conductors' Union.
Carpenters' Union.
Iron Molders' Union.
Stone Masons' International Union No. 4.
Freight Handlers' Union.
Cooks' and Waiters' Union.
Letter Carriers' Union.
Cigarmakers' Union.

Will form on the upper side of First street, the band taking position on the west corner of Second avenue east and First street. The Trades and Labor assembly, 'Longshoremen's union, Plumbers' union and Amalgamated Meat Cutters' union following.

Second section, starting with the Brewery Workers' union, will form on First street from First avenue east to Lake avenue.

Third section, starting with the Stonemasons' International union on First street, forming between Lake avenue and First avenue west.

FOURTH DIVISION.

John Pengilly, Marshall. Gust Anderson, Assistant Marshal.
Ely Band.
Ely Finnish Temperance Union.
Scandinavian H. & E. F. of A.
Modern Samaritans.
Polish National Benevolent Society.
Knights of Pythias.
St. Joseph Benevolent Society.
Knights of the Maccabees.

Will form on the upper side of First street between First and Third avenue west.

FIFTH DIVISION.

J. O. Milner, Marshal. F. LeBlanc, Assistant Marshal.
North Star Band.
Modern Woodmen of America.
Improved Order of Red Men.
Normanna Singing Society.
Svea Glee Club.
Ancient Order of United Workmen.
Bagpipes.
Independent Order of Odd Fellows.
United Order of Foresters.
L'Union St. Jean Baptiste.
Viking Rifle Club.
Mayor.
Hon. R. G. Evans, Orator of the Day.
Hon. L. C. Harris, Reader of the Declaration of Independence.
Common Council and Invited Guests.

Will form on the upper side of First street between Third and Fifth avenue west. The Viking Rifle club will form in front of the postoffice. The mayor and common council will review the parade from the city hall and take carriages in time to take their place in line.

SIXTH DIVISION.

Col. M. M. Gasser, Marshal.
Duluth City Band, U. R. K. P.
Free Masons.
Knights Templar.
Hon. Gideon S. Ives, Grand Commander, and Grand Lodge of Masons.

Will form in front of the Masonic Temple on Superior street.

For the afternoon of the Fourth almost any number of amusements are billed. The chief interest will doubtless center around the horse races at the Driving park. There will be three of these, one for the 3-minute class, one for the 2:30 class and one free-for-all. The following horses have been entered:

Three-minute class trot or pace, $200 purse—
Lady Vilante, William Braden, Anoka, Minn.
Major Bell, William Randall, Duluth.
Lucy P, A. H. Powers, Hibbing.
Allston L, J. McKay, Duluth.
Rix, George Philips, Duluth.

2:30 trot or pace, $200 purse—
Albert H, A. H. Powers, Hibbing.
Doc, 2:29¼, G. W. Davis, Duluth.
Carrie Eton, 2:29¼, John Jenswold, Duluth.
Kowoskaci, 2:41½, A. Meisner, St. Paul.
Argonon, 2:30, D. P. Maitland, Jackson, Minn.
Billy M, 2:24¼, J. A. Wilds, West Superior.
Bonnie Lubons, 2:34¼, George Philips, Duluth.

Free-for-all trot or pace, $250 purse—
Anate, 2:17½, M. D. Wilson, Minneapolis.
Redsrath, 2:13, C. Turnbull, Minneapolis.
Pinta, 2:13¼, A. Montbrian, St. Paul.

The Herald newsies will fill up the breaks with contests. This feature promises to be very amusing as about twenty of the youngsters will take part.

A great many of the visitors came into the city today and will visit Pawnee Bill's Wild West tonight. All of the Fourth of July fireworks are ready for the match and the minute that the small boy sets off the first cannon cracker tomorrow morning at 3:15 o'clock, it is the duty of every man, woman and child, as natural born inhabitants of the United States to let loose and "whoop 'er up." The eagle is all ready to scream. Give him a pinch and start him off.

Dancing tonight at Oatka.

A NICE PICNIC PARTY TO Oatka Beach,
Park Point; then spend balance of afternoon dancing. First class orchestra. Dancing afternoon and evening. You can witness the fireworks from the Lake Beach to better advantage than any place in the city

SUPPLY LOW.

Is Coal Trust Keeping It So to Maintain Price?

The expected rise in the price of coal which took place on the first of the month has brought about a condition of the coal market to which local buyers feel that it is hard to adapt themselves so early in the season. There are comparatively few people who have laid in their stock of anthracite coal for next winter and those that are not ready to buy are feeling pretty nervous over the prospect of still further increases at the beginning of the months of August and September.

There have been various reasons advanced as to the cause of the advanced price of anthracite coal in the early summer season, something that the coal buying public hardly expects. One theory advanced by the coal men has been that the coal companies must advance prices to keep them on an equality with those in the Twin Cities. They have said that the heavy demand for hard coal east of Buffalo has caused the market to go up. The local coal companies sent out notices to the trade, on July 1, giving the price of coal in the fall with the notice of a discount now equal to the price, less the advances that are being made each month.

It is claimed that the lack of anthracite coal at the head of the lakes is due to a determination on the part of the coal trust to limit the supply here and keep the price up. Hard coal stocks here are smaller than ever before at the beginning of the summer season. Coal is being shipped out of the city now almost as fast as it comes up the lake, in some cases the demand is greater than the supply. This demand for shipment is for commercial coal, all of the companies leaving their coal on the dock for the present. Shipments are being made to points in Iowa, Nebraska, and the Dakotas. The railroad companies are said to have a little trouble in getting enough cars to handle the coal business, and in some cases extra crews have been put to handle the coal traffic. The local demand is light.

You can enjoy yourself at Oatka this evening.

Piano Recital.

Miss Eva Willcuts, pianist, assisted by Miss Virginia Willcuts, cellist, made her debut before the music loving public at Masonic hall last evening, and the audience left delighted with the talent displayed by the young woman. Seven numbers were rendered, the piano solo Mozart's "Fantasie No. 9," being the feature. The duo, "Polonaise," from Chopin, was exquisitely rendered while the 'cello solo "Romanz" from Gutterman was beautifully played. Te musical, under the direction of Mrs. Schmied showed the great ability of the promising young pianists.

Dance, July 4, evening, at Oatka.

Beatrice Gold Mining Co.

This company is a Duluth corporation, composed entirely of Duluth people, who have invested their money in the stock after a most thorough investigation of its merits. That the second series soon to be placed on the market (see advertisement in this paper) will undoubtedly have a quick sale, the property was purchased after a very rigid examination, and the first series was eagerly sought by careful investors.

Now that the company have taken possession of the property and will have their mill in actual operation within a few weeks, there is no reason why Duluth should not grasp the opportunity to take more of so good a thing.

Being a Duluth corporation, managed by some of the best and most conservative of our citizens, a natural pride should be taken in the enterprise, and everything done to help make it a grand success. The company have the utmost confidence in the merit of their property, and recommend it on its real worth. None of the managers are speculators in any sense, and there is nothing of a stock-jobbing nature about the Beatrice Gold Mining company. We anticipate a rush for the stock as soon as prices are announced. Better get your names in for a block at once before the rush begins.

"The Black Flag" Tonight, 6th Ave. Theater

Attention, School Children.

School children should all assemble at the High School at 9:30 sharp tomorrow morning. Being unable to secure extra cars for the children from West Duluth and Lester Park, they are requested to start early so as to be able to arrive on time.

All children are requested to report to Mr. Alletzhaeuser at the High School. The committee has appropriated $25 for prizes for the school children.

Dance, July 4, evening, at Oatka.

Pike Lake.

Fish dinner tomorrow at the Park hotel at 12:30 and 6.
F. E. FLEISCHMAN, Prop.

$5.75 Round Trip

St. Paul and Minneapolis, via Eastern Minnesota railway—the shortest and quickest line to the Twin Cities. On sale July 3 and 4, good returning until and on July 6. The limited leaves 1:25 p. m., arrives Minneapolis 6:00 p. m., St. Paul 6:25, night train 11:10. Tickets at City office, cor. Spalding Hotel, or Union depot.

ANOTHER EPISODE

More Trouble Arises Out of Lerch Barn Removal.

Over a Dozen Liens Have Been Filed By Workingmen.

They Also Cover the Lot on Which It Stands.

The latest development in the Lerch barn matter consists of the filing of a dozen liens by workingmen who helped move the barn and who claim that they have not been paid for their work. The liens cover not only the barn, but the two lots at the corner of First street and Fourth avenue west, on which the two sections of the barn are now located. The barn is only there temporarily, and the lots are not the property of Mr. Lerch, but they are included in the lien just the same.

One corner of one of the sections of the barn overhangs the street considerably, but the street is not included in the lien, though on the same theory that includes the lots it might possibly have been.

The suits have not yet been filed in district court, but twelve liens were filed this morning by workmen who claim from $4.50 to $29.20 as their dues for work on the moving and who seek to have the barn and lots sold to satisfy their claims.

The lots are owned by W. O. Winston, and the only connection he is said to have with the matter is that his lots are being used for a temporary stopping place for the barn on its way to the place on Second street, where Mr. Lerch hopes to have his stables located in the future.

The names of the men who have filed claims, and the amounts they seek to recover are as follows: Jacob Smith, $4.50; James McDonald, $29.20; David Beck, $12.70; Thomas Curtin, $11.60; William Sommers, $12.70; Edward Rillie, $12.70; Sidney Rose, $11.60; Michael Lee, $9.30; Robert McGee, $12.60; Peter Johnson, $13.70; William W. Johnston, $6; Hedley Linkletter, $12.60. The total amount of the claims is $149.20.

Baldwin & Baldwin are the attorneys for the men. The attempt to include the lots in the lien for labor in moving the bar arises an interesting point in this eventful and historic barn moving. It will probably be warmly contested and it may involve an interesting legal controversy.

Rain or shine we dance at Oatka.

WILL BE SENT BACK.

Victor Johanson Must Return to Finland.

Victor Johanson, the Eveleth miner who was brought down Monday to be examined for insanity, was definitely determined to be insane yesterday. The question of what should be done with him then came up. Johanson is a Finn, and had been in this country but a month when he went insane. Being a non-resident the probate court had no authority to send him to a state hospital for the insane without the express order of the state board of charities and corrections. This was sent for, and this morning word was received from State Agent Cates to send him on to the asylum at Fergus Falls. This was done, on the ground that his condition prohibits his being deported just at present. As soon as he recovers sufficiently, however, he will be sent back to Finland.

Lester Park.

Two orchestras. Two elegant dancing floors. Afternoon and evening, July 4.

Suspicion Fell on Him.

John Duffy, night clerk at the Central house, a hotel on lower Lake avenue, was arrested yesterday and arraigned in municipal court on the charge of stealing $30 from John McNulty, a guest of the hotel. He pleaded not guilty and will have his examination on July 5. McNulty claims that he and his brother William engaged a room at the hotel on Monday evening and were assigned one without a lock, and that the next morning he was short just $30. As Duffy was absent the next morning suspicion fell on him. Duffy's bail was fixed at $250, in default of which he was committed.

Sam Kassmir was yesterday acquitted of the charge of assaulting P. A. LaCase. A few days ago Kassmir had LaCasse arrested and he was fined for assaulting Kassmir. The last suit was brought for the purpose of getting back at Kassmir.

Come to Duluth.

A. K. Squier, who in the past has been connected with Marshall Field & Co., of Chicago, as manager of their boys' clothing department, has arrived in the city with his wife. Mr. Squier will take charge of the same department at the Great Eastern, and says that he finds the stock much larger and more complete than he expected. Mr. and Mrs. Squier will make their home in this city.

Dancing, afternoon and evening, Oatka, July 4.

Eight Trains to Buffalo

From Chicago daily, via Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway, including two new ones just placed in service, leaving Chicago 8:00 and 8:30 p. m., and reaching Buffalo the next morning at 6:50 and 10:30 respectively. New Pittsburg service-through sleeper from Chicago at 10:35 p. m., reaching Pittsburg 11:15 the next morning. Low rate Pan-American and Tourist tickets now on sale. Send 4 cents in stamps for interesting printed matter. W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., St. Paul, Minn. F. M. Byron, G. W. A., Chicago.

PINE CITY, $2.00; STURGEON LAKE, $1.50.

Saturdays and Sundays the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets as follows:

Sturgeon Lake and return	$1.50
Pine City and return	2.00

Good returning Mondays following date of sale. For tickets call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or at Union depot.

MORRIS IS SURPRISED

By War Department's Action on Proposed Aerial Bridge.

Advises That License Be Obtained From the Department.

Work Can Then Proceed and Congress Will Approve.

Tacoma, July 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Congressman Morris, who is here with the rivers and harbors committee, expressed some surprise this morning to learn the war department had rejected Duluth's application for the right to construct the proposed aerial bridge across the ship canal. He said the reply from the department had probably been in reference to his telegram, urging a reply, as Duluth was anxious to get the work started.

"An act of congress is not necessary," said Judge Morris," for permission to construct a bridge across navigable water lying within one state, but the matter of having a portion of the proposed bridge occupy lands owned by the government had not before presented itself to me, and puts a slightly different phase on the proposition. I should suggest that Duluth arrange to secure a license from the department to use as much of the government lands as may be necessary in carrying out the proposed plan and then go ahead with the work, trusting to congress to pass the necessary act. There will be no question about congress giving the matter favorable consideration."

TALE OF WOE.

William Gerth Wants His Saloon Rights Protected.

William Gerth, who has a license from the county board to sell liquor in the ne¼ of the ne¼ of section 28-58-20, on Longyear lake, near the new townsite of Chisholm, has sent to the board a plaintive communication complaining of the competition of blind pigs in that vicinity.

He says in his letter that since May 25 there have been sixteen blind pigs in operation at Chisholm, within five minutes' walk of his place of business, and the competition is so strong that he is barely able to earn a living there. He asks the board, as the recipient of $500 he paid for his license, to "protect him in his rights." He does not suggest just what should be done, but merely intimates that he is not getting a square deal, and asks that something be done.

As a further reason why he should be assisted, he cites the fact that after he had applied for a license he was fined for running a saloon without one, though when his license came it was dated prior to the time when he was arrested.

Feed wrinkling, flabby, loose, creased skin with Satin-Skin Cream tissue-building skin food. 25c.

From Sleepy Eye.

C. L. Rakowsky, of the county auditor's office, has returned from Sleepy Eye, Minn., where he went as a delegate to the annual convention of the Young People's association of the Minnesota branch of the Evangelical Association of America, a German religious organization. Mr. Rakowsky, who was the only Duluth delegate, reports a very pleasant convention. Rev. L. S. Stapf, of this city, was re-elected president of the association, this making his second term in that office.

According to Mr. Rakowsky, crops in the Sleepy Eye section, and in fact in all parts of the state where he traveled, are in beautiful condition. Wheat in the Sleepy Eye country is expected to go fully twenty bushels to the acre.

Cuts and bruises are healed by Chamberlain's Pain Balm in about one-third th time any other treatment would require because of its antiseptic qualities which cause the parts to heal without maturation. For sale by Boyce's Drug store.

Dancing tonight at Oatka.

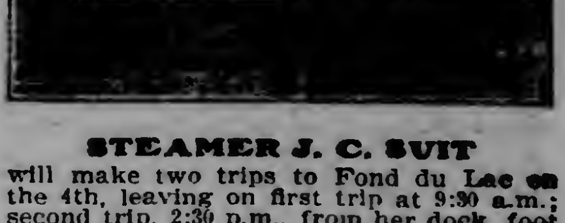
Detroit and Return $14.00.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company. One night by rail and a delightful twenty-four-hour ride on one of the finest passenger steamers on the great lakes. Tickets on sale July 5 and 7 and can be made good for return until Sept. 1. For sleeping car and stateroom reservation address
M. ADSON,
General Agent D., S. S. & A. Ry.,
Duluth, Minn.

$5.75 Fourth of July

ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS.

July 3 and 4, Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short line, three trains daily) will sell tickets to St. Paul and Minneapolis and return for $5.75. Good returning up to and including July 5. For tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot or Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.



STEAMER J. C. SUIT

will make two trips to Fond du Lac on the 4th, leaving on first trip at 9:30 a.m.; second trip, 2:30 p.m., from her dock, foot Fifth avenue.

Get your Fourth of July ....Fruit at O'Leary's.

A select lot of strawberries, raspberries, blueberries, plums, watermelons, pineapples, etc.

17 EAST STPERIOR STREET. P. O'LEARY & CO.

THE HOUR OF BATTLE

Manifesto Issued By the Labor Party of Belgium.

Would Teach the Government the Power of Socialism.

Socialistic Demonstrations Wanted at Opening of Parliament.

Brussels, July 3.—The general council of the labor party has issued a manifesto to the public, maintaining that the government has forgotten the lessons of the past, saying it appears to be unaware of the power of socialism and adding that if the government refuses to listen to the people, the latter, conscious of the legitimacy of the rights and the justice of their cause, will fight for universal suffrage and secure it. "The hour has arrived for battle," says the manifesto, which appeals to all socialists to organize demonstrations coincident with the reassembling of parliament and concludes with saying that if pacific means fail the working people will not shrink from a revolution.

PRIVATE BANK

At Mansfield O. Has Closed Its Doors.

Mansfield, Ohio, July 3.—Sturges' bank, a private institution, closed its doors today, following the filing of a deed of assignment of Banker Sturges to Attorney Dirlam. Sturges owned lumber works, real estate and a controlling interest in the Mansfield machine works, the latter capitalized at $300,000.

This afternoon A. Peck was appointed receiver for the Mansfield machine works.

Sturges was a close friend of the late John Sherman.

July 4, dance, afternoon, at Oatka.

WILL ASSIST WORKMEN.

Advisory Board Amalgamated Association to Meet.

Pittsburg, July 3.—The advisory board of the Amalgamated association has been called to meet at national headquarters on Saturday, at which time action likely will be taken that will assist the striking workmen to win. This board is composed of President T. J. Shaffer, Secretary John Williams, Assistant Secretary M. F. Tighe, Business Manager Benjamin I. Davis, of the Amalgamated journal and the trustees, John Pierce, John H. Morgan and Elias Jenkins. None of the members of the board will make any prediction as to what will be done at this meeting, but from the sentiments expressed by some of them there will be no compromise.

Everybody that is anybody go to Oatka dance this evening.

TO RETURN.

Machinists at Trenton, N. J., to Resume Work.

Trenton, N. J., July 3.—The striking machinists today practically decided to call off the strike in this city, the American Bridge company acceding to the men's demands and the McKenzie Machine works granting the men a 9-hour day. The Bridge company men accepted all the propositions and they are to resume work the first of next week.

BOUGHT FOURS AND THREES.

Washington, July 3.—The secretary of the treasury purchased $80,500 short-term 4 per cent bonds at $112:9454 and $31,000 3s at $108:9857.

HAPPENED NOT.

Guayaquil, Ecuador, July 3.—The report of a fight between American superintendents and West Indian and other laborers on the railroad line here, involving numerous fatalities, is untrue. Nothing of the kind has happened.

NEW ISSUE OF SHARES.

London, July 3.—A meeting of the Vickers, Sons & Maxim, Ltd., shareholders at Sheffield today, agreed to the proposal of a new issue of £1,000,000 in ordinary shares. No mention was made of any American deals.

MORE JOIN STRIKERS.

St. Louis, July 3.—Later, the total number of strikers was increased to 1805 men. Clerks to the number of 300, who went out in sympathy with the freight handlers, were included in this total. Deputy marshals are guarding the Vandalia because the property is in the hands of the courts. No violence has been reported in any quarter, but extra policemen are being held in reserve at the station.

Increases human energy, makes soldiers of weak men. The world has little pity for a man who having lost his grip does not regain it by taking Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. Ask your druggist.

SAMUEL MOFFAT DEAD.

Hudson, N. Y., June 3.—Samuel Moffat, oldest brother of David Moffat, of Denver, is dead at Goshen. In 1857, he established the Bank of Nebraska, said to be the second one west of the Missouri river. He made the journey to Nebraska on horseback, carrying $50,000 in gold. He retired from active business in 1878.

Independence day dance at Oatka.

PERSONALS.

Miss Emily Yahnke, of Chicago, is here on a two months' visit with her sister, Mrs. J. K. Richter.

Mrs. George W. Buck and son, Fred, left this morning for Deerwood, where they will spend the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. James Bale, of Ely, are in the city. They are here to participate in Duluth's celebration of the nation's birthday.

M. O. Auboice and J. E. Donahue, of Two Harbors, are in Duluth on business.

L. N. Scott, the theatrical manager of St. Paul, is in Duluth today on business.

Miss Bessie Gilbert, of Ashland, is visiting in the city.

J. C. Nethaway and son, of Stillwater, are in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. John Redy, of Ashland, Wis., are in the city and will remain until after the Fourth.

Henry Clark, of Two Harbors, is in the city this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Trezona and daughter, of Ely, are in the city to remain until after the Fourth.

Governor W. L. Yates, of Illinois, and a small party, arrived in the city last night by boat, and left almost immediately for St. Paul.

George Hare, of Hibbing, was in the city last night. He returned home this morning.

George Nelson, of Two Harbors, was in the city this morning.

Dr. Mitchell left for a few days' visit in the southern part of the state.

Dr. and Mrs. Carson returned today from their wedding trip.

F. I. Whitney, of St. Paul, general passenger and ticket agent of the Great Northern, was in the city a few hours last night. He left by boat for Sault Ste. Marie and other points on the lake.

John W. Gay, of New York, excursion manager for Raymond & Whitcomb, is in the city.

W. C. McClure and Miss Clara McClure, of Saginaw, Mich., are in the city, and are at the Spalding. They will remain in Duluth several days.

T. S. Fassett, a lumberman of Buffalo, is in the city on business.

Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Keyes, of Cloquet, are spending the day in Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Edwards, of St. Paul, are visiting among their Duluth friends.

J. R. Phelan, of Alliance, Neb., accompanied by J. B. Phelan, Edith and Cara Phelan, of Alliance, and Agnes and Clyde Barker, of Chicago, arrived in Duluth last night. J. R. Phelan is superintendent of the Wyoming division of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, with headquarters at Alliance. The party has been enjoying the scenic attractions and points of interest around the city today. They leave tonight for Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Wunde, of Two Harbors, are Duluth visitors today.

Miss Rose L. Ley, of St. Cloud, is in the city.

J. A. Wood, of Milwaukee, arrived in the city this morning from Port Arthur, where he has been for a month inspecting mining properties. He will leave for home this evening.

S. R. Lavigue expects to leave Saturday for Detroit. He will be absent from Duluth for a month.

Appeals to the reason of thinking people. The world is weary of substitution, therefore see that you get Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Asy your druggist.

Attention Red Men!

All members of the Improved order of Red Men are requested to assemble at Elk's hall, 4th of July morning at 9 o'clock sharp to take part in the grand parade.

WEARE HERE.

Telling Board of Trade Why He Declined Arbitration.

This afternoon the board of directors of the Duluth board of trade are in session hearing the statement of the Weare Commission company as to why it will not submit the matter of the settlement of the claim which McCarthy Bros. & Co. have against the company to the arbitration committee of the board.

Some time ago Mr. McCarthy suggested that the matter be submitted to the committee, but the Weare company declined to do so. Then the matter was carried to the board of directors, and should the board decide the reasons of the company to be insufficient, it can, in the event of persistence in this determination, expel the Weare Commission company from membership in the board.

P. B. Weare, head of the company, is in the city today for the purpose of appearing before the board. The Weare company has taken the position that the deals made by McCarthy Bros. & Co. were gambling deals and were made with George Rupley and not with the company.

Members of the board, in speaking of the matter, have said that if a deal made upon margins is a gambling deal and cannot be enforced, there is not a firm on the board that could not make the same plea with respect to a large part of its business.

There is much interest among members of the board over the outcome of the proceedings, and to know whether, if the board decides that the company submit to arbitration of the matter, it will do so.

YOUNG MAN DIES.

David Peterson Dies From Effect of Accident.

David Peterson, the young man who was run over in the railroad yards at Tenth avenue west yesterday morning, died at St. Mary's hospital at 10 o'clock this morning. He had both legs crushed in the accident and amputation of those members were made yesterday afternoon. The shock was, however, too much for him and he did not survive. The remains have been taken to Nelson's undertaking rooms and the funeral arrangements will be announced later. He lived with his mother and younger brother on Eighteenth avenue west.

Elects a Captain.

Company A held a meeting last evening and P. J. Hagenson was the unanimous choice for captain. There were forty-five members of the company present. Capt. Hagenson has been connected with Company A for a number of years and last fall held the office of first lieutenant, which position he resigned on account of ill-health. Capt. Hagenson is said to be a good drill master and is popular with the men in the company. He will have command of the company in the parade tomorrow.

MANIAC AT LARGE

John Burgie Starts Reign of Terror On Bon Ami.

Gets a Knife and Goes After the Cook of the Boat.

Chases Him Over the Boat ---Overpowered By the Crew.

A rather exciting event that might have resulted in a tragedy, took place on the last trip of the Bon Ami, of the White Line Transportation company, which arrived in port this morning. The boat had no sooner tied up at the dock than a telephone message was sent to police headquarers and Detective Troyer went down to the boat and took in charge John Burgie, the second cook, a young man of about 24 years of age, who had become crazed with liquor and terrorized the boat crew for a time until overpowered. Burgie is said to have had trouble with the cook and, becoming maddened, seized a large butcher knife and chased the cook over the boat threatening to kill that individual when he was caught. The cook did not wait for his assistant to make good his word, but sprinted through the hold and over decks with all the speed that he could muster. The crew seeing the danger, attempted to stop Burgie, but for a time he stood them off with a threat to stick the big knife into the first man that interfered. By main strength he was finally overpowered, and while he did not injure any of the crew. He was badly cut up in one hand himself by the blade of the knife that he was carrying. His thumb was nearly severed and a number of deep cuts were made across the back of the hand.

After his arrival at headquarters, Dr. Graham dressed his wounds, which required a number of stitches. After sobering up Burgie was in an uncommunicative mood, the only thing appearing to interest him being the outcome of his alleged escapade.

Capt. Singer said this morning that he would make a complaint and the case will come up before United States Commissioner Pressnell. In the meantime Burgie is being held at police headquarters until the matter is taken in hand by the United States authorities. Assaults of that nature happening on the waters do not come within the jurisdiction of the municipal or county courts. It is understood that Capt. Singer will make complaint of assault.

Patent Coffee Pot.

C. O. Nelson has received a patent in this country and Canada and has applied for it in foreign countries on an improved coffee and tea boiler. It is a clever arrangement for increasing the ease with which the coffee may be measured into the pot and later the water. Mr. Nelson expects to undertake the manufacture of the pots himself.

Oatka, this evening, dance.

TONIGHT! 6th Avenue Theater. "The Black Flag."

CHALLENGER

For Canada's Cup to Be Chosen By Trial Races.

Toronto, July 3.—The trial races to determine the challenger for the Canada's cup, captured by Genesee in 1899 and now at Chicago, will be sailed at 2 o'clock over a course eighteen miles off Toronto, on Lake Ontario. The boats entered are Invader, Canadian and Beaver. Canadian was built at Hamilton from the design of Father O'Brien, of Newfoundland; Invader was built from designs by Sibbick, and Beaver is a former cup defender. Invader is the favorite.

The three yachts have left for the starting buoy. At 1:45 a light northwest wind prevailed, shifting to easterly. It is not likely to give a very good test of speed.

DRIVEN FROM HOME.

Fergus Falls Girl Jilted By Her Fiance.

Chicago, July 3.—Driven from her home in Fergus Falls, Minn., by grief over the marriage of her fiance to another woman, Miss Carrie Hennigsen, 20 years old, is thought to be hiding in Chicago. Mrs. Christine Hennigsen arrived in Chicago yesterday bearing letters from the governor of Minnesota and both senators to Senator Mason and Mayor Harrison. The letters requested that every effort be made by the Chicago police to find the missing girl.

Mrs. Hennigsen is 60 years old and the wife of Charles Hennigsen, a wealthy mill owner. Mrs. Hennigsen told Capt. Colleran that her daughter had mysteriously disappeared from her home in Fergus Falls a year ago after her sweetheart had married another woman. She would not give the young man's name, but she said he was a business man and from a well known family in Minnesota.

July 4, dance, afternoon, at Oatka.

THE HOTTEST PLACE

In the United States Is Kansas.

Kansas City, July 3.—Kansas today was the hottest place in the United States. Leavenworth and Hutchinson each reported 104 degrees in the shade at 1 p. m; Fort Scott reported 103; Arkansas City 96, and Lawrence 96. Central Kansas is experiencing a near approach to the hot winds.

Cleveland, July 3.—The rainfall was very slight, but it caused improved conditions. Two deaths and two prostrations have been reported today from heat.

Oatka, this evening, dance.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelley's hat hospital for sick hats.

If you smoke a "Tom Reed" you smoke the best cigar on the market.

If it rains on the 4th Lester Park is the place. If it does not rain Lester Park expects the biggest day in its history.

The marriage of Miss Alice Helen Morrison and William P. Harvey took place yesterday at the cathedral residence, Rev. James Hogan officiating. The bride was becomingly dressed in a tan and brown traveling suit and hat to match. After the ceremony supper was served at the home of the bride, the St. James hotel. Mr. and Mrs. Harvey will be at home after July 15 at Munger terrace.

Justino Carino has been granted a permit for a frame fruit stand to cost $100 to be erected on the north side of Michigan street, between Seventh and Eighth avenues west.

Up to date there has been reported at the city health office for the month of June, 51 deaths and 73 births. The reports for the month of June will not be made out until July 15, at which date the physicians must have filed all certificates of deaths during the month. The date for the filing of birth notices is July 5.

Births were reported at the health office this morning of a boy to Mr. and Mrs. John W. Bahr, of 705 West Superior street, on June 19, and a girl to Mr. and Mrs. John C. Hager, of 202 Exeter street, on June 27.

In municipal court this morning, Charles McGuire plead not guilty to the charge of vagrancy and his examination was set for this afternoon. Daniel Leach, Lawrence Higgins, Thomas Desmon and Swan Erickson all admitted that they had lingered too long at the flowing bowl and were given the alternative of paying the city $12 each or spending 10 days in the county jail.

The ladies of the Lester Park Episcopal chuch will serve refreshments all day tomorrow on the rustic bridge at Lester Park.

About 10 a.m. take a drink of Weiss beer.

At a regular meeting of the board of directors of the Minnesota Abrasive company, Henry A. Smith was elected to succeed Alfred Macallum as secretary of the company.

The city ticket offices have been busy all day, and have been sending people out on every train. An unusually large number of people are taking advantage of the Fourth of July rates to visit St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Frank Brown and Max Hagenback, of St. Paul, are in the city, on their way down the lakes to the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo. Mr. Brown is the son of Mrs. L. W. Hayden, of the United States land office.

Great credit is due William Shepard, the Great Eastern window trimmer, for the artistic and beautiful window in Burrows. It is a Fourth of July design and the figures are got together with great skill. The window for the Fourth is one of the best in the city.

Two plaster figures over the entrance to Panton & White's are attracting great attention among the visitors to Duluth. The figures are of a soldier and sailor, in height about seven or eight feet, and surrounded with the Stars and Stripes, make one of the most beautiful displays ever seen in Duluth.

As Pawnee Bill's parade was passing The Herald office this morning, an aged lady named Curtis, residing at 523 West Third street, had a fainting spell. Mrs. Curtis was seated on the steps of the building when the sickness came upon her. She was soon revived, although there were many of the spectators who feared at first that she had received the last summons.

Two suits to foreclose mortgages were begun in district court this morning against Miah T. Hulett and others. A. C. Hulett seeks to foreclose a mortgage on a half interest in lands in section 5-48-15, for $7241.90, and L. P. Hulett seeks to foreclose a mortgage for $7220.97 on lots 277 and 279, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth, and lots 117 and 106, Seventh street, Fond du Lac. Alford & Hunt are the attorneys.

The forfeited tax sale continued this morning, and at noon an adjournment was taken to Friday morning. It is expected that that day's selling will wind up the sale.

The register of deeds has filed a report with the board of county commissioners showing earnings of $696.50 in the office during June.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Ralph Green and Kennith Morden, Albert Nelson and Annie Erickson, Mike Isaacson and Hanna Knuuttila; Joseph C. Gutmann and Agnes Amalia Harrie, and to Medile Lafiame and Bertha Arhuse.

The Soper Lumber company of Chicago, has discontinued its office at West Superior, and has disposed of its logs and stumpage on the Wisconsin side. The company is having 3,000,000 feet of logs sawed at the St. Louis mill at West Duluth.

The reading rooms and the circulating departments of the public library will be closed all day tomorrow on account of the Fourth of July.

The badges for the Fourth of July committee were received at the mayor's office this morning. The design is very neat, the badge consisting of an inscribed button pinned on a small flag.

Mayor Hugo requested this afternoon that all those persons who have been invited to ride in carriages during the parade tomorrow will meet at the city hall promptly at 9:45 o'clock.

The following deaths were recorded at the health office this afternoon: Mrs. Agnes Duff, aged 30 years, of Knife River. Death occurred June 30 at St. Mary's hospital. Goldie Martel, aged 16 years, of Iron River, Wis., whose death took place at St. Mary's hospital June 29.

The city ticket offices of all the railroads doing business in this city will close tomorrow at 10 a. m.

WETMORE'S GELATINE.
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers

DECORATED NURSES.

Queen Alexandra Performs a Pleasing Task.

London, July 3.—Queen Alexandra, in company with the king and Princesses Louise and Beatrice, this afternoon received 770 Victoria jubilee nurses on the lawn of Marlborough house and distributed decorations to the. Many of the nurses have just returned from South Africa and others have been engaged in city outdoor relief work. Her majesty said:

"It is a pleasure to receive you and help you to carry on the noble work begun by our deeply beloved Queen Victoria. It is a satisfaction to be associated with you in your labor of love. I cannot imagine a more holy calling than yours. I pray that God's blessing may be bestowed on your noble work and that He will have you in His keeping."

"OPEN" AT DENVER.

Judge Palmer Refuses to Dissolve Injunction.

Denver, July 3.—Judge Palmer today, in the district court, refused to dissolve the injunctions against raiding Sunday saloons the issuance of which recently caused the summoning of two ministers and others for contempt, for alleged criticism of the court's action. An appeal will be taken.

BASEBALL CHANGES.

Detroit, July 3.—The Journal says Capt. Casey and Pitchers Frisk and Owen, of the Detroit American league team have been released. Crockett, second baseman of the Wilmington team, has been secured and will take Casey's place at third.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Attention Delegates to Trades Assembly!

You are requested to meet at the Kalamazoo block at 8:30 tomorrow morning to participate in the parade.

COMMITTEE.

MINISTERS HECKLED

The House of Commons Sharply Criticises Officers of Cabinet.

Mediterranean Fleet Especially Condemned By the Members.

In Case of War, Admiralty Would Break Down.

London, July 3.—During the debate today in the house of commons on naval estimates, the cabinet ministers were heckled on all sides regarding the condition of the navy. It was asserted that the British Mediterranean fleet was specially inadequate to meet the French and Russian squadrons, saying that it was undermanned and unequipped, especially with modern guns; that it lacked colliers, and that the coal depots were all exposed to an enemy's fire. The members generally predicted that in case of war the admiralty would break down as completely as the war office did.

P. O. Arnold-Forster, secretary to the admiralty, in replying, referred to the great demand on the admiralty for services in South Africa and China, and premised to strengthen the Mediterranean fleet when new battleships were available and to add to the fleet, cruisers and torpedo boats.

ENJOY FOURTH OF JULY
By taking your family picnicing to
OATKA BEACH,
Park Point. Dancing afternoon and evening. First-class Orchestra.
You can witness the fireworks from the Lake Beach better than from any place in the city.

CONVICTED.

Minneapolis Officer Who Warned Gamblers of a Raid.

Minneapolis, July 3.—Ex-Alderman Burke O'Brien, the member of the municipal court police detail, who was charged with having attempted to warn C. L. Loomis that his gambling house at 113 Washington avenue was to be raided by deputy sheriffs, was found guilty of contempt of court by Judge Holt yesterday and sentenced to pay a fine of $25 or go to the workhouse for 30 days. O'Brien's attorney, Freeman P. Lane, has given notice of an appeal.

Clerk Allen testified that he took the warrants into Capt. Fitchette's quarters and asked to have them served. Court Officer Dudley to whom they were entrusted seemed unwilling to serve the warrants without orders from Capt. Fitchette. After vainly trying to get the captain by telephone, Dudley put on his coat, preparatory to serving the warrants, but Allen asked to have the paper returned.

This Dudley refused to do until on complaint of Mr. Allen he was ordered by Judge Holt to return them. Mr. Allen then returned to his office and he directed his assitant P. S. Neilson to go to Loomis' place and see that the gamblers were not warned. The warrants were then given to Deputy Sheriffs Anderson and Wall, who hurried to Loomis'.

Clerk Neilson testified that he had been in front of the gambling place only a few minutes when he saw O'Brien run up the stairs.

Deputy Sheriff Anderson described what occurred outside the door of Loomis' place. O'Brien was talking to someone through the "peep-hole" when he arrived and seemed much embarrassed when he saw the sheriffs.

"I guess we can't get in boys," he said.

"No," replied Anderson, "not after you have been talking to them."

Deputy John Wall also testified that he saw O'Brien at the "peep-hole" and that he heard O'Brien say:

"Open the door, I want to get in. You'd better get out of here quick."

A number of the employes at Loomis' place were also called. They were all affected with bad memories both as to time and faces. They all agreed that someone, possibly O'Brien, had asked for admittance.

Judge Holt was compelled to threaten one of the witnesses in order to get him to reply definitely to any of the questions put to him.

INGENUITY OF THIEVES.

Thieves are very ingenious at times, remarked an old police officer, to the New Orleans Times-Democrat, "and they resort to many curious ways of covering up their tracks and of throwing the police off, if possible. There is a story on one of Pinkerton's men that has become celebrated. He had been shadowing a fellow who was believed to have had some connection with a big diamond robbery, and had got on the train with him some distance out from Chicago. The thief was evidently watching the detective, and, having the goods on him, he knew he was in close quarters. At one point the railroad track cut across a small arm of Lake Michigan at that time. The thief raised the window while crossing this arm and dropped a bundle out into the lake. The detective arrested him, but could get nothing out of him. He was finally released. Several years after that the same fellow was landed for plying his trade in the South, and when he found that the jig was up with him for good, he recalled the incident on the train and said that he dumped over $100,000 worth of diamonds in Lake Michigan while one of Pinkerton men was looking at him. But the slickest move ever made by diamond thieves in the South happened probably twenty years ago. A big jewelry establishment had been robbed of about $75,000 worth of diamonds. The band of thieves had been working up and down the river, and they left the scene of the robbery and invaded another large city, where a 'fence man' generally took charge of their booty. The fence man was on pretty good terms with the police, as he had turned up several bad men, and they believed he was trying to get back to a straight life. He walked into the police station one evening, and asked the desk sergeant to take care of a small bundle for him, and asked him to place it in the safe as it had valuable papers in it. After a week's time he called for it and got it. Some time after that, when one of the diamond thieves had been caught, the story leaked out. He accused the fence man of playing double, and informed the police that the package which had remained in the safe at police headquarters for a week contained $75,000 worth of diamonds, and that they had been left there in order to give the thieves time to agree upon an equitable division of the booty among themselves."

The Herald's "want" columns continue to grow in volume and in usefulness. This is conclusive evidence where to obtain the best results.

Buy your Fourth of July Reading Matter and Cigars at
LUNDBERG & STONE'S,
223 WEST SUPERIOR ST.,
FIREWORKS on Sale NEXT DOOR.

A HOLD-UP

Stage Travel on Yellowstone Was No Joke In Early Days.

How One Conveyance Was Held and Its Sequel.

Stage travel on the Yellowstone was no joke in the fall of 1879.

The road which led from Bismarck out over the prairies and found its way to the military posts and embryonic towns along the Yellowstone valley made sundry detours through the little known and always terrible "bad lands," and lost and found itself among the frightful shapes and somber shadows of this last resort of the hostile Sioux, the persecuted bison and the dangerous and hateful "road agent," says the New York Herald.

The route, the equipment and the men who operated it were dreary and uninteresting to the last degree and the trip devoid of every element of the picturesque and every possibility of comfort or relief from monotony and privation. It could be endured by those whose lungs could not be smothered by alkaline dust, whose stomachs could withstand the ravages of poisonous water or whisky straight, whose bones were knit together by unbreakable sinews and covered with bovine muscles and pachydermatous hide. The cattle men, soldiers, miners and railroad pioneers who occasionally made the trip usually survived it, in addition to the physical qualifications enumerated, they had also the good sense to obey with alacrity the orders of Big Nosed George as often as he found a "hold up" convenient to himself and necessary for the maintenance of his gang of associated robbers in appropriate luxury and magnificence in the town of Deadwood, which was just then at the six-shooter and dance hall stage of its progress from a mining camp toward decent and orderly existence.

Miles City had pre-empted a piece of brush covered bottom land lying near the junction of the Tongue and Yellowstone rivers, and had set up in business with its own dance hall, wherein cowboys, escaped criminals and a miscellaneous assortment of bad men from Bitter Creek ("the further up the creek the worse" the men, and some of them were "from the head spring") hobnobbed with a black bear, a dozen dusky damsels from Memphis, and old "Charlie" Brown and his "kid." Here the gambler and the bull whacker touched elbows with the cow puncher and the mule skinner in obedience to the call of "All promenade to the bar," and the idle observer was told to "treat, trade or travel," and waited for no second order.

The stumps of recently cut brush were still in the streets, every other tent was a gambling den and the dance hall was the only wooden building in town. Into this "city" there came one day a little fat old gentleman, who wrote his name in an irreproachable hand on the register of the "hotel," where Margaret Flanagan was proprietor, cook, chambermaid and dishwasher and "a decent married woman," but alone in the world because "Mike" had had a misunderstanding with the boys over the ownership of certain cows and calves.

This old gentleman brushed off the dust of the stage journey, straightened out his limbs by a walk straight to Charlie Brown's bar, where he was "joined" by all the population in sight, and otherwise conducted himself in a regular and satisfactory manner, which indicated a more or less extensive acquaintance with the ways and requirements of a frisky young "city" on the Yellowstone.

Whoever looked at the register saw written there "Isaac Katz, New York," and whoever looked at the pudgy figure and characteristic face read in them the same image and superscription, and no one of the many who speculated as to his business and vocation was at all surprised when it was announced that "Ikey" would put up a building and open a clothing store.

And so it came to pass that Broadwater, Hubbell & Co. made another contract for lumber to be cut from logs taken from the public domain, and Isaac Katz affiliated with "the boys" at many a chance game of stud poker and banked up against the faro and keno games while waiting for the building of his store, until the town woke up one day to a realization of the fact that whatever money this childlike old gentleman may have had in New York would never be needed for the purchase of a stock of clothing for a Montana town, for the number of double eagles and greenbacks in circulation in the neighborhood had very perceptibly decreased, and no one remembered seeing "Ikey" lose any.

But the time drew near for the opening of the store and one morning the prospective proprietor climbed into the Eastbound stage, promising to be back within a month with a full stock of "shents clodings." The stage road, at a certain place, makes a detour back from the river and crosses a fair level plain, six miles in extent, treeless, grass grown and arid. In the middle of this stretch of road the stage was met by three horsemen, who were dressed and mounted like the usual range riders and cattle men. They trotted up in the clear sunshine of an autumn morning and turned apparently to pass the stage, one on one side and two on the other, but instead of riding by, they wheeled alongside the stage at arm's length and, with loaded revolvers, ordered the driver to stop. One, swinging down from his saddle and flinging open the stage door, stood with his finger on the trigger, and said, in a cold, businesslike way: "Gentlemen, you understand the situation. Hold up your hands and step out. Don't offer any objections, please, for it's unpleasant to have to deal with them. Six steps back, there. There you are, three in a row and proper as your wife in church. Now, what have you to contribute to the relief of our widows and orphans? My hat here is something of a treasure box. Just step up and relieve yourselves of your ready cash." Two of the three passengers were civil engineers, who had been engaged on surveys for the Northern Pacific railroad. They had but a small amount of money with them, but one after the other they dropped what they had into the hat. The other passenger was Isaac Katz, of New York, and he laid down a heavy package of bills. A sign passed between the leader of this gang of thieves and one of his men and the hat filled with bills were deposited on the floor of the stage, and the leader pounced upon Katz like a beast of prey. His little gray eyes were filled with an eager, sinister excitement; his prominent Roman nose gave a hawklike expression to his face, and his tall form stooped over little Katz, while, with swift and skillful hands, he plundered through the pockets and under the clothing of his quarry and brought forth a buckskin belt heavy with gold. Again those eager searching fingers went over the coat and vest, and Big-Nosed George stepped back and laughed and said: "Ikey, you are as good as a bank account. Give me that coat." Ikey hesitated; but not eight feet away was the ominous muzzle of a Colt's revolver, with the bullets showing flush with the open end of its cylinder. The dark forbidding face back of it offered no hope of escape, and the coat came off and was handed over. The lining was ripped out of it and over each shoulder was found a pad of $50 and $100 bills.

The personal baggage of the passengers was quickly ransacked and scattered on the ground. The only thing taken from it was a brandy flask and a half box of cigars.

The money was stuffed into a canvas bag, and this Big-Nosed George fastened securely behind his saddle. He took a wrench from the box under the driver's seat, and with it removed a nut from the end of the axle, leaving one fore wheel free to work off. He flung the nut far away on the grassy prairie, where it would require hours of patient search to find it, then leisurely climbed into the saddle and said: "Now, gentlemen, that finishes the first part of our program. My experience with men and affairs leads me to anticipate that you may wish to express your grateful appreciation for the consideration with which you have been treated this morning. We will now hear what you have to say."

There was no response. The engineers were sick with disgust and in no mood for trifling. "Ikey" was choking with rage and the tears were running down his face.

"What! Speechless?" said Big-Nosed George. "Well, here's what will put language into a cat," and he presented the brandy flask and commanded "Ikey" to drink. Then he said: "Well, gents, I need not detain you further. I hope our next meeting will be no less agreeable all around." Then, addressing the driver: "Young fellow, I reckon you are on to your job and understand that you are to take this stage to the next station in the regular way, and not to cut loose and go horseback. If so, you are likely to enjoy good health for some time yet."

Then "Ikey" found his voice and said: "Shorge, you half taken avay my last dollar. Ven I reach Bismarck I vill be ted broke. You haf to gif me abound $30 so I can lif till I hear from New York."

George's thin lips parted in an ugly looking smile as he replied: "Hear the man. To think he could be standing up and speaking and yet so fast asleep! Ah! no, Ikey, I will have to thrash another crop of oats before I grubstake you. So long!" and the three wheeled, fired toward the sky and galloped away.

Three years passed. Miles City had put off most of her wild and woolly ways and built a church. The clothing store of Isaac Katz & Co. was well established and prosperous.

One day the sheriff of Custer county and the United States marshal for the district of Montana walked into a barber shop and arrested a man whose face was being lathered for a shave. There was no fuss nor talk in the process of this arrest. The one word "surrender" was re-enforced by deadly weapons at each side, not a foot from the face of the prisoner. If he had made a single hostile move he would have been shot six times in half as many seconds. One quick turn of the head from side to side, a flash of fighting instinct sweeping over the face, then a sudden appreciation of deadly peril and hopeless surroundings, and the nerves relax, the blood forsakes the brain, and the cold and clammy hands hold themselves out for the steel bracelets, the symbol of surrender to the law.

Out on Main street a stranger took one swift stride to the side of the prisoner, and whispered a single word in his ear, and he turned and held up his manacled hands, and said, "Law! Society! The State! 'Tis, as the air, invulnerable, and our vain blows malicious mockery.'"

During the afternoon the report spread about that Big-Nosed George had been arrested, and the stories of his horrid exploits were repeated with growing elaboration of detail. The devil of revenge was abroad in the air. Toward evening it began to be said, "Oh, never mind George, His candle['s] snuffed in time." And when the sheriff came along he was complimented on the success of his capture, and told, "Never fear his getting away." "We'll help you keep him and cook his goose."

At 9 o'clock that night there was shouting and commotion on the street, and a crowd of men led George up in front of the clothing store by a common rawhide lariat, thrown about his neck. A ranchman told the crowd of an attempted robbery in which lives were lost and he ended what he had to say by shouting, "And this man has been declared a murderer, and he shall be hung by the neck until he is dead."

Half a dozen men ran with a spring wagon, and into this George was hustled. Some one shouted, "Yea-a-a ther! Roll your freight," and the wagon was run across on to vacant ground near the Tongue river, under a cottonwood tree. The lariat was thrown over a limb and the end tied around the body of the tree. The ranchman who had denounced this man as a murderer commanded some sort of silence and attention while he said: "George Buckley, you never made peace with man. Make it now with God." And Big-Nosed George, standing with the noose about his neck, waiting for the word which would direct the crowd to wheel the wagon from beneath his feet and leave him dangling between the leafless branches above and the frozen earth beneath, cast his gaze over the mass of closely gathered faces about him, dimly seen by the yellow flickering lantern light, and answered:

How fain like Pilate would I wash my hands
Of that most grevious murder, foully done!
But who art thou that hath a holy feeling in thy soul
To counsel me to make my peace with God?
And art thou yet to thine own soul so blind
That thou wilt war with God by murdering me?

At this moment, blustering, shoving and elbowing through the crowd, came "Ikey," red faced, puffing and hoarse, and screamed, "Say, Shorge! You tresh dem oats yet?"

A roistering laugh broke forth, and Charlie Brown's big voice bawled out, "All promenade—to the bar."

ANCIENT BOOKKEEPING.

The relics of Assyrian and Babylonian records at the British museum has revealed more of the domestic life of people who lived 5000 years ago than is known in the case of our own countrymen 1000 years ago, says the London Chronicle. Such was the opinion expressed by W. St. Chad Boscawen when he explained these relics to an interested audience. The clay bricks and cylinders beneath the glass cases were covered with characters testifying to a completely organized system of justice, marriage, divorce and commerce. The bookkeeping of 5000 years ago was shown to be wonderfully accurate. A curious form of record is that preserved in the form of baked clay tablets, which were inclosed in clay envelopes, also inscribed with the terms of the transaction, so that a double record provided against the possibilities of damage. The "open and closed evidence" spoken of by Jeremiah is supposed to refer to this system. The practice of recording on a brick the name of the king, of the building, and of the city in which it was being erected has had the advantage in modern days that an odd brick may become the means of disinterring a city hitherto unknown.

Reliable Men and Women
For Domestic Service, Cooks, Housemaids, Etc., easily found through...
HERALD WANTS.

Anglo-American Copper Mining Company,

of Parry Sound (Limited).

We now offer another small series of this valuable stock at the very low price of **Twenty-five Cents per Share,** payable in five equal monthly payments of five cents each. The work at the mines is being pushed under the superintendence of Captain A. Le Duc, with a full crew of men, and the results are most flattering. New bodies of ore are being opened up; values are increasing as we gain depth, and the smelters are bidding for our ore. Owing to an accident to our smelter in the final test, a delay of several weeks will be caused. You remember, the company do not pay for the smelter until the builders have satisfied the directors it will save the values in our ores. A site at Parry Sound for the smelter has been secured, and we hope to be smelting our own ores soon.

This is one of the most promising stocks ever offered in this market, and we confidently expect a rush for this small series.

Remember this company are actual miners, not speculators.

Orders by Mail will Receive Prompt Attention.

Marcus W. Bates, Agent,

4 EXCHANGE BUILDING, DULUTH.

A NOVEL RAILWAY

Only Suspension Road In World Operated In Saxony.

Particular Attention to Regulating the Running of Cars.

The Greatest Safety Consists In an Automatic Brake.

Washington, July 3.—Consul General Cole, at Dresden, reports the only suspension railway in the world is being operated at Loschwitz, Saxony. It runs from Loschwitz, a village on the banks of the Elbe, to the top of the Rochwitz, which commands a beautiful view of the Saxon capital. The railway is only 820 feet long, with a gradient of 32 per cent, and is constructed according to the Langen system.

Thirty-three iron piers of different height, weighing about 300 tons, the highest being forty-nine feet, carry the rails upon which the cars are hung. Each car holds fifty passengers, and weighs, when occupied, twelve tons. A steel cable 1.7 inches in diameter connects the two trains and locks them firmly together. It is operated by two powerful machines of eighty horse-power each, stationed at the upper terminus of the road. The cablo has a strength of flexure of 209,437 pounds.

Particular attention and care have been given to devices to insure the safety of the passengers and to regulate the running of the cars. A most ingenious signal system, with visible and audible signals, serves to regulate the arrival and departure of the trains, and is operated from both the lower and upper stations.

Each car is provided with a danger signal apparatus, consisting of an alarm and a telephone, which enables the conductor to communicate from any point of the road with the engine house. The car is provided with three brakes, two of which work automatically, at the least slackening of the tension of the cable, and stop the car. The third brake can be operated by hand from the platform of the car.

From a hand attached to the disk upon which the cable is rolled the engineer always can determine the exact position of the cars on the road, and an automatic bell warns him if the train is running too fast. The greatest safety consists in an automatic brake, both at the lower and top station, which is put into action by the arriving car and stops it, no matter how careless the engineer may be.

Best Remedy For Stomach and Bowel Troubles.

"I have been in the drug business for twenty years and have sold most all of the proprietary medicines of any note. Among the entire list I have never found anything to equal Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for all stomach and bowel troubles," says O. W. Wakefield, of Columbus, Ga. "This remedy cured two severe cases of cholera morbus in my family, and I have recommended and sold hundreds of bottles of it to my customers to their entire satisfaction. It affords a quick and sure cure in a pleasant form. No family should be without it. I keep it in my house at all times." For sale by Boyce's Drug store.

THE DAKOTAS.

Slight Wound May Lead to North Dakotan's Death.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—A. Daily lies in a precarious condition as the result of a stabbing affray. He and Joseph Soler had been "rushing the growler" from the Moorhead side to a cheap restaurant on lower Front street. The men became involved in a scrap in which Soler stabbed Daily on the side of the nose. The injury seemed slight and little attention was paid to it till yesterday, when repeated hemorrhages weakened Daly so that he may not survive.

The first bonds ever issued by the city of Fargo have been taken up and destroyed. They were twenty-year affairs and for the purpose of erecting some bridges. Mayor Chapin, Fargo's first mayor, was the signer, and the cancelled paper will be retained as a relic of the boom days of '81.

Jamestown—District court is in session with Judge S. L. Glaspell presiding. In the case of the state vs. L. S. Brown, formerly Soo agent at Courtnay, now of Valley City, the court granted a motion for dismissal, it appearing that witnesses against Brown could not be found. He was accused of selling liquor. In the case of Phillip Pfaff of Melville, accused of killing his neighbor's cow, a dismissal was also granted, as the principal witness could not be produced.

Valley City—For several months a contagious disease has been more or less prevalent in this city, and there have probably been several hundred cases altogether. It was originally diagnosed as chickenpox, although the majority of the physicians were non-committal as to its name. Dr. Healey, state health officer, has has complaint made to him by local people and physicians of other towns regarding the condition of affairs here, and was in the city yesterday for the purpose of making an examination. He pronounces the disease smallpox, and has ordered a thorough quarantine of all cases. A pest house will he established at once and every precaution taken with the hope of stamping out the disease before cold weather sets in.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Miller—Miller boasts of a man, Henry Williams, who greatly resembles in looks Abraham Lincoln. Professor Grace, principal of the school, looks very much like President McKinley. With William Healey, of the Gazette, being taken for Mr. Bryan, the town feels pretty proud. Besides, there is a woman here who has the Susan B. Authony cast of countenance.

Webster—The Republicans of the Fifth judicial circuit met today and nominated J. H. McCoy, of Aberdeen, as their candidate for judge. There was a hot fight and a small faction bolted the convention. Beadle, Spink, Grant and Roberts counties caucussed early in the day and combined on Ingersol, of Reberts county. Beadle county was in the deal for support for Coe I. Crawford, its senatorial candidate. The McCoy forces organized with Lanson, of Aberdeen, as chairman and adopted rules that only those present should vote. Attorney J. H. McCoy, the nominee, formerly practiced in this place, but has been a resident of Aberdeen for two or three years.

Deadwood—W. G. Garver, a messenger on the mail car between this city and Edgemount, was almost instantly killed at the latter place by being struck with a coal chute. He was leaning out of the door of his car, watching the train back up, when struck. He had been married but a few months, his wife residing at Hastings, Neb. He had just leased a house in this city and was preparing to move here.

The body of a man was found in the sands of Whitewood creek, last week, were buried by the city. No one identified the body and there is the greatest mystery about the affair. There is a rumor that about eight months ago a young man with a physique answering to that of the dead man, stopped at one of the hotels. He left suddenly, having money to the amount of about $800 on his person. His disappearance was remarked at the time, but nothing more was thought of it until the finding of the body in the creek.

Pierre—The death of Senator Kyle has started discussion as to his successor. A strong sentiment prevails that Kittredge could have the apointment if re would accept it Next in prominent mention is Judge Compbell, of Aberdeen. Crawford, of Huron, is discussed, but is not considered as a likely appointee. State officers in this city are making preparations to attend the funeral Thursday.

Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

IS FOR HILL.

Bryan Said to Favor New Yorker For President.

Washington, July 3.—During his stay in Norfolk and at Old Point Comfort, W. J. Bryan became confidential with his close friends, and it is said that he came very near declaring himself in favor of David B. Hill as Democratic candidate for president.

A prominent Democrat who went down the coast with Bryan Sunday night is quoted as saying that Bryan spoke in glowing terms of Hill as the man who would be able to unite the forces of Democracy better than any candidate now talked of.

Bryan said that the only flaw in Hill's record was his fight against the income tax, but that could be forgiven and overlooked.

PIG ASSISTS HYMEN.

A Quarrel Preceded Marriage In This Case.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., July 3.—A little squealing pig brought a long standing romance to a conclusion yesterday and united the lives and fortunes of Miss Mathilda Parkinson and Hiram Johnson. They own adjoining farms near Hudson, and both are well over the half century mark. For a score of years they have been neighbors, and their love affairs antedate that timt. But for the little porker that innocently began the weaving of a plot to bring them together, their lives might never have been crowned with marriage.

Miss Parkinson saw the little pig in Johnson's pen and said it was hers. Hiram remonstrated, gently but firmly. Miss Parkinson grew more assertive and finally both lost their tempers.

"I'll get that pig yet," announced Miss Parkinson.

"You touch that pig and you'll see what will happen," threatened Hiram.

Miss Parkinson wasted no further time in argument, but appeared before Alderman Conohan, of this city, and had a warrant issued. The squire, after hearing the story, ordered the pig subpoenaed, and it was brought into court by Johnson. Some of the neighbors testified that they believed the pig belonged to Johnson and others said Miss Parkinson owned it. The squire found the pig was partial to both, running to either when a hand was toward it. So conflicting was the testimony that he finally decided that the pig should be killed and divided equally. Miss Parkinson and Johnson protested, but neither would yield the ownership to the other.

"There is only one other way," said the squire. "Get married and keep the pig in the family."

After some quiet words the pair concluded they would. The squire performed the ceremony.

$45.00 Seattle, Tacoma and Portland and Return.

July 6 to 13 the Northern Pacific railway will place on sale tickets from Duluth to above points and return at extremely low rate of $45.00, with final limit for return Aug. 31, 1901. Destination must be reached not later than July 18. Tickets are first-classs and good for stopover privileges in either direction, within transit limits. This offers an unsurpassed opportunity for those desiring to hunt new homes and farms to go into the Northwest and look over the country, or for those wishing to visit relatives or friends, or to make pleasure trips. Two trains daily, including famous North Coast Limited.

For tickets and full information, call at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Diversified Fishing at Minong

The Peaceful Valley resort at Minong, Wis., on the "Omaha Line," is proving to be a very interesting spot for a few days' or weeks' outing. The conveniences of getting back and forth excel those of other localities, and the clean, comfortable home, with its beautiful spread, attracts the hungry sportsman. The trout streams, the numerous lakes, with most excellent bass and muskalloige fishing, provide a diversity of sport. Boats, canoes, guides and all conveniences at Minong. See ticket agent, "The North-Western" Line for particulars.

MANY BIG FORTUNES

Have Been Made In the Beaumont, Texas, Oil Fields.

Woman Who Did Washing Sold Her Property For $47,000.

Pair of Horses Allowed One Man to Amass Wealth.

Austin, Texas, July 3.—The Beaumont oil boom has finally got down to a legitimate business basis. The speculative feature witnessed a few weeks ago when the excitement over the wonderful discovery was at its height has about disappeared. The inflated values of lands outside of the proved oil district collapsed, and scores of men who made investments in these lands are left with the bag to hold. Many hundreds of thousands have been lost in the depreciation of values.

Hopes are still held out that the oil field may extend to cover an area many times greater than the existing known field, and it is not considered as unlikely by oil experts that this development will eventually occur, despite the failure of tests in numerous localities of that section outside of Spindle Top Heights, which seems to overlie the hidden wealth.

There are now fourteen flowing wells in the new field. All but one of them are located on the elevation known as Spindle Top Heights. This outside well was brought in a few days ago. It is owned by former Governor J. S. Hogg and associates, and is situated only a short distance off the elevation. It is asserted by men who have been at Beaumont constantly since the first well was struck that some of the oil companies operating there have brought in big gushers in what is generally considered to be "wild-cat" territory, and that they are concealing the fact, in order that they may obtain control of adjoining lands. A number of things have occurred which leads to the belief that such is the case, and it will not be surprising if the future develops the fact that there are a number of big wells in the territory south and east of Spindle Top Heights.

Oil in paying quantity has been found at Sour Lake, twenty-five miles northwest of Beaumont, and it is believed by many that the two fields are connected by an underground channel of oil. There are several hundred derricks ad scores of well-boring outfits in the Beaumont and Sour Lake fields, and it is estimated that not less than 500 wells will have been bored by Jan. 1 of the coming year. It is expected that a big percentage of these wells will be "dusters," as they are being put down in untried territory. While the land values off Spindle Top Heights have collapsed the price of land in the proved oil district continues to increase. A few days ago Mr. Hogg and associates sold one acre located in the midst of the gushers for $164,000 cash. It is estimated that four wells can be operated on one acre. The necessary storage tanks, pipe-line connections, etc., occupy considerable space about each well.

There has been many big fortunes made at Beaumont since the ucas well was "brought in" five months ago. Many men who owned small tracts of land sold them for fabulous sums as compared with what they paid. At the time of the oil discovery the Beaumont section was coming into prominence as a rice growing growing country. Many thousands of acres of lands suitable for rice cultivation have been purchased by Northern men, principally from Kansas, Iowa and Nebraska. The prices of such lands ranged from $5 to $15 per acre. These same lands were afterward sold for prices ranging from $200 to $1,500 per acre. Many instances of fortunes that were made in this manner are related.

J. C. Leskell went from Omaha, Neb., to Jefferson county two years ago and bought 200 acres of land situated about 10 miles south of Beaumont. He paid $1000 for the land and set about putting in a plant for irrigating the trace and raising rice. Owing to the lack of money he was forced to abandon his plans and was about to return to Omaha, when oil was struck. He realized the importance of the discovery and refused the early offers that were made for his property. Prices began to soar skyward when the second gusher was "brought," and when the boom was at its height he sold his 200 acres for $180,000 cash. Intead of remaining at Beaumont and investing his money in other prospective oil lands, as was done by many others, he took his family and left for Europe. He is now on the continent enjoying himself as only a man can who finds himself suddely elevated to affluence from comparative poverty.

Hon. Robert A. Greer, who represents Beaumont in the house of representatives of the Texas legislature, has made a fortune of several hundred thousand dollars out of the oil boom. He was in Austin attending the session of the legislature when the Lucas well was struck. He remained here until the session adjourned late in April, although repeatedly urged by his friends at Beaumont to return and get in the rush after fortune. Mr. Greer was not long in buckling down to work upon reaching Beaumont. He was thoroughly familiar with all the tracts of land and most of the titles to the same in the oil field, and during the days of gigantic real estate trading he was kept busy day and night passing on land titles. In many instances he was called upon to examine the same title as many as twenty times within a period of a few days, so rapidly was land changing hands.

His income from fees alone amounted to many thousands of dollars per day, and in addition to this he owned some large tracts which he sold for fabulous prices. A number of other Beaumont men have been equally as fortunate as Mr. Greer in acquiring wealth quickly.

Patillo Higgins, who owns and has leases on many thousands of acres of oil lands, some of which are located in the very heart of the proved oil district, including two of the best gushers in the field, is reported to be worth more than $1,000,000 in actual holdings with the prospect of increasing his wealth several times over when the plans for the developments of his properties are carried out. Mr. Higgins struggled with poverty for many years. He was the first person to assert that oil existed at Spindle Top Heights. This was ten years ago and he organized a company at that time to drill a well in search of the product. Owing to the lack of proper machinery the well was put down to a depth of a few hundred feet and abandoned. Mr. Higgins continued to agitate the oil question and made many unsuccessful attempts to get men of capital interested in his scheme to drill another well on Spindle Top Heights. It was through his efforts that Capt. A. F. Lucas, the expert oil man of J. M. Guffey and John H. Galey, of Pittsburg, Pa., was induced to bore the well which brought in the first gusher.

Mr. Higgins lost no time in securing leases on lands near the first well immediately after the first discovery was made. He made some large deals which gave him money with which to enlarge his operations, and he is now probably the most successful individual operator in the field. He is also interested in several large companies which proposes to prospect for, develop and market oil.

He recently filed suit for a large interest in the holdings of the J. M. Guffey Petroleum company. The latter suit involves several million dollars. It is based on an alleged contract with Mr. Higgins, said to have been entered into before the first well was brought in.

A number of Texas women took a flyer in oil stocks and oil lands during the height of the boom. Some of them made considerable money, while others lost their savings. Mrs. Lena Roberts, a widow residing in Austin, is among those who were so fortunate as to own a tract of land in the oil district. Her husband died a few years ago, leaving her 640 acres of land situated a short distance from Beaumont. Mrs. Roberts was in such poor circumstances that she was compelled to do washing for the support of herself and children. She derived no income from the land as it was pronounced to be worthless for agricultural purposes. She made several attempts to sell it, but could get no one to offer her more than $2 per acre. Despite her great need of money she declined to sell it for this price and had decided to leave it as an inheritance for her children. Soon after the discovery of oil she began to receive offers for her land. She sold the land for $47,000 cash, and the man who bought it sold it in a few days for more than $80,000. Mrs. Roberts is well satisfied, however, with her sale.

About three years ago, T. S. Moore, a young man who had been employed by a rice growing company to make a survey for an irrigation system in Southeast Texas, found himself with two good horses on his hands. He had been driving the animals to a buckboard, and, having completed his work, he had no further use for them. He traded them for twenty acres of land, and with the deed to the property in his pocket, he took the train for Kansas City. He had almost forgotten his trade when the news of the oil discovery reached him. A few weeks later, he decided to come to Beaumont and take a look at his land and see what it was worth. He was surprised to find that he could sell it for $2000 per acre. He sold it for that price and invested the money ($4000) in another piece of land in the oil field. He became an active trader and cleaned up more than $50,000 before the boom subsided. He thinks he made a good trade when he swapped his two horses for the original twenty acres of land.

Several poor colored men who owned small tracts of lands scattered about in the oil field sold out their holdings for fortunes. One negro is said to have sold his small patch of ground for $35,000 cash.

Beatrice Gold Mining Co.

MARCUS W. BATES, Pres., H. G. GEARHART, Sec.,
A. T. HEPWORTH, Treas.
Hon. W. D. Edson, Hon. F. E. Barnard, Hon. J. O. Milne, S. E. Middleton, M. W. Bates, Directors.

A second series of the stock of this company will be offered in a few days at the office of the company, 4 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn. The company are now in possession of their mines in Calaveras County, California, and our consulting engineer says we can be producing gold from our mill within thirty days.

Fuller information will be given at the office—call and secure an early place in the list of shareholders. The stock will have a rapid sale.

ATTENTION! A. O. U. W.

All members of the order who desire to take part in the Fourth of July parade and show their loyalty to the order are requested to meet at 8:45 o'clock a. m., on the Fourth, at Odd Fellows' hall, Lake avenue north, and march with Duluth lodge No. 10.

N. F. NELSON,
Master Workman.

J. W. SHEPHERDSON, Recorder.

MUTTERED

Love Talk In His Sleep and Aroused Suspicion.

New York, July 3.—As a result of the horsewhipping which Mrs. J. R. V. Silver administered to her hypnotist husband in the Arena restaurant a few days ago while he was entertaining Julia Morrison, the actress, two divorce suits are threatened. Silver vows he will be separated from his wife; she vows she will free herself of her husband.

Until a few days ago Mr. and Mrs. Silver lived at No. 104 East Fourteenth street. Now Mrs. Silver has moved to No. 138 East Fifteenth street.

Miss Morrison is the woman who killed Frank Leyden in Chattanooga in 1899.

Mrs. Silver said today:

"For weeks I had been suspicious that my husband had not been behaving himself as a married man should. My suspicions were confirmed a few days ago, when in his sleep Mr. Silver called by endearing terms the woman with whom I found him last night.

"One night my husband left me and did not return until after 3 o'clock in the morning. During that time I went through his trunk and discovered letters that provided all the proof I wanted.

"That settled it. I bought a rawhide and Friday night I hid it under my gown, and when my husband left me, ostensibly to give lessons in hypnotism to several pupils, I was close behind, although he did not know it. I saw him meet Miss Morrison. I went in and beat him. I'm glad I did it. It was just what a man who will treat his wife as my husband treated me deserves."

EXCITEMENT TOO MUCH.

Died Ten Minutes After Seeing Her Sister.

Dublin, Ind., July 3.—On Sunday Mrs. James Conn stepped from the train at London, in Shelby county, where she contemplated making a visit to her sister, Mrs. John Vernon. The sisters twenty-five years ago were separated and have not seen each other since. Recently, Mrs. Conn, who lives in Missouri, learned the whereabouts of her long-lost sister and at once started for Indiana to meet her. Mrs. Conn was much excited over the glad tidings. She rushed into her sister's home and surprised her. In ten minutes after she reached her sister's home she died.

Lester Park.

Two orchestras. Two elegant dancing floors. Afternoon and evening, July 4.

$17.00 Buffalo and Return

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry. account Pan-American Exposition. Tickets on sale every day and a train every day from Duluth Union Depot at 7:00 p. m. Let us plan your trip via popular rail and lake routes.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

IN MICHIGAN.

Sault Ste. Marie Doctor Arrested For Assaulting Wife.

Sault Ste. Marie—Dr. M. A. Fourinier is in jail as the result of a vicious assault on his wife. She left him some time ago on account of non-support and is employed by the telephone company. Monday night Fourinier went to the exchange requesting an interview. She went into the hall, when the man grabbed her by the hair and threw her violently to the floor, the fall rendering her unconscious. Her assailant was prevented from further brutality by the arrival of help, and he was soon afterward locked up. Mrs. Fourinier's head was badly bruised and it is feared she sustained serious injury.

Escanaba—Charley Gallagher, the 13-year-old son of James Gallagher, of Escanaba, was drowned in the bay near the C. & N. W. coal dock. The little fellow was in swimming with a couple of companions about his own age and is supposed to have been seized with cramps. The water at the place where he went down is fully 20 feet deep and naturally is cooler than at more shallow points. Frank Anderson, a newsboy dove three times in an effort to save the drowning boy, but was unable to reach him, although he got near enough to see him once. The body was recovered by several men about twenty minutes after it went under, but life was extinct.

Menominee—Charles Hornick has started a beer keg manufactory at Menominee and he monthly ships over 600 kegs. The factory will be operated the entire year. The business has been started on a small scale, only six men being employed, but is an enterprise that can be developed, and before another year passes the force and capacity will be greatly increased. The kegs manufactured are eights, quarters and halves.

Iron Mountain—Bortholo Vevellia, of Iron Mountain, wanted to marry Miss Caramela de Forian de Andra. This was eight years ago, and on Aug. 4, 1893, he secured a marriage license. The license was No. 314. It was never returned to the county clerk's office until the present month, when the Catholic priest at Vulcan, Mich., returned it, properly filled out, he having married the couple on June 21, eight years after it was issued. The day the license was made out the couple had a quarrel and Bortholo left for Italy, his native home. He never heard from his sweetheart during his eight years' absence and supposed she was either dead or married. Two weeks ago he returned to Vulcan, and almost the first person he met was his old "flame." The old love still lingered and another engagement was immediately entered into. Bortholo had carried the license in a pocket next to his heart.

PECULIAR DISCOVERIES

By Doctor In Cases of Two Patients.

New York, July 3.—Dr. Wallace White, of Union Hill, N. J., has just made two peculiar discoveries in the cases of two patients. One is Louisa Mestron, 28 years old, who lives on Hudson avenue. One day last week she fell down stairs and injured herself about the head. Since then she has had severe pains in her ears. An examination by Dr. White with X-rays revealed the presence of two beads one in each ear. The doctor will perform an operation and extract them.

Miss Mestron's mother says when her daughter was 3 years old she broke a chain of beads she had been wearing. She thinks the child must have stuffed some of the beads into her ears at that time. The shock caused by her fall last week probably dislodged them from the positions they had been in and caused the pain the young woman experienced.

The other patient of the doctor whose case is peculiar is Mrs. Bertha Stolfz, of Woodcliffe, N. J. Seven years ago Mrs. Stoltz accidentally ran a needle into her finger. It broke and part of it remained in. It troubled her for a time, and then the pain ceased and she forget all about it. Recently a swelling came on the right side of her neck. She consulted Dr. White. He by the use of the X-ray discovered a part of a needle in the neck, and last night he extracted it. The part of the needle that had broken off in the finger seven years ago had evidently worked its way up through the arm and entered the neck.

BUT TWO APPROVED.

Enlisted Men In Navy May Miss Promotion.

Washington, July 3.—There are, so far, only two approved candidates among the enlisted men of the navy for commission as ensign. This is the first year it has been possible for enlisted men to strive for a commission in the service. The candidates are limited to the rating of boatswain, gunner and warrant machinist. The candidate must have served six year or more as a warrant officer and must be under 35 years of age.

The qualifications of age and service have been made such that few men of the navy who are under 35 years of age will have had the requisite amount of service as warrant officers. This may be purposely arranged to shut out the majority of enlisted men. At any rate, the effect this year has been to produce from a large number of possible candidates only two who come within the age limit, and who have had the period of warrant service. They must now stand the professional and physical examination to determine their fitness.

This examination is sufficiently severe to floor most of the graduates of the Naval academy, it is said, and it will be a great surprise to every one if the two candidates now designated for examination. Gunners Francis Martin and Joseph Hill, succeed in meeting all the extraordinary requirements of the bureau of navigation. That bureau is determined to keep out enlisted men who wish to obtain commissions in the navy.

DEPORTED.

Lord Roberts Sent Many Away From South Africa.

London, July 3.—Lord Roberts testified today before the royal commission which is considering the claims of foreigners deported from South Africa. The commander-in-chief dealt with the plots against his life and the deportation of the ringleaders. He said the officers and employes of the Netherlands railroad were so hostile to the British that many of them had to be deported. Every consideration was shown them. He personally investigated the great majority of cases and sanctioned none unless on adequate grounds. No difference was made on account of nationality.

MUCH ON THE RACE.

Yale Oarsman Wins Money For European Trip.

New York, July 3.—When No. 6 in the Yale crew was throwing every ounce of muscle into the swing of his oar in that heartbreaking race on the Thames on last Wednesday, it was with the knowledge that victory for the blue would mean more to him even than the glory of winning from his university's dearest foe, Harvard, though the latter, of course, was the greatest consideration. Every yard of those long, hard-fought four miles was for No. 6 not only a pull for alma mater, but a pull for Europe, for on Yale's victory depended No. 6's chances of taking a long-coveted trip abroad this summer.

No. 6 was Kunzig, "old Philadelphia" Kunzig, as his college mates fondly term him. Kunzig had set his heart on crossing the water this year and had been putting aside supplies of the needful. He was not overburden with the sinews of war for such an outing, and it occurred to him that he might double his savings by investing it on Yale's chances of victory in the race.

He did so, and the trip to Europe is settled.

INNOCENT MAN HANGED.

Found Guilty of Murder He Never Committed.

El Paso, Tex., July 3.—Geronimo Parra, who was hanged in this city in January, 1900, it is now claimed by a reliable person, was innocent. L. C. Chriss, a mining man well known here, says that prior to the Fusselman murder, for which Parra was hanged, Parra was working for him, and that after he had been with him for some time he went with some of his pack animals to Las Cruces. There, on a complaint sworn to by Chriss, Parra was arrested for robbery. Three days later Chriss came to El Paso, where he heard of the death of State Ranger Fusselman, who had been killed by outlaws in the eastern part of El Paso county four days previous. Chriss a short time after went to Mexico, then to San Antonio and later to Cuba, returning to the United States last year, and but last week heard of the hanging of Parra. He says there cannot be a question that an innocent man went to the gallows.

EVANS NOT DISTURBED.

Tells the Story of His Military Record.

Washington, July 3.—Commissioner Evans is not at all disturbed by the attack made upon his military record by Gen. Daniel E. Sickles. The latter asserted that, so far as he knew, Commissioner Evans never saw active service during the civil war, but that he had been a quartermaster's clerk. In discussing this subject Commissioner Evans said:

"I have never made any pretentions of being a great war fighter, and of having a grand and blazing military record. I served my little period in the Union army, took what little was handed to me, and never made a complaint. When my term of enlistment expired I was mustered out.

"The records in the office of the adjutant general of Wisconsin will give my record. They will show that I enlisted in the Forty-first Wisconsin volunteer infantry on May 5, 1864, and was mustered out on Sept. 21 of the same year. I was nothing but a private, and served as such during the time of my enlistment. When in the army I conducted myself as a private and nothing more. I was given my pay and rations as an enlisted man, and I was treated all right in every respect. I never traveled on my record as a soldier, and never claimed to have done more than I actually did."

SHIRT WAIST SERMON.

Young Kansas Preacher Sets a Good Example.

Topeka, Kas., July 3.—The Rev. J. O. Thomas, a young clergyman just out of an Eastern college, preached a sermon in a shirt waist at Carwood, Kas., on Sunday. When he appeared in the pulpit of the Methodist church the congregation was amazed. The young people soon recovered and tittered. Their elders gave the minister a stern look of disapproval. Finally an old man, a pillar of the church, rose and deliberately removed his coat. This was a signal for a general removal of coats, and in five minutes every man present was in his shirt sleeves. The "shirt waist sermon" created a sensation in Carwood.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

CAUGHT A WITNESS

Badly Rattled Man In Pearson vs. Great Northern Case.

Louis Stockett Admits That He Made False Affidavits.

Witness For the Railroad But Helped Pearson's Case.

Attorney C. D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, representing the interests of H. W. Pearson, of Duluth, in his suit against the Great Northern railroad for compensation for locating coal lands for the railroad, caught one witness for the railroad very badly yesterday, and he really proved to be a very good witness for the plaintiff rather than for the defense. The Dispatch thus reports it:

Louis Stockett, of Stockett, Mont., acknowledged today upon the witness stand that on March 4, 1897, he had swindled the government of the United States out of valuable mines in Montana. By making false affidavits he had procured for the prospective Cottonwood Coal company a certain section 31 in teh Cottonwood country. In order to secure the land, Mr. Stockett had been compelled to swear that he wanted it for a homestead, and that he had carefully examined the section and found no coal there; further, that the homestead claim was for his private use, and not for the use of a prospective company or companies. All of this Mr. Stockett admitted, acknowledging at the same time that he knew the affidavit was false when he made it. This affidavit had been made in Great Falls, Mont., though the claim had been entered at Helena.

"It would have been useless for Mr. Stockett to deny his knowledge of the falseness of his affidavit, as he had previously, under Mr. O'Brien's cross-examination, sworn that in the fall of 1896 he was perfectly familiar with the coal conditions in the Cottonwood and Sand Coulie regions. Mr. O''Brien's question as to whether or not Mr. Stockett had made other similar affidavits in Montana was ruled out.

Mr. Stockett's examination and cross-examination occupied the entire forenoon.

"The witness was introduced by the defense, but his testimony cannot be regarded as other than damaging to the defense and as strengthening to the plaintiff's case.

"Mr. Stockett had been first consulted as to the advisability of opening the Cottonwood mine by Samuel Hill in 1895. He had thought it should be opened only in connection with the Sand Coulie mine.

It was only after much hedging and hesitation that the witness could be induced to answer a question 'yes' or 'no.' It was evident that this hesitancy tried the patience of the judge and jury and even the counsel for the defense, who more than once urged the witness to despond more frankly to the cross-questioning.

"The witness was employed in 1895 and 1896 by J. J. Hill, of the Great Northern road, and in the fall of 1896 he admitted that Mr. Pearson, the plaintiff, had joined him in Montana. Mr. Pearson was to locate, with the help of his theory, coal mines, and Mr. Stockett was to test these mines by making drill holes. Mr. Stockett had succeeded Mr. Burrell, and the latter had made four drill holes before the fall of '96, in the Cottonwood territory.

"Mr. Stockett did not know why he had failed to introduce Mr. Pearson to Mr. Burrell, even in view of the orders he had received from the company to put Mr. Pearson in the way of gaining all the information possible in regard to the country.

"Besides the records of the land office at Helena, numerous writings were offered in evidence. There were letters and telegrams from Stockett to Pearson, and replies.

"After making tests of the mining regions marked out by Pearson, Mr. Stockett had refused to give him full information concerning the drills that had been put in, although he had been instructed by the company, by which they were both employed, to furnish him any data he desired. This information Mr. Stockett had withheld on his own authority, and because, he said, he was anxious to conceal from the public the fact that coal existed in these regions. His purpose was to keep other people out, and he had concealed the bore holes from Pearson merely as a precautionary measure.

"Mr. O'Brien's question, 'How did you suppose this man could arrange for his compensation if you refused to give him the accurate results of his theory as gained in your tests?' was ruled out.

"The letter written by Mr. Stockett to Mr. Pearson in answer to his request for information as to results, contained the following clause: 'Your theory in general I believe to be correct, but there are a great many details in regard to it that require studying up.' The same letter acknowledged that 'coal has been found in the area mapped out by you, but was known to exist before from outcroppings.' The writer went on to assure Mr. Pearson that it was impossible to judge how much coal would be found there until it had actually been mined out.

"Mr. Pearson's recognition of the ancient beach line had first proved the correctness of his theory to Mr. Stockett. His reasons for later rejecting the theory were the extension of the line of coal beyond the stated contour, and the elevation of the deposits above the theorized level."

A little life may be sacrificed to an hour's delay. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea come suddenly. Only safe plan is to have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry always on hand.

Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia.

It makes life miserable.

Its sufferers eat not because they *want to*, but simply because they *must*.

They know they are irritable and fretful; but they cannot be otherwise.

They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, an uneasy feeling of puffy fulness, headache, heartburn and what not.

The effectual remedy, proved by permanent cures of thousands of severe cases, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic.

THE CROPS.

Weekly Reports of North Dakota and Minnesota.

The crop reports for the week ending Monday indicate a good condition of wheat, the rainfall having been heavy but not yet enough to threaten the crop. The North Dakota report is as follows:

"Cool weather, with generally heavy rains over most of the state, has prevailed during the past week. In some portions of the Red River valley the rainfall has been so great as to flood fields, many of which are covered with water. On Monday, June 24, a series of severe storms passed over the state, accompanied by high winds, and in some localities hail, the latter doing considerable damage to small grain.

"Wheat is doing very well, although making more straw than is desirable. In nearly every part of the state it is beginning to head, and is in as good condition as could be asked for.

"Oats are not doing as well as wheat. They have been injured considerably by insects and cut worms. Rye and barley are doing very well. The latter is commencing to head. Millet is making rapid growth.

"Flax is very poor and sickly, except in the western part of the state and there only a small amount has been sown. Too much water and lack of sunshine is affecting it, but with clear, warm weather it would soon present a decided improvement.

"Corn is also poor and backward, from the same cause that affects flax, and has in addition, been greatly damaged by cut worms. A good many fields have been plowed up and sown to fodder crops.

"Grass is doing very well and has made a decided improvement, and in most sections a good crop of hay is now certain."

The report for Minnesota is as follows:

"A week of frequent local showers, with rainfall in all parts of the state, but unevenly distributed as to amount. In all parts the soil has all the moisture it can receive without injury to the crops, except in scattered places in the South. In the low lands of the Red River valley many grain fields were flooded. On June 28 heavy rains were accompanied by destructively high winds from Chippewa county eastward into Wisconsin, and large areas of crops in Renville and Stearns counties were devastated by hail. The day temperatures were above 90 degrees in the southern part of the state every day, except on June 29, and nearly 100 degrees on June 24, 25 and 26. This great and continued heat was very severe on man and beast and many prostrations are reported. The abundant rainfall and high temperatures have caused a rapid growth of all vegetation, and all crops, except flax, are very promising on the whole. Barley, which is very rank, and oats have lodged in small areas. Wheat seems to have a strong plant, and no injury is reported, except in some very wet parts of Polk and Norman counties. Rye is ripening rapidly and its harvest begins in the south on July 1. Winter wheat will soon be ripe. Corn is improving, but some of it is still small, and some fields are grassy Flax is uneven. Much of it was affected by the frost of June 7 and now grasshoppers are injuring it in northern counties. The early sown is in bloom in the south. Grass has been cut for hay during the week and some of it has been spoiled by the rains."

M. W. A.

Members of Duluth Camp, No. 2341 M. W. A., are requested to meet at Columbia hall, Thursday morning, July 4, to attend the parade. Decorations provided for 100 men.

M. L. FRASER, Clerk.

Duluth Sidewalks.

To the Editor of The Herald:

While home on my last trip, I was pleased to see the Michigan street blocks being laid, also was glad to learn that in a short time, vitrified brick will be laid on Superior street. Seeing in your paper an item about the sidewalks, I wrote to the mayor of Litchfield, Minn., for some data, regarding the cement sidewalks there. What I wish to emphasize is the fact that Litchfield is the cleanest and prettiest little town in the state, and it is helped in a great degree by the cement sidewalks and crossings. In some parts it has been laid for quite a long time, and no evidence of crack or break, even where wagons go over it, in which case the edge is beveled.

In Litchfield the cement sidewalks cost 80 cents per square yard and the city rebates 25 cents per square yard. The Duluth sidewalks sorely need repairing, and it is a wonder that more accidents do not happen. A visitor cannot see much of the beauties of the Zenith City for attending to his footsteps. In Duluth the pedestrian can have the experience of the sidewalk getting up to hit him, without the aid of John Barleycorn. A cat walking on the keys of a piano comes pretty near an imitation of a Duluthian, but let us hope such experiences will soon be a thing of the past. I am now in Albia, Iowa, where the public square is laid with vitrified brick and it is in fine shape after being down over a year, but it is covered with a layer of mud most of the time, as the roads are poor round here and the farm vehicles bring in the real estate on the wheels. But the city intends laying brick for a block each way out of the square, so as to get the dirt shaken off ere the wagon reaches the square. The sidewalks are poor outside the square, but talk about business! This is the liveliest place I have seen in many years—all busy and doing well; every store occupied; hotel rates high, and not a kicker among all the business people here. It has been red hot all week. An auctioneer dropped dead here last Saturday, and he was a resident here. I have been whooping it up for Duluth as a summer resort. Yours truly,

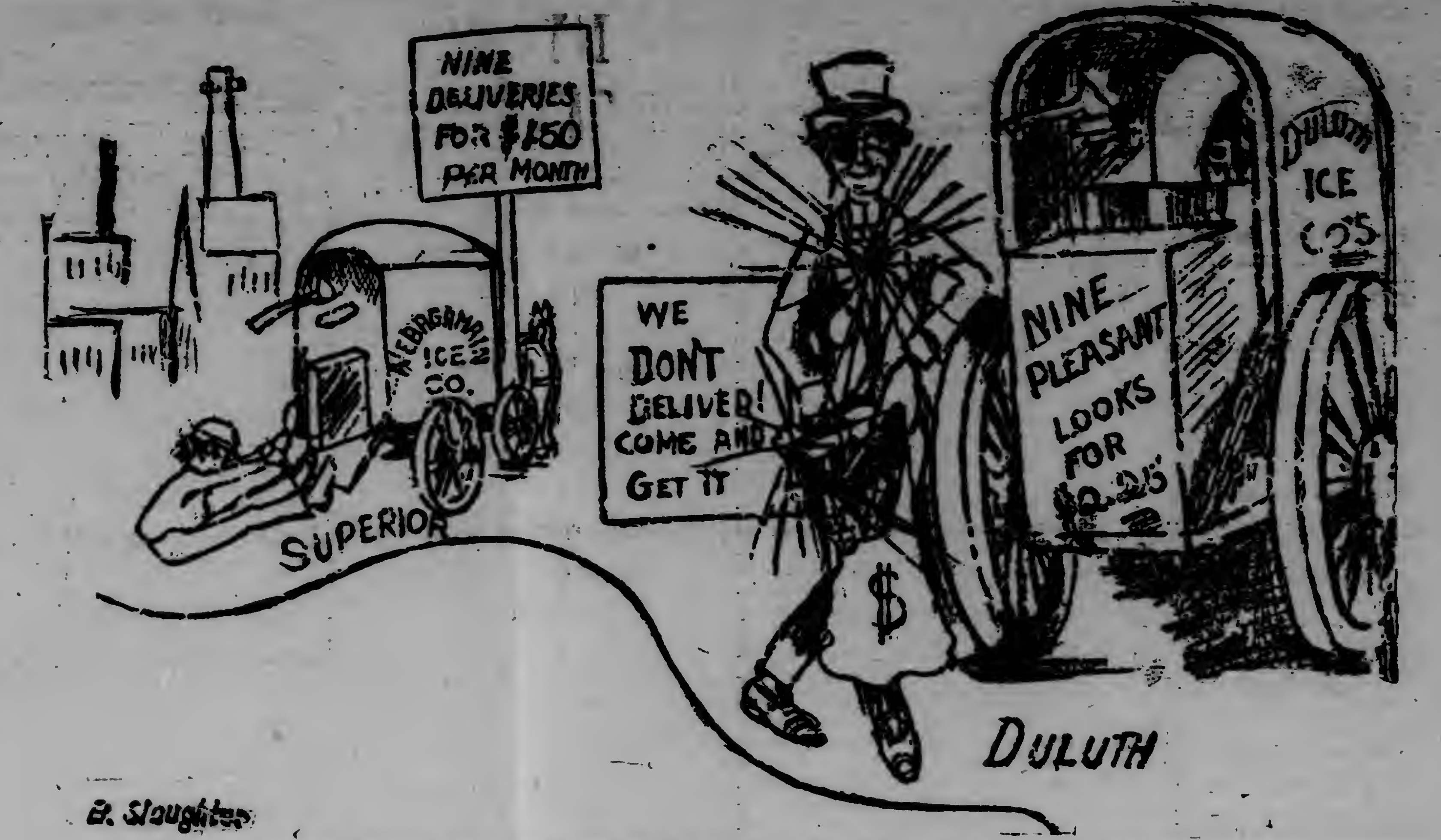
W. D. GORDON.

Albia, Iowa, June 29.

ELKS' EXCURSION.

Large Crowd Went Out on Peerless.

One of the largest and jolliest moonlight excursions ever run out of Duluth was given on the steamer Peerless last evening, under the auspices of the local lodge of Elks. Shortly before the time for the boat to start the threatening clouds broke away, and the excursionists began arriving at the Fifth avenue dock in crowds. It is estimated that the Peerless carried very nearly 800 people last evning. The boat made a run of about fifteen miles up the north shore and returning, reaching the dock in time to permit a large number of the Superior contingent to catch a car home. The Elks furnished plenty of entertainment. An orchestra played almost continuously from the time the boat left the dock until it returned, and many availed themselves of the dancing in the cabin. The Elks' male quartette and Miss Schultz and Franz Schultz rendered a number of fine vocal selections. Refreshments were served in the forward end of the boat, and the Elks did everything possible for the comfort and pleasure of their guests.


NINE DELIVERIES FOR $1.50 PER MONTH
WEBERGMAN ICE CO.
SUPERIOR
WE DONT DELIVER! COME AND GET IT
DULUTH ICE CO'S
NINE PLEASANT LOOKS FOR $2.25
$
DULUTH
B. Slaughter

"HOW WOULD YOU LIKE TO BE THE ICE MAN?"---OF DULUTH.

THE BRIGADE.

The Boys' Companies to Appear on the Fourth.

One of the features in the Second Division of the Fourth of July parade will be the First Minnesota regiment of the Boys' Military brigade, under the command of Capt. Boyd.

While the numbers on parade will not be the full strength of the regiment, yet they will be sufficient to prove to the people of Duluth that the organization will be a permanent one. Mr. Boyd has spent a great deal of time and energy in his work with them, and each member under his command shows his appreciation by assisting his captain in every way.

The brigade up to the present time has been self-supporting, but just now has had to make a public appeal for money to enable them to get equipment for the parade on the Fourth of July. Some people have nobly responded and among those especially worthy of notice are Messrs. Panton & White, who have been to considerable trouble to outfit the boys with uniforms. Not only that, but have time and again shown a great interest in the work by giving a donation of books to the library, and in other ways materially assisting them. The mayor has also shown his interest in the work to a considerable extent, and also many of the city officials.

The Fourth of July parade will be the first public appearance in full uniform. In answer to the many inquiries as to the object of the organization, Capt. Boyd wishes to give a few of their rules. The motto of the brigade is "To love one another," and the rules of the organization are:

1. That every member obey the commands of his officer.
2. That every member be in attendance at every parade, especially church service, once a month.
3. That every member be a member of some Sunday school.
4. That each member attend church as often as in his power.
5. That each member do all in his power to prohibit the use of intoxicating liquors, tobacco, and vulgar or profane language.
6. That each member do all in his power to discontinue the desecration of the Sabbath, by playing games, pleasure-seeking, etc.
7. That each member be respectful to his elders and be willing to take advice from them to his own profit.

These are but a few of the rules of the brigade, and in every case of a broken rule when made known, punishment is dealt out to an offender.

The boys are all apt pupils and pay the strictest attention to orders.

LIGHTING CONTRACT.

Superior Must Make One Very Soon.

At the meeting of the city council at Superior last night, a resolution was passed directing the city clerk to advertise for bids for lighting the city, the contract with the Water, Light and Power company expiring Aug. 31. Bids are invited to cover the following:

First—For furnishing 50, 100, 150, 200, 250 and 300 electric arc lights of 1200 or 2000 nominal candle power for the terms of 1, 2, 3 and 4 years. Such lights to be disposed and placed about the various portions of the city as directed by the common council, and each bid to state the time when such lights can be furnished.

Second—For furnishing 100, 150, 200 and 300 Welshbach naphtha, gas or gasoline lamps of from 70 to 150 candle power, for the terms of 1, 2 and 3 years, to be disposed and placed about the city as directed by the common council.

Third—For furnishing common 16-candle power naphtha, gasoline or gas lamps for the term of 1, 2 and 3 years, to be placed at such points about the city as directed by the common council.

Fourth—For furnishing what is known as commercial lighting, either in the form of incandescent light or gas, to the citizens of Superior for use in the buildings of said city.

FOOD AND WEATHER.

Temperature Increased or Reduced By Food.

The old army ration for the tropics has been very sharply criticised for the reason that it consists of articles of food that any person even slightly acquainted with the elements of food knows is not adapted to the needs of the human system in hot weather. Nature shows forth in the selection of food by inhabitants of various countries, for instance, the Esquimaux in a cold climate selects heavy, carbonaceous foods, tallow, bacon and such; while the Hindoo and inhabitants of hot countries turn to the cereals for sustenance.

We should follow this hint of nature, and particularly in hot weather should avoid much butter, meat or any of that class of food. Perhaps a little meat once a day is not amiss, even in hot weather, but the breakfast and luncheon should be made of fruit, one or two slices of entire wheat bread and some Grape-Nuts and cream. Grape-Nuts are mentioned, because they furnish the ideal cereal food in a most palatable and delicious form, in addition to which, they are ready cooked and require no attention whatever from the cook.

A person can pass through weather that may be intensely hot, in a comfortable manner, if the food be properly selected, and the above suggestions can be put into practice with most excellent results.

IT COMES UP.

Extended Street Railway Franchise Introduced at Superior.

The new franchise asked for by the Duluth-Superior Traction company was introduced at the meeting of the council in Superior last night. The committee appointed to draft an ordinance relative to the street railway company and also examine the franchise, made an exhaustive report. In asking for an amended and extended franchise, the company agrees to perform a great many things which have been asked for by the Superior people, and also asks the right to make a great many changes in return for their concessions.

The company agrees to construct a single standard broad gauge track from Tower avenue to the court house at the East End this year, and to put in a double gauge track on or before the first of November, next year, and also to construct a single standard gauge track with all necessary turn-outs, sidetracks and switches to South Superior and to construct and maintain a track from Tower avenue to Ogden avenue thence north on Ogden avenue to Third and further to construct and maintain at or near the corner of Ogden avenue and Fourth street a car barn and offices of the company. The company does not desire to extend any of its present lines or construct new or additional lines for a period of five years from the date of the passage of the ordinance, but the company's representatives agreed that the ordinance could be so amended that this 5-year limitation would not apply to the construction of their line beyond the Nemadji river to Allouez and Itasca. They have agreed further that all re-paving of streets made necessary by the construction of a track shall be under the direction of the council and the city engineer.

The council committee refused to consent to the company's proposal for the abandonment of the Sixth street line. Considerable discussion took place between the representatives of the company and the members of the committee and others present at the conference with reference to that clause of the amended ordinance granting an extension of the franchise until July, 1931, and also with reference to that clause in the proposed franchise making a forfeiture in respect only to streets, avenues and highways upon which the company fails to construct lines after having been ordered and required to do so by the city council. The original franchise created a forfeiture as to all streets upon which lines had not been constructed instead of a forfeiture of the company's rights in respect to the streets only unon which a line was ordered but not construcled.

At the conclusion of the committee's report to the council, a motion was made that the council go into committee of the whole to consider the ordinance and franchise, but after some discussion the matter was laid over to come up at the next meeting.

It is the prevailing opinion in Superior that the council will eventually grant the franchise although in a slightly amended form.

Feeding to Fit

Is the problem with infants. The growing child has ever changing needs, but a perfect milk can never go amiss. Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk is the acme of substitute feeding. Send 10 cents for "Baby's Diary." 71 Hudson street, N. Y.

TO PUSH IT.

Striking Linemen Decide to Be Aggressive.

Another meeting of the joint strike committee was held last evening, and in view of the manner in which the settlement of the linemen's strike has been lagging, it was decided to wage a vigorous warfare against the telephone companies, which still refuse to grant an eight-hour workday, but are willing to compromise on nine hours. There is no evidence of weakness on the part of the strikers, who assert that they will accept nothing but a settlement on an eight-hour basis.

The striking linemen have decided to direct their efforts, first against the Zenith Telephone company, for the reason that the men interested in it live here. They say that their friends will come to their support, and that those using the Zenith 'phones will order them out. The management of the telephone company, however, does not believe that this is at all likely, and holds that the public will not be influenced to sustain a boycott against the company. The strikers are not intending to let the Duluth Telephone company escape without their attention, but say that company will be settled with as soon as they are through with the Zenith company.

AT ASHLAND.

Duluth Ball Team Has Hard Proposition to Face.

The prayers of all the fans in the city should go up for the Duluth ball team today as it is playing the game of the season at Ashland. The team that went down to the mining town yesterday is stronger than the one that Ashland played two weeks ago at Duluth, but Ashland also has done some tall work in the strengthening line and will put up a fast game. It is expected that the fickle Revoir will pitch for Ashland one of the games on the Fourth and if he proves one-half as hard to hit as he was to get, by Duluth there will be much slaughter. But the Duluth boys do not believe that he will be such a puzzle after all—and he is not yet in Ashland. They have him signed and expect him there for the Fourth but judging from Hansell's experience with him the Duluth boys are not losing much seleep over the matter.

In today's game it was expected that Cummings would twirl against Augustine. The high school lad has been getting over a slight attack of malaria during the past week, but he has met Augustine before and conquered and has a fighting chance to do the trick again. Augustine pitched a great game last Sunday against the Fashions, giving only two hits and can be relied upon in most cases where it is necessary to nail out a couple of clean urives. Staub will pitch in the first game on the Fourth, and Glenny is expected to be in the box to set the fireworks off in the afternoon.

Although it is hardly probable that Duluth will win all three of the games except through a wonderful streak of luck, it will satisfy the fans and players if she succeeds in capturing two or even one. Ashland has plenty of money behind it, and is getting together a fast lot of ball players and it is no small credit to the Zenith City team that they were able to take the game from them here. It is understood here that Ashland will play Superior Saturday and Sunday and if this is the case Manager Hansell's men will meet the Fashions at the driving park Sunday. The Fashions will have a strong team and will fight for the victory with all that is in them. Ashland will play a return game here on July 13 and 14.

The teams today will play as follows:

Duluth.		Ashland.
Sturgeon	catcher	Gardener
Cummings	pitcher	Augustine
Hansell	first base	Ware
Bennett	second base	Thorp
Shepard	short stop	Cole
McLaren	third base	Pease
Randall	left field	Gordon
Lambert	center field	Lagger
Staub	right field	Felix

Modern Samaritans, Attention!

Beta Council will meet at Columbia hall Thursday, July 4th at 8:30. All neighbors are requested to attend for the parade. Visiting neighbors will be heartily welcome.

TAX MIX-UP

Will Be a Boon When It Is Finally Settled.

"I shall be glad when the mix-up over tax matters is over," said a real estate agent yesterday afternoon, "and there is nothing to do about taxes except pay them when they come due. People who were not burdened with a large amount of property during the hard times have no conception of what a terrible conglomeration there has been in tax matter for the past five years or so.

"I am agent for a number of parties possessing large amounts of Duluth real estate, much of which is in outlying districts. These parties loaded up near the top of the boom wave, and when it subsided they were left with their property. Of course no one dreamed that the panic conditions were to last any length of time, and we did not feel at all alarmed. We continued to pay the taxes on the property for several years, though the strain kept getting worse right along and the kicks that came with the checks for taxes grew harder every year. Along about 1894 some of them began to qu... The lots could not be sold for the assessed valuation, and many of them had caused more taxes than the lots themselves were worth at that date.

"Of course others quit paying at the same time, and as more people quit paying the taxes for those who did pay kept getting higher. At first we saved interest by fighting the taxes in the courts, but we always lost our suits. Indeed, we did not expect to win them. The only object in fighting them was to stave off the day of settlement and thus save interest on the unpaid taxes. By 1897 two-thirds of the property I represented had been abandoned by the owners, and the lots were resting quietly under overwhelming loads of tax debts. Then came the forfeited tax arrangement of 1897 and the compromise proposition of the county board. We took advantage of the offer of the board to settle up the taxes on our more desirable property at 50 per cent of the taxes of 1898 for the delinquent years. The balance went into the forfeited tax sale.

"Some of the lots were purchased there by investors in tax titles, and some we bought in ourselves. As matters picked up we purchased some of these tax titles, paying the investors neat little sums for their interest. Then the supreme court decided that these titles were no good, and we presumed we had the taxes to pay just the same as though there had been no sale. We settled up some of the property by paying up the taxes, we got refunds on some of our forfeited tax sale purchases, and then came the recent decision of the supreme court that where no refunds had been made the sale settled the delinquent taxes.

"And so it goes. The tangle just now is about as bad as it has ever been, but it is the darkest hour before the dawn, and in a short time we expect to have every piece of property we are interested in cleaned up to date. After that it will be a simple matter of paying the taxes as they become due, and it will be a pretty hard state of affairs that will tempt us to miss a payment again. In all these troubles we have been getting the very best treatment at the county auditor's office, where all these matters have been handled, and the conduct of business there cannot be commended too highly."

THE ORE SHIPMENTS.

Run More Than 1,800,000 Tons In June.

The ore shipments from the Minnesota mines during the month of June were very heavy, aggregating 1,839,362 tons. The figures for each road were as follows:

Duluth & Iron Range	870,000
Duluth, Missabe & Northern	629,579
Eastern Minnesota	339,783
Total	1,839,362

Last year in the same month the shipments aggregated 1,140,959 tons.

WILD WEST.

Pawnee Bill's Big Show ---Great Crowd Sees Parade.

The Pawnee Bill Wild West show arrived from Ashland early this morning and its outfit was quickly at the grounds at Twenty-ninth avenue west and Superior street. There was a large crowd at the grounds as usual to see the erection of the canvas and the labors of the employes in preparing the show for exhibition.

Long before the hour set for the parade the street was filled with people. It appeared in the business section of the city about 10:45 o'clock, passing up Fifth avenue west to First street, east to Third avenue east, down to Superior street and back to the grounds.

The parade is one of the interesting features of the show. It is many blocks in length and contains interesting features that are not only new but attractive in a show of this kind. For instance there was a children's section that attracted the attention of the little ones, in which there were small hacks, drawn by tiny ponies, besides many small donkeys that marched along contented with being one of the attractions in a novel parade. The Indians, Arabians, Cowboys, Cossacks and other nationalities added to the variety of the parade.

After the parade a free exhibition was given at the grounds, which was well worth seeing. A high dive was made from a ladder that was marvelous and something unlike the regular free performances given at circuses in which a tight wire walk is all that the people are shown after walking to the grounds. The Wild West is accompanied by a side show and the usual amount of red lemonade that quenches the thirst, and the "only a dime, 10 cents," shouters are on hand with strong voices and wonderful promises.

There was a great crowd at the performance this afternoon.

FIVE WERE LUCKY.

They Got Pearson's Hundred Dollar Bills.

New York, July 3.—"Got that $100 bill?" "No, have you?" "No." "Well, let's try that fellow over there.'

This is a sample of some 10,000 conversations going on simultaneously in all parts of Madison square Monday afternoon. C. Arthur Pearson had announced over his signature in a Sunday paper that on Monday afternoon between the hours of 5 and 7, five men, each with a $100 bill about him, would appear in the square. The first person showing a copy of the paper who should ask the holder of the bill in question, "Have you got that $100 bill?' would become at once its possessor.

The five were there and so was a crowd of all sorts and conditions of men, women and children. Their number was estimated at from 20,000 at the beginning of the contest, to 30,000 near its close.

Jacob Reinstein, of 52 Pitt street, was the first to get one of the bills. After this had been drawn, the crowd warmed to its work. Another one of the $100 bills was got by Louise E. Lloyd, a negress; T. Baxter, Mrs. J. E. Derby, of Boston; T. J. Corrigan, and an unnamed school teacher were the other lucky ones. There were fights in abundance.

MONTH A HEAVY ONE

Large Lumber Shipments From Head of the Lakes.

Beats June of Last Year By Ten Million Feet.

This Year's Cut May Break All Previous Records.

The report of the customs office for the port of Duluth for the month of June shows a very heavy shipment of lumber. During the month 43,586,000 feet went down the lakes from Duluth, while the entire total shipments from the head of the lake were 57,281,000, the port of Superior having a record for the month of 13,695,000 feet. The total is an increase of over 20,000,000 feet over the business of last month and is a substantial increase over the business of June, 1900, which was considered a big month. The figures for that month were 47,594,000 feet. This was the total for both Duluth and Superior.

Local vesselmen say that there has been a heavier movement of lumber during the past month than during any equally long period for many years past. Chartering has been free and the lumber boats have been secured without trouble, the movement keeping up steadily from the first of the month. They say that the indications are good for another record-breaking month.

There was a period after the opening of the shipping season when it looked as if the local manufacturers would be handicapped in their season's output for lack of dock room. The docks were well filled with last year's cut, which was sold last winter. The buyers were not in a rush to accept the rates then offered by the vesselmen and the lumber did not move very rapidly. The hint held out by the lumber carriers of stiffer rates later on in the season seems to have had the desired effect and the manufacturers are not seriously crowded for room. It is doubtful if much of the old cut remains at the head of the lake docks, and shipments of the new cut have been going on to a large extent.

The prospects are for a continuous run of the local mills up to the end of the season. All are well supplied with logs. At this time last year a drouth had been followed by a log shortage and some of the mills were forced to close down for a season and others ran irregularly. In spite of this the year 1900 was a banner year in the lumber manufacturing business at the head of the lakes and it was predicted that the total of manufactured lumber at the head of the lakes for the season of 1901 would not equal the 1900 mark. With most of the mills running night and day there is every prospect that the cut this year will eclipse all former records in the history of the lumbering industry here.

The high rains of the last week have put the many logging streams of the district to the tops of their banks and it is said that the loggers will be able to get logs out this summer that a few weeks ago they expected could not be reached before another spring.

The local lumber market is very quiet in spite of the presence of many buyers from the East. There is practically nothing to sell at the present time either in the hardwood or white pine line. It is claimed that the season's cut is now well up to the close of this month and if any sales are made it will be of lumber to be cut after the first of August or of September.

Heat Affects Horses.

At the corner of Eighteenth avenue west and Superior street yesterday afternoon one of a span of horses attached to a heavy wagon was overcome by the heat and collapsed while in the harness. A curious crowd was attracted by the unusual occurrence. Such an incident is rare in this city. The horse recovered subsequently.

Water Getting Low.

Lumbermen report that the water in the Nemadji river is quite low again, notwithstanding the heavy rains which fell in this region last week. Water recedes very rapidly in the Nemadji and there are many logs on the shores of the stream which cannot be brought down until there is another flood.

The Alaskan Nuggets is the best cigar we can make, or anybody can make, to sell at the nickel price.

To the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

The most popular railway from the Northwest to the great show at Buffalo will be the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

It runs, every day, five beautiful trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago, connecting directly with all Eastern lines.

Its celebrated Pioneer Limited (the famous train of the world) leaves Minneapolis 7:30 p. m. and St. Paul 8:10 p. m. daily, arriving Chicago 9:30 next morning.

Special features of the "Milwaukee's" service are the observation, buffet parlor cars on day trains, private compartment and standard sleepers on night trains, as well as buffet smoking cars, and the best dining service in the world.

Tickets at cheap rates will be on sale every day at all points on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to Buffalo and return, and the maximum comfort can be obtained by using this line.

Write to J. T. Conley, Ass't Gen'l Passgr. Agent, St. Paul, for the "Milwaukee's" Pan-American folder (one of the completest and most comprehensive guides yet published of the exposition) and all information concerning rates, etc.

$23.55 Cincinnati and Return

July 4, 5 and 6, Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short line, four trains daily) will sell tickets to Cincinnati and return for $23.55. Tickets good returning July 14, or by depositing same return limit will be extended until Aug. 31. For full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot or Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

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Largest Circulation in Duluth.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), July 3.—Temperatures close to 80 occurred at 7 a. m. (Central time) at stations in the Ohio valley and near the Atlantic and gulf coasts—not quite so warm at Washington and New York as it was yesterday, but a little warmer at Cincinnati. A cool wave prevails in the extreme West and it is a little cooler over the greater portion of the lake region. The barometer is falling but continues high in most eastern districts. A low pressure area of considerable energy is developing over the Dakotas. Showers fell over North Atlantic states, lake region, Upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys and most of the Northwest. The winds in the lake region are fresh and shifting to southerly and easterly.

Abilene	94	Medicine Hat	68
Battleford	72	Memphis	94
Bismarck	72	Miles City	90
Boston	94	Milwaukee	86
Buffalo	78	Minnedosa	74
Calgary	60	Modena	86
Charleston	86	Montgomery	90
Chicago	86	Moorhead	74
Cincinnati	92	New Orleans	92
Davenport	92	New York	98
Denver	88	North Platte	92
Detroit	90	Oklahoma	94
Dodge City	92	Omaha	88
Duluth	76	Pittsburg	94
Edmonton	60	Port Arthur	80
El Paso	92	Portland	62
Escanaba	—	Prince Albert	—
Galveston	88	Qu'Appelle	70
Green Bay	84	Rapid City	92
Havre	80	San Francisco	60
Helena	74	Santa Fe	82
Houghton	78	Shreveport	96
Huron	86	Spokane	76
Jacksonville	86	St. Louis	96
Kamloops	72	St. Paul	84
Kansas City	100	Sault Ste. Marie	76
Knoxville	92	Swift Current	—
La Crosse	90	Washington	100
Lander	88	Williston	70
Los Angeles	74	Winnemucca	82
Marquette	74	Winnipeg	78

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and cool tonight and Thursday with occasional showers or thunderstorms; fresh and brisk northeasterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, July 3.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday with possibly thunderstorms; slightly warmer southeast portion tonight. Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday with probably local thunderstorms; warmer northeast portion. North and South Dakota—Generally fair with probably thunderstorms tonight and Thursday. Upper lakes—Light to fresh variable winds, mostly east to southerly; partly cloudy with probably local thunderstorms Thursday and on Michigan and Superior tonight.

As to Sunday Amusements.

If there were more clergymen who held views like those expressed by Rev. Dr. Minot J. Savage and dared to state them, they would advance the cause of religion with all classes of people. Dr. Savage on last Sunday made "vacation religion" the theme of his sermon at the Church of the Messiah, New York. He said: I have not a word to say against Sunday amusements. There is no reason whatever in the Bible or in ecclesiastical history or anywhere else for the existence of the Puritanical or ordinary American Sunday. It is absurd and childish to think that there is anybody up in Heaven who is going to be angry at you for doing Sunday anything that is right to do on any other day in the week. Set apart Sunday morning for communion with God. Then use the rest of the day for recreation—walking, sailing, driving, playing golf or anything that will make you better physically. Do not dissipate, however, for that is not recreation. That is certainly well said. It will accomplish good. It is the restraint put by the church, upon natural, innocent inclinations for Sunday recreations, which keeps many away from it altogether. A more liberal spirit is what is needed.

Great Year For Patents.

Taken altogether, the fiscal year just closed has been a record-breaking one all around. The patent office is not to be outdone and completes the year with 25,593 patents issued, a most creditable showing for the inventive genius of the country. The largest total issued in any previous year was in 1890, when 25,322 persons received patents. Last year's record was 24,660. The chances are that the figures for 1902 will establish a new mark, for applications are now coming in at the rate of 1000 per week. A little less than 75 per cent of the applications are approved, so from this showing it looks as though about 40,000 patents might be issued during the year just begun. The number of trade marks registered during the eleven months and twenty-six days of this year is 1826, against 1721 for last year. The patent office officials, by the way, say that there is a steady increase in the applications for registration of trade marks and that the commercial public is just beginning to appreciate the value of brands of goods manufactured, and there is a corresponding increase in the number of producers who want to get their trade marks on new products registered in the patent office. Trade marks thus registered are recognized by foreign countries, according to the terms of special treaty arrangements.

Crusade Against Gasoline.

It is announced that the Chicago Underwriters' association has begun a crusade against gasoline in its various forms, and proposes to have the attention of the people drawn to the increasing casualties as well as fire losses resulting from its careless use. Statistics covering the last eleven years have been prepared, which will be sent to agents and companies in quantities, with the request that one be included in each policy issued in the city. The figures are taken from the records of the fire patrol. From 1890 to 1900 inclusive there were 110 fatal accidents from the use of gasoline, 169 serious casualties and 138 slight, in the city of Chicago. The fire statistics of other cities show a similar state of affairs, and the heavy losses of the insurance companies due to this cause will undoubtedly bring about the application of stringent regulations everywhere.

TRUST POWER IN OHIO.

As in 1896, the Ohio Republican state convention adopted a platform straddling the money question, worded in such a way that whether the national convention declared in favor of the single gold standard or bimetallism, the Ohio platform would apparently agree with it, so now we find the Ohio platform of 1901 handling very gingerly the trust question, which promises to be the next great issue before the people. Here is what the platform adopted at the Columbus convention the other day has to say on the trust problem:

"The only legislation, national or in Ohio, on this subject, has been enacted by the Republican party, and that party can be safely trusted to deal with this problem."

What great hope that offers to the people for relief through the Republican party from the exactions of the trusts! The people will recall what stringent laws were enacted at the last session of congress, Republican in both its branches, to curb the power of the trusts, and remembering the response thus made to their demands for anti-trust legislation, they will of course be satisfied with trusting the 'party of Mark Hanna, who says there are no trusts, to deal with this problem in the future in the same way that it has done in the past.

Perhaps the people may not be satisfied with these promises or with Republican performances heretofore, and perhaps they may be inclined to judge the party and its leaders by its record in relation to public officials who have been loyal to the interests of the people rather than to the interests of the trusts. It is not necessary to go outside the state of Ohio for evidence on this point. An hour after the above declaration on trusts was adopted by the Columbus convention, Judge Thaddeus Minshall, who for fifteen years has been an ornament of the supreme bench of Ohio, was retired to private life by the convention at the behest of the corporations and trusts in Ohio and out of it. Two years ago Justice Bradbury met the same fate and went to his doom complaining that it was the trusts that had ended his career as a member of the court. The fate of Attorney General Frank S. Monnett is known to every schoolboy in Ohio. He fought the trusts and they destroyed him, so far as his political standing in the Republican party is concerned. The platform declared that combinations of capital "are an evil which must be met by effective legislation, vigorously enforced." But the leaders of the party have effectively smashed every officer who dared to carry out this policy, and they did it simply and solely because the contributing trusts demanded it. As in the case of the far-famed Maine temperance law, they are in favor of an anti-trust law, but against the enforcement of it, and due notice has been served on the officers likely to have power in this direction that they will be remembered in evil if they attempt to exercise it.

Judge Minshall was known as a fearless judge. He stood straight up and offered no apologies for his decisions. He was beloved by the bar of Ohio, and the members of it did what they could toward his renomination. But they butted their head against a stone wall. His turn-down had been decreed from above; their resistance to the ukase was futile. The Standard Oil company, the Salt trust and other combinations of capital demanded the retirement of Judge Minshall. The claim has been made that the trusts were to have this as the price of the campaign fund that they contribute annually. And this is the way the Republican "party can be safely trusted to deal with this problem!"

THE TELEPHONE PATENTS.

The decision of a Massachusetts court the other day in a suit involving the validity of what is known as the second patent on the Berliner transmitter is likely to work a further revolution in the telephone business, as the entire field is now practically open for the organization of independent companies wherever sufficient capital can be raised to build a plant. For the past twenty years the Bell people have controlled the main patents on the parts of a telephone necessary to construct anything more than a mere speaking tube. The original Bell patent was only for limited use until the syndicate secured the exclusive right to the Berliner patent on an improved contact transmitter. This patent was issued in November, 1880, to Emile Berliner and ran for seventeen years. In 1891 the Bell people secured a second patent which was intended to cover the principle described in the first Berliner patent, although there was a slight improvement on that invention.

The possession of this additional patent served to prevent the formation of many independent telephone companies on devises of other inventors for fear that they would be declared infringements of the second Berliner patent. The patent office had issued a great many patents on various kinds of improved transmitters and on other improvements in telephones, but capitalists were afraid to put money into companies to work these patents on account of the fear that they would be thrown out as infringements. The Bell people hoped that their patent of 1891 would carry them along for another seventeen years in the full possession of all the rights enjoyed under the first Berliner patent. An independent company was organized some time ago in Massachusetts and made use of a telephone system that with some improvements was based on practically the same principle involved in the first Berliner patent. The Bell people promptly brought suit for infringement but the court declared that there was no infringement.

This decision will strengthen the position of the telephone companies already in the field and encourage the formation of others in communities that are now without competition in the telephone business.

TECHNICAL TRAINING.

An impressive commencement address was delivered recently at Stevens Institute, Hoboken, N. J., by Arthur G. Glasgow, a graduate of that school who is now pursuing his profession in London. He has had opportunities to observe the alarm with which both manufacturers and statesmen in Great Britain have observed the increase of American and German commerce and the serious losses which their own has sustained during recent years. He declares that the British students of the situation are practically unanimous in the opinion that the relative decline of British trade is due to the higher technical training now afforded in Germany and the United States.

In these countries there has been during the past few years a higher development of the handicrafts, and the effect has been very marked. It is agreed among all British thinkers who have studied the question that the industrial salvation of their country is to be found only in higher and more general technical education. Mr. Glasgow says that the more he extends his observation and experience the more thoroughly convinced does he become that very much of a nation's strength and progress depends upon this kind of education.

The nation with the largest number of graduates from good schools of technology, other things being equal, has an incalculable davantage in the race for industrial supremacy. Such is the concurrent testimony of those who have had the best opportunities of studying the industrial situation and its controlling factors.

GOVERNMENT BY THIEVES.

The Philadelphia papers continue to denounce the plundering of that city by those who are entrusted with the management of its affairs. One paper plainly asserts that thieves govern the city and the great state of Pennsylvania and that Senator Quay is the chief of the gang of bandits. For the second time within a few months, it points out, franchises worth hundreds of thousands of dollars have been given away to members of the gang of thieves, the officials bestowing the franchises being members of the same gang.

Some months ago A. L. Johnson, a brother of Mayor Tom Johnson, of Cleveland, Ohio, applied for franchises to build certain street railway lines in Philadelphia, guaranteeing 3-cent fares and universal free transfers. This spurred the looters to pass a bill authorizing the secretary of state, a subchief of the gang, to grant charters to build railroads not only in Philadelphia, but in other cities of the state. Under this law the secretary of state at once granted free franchises to members of the gang of thieves to build whatever lines they chose, permitting 5-cent fares, and making no stipulation whatever about transfers, and this in the face of an offer by John Wanamaker to pay $2,500,000 cash for the franchises that the gang voted away to itself for nothing, Wanamaker having deposited $250,000 as an assurance that he meant business.

This is the natural result of a state, or city, getting into the suicidal habit of going one way politically by large majorities. Parties that are long continued in power and grow to rely confidently on a large majority become corrupt. They grow careless about the character of their candidates, believing that any one with the party label can win, and thus corrupt politicians get into office and rob the people. But the people themselves are to blame when they allow such conditions to continue. It serves the people of Philadelphia and of Pennsylvania right to rob them, because they have long known the character of Quay and his tools. The people of that city seem rather to enjoy being governed by thieves, and the rest of the country can have little sympathy with them now.

Russia is about to try an experiment which if successful will render the empire comparatively independent of British or American coal. The plan is to use a recent invention for the purpose of coking enormous tracts of peat to be found in the country. A large experimental factory has been erected near St. Petersburg, although the product is already in use on the railroad between St. Petersburg and Moscow. If it meets required tests it will be adopted generally as a substitute for coal, which will be of vast benefit to Russia, not only obviating the necessity of sending large sums out of the country for coal, but checking the consumption of its forests.

Physicians of Aberdeen, South Dakota, announce a "successful" operation on S. D. Cone, of that place. Mr. Cone was suffering from a cancerous growth which penetrated the passage of emfwy etcwnf prevented the passage of food from the stomach. To overcome this, the intestine was severed and attached in a new place. The operation "was most successful" report the physicians—but the patient died on Saturday. There seems to be a slight ambiguity in these frequent reports concerning successful operations. It would be well, perhaps, to consider them as successful for the surgeon rather than for the patient.

In Chicago, though there as elsewhere church property is exempt from taxation, all productive or income-producing property of religious, educational or charitable institutions has been put upon the tax list. This is a policy that ought to be adopted everywhere. Public sentiment is in favor of exempting the property of such institutions necessary for their own use or to carry on their work, but as soon as they own property to rent or for speculation, it should be taxed.

The man who drew a check for a large amount last Saturday, and then dated it Monday so as to save the 2-cent revenue stamp would have felt like some of the former "penny-wise and pound-foolish" individuals if the bank had happened to have suspended on Saturday.

Judge Humphreys, of Honolulu, is in favor of annexing Hawaii to California, and making it for all political purposes a part of that state. But the federal officeholders in Hawaii will hardly permit that to be done.

Riots have recently occurred in Rio Janeiro because street car fares were not reduced. In this country the people do things differently. They work off their indignation by writing letters to the newspapers.

It is not worth while to convict embezzling bank officials because the president pardons them right out again. President McKinley has made a record in this respect.

Mr. Woolley says the United States will yet have a Prohibition president. Possibly, but he will not be elected by the present Prohibition party.

Ministers of an Illinois town have resolved against Sunday funerals. All well-trained church members will thereafter die early in the week.

"June's a jolly jag of joy," declared an Eastern editor last week, but he did not say whether he had a June bride or a case of Mumm.

Emperor William is to establish a "hall of fame." Of course, Wilhelm will give himself the first place in it.

Now if it will only clear up for the Fourth, all will be forgiven.

COURAGE.

Courage! Best partner of our joys and woes!
E'en in the darkest hour of earthly ill.
Never undimmed, thy welcome beacon glows,
Throbs with each pulse, and beats with every thrill!
Bright o'er the wasted scene thou hoverest still,
Angel of comfort to the failing soul,
Undaunted by the tempest wild and chill,
Whose angry and disastrous billows roll,
And taint what thou hast done with death and dole!

When sorrow rends the heart with feverish pain,
And wrings hot drops of anguish from the brow,
To soothe the soul, to cool the burning brain.
O, who so welcome and so true as thou!
The battle's blood-dimmed scene and angry glow,—
The death-encircled pillow of distress,—
The lonely moment of secluded woe,—
Alike thy guidance and thy worth confess,
Alike thy valor and thy friendship bless.

—ROBERT MACKAY in Success.

Plugging For Pension Fees.

Portland Oregonian: The government will soon be paying $1,000,000 a year on account of the war with Spain. The pension office returns now show that the pay roll is about $834,750. They are now coming in at the rate of 1400 a month. The June returns will doubtless show a great increase in the number of applications. This is due to the fact that an army of pension attorneys has massed at San Francisco and make it their business to corral the mustered-out soldier and see that he becomes an applicant at once for the government's bounty. It makes little difference, they assure him, whether he is sick or has been wounded in the service; he has undoubtedly filled his system with germs of future trouble, which, when they have incubated a sufficient time, will appear as rheumatism, defective vision, deafness and all the other ills flesh is heir to. They warn him that other men are applying and that now is the appointed time; they will, of course, take the case on commission.

Pingree's Smart Saying.

Boston Herald: The late Governor Pingree is reported as having made the remark that 'every rascal is an extreme partisan. This did not imply the corollary that every extreme partisan is a rascal. It was, rather, founded on Dr. Johnson's earlier saying that patriotism is the last refuge of the scoundrel, and, in view of this, was not especially original with Mr. Pingree. He is also quoted as saying that "every agency that is bleeding the country has taken refuge under the wing of the Republican party." This is frank from a Republican quarter, but it is more a reproach to the Republicans for being the party in power than from the necessity of their principles. The disposition on the part of the Republicans to engage in special legislation is undoubtedly an attraction to this class, but it is an excrescence upon Republicanism which did not appear until the Republican party had been some years in possession of power in the nation. It has been aggravated in Republican quarters since the helplessness of the Democratic party as a party of oposition has become patent.

Huge Gifts to Education.

Indianapolis Journal: From present indications the first year of the twentieth century will surpass all previous ones in the record of munificent gifts to colleges and libraries. It is the American way.

Doing His Duty Well.

Cleveland Leader: If Henry Clay Evans is driven out of office by the pension agents of the country, none of whom can swindle him or bulldoze him, he will have the satisfaction of knowing that the American people believe him to be an honest man and a conscientious public officer.

Golden Calf Too Prominent.

New York Press: We are getting well into our second century a less literate, a less artistic America, so far as public appreciation of literary and artistic application is concerned, than we were in the middle quarters of our first. The golden calf has usurped a predominant place of worship among our Yankee gods and he is a true priest of our altars who seeks to restore him to his place of a useful but not supreme deity.

Building Up Western Colleges.

Chicago Chronicle: Dr. D. K. Pearsons is right in saying that money intended for the foundation of educational institutions should be given to the West. "The East is full of colleges.' The trend of population, the prudence of keeping sons and daughters where they can be in touch with their families, the high scholastic standard already set in the new schools of the West, all combine to justify generosity in building up Western, not Eastern, education for both men and women.

The Speaker and the King.

Detroit Journal: Speaker Henderson, after calling upon the king, says Edward was very frank and cordial and expressed himself to the effect that England is wid us. The idea! The king smiled and was agreeable. Why shouldn't he? It is he who should have sought consultation with the speaker. It is he who should have given off the interview, changed to read: "The United States is wid us." For is the king ace high compared to the speaker of the American house of representatives? So the king was delighted, was he? Well, he should have been. It isn't every king who is called upon by Speaker Henderson, and don't you forget it. It must have made an entrancing picture, this consultation between a king and the man who is more than king, in which each promised the other the support of the people at his back. In the pages of British history yet unwrit the incident must be recorded. Allah bishmi kergoo Allah! Which means, God save the speaker!

Good Old Law In Business.

Detroit Free Press: Even the genius of speculation cannot get the best of the good old law of supply and demand. There was a slump in wheat as soon as it was known from the government reports that the prospective crop was to be a big one, and what helps keep the price down is the fact that the foreign harvests promise to be rich, thus cutting off the prospect of wealth because of their misfortune.

LIGHT AND BRIGHT.

Chicago Tribune: "Can I buy insurance here?" asked the visitor to the great fire insurance office and the gay young clerk told only the truth? when he answered, "Not on your life."

Brooklyn Life: "Did you ever notice what a supercilious expression Upnose has?"

"Yes. He looks like a Chicago man visiting the Buffalo exposition."

Washington Star: "Do you think the position assumed by your friend is correct?" said one lawyer.

"I don't know," answered the other absentmindedly. "He is one of the best golf players in our club and while he may look a little awkward sometimes, I wouldn't undertake to criticise him."

Chicago Tribune: "Thirteen dollars and a half seems a high price for such a comparatively short trip," said the man with the traveling bag in his hand.

"We thought people would rather pay that than $13," replied the agent of the steamer line with an explanatory and apologetic cough.

Philadelphia Press: Doctor—You must get your mind off your business for a while. Why not take a rest in the country.

Mr. Wallstreet—That wouldn't do me any good. When the summer breezes blew around the farm I'd be sure to see the wheat rising and falling.

Chicago Post: "Kind lady, kin yer give a pore deservin' man a bite to eat?"

"Here's a good piece o' cherry pie for you; sit right down on the doorstep and enjoy it."

"Oh, lady; yer means well, but eatin' cherry pie with th' stones in ain't no pleasure—it's work, downright work."

Puck: Little Elmer (who has an inquiring mind)—Papa, what is firmness?

Prof. Broadhead—The exercise of will power, my son.

Little Elmer—Well sir, what is obstinacy?

Prof. Broadmind—The exercise of won't power, my son.

Washington Star: "I understand that Milton got only a few pounds for 'Paradise Lost,'" said the literary friend.

"Well," answered Senator Sorghum, seriously, "I don't see what he could expect. I have glanced through 'Paradise Lost.' There is no way in which it could possibly influence votes."

Denver Times: He was thoroughly happy when he entered the front door with a package in his hand and exclaimed:

"I've got something here for the woman I love better than all the world."

"John," she said, sadly, "I don't object to extravagance ordinarily, but I do object to you buying expensive presents for the cook."

But then, you see, she judged him by his appetite, not his heart.

An Optimist.

Shall I, by Life's close commonplaces hedged,
Misrate the casual sunbeam, or, austere,
Regard the wild flower pale, chance-rooted here,
Scorning the song bird thus dull thicket fledged?
Nay! Heart's ease, Fortune, I have never pledged,
A hostage for thy favor all too dear.
Ah, Heaven's light downshineth strangely near,
When outward view hath long been casement edged
Though grim mischance with evil hour conspire,
The balanced soul they shall not oversway,
Nor circumstance abash, nor failure bar,
They vex me not, the lamps of old desire,
Unlighted in the bare room of today.
Somewhere the morning waits! Meanwhile—a star.

—LULU W. MITCHELL in the Century.

Same Old Story.

Chicago Chronicle: It should not be forgotten that the Fourth of July will sweep down upon us this year as formerly, and find us just as unprepared as we always have been to do the things we insisted on the day following the last Fourth of July should be done before the next Fourth of July will find our foresight, as usual, hanging on the coat-tails of our hindsight.

Now Will You Be Good.

New York World: A manufacturer of cigarettes is quoted in the West as saying that 100,000 New York women are smokers. If he is quoted correctly at least one cigarette maker is a liar.

The Offensive Grafter.

Kansas City Star: About the only way to make the doctrine of expansion offensive to the people would be to give the American "grafter" free rein in hogging grants and concessions in the new insular possession of the United States.

ROMANTIC LOVE STORY

To Be Revealed By a Princess' Betrothal.

Philadelphia, July 3.—The London correspondent of the North American News cables: I am assured that the people of England will soon rejoice at the formal announcement of the betrothal of Princess Victoria, daughter of King Edward and Queen Alexandra.

Their majesties have long been anxious for the marriage of the princess, and have not been slow in encouraging one after another of the eligible European princes who have sought her hand.

Princess Victoria, however, has never given encouragement to any of her royal suitors. English princesses have always married at an early age, and the reluctance of Victoria to enter into wedlock has been considered unaccountable. More than once there has been suspicion that her royal highness had given her heart to the keeping of someone not of the royal blood, but there has never been confirmation of this suspicion. She has always been somewhat eccentric and original, in this respect resembling her aunt, the Princess Louise, whose mother, Queen Victoria, had no little trouble in breaking up her love affairs with a young clergyman.

Suitors for Victoria's hand were many before her grandmother died, and they have increased in number since her father ascended the throne.

It is not known that a betrothal has heretofore been prevented by the peculiar ideas of the marriage relation held by Princess Victoria. Another reason has also been advanced. The princess is said to be a victim of epilepsy, and her parents have been advised that marriage may bring the wished-for cure.

The betrothal is expected to reveal a most romantic love story.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists. Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

$24.50 Pan-American, Buffalo

Until further notice the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, all rail, via Chicago, to Buffalo and return, for $24.50. Good returning ten days from date of sale. For full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

DAILY STORY.

HIS SISTER'S KEEPER.

BY ELIZABETH DYKE LEWIS.

(Copyright, 1901, by E. D. Lewis.)

She was only the third lady in the cast of the comic opera, but her voice was improving and she had youth and a good figure to give her hopes of advancement. She entered into her part with an enthusiasm which overlooked the draughty wings and even the chilly barrenness of her own dressing room. She hated her lodgings in the French quarter in West Twenty-fifth street, and always longed to get back to the theater.

She was sitting in her dressing room on Wednesday afternoon, ready for the matinee, which was to begin in ten minutes—when the call boy came to the door.

"Why, surely my watch isn't wrong!" she exclaimed, for she was not needed until half-past two. No, only the manager wanted to speak to her. The manager often wanted to speak to her. She came cheerfully forward to see what he wanted. He was standing in his shirt sleeves, giving the gas man a dressing about some lights which had ruined the star's costume the night before; but he left his speech in the middle, and came to meet her, laying his hand familiarly on her shoulder. He was a big man, and rather ugly, but even the chorus girls confessed that he had a way with him. The little singer felt it too, for she let herself be drawn into the office and the door shut behind her. Then she gave a fillip to her short skirts, and perched on the table.

The manager cleared his throat and went to the point.

"You see, Miss Kennedy," he began, "I've been wanting to give you a lift for some time. I can't bounce Miss Gray, of course. She's been on a good while and is used to it. But after this run I do want you to have something better. Now here's a thing called 'Liberty Belle' that's bound to make a hit some time, and if you like you can take the score home, and try 'Fair Helen's' part on your piano. It was simply made for you"—he turned the leaves rapidly, showing her the size of the part, and a few of the situations, and humming a couple of the songs, while his plump forefinger followed the points on his fingers, "here's the scheme in brief. You're 'Fair Helen.' Stevens is the 'duke's son'—and I'm your manager. And we go off on the road, Pittsburg, you know, and Cincinnati, and perhaps Chicago, if it's all right. And now, before you say anything, I want it to be quite understood that the point of the whole thing, to me at least, is that I'm your manager, see? And now, Miss Kennedy, I'm going to make myself believe that you'll think it over the right way. And I guess it's about time for us both to be on the outside of that door, ain't it?"

He opened the door and let her out ahead of him, and she ran into the wings and talked to the chorus girls till her cue came. She joined absently in their laughter at her own jokes, and all the time she was thinking over the manager's proposal.

It sounded very attractive. She knew that she would stand a better chance of real promotion if she held her position in a good "stock." Yet the idea of a star part and presumably higher salary was alluring in the extreme.

She abandoned her reflections, as the time came for her to lead the chorus out, and to dance while they echoed responses to her song.

"But that I never do!" her song concluded, as she brought both feet together with a martial click and salute.

"Ah! That we never do!" echoed the chorus; and then she had to come further down, and do the last verse over again. She could see over the footlights, and even distinguish faces in the first three or four rows of the orchestra. The front row was nearly filled by a party of school girls with their chaperon, but at the end was a man, who was strangely out of place in that matinee assemblage. She looked beyond him to the old ladies behind, and then to the lines of heads in the galleries, but presently she found her glance coming back to him. For a few moments she was tantalized, and then she suddenly remembered where she had met him. It was in quite another life. He could hardly afford to recognize her even if he remembered her, she thought bitterly—and just then his face lighted up, and he stared at her and bowed and smiled in the most friendly way, though he seemed a little uncertain of her returning the salutation. She found a way to do so, however, and when she gave the last whirl to her skirts and ran off, she knew that he would take her final bow as meant for him.

She joined the others for a chat in the wings till the end of the act, and when she went to her dressing room she found two fine bouquets of "Jack's" waiting for her. She looked for the cards. Her first bunch was from a man to whom she had sent a box. He was doubtless there—with his wife and children. She must remember to look when she went on again. But the second! She opened her eyes. He had not only spoken to her—he had sent her flowers! Did it mean that there were others in this world who would take her back again still. The manager and his melodramatic adoration seemed suddenly as far away from her as they would have been a year before. She remembered having read a newspper clipping which had suggested higher than this for her. "Miss Kennedy's abilities," it had said, "were rather above her voice, and it would not be amiss for her to see what she could do in legitimate comedy." Indeed, she had been thinking seriously of leaving the operatic stage at the close of the present engagement, perhaps for the drama, perhaps for no stage at all—who could tell? She lifted the flowers and impulsively hurried off to the manager's room.

"I have come,' she said, afraid to stop for breath, lest her resolutions should change, "to refuse your very kind offer, for reasons which I can not explain, and to return you the books."

She thrust score and libretto into his hands. He stared at her astonished.

"Why, Miss Clara!" he exclaimed, "you will at least take till tomorrow to think it over. You will at least try the score! You can not refuse me—surely you."

"No," she said firmly, for she would have no more words with this man than she could help. "I am sorry if I disappointed you—sorry if I gave you to understnd, * * * but this is final, and I must go. There is my call," she added hastily, as she heard the song out on the stage drawing to an end. Then she ran out and stood, for an instant in the wings.

"I may repent it afterward,' she said to herself, "but I won't if I can help it. It was real nice of him sending me those flowers. I am glad, though, that he'll never know how much they happened to mean to me. He'd think it was too silly! I shan't dare to look at him again."

The star brushed past her with a kind jest and a laugh, and she went on, crying, to meet a Strephon in blue satin, who vainly endeavored to wipe away her tears. She was too much occupied with her business to have a fair look at the front seats. After a few explanatory sobs on her part, Strephon, with histrionic intuition, seemed to grasp the situation, and they advanced to the footlights together, joining in a duet. The air was familiar to every street boy now, and unless she gave it her entire attention each person in the audience would think that he had heard it better done. She dared not glance even once to the spot toward which she was, half unconsciously, acting all the time; but when she ran out for the last time she thought that a certain lifting of her eyelashes and a saucy shrug of her shoulders, just as she kissed her hand in that same direction, would be accepted as reparation for her apparently cold treatment. She almost fancied a gleam of gratitude as warm as her own coming toward her from the golden haze of the footlights on the end.

That seat, had she but seen it, was empty. It had been empty since the first scene. The man in the box of the upper tier scarcely remembered that he knew one of the girls on the cast. He was engrossed for the present in quite a different sort of young woman—the one for whom he had brought some flowers, and whom he had been able to find only after the second act. She was sitting a little behind the rest of her party, and as he leaned over her chair she bent her head back until it almost touched his arm, and laughed softly into his eyes at something he had said. There was a charming understanding between them. They had both forgotten that there was any one on the stage.

Let me give you a tip

When you want to strike real bar-bargains, look in on us. For instance just now we are offering some splendid values in—

Summer Suits,
In neat checks and stripes, at—
$8 and $10

Real dressy business suits, splendid fitters; good enough for anyone to wear at—$12 and $15. Better ones at—$18, $20, $25, $28.

Hot Weather Underwear

Balbriggan Underwear—at 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Fancy Striped Underwear—at—50c per garment.

Something "Chic" in shirts; pleated bosoms, open work. Very latest at each.. $1.25

Fancy Hose at 15c; 2 pair for 25c.

Better ones in fancy hose, 25c a pair.

Bathing Suits—
Per Suit.................. 50c
and upwards.

☞Any goods bought of us not satisfactory—Cheerfully Made Right.

C. W. ERICSON,
Reliable Clothier.
219 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Pension Sharks Turned Down.

Philadelphia Press: The refusal of President McKinley to remove Pension Commissioner Evans, despite the tremendous pressure brought to bear against the commissioner by the shyster pension attorneys—not the reputable men engaged in that business—is one of the most creditable acts of the administration. A great deal of money has been spent by the attorneys in working up opposition and they have even gone so far as to declare that the national committee promises to have Evans removed, but that proves to be, like so many of their rejected claims a "fake." The soldiers never had a better friend in the pension office than is Commissioner Evans, himself a soldier, and all stories about his being in the slightest degree inimical to the true interests of the veterans are bosh. Commissioner Evans has proved the right man in the right place, despite what certain "professional soldiers" may say to the contrary.

Battle Royal In Prospect.

Chicago Post: Western merchants are preparing to show to the members of the Interstate Commerce commission that, through combinations of different railways, freight rates have been advanced by unauthorized manipulation of the various classifications of commodities. Thus the necessity for the commission is demonstrated annually, and also the necessity for additional transportation laws.

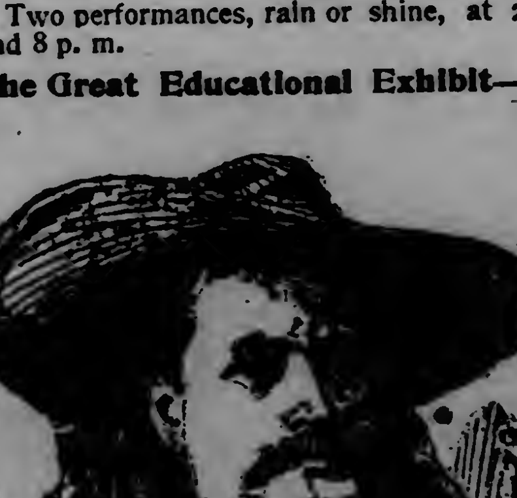
AMUSEMENTS.

LAST TIME TONIGHT

Duluth Circus Grounds,
29th Ave. West and Sup. St.

Two performances, rain or shine, at 2 and 8 p. m.

The Great Educational Exhibit—



Pawnee Bill's Wild West.
1000 Men and Horses.

Exciting and thrilling reproduction of modern and romantic history. Portrayed by Indians and natives of many nations.

Strange and startling street parade at 10 a. m.

PARLOR THEATER.
W. J. Wells, Manager 19 Second Ave. West.
EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.
"Ida Rose Big Specialty Co."
Fine Bill of Vaudeville Acts.

A PLOT TO DEFRAUD

Scheme to Defraud Woodmen and Royal Neighbor Lodges.

In Which O'Toole Was Presumably Buried In Texas.

But Climbed Out of the Grave Into the Brush.

Fort Scott, Kan., July 3.—Dr. J. B. McGuire, who was arrested some time ago as an accomplice with Dr. Thomas O'Toole, of this ctiy, in attempting to defraud the Modern Woodmen of the World and Royal Neighbor lodges out of $8000 insurance by going through a mock death and burial, has just made a sworn confession, which has been filed in court here along with the statement of D. H. Cox, a barber, of San Antonio, Texas. Cox was an eyewitness to the burial of O'Toole and did not know until arrested as an accomplice that the doctor crawled out of one end of the grave while dirt was being shoveled into it.

O'Toole took out the life insurance in local lodges here and paid one or two monthly assessments before he left for Texas.

A few weeks later his wife received a telegram from Dr. McGuire, whom it seems O'Toole met at Juno, Texas, informing her that her husband was dangerously sick near Sonora, on the Western Texas prairie, seventy-five miles from a railroad, and calling her there. Two or three days after her departure she wired the lodges that the doctor had died, and later she returned and began to inquire about the insurance.

She said the doctor had died of smallpox and she could not go to the grave, but that she stopped at San Angelo, Texas, and there met one Dr. McGuire, her husband's friend, who was with him when he died and who helped to bury him near Sonora. The circumstances caused suspicion, and later it developed that the O'Toole grave contained only rocks, boards and blanket. A Texas sheriff pursued O'Toole and McGuire 350 miles and arrested them on the Rio Grande river as they were entering Old Mexico.

McGuire says O'Toole suggested the scheme to him at Juno. He was to hire a young man named D. H. Cox as a traveling companion and start from San Angelo to Sonora, Texas, feign sickness a short distance out and send the young man for McGuire to attend him. The plans were executed when they were about fifty miles out of San Angeles. O'Toole told Cox he had the smallpox. Upon his arrival Dr. McGuire confirmed the report. At midnight of the next day O'Toole supposedly died. Cox was kept away from the wagon in which he was lying for fear he would catch the disease. He helped McGuire dig the grave. The burial is described by McGuire in these words in his confession:

"After O'Toole pretended to be dead, I gave Ben an awful cursing for not going away sooner. I was afraid Ben would hear him breathing. Next morning I sent Ben after tools to dig the grave. O'Toole stayed in the hack pretty well all the time. After the grave was dug, I got Ben to help me roll the hack back near the grave.

"I threw in the old quilt, and O'Toole jumped out of the grave and then went out on his hands and knees through an opening in the brush and went off, while Ben and I were filling the grave. I told Ben to take my horse and go back home. I then got in the hack and drove on up the road toward Sonora. I overtook O'Toole in about two or three miles. He got in the hack and came on to Sonora with me."

He goes on to tell about spending several days at San Angelo with Mrs. O'Toole, during which time she and McGuire went to the clerk of the local Woodmen's lodge and had him take McGuire's statement in writing as proof of O'Toole's death.

Young Cox's statement corroborates McGuire's. He says he was cautioned to stand some distance away to prevent his caething the disease when the wagon with O'Toole in it was backed up to the grave. The grave was under a large oak tree and was surrounded by thick underbrush. He saw McGuire lift O'Toole out of the wagon and put him into the grave. After some blankets, boards and dirt had been thrown in by McGuire to cover the body, Cox went up and helped fill the grave. McGuire painted a headboard, giving the name of the deceased and the date of his death.

INCREASE

Of Earnings of Northern Pacific For Past Year.

St. Paul, July 3.—Northern Pacific gross earnings for the fiscal year, which ended at midnight of June 30, show an astonishing increase over the previous fiscal year, which has stood as a record-breaker. While the official statement for June and for the twelve months just closed will not be issued for some days, it is understood that the earnings from the main system for the fiscal year will be approximately $32,460,000, and for proprietary lines $255,000, or a total of $32,750,000. Gross earnings for the previous fiscal year were $30,321,317. The increase shown will be fully $2,683,683.

The figures for the fiscal year include the earnings of the former St. Paul & Duluth, which amounted to $1,900,000. Deducting the latter, the earnings of the Northern Pacific system as it existed previous to the absorption of the St. Paul & Duluth were about $783,000 over last year. Included in the earnings of the main system are those of the Seattle & International, which was taken in April 1. There are but two proprietary lines at present, the Minnesota & International, which includes the Brainerd & Northern, and the Washington & Columbia River. The Brainerd & Northern's gross showing for 1900 was $316,650.28; the Washington & Columbia River, $290,704.35.

Low Rates.

Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria and return only $45.00 via Great Northern Railway. Tickets on sale July 6th to 13th inclusive and good returning until August 31st. The Great Northern Ry., the short, fast line to Pacific Coast points. See Great Northern ticket agents for details of these cheap trips. City office, corner Spalding hotel.

Sent Free To Men

Free Trial Package of This New Discovery Mailed to Every Man Sending Name and Address—Quickly Restores Strength and Vigor.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They cured so many men who had battled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood that the institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful folly premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.

A. E. ROBINSON, M.D., C.M. Medical Director.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 656 Elektron Building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

HIS REWARD.

Canine Life Saver Shot on Account of Boy's Lie.

Chicago, July 3.—"Scott," the collie dog that in the past five years has saved a dozen lives along the lake shore by his daring dives and splendid swimming, suffered the death penalty yesterday for a fib told by a boy whom the intelligent animal had rescued. Tommy Peterson, a 10-year-old boy, while swimming in the lake, got beyond his depth and cried for help. The dog, hearing the call, jumped into the water and dragged the youngster to safety. In hauling the boy to shore, Scott happened to bite Peterson on the leg, and the boy, fearing he would be chastised by his mother for disobeying her and bathing in the lake, told her had been attacked by the dog in the park and bitten. Mrs. Peterson complained to the authorities and a policeman was sent to kill the dog. In the meantime friends of the animal hurried to the police station and made known the facts in the case, but before the order could be rescinded the policeman had coaxed the faithful brute away from home and killed him.

Excursion for Two Harbors July 4th.

Str. Bon Ami leaves Singer's dock 9 a.m. Str. Mabel Bradshaw leaves foot Fifth avenue west 1:45 p. m.; Singer's dock 2 p. m., returning leaves Two Harbors 4:30 p. m., arriving in time to see fire works; fare 50c round trip.

CHALLENGE DECLINED.

Rothesay, July 3.—Sir Thomas Lipton refuses to entertain the challenge of Kenneth M. Clark, owner of the Kariad, for a series of trial races between the Kariad and the Shamrock II, but offers to sail the Shamrock I against the Kariad in five matches, each match to be for £500 a side. The Royal Ulster Yacht club has notified Mr. Clark that it must decline to take up the question of his challenge.

If You Enjoy Life While Traveling

The congenial parties which gather in the cafe club car or in the observation parlor of the Pennsylvania Limited may include some of your friends. If they are partial to highest standard traveling facilities, you will surely find them on the limited, for this train is a favorite with the best class of travelers. It leaves Chicago 5:30 p. m. daily on 24-hour run to New York. Learn about its comforts by arranging with H. R. Dering, A. G. P. agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for your next trip East on this train.

$2.85 July Fourth, Deerwood & Return.

July 3 and 4, Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets to that popular resort Deerwood and return at $2.85. Good returning up to and including July 8. For tickets call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street or Union depot.

This Will Interest You.

Mr. E. Stevens, 1891 East Eighth street, says: "I am much pleased with what Herba Cura Stomach Powder has done for me. I was troubled for some time with my stomach and suffered from weakness constipation and soreness across the abdomen. I doctored for a while without success, I then tried Herba Cura and in three days the soreness diappeared and, although I have not yet finished the first box, I feel much better and am getting stronger." Sold by the best druggists.

CORNELL'S VICTORY

Remarkable Winning of the Annual 'Varsity Race.

Wonderful Test of Nerve and Physical Endurance.

World's Record For Eight-Oared Shells Broken Handsomely.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., July 3.—The inter-collegiate boat races over the Hudson river course were decided yesterday as follows:

'Varsity eight: Cornell, first; time, 18:53 1-5. Columbia, second; time, 18:58; Wisconsin, third; time, 19:06 4-5; Georgetown, fourth; time, 19:21.

The best previous record for the 'varsity eight was 19:44 3-5. No time was taken for Syracuse and Pennsylvania, who were many lengths behind.

In the 'varsity four, Cornell was first; time, 11:39 3-5; Pennsylvania, second; time, 11:45 2-5. Columbia, third; time, 11:51 3-5. The best previous record for this distance was 10:31 1-5.

In the freshmen race, Pennsylvania was first; time, 10:20 1-5; Cornell, second; time, 10:23; Columbia, third; time, 10:36 1-5; Syracuse, fourth; time, 10:44. The previous record for the freshmen eight for this distance was 9:19½.

The first crews in the 'varsity eight rowed the following strokes during the race:

	First Mile.	Second Mile.	Third Mile.	Fourth Mile.
Cornell	34	35	35	36
Columbia	35	38	37	37
Wisconsin	35	35	37	37

Not only was a new record for 'varsity eights made, but it is more remarkable that the four leading crews in the race each broke the old record by many seconds.

The race was rowed in water that was very advantageous and, while this may have helped the time, still it did not seem to assist the freshmen, who rowed under almost the same conditions.

The 'varsity race was the most exciting of the day, although the other two, with much uncertainty over the winners, caused a flurry. The fact that Pennsylvania had been picked as a sure winner of the four-oared event, but that Cornell beat her out easily, whetter the appetite of the thousands upon the shore and observation train for the other contests.

The phenomenal feature of the races is that had not the Cornell freshmen's boat broken in the last half mile, Cornell would last night have been the victor. Columbia is happy, for her oarsmen have come up from a very bad place to the second place in a six-sided contest, after giving the winners a hard fight.

Georgetown, a new rival for honors, and to whom little attention had been paid, got inside the time record, and hung on to the leaders with a tenacity that surprised everybody. Pennsylvania was never in the race with its second crew, and Syracuse, with its very light oarsmen, was outrowed.

The 'varsity race was one of the fiercest struggles ever witnessed in college aquatics, and had any of the crews in the lead failed because of physical weakness, the tail-enders were ready to take their places and make good time at that. As it was, although the race was one of the most severe ever rowed, there was not a sign of distress in any boat.

It was a minute after 5:30 when the six 'varsity crews lined up at the start, there being a slight delay because of the breaking away of Cornell's stake boat. The referee gave the usual warnings, and at the report of the pistol the start was practically uniform, Cornell having the only advantage; because of the absence of a stake boat she had to make a flying start. It was evident before twenty-five strokes had been rowed that the pace cut out by Cornell, Wisconsin, Columbia and Georgetown was too much for the light Syracuse crew and the second Pennsylvania, for they began to drop behind into a second section. At the half mile there was not two feet between the first three boats, while Georgetown had dropped a half length behind them. Columbia was leading at this point.

At the mile Cornell, with pretty rowing and no apparent raising of her stroke, had taken the lead away from Columbia and had about half a length advantage. Wisconsin had tried in vain to steal second place from Columbia, and from this point, although close to Columbia's stern, never managed to draw up on her.

From the mile and half point to the 3-mile point at the bridge it was one of the most remarkable feats of endurance ever witnessed. Cornell, rowing a slow stroke to the minute, kept the nose of her shell just a scant half length in front of Columbia, who, with her faster stroke and a clean-running boat, made desperate efforts to reach her rival. Wisconsin, a half length behind Columbia, made equally great efforts, but they seemed to be of no avail, and Georgetown held on to the trio of pacemakers with a tenacity that won for her the plaudits of the spectators. Those who watched the terrific pace looked at any moment to see one of the four leaders go to pieces, but they swept down under the bridge without changing position. Here it was that Columbia made a desperate attempt to take the lead. Her stroke hit up a swinging gait and her boat in less than five seconds had evened with Cornell. The leading crew raised its stroke slightly, and, taking the lead again, passed on toward the finish line, increasing the lead until, when the line was crossed, they had a length and a quarter advantage over Columbia. Wisconsin had found herself unable to get any more speed in the last mile and finished two lengths and a half behind Columbia.

Georgetown had hung on like a young bulldog and finished only a scant two lengths behind the Wisconsin crew. Syracuse and Pennsylvania were distanced.

$45.00 Round Trip to Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Pacific Coast Points

VIA GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Tickets first class and good until Aug. 31. Only $50 to San Francisco and return. On sale July 6 to 13, inclusive. For details of these cheap Pacific coast excursions call at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

TO THE PEOPLE OF DULUTH:

Beaumont, Tex., June 26, 1901.

I am in receipt this morning of a letter from the underwriters of the Export Oil and Pipe Line Co., of which ex-Senator Towne is president, stating that on account of the great interest in the Export Oil and Pipe Line Co. in the East, and the large number of reservations which they have made for their friends, they have decided to place the first block of stock on the market, when they advertise, at 60 cents per share. In the article published in The Herald of June 21 it is stated that the stock would be placed on the market at 50 cents. I gave out this information on the strength of a letter from the underwriters, Walter G. Hudson & Co., of Boston, Mass. In their letter to me today they state that in view of my having written a number of letters and given this information to The Herald correspondent, they will take care of all stock ordered through me or Senator Towne at the 50 cents per share, providing all such orders bear date and post mark not later than July 5.

The underwriters will begin to advertise the Company's stock for sale at about that time, when the prospectus will be ready for distribution.

Mr. Fred W. Kugler, druggist, has a statement showing the Company's holdings, and has authority to accept subscriptions for stock and drafts, checks, etc., for the same. He will accept subscriptions at the 50 cent rate up to and including July 5.

Yours truly,

ELLIS E. BEEBE,
Auditor Export Oil & Pipe Line Company
Of Beaumout, Texas.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Sheriff Scarborough and a posse of Apaches have captured Tod Carver, alias Hilliard, charged with the murder of Frank Lesuer and Andrew Gibbons near St. John's, Ariz., over a year ago. Officers have pursued Carver all over Texas, New Mexico and Arizona.

Antino Finstad and Gunder Paulson were drowned Tuesday evening near Starbuck, Minn., while fishing. John Finley, the third member of the party, was saved.

President Gompers, of the Federation of Labor, who suffered concussion of the brain as a result of a fall from a street car last week, is progressing rapidly toward recovery. He will go to Deer Park, Md., Wednesday.

The mining town of Globe, 10 mile east of Phoenix, Ariz., has been almost totally destroyed by fire. The loss is very heavy. The wires are down and particulars are unobtainable.

James A. McNamara was given a verdict for $6500 against the Chicago Great Western road by a federal court jury at St. Paul. The plaintiff sued to recover $20,000 damages for injuries received in a railroad wreck at Bethel, Kas., last October.

Judge C. E. Otis has rendered an important decision bearing upon the taxation of bills receivable, held by foreign business concerns, but payable in Ransey county. The court holds that such bills are personal property taxable withi in Minnesota. The decision will reach a large number of business concerns whose factories and headquarters are in other states, but who have branches or local headquarters within Ramsey county.

Albert L. Jonson, of Cleveland, Ohio, brother of Mayor Thomas L. Johnson, died Tuesday night at Fort Hamilton, a Brooklyn suburb. Mr. Johnson died at 10:15 p. m. from aneurism, an affection of the heart. Although he had been ill for some time he had only been confined to the house about three weeks. At his bedside when he died were his wife and four children, his brother Thomas L. Johnson and is mother.

SUED FOR $100,000.

Old Action Against T. J. Stone Taken Into Court.

Sioux City, Iowa, July 3.—Yesterday afternoon a sensational suit was filed by the First National bank against T. J. Stone, the wealthiest man in Northwestern Iowa, and former president of the First National, previous to the reorganization, demanding $100,000, claiming it had been illegally loaned to Stone's son, E. H. Stone, and T. R. Galbraithe, who was cashier of the bank. The money was used and lost in speculation during the real estate boom. Stone declares it is an effort to disgrace him in his old age.

Boating, Fishing, Picnicing

At Minong, Wis., July 4th. The Twilight Limited, leaving Duluth 4:30 p. m. Wednesday, July 3rd, will stop at Minong to accommodate those who desire to spend their Fourth of July among the pines, streams and lakes of this very popular Wisconsin resort. The Day Express, leaving Duluth at 9:15 a. m., makes regular stops at Minong going and returning, and the "Twilight Limited" will stop July 4th to pick up passengers for Duluth and the Superiors. You will enjoy the day at Minong.

Proclamation!

All persons are warned against discharging fireworks or firearms of any kind during the parade or during the ceremonies of laying the corner stone on July 4, in the vicinity of the parade or of the new library building. This precaution is necessary to prevent accidents, fires and runaways and the police have been given strict orders to enforce this proclamation by arrests, if necessary.

Attention is also called at this time to the danger of setting off fireworks in alleys and back yards. Notice is also given of the ordinance restricting the use of firecrackers to those of less than six (6) inches in length, and also that the use of torpedoes, fulminate or other explosives on the street car tracks will not be permitted under any circumstances.

As these points are covered by ordinances of the city of Duluth, the police are instructed to see that they are strictly enforced.

T. W. HUGO,
Mayor.

July 2, 1901.

A BOGUS CRIMSON

"Med Facs" Perpetrate Big Joke In College Journalism.

Regular Editors Were Made Frantic By Its Appearance.

Paper Said Harvard Overseers Had Recalled McKinley's Degree.

Boston, July 3.—Harvard university was treated to a startling surprise last week when the Harvard Crimson, the official college paper, appeared with the astonishing announcement that the Harvard corporation had voted at its meeting to rescind its vote conferring the degree of LL.D. upon President McKinley.

The same issue contained a detailed account of an attempt to blow up Memorial hall with a bomb, of which the chief component, according to the Crimson's account, was picric acid. The news item was accompanied by a suitable editorial on the second page of the paper condemning in vigorous terms the spirit of vandalism that had suggested the violation of one of Harvard's sacred memorials.

Upon investigation it was shown that the Memorial day issue was a "fake" number, published by unnamed editors who are supposed to be identified with the famous "Med Fac," who a few years ago sent an honorary medical degree to Cazr Alexander III of Russia, and which that monarch recognized by forwarding to the "Med Fac" a letter expressing his thanks and his deep appreciation of the favor which American science had seen fit to confer upon him.

The editors of the Crimson were dumbfounded when they found copies of the Memorial day issue of the paper at their doors. They made strenuous efforts to prevent the paper from circulating, and informed the newsdealers on Harvard square that they would be prosecuted for libel if they sold the Crimson over their counters. One of the newsdealers consented, as a special favor to the editors, to refrain from selling the sheet, but the other informed the collegians that he would continue the sale. The few copies of the paper that remained were selling at $1 a copy.

The managing editor and the business manager of the paper went to Chief of Police Cloyes, in Cambridge, and urged him to prevent the circulation of the paper, but that officer informed them that he could do nothing. Then they went to the court house and tried to get an injunction restraining the self-appointed publishers from getting out another number. The incident is regarded by the university at large as the most effective hoax that ever has been perpetrated by the "Med Fac." The "fake" issue was an exact counterpart typographically with the regular numbers of the official organ of the university. It contained all the advertisements, all the official notices by instructors and professors, in exactly the form and type to which the regular readers of the paper are accustomed.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Pittsburg, 5; Philadelphia, 3.
At New York—New York, 6; Chicago, 3.
At Brooklyn—St. Louis, 4; Brooklyn, 2.
At Boston—Cincinnati, 10; Boston, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Chicago, 3; Detroit, 2.
At Baltimore—Boston, 10; Baltimore, 8.
At Milwaukee—Cleveland, 16; Milwaukee, 4.
At Washington—Washington, 10; Philadelphia, 6.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	58	34	24	.586
New York	50	29	21	.580
St. Louis	60	33	27	.550
Philadelphia	58	31	27	.534
Brooklyn	58	30	28	.517
Boston	53	27	26	.481
Cincinnati	56	24	23	.429
Chicago	61	19	42	.328

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	58	38	20	.655
Boston	52	32	20	.615
Baltimore	49	29	20	.592
Washington	48	26	22	.542
Detroit	57	30	27	.526
Philadelphia	54	21	33	.389
Cleveland	55	21	34	.382
Milwaukee	57	19	38	.345

SEVERE EXPERIENCE

Of Girl Working In New York Slums.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 3.—Capt. Gertrude H. Bown, a beautiful young Jewess converted by the Salvation Army, was found lying in a dingy little room in a court off No. 1424 Wylie avenue, desperately ill with fever and was removed to Beulah home, Bellevue, yesterday. Exposure, poor food and overwork in the cause of religion brought on an attack of typhoid fever. Capt. Brown was taken from the homeopathy hospital last Friday by her fellow workwoman, Lieut. Alice Chadwick.

Both came here from New York two weeks ago to establish a slum post. They had little or no money and could not take a sleeper. An open window during the night gave Capt. Brown a severe cold, from which she has not recovered, and it is feared may not. She refused to give up for the first few days, and set about finding a headquarters for the work she had been sent to do. The place in the little Wylie avenue court was taken temporarily. Then the brave little Hebrew woman broke down and has been growing steadily worse.

Capt. Brown, not long ago, turned her back on her father's palatial home in New York, gave up her former religion, and enlisted in the Salvation Army. Since then she has been estranged from her relations. A message sent from Pittsburg Saturday evening, telling of the daughter's illness brought a reply from the telegraph company that Capt. Brown's family had sailed for Europe some time ago, and were thought to be in Switzerland for the summer. Efforts were made to get the cable address. Mrs. Col. Brewer, of New York, in charge of the slum work, sent word that Capt. Brown would be well cared for.

FREE TILL CURED!

For the next thirty days will treat all NERVOUS and SEXUAL DISEASES of MEN absolutely FREE, except a small charge for medicine only. Call and investigate. THIS MEANS WHAT IT SAYS. Don't run after Fakirs, new fads and would-be Specialists. Call and get a scientific opinion and diagnosis of yaur case before applying elsewhere. Remember I have been in business thirty years, three years in Duluth, and have a record of 15,000 cases cured. Many of which I have permission to refer to.

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never-failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure. Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female-Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, No. 5 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

Burlington Route

Pan-American Exposition...

If you go via St. Paul and Chicago take the Burlington Route. Rates are low. Tickets good for from five to thirty days. Your home agent will give you particulars.

ASK HIM FOR TICKET VIA THE BURLINGTON.

THE ANGUISH

Of Bardo Scotti, a Banana Dealer of Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, July 3.—Bardo Scotti, the descendant of a race of Sicilian kings and at present engaged in the banana business in Minneapolis, was leading man in what was almost a tragedy on Third street yesterday morning.

One day last week when the thermometer stood just under the 100 mark, Bardo drove by the West hotel and saw a great crowd gather around a horse that had fallen dead from the heat. Bardo was badly scared. His horse Beppo represented the greater part of all his worldly wealth. What if Beppa, too, should drop dead? Bardo's face wore a troubled look all day. Towards evening he drew up at a harness shop and bought one of those horse bonnets. It nearly broke his heart to let go of the 75c but he thought it the only safe way.

All went well for some days and Beppo escaped a sunstroke. About 10 a. m. yesterday Bardo drew up on Third street and entered the postoffice. He was gone ten minutes. When he came out of the doorway again he saw a sight that froze his blood. Drawn up facing his Beppo was a sorrel horse, and this animal was calmly eating Beppo's millinery. One side was partly gone and the wreck of Beppo's lid hung a limp ruin over one ear. For a moment Bardo stood stunned. Then he leaped to the sidewalk and ran towards the hungry beast, shouting: "Kill-a him! kill-a him!" Police-a-man! police-a-man! Robber! My money. He eata da hat."

In a twinkling the sidewalk was blocked. Some one said an Italian had stabbed a man. A burly policeman held Bardo while the crowd surged around. He shook his fist and struggled to get at the sorrel horse. "Tiefa, robber!" he screamed. Robber, robber! Two hundreda tima robber; a tousan' time a robber! I killa de robber. I stabba da beast."

The owner of the sorrel horse appeared at this juncture and seeing the damage his horse had done and Peppo's distress inquired the cost of Peppo's hat, paid Bardo $1 and drove away. Bardo for a time was too full of joy to move.

Cincinnati and Return, $8 From Chicago,

July 5, 6 and 7, account Christian Endeavor convention. Anybody may get benefit of low fare. Agents of railways in West selling via Chicago will furnish tickets. Ask for them over Pennsylvania Short Lines. Tickets may be obtained in Chicago at 248 South Clark street and Union station ticket office. Write or wire H. R. Dering, A. G. P. agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for tickets and parlor or sleeping car reservations.

$45.00 Round Trip

To Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Pacific Coast Points via Great Northern Railway. Tickets first class and good until August 31st, only $60.00 to San Francisco and return. On sale, July 6th to 13th inclusive. Call at city office, cor. Spalding Hotel.

$14.00 Detroit and Return.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and the D. & C. steamers, via St. Ignace (Mackinaw Island), account National Educational Convention. Leave Duluth 7:00 p. m. July 5th. Make early application for sleeper and steamer accommodations at

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

CATARRH

A Constitutional Affection.

Sprays, washes, powders, salves, medicated tobacco and cigarettes, however long and persistently used, do not cure Catarrh. They relieve temporarily the inflammation in the throat and nose, and enable you to breathe more easily and freely, but the continual rush of impure blood to these parts keeps up the irritation and ultimately produces ulceration of the glands, when the breath becomes exceedingly offensive and the soft bones of the nose are frequently destroyed. The catarrhal inflammation extends over the entire surface of the mucous membrane, or inner skin; the stomach, kidneys and lungs are often involved; the whole system soon becomes affected by the rapid absorption of poisonous matter into the blood, and the disease that you had hoped to cure with simple local remedies, assumes a dangerous form.

I had Catarrh about 15 years, and tried during the time everything I could hear of, but nothing did me any good. At last I came to the conclusion that Catarrh must be a blood disease, and decided to give S. S. S. a trial. I could see a little improvement from the first bottle, and continued it three or four months, or until I was cured. Have not taken anything for six years, and am just as well as I ever was.—M. MATSON, Lapeer, Mich.

I had Catarrh so bad was entirely deaf in one ear, and all the inside of my nose and part of the bone sloughed off. The physicians gave me up as incurable. I determined to try S. S. S., and began to improve at once. It seemed to get at the seat of the disease, and after a few weeks' treatment I was entirely cured, and for more than seven years have had no sign of the disease.—MRS. JOSEPHINE POLHILL, Due West, S. C.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease—a blood disease which is frequently inherited, and only a blood medicine, such as S. S. S., can remove the hereditary taint, destroy the poisons that have been accumulating in the system for years perhaps, and restore the blood to a healthy and pure condition. The inflamed membranes and diseased glands are healed by the rich, pure blood which is carried to them, and the offensive discharges from the nose, and the terrible headache and neuralgic pains cease. Chronic cases of the most desperate character and apparently hopeless, have been cured completely and permanently by the use of S. S. S.

Write our physicians fully about your case and they will cheerfully assist you by their advice. We charge nothing whatever for this service. Book free on application. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

MARKET IS STEADY

Wheat Started Out Firm and Held Fairly Steady.

Strength Was Ascribed to an Advance at Liverpool.

Trading Was Dull, as Is Usual Preceding a Holiday.

Duluth Board of Trade, July 3.—The wheat market started out fairly steady this morning and held firm during the early part of the session. The strength was ascribed to the higher cables, wheat at Liverpool closing unchanged to ⅝d higher. Trading was very dull, as usual preceding a holiday, traders being disinclined to carry over new lines.

The weather map showed heavy rains throughout the Northwest and this gave rise to some uneasiness for fear there is too much moisture in the spring wheat country. There were a number of damage reports from Kansas. The heaviness of corn had a weakening effect on wheat. Reports from the corn country were generally excellent. Primary receipts of wheat were 559,000 bus, and shipments 320,000. Clearances of wheat and flour 202,-00 bus.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 137 cars, against 153 last week. Chicago receipts, 34 cars, 4 of contract grade.

Trading in futures was fairly active on the Duluth board. September wheat opened ⅛c higher at 65⅝c, sold at 65¾c at 9:33, eased off to 65⅜c at 10:24, recovered to 65⅞c at 11:30, held steady until just before the close and then sagged closing at 65⅝c, an advance over yesterday of ⅛c. Chicago closed a shade higher and Minneapolis a shade lower.

Cash sales were 20,000 at ¾c over September

The sellers of September flax were given another twist today that option advancing 5½c. October only advanced 1½c. Rye was up ¼c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 69½c; to arrive, 69⅝c; July, 69⅝c; September, 65⅝c. No. 1 northern, cash, 66½c; to arrive, 66⅝c; July, 66⅝c; September, 65⅝c; August, 66c. No. 2 northern, 61½c. No. 3 spring, 57½c. Oats, 27¼-27c. Rye, 46¾c. Flax, September, $1.47½; September, Northwestern, $1.48½; October, $1.41.

Car inspection—Wheat, 30; corn, 3; oats, 2; flax, 7. Receipts—Wheat, 94,688 bus; corn, 5403 bus; oats, 1342 bus; rye, 2575 bus; flax, 20,654 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 20,182 bus; corn, 48,000 bus; oats, 72,000 bus; rye, 26,000 bus; flax, 11,211 bus.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car old	$0.70⅝
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	66½
No. 1 northern, 5 cars	66½
No. 1 northern, 4 cars	66½
No. 1 northern, 1,000 bus	66¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	61⅞
No. 2 northern, 1 car	63½
No. 2 northern, 1 car	62
No. 2 northern, 1 car	62½
No grade, 1 car	50
Flax, 1 car rejected	1.80

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Ruled Dull But Was Fairly Steady.

Chicago, July 3.—Wheat ruled extremely dull but fairly steady on higher cables. September opened a shade to ⅛@¼c higher at 66⅛@⅜c and held steady around 66¼c. Northwest receipts were 137 cars against 153 a week ago. Local receipts were 34 cars, 4 of contract grade.

The close was ⅛c higher at 66⅛@¼c.

Corn ruled easy on favorable weather. September opened unchanged to ¼c lower at 46½@47c and declined to 46⅜@½c. Receipts were 142 cars, 2 contract.

September closed ⅝c lower at 46⅜c.

Oats ruled easy with corn. September opened a shade lower to a shade higher at 27¾@⅞c and eased off to 27⅝c. Receipts were 70 cars.

Heavy receipts of hogs in the West caused a weak opening in provisions. September pork opened 7½c to 32½c lower at $14.20@14.45, declined to $14.10 and rallied to $14.20@14.22½. Lard opened 5c to 7½c lower at $8.52½@8.55 and ribs were 5c lower at $8.02½.

Note—No session tomorrow, July 4.

Close, wheat, July, 65c; September, 66⅛@¼c; October, 66⅝c. Corn, July, 44¾c; September, 46⅜c. Oats, July, 27¼c; September, 27½@⅝c. Pork, July, $13.80; September, $14.02½; October, $13.95; January, $14.00. Lard, July, $8.40; September, $8.45; October, $8.45; November, $8.27½; December, $8.00; January, $7.90; year, $8.00. Ribs, July, $7.75; September, $7.87½; October, $7.77½; January, $7.20. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.88; No. 1, $1.88; September, $1.43; October, $1.38. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 66½c; No. 3 red, 64½@65½c; No. 2 hard winter, 66c; No. 3 hard winter, 65c; No. 1 northern spring, 67c; No. 2 northern spring, 65½@66c; No. 3 spring, 63@65½c. Corn, No. 2, 44½c; No. 3, 43½c. Oats, No. 2, 28@½c; No. 3, 28c. Rye, July, 47c; September, 47c. Barley, cash, 40@53c. Timothy, September, $4.40. Clover, cash, $9.50.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 307 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.:

Chicago, July 3.—Cables came higher on wheat and reported continued favorable weather for crops abroad. The principal feature of the market has been the covering of shorts by prominent operators who, while they have not changed opinion regarding ultimate lower range of prices, desire to be away from the market for a few days and dislike to leave with open trades. There is an entire absence of outside news today, so there is but little that can be said regarding the market.

Corn—Very conflicting reports come today from Western sources; they are, however, in the main unfavorable for corn. We think every trader with long corn has sold out today, believing that rains throughout the corn belt over the Fourth of July would break the market considerable. This, however, we doubt. Although Iowa is getting a movement now, nothing bordering on a rush, but many farmers are selling now. We think the Russian shipments of corn had more to do with our break than any other influence on the market. The weather, however, is likely to be the controlling factor during the next two months.

Oats—Absolutely nothing of any moment new to report on oats.

Provisions opened very weak with a raid on pork that influenced the whole list, and a bad break resulted, closing at the lowest of the day. We may see farther liquidation by small holders, but believe the product should be bought on such unreasonable breaks. Estimates, 22,000 hogs for Friday.

A. J. CUMMINGS,
—DEALER IN—
Grain, Stocks and Provisions.

Why pay interest on stocks when you can have them carried by a responsible house free. We take orders for TEN shares and upwards; one point margin and upwards; one thousand bushels grain on 1 cent margin; and REMEMBER that we give instantaneous service over our own private wire. Call at our new and elegant offices in the Trust building and get one of our little books of information, which will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

Write for our daily market letter. It will keep you posted on daily prices all the world over. Both publications mailed free of charge. 'Phone 1172.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, MGR., 306 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,
428 West Superior St. (Spalding Hotel.)
Members of Chicago Board of Trade.
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions, Cotton.
Leased wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Edwards, Wood & Co.,
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions,
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MEMBERS { BOARD OF TRADE, CHICAGO. CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, Mpls
A, Manhattan Building, St. Paul.
3 Chamber of Commerce, Minneapolis.
Duluth, Minn., 100 Torrey Building.

COMMERCIAL PAPER, LOCAL STOCKS and REAL ESTATE

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

LAND SCRIP
Unsurveyed and Surveyed **LANDS**
H. W. COFFIN,
Manhattan Bldg.

PUTS AND CALLS.

At Minneapolis—
Puts, September wheat, 63¼c.
Calls, September wheat, 64-⅛c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 3.—Close, wheat, July, 73¼c; September, 72¼c. Corn, July, 49¼c; September, 50⅛c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, July 3.—Close, wheat, cash, 64½c; July, 63¼c; September, 63⅝@¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 66½c; No. 1 northern, 64½c; No. 2 northern, 63c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	66¼B	63⅛	64¾-⅝	72¾
High		63⅜-½	65¼-⅜	73¼
Low		63⅛	64⅝-¾	72¾
Close	66⅝	63¼	65	73¼
September—				
Open	65⅝B	63¾	66⅛-⅜	72¼-⅜
High	65⅞	64	66⅜-½	72¼-⅜
Low	65⅝	63⅝	66⅛	72⅛
Close	65⅝B	63⅝-¾	66⅛	72¼A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	27¾@⅞	47@46⅝	$14.40@14.45
High	27¾-⅞	47	14.45
Low	27½-⅝	46¼-⅜	14.02
Close	27½-⅝	46⅜A	14.02

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
New York	96,600	83,152
Philadelphia	1,001	8,000
Baltimore	50,614	48,000
Toledo	4,023	22,000
Detroit	2,000	1,700
St. Louis	94,000	41,000
Boston	5,246	......
Chicago	153,375	115,311
Milwaukee	18,750	11,185
Minneapolis	86,670	38,640
Kansas City	105,600	70,000
Duluth	94,688	20,182

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, July 3.—Close, wheat steady, unchanged to ⅛d higher. July, 5s 6¾d; September, 5s 6½d; December, 5s 7½d. Corn steady, ¼@½d higher. September, 4s 1d.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, July 3.—Cattle, receipts, 14,000; including 800 Texans. Steers generally slow; butchers steady to weak. Good to prime steers, $5.20@6.20; poor to medium, $4.25@5.10; stockers and feeders weak, $2.50@4.60 cows, $2.60@4.75; heifers, $2.60@5.00; canners, $2.00@2.50; bulls, $2.50@4.50; calves steady, $4.00@6.40; Texas fed steers, $4.25@5.25; Texas grass steers, $3.50@3.75; Texas bulls, $2.60@3.50. Hogs, receipts today, 30,000; tomorrow, 24,000; left over, 5125. Weak. Top, $6.12½; mixed and butchers, $5.75@6.10; good to choice heavy, $5.90@6.12½; rough heavy, $5.75@5.85; light, $5.75@6.05; bulk of sales, $5.90@6.02½. Sheep, receipts, 12,000. Slow. Good to choice wethers $3.50@4.10; fair to choice mixed, $3.00@3.75; Western sheep, $3.25@4.00; yearlings, $3.75@4.15; native lambs, $3.25@5.10; Western lambs, $4.00@5.10. Receipts yesterday—Cattle and calves, 5891; hogs, 19,898; sheep, 13,687. Shipments—Cattle and calves, 2450; hogs, 1637; sheep, 305.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report demand from out of town fair, while inquiries from local quarters are meager. The better class horses were the moveable kind; common grades are at a standstill; prices held low. Values:

Drafters, extra	$145@$190
Drafters, choice	125@ 145
Farm mares, extra	110@ 125
Farm mares, choice	100@ 110
Farm mares, common to good	65@ 75
Mules	110@ 135

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, fresh prints	19½@	20
Creamery, tubs	19 @	19½
Dairies, fancy	15 @	16
Dairy, fair	14 @	15
Packing stock	10 @	10½
EGGS.		
Fresh	11½@	12
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream, new	10½@	11
Twins, full cream, old	11 @	12
Full cream, young America	13	
Swiss cheese, No. 1	14 @	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13	
Primos	6 @	6½
HONEY.		
Fancy white clover	19 @	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@	13
Golden rod	15 @	17
Dark honey	13 @	14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @	14
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@ 2 40
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00	@ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40	
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13 @	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13	
Cocoanuts, per doz	75	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17	
Brazils, per lb	14	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @	8
FRUITS.		
Strawberries, 16-quart cases	1 35	@ 1 50
Apricots	1 50	
Peaches	85 @	90
Cherries	1 35	@ 1 50
Sour Cherries, per case	1 65	@ 1 75
Currants, red and white	1 50	
Gooseberries	1 50	
Watermelons	35 @	40
Rockyford melons, per crate	3 00	
Pineapples, per doz	1 50	@ 1 75
California lemons	3 25	@ 3 50
Bananas	1 75	@ 2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75	@ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@ 1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50	@ 3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7 @	7½
California valencia oranges	3 50	@ 4 00
Seedling oranges	3 25	@ 3 50
Plums	1 25	@ 1 75
OLD VEGETABLES.		
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @	40
Turnips, white	30 @	40
Garlic, per lb	10 @	12
Beets	50 @	60
Potatoes, per bus	75	
FRESH VEGETABLES.		
New celery, bunch	35	
Mushrooms	45	
Lettuce, per box	40 @	50
Green onions, per doz	15	
Green peas, per bus	1 00	
Pie plant, per lb	1¼@	1½
Cucumbers	45 @	50
Spinach, bus	40	
Radishes, round, per doz	10 @	15
Radishes, long, per doz	10 @	12
Asparagus, green, per doz	45 @	55
Tomatoes, per basket	45 @	50
Egg plant, per doz	2 00	
Beets, per doz bunches	25	
Carrots, per doz bunches	25	
Turnips, per doz bunches	25 @	30
Cabbage, per crate	2 75	@ 3 00
Wax beans, per box	2 25	
New Potatoes, per bus	1 00	@ 1 10
Cauliflower, per doz	1 00	@ 1 25
Mint, per bunch	20	
CIDER.		
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@ 2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50	@ 3 75
POPCORN.		
Rice corn, shelled	3½@	4
Choice, per lb	3 @	3½
LIVE POULTRY.		
Hens	10 @	10½
Spring Chickens	18 @	19
Turkeys	8 @	10
Ducks	8 @	10
Geese	8 @	10
MEATS.		
Mutton	7½@	8
Lamb	8½@	9
Veal, good	8	
Veal, fancy	8½	
Beef, dressed	6½@	7½
Hogs	7½	
Pork loins	9	
BRAN AND SHORTS.		
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 00	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50	
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 00	
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.		
Corn, car lots, sacked	48	
Oats, car loads, sacked	32	
Hay, upland	13 50	
Hay, timothy	15 50	
Feed, No. 1	19 00	
Feed, No. 2	19 50	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 3.—Butter, steady. Creamery, 14½@19c; dairy, 14@16½c. Cheese, steady. Twins, 9@¼c; young Americas, 9¾@10c; cheddars, 9@¼c; daisies, 9¼c. Eggs, steady. Loss off, cases returned, 11c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 3.—Butter, receipts, 14,844 packages. Dull and barely steady. Creamery, 15@19½c; factory, 12@15c. Cheese, receipts, 11,923 packages. Dull and weak. Fancy large colored, 8⅞@9c; fancy large white, 8⅞@9c; fancy small colored, 9c; fancy small white, 9c. Eggs, receipts, 12,774 packages. Irregular. Western candled, 10@12½c; Western uncandled, 13@14c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m. seventy-fifth meridian time, Wednesday, July 3:

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture •Maximum	Temp'ture ••Minimum	Rainfall
Alexandria	Cloudy	70	60	.16
Campbell	Cloudy	76	62	.68
Crookston	Pt. cldy	76	68	.50
Detroit City	Raining	70	60	.50
Grand Meadow	Pt. cldy	92	66	T
Montevideo	Pt. cldy	80	66	0
Minneapolis	Clear	84	64	0
Park Rapids	Cloudy	74	58	.34
Winnebago City	Pt. cldy	90	68	0
Worthington	Clear	84	66	0
Devil's Lake	Cloudy	74	56	.94
Langdon	Cloudy	76	58	1.38
Larimore	Cloudy	76	52	.96
Lisbon	Cloudy	70	56	.14
Aberdeen	Cloudy	82	64	T
Millbank	Pt. cldy	82	60	.14
Mitchell	Clear	88	66	0
Redfield	Pt. cldy	86	62	.02
Bismarck	Pt. cldy	72	62	.54
Duluth	Cloudy	77	56	T
Huron	Clear	86	70	0
La Crosse	Clear	90	72	.26
Moorhead	Cloudy	74	64	.76
St. Paul	Clear	84	68	0
Winnipeg	Raining	78	58	.30

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting	Temp'ture ••Minimum	Temp'ture •Maximum	Rainfall
Chicago	22	92	70	.18
Columbus	18	94	72	.04
Des Moines	14	92	70	.24
Indianapolis	11	96	72	.04
Kansas City	11	100	74	.10
Louisville	17	96	74	T
Minneapolis	18	79	62	.33
Omaha	14	90	68	.02
St. Louis	12	100	74	.30

REMARKS.

Showery and warm weather prevailed. Warm weather continues; showers fell in nearly all districts, heavy as follows: Chicago, 1.56 inches; Maryville, Mo., 3.38; Ashland, Neb., 2.02; Fairmont, Neb., 5.42; Tecumseh, Neb., 1.44; Clarinda, Iowa, 2.34.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.
•Minimum temperature for yesterday.
••Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

Summer Excursion Rates Via Eastern Minnesota Ry.

One fare for the round trip to Grand Rapids, Deer River, Cass Lake and Bemidji, good going Friday and Saturday, returning Monday. Tickets good returning until Oct. 31 as follows: Grand Rapids, $3.90; Deer River, $4.50; Cass Lake, $6.05; Bemidji, $6.65. City ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, corner Spalding hotel.

$17.00 Buffalo and Return

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account Pan-American Exposition. Tickets on sale every day and a train every day from Duluth, Union depot, at 7:00 p. m. Let us plan your trip, via popular rail and lake routes.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

SLUGGISH IN STOCKS

At the Opening But Some Activity Developed Later.

Selling Pressure Forced Down Prices But Close Steady.

The Board Decided to Adjourn Until Next Monday.

New York, July 3.—The opening of the stock market was listless and so sluggish that the price movement was scarcely perceptible. The principal dealings were in United States Steel, which opened up a quarter on the declaration of the dividend, but ran off ⅜ on large realizing United States Steel fell steadily after the opening, and its loss of ⅞ had an unfavorable effect on other leading stocks. Offerings were small elsewhere, but large concessions had to be made to find buyers, causing a loss of a point each in St. Paul, General Electric and Tennessee Coal. The last mentioned had been a point over yesterday's close. Iowa Central preferred opened off 3 points, presumably on realizing inspired by its recent large rise. At 11 o'clock prices were on the mend, St. Paul recovering ⅞ and many other active stocks were from ⅛ to higher.

Not much progress toward a higher level could be made as the persistent selling of United States Steel on such a narrow speculation as prevailed effectually checked moderate rallies. On the other hand there were no losses of importance, the market ruling only a shade below yesterday's close. Baltimore & Ohio, Chicago Great Western preferred B, receded a point and Minneapolis & St. Louis gained 1½. Missouri Pacific eights brought 2@⅛ for large blocks. Bonds were steady.

There was some increase in the selling pressure and prices touched the lowest. The decline reached 1⅛ in United States Steel and 3½ in the preferred. Only a handful of the principal stocks suffered to the extent of a point. Northwestern lost 2½. American Linseed rose 1½ and Iowa Central preferred recovered a 3-point loss. The closing was moderately active and steady.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Woods & Co., 100 Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	122⅞	122	122
Anaconda M. Co.	......	......	47¾
American Tobacco	138½	138½	137½
Atchison, pfd	104⅝	101	104
Am. Linseed Oil, pfd	61½	59	61
Baltimore & Ohio	106½	106¼	106½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	82¾	82	82⅛
C., B. & Q	197	195	197
Continental Tobacco Co.	69¼	69	68¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	48¼	48	47½
Chicago & Alton	44¾	44⅜	44⅜
Col. F. & I.	113¾	112½	112
Chicago Great Western	24⅜	24	23¾
Chicago Terminal	23⅛	23	22¾
Con. Gas	222	221	221
D., S. S. & A.	11¾	11½	11½
Erie	42⅞	42⅛	42¼
Gen. Electric Co.	265	264½	264
Gen. Electric, pfd	[illegible]	[illegible]	185
Glucose, pfd.	102½	103	103
Illinois Central	153¾	153	153
Iowa Central	41	40⅞	40¾
Lake Erie & Western	63	62½	61
L. & N.	109½	109	109⅛
Lead	23	22⅝	22⅜
Leather, pfd	79	78¾	78¾
Manhattan Con.	124	123¼	123½
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	26	26	21¾
Metropolitan Traction	174	173¼	173¼
Minn. & St. Louis pfd	113	112½	12½
Missouri Pacific	115⅛	114⅛	114½
New York Central	[illegible]	159½	[illegible]
National Biscuit pfd	102¼	101	100½
New York Air Brake	......	......	141
N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	39¾	39	38⅞
Northwestern	200	200	199
North American	103	101½	102
Ontario & Western	36½	35⅝	35⅞
Pressed Steel Car	44¾	44	44¼
People's Gas	118	117¾	117½
Republic Iron and Steel	21¼	20⅞	20⅞
do pfd	75¼	75	74¼
Reading	46⅝	46	46
Rock Island	155	154	154½
Southern Ry, pfd	86½	86½	86¼
Southern Pacific	59⅛	58¾	59⅛
Stand. R. & T.	7½	7¼	7½
Smelter	58	57⅛	59¼
Sugar Refinery	144⅝	143¼	144⅜
St. Paul	175	173½	173½
T. C. & I.	71½	69½	69⅞
Texas Pacific	44¾	44⅛	44
Twin City R. T. Co. pfd	......	......	92½
Union Pacific	109⅛	108¾	108⅝
do pfd	......	....	90⅛
U. S. Steel	48¼	46¾	46⅝
do pfd	98¾	95⅜	95¼
Wabash pfd	43⅝	43⅝	42⅝
Western Union	92⅞	92⅝	92¾
Wisconsin Central	24¼	24	24

The total sales were 330,581 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf gossip to Edwards, Wood & Co. —Overshadowing all other matters in the stock market circles this evening was the declaration of dividends of both the common and preferred of the United States Steel corporation. Close observers of the situation and operators whose judgment commands wide respect agree that this action is of great significance and should have a favorable effect both on the steel stocks and the general market, though while the terrible hot wave prevails there may be no special activity. These men argue that the board of directors of the steel corporation, being composed of the most conservative financiers in the country would never have placed the common stock of the company on the dividend list if they were not sure of keeping it there or if they did not regard the general business outlook in every way safe. In point of fact some of the largest operators declare with much emphasis that this declaration of a dividend in the common stock means the steel directors are confident of the continuance of the present industrial activity for another year at least, and they base their confidence on the powerful factors in the agricultural situation, a very large wheat crop and demand for bread which insures good exports for bread stuffs which will exceed all previous movements. Professional traders have sold stocks freely on their belief that the meeting of the steel directors would result in disappointment and also the bank failure and continued higher rates for money. There is a theory that the covering of these contracts will cause a sharp rally and sentiment is bullish on Southern Pacific of which there is the best kind of buying, the latter being inspired by the large increase in the company's earning, the great saving to be effected done by the use of oil for coal as fuel.

CLOSE UNTIL MONDAY.

New York, July 3.—The following notice was sent out by the secretary of the New York stock exchange:

"The exchange will be closed from 3 p. m. today until 10 a. m., Monday, July 8.

WILLIAM McCLURE,
"Secretary."

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, July 3.—Cotton opened quiet, 1 point lower to 2 higher and all the forenoon was inactive and narrow. July eased off to 8.46 and August to 7.76. October sold down to 7.53 and January to 7.58, after which there was a sluggish rally on covering.

Cotton spot closed easy; middling uplands, 8⅞; middling gulf, 9⅛; sales, 5321 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady; July, 850; August, 780; September, 763; October, 760; November, 756; December, 759; January, 763; February, 763; March, 766; April, 768.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, July 3.—Consols for money, 93¾; for the account, 93 9-16.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 3.—Money on call steady at 6 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@5½ per cent; sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½@4.87¾ for demand and $4.83½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84@4.85. Silver certificates nominally at 60c; bar silver, 58⅞c; Mexican dollars, 49½c. Government bonds steady. Refunding 2s registered and coupon, $1.07; 3s registered, $1.08; coupon, $1.08¾; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.39; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.12½; 5s registered and coupon, $1.08¾.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, July 3.—Bank clearings, $32,923,402; balances, $2,308,979; posted exchange, $4.86 for sixty days, and $4.88½ on demand; New York exchange, 20c discount.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Arthur R. Jones & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	24¾	25
Allouez	2⅝	2¾
Anaconda	48	....
Arcadian	16½	17½
Arnold	2	[illegible]
Ashbed	25	50
Atlantic	37	38
Baltic	54½	55
Calumet and Hecla	787	790½
Centennial	30	30⅝
Centennial Eureka	30	30½
Copper Range	78½	79
Cochita	4¾	5
Dominion Coal	39½	40
Elm River	5	5½
Franklin	17	18
Humboldt	25	30
Isle Royale	44	...
Mass	19¼	19½
Michigan	10⅞	11
Mohawk	43½	44
Mayflower	1½	2
Old Colony	2¼	2½
Old Dominion	31	32
Osceola	91	92
Parrot	53½	54
Quincy	173	176
Rhode Island	5⅜	5½
Tamarack	349	350
Tecumseh	2	2¼
Trimountain	54	55½
Trinity	38	38¾
Utah	32¼	33
Victoria	6	6½
Winona	3⅞	4
Wolverine	59	60
Wyandot	1¾	2¼

COTTON CONDITION.

Monthly Report of the Department Statistician.

Washington, July 3.—The monthly report of the statistician of the department of agriculture will show the average condition of cotton on June 25, to have been 81.1, as compared with 81.5 on May 20, 75.8 on July, 1900, 87.8 at the corresponding date in 1899, a 1-year average of 86.3 and a 15-year average of 87.2. A condition of 81.1 is, with the exception of the July condition reported last year, the lowest recorded condition at this season. With the exception of Mississippi, where the condition is one point above the mean of the averages reported on July 1 in that state for the last ten years, and in Oklahoma, where the figures available for comparison cover only six years, the condition throughout the entire cotton belt compared unfavorably with the 10-year averages. Not only was the condition on June 25 the lowest condition recorded with the exception of last year for the cotton region as a whole at this season, but in Georgia and South Carolina also it was the lowest during the entire period of thirty-five years for which records are available, while in North Carolina it was the lowest one with one exception during the same period.

Excessive rains followed by a heavy growth of grass and weeds have caused much damage in Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina and North Carolina, while in Louisiana and Texas the growth has been retarded by drought. The gravity of the situation is greatly increased in North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia and to some extent in other states by a scarcity of labor.

BOSTON CLOSES.

Boston, July 3.—There will be no session of the stock exchange after the close of business today until Monday, July 8, at 10 a. m.

MAKES NEW RULE.

Board of Trade Abolishes Tickets to Clerks.

The members of the Duluth board of trade this morning voted to have the board of directors abolish the issuance of tickets to clerks. There are about ten or a dozen of these outstanding. They are mostly held by clerks in offices who, in the absence of the head of the office, go on the floor and do the trading for the house. The abolition of these will mean that memberships for the clerks will have to be taken out to allow them to go on the floor.

There are only two or three memberships said to be open for sale now. When new memberships are desired after those are out of the way, they will have to be bought direct from the board. At present the price of a membership is $500, but it is expected that the board will raise it to $1000.

Gets a Membership.

B. E. Baker has been elected a member of the Chicago board of trade. This places Mr. Baker on a par with any of the big commission houses of the Northwest and puts him in far better shape to handle business, get quotations, etc. He is much gratified. The requirements for membership in the Chicago board are severe.

BRINGS SUIT.

Depositor In Seventh National Bank Wants Lien.

New York, July 3.—Arthur C. Train, assistant in District Attorney Philbin's office and a depositor in the Seventh National bank, began a suit in the United States circuit court today against Forest Rayner, the temporary receiver of the bank, Henry Marquand and Frank B. Poor, of the firm of Marquand & Co., to establish a preferential lien on securities in the hands of Receiver Rayner to the amount of $38,365. He claims that the securities were deposited by Marquand & Co., in the Seventh National, to secure the payment of a check given by them to him.

BELONGED TO SMITH

Heirs Desire a Big Slice of Chicago.

Chicago, July 3.—A claim to the property said to be worth several millions was made here today by Sidney Smith, of Cambridge, Mass. In his presentation of facts to the Cook county recorder, Mr. Smith says 160 acres of land between Thirty-fifth and Thirty-ninth streets, Rhodes avenue and the lake, and now fine residence property, was the property of Jeduthian Smith seventy years under a pre-emption certificate and patent title. The claimant says he is heir of the old homesteader.

NEWMARKET MEETING.

London, July 3.—Frank Gardner's Sandpiper II (C. Jenkins) won the race for a plate at the Newmarket first July meeting today. Richard Crocker's Minnie Dee (J. Reiff) was second and Haiku finished third.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Big Steamer Morse Released and Taken to Chicago.

Thought That She Sustained No Damage While Ashore.

Cargoes of Grain Went Begging on the Chicago Market.

Chicago, July 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The big steamer F. S. B. Morse of the steel trust's fleet, which went ashore off Whiting, Ind., yesterday morning, was released today and brought into the harbor at South Chicago. So far as known the vessel sustained no damage while on the Indiana sands.

CARGOES GO BEGGING.

Chicago, July 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Two or three cargoes of grain were on the market at 1⅜ cents for corn and 1½ cents on wheat, but up to noon they had not been taken by vesselmen. Everybody was cleaned up until after the holiday.

NORTH LAND DISABLED.

Buffalo, July 3.—The steamer North Land of the Northern Steamship line, arrived here last evening from Cleveland 10 hours late. At 10 o'clock last her machinery broke down off Fairport. She was hove to until daylight and temporary repairs were made. There were a large number of passengers on board and some anxiety was felt here because of her non-appearance. The damage to the North Land's machinery is slight and she will be able to make her next regular trip.

NO BODIES FOUND.

Houghton, July 3.—A diver went down to the wreck of the tug Fern off Eagle Point yesterday, but found no bodies of the crew, although he examined the entire length of the tug. As the Fern carried life boats as well as a life raft, and the boats are missing, it is thought the crew took to the boats, but failed to save themselves in this way and were swept out to sea.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, July 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Sheriffs, Mowatt, 11 last night; John Eddy, ennington, 12:40 a. m.; Aurania, 1:30; Hill (steel), 2; Cambria and whaleback, 3; Kaliyuga, 3:15; Paliki, 4; Falcon, Wilkesbarre, 4:50; Mills., Checotah, 5:15; Matoa, Maria, 6; Holden, 6:30; Hanna, 7:30; Selwyn Eddy, 7:50; McWilliams, 8; Volunteer, Huron, 8:10; Ionia, 9; Williams, Parker, 10:50.

Up yesterday: Parks, Foster, 10:30; Strong, Commodore, 1 p. m.; Robert Rhodes, 2; Italia, Amazon, 2:30; Cadillac, 3:30; Hudson, 6:10; Reis, 6:30; Maricopa, 7:20.

Down: Lansing, 2:30; Shrigley, Shawnee, Fairbairn and whaleback, 4:40; Pioneer, Chattanooga, 5; Forest City, 6:30; Swain, Moonlight, 12:30 p. m.; Niagara, William Palmer, 12:40; Walter Scranton, 1:10; Ward, Zenith City, Lafayette, 2:40; Mark Hopkins and consorts, 3; Grecian and whaleback, 4:40; Rosemount and consorts, 6:30; Captain Thomas Wilson, 7:20; Northern Light, 7:30.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, July 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Schuylkill, 9 last night; William Brown, 10:40; Brazil, Antrim, 11:30; Osceola, 5; Amaranth, 5:20; Bangor, 6:30; Clyde, Amboy, 7:30; Rhoda Emily, Hattie, Gebhardt, 10; Penobscot, 11; Superior City, Maia, Mahoning, 11:30. Down: Oglebay, Corsica, Schooner Spademan, 10 last night; Urnaus, 11:30; Roman, Adams, 3; Presque Isle, 4:30; Buffalo, Mariska, 5:20; Malta, 6:20; Admiral, Mecosta, 7:20; Black, Emory Owen, Australia, 8:20; Nipigon, Melbourne, Knapp, 9; Cort, Bell, Strathcona, 11:40.

Up yesterday: Stafford, McWilliams, Keweenaw, Wright, Majestic, 12:40 p. m.; Auburn, 3; Elfinmere, 7:30; Tempest, Drake, Ralston, North Wind, 8:30; Schuylkill, 10:20; W. L. Brown, 10:40; Brazil, Antrim, 11:30.

Down: Leland, Racine, Montgomery, Cherokee, Chippewa, Curry, noon; Hoyt and whaleback, 1:30 p. m.; Devereux, 2; Caledonia, Polynesia, 4; Martin, Rawson, 4:20; Algonquin, 4:30; Wawatam and whaleback, 5; Craig, Twin Sisters, 6:20; Gratwick, Andaste, Rees, 7; Drake, Michigan, 8; tug Vigilant and dredge, 9; Oglebay, Corsica, schooner Spademan, 10.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland—Arrived: Orion, Cumberland. Cleared: Ore—Victory, South Chicago; Alta, Mars, No. 109, Carnegie, Carrington, Fulton, Harper, Edenborn, Maruba, Cleveland; lumber—Oscoda, Corning, Filer, Toledo; Kingfisher, Pawnee, Orton, Cleveland; Homer, Port Huron; light—Meriden, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Bulgaria, Duluth.

Marquette—Cleared: Presque Isle, Andaste, Ashtabula; No. 103, Cleveland.

MORE CONTRACTS LET.

On Saturday the American Shipbuilding company closed a contract to build for J. C. Gilchrist five additional steel steamers that will cost $1,250,000. The new vessel will be the largest in the Gilchrist fleet. Their length is to be 25 feet greater than the steamers Gilchrist and Lake Shore, which were turned over to Mr. Gilchrist a short time ago. The will have 280 feet, 50 feet beam and 28 feet molded depth, the carrying capacity being figured at 5600 tons each. The triple-expansion engines will have cylinders of 22, 35 and 58 inches diameter, with 42 inches stroke. Scotch type boilers, 12x12 feet, will furnish steam, and the Howden hot-air system is to be used. The vessels, which will cost $250,000 apiece, will come out at the opening of navigation in 1902. Three will be built at Lorain and the keels for the other two will be put down at South Chicago. This addition will give Mr. Gilchrist sixty-four vessels, sixteen steel steamers and forty-eight wooden steamers and consorts.

PACKAGE FREIGHT.

A Buffalo dispatch says that the package-freight lines are complaining bitterly of poor business. The volume of freight in their reach is not what it ought to be and the roads have cut the rates down on everything so that the lines are refusing some offerings and seem indifferent to most of the rest. It is said that some of the lines will lay up a part of their fleets unless there is an improvement soon. The trouble comes from the Western roads, which have put in a rate of 18 cents on flour from Minneapolis to New York, making the proportion of the lake-line earnings next to nothing. There is a new rate of 10½ cents to go in with the beginning of July, but that will probably be treated as usual. The shippers will reduce their offerings till they break the rate down again.

CANAL OFFICIALS INVESTIGATE.

Col. Lydecker has been investigating a charge of disobedience of orders and the use of strong language made against Assistant Superintendent of Sault Canals H. D. Rains, by Superintendent McKenzie, also counter charges preferred by Rains against Superintendent McKenzie and Foreman R. D. Ashmun. Rains alleges that the superintendent has frequently been on the canal in a semi-intoxicated condition, that he gambles, and has used language on the canal unbecoming an officer and a gentleman. He alleges that Ashmun, who, it is said, has been a particular pet of McKenzie, is guilty of gross neglect of duty, inasmuch as he has been unwarrantably absent from the canal during his watch.

UDERWRITERS COMPLAIN.

Marine insurance agents are complaining of the severe losses of the season and seem to think that they are bound to score a deficiency again this year. It is time, they say, for such a result since the last two years have shown some earnings. The number of strandings and collisions continues large and the storm period will be pretty sure to roll up a total that will make the earnings look small. There is the same report from the canal. There have —been some bad "sinks" of loaded boats in New York and vicinity, which proved total losses. Profits on cargo business may save the day, however.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Murphy, Colgate, 201, Iron Age, Hutchinson, Lake Erie, light for ore; Northern Queen, Buffalo, mdse; Miami, Mackinac, pass; Japan, Buffalo, pass and mdse; Meriden, Neshoto, Sam Mitchell, Frick, Moore, Rappahannock, Matanzas, Lake Erie, coal; Kalkaska and consorts, Bradley and consorts, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed—Fleetwood, Moravia, Maritana, Murphy, Elwood, Colgate, 201, Louisiana, Iroquois, John Mitchell, Lake Erie, ore; Monarch, Sarnia, pass and flour; Northern King, Buffalo, flour; Miami, Mackinac, pass; Tacoma, Two Harbors, light; Venezuela, Buffalo, grain.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Laurentian, Glasgow.

Liverpool—Arrived: Cufic, New York.

Moville—Arrived: Ethiopia, New York for Glasgow.

Queenstown—Arrived: Teutonic, New York for Liverpool.

FINANCIAL.

THE
American Exchange BANK,
DULUTH, MINN.

Capital Stock - $500,000
Surplus Fund - - $75,000

HAMILTON M. PEYTON, President;
MELVIN J. FORBES, Vice-President;
JAMES C. HUNTER, Cashier;
WILLIAM G. HEGARDT, Asst. Cashier;
I. S. MOORE, Second Asst. Cashier.

We issue certificates to depositors, allowing interest at the rate of 2½ per cent per annum on deposits of any amount for a period of three months or longer.

Vermilye&Co
BANKERS,
Nassau and Pine Sts., New York;
13 Congress Street, Boston.
Dealers in
U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS
and other
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Deposits Received and Interest Allowed on Balances subject to draft at sight.

SUBDUED WATCH DOGS.

James Seymour, an old burglar, who has spent most of his life in the state prisons of New York and New Jersey for housebreaking, has just begun another ten years' term for jobs committed in Mount Vernon, Pelham and other suburban towns. Chief Foley found fourteen houses which Seymour attempted to enter and Seymour was convicted of getting into two of them and carrying away a lot of silverware and clothing, says the New York Sun.

In both houses large watchdogs were kept on guard and Chief Foley and the owners were at a loss to understand how the burglar could have pried open the windows without causing them to bark and arouse the households. Curiosity finally led the chief to question Seymour and the old burglar gave him the recipe just before he left for Sing Sing prison.

"Gettin' past dogs is dead easy if you know how to go about it," said the burglar. "Old crooks understand the trick so well that it's not often a dog bothers them. He may give a few growls if he's in he house, but there's a way to quiet him quick. Some people are foolish enough to think that burglars carry steak chops, dog bread or something cf the kind about in their pockets to feed the critters with or that they chloroform them, but this is a mistake.

"All we have to do is to hunt up a horse just afore we start on the job and rub our hands several times up and down one of his legs, at the same time touching the fetlock. It don't matter what kind of an old skate he is. There's something about the scent of a horse's fetlock that will make any dog your friend the minute he smells it. I've tried it dozens of times and it never failed."

Seymour then told how he got into a house in New Jersey which was guarded by four of the finest bulldogs he ever saw.

"I knew that the brutes were there, and that they were likely to make me trouble," said he, "so just before I tackled the place I stopped along the street and rubbed my hands a good five minutes on the fetlocks of an old horse that was hitched to a cab standing in front of a rum shop. Then I made for the house and began careful like to pry open the window to the dining room.

"It was moonlight and I could see all of them silver shining on the sideboard, but it looked like a mighty risky job to try to get it with them four ugly brutes stretched out a guardin' it. But things were slow with me, and I was determined not to let the chance go by, so I sawed the catch and then raised the sash easy so as not to make any noise.

"Once or twice one of the dogs gave a low growl, and I had to lay low, but when I finally got the sash up enough to shove in my hands it was all over. The minute they smelled them up they got and came over to the window and began licking my fingers. When I got in they never made a growl, but followed me around the room like pet lambs, while I gathered up the silverware and dropped it in my bag."

"But what is there about the fetlock of a horse that attracts the dogs?" asked Chief Foley.

"You've got me," responded Seymour. "I never heerd anybody explain it. The receipt was give to me by an old man in Trenton prison that used to steal dogs, and I've been usin' it ever since when occasion requires. It works so fine that I believe I could take the watch dogs away with me after I rob the houses if I wanted to be bothered with the brutes."

Twilight Limited.

Avoid the heat and dust of the midday by taking the "Twilight Limited" over "The Northwestern Line" for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater. This train of fame leaves Duluth daily at 4:30 p. m. and arrives at destination at early bed time. Without question it is the most pelasant train from Duluth to the Twin Cities.

Over "The North-Western Line."

The "Twilight Limited" daily at 4:30 p. m. for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater.

The "Chicago Fast Mail" daily at 5 p. m. for Eau Claire, Marshfield, Wausau, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Madison, Milwaukee and Chicago. Parlor cars, dining cars, Pullman sleepers.

IT IS THE FIXINGS THAT COUNT MOST

The Fluffly, Ruffly Ruches Give the Right Touch to the Gown---Made of Tulle and Most Anything.

New York, July 1.—In these days of fluffy neck fixings, sashes and scarf ends, no woman need be at a loss for a smart toilette. For if she has only one gown, and that a simplish pompadour silk, a black canvas or a tobacco brown laine—all popular materials of the hour—a bunchy, gauzy collet of tulle intermingled with artificial flowers, poppies, roses or violets, will make the plain frock outshine Solomon and his glory.

On the other hand, if the one costume is too fine for the occasion, or in a color too startling for the wide eye of day, a collet of black net and velvet ribbon will add just the touch of sobriety needed. The ultimate result all depends on the choice of the neck ruche. It must fit the case, as it were, be sharply contrasting or else blend graciously in color with the rest of the toilette, and it were better you had never known such things existed than to wear some pitiful piece of this finery after its pristine freshness has departed. To fulfill its mission, which is that of glorification, a collet should present always the appearance of immaculate freshness. Otherwise it seems bitterly ageing, as if the wearer as well as her boa had too long breasted the storms of life.

These neck ruffles are frightfully dear in the shops—and since their mechanism is of the simplest, a fair knowledge of how to baste and box or triple plait is all the handicraft necessary for their construction. Black and white chiffon, French lace, tulle with raw edges, silk muslin and point d'esprit are the chief materials employed in this direction.

Edges are outlined with narrow velvet or satin ribbon, or if lace is used here the long scarf ends to the throat ruffle will sometimes be striped or barred with tiny ruches of it, producing an effect of richness that would glorify any frock. However, the most delightful of these collets are daintily simple.

One of white Brussels met with tucked scarf ends flouncing out some five inches at the bottom—where the tucking stops, you know—depends entirely on black stitching for ornament. This outlines in nine rows the inch-wide hem of the ruffle and that of the ends, which in the approved fashion fall below the knees. Another very smart collet seen in a Fifth avenue shop was of scarlet tulle, with edges of ruffle and ends left raw, the latter folded in long, loose plaits, and coming almost to the feet. The ruche part of this was in itself a creation. It was much wider at the back than front and, doubled to stand out like some immense, strange caterpillar. Only a little more than the crown of the head could be seen over it from the rear.

"Oh, yes," said the dazzling creature who was showing off this bewildering, but simple confection, "it is from Paris, of course. But only Frenchwomen know the value of chic simplicity, so American ladies think my beautiful boa expensive because it has no trimming. See how it crossed the water!" And she showed "a proper boa box," a pasteboard coffin of almost human length, with tissue paper inner walls and a curve at one end to accommodate the caterpillar, and certainly $35 did not appear dear after this, for it was a mansion spacious enough for the very queen of collets. It seemed a potent reminder of how carefully the fragile treasure needs to be kept, for exposure on one damp day would mean its finish.

For young matrons the fashion mongers are displaying just now some short shoulder capes with the same ends and throat ruffle as the boas, and which, when made of black French lace or taffeta with net frills, seem delightful additions to a light toilette.

Many sorts of scarfs are seen, those of painted Liberty silk being much used out of town as evening mufflers, and sometimes with a garden party or summer hotel evening frock there will be a long affair of soft mull, made to tie about the shoulders with a graceful quaintness. A dainty scarf of this sort is made to wear with a garden party frock of tucked white taffeta and black dotted Swiss. The scarf proper is of the plain Swiss with dotted ruffles, and the note of black is further repeated in a heading to the skirt flounce, a girdle and neck band of lace in clover leaf appliques.

The low neck of this bodice, by the way, is a feature of many of the French frocks in airy midsummer textiles, and for a round, young throat, nothing could be prettier, but alas, for those which are long and thin. Parisiennes even wear the stockless bodice shopping it seems, but here the few seen about hotel corridors, en voiture, and on summer garden roofs, are generally accompanied by the partial shrouding boa or scarf, which only slips away long enough to tantalize masculine eyes. country use, where gloves are not thought of and bare heads go everywhere, the low throated bodice is perfectly admissible.

A gown of dead white wool canvas over taffeta, demonstrates another of the black and white combinations now so popular. Here the old time chenille cord is used for the somber notes, in a rich floral passementerie and shoulder knot, and a black taffeta dust ruffle, sewed at the inside of the outer skirt hem, not only protects its perishable whiteness at this point, but gives a stylish under shadowing in movement. The shaping of the neck of the bodice permits this costume being turned at a moment's notice into quite a splendid evening affair. The guimpe, or white tulle wit heircular pullings, held down by smaller chenille than is used elsewheer, is fastened to an under bodice. So by simply leaving this off and removing the long, silk gloves—silk gloves are a deal more chic than suede this season—a low waist and elbow sleeves re revealed.

Some thirty years ago chenille was the delight of the fashion fairies and of our mothers and grandmothers, and it is certainly a garniture too becoming to be left any longer on the shelf of departed modes. But as yet it is only seen on imported gowns of the haute mouveante families, and even then it is generally most sparsely employed and always in black.

There are many charming things to be seen in midsummer hats. These are broader in the brim, and have a softer and more fluffy effect than many of those to be seen early in the season. A white leghorn, which is charming, has the whole top covered with a big branch of pink roses. There is a wide binding of black velvet around the edge of the brim, and black velvet at the back, where the brim is folded, the velvet knotting on the hair.

The Gainsborough hat is to be seen, big, black hats, with high crowns and a big tuft of ostrich plumes at one side. These hats are always good style, or they seem to be, perhaps because of the familiarity of the picture hat, which has become a millinery classic.

A pretty hat, which is of white horse hair, has lines of black at the edge of each braid running around the hat, dots of black on the braids, and a row of tiny pink roses on the edge.

A big lavender straw hat has only a big bunch of crushed pansies at one side. Other big, black hats, with Gainsborough crowns, are trimmed with black plumes lying flat at one side.

There are many hats of chiffon, with big plumes, or chiffon and straw, having long ostrich plumes encircling the edge of the brim. Ostrich feathers are to be seen on many of the handsomest hats, and remarkably handsome plumes are used.

Pretty and reasonable head covering can be found in the way of simple outing hats. One large flat in a light straw has the top covered with a network of black velvet bands, and bows fastened in he front with a buckle of gold.

AN "OPEN IN THE BACK" WAIST.

Somewhat Difficult to Don, But It Has Scored the Success of the Season.

This simple little waist is a good example of the Empire or "open in the back" style of waist. Though difficult to get into and depending far more on a perfect cut than the open in front waists, they are nevertheless the success of the season in the waist line.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

ATTENTION, SIR KNIGHTS!

A special conclave of Duluth Commandery, No. 18, K. T., has been called to meet at their asylum, Masonic Temple, on Thursday, July 4th, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of acting as escort to the Grand Lodge, A. F. & A. M., Minnesota, on the occasion of laying the corner stone of the new Carnegie Library building.

All sojourning Sir Knights are cordially invited to attend.

ALFRED LE RICHEUX,
Recorder.

BLACK ROD

Takes Earl Russell Formally Into Custody For Bigamy.

London, July 3.—Earl Russoll, accompanied by the countess (Mrs. Somerville) drove to the house of lords yesterday afternoon and appeared at the bar. He was formally taken into custody on the charge of bigamy by Black Rod, Gen. Sir Michael Biddulph.

Earl Russell made many obeisances in advancing to the bar. Formerly it was the custom to approach the bar in a crawling position, on hands and feet, but ths has been modified. On reaching the bar Lord Russell sank to his knees and remained there till the lord high chancellor, Lord Halsbury, told him to rise. When asked if he had any application to make, Earl Russell requested that the trial be postponed to July 8 in order to enable him to prepare his defense. His application will be heard July 4. The earl was released on bail. The proceedings were private.

"The New York Central"

Is the "National Railroad of America." In its issue of May 9, 1901, this item appears: "In the special issue of postage stamps to advertise the Buffalo exposition the post office department has done honor to the New York Central railroad, the greatest mail carrier in the world. The 1-cent samp represents the lake navigation with which the Central railroad connects; the 2-cent stamp, the famous Empire State Express train; the 4-cent stamp, the automobiles used in the Central Railroad Cab service; the 5-cent stamp, the Niagara Falls bridge, past which the Central trains dash; the 8-cent stamp, the locks at Sault Ste. Marie, through which the Central road steamers pass, and the 10-cent stamps, the ocean steamers with which the New York Central lines connect and ticket passengers to every part of the globe. This unprecedented recognition by the government establishes the New York Central as the National railroad of America."

Members of the Diamond lodge, Knights of Pythias, will meet at 9 o'clock sharp at Elks' hall July 4.

EPWORTH CONVENTION.

The North-Western Line Official Route for Coference.

The North-Western Line—Omaha road—is the official route of the Minnesota conference to the fifth international Epworth league convention, July 18 to 21, at San Francisco. By this line a number of inexpensive side trips may be made to places of historic interest and to world-renowned scenic resorts.

Rates for round trip from Duluth, by way of Omaha, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pike's Peak, Garden of the Gods, Royal George, Salt Lake City and Ogden, $50.00; same trip going, returning via Northern Lines, $62.

A grand opportunity to cross the Rocky Mountains and see California and the Pacific ocean.

For choice of routes, tickets, illustrated folders and all information, apply to G. M. Smith, general agent, 405 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Purest and best of all Drinks.....

Soda Water

If drawn from our new Fountain. DEEP ROCK LITHIA WATER, VERNOR'S GINGER ALE at

MAX WIRTH'S DRUG STORE.

Table and Kitchen.

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, Marquette Building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

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COOKING VEGETABLES.

"Vegetables are best in their own season, just as nature develops them, not as man forces them."

The good housekeeper will give as much care and attention to the cooking and dressing of vegetables as she devotes to other foods; while indifferent cooks entertain the mistaken idea that very little skill is required. And to the negligent and monotonous manner of preparing them is due a very prevalent indifference and frequent distaste for many of our most valuable green, summer vegetables.

FOOD VALUE OF VEGETABLES.

On account of the large percentage of water that enters into the consumption of vegetables, especially the green and fresh grown, they do not rank high for their nutrient value, but are none the less valuable, dietically, for the reason that they furnish a large quantity of organic fluids which must accompany the food supply to meet the requirements of the vital economy. The potato, which does not properly belong to summer vegetables, is remarkable for the large amount of starch it contains and for this reason must be cooked with utmost care in order to render it digestible. Some other vegetables contain starch, but the chief constituents, aside from water, of the vegetables which belong more properly, to the summer season are sugar, mineral elements and matter that supplies bulk to the food.

SELECTING VEGETABLES.

Unfortunately all housewives cannot obtain their green vegetables direct from the garden and while there are certain kinds, such as corn and peas, which soon lose their "sweetness" if they stand long before cooking, most buyers can get vegetables not over twenty-four hours old; and when selecting such as we have mentioned, it is wise to pay, if necessary, a little more for the freshest vegetable.

Select green vegetables that are crisp and juicy and have not been from field or garden over a day.

Roots and tubers should be plump with fresh, unshriveled skins. While we are not discussing vegetables that have been kept through the winter it is well to warn all inexperienced housewives against the use of vegetables that have begun to germinate, especially potatoes. The sprouts of these vegetables contain a poison similar to belladonna, the plant belonging to same family as the deadly nightshade.

CARE OF VEGETABLES.

When vegetables cannot be cooked as soon as gathered, they should be kept in a cool, dark place; the outer leaves or pods should not be removed until they are to be cooked. Lettuce, cress and spinach may be washed quickly and carefully in cold water, put in a cold, dark place, covered from the air and be kept crisp and nice for some time. Asparagus, corn, in husk, and celery, may be kept fresh by cutting off a little of the stem end and the cut end only stood in cold water.

Medium-sized, and not overgrown vegetables are, as a rule, the best to select. Most vegetables that do not contain starch are best if not quite mature, especially those that contain considerable woody fiber. These grow tough and hard.

TO PREPARE AND COOK.

Nearly all vegetables should be thoroughly washed before they are cooked; roots and tubers should be scrubbed with a small brush kept for the purpose, before they are pared; and all shoots, stems and leaves thoroughly washed, but not allowed to remain in water for any length of time if they are fresh. The best plan is to place them in a colander or wire basket and let cold water run over them.

Remember that to preserve the color, firmness and juices of young, green vegetables they should be cooked in boiling, salted water, as the solvent power of soft water will destroy their color and firmness and draw out the nutrient juices and salts into the water; and if this is draJined off and thrown away, we lose almost all the value as well as the flavor of the vegetables, and they are insipid and flat.

As a rule young, green vegetables are cooked too long. They should be cooked rapidly without cover except spinach, and only until they are tender, no longer, using as little water as possible. If they are cooked after they become tender, they grow dark colored and unsightly, strong in flavor and therefore unpalatable. Grains and legumes (pear, beans and lentils, require more water in cooking as they lose most of their moisture in the ripening process. Wilted vegetables also require more water, but if these cannot be freshened before cooking they should not be used. Have the water freshly boiled for the vegetables; since water, as soon as it begins to boil, parts with its gases and becomes flat and insipid; so put in the vegetables as soon as the boiling begins and keep it cooking continuously, but not too rapidly, for the temperature cannot be increased, after water reaches the boiling point, by violent bubbling.

All vegetables belonging to the tubers are better steamed or baked and many others are much finer, notably asparagus and young cabbage.

Onions and cabbage, on account of the strong odor of the valotile oil, should be cooked in plenty of water, the water changed several times according to the age and variety. These vegetables are more delicate if allowed to soak in unsalted, cold water for an hour before cooking. Never let vegetables remain in the water when once done.

Unless you can have your vegetables fresh from the garden you will find peas, corn, beets, squash, turnips, pumpkin and tomatoes are improved by adding just enough sugar to restore their natural sweetness; about a tablespoonful to a quart. Tomatoes are usually improved by the addition of a little sugar to correct the acidity, as they partake more of the nature of a fruit than a vegetable and are, in some seasons, quite tart.

A very simple yet effective way to destroy the odor from cooking onions or cabbage, is to keep a small quantity of vinegar simmering on the stove near the vessel containing the vegetables. This does not spoil the flavor of the vegetables as some other remedies do. Add salt to peas and beans when they are partly done.

TIME FOR COOKING.

Much depends on the age and condition of the vegetables, and also the manner in which they are cooked, fresh young vegetables requiring, of course, much less time. A table can give you only the approximate length of time. Use judgment and common sense and when the vegetables are tender do not cook them longer.

Bake potatoes, 30 to 45 minutes.
Steam potatoes, 20 to 40 minutes.
Boil potatoes (in their skins), 20 to 30 minutes.
Boiled potatoes (pared), 25 to 45 minutes.
Asparagus (young), 15 to 30 minutes.
Beets (young), 45 minutes.
Corn (green), 12 to 20 minutes.
Cauliflower, 20 to 40 minutes.
Cabbage, (young), 35 to 60 minutes.
Celery, 20 to 30 minutes.
Carrots, 1 to 2 hours.
Lima or shell beans, 45 minutes to 1¼ hours.
Onions, 30 to 60 minutes.
Oyster plant, 45 to 60 minutes.
Peas, 20 to 60 minutes.
Parsnips (young), 30 to 45 minutes.
Spinach, 20 to 60 minutes.
String beans, 30 to 60 minutes.
Summer squash, 20 to 60 minutes.
Turnips (young), 45 minutes.
Tomatoes (stewed), 45 to 60 minutes.

When vegetables are served with boiled salt meat, they must be cooked in the liquor from the meat after it has been removed.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Thursday.

BREAKFAST.
Cereal, Fruit,
Stuffed Tomatoes, Baked,
Potato Cakes, Toast,
Coffee.
LUNCH.
Peanut Butter Sandwiches,
Fruit Salad, Wafers,
Lemonade,
DINNER.
Okra Soup,
Stewed Chicken with Dumpling,
Boiled Rice, Spinach,
Cherry Pudding, Cream Sauce,
Coffee.

Friday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit, Cereal,
Codfish Balls, Tomato Sauce,
Toast, Coffee,
LUNCH.
Sardine and Potato Salad,
Lemon Jelly, Strawberries,
Cereal Coffee.
DINNER.
Broiled White Fish, Mashed Potatoes,
Dressed Cucumbers,
Tomatoes Mayonnaise,
Cherry Ice, Coffee.

Saturday.

BREAKFAST.
Cereal, Fruit,
Lamb's Liver, Brown Sauce,
Lyonnaise Potatoes,
Rolls, Coffee,
LUNCH.
Corn Pudding, Panned Tomatoes,
Fruit, Wafers,
Tea.
DINNER.
Vegetable Soup,
Mutton Chops, Stewed Tomatoes,
Macaroni and Cheese,
Lettuce,
Queen Mab Pudding,
Coffee.

Sunday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit, Cereal,
Scrambled Eggs, Grilled Tomatoes,
Toasted Muffins, Coffee,
DINNER.
Tomato Bisque,
Smothered Chicken, Brown Sauce,
Rice Croquettes, Creamed Peas,
Combination Salad,
Fruit Cream, Cake,
Coffee.
SUPPER.
Jellied Tongue, Cottage Cheese,
Tomato Mayonnaise,
Fruit, Wafers,
Tea.

INQUIRIES ANSWERED.

(No attention paid to inquiries not giving name and address of writer, plainly written.)

Mrs. A. W. G. writes: Will you kindly send me some cake recipes made of pastry flour, also doughnuts? Will you tell me why there is always bubbles in my cake? I very much enjoy your department.

It is not necessary to buy two kinds of flour for bread and cake baking if you can get a blended flour that is satisfactory.

Bubbles in cake are caused most frequently by using a flour not suitable, not beating the yolks sufficiently, using too much baking powder and not having it mixed thoroughly through the flour or in the batter and having the oven too slow when the cake goes in.

BONNYBELLE CAKE.

Cream two cups of sugar with one and one-half cups of butter until very light. Separate six eggs; beat the yolks until light and frothy, then add to the butter and sugar; add a teaspoonful of vanilla extract; beat well; then add a cup of water not too cold. Measure three and a half cups of flour that has been well sifted; add three teasponnfuls of good baking powder; sift thoroughly again and add to the cake mixture. Beat the batter until light and smooth; then add the whites of the eggs beaten to a stiff froth; fold these in carefully, but do not beat, until thoroughly mixed through the batter. Do not stir the batter after these are mixed in. This may be used for layer or loaf cake; if for the latter, fruit may be required according to kind and quality of flour used. Judgment and knowledge of different kinds of batter is necessary as we have previously explained in former articles.

If you use a good baking powder it should be sifted with the flour and the cake is improved by allowing plenty of time for mixing before placing in the oven.

NEW ENGLAND DOUGHNUTS.

One quart of flour sifted before measuring. Add to this four level teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a level teaspoonful salt, same of ground cinnamon and grated nutmeg. Beat two eggs until light; add a cup of sugar and beat again; then add a cup of milk and two tablespoonfuls of melted butter or thick, sweet cream. Make a hollow in the flour and pour in the liquid, mixing gradually into the flour until you have a dough soft as can be handled easily. Turn out on the floured board; toss lightly; roll out about half an inch thick and cut into round shapes or rings. Fry in deep, hot fat, turning them several times before they are done to prevent their cracking and looking unsightly. The hole in the center should gradually close up and the doughnut be perfectly round when done. Do not have fat too hot; try first with a piece of dough.

CANNING AND PRESERVING STRAWBERRIES AND SMALL FRUITS.

Mrs. J. H. M. writes: I have been very much interested in your articles and would consider it a great favor if you will publish recipes for the canning and preserving of strawberries and the small fruits. I am a young housekeeper and know nothing whatever about it.

We will publish a number of recipes for canning and preserving small fruits in our next issue, and hope the suggestions will help you. Will be only too glad to be of service to you at any time, and hope you will feel free to use the household column, which is conducted solely for the benefit of perplexed housekeepers.

Your Stomach is not your slave. It's your friend. Don't abuse your friend. Help your friend.

Granola

is already partly digested (all the wheat starch having been turned towards sugar). When taken into the stomach it is instantly assimilated. The process is not unlike snowflakes settling on a warm sponge. Granola has the rich nutty flavor of the wheat, and is perfectly delicious. IT BUILDS BRAWN. Every package of genuine Granola bears a picture of the Battle Creek Sanitarium. Ask your grocer for it. Beware of imitations. Drink Caramel Cereal and sleep well—it leaves the nerves strong.
Send 3c for Granola sample to

Battle Creek Sanitarium Food Co. Battle Creek, Mich.

Mrs.Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Tom Reed cigar is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

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PATENTS!

Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence, James T. Watson.

Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

WESSON ODORLESS COOKING OIL removes the stomach terror of lard-made pies!

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, special term, June 25th, 1901.

In the matter of the estate of Eliza Dayton, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Eliza Dayton, deceased, late of New Brunswick, state of New Jersey, being granted to William R. Janeway, and the executor's affidavit of no indebtedness having been filed;

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 30th day of September, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

It is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 25th day of June, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—June 26, July 2-9.

BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 6 days; no other treatment required. Sold by all druggists.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 1ST AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—

It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—

It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—

As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—

By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

Duluth Brass Works, Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER. Sold in Duluth at the IDEAL BEER HALL.

Amendment of Articles of Incorporation —OF— The Higgins Land Company.

It is hereby certified, that at the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Higgins Land Company, held at the office of said company in the city of Duluth, in the state of Minnesota, on the third day of June, A. D. nineteen hundred and one, at which were present in person, or represented by duly executed proxy, the holders of more than two-thirds of the capital stock of said Company, it was duly and unanimously resolved as follows:

"That Article Third and Article Seventh of the articles of incorporation of the Higgins Land Company be amended, so as to read as follows, respectively:

Third. The amount of capital stock of said corporation shall be fifteen thousand ($15,000.00) dollars instead of sixty thousand ($60,000.00) dollars, to which amount the capital stock is hereby reduced, the whole amount thereof having been heretofore paid in."

Seventh. The number and amount of shares in the capital stock of said corporation shall be one hundred fifty shares (150) each of the par value of one hundred ($100.00) dollars.

It is further certified that at a regular meeting of the directors of said corporation, held at the office of said Company in the city of Duluth, in the state of Minnesota, on the third day of June, A. D. 1901, and subsequent to the aforesaid action of the stockholders of said corporation, the following resolution was unanimously adopted, viz:

"That Article Third and Article Seventh of the articles of incorporation of the Higgins Land Company be amended, so as to read as follows, respectively:

Third. The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifteen thousand ($15,000.00) dollars instead of sixty thousand ($60,000.00) dollars, to which amount the capital stock is hereby reduced, the whole amount thereof having been heretofore paid in.

Seventh. The number and amount of shares in the capital stock of said corporation shall be one hundred fifty (150) shares, each of the par value of one hundred ($100.00) dollars."

In witness whereof, the said Higgins Land Company has caused these presents to be subscribed and sworn to by its president, and its secretary, and has caused its corporate seal to be hereto affixed this third day of June, A. D. 1901.

THE HIGGINS LAND COMPANY,
By FRANK W. HIGGINS,
President.

In presence of:
C. d'AUTREMONT, JR.,
JAMES WANLESS.

Attest:
FRANK S. SMITH,
Secretary.

(Corporate Seal).

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis—ss.

Frank W. Higgins and Frank S. Smith being each duly sworn, depose and say: That the said Frank W. Higgins is the president, and the said Frank S. Smith is the secretary of the Higgins Land Company; that the foregoing certificate by them subscribed contains a true statement of the action of the stockholders of said corporation at the regular annual meeting thereof, as set forth in said certificate, and also of the action of the board of directors of said corporation, as set forth in said certificate, whereby at the time and place therein indicated, it was resolved to amend the articles of incorporation of said corporation as is set forth in said certificate; that the seal attached to said instrument is the corporate seal of the said corporation.

FRANK W. HIGGINS.
FRANK S. SMITH.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 3rd day of June, A. D. 1901.

JAMES WANLESS,
Notary Public,
St. Louis Co., Minn.

(Notarial Seal).

Duluth Evening Herald, June-12-19-26-July 3-1901.

Amendment of Articles of Association —OF— Olean Land Company.

It is hereby certified, that at the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Olean Land Company, held at the office of said company in the city of Duluth, in the state of Minnesota, on the third day of June, A. D. nineteen hundred and one, at which were present in person, or represented by duly executed proxy, the holders of more than two-thirds of the capital stock of said company, it was duly and unanimously resolved as follows:

"That article third and article seventh of the articles of incorporation of the Olean Land Company, be amended, so as to read as follows, respectively:

Third: The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000), of which amount seventy thousand dollars ($70,000) having been heretofore paid in, the remainder thereof, to-wit: Eighty thousand dollars ($80,000) shall be paid at such time or times and in such manner as the board of directors may require

Seventh: The number and amount of shares in the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifteen hundred shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each."

It is further certified that at a regular meeting of the directors of said corporation held at the office of said company in the city of Duluth, in the state of Minnesota, on the third day of June A. D. 1901, and subsequent to the aforesaid action of the stockholders of said corporation, the following resolution was unanimously adopted, viz:

"That article third and article seventh of the articles of incorporation of the Olean Land Company be amended, so as to read as follows, respectively:

"Third: The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000), of which amount seventy thousand dollars ($70,000) having been heretofore paid in, the remainder thereof to-wit: Eighty thousand dollars ($80,000) shall be paid at such time or times and in such manner as the board of directors may require.

"Seventh: The number and amount of shares in the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifteen hundred shares of the par value of one hundred dollars each."

In witness whereof, the said Olean Land Company has caused these presents to be subscribed and sworn to by its president and its secretary, and has caused its corporate seal to be hereto affixed this 3d day of June, A. D. 1901.

OLEAN LAND COMPANY,
(Corporate Seal.)
By GILES GILBERT,
President.
Attest: FRANK S. SMITH,
Secretary.

In presence of—
C. d'Autremont, Jr.,
James Wanless.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

Giles Gilbert and Frank S. Smith being each duly sworn, depose, and say: that the said Giles Gilbert is the president, and the said Frank S. Smith is the secretary of the Olean Land Company; that the foregoing certificate by them subscribed contains a true statement of the action of the stockholders of said corporation at the regular annual meeting thereof, as set forth in said certificate, and also of the action of the board of directors of said corporation, as set forth in said certificate, whereby at the times and place therein indicated, it was resolved to amend the articles of association of said corporation as is set forth in said certificate. That the seal attached to said instrument is the corporate seal of the said corporation.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3d day of June, A. D. 1901.

GILES GILBERT.
FRANK S. SMITH.

JAMES WANLESS,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, June-12-19-26-July 3-1901.

Every Night at 7 The Herald is Sold by Newsboys on the streets of..... Ashland

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE!

$1000	50 feet on Fourth street near Sixteenth avenue east.
$4000	50 feet on Second street, between Third and Fourth avenues east; very choice location.
$7500	Modern dwelling house on First street, 125-foot frontage, all modern conveniences.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
LONSDALE BLDG.

SOME RELIEF.

(Continued From Page 1.)

blowing here today and the official temperature at 7 a. m. was 74 degrees.

Milwaukee, July 3.—A drenching storm early this morning cleared the air and dropped the mercury down to 68. A breeze from the lake and a cloudy sky promises a comfortable day. The weather bureau does not expect the thermometer to touch 80 today.

One of the remarkable things about the hot weather is that notwithstanding the excessive heat there has not been one death directly traceable to the heat. Only about twenty-five prostrations in the past week are recorded.

Chicago, July 3.—Although the temperatude at 8:30 a. m. today was down to 73, the humidity showed 85 per cent, and weather conditions were rather depressing, despite a cloudy sky and fair breezes.

Louisville, July 3.—A special from Hopkinsville, Ky., says eight deaths directly due to the heat, occurred there during the morning.

San Francisco, July 3.—At 10 a. m. the temperature in this city was 57 degrees.

Kansas City, July 3.—At noon the weather bureau reported 97 degrees, 4 higher than yesterday. Throughout the state the same conditions prevail.

St. Louis, July 3.—Up to noon today there have been thirty-four deaths and 170 prostrations since June 22. One death was reported today.

Detroit, July 3.—Up to noon today there have been five deaths in this city from heat.

Troy, N. Y., July 3.—The storm of last evening cooled the atmosphere and at 10 a. m. today 88 degrees was the record in this city. This is 5 degrees lower than at the same time yesterday.

Albany, N. Y., July 3.—At 9 o'clock the thermometer registered 84 degrees, 5 degrees less than yesterday.

Buffalo, July 3.—Official temperature at 8 a. m., 83; humidity, 78.

Rochester, N. Y., July 3.—At 8 a. m. the temperature was 77; humidity, 65 per cent.

La Crosse, Wis., July 3.—Another victim has been added to the mortality list of the heated spell, under which this city has been suffering for the last two weeks. The mercury lingers between the 90 and 95 mark, and much suffering is occasioned by the heat. In many parts of town work has been suspended.

Louisville, July 3.—At 11 a. m. the official temperature was 94, though street thermometers recorded from 6 to 10 degrees higher.

Cincinnati, July 3.—No prostrations have been reported today.

Total deaths so far, 19; prostrations, 142. This includes Covington and Newport, Ky.

Chicago, July 3.—Up to 11 a. m. two deaths were reported but no prostrations. The temperature was 76; humidity, 82. Since June 22 there have been 138 cases of prostration, twenty-seven of which resulted fatally.

Columbus, Ohio, July 3.—After a night during which there was great suffering from heat, today opened with promise of going even warmer. At 9:30 a. m. 87 was registered.

Omaha, Juy 3.—A temperature of 86 degrees was registered at 8 a. m. The humidity was only 64, however. Two prostrations were reported during the night.

Baltimore, July 3.—Up to 8 a. m. thirty-eight deaths from heat and eighty cases of prostration, due to the same cause, had been reported to the police in this city during the present hot spell.

New York, July 3.—The extreme heat was checked at 2:30 p. m. when rain began to fall, accompanied by a thirty-mile wind.

Baltimore, July 3.—After a comparatively cool night the thermometer at the weather bureau registered 78 at 7 o'clock this morning. An hour later it had climbed to 85 and at 11 o'clock it had risen to 96.

The police report but one death from heat and no prostrations.

Pittsburg, July 3.—At 1 p. m. thirteen deaths and twenty prostrations had been reported. The mercury registered 81 degrees. The rain had ceased, but it was cloudy and threatening.

Philadelphia, July 3.—Up to 2 p. m. seventeen deaths and over fifty prostrations due to the heat had been reported. At that hour the weather bureau thermometer registered 97 degrees, a decrease of 4 compared with the same hour yesterday. The humidity had fallen from 62 to 41 per cent.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate Business and residence property, improved and unimproved, bought and sold.

Loans Money loaned at the lowest rates.

Fire Insurance Carefully written in good companies.

For Rent Stores, flats and dwellings.

Always Accidents on 4th of July.

Get an accident insurance policy and be protected in Travelers' Ins. Co. of Hartford, Conn.

Telephone 516.

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

Dance, July 4, evening, at Oatka.

BROKE UP THE LODGE.

"Speaking of secret societies," remarked a gentleman who lives in Baton Rouge to the New Orleans Times-Democrat, "reminds me of a little organization I belonged to just after the war, and it had gained much popularity in my section of the state. I am not divulging any secret at this late day in telling of one feature of the initiation, for the society has long since passed out of existence, and really it had no serious reason for remaining in the world except that it was full of good laughs, and the members generally left the hall after a meeting in the best of spirits. This was especially true if we found a new victim. But we ran across a snag one night, and when we left the hall we left rather hurriedly, and conscious of the fact, too, that the scanty lot of furniture in the place was being smashed into smithereens. For some time we had been trying to get an Irishman into the organization. He was a green fellow and believed all that was said about th methods of putting men through the lodge. We played on his courage until he agreed to make the effort, and we got every available member to attend. We handled him roughly, but he stood it like a man. I ought to state here that there was one member of the society who had said some rather unkind things about the gentleman from Ireland. Among other things he had said he was the biggest jackass in the community. We had put him through and had just come to the revelation part. The fellow was stripped and blindfolded. We led him across the hall to a mirror, which had been prepared for this part of the initiation. He was trembling from head to foot. 'Behold thyself!' cried one of the members as he snatched the covering from his eyes. Instead of looking into a real mirror, the Irishman found himself face to face with a large and gorgeous picture of a jackass, with tinfoil pasted around it, so as to give it the appearance of his reflected person. He was dazed for a few seconds, but he soon recovered, and the fun began in earnest. He smashed the mirror first, and then made a tour of the hall. When we returned to the hall next day we found a pile of crushed and broken furniture. Well, this broke up the lodge, and we never could convince the son of Ireland that the mirror picture was not the work of the man who had denounced him as a jackass, and those two men were fast enemies forever thereafter."

Dance, July 4, evening, at Oatka.

FEUD STORIES.

A feud leader, who had about exterminated the opposing faction and had made a good fortune for a mountaineer while doing it, for he kept his men busy getting out timber when they weren't fighting, said to me, says a writer in Scribner's, in all seriousness:

"I have triumphed agin my enemies time and time agin. The Lord's on my side, and I gits a better and better Christian ever' year.'"

A preacher, riding down a ravine, came upon an old mountaineer hiding in the bushes with is rifle.

"What are you doing there, my friend?"

"Ride on, stranger," was the easy answer. "I'm a-waitin' fer Jim Johnson, and with the help of the Lawd I'm goin' to blow his damn head off."

Excursion Tickets to New York.

Commencing July 1 the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway will sell reduced rate tickets Chicago to New York and return, good for stop at Pan-American exposition. Low rate Buffalo tickets are also now on sale. Eight trains daily. Send 4 cents in stamps for printed matter and full information. F. M. Byron, general western agent, Chicago; W. B. Hutter, Northwestern passenger agent, 122 Endicott Arcade, St. Paul, Minn.

Excursion Rates Via "The Milwaukee."

Cincinnati, July 4, 5, 6, United Society Christian Endeavor, $21.50 round trip.

Detroit, July 5, 6, 7, National Educational association, $20.75 round trip.

Chicago, July 23, 24, 25, Baptist Young People's union of America, $13.50 round trip.

Louisville, Aug. 24, 25, 26, triennial conclave Knights Templar, $21.50 round trip.

Buffalo, all summer, Pan-American exposition, $24.50 round trip.

All tickets good on celebrated Pioneer Limited.

Call at Milwaukee office, or write J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, St. Paul, for detailed information. Ask for Pan-American folder.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FARM

We will trade for improved city property, 100-acre farm near Duluth. Good house and barn, large hennery, horses, cattle, wagons and tools, half acre strawberries, and other crops all in. A very desirable home.

For particulars call at office of

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

$1000	takes 50 feet on East Second street.
$3000	takes 7-room modern house on Third street, center of city.
$1500	takes 50-foot corner, London road, upper side,; all improvements.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Building.

FREE FARMS

160 acres of the choicest farm lands in the world FREE, and cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to
J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT.

Furnished Flat, till September 1st—five rooms	$20
Six room Flat—unfurnished at	$15

C. A. & E. D. FIELD, 204 Exchange Bldg.

FOR RENT.

Store room formerly occupied by R. R. Forward & Co., at 2023 West Superior street; extra good location; newly papered and painted and in first-class condition throughout.

Flats in Wieland Flats, four rooms, steam heat, city water, bath, etc., $10.

714 East Fourth street, nine rooms, recently papered and painted throughout, city water; suitable for two families, $20.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minn.

WHAT IS CHEAPER?

One 7-room house, one 3-room house, small barn, 50x150 foot lot, fine view of lake. Only $1000—$250 cash will handle it. Just the thing for a carpenter or builder.

LITTLE & NOLTE

UNDERTAKING.

WE HAVE THE BEST FUNERAL CAR and rubber tire carriages in the state. Why not get the best particularly when our prices are lowest. Stewart Livery company, 122 West Second street. Telephone 334—2 rings.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF. WALTER TELLS EVERYthing, 314 East Fifth street.

PROFESSER MME. QUINN IS STILL at 622 West Superior street.

PIANO TUNING.

C.A.GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, LEADer North Star band. Zenith 'phone 606.

FOUND.

FOUND—JERSEY COW. OWNER CAN have same at Runkle dairy, Eleventh street and Thirteenth avenue west.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, A SMALL SAFE. Apply at 427 West Michigan street.

WANTED—TO BUY, A SMALL SAFE. Apply at 427 West Michigan street.

GOOD INTEREST PAYING, CENTRALly located real estate. Not to exceed $5000. Address with price and location. X 4, Herald.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

DRUGGIST.

C. J. TUFTE, 2015 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

$14.00 Detroit and Return

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and D. & C. steamers, via St. Ignace (Mackinaw Island), acount National Educational Convention. Leave Duluth 7:00 p. m., July 5. Make early application for sleeper and steamer accommodations at

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—CHEAP, CRESCENT BIcycle in good condition. Address 214 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD GOODS; AM leaving city; must be sold at once. Call at 326 East Second street.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE —leaving city; call at 515 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE—TWO-HORSE PACKING company wagon, and one-horse top wagon. 213 West First street.

FOR SALE—CRAWFORD BICYCLE, coaster brake. A snap. Address C. H., Herald.

FOR SALE—GOOD SINGLE RUBBER tire buggy. Address D. D., Herald.

FOR SALE—HORSE, CHEAP. 1127 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—DINING ROOM AND PARlor furniture and a number of Remarque proof etchings. Inquire afternoons this week, at No. 20 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE—A TWO CHAIR BARBER shop outfit. Barber shop, 215 West Superior street.

$195 —PIANO, CHICKERING, UPright, elegant mahogany case; almost new. Inquire 2 Columbus block.

$25 —ORGAN, ESTEY MAKE, HIGH top; snap. 2 Columbus block.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows. S. Kaner, 1217 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—TIMBER AND HOMEstead locating in good locations on rivers running to the coast. Fine homesteads and good timber, a specialty. Headquarters, address Murphy & Dammon, Merchant hotel, Portland, Oregon.

FOR SALE—THE HALL SAFE COMpany's fire and burglar proof safe. J. S. Ray, post box 89.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

FOR SALE — THE JOHN DAIGLE hotel in Hibbing. For terms and further particulars, apply to John Daigle, Hibbing, Minn.

Large Consignments of
Drafters, Farm Mares, Drivers and Mules
are daily received at
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S
Midway Horse Market,
Midway, St. Paul, Minn. All horses sold under written guarantee to be as represented. Part time given if desired.

PERSONAL.

PIANO, VIOLIN AND MANDOLIN LESsons, 50c. Walter Howard, 22 7th Ave. W., or leave calls at Howard's machine store, 10 E. Sup. St. Music for dances.

LADIES—TRY MY MONTHLY REGUlator. Box free. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

MIDWIFE.

DR.EMMA BREINHOLM, OBSTETRICS electricity, magnetic and suggestive. Private hospital 11 19th Ave. W.

MRS BANKS, MIDWIFE,328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS.HANSON,FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 768 E. 3d st. 'Phone 1225.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

MEDICAL.

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.
LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Superior street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile Company, 16 West Superior street.

ATTORNEYS.

S. L. SMITH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 219 Duluth Trust building.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY, 711-712 PALladio building.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1006 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING, Simpson. Zenith 'phone 738. 119 W. 1st st.

INSTRUCTION.

PERSONS DESIRING TO BE TUtored in grade or high school work, apply L. A. W., Box 433.

LOST.

LOST—WILL THE TEAMSTER THAT found an abstract on Superior street yesterday afternoon kindly leave it at The Herald office.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED, HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — TEN COOKS ANY amount of waitresses, second cooks, dishwashers, housekeepers, at once. Lewis Employment Agency, 131 West Superior street.

FEED WRINKLING, FLABBY, LOOSE, creased skin with Satin-Skin Cream tissue-building skin food. 25c.

WANTED—A WASH WOMAN, AT 407 East First.

WANTED—AT ONCE—A GOOD ALL-around laundry girl, one that operates shirt machine. Also one good, accurate marker and assorter; one that is willing to mangle if necessary. Troy Steam Laundry, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; $14.00 per month, 1423 East Third street.

WANTED—ONE GIRL TO WAIT ON counter and bake pies. Apply Charles H. Hall, Branch Bethel.

WANTED — GIRL TO DO LIGHT housework, 1428½ East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Small family. 1405 East Superior street.

WANTED—DINING ROOM GIRL. BELmont hotel.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK TO BEGIN July 12. No washing. Good wages. Mrs. S. T. Harrison, 2107 East First street.

WANTED — A LADY COOK. GOOD wages. 7 Nineteenth avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages. 224 East Fourth street.

WANTED—COOK. 318 WEST SECOND.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East Fourth street.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL AT 210 West Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family, 2116 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; small family; good wages. 1617 London road.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. No. 409 West Second street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK IN PRIVATE family. Best of wages; no washing; that is willing to go to Ashland. Transportation paid. Call for information. 901 London road.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1127 London road.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Small family, 2116 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR PRIVATE family out of the city. No children. Address S. S., Herald.

A CAPABLE GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call after 6 p. m., 1714 Jefferson street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. One with references. 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL AT 507 WEST Second street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls at Peerless laundry.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 112 East Third street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED — MAN TO SELL GROCERies; must be sober and experienced. Salary raised as work improves. Apply Wednesday evening or Thursday morning. D. L. Decker, Midland hotel.

WANTED—BRICKLAYERS TO WORK on Hibbing High School, 50 cents an hour; fare one way.

WANTED—FIFTEEN FIRST - CLASS structural iron men. Good wages and steady work. Wisconsin Bridge and Iron company, Houghton, Mich.

WANTED—MACHINE HANDS AND vise hands for sawmill work. Good wages and steady jobs with chance for promotion are offered to the right men. Address The Filer & Stowell Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

ORDINARY MECHANICS are plentiful. You can be something better. Learn how. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 206-208 New Jersey Building., Duluth. Open evenings.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED SITUATIONS.

WANTED — SITUATION BY YOUNG man where there is chance for advancement. Competent bookkeeper with business ability and experience. Moderate compensation. Y 42, Herald.

WANTED—BY MAN AND WIFE, FOR camp cooking or boat, or on a farm as first and second. Y 39, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 22 YEARS OF AGE, wants position where there is opportunity of advancement. Not afraid of work. Address M 74, Herald.

WANTED—BY A THROUGHLY COMpetent young man, position as bookkeeper in or out of city. References furnished if required. Address Y 41, Herald.

MAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE PLACE to do cooking in or outside of city. Address 16 East Superior street, Room 18.

COMPETENT LADY STENOGRAPHER wishes position. Has had one year's experience in real estate. Speaks and writes Scandinavian. References exchanged. Address Lavinia Larson, 2420 Twenty-sixth avenue south, Minneapolis Minn.

WANTED—SITUATION BY MAN AND wife experienced as cooks or managers of boarding house. Frank Frantz, 518 Garfield avenue.

MAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE PLACE to do cooking in or outside of city. Address 16 East Superior street.

LADY WITH SEVERAL YEARS EXPErience in law office, desires position as stenographer. Apply Box C. B., Herald.

PAPERHANGING.

PAPERHANGING, CALSOMINING, painting, etc. Good work, moderate prices. Do all work personally. Address T 19, Herald.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.

Seven-room cottage on Twenty-sixth avenue west at Lincoln park, one of the finest residence locations in the city. Inquire of

S. Mortund,
1931 W. Superior street.

FOR RENT—PARK POINT, 5-ROOM cottage, new, near St. Cloud street. Inquire Delwood camp, one block north.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE IN EAST End; modern. Apply 1222 East First St.

FOR RENT — 8-ROOM FURNISHED house, East End. All conveniences; reasonable, for July and August. Address T 94, Herald.

FOR RENT—10-ROOM BRICK HOUSE. Rent very reasonable. Inquire Bloom & Co., 102 West First street.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ROOMS 1021 WEST MICHIgan street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM WITH bath and electric light. Inquire Bloom & Co., 102 West First street.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms. 909 West Fourth street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—HOUSE, CENtrally located; 8 or 10 rooms, modern and suitable for furnished rooms. Y 6, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, all modern conveniences. Very central. No. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—TABLE BOARDERS IN private family. 32 West Second street.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—BOARD AND ROOM BY lady with baby. Must be central, between Second and Fifth avenues west and Superior and Third street. Y 46, Herald.

WANTED — ROOM AND BOARD. 120 First avenue west; bath, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 1, 1901. Work Third degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 8, 1901. Work, ——————Burr Porter, M. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO.20, R. A. M.—Stated convocationss second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1901. Work, P. M. & M. E. M. degree. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, recorder.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave July 2, 1901. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elk's hall, 113 West Superior street. Frank Crassweller, G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL, No. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Roy Hood, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets second and fourth Monday evenings of each month in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. L. R. Birch, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Memorial service Tuesday evening, June 25. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the initiatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; T. B. Perry, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

UNITED COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS. Zenith, No. 40, Duluth, Minn.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month. Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOTELS.

HOTEL NORTHERN,
208 W. Superior St.
Music Every Afternoon and Evening by the
VIENNA LADIES' ORCHESTRA AND CONCERT COMPANY.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY THEM AT 20 FIRST AVENUE west, from expert. 'Phone 854.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.,
Isle Royale & Apostle Islands Routes
STR. BON AMI
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points. **9 a. m.**

STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's Dock Mondays and Thursdays at for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton **8 p.m.**
JOHN FLYNN, Agt., 2 Lyceum Building. W. H. SINGER, Mgr. Lake Ave and Canal.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth..Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf...Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar...Eveleth...Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar... Sparta.. Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar . Hibbing . Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv.......Duluth.......Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar....... Virginia.......Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar....... Eveleth Lv	7:38 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar......... Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*1 25 pm 11 10 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†3 00 pm	Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	†11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. L. J. KITCHELL, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and East	* 11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	* 7 55 am
*8 40 am	No Coast Ltd.	* 4 55 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am	St. Paul	*6 45 am
*1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
† 7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED.	† 8 30 am
* 8 15 am	Copper Country Local.	* 8 00 pm

A Good Thing to Go by. . . .

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.
(The Popular Thoroughfare)
—BETWEEN—
Duluth, Superiors, Etc.
—AND—
Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Etc.

Fast Trains; Pullman Palace Sleepers; Luxuriant Diners; Meals Served a la Carte.

J. C. POND, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.
W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent,
No. 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The Pioneer Limited,
Only Perfect Train in the World.
Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS.

J. T. CONLEY,
Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, JULY 4, 1901. TWO CENTS.

Your Credit
The Home of New Ideas and Honest Values.
Is Good
The House That Saves You Money.
French & Bassett
Complete House Furnishers,
First Street and Third Avenue West.

IT'S THE SAME STORY with so many. They do not think seriously of Fire Insurance until the property is destroyed. Then there is nothing to insure. Why not take time by the fore lock? Rates are not reduced by procrastinating. Tomorroy may bring a fire. Let us write the insurance you need today.
GRAVES-MANLEY AGENCY
Insurance and Bonds,
Torrey Bldg. 1st floor, Duluth.

THE DRENNING SCHOOL.
GREGG SHORTHAND EASY TO LEARN. EASY TO WRITE. EASY TO READ.
A LESSON IN GREGG'S SHORTHAND.
K, G. R. L. N. M. T. D. (up) A. E. I.
WRITE BY SOUND:
me meek get day eat near
meet make tray cake my keg
TO BE MEMORIZED:
A, an Can Good In He The Will Period
WRITE:
The lad will meet me in the lane.
READ:
Can be learned in from ⅔ to ½ the time required to master the old, out-of-date systems. Full particulars regarding this wonderful, modern shorthand will be furnished upon application to
THE DRENNING SCHOOL.
8th Floor, Torrey Building.

ONLY BUTTER MADE IN DULUTH.
SEPARATOR CREAMERY
B R Primus TRADE MARK
MANUFACTURED BY,
BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL,—DULUTH, MINN.
BEST BUTTER SOLD IN DULUTH.

Fine Stationery.
Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store
323 West Superior Street.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY,
15 Second Ave. West.
Both 'Phones.
We close at 1 p.m. Saturdays.
Printers.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

FROM THE ORIENT.

Results of the Recent Interport Regatta.

Victoria, B. B., July 4.—Oriental advices say: The interport regatta took place at Kobe on June 7 and 8. Yokohama won the fours and single sculls, and Kobe the pairs and double sculls.

Schilling, the American one-armed athlete, who is walking around the world for a wager, has passed through Japan. The Japanese displayed great interest in him and provided him with passage to Colombo.

WESTERN RAILROADS.

Portland, Ore., July 4.—The Oregonian says: News that it had been definitely decided to extend the Portland, Vancouver & Yakima railroad this year has given rise to the belief that the Vancouver is gradually edging toward Nortnern Yakima where it will make conection with the Northern Pacific and give the Northern Pacific a cut-off to Portland.

TAFT RULES

Philippines Have a Civil Government.

Auspicious Inauguration Ceremonies.

Manila, July 4.—Civil government in the Philippines has been auspiciously inaugurated. Commissioner Taft was escorted by Gen. MacArthur and Gen. Chaffee from the palace to a great temporary tribune, just outside the plaza Palacio. Standing on a projecting center of the tribune, William H. Taft, the new civil governor of the Philippines, took the oath of office, which was administered by Chief Justice Arellano. Governor Taft was then introduced by Gen. MacArthur, the guns of Fort Santiago being fired by way of a salute.

A feature of the inaugural address of Governor Taft was the announcement that on Sept. 1, 1901, the commission will be increased by the appointment of the native members, Dr. Wardo Detavera, Denito Legarda and Jose Luzuriaga. Before Sept. 1 departments will exist as follows: Interior, Worcester; commerce and police, Wright; justice and finance, Ide; public instruction, Moses.

Of the twenty-seven provinces organized, Civil Governor Taft said the insurrection still exists in five. This will cause the continuance of the military government in these sections. Sixteen additional provinces are reported without insurrections, but as yet they have not been organized. Four provinces are not ready for civil government.

The speaker predicted that with the concentration of troops into larger garrisons it would be necessary for the people to assist the police in the preservation of order. Fleet launches will be procured, he said, which will facilitate communication among the provinces, as well as aid the postal and revenue departments. In connection with educational efforts, Civil Governor Taft said that adults should be educated by an observation of American methods. He said that there was a reasonable hope that congress would provide a suitable tariff, one that would assist in the development of the islands, instead of an application of the United States tariff.

According to the civil governor there is an unexpended balance in the insular treasury of $3,700,000, and an annual income of $10,000,000. He said that any possible friction between civil and military subordinates should be discouraged. The patriotism of the leading Filipino was commended. In conclusion Civil Governor Taft reiterated a hope expressed by the president that in future the inhabitants would be grateful for the American Philippine's victories, and that they would be indissolubly linked in ties of affection with the common country.

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ARE AGAIN VICTORIOUS

Pennsylvania Oarsmen Defeat the Thames Rowing Club, Thus Winning Second Heat of the Henley Regatta.

Henley, July 4.—The second day of the Henley regatta was signalized by another victory for the Americans, the oasmen of the university of Pennsylvania defeating the Thames Rowing club and thus winning their second heat. As the Leanders defeated the Belgian crew, the Pennsylvanians will meet the Leanders in the final heat for the grand challenge cup tomorrow.

The results of the heats today were as follows

Grand challenge cup, third heat—The Leander Rowing club beat the Belgian crew by three-quarters of a length. Time, 7:08.

Grand challenge cup, fourth heat—Pennsylvania university beat Thames Rowing club by three lengths. Time, 7:22.

Thames challenge cup, eighth heat—Kingston Rowing club beat Royal School of Mines by a length and a half. Time, 7:24.

Visitors challenge cup, second heat—Caius college, Cambridge, beat New college, Oxford. Caius arrived alone. No. 3 of the New college broke his slide. Caius stopped, but the damage could not be repaired:

Thames challenge cup, ninth heat—Trinity hall, Cambridge, beat Worcester college, Oxford, by a length. Time, 7:26.

Visitors challenge cup, third heat—Balliol college, Oxford, beat First Trinity, Cambridge, by two lengths. Time, 8:14.

Diamond challenge sculls, fourth heat—C. V. Fox beat S. T. Blackstaffe.

In the heat for the grand challenge cup today the conditions were even better than yesterday. A bright hot sun was shining and there was no wind. There was a decided increase in attendance and the American flags were very liberally displayed.

Soon after 11 a. m. the Leanders, paddling to the start for their race with the Belgians, were loudly applauded along the course, but their reception was quite eclipsed by that given to the Americans as, a few minutes later, they followed. The contrast in the style of the two crews, whom everybody expected to see fighting it out in the final heat, was more marked than ever.

There was only five minutes' difference between the two races, and no sooner had Umpire William sent the Leanders and Belgians off than Umpire Putman's launch took its place to start the Americans and the Thames crew. The former seemed even more confident than yesterday. There was a capital start, and the Pennsylvanians had three-fourths of a length lead before the top of the island was reached. They rowed eleven strokes in the first quarter, twenty-two in the first half and forty-one during the first minute. The Americans went away steadily and easily from that point and dropped their stroke to thirty-eight. They did half the distance in 3:30. Their opponents did the half in 3:42. Opposite the Leander enclosure the Pennsylvanians were three lengths ahead, and although they again eased considerably and the others spurted, the Thames men were never able to make up anything.

Passing the grand stand the Americans could not resist a little spurt, and they rowed past with a dozen strokes at the rate of forty-one to the minute. The Americans had a very friendly reception and a number of their countrymen succeeded in giving them a very respectable college yell. The band played "The Belle of New York."

Ellis Ward, the American coach, who was in the umpire's launch, expressed himself as being thoroughly satisfied and confident. He said:

"I told them they must not make that spurt at the end, but I suppose they were so excited and pleased that they could not resist it."

The Leander-Belgian race was a hard one, but not so severe as expected. The Leanders got off with surprising rapidity, at the rate of forty-three, and secured a bare length's lead at the top of the island. The Belgians soon struck a rapid gait and began to come up, but they could not catch the Leanders. Off Fawley court, which they did in 3:24, the Leanders were again clear. Off the Grosvenor club the Belgians spurted and nearly got up level. A splendid race home followed, the Leanders winning by a bare length.

The Leanders finished very strong, and in the opinion of experts they could have made much better time. On one point all were agreed, and that was that tomorrow's meeting between the Leanders and the Americans will be a desperate race. The Leanders have greatly improved. They now scull well together and today's race will do them further good. The Pennsylvanians have shown themselves to be in the pink of condition.

There was some criticism yesterday because, after the finish, the Americans rowed straight to their boat house and rattled their oars in the rowlocks as a compliment to their opponents. The Americans today made ample amends. The moment the Thames crew crossed the line the Pennsylvania crew gave them a lusty college cheer, and then, paddling home, housed their boat and stood on the raft, again cheering the Thames crew as the latter housed their boat at the same place.

The cheering was overheard on Henley bridge, and the crowd which witnessed the scene began cheering the Pennsylvanians. Ellis Ward and Graduate Manager Hart are both delighted with the easy race, which Ward said was only paddling. "But," he added, "it gets us against Leander, and now we will do the best we can to make tomorrow another Fourth of July."

TROUBLES AT CASSEL.

Cassel, Prussia, July 4.—The negotiations of the creditors committee and the receivers of the Leipsig bank with the directors of the Cassel Grain Drying company were broken off today. The Grain Drying company subsequently made an assignment. The chairman, Herr Summpf, was shortly afterwards arrested. The director general, Herr Schmidt, has disappeared.

A FILIPINO DEMAND.

Madrid, July 4.—The Filipino delegates have paid a visit to the nuncio to whom they handed an address to the pope demanding that bishops, priests and all clases of the clergy in the Philippines, be selected from the native clergy.

FIRE AT MATTOON.

Mattoon, Ill., July 4.—Fire last night destroyed the Demaree store and office building, the Sterling Clothing house, a book store and a furniture house. Loss, $75,000; insurance, $45,000.

DULUTH'S GREAT CELEBRATION

Despite Lowering Clouds, the Parade Was a Grand Success and Witnessed By Thousands.

Cornerstone of Public Library Building, Gift of Andrew Carnegie, Laid By Masonic Order.

Young eyes that closed in sleep last night still shining brightly with anticipations of the glorious Fourth, opened this morning sorrowfully on a wet and sodden world, with a steady rain falling out of a dull gray sky. This dampener on the enthusiasm that was boiling over last night was not only effective on the young folks, but many older people that had planned to observe the day partook of the disappointment.

Still, it is never so bad that it might not be worse, and almost everybody managed to get some sort of enjoyment out of it. Luckily the rain did not continue to fall as it was falling when people woke up this morning. Not very long after 8 o'clock it ceased, though the sky still continued to be overcast, and the sun persisted in refusing to shine and cheer up the appearance of things.

The rain upset calculations all around, though it did not interfere with a celebration of the Fourth of July. Thousands of people who had planned picnics in various places were disappointed, for even though the rain did not continue all day, it lasted long enough to thoroughly wet down the woods so as to make them unsuitable for picnic purposes, and the carefully-prepared picnic lunches were eaten at home.

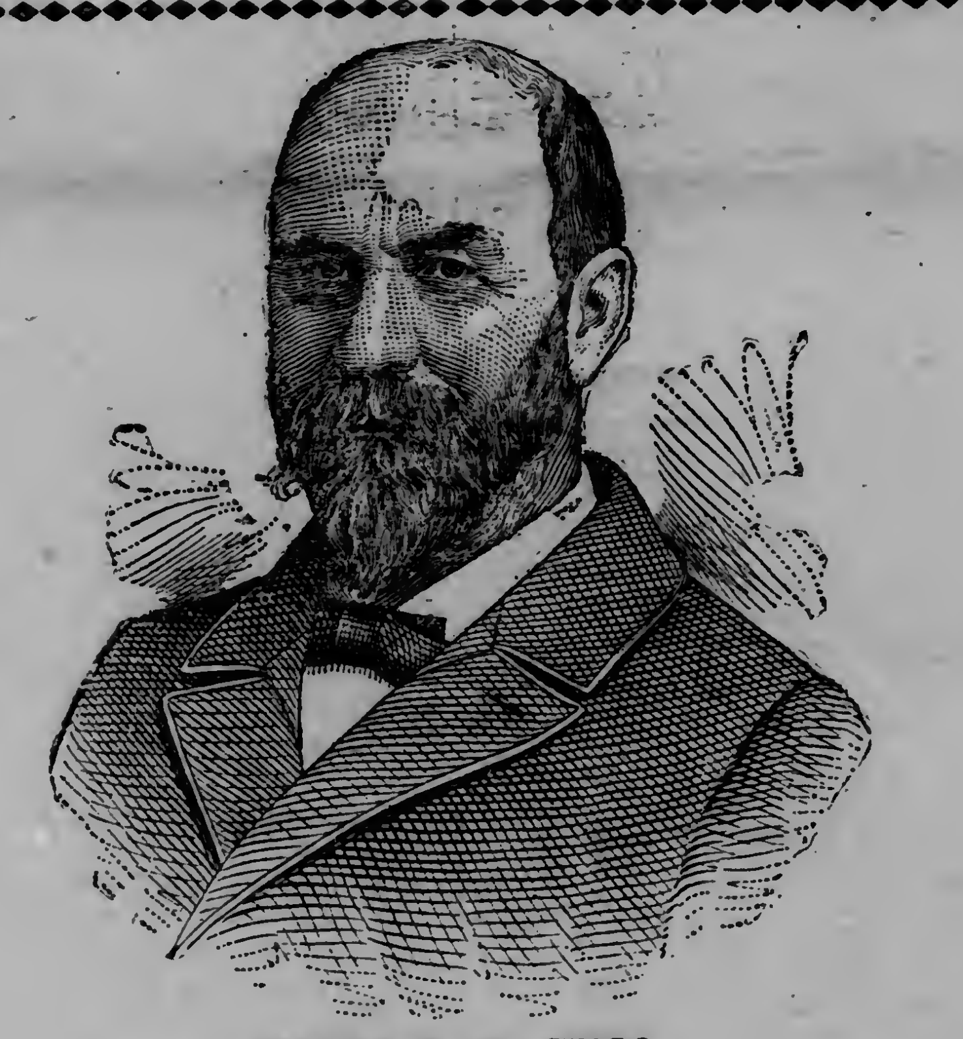
The crowds came into the city last night and this morning from surrounding towns just the same. They came by boat and they came by rail, and some of them even came in wagons from the farming districts, so it was very fortunate that the rain lessened, if it was only for a short time. Though, of course, the celebration could not be as complete and thorough as it would have been under a clear and smiling sky, still it was a celebration, and did very much better than no celebration at all.

The decorations of the buildings down town were not complete last night, and it was a very fortunate thing they were not. Those who waited until this morning to put up their decorations might be classed among the wise people, and those who placed their decorations on the inside of the windows, so they could not be wet by the rain, indicate the possession of exceedingly great sagacity.

There are a number of citizens who were this morning expressing their regret because of their haste to get up the decorations on their homes, in view of the celebration today. The weather indications last evening were far from encouraging, but a number of people took the risk and draped the front of their houses with red, white and blue bunting. The rain played havoc with those decorations, and there are instances today where nearly all the color in the streamers may be found on the sides of the houses.

Lots of fireworks and explosives were set off last night, but nature did the very best piece of work in the pyrotechnic line that was going. A sharp electric storm occurred around about midnight, with all kinds of thunder and lightning, and the display was brilliant and notable. Anything the fireworks committee can have tonight will be cast in the shade by the glittering display in the heavens during the storm. Rain came down in torrents for a time and then settled down into a steady downpour that lasted until this morning at 8 o'clock.

Mayor Hugo was naturally very much disappointed at the state of the weather. It is he who is the father of the celebration, and has worked indefatigably for its success. Last evening he went home confident that nothing but weather could mar the success of the celebration. Every detail had been carefully planned and followed, and there was nothing that he could think of that had been neglected. The committees had all done their work well and with great cordiality, and everything promised to be all that could be desired.



MAYOR T. W. HUGO,

The Father of Today's Fourth of July Celebration.

THE GRAND PARADE.

A Fine Spectacle Witnessed By Thousands.

The weather gave little encouragement to the idea of holding the parade this morning, but as the morning hours passed and there was no rain, and only lowering skies, it was decided to go ahead. At about 10:30 o'clock the parade formed on First street and moved down Third avenue east to Superior street and passed west.

It was a magnificent demonstration, and all along the line of march the walks and streets were filled with cheering crowds. The music of band after band filled the air, the inspiring sounds of the Scotch bagpipes were heard, and gay banners and decorations were in evidence everywhere. It was a triumphant exhibition, a fitting climax to the weeks of preparation. Of course the bad weather lessened the number of people taking part to some extent, but the columns covered twenty blocks or more. The order of march was as follows:

Platoon of Police.
Field Marshal Resche and Staff.
FIRST DIVISION.
Company A.
Company C.
Soldiers of all Nations.
SECOND DIVISION.
Boys Brigade.
School Children.
North Star Band.
North Star Camp M. W. A.
THIRD DIVISION.
Royal Camp Band, M. W. A.
Trades and Labor Assembly.
Longshoremen's Union.
Amalgamated Meat Cutters' Union No. 12.
Carpenters and Joiners' Union.
Painters and Decorators' Union.
Letter Carriers.
Stonemasons' Union.
FOURTH DIVISION.
Oddfellows.
Knights of Pythias.
Duluth Lodge No. 10 A. O. U. W.
Clan Stewart.
Bagpipers.
Ely Band.
Ely Finnish Temperance Society.
Tower Finnish Temperance Society.
Scandinavian H. and E. F. of A. Society.
Independent Order of Foresters.
Modern Samaritans.
FIFTH DIVISION.
Mayor T. W. Hugo, Hon. R. G. Evans, orator of the day and L. C. Harris, reader of the Declaration of Independence, in carriages.
Duluth City Band, U. R. K. P.
Masonic Fraternity.
Knights Templar.
Grand Master and Grand Officers of the Masons in carriages.
City Officials in Carriages.

The platoon of police was a large one and the officers made a fine appearance. The Third Regiment band turned out thirty men.

The school children did not turn out in such large numbers as they would have if the weather had been better. The committees were not anxious that any should attempt the march when they saw the condition of the streets, but several hundred braved the mud and threatening weather and took part.

The Knights of Pythias had a fine float, which attracted much admiration. It was a representation of the famous story of Damon and Pythias. The headsman stood at the block ready to execute the waiting Pythias, and the magistrate was seated on the judgment throne. Walking beside were heavily armored men. It was a very effective representation, and elicited much applause.

The Foresters also presented a fine float representative of the order. A group of men were scattered through a forest of evergreens, presenting a pretty picture symbolical of the order.

The Ely people had a fine turn out, headed by a band from that city. John Pengilly did not promise too much for Ely when he informed the committee what might be expected from there.

Company C's pageant of nations made a brilliant showing in the parade. Had there been bright sunlight the costumes would have been more effective still, but as it was, they were one of the very brightest features.

The line of march was west to Eighth avenue west on Superior street. There the line countermarched and returned along Superior street to Lake avenue, passed up to Second street and west to the library site.

LAYING CORNER STONE.

Interesting Ceremonies Conducted By Masonic Order.

The Masonic order frequently officiates at the laying of cornerstones and has a prescribed ritual for such occasions that is very impressive and effective, but the order is not allowed to officiate at the laying of cornerstones of any but public or Masonic edifices. The ceremony can only be performed by the grand master or a specially authorized deputy. The order for the parade is all outlined in this ritual, and it is provided that where the grand officers are not able to be present there shall be substitutes named.

In accordance with this, the grand lodge officers for today's ceremony were as follows:

Grand Master, Gideon S. Ives, St. Peter; acting deputy grand master, H. M. Tusler, of St. Paul; senior grand warden, W. A. McGonagle; junior grand warden, Enoch Scott, of Winona; acting grand marshal, E. H. Foote, of Red Wing; acting grand treasurer, J. P. Johnson, of Duluth; acting grand secretary, C. P. Montgomery, of St. Paul; acting tyler, Henry Van Brunt, of Duluth.

The cornerstone is at the corner of the building next the street and avenue, and upon the building rising above the stone was built a platform for the use of the grand officers. The position was excellent, giving a full view to the people all around by reason of its height above the street, and thus permitting them to see the entire ceremony.

When the procession reached the library site the lines parted and the grand master of the Masons passed through, preceded by the grand marshal and grand tyler and followed by the other grand officers, the mayor and city officials. All ascended the platform. The remainder of the procession surrounded the platform. The stone was suspended about six feet above the bed upon which it was to go.

Before the Masonic exercises opened, Hon. L. C. Harris read the Declaration of Independence. He has a strong, clear voice and was easily heard and his reading was very effective.

The Masonic proceedings opened with music, after which the grand marshal announced:

"In obedience to the order of the most worshipful grand master of Masons for the state of Minnesota, I do now require all persons who are here assembled to preserve silence and to observe due order and decorum during the ceremonies of this occasion. This proclamation I make once, twice, thrice, in the south, in the west and in the east."

The grand secretary read the letter inviting the Masonic fraternity to lay the cornerstone.

The grand master then announced: "Brethren: We are about to commence a great work. Masonry teaches us that before entering upon any great and important undertaking we should first invoke the blessing of the Deity. Let us unite with our grand chaplain in the performance of that duty."

The grand chaplain delivered the prayer, which was brief and impressive.

Music followed the prayer, and the grand master said:

"Right worshipful grand treasurer, it has ever been the custom on occasions like the present to deposit within a cavity in the cornerstone to be laid certain memorials of the period at which the edifice was erected, so that in the lapse of ages, if the fury of the elements or the slow but certain ravages of time, should lay bare its foundation, an enduring record may be found to bear testimony to the energy, industry and culture of the people of that period Has such a deposit been prepared for this occasion?"

The grand treasurer responded in the affirmative, and the grand secretary read the following list:

Photograph of Andrew Carnegie.
City charter of Duluth.
List of city officials.
Library reports.
Copy of high school Zenith of 1901.
"History of Duluth Harbor," by J. D. Ensign.
Souvenir of Duluth by Duluth Improvement association.
History of Palestine lodge No. 79, A. F. and A. M.
History of Ionic lodge No. 186, A. F. and A. M.
Grand lodge proceedings of 1901.
Duluth daily newspapers.
List of Members of Clan Stewart of Duluth.

The grand master then directed that the box be deposited in the cavity, and said: "May the Supreme Architect of the universe grant that ages shall pass away ere it again be seen by man."

They placed the box in the cavity, and while this was being done the band played and there was singing.

The grand marshal presented a trowel to the grand master, who said:

"The trowel in operative masonry is used to spread the cement which unites the building into one common mass. Its symbolic use is to spread the cement of brotherly love and affection which unites into one great fraternity all members of the Masonic family wheresoever dispersed around the globe."

The grand master presented the square, level and plumb to the grand master, saying: "Most worshipful grand master, I present you with these working tools of operative masonry which were considered by our ancient brethren as the most valuable jewels of the lodge, symbols of important truths and teaching lessons of wisdom and morality."

The grand master addressing the deputy grand master, and the senior and junior wardens, said: "Right worshipful brethren, you will receive the implements of your office. With your assistance and that of the craft, I will now proceed to lay the corner stone of this edifice, according to the custom of our fraternity. Brother grand marshal, you will direct the craftsmen to furnish the cement and prepare to lower the stone."

The grand master then spread a portion of the cement while the stone was lowered slowly one-third of the distance, when it stopped; it was lowered another third and stopped and finally the remaining third of the distance was covered and the stone lowered to its proper place, the band playing during the lowering of the stone.

The grand master said: "Right worshipful deputy grand master, what is the implement of your office?"

The deputy grand master replied, "The square."

"What are its moral and Masonic uses?" asked the grand master, and the deputy grand master replied: "To square our actions by the square of virtue and to prove our work."

The grand master then commanded, "Apply the square to those portions of the corner stone which should be square and make report."

The deputy grand master then applied the square to the four upper corners and replied, "Grand master I find the stone to be square. The craftsmen have done their duty."

Here the Scottish Rite quartet sang one verse of music. The grand master then asked, "Right worshipful senior grand warden, what is the proper implement of your office?"

"The level," replied he.

"What are its moral and Masonic uses?" asked the grand master.

"Morally, it teaches equality, and we use it to lay horizontals," was the answer.

The grand master then commanded, "Apply the level to that portion of the stone which needs to be proved and make report."

He applied the level to the top surface and said: "Most worshipful grand master, I find the stone to be level. The craftsmen have done their duty."

Here another verse of music was sung by the Scottish Rite quartet.

The grand master then said: "Right worshipful junior grand warden, what is the proper implement of your office?"

"The plumb," was the answer.

"What are its moral and Masonic uses?" was the next question.

The junior grand warden replied: "Morally, it teaches rectitude of conduct, and we use it to try perpendiculars."

"Apply the plumb to the stone and make report," was the command.

The plumb was applied to the side of the stone and the junior grand warden replied: "Most worshipful grand master, I find the stone to be plumb. The craftsmen have done their duty."

At this point the third verse of music was sung by the Scottish Rite quartet, after which the grand master struck the stone three times with his gavel and said:

"This corner stone has been tested by the proper implements of masonry. I find that the craftsmen have skillfully and faithfully performed their duty, and I do declare the stone to be plumb, level and square, well formed, true and trusty, and correctly laid according to the rules of our ancient craft. May the building be conducted and completed amid the blessings of plenty health and peace. Amen."

All responded: "So mote it be."

"Brother grand marshal," said the grand master, "you will present the elements of consecration to the proper officers."

The grand marshal then presented vessels of corn to the deputy grand master, wine to the senior grand warden and oil to the junior grand warden. The deputy grand master said as he scattered the corn on the stone:

"I scatter this corn as an emblem of plenty. May the blessings of bounteous heaven be showered upon us, and upon all patriotic and benevolent undertakings and inspire the hearts of the people with virtue, wisdom and gratitude."

Again the response, "So mote it be," was made by all.

As he poured the wine on the stone, the senior grand warden said: "I pour this wine as an emblem of joy and gladness. May the Great Ruler of the universe bless and prosper our national, state and city government, and may the union of the state in harmony and brotherly love endure through all time. Amen."

Response, "So mote it be."

The junior grand warden poured the oil on the stone, saying: "I pour this oil as an emblem of peace. May its blessings abide with us continually. May the Grand Master of heaven and earth shelter and protect the widow and orphan, the afflicted and the sorrowing everywhere, and may our loved fraternity long exist to pour the oil of joy upon the hearts of all who are in distress. Amen."

Response: "So mote it be."

The grand master then extended his hands and said: "May the blessing of the Almighty God be upon this undertaking. May He protect the workmen from every accident, long preserve the structure from decay and grant to us all a needful supply of the corn of nourishment, the wine of refreshment and the oil of joy. Amen."

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of **Swamp-Root** is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

Response: "So mote it be."

Grand marshal: "Most worshipful grand master, I present to you the architect of this building. He is ready, with craftsmen, for the work and asks the tools for his task."

Grand master: "Worthy sir, having thus as grand master of Masons laid the corner stone of this new building, I now return to you these implements of operative masonry (presents square, level and plumb) entrusting you with the superintendence and direction of the work, having full confidence that by your skill and tact, aided by faithful craftsmen, a structure will rise which will add new luster to to this city and state."

The grand marshal then made the following proclamation:

"In the name of the most worshipful grand lodge of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of the state of Minnesota, I now proclaim that the corner stone o fthe structure here to be erected has this day been proven square, level and plumb, true and trusty, and laid according to the ancient custom of the craft by the grand master of Masons."

ORATOR OF THE DAY.

Eloquent Address Delivered By Hon. R. G. Evans.

An ode was sung after which the grand marshal introduced the grand orator, Hon. Robert G. Evans, of Minneapolis. Mr. Evans spoke as follows:

"I congratulate the citizens of Duluth upon the opportunity they have to engage and take part in an occasion of this character. I congratulate those who live here today and the coming generations as well, for it is not for the present alone that you give life to this library. Eyes young and bright now will grow dim in reaping its harvests, and it will be enjoyed by and bless the future in a degree enlarging in proportion to the growth which coming generations will witness. I congratulate you on the beautiful ceremony which has attended the laying of this corner stone. The representatives of a craft here gathered for a splendid purpose typify a body of men as broad and generous as the influence of the books that will be here assembled. It is altogether fitting and proper that the trowel of a master mason lay the bed of cement which binds this stone to its foundation.

"You have many examples of civic pride. The thrift and industry, the energy and perseverance of your people has builded upon the granite an enduring city, which is at once the wonder and admiration of all who visit it. The fame of its industries and institutions is not confined by state lines, and no more true example of Northwestern pluck and devotion exists in all the land than this city of your love and your pride.

"The stranger who comes into your midst today will have pointed out to him your commercial advantages; your splendid harbor, filled with the messengers of commerce; your great mercantile institutions, your surroundings, rich in the bountiful gifts of a generous nature, your churches, and last, but not least and of the highest pride, your public school system, which seems to me, crowned as it is with the magnificent high school building, so near us, the highest and best attestation of the genius of your civilization. Next year, and in the years thereafter, dividing honors with your public schools, standing alongside of your model high school building, a colleague with it, a colaborer in its field, there will be pointed out your public library, which marks your advancement as a community into the highest class of educations field. So I say, and I am justified in saying, that I congratulate not only the citizen of today, but the citizen of tomorrow and the generations to come, upon this auspicious occasion, which means so much to the people of this community.

"This is a dual celebration. We celebrate not only the laying of this corner stone, with ceremony commensurate to the occasion, but we also celebrate the natal day of the republic, under whose fostering influence this community has arisen, and the conditions have been brought about which have made possible the rearing of this temple of broader education.

"How natural it is for us then, having in our minds these two great events, to make the connection between them, to consider for the moment the importance of each, not only individually, but in their relation to each other.

"How much has education done for this republic and its people! How much has this republic and its people done for the cause of education! Before education existed liberty was unknown. With the mind of man in the thraldom of ignorance, there was no room for thought of independent action. Civil liberty owes its birth, yea its very existence, to education. Despotism and demagogy breed upon ignorance. Universal education is the best of all remedies to cure and prevent such evils. Show me a land shrouded in ignorance and I will show you a land where freedom's sunlight has never shone.

"These are self-evident truths that need no discussion to enforce them, and which all men must admit. The common schools of the United States are better bulwarks to the liberty of our people than all the guns of all the ships and all the forts which money can buy.

'The education of the people is not only a means, but the best means of attaining that which all allow to be a chief end of government.' Our fathers recognized this. They knew that in order to keep the flame of patriotism bright they must here have a people who could appreciate its blessings, and the earliest settler of the country made provision for the education of the citizen co-existent with the preparation of the fields for harvest.

"And the United States of today, with all that we have to be proud of—first in commercial activity, first in wealth, first in natural advantages, first in mechanics, first in the arts and sciences—wears no brighter medal than that which marks her first in the field of general education. The common schools of this republic are in the main responsible for this condition. Fostered as state's proudest monuments, and it needs no voice of mine to invoke the care and devotion of a people like yours they are by the state, they are the to be thrown around our common schools in the future as in the past that they may continue to be and to grow greater and more useful and more general in their influence than ever before.

"The library has played a most important part in the education of the world. Even before the art of printing, when the gathering of works imparting the knowledge of men to men meant much more in the cost and more in the trouble than we in this day can conceive, that natural and irresistible desire to acquire knowledge led to the establishment of libraries which, when we consider the conditions of the day in which they existed, excite us to boundless wonder.

"The ancient Egyptian kings, speaking of books as they were known to that civilization, called them the dispensary of the soul. They gathered about them from all quarters of the known world the written knowledge which existed. Little of it has been handed down to modern times, but the museums of the old world hold enough so that we of this day and generation may seen the original tree from which has been plucked fruit so ripe and luscious.

"Rome, through the Caesars given to conquests and the fame of battle, yet had time for the founding of libraries. Greece, the home of ancient philosophy and art and science, has bequeathed to us her choicest treasures through libraries gathered in a spirit of civic pride. Charlamagne, the greatest king of medieval times, recognized the value of education when he compelled with his edict for a regular manner of like the study of letters, and he founded a library which adds more to the luster of his fame than the story of his conquests.

"But we do not need to cite examples in order to provide the value of the inestimable blessing which you are about to enjoy. In the language of another, 'Does not the judgment of all the wise, does not the experience of all enlightened states, does not the whole history of civilization, concur to declare that a varied and ample library is one of the truest, most constant, most permanent and most economical instrumentalities to increase and diffuse knowledge. * * * A vast store house, a vast treasury of all the facts which make up the history of men and of nature, so far as that history has been written, and all the truths which the inquiries and experience of all the races and ages have found out, and all the opinions which have been promulgated, and all the emotions, images, sentiments and examples from all the richest and most instructive literature, the whole past speaking to the present and future—a silent, yet wise and eloquent teacher, dead yet speaking.'

"Contemporaneous with the founding of the republic began the founding of public and private libraries. For many years their growth was slow, their sphere and influence limited. Forests had to be hewn, fields cleared and cultivated, homes erected, money earned, and it took time to add in the degree in which there exists today the blessings of library facilities to the counthless others, which we enjoy.

"In the days of Webster, Rufus Choate declared in the United States senate, that so limited in number of books were the libraries of this country that no one exceeded 50,000 volumes and that a student and author, who desired to acquire and impart a knowledge of the past and the progress of the sciences, was compelled to go to Europe and drink at their fountain while writing to Americans and to American posterity. In fifty years from that time, the libraries of the United States far exceeded in number those of any other country on the face of the globe and the aggregate number of books in their public libraries more than equadrupled that of any other country on earth.

"So in books, as in all things else, America leads the world. There is scarcely a city of any importance in the United States which does not have its one or more public and college or school libraries. As a means of education to the people, their value cannot be estimated. Take my own city of Minneapolis. A few years ago there was founded within our midst a public library, and today it contains over 100,000 volumes and its circulation last year, to say nothing of the use made of it within the walls of the building which is by far its greater use, was over 600,000.

"A library is at once the source of both moral and intellectual improvement. 'Good books are the uplifts of the soul. They make character; they inspire noble thoughts; they are an incentive and a guide.'

"There is no city in the country in which a public library exists but that it at once sees and recognizes its value and its importance. Hundreds whose hours have been wasted in idleness or vice and within it sheltering walls a welcome day and night in companions that speak the noblest and best of thought and sentiment.

"Set upon the hillside, this building will not be, as night closes in, a dark and unseen pile of masonry; but the light which shines within, the spirit of the books will make of it a blazing beacon throwing its rays throughout your entire community to bless and brighten wherever they may come. The professional man may here find stimulus and aid, which his working library does not afford. The man of business cares may here enjoy rest and recreation. The humblest working man in your midst can here spend an hour daily, which will lighten the burden of his labor and aid him in pointing his children the way to a higher and better education and a higher and better life.

"I thank God that we live in a country, the spirit of which fosters such institutions as this; that we form a part of a people who believe in making lighter the burdens of life; making smoother its pathway and teaching a future of hope. I thank Him who guided the caravals of Columbus and the prow of the Mayflower that this home of liberty was found; that to its shores came men and women seeking its blessings and with strength and courage enough to here found a mighty republic of freedom. I thank Him again that one of its chief corner stones is education—education of a broad and generous kind, which would extend its benefits to all, lifting the lowest from the lowliest plane to the highest opportunity; that this spirit is the spirit of a people and has entered and controlled men to the extent that accumulated wealth is held as a sacred trust to be used to bless and gladden and elevate, rather than to oppress, enslave and destroy.

"If we would perpetuate the blessings we enjoy, strong as we are, great as we are, prosperous as we are; let us remember on this day, of all others, the duties our position casts upon us. If we would keep our 'talents' we must use them. If advanced knowledge and civilization has enabled us to reach greater heights than others have reached, the school through which we have passed was not all it should have been were we not there also taught to lift to our side our weaker brothers. If we would remain the leader we must lead, face boldly every duty, accept, as becomes the examplar of highest national advancement, every trust.

"Responsibility is the whip and spur which forces to the utmost effort the will and power of man. Great crises bring great responsibilities and these, in every instance, add to history names branded with failure or crowned with success as the opportunity which they gave was wasted or accepted. The life of a nation is a succession of events, between which appear interims of quiet, giving a chance to recuperate the weakened forces of the last contest and to prepare them for the next. Man may be great in this resting time, but the attention of the world is not centered upon him until, armed cap-a-pie, he stands at the head championing some movement, social, political or religious, which is broad enough in its influence to arrest the attention and challenge the consideration of the world.

"The revolutionary period, which this day brings up, was one of these crises. It brought the gravest responsibilities and it found men ready equipped to face them and discharge the duty of the time. Washington, Jefferson, Hamilton, Adams, Jay, Madison and Henry, sacred names whose very mention causes our hearts to throb faster in patriotic beat, whose life work is the foundation on which has been builded the greatest nation of the world, whose examples have inspired the generations which came after, and will fill with faith and hope generations yet to come, would have had no place in history had it not been for the revolution.

Busy Times At Duluth Music Co.'s

There's a business reason for it. Piano values are genuine—piano quality high. People know what it means when we talk Pianos and prices, and so "busy times" are the rule these days.

There's no strain on your purse in a handsome

Emerson

For fifty years a leader—it is now better than ever.

We back it up solidly—you can trust it implicitly.

Let us write you about it.

DULUTH MUSIC CO

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos

Cor. Superior Street and Lake Avenue.

"The rapacity of the British ministry is responsible for the federal constitution. The genius which framed it and the patriotism that hallowed it was content to remain subject to the British crown and only aroused itself in resistless protest to right wrongs; not to gain liberty; but when once aroused opposition gave it strength, necessity gave it inspiration, and the Declaration of Independence marked the real beginning of one of the world's great crises.

"How well the men and women of that day and time bore the brunt and burden of the hour, faced their responsibilities, how cheerfully every sacrifice demanded by the god of war was offered, how nobly they rose to every occasion and measured up to every duty, how with prophetic vision they saw the future nation and laid foundations broad and deep enough to sustain the superstructure succeeding generations have built, all mankind knows. No grander monuments can be erected to their memory than those that have already breasted the storms of passing time; no new tribute can be paid to them by mortal tongue or love-inspired pen. We cannot honor their memory by eulogy, but we can do more; we can take from their lives inspiration for our own life work; we can emulate their virtues; we can practice their unselfishness; we can breathe their patriotism; we can be guided by their example in facing the responsibility which, as their direct heirs, we have been vested with. It is of little value to us to sing patriotic songs, to extol the glory of our flag, to recount the great deeds of dead heroes, unless we gather in so doing the spirit of citizenship which can meet and handle successfully the conditions of the time in which we live and of the future as we see it. We cannot expect, we will never realize national advancement by calling up the shades of departed heroes of a past generation.

"The world has moved onward and upward with mighty strides since they left it. The point of view from which they looked has receded so far that we will never retrace our steps to it. We are called upon to meet problems of which they never dreamed, to deal with instrumentalities they never saw, to face conditions they never approached. The material advancement of a century has changed the features of the world so that he who left it a hundred years ago would not know it could he come back today. The colonies, which constituted the original union, contained only a little over 400,000 square miles of area. The Union of today is over 4,000,000 square miles in extent. Two million five hundred thousand people heard the shouts that told of the victory of Yorktown, while 75,000,000 under the stars and stripes are thinking of it today. The entire enrollment of the continental army was less than 200,000 men. Grant lost 70,000 in one campaign and more than 3,000,000 first and last marched under the stars and stripes and the stars and bars. It took Washington nine days to go from Mt. Vernon to New York to take with uplifted arm his oath as first president of the United States. One can now traverse the distance in five hours. The age of steam had not begun when the revolution ended and yet today we have within the limits of the nation, then about to be ushered into being, over 200,000 miles of railway, employing over 900,000 men and women and holding as with wythes of steel every part of our broad country in fraternal embrace, and stretching alongside of them to glisten in the sunlight over a million miles of telegraph wire, carrying over 75,000,000 of messages every year. It took a week for the swiftest courier to bring the news of Cornwallis' defeat from Yorktown to Philadelphia and more than a month for the story to cross the Atlantic and cause the formation of a new British cabinet. Today it would be known in both places almost before the echo of the last gun had died away.

"With no manufactories to speak of in the colonies that formed the federal union, today we have over five millions of men and women earning their livelihood in the factories of this land and turning out every year in value over $2,500,000,000 of produce. The foreign trade of 1790, both import and export, aggregated something like $46,000,000. In the year 1900 it aggregated over $2,000,000,000. The receipts of the government in the first year of its existence was less than $4,500,000 and its expenses about $3,100,000. In the year 1900, 110 years later, the receipts of the government had grown to the enormous sum of $567,000,000 and her expenses to $487,700,000.

"The century which has just closed has undoubtedly accomplished more practical results for humanity and civilization than centuries of preceding time. It stands above them in this respect, as some lofty mountain peak among the lower hills which marks the gradual uplift of the range.' * * * 'It has been the age of applied science.' Scientific discovery and mechanical invention have gone hand in hand to extend the dominion of man over nature.'

"The mind cannot grasp the figures which tell of the advancement of a century. They astonish us when we read them; they appal us when we attempt to appreciate them. With all this material advancement the mind of man has kept pace. In fact, it has been the pioneer, and it is idle for anyone to claim, if any such there be, that the brain of mankind has stood still while everything else under the sun has gone forward. Its expansion has been the development of a world and without it we would be where we were a hundred years ago. Man knows today who he is, what he is, what he needs, what he must have and what he is entitled to in a greater degree than ever before. Realizing then what we are and what we have, the changed conditions, the demands of the day and of the time, we should, if we do not, feel the weight of the responsibility which rests upon us as citizens of a republic that stands as the highest example of successful popular government and material advancement. If in proportion to the value of the trust committed to our care, our duty to care for it increases, we have indeed as citizens a responsibility which does and will call for the exercise of the greatest patriotism and the most unselfish consideration.

"America today stands for all that is best in the government of nations. American enterprise is the standard of the world. The Stars and Stripes is the accepted emblem of hope and promise wherever our flag floats. We are responsible for the perpetuation of these conditions and their advancement to the highest fructification, for there can be no staying in the operation of the great law of development; there can be no resting place; no standing still. Nations, like men, must either go onward or backward. What we have seen but fits the vision for what we are to see. The progress of the past is but the promise of the future. Human endeavor has not reached the mountain top. It stands in the foothills and views afar the summit to which it climbs. The highest patriotism with the courage of conviction are arms that we must carry. This is no time, on age, no place for the coward, the weak and the vacillating Today demands men and women who grasp the situation and who can rise to the occasion. Precedent must not control where conditions are no longer similar. If untrodden country lies before us and our duty calls, we must be the pioneers who discover its richness and apply its advantages.

"The members of the constitutional convention found no model by which to frame the organic law of our land. They knew that in some way must be worked out the perpetuation of a republic. It was a result that they wanted not a plan. They struck out boldly for it; they worked, guided by the beacon light of principles; they never lost sight of its glimmer; they refused to be discouraged; they were too courageous to be frightened; they knew their duty; they went right on, and on, and on, regardless of all criticism and all opposition until their accepted work became the constitution of a republic.

"We can commend their example to the men and women of the present day. When we need courage, we can find in their lives instances the most sublime; when we need hope, their success in the face of difficulties unnumbered will give it; when we fear patriotism swallowed up in party strife, we have but to call up their memory and its fires will burn again; when statesmanship is in doubt and the course is shrouded in the gloom of uncertainty, their lofty purpose and the land marks which they left standing guide the way.

"We make mistakes in the administration of our trust. The fathers did the same in the administration of theirs. Human judgment is not infallible; human foresight is not perfect, and the man or people who fail to recognize this fact in calculating the chances of human endeavor will fall into grevious error. What we should do is to strive to attain as near the perfect as possible. Profit, not be discouraged, by error; and blaze the way so that those who come after may walk in safety over the path upon which we may have stumbled. The sea of time has floating in it many derelicts. If we would avoid them, we must keep our eyes open and a firm grasp upon the steering wheel. We may be deceived. Men who are trusted may betray. Idols may be shattered when the search-light of truth is turned upon them. The weight of duty will leave many a straggler along the line of march Pessimists will continue to preach upon the decadence of the race. The ravens will foretell gloom and disaster; but the world moves on and the careful student of the ages will find it better today than ever before in its history. The revolution, with less than 300,000 enrolled soldiers gave us a Charles Lee and a Benedict Arnold. The civil war, with over 3,000,000 men failed to produce their counterpart.

"Ours is a Christian land. As a people, we hold to the tenets of a Christian faith. Its preceless promise should be an anchor to us in every storm, a warning against every danger. If we go forward animated by its broad truth and unselfish charity, can we not hope that a divine hand will help to guide our nation?

"In 1861, a Hebrew citizen of that community gave to Mr. Lincoln, while passing through Chicago on his way to assume the duties of chief magistrate, a silken flag bearing this inscription from the first chapter of Joshua:

"Have I not commanded thee? Be strong and of a good courage; be not afraid, neither be thou dismayed; for the Lord thy God is with thee whithersoever thou goest. There shall not any man be able to stand before thee all the days of thy life; as I was with Moses, so I will be with thee; I will not fail thee, nor forsake thee.'

"May we not apply these promises, which gave to our martyred president hope and strength, to our country in its onward march, to ourselves as citizens in the discharge of every duty that devolves upon us, assured that if moved by noble purpose, animated by highest ambition, careful of the rights, quickly responsive to the wrongs of our fellows, having the convictions of a twentieth century intelligence and the courage to maintain them, that the God of Moses and Joshua and the God of today will be with us, will not fail us or forsake us.

The grand chaplain then pronounced the benediction and the response was "So mote it be."

The members of the Masonic fraternity returned to their hall.

THE DAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

Most of Them of Necessity Called Off.

The races at the Driving park have been called off on account of the muddy condition of the track. Extensive preparations had been made by the committee in charge and it was expected that the center of interest of the day would be at that point. The contests between the newsboys of The Herald will not be tried and there is no one in the city that will regret this more than The Herald newsboys, of which there are about twenty who expected to take part.

The street races will be put on if the weather permits. More than that no one can say.

The fireworks tonight will be set off under the same conditions, at the corner of London road and Thirteenth avenue, east at 8:30. It will be one of the most dazzling demonstrations of pyrotechnical displays that was ever seen in this part of the country and can be seen easily and with comfort by 50,000 people. Should the weather be bad the fireworks will be postponed until the first clear night.

THE ELY EXCURSION.

Ten Coaches Crowded With Excursionists.

An excursion train, comprising nine coaches, arrived at 10:30 from Ely and other points on the range over the Duluth & Iron Range. At least 500 people were on the train. There was no rain at Ely when the train left at 5:30 this morning. Two bands came with the train, the Ely City band and another made up of employes of the Soudan mine. Two uniformed marching clubs were on the train and, together with the bands, joined in the parade. One of the uniformed clubs is affiliated with a Swedish labor club, and the other was composed of members of a Finnish temperance society.

TONIGHT! "The Black Flag."

6th Avenue Theater.

TAKEN UNDER ADVISEMENT

The Weare Case Is Under Consideration.

The directors of the Duluth board of trade have taken under advisement the case of the Weare Commission company which refuses to arbitrate the difference with McCarthy Bros. & Co. P. B. Weare appeared before the board yesterday afternoon and male a statement of the company's side of the matter.

Mr. Weare declined afterward to say what his stand is.

EDUCATOR DEAD.

London, July 4.—Professor Peter Guthrie Tait, professor of natural philosophy at Edinburgh university since 1860, died at Edinburgh this morning. He never recovered from the shock caused by the death of his son, the golf champion, in South Africa.

IN FAVOR OF SHAW

Iowa Senators Want Governor Nominated for President.

Fear That He Will Aspire to United States Senate.

New York, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois and Iowa Candidates.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington July 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Iowa is a state which will be watched with great interest from a political viewpoint for the next three years. There is a bare possibility that the next Republican candidate for the presidency may come from this state. There are two prominent men holding high political offices in that state who are anxious to have Governor Shaw the man referred to, nominated for the presidency by the Republican convention of 1904. The two men referred to are William Boyd Allison and Jonathan Francis Dolliver, who now represent the Hawkeye state in the United States senate.

They have reasons for being anxious regarding Governor Shaw. If they could induce the leaders of the Republican party to take up the present chief executive of their state and nominate him for the presidency, it would give them considerable relief. On March 3, 1903, Senator Allison's term expires in the United States senate. Mr. Allison and his friends fear that if Governor Shaw does not become a presidential candidate in the next national campaign, he will endeavor to succeed Mr. Allison in the United States senate. This is also the view said to be held by Mr. Dolliver. If Shaw should not succeed Mr. Allison, he might take it into his head to try conclusions with Senator Dolliver. The easiest way to get rid of Governor Shaw, these men think, is to have him nominated to head their national ticket in 1904. This would keep him out of the senatorial fights whether elected or defeated.

There is another man that Allison and Dolliver fear. His name is A. B. Cummings. At present he is the leading candidate for the Republican gubernatorial nomination in Iowa. If he reaches this goal, it is a certainty that he has an ambition to come to the United States senate in place of either Allison or Dolliver. Mr. Allison has announced positively that he is not a candidate for the presidency. This announcement was made a few weeks ago. This means, so the people of Iowa think, that Mr. Allison has given up whatever ambition he ever had in the past of becoming president of the United States, and also proves to his constituents in the Hawkeye state that he is anxious to have one more term, at least, in the United States senate.

* * *

Politicians in the Republican party throughout the country have become convinced that the Republican presidential prize in 1904 will not go a-begging. Candidates for the Republican nomination in that year are rapidly coming to the front. At least, the candidates referred to are willing to make the race, and a good many of them are being quite extensively advertised by the newspapers throughout the country. At the present time the names of those who are candidates for the Republican nomination are as follows: Vice President Theodore Roosevelt, New York; Governor Benjamin B. Odell, New York; Senator Marcus A. Hanna, Ohio; Senator J. B. Foraker, Ohio; Senator G. W. Fairbanks, Indiana; Senator S. M. Cullom, Illinois; Senator John C. Spooner, Wisconsin; Governor A. B. Shaw, Iowa.

Senator Hanna still maintains that he is not a presidential candidate. His friends, however, believe that if the Republican convention of 1904 shows any enthusiasm regarding his candidacy, he will enter the race and capture the nomination, if he is able to do so. There is a possibility that he is not an aggressive candidate for the nomination, though his political enemies in all parties maintain that for months past he has been working quietly in every state in the Union to advance his own interest in this direction. In the event that Senator Hanna is really seeking the presidency, he will, of course, have the assistance of President McKinley and will be supported with all the power the present administration has at its command.

It is intimated that, in case William Jennings Bryan again develops any great amount of strength for the Democratic nomination in the next national campaign, former Senator John M. Thurston may be brought forward by the Republican leaders to oppose Mr. Bryan at the polls. Mr. Thurston, however, will not figure very extensively as a presidential candidate unless it is known in advance that Col. Bryan will head the Democratic national ticket for a third time.

* * *

It matters little, politicians here say, where the candidates come from, who will head the Republican and Democratic national tickets in the next national campaign, so far as the vice presidency is concerned. It is still maintained that the Southern states, if not entitled to first place on the tickets of the two dominant parties, should, at least, be permitted to name the vice presidential candidates. It is not likely that the South will be honored with a man for first place on their tickets, but it is understood that the leaders in both parties, as above stated, concede that the candidates for second place on the national tickets shall be selected from some state south of Mason and Dixon's line. - J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

FOURTH AT PEKIN.

Legation Guards Properly Celebrate the Day.

Pekin, July 4.—The Fourth was celebrated here today by the United States legation guard with athletic games and fireworks. The German minister, Dr. Mumm Von Schwarzenstein, gave a dinner at the German legation to the officers of the American guard. Messrs. Squires and Rockhill and the other members of the United States legation celebrated the Fourth at the summer legation in the hills.

Increases human energy, makes soldiers of weak men. The world has little pity for a man who having lost his grip does not regain it by taking Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. Ask your druggist.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelley's hat hospital for sick hats.

If you smoke a "Tom Reed" you smoke the best cigar on the market.

The Duluth-Superior Traction company is building a new "Y" on Connor's Point, Superior. This improvement will enable the Interstate cars to switch on the island.

The steamer Carthagena was given a cargo of 100,000 bushels of wheat in one hour and a quarter at elevator "D" yesterday afternoon. Nine spouts poured grain into the steamer's hold. Failure to have obtained a load yesterday would have delayed the vessel at least two days and possibly more.

Between the hours of 11 p. m. last night and 7 a. m. this morning, another inch of water was poured upon the city. Lightning in the early hours of the storm was dazzling and incessant, but not destructive.

Although all the sawmills are running to their full capacity, the usual midsummer quietness prevails in the lmber market. Yesterday there was a dearth of buyers in the city and several commission men said they know only one man being in the city from abroad with the intention of purchasing stock.

PERSONALS.

Miss Rose Gidding, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., is in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Gidding, of 1405 East Superior street.

Miss M. Morford, of Deerwood, is at the St. Louis.

Dr. R. D. Reynolds, of Cleveland, was in the city yesterday. He came West with Miss Smith, sister of Banker Smith, of Eveleth, who has been in a sanitarium in the Ohio city.

J. Murphy, James Coughlin and H. Van Dyke, of Two Harbors, are in Duluth today.

H. B. Cornell, Charles Creed and Alda and Hattie Walton, of Rutledge, are in the city.

R. H. Flaherty, of Port Arthur, is registered at the St. Louis.

Dr. Thomas and Mrs. Thomas, of Two Harbors, arrived in the city last night to remain until after the Fourth.

George Hare, of Hibbing, is a Duluth visitor today.

D. L. Martin, of Biwabik, is in the city to remain until after the Fourth.

Oscar W. Lazier, J. P. Sands and J. Anderson, of Two Harbors, are in the city.

Mrs. Gertrude Robinson, of Elmira, N. Y., is visiting her son, Dr. Robinson, who has taken a residence for the summer at 218 Fourteenth avenue east.

E. H. Eden, of St. Paul, general agent of the Lackawanna line, is in Duluth today.

Robert G. Evans, of Minneapolis, orator of the Fourth of July exercises, arrived last evening accompanied by his daughter, Miss Evans.

Samuel F. Fullerton, of St. Paul, state game warden, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ayers left last night for Mrs. Ayers' old home in Bangor, Me., where they will spend several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Bacon, of Grand Forks, were in the city last night en route to Eastern points. Mr. Bacon is manager of the Hotel Dacotah.

WU TING FANG

Was Orator of Day at the Philadelphia Celebration.

Philadelphia, July 4.—Several thousand persons gathered in Independence hall today to see and hear Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister, orator of the day at the municipal celebration of Independence day. The friendly reception given the distinguished guest must have allayed all fears for his safety, based on the fact that he had received an annonymous letter threatening him with bodily harm.

When the Chinese diplomat stepped to the front of the platform he was given a rousing reception and it was some time before quiet could be restored.

His speech was heard with marked attention and every patriotic utterance was loudly cheered.

Minister Wu began with an expression of his gratification of the honor shown him and regret over the circumstances which prevented his acceptance of the invitation a year ago. Referring to the day he sketched the many important events which had occurred upon its anniversaries. He made humorous reference to the fact that China furnished America with firecrackers and then in a serious vein traced a similarity in the educational system of China which gave the humblest citizen an opportunity to become part of the government and the electoral system of the Union. He defined the canons of Confucius and Mencius as the Magna Charta of China and quoted the words of Mencius:

"People are the most important element in a nation, the spirits of the land and grain are the next, the sovereign is the lightest."

His closing tribute to the United States was as follows: "This nation, it seems to me, has not sprung into existence without a manifest destiny. There must be some noble ends for which the independence of the United States was established. It was to demonstrate to the world what great good to mankind a free and independent people can do; to establish 'a government of the people, by the people and for the people,' to preserve law and order; to treat all people alike with fairness and justness; to do away with selfish and clannish feeling; to make American patriotism synonymous with fair play, with the love of mankind, with freedom and liberty in accordance with law and justice. By pursuing these ends this republic will become the greatest power on the earth and you citizens of this great country will be more than ever respected and loved by all."

Ball Games Today.

At Philadelphia—Washington, 5; Philadelphia, 6. American league.

At Boston—Baltimore, 2; Boston, 10. American league.

St. Paul, July 4.—The morning ball game between St. Paul and Minneapolis postponed, on account of rain.

BANK FAILS.

Odessa, July 4.—The Kharkoff Commercial bank has failed with a deficit estimated at five million rubles. The failure has caused a financial panic in South Russia.

What Our Flag Stands For.

Wherever the American flag is raised in token of sovereignty, it stands for liberty, independence and equality. What our flag is to the nation Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is to the individual, inasmuch as it not only gives you freedom from your ailments, but protects your system in such a manner that they cannot return. When your stomach gets out of order, causing you to belch after eating, or when you are so nervous that you toss about all night unable to sleep, you should certainly try it, because it will strengthen your stomach, steady your nerves, and induce sound, healthy sleep, and for indigestion, constipation and biliousness there is nothing to equal it. Rheumatism is also counteracted by its direct action on the kidneys.

THOMSON & DUNLOP

31 West Michigan St.

Are you going to build? You will need—

Cement Sidewalk, Mantels,
Tiling, Shingle Stains,
Iron Fences,
Etc.

Telephone 657 { Duluth. Zenith.

SUMMER SCHOOL

Will Open Next Monday at the High School.

No Place So Well Adapted For This as Duluth.

List of Instructors Will Commend Itself to Everyone.

The summer school at Duluth for teachers will open next Monday at the High School building in this city and everything points to a very successful meeting. There is no place in the state so well adapted for this purpose as Duluth for while other places are sweltering with summer heat and prostrations are frequent the air here is cool and delightful and study is not that irksome and enervating task that it is in other places.

The new rulings of the state department are such that if a teacher would have his certificate renewed he must have attended not only the reading circle but also the summer schools. Coupled with this almost compulsory attendance on the part of the teachers, is the fact that this year the summer school at Duluth will be one of the very best in the state. Many applications are being made by teachers from Wisconsin, Southern Minnesota and several from Ontario, Canada. City teachers now come under the rules of the state and county superintendents and will be treated exactly as if they were country teachers with but a log school house and half a dozen pupils.

Edwin T. Reed, who will conduct the English department, has lately been elected to the department of English in the Moorhead normal school. He has been offered many flattering inducements elsewhere but on account of a previous promise to the Moorhead normal he will go there. English grammar, language and reading, which have long been the weak points of the school system have a strong advocate in him. He is also an author of some note.

Mr. Frazier, of Watterville, will handle United States history and geography. He may also take physiology. Mr. Frazier will be remembered in this locality as being at one time connected with the Superior schools; also as having taught in Tower. He comes highly recommended and has had several years' experience as a summer school instructor.

Mr Foster, who will conduct the mathematics, has, during the past year, taught the same studies very successfully in the Duluth high school. He is one of the strongest teachers of mathematics in the Northwest. All that are willing to work can get what they want out of his classes and get it properly.

Mary A. Gardner will conduct model classes in primary and kindergarten methods. Those that are to teach for the first time are to be congratulated upon having an opportunity of obtaining instruction in methods from one so thoroughly versed in the science of teaching elementary schools.

Last on this list but not least is the conductor, Professor Denfeld, and to the teaching public no introduction is needed. He will teach civics, psychology, pedagogy and physics.

The county superintendent, A. T. Park, will give a few object lessons in science to illustrate the work that this year will be required of the teachers who will teach under him.

Another period will be taken up by Mr. Park explaining the course of study that is to be introduced throughout the county and semi-graded schools where there is not one already in use.

All teachers that are to attend are requested to present themselves at the assembly hall of the high school next Monday morning at 8:30 o'clock. Any high school senior or junior, or other person, who desires to teach or to make teaching his object, is also earnestly advised to attend and get into harmony with the educational movement in this state. All instruction and text books are free.

If You Enjoy Life While Traveling

The congenial parties which gather in the cafe club car or in the observation parlor of the Pennsylvania Limited may include some of your friends. If they are partial to highest standard traveling facilities, you will surely find them on the limited, for this train is a favorite with the best class of travelers. It leaves Chicago 5:30 p. m. daily on 24-hour run to New York. Learn about its comforts by arranging with H. R. Dering ,A. G. P. agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for your next trip East on this train.

Prescriptions are filled correctly...

Every drop of medicine that goes into a prescription which is filled here is perfectly pure. We make it our business to see that everything is pure and of standard strength. There is no guess-work about it. Pure drugs and intelligent compounding are what make a prescription filled here so effective.

No doctor can obtain the desired results in the sick-room unless his prescriptions are filled with drugs of the highest quality. The sick-room is the one place above all others where quality counts more than anything else. If you want the patient to improve, to respond to the physician's labors, you should be particular about the medicine. You should have his prescriptions filled with nothing but pure fresh drugs and chemicals.

More and more physicians are depending on our prescriptoin department. We compound as we think your doctor would like to have them compounded, and as we know they should be.

Most of the reputable physicians of Duluth patronize our prescription department. This fact should be of interest to you. It means that if you bring your prescriptions here to be compounded, that the physician is satisfied—the patient gets the best medicine.

BOYCE'S Drug Store.

What Motherhood Means

Motherhood means either happiness or misery. There is scant happiness for the mother, who in pain and weakness brings into the world a weakling babe which she can neither nurse nor nourish.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription fits women for motherhood. It strengthens the maternal organism. It tranquilizes the nerves, encourages the appetite and brings refreshing sleep. It makes the birth hour practially painless and gives the mother the nourishment to give her child.

There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription," and it is absolutely free from opium, cocaine, and all other narcotics.

"Words cannot express how grateful I am for your kind advice and your 'Favorite Prescription,'" writes Mrs. D. B. Barricks, of Perrows, Campbell Co., Va. "I feel that it has cured me. I had been in poor health for four years. Suffered greatly with my right side, also with bearing-down pains, and my nerves were in a dreadful state. After using four bottles of your 'Favorite Prescription' I am now well. I am the mother of two children. With the first child I suffered twenty-eight hours, and with the second I used your medicine and was sick only three hours. I believe Dr. Pierce's Favorite Presciption to be the best medicine in the world for suffering females. I wish you great success, and hope that God will bless you in your noble work."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

SAVE MONEY.

Herald Newsboys Show What They Can Do.

Money will be plentiful with The Herald newsboys today. About two months ago a prominent business man of the city, who always takes an interest in the newsies and who always remembered the boys when Thanksgiving or picnics came around, gave about 130 banks to The Herald for distribution among the newsboys. The banks are of the bee hive variety and retail at $1.50 each. They were formerly used in the old People's Savings bank and are really very valuable affairs. They are divided into four compartments with slots for each one so that four people can use the same bank. A. C. Pearson, the superintendent of the circulation department of The Herald, took charge of the "savings department" and on May 2 gave out the banks to the boys, keeping the keys. An agreement was signed by all of the boys as follows:

May 2, 1901.

"We, the undersigned Evening Herald newsboys do agree to the conditions below, in order to obtain a savings bank:

"We promise to take the bank and see that it has good care.

"We promise to put in it all the money that we can possibly save.

"We promise to bring the bank back to A. C. Pearson, circulator of The Herald, July 2, 1901, to have it opened and receive the key.

All of the banks were quickly disposed of and the boys made renewed efforts in selling as many Heralds as possible in order to obtain money. They have been successful in a degree that surpassed the expectations of the promoters of the scheme and yesterday afternoon the banks were brought to The Herald office and opened. Some of the boys have saved a good deal and some have not. The greatest amount is $20.50, saved by Willis Hamblin, of East Eleventh street, while the least is 21 cents. About forty of the boys succeeded in saving over $2, while fully half that number averaged at least $5.

Money was not the only article, however, that was unearthed when the banks were opened, although it largely predominated. Buttons were there by the card, matches, both used and unused by the box, pieces of watch chains, chips of wood, knife blades, tobacco tags, chewing gum, poker chips, gun wads and old money are some of the substances that were found. The climax was reached, however, when some fish from the game of fish pond were found swimming around in a copper sea.

Taking it altogether the trial was successful and it is hoped that the two months of saving will have some lasting effect on the young gentlemen who rush up like miniature avalanches onto Superior street every afternoon about 4:15 with the cry "Evningyearaldheresir twocents" breaking the stillness of the air.

ASHLAND WON

Duluth Awfully Walloped In the First Ball Game.

A special to The Herald from Ashland last night announced the defeat of the Duluth team by a score of 18 to 4. From the score it is judged that the Duluth boys were unable to hit Augustine as hard as Ashland did the Duluth pitchers. It was proposed to pitch Cummings in yesterday's game and Staub was to twirl this morning while Hansell looked for Glenny for this afternoon's game. Cummings and Staub were both a little off color when they left for Ashland and it is probably due to the weakness of the pitchers that the defeat came. Cummings has been getting over an attack of malaria and is hardly strong enough to pitch a hard game. Staub pitched a game against Ashland last Saturday and in the Sunday game held Ashland down to one hit in five innings, severely straining his arm. He was hardly in condition for the game yesterday so the Duluth players can hardly be blamed for their defeat.

$24.50 Pan-American, Buffalo

Until further notice the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, all rail, via Chicago, to Buffalo and return, for $24.50. Good returning ten days from date of sale. For full information call at city ticket office, 322 West Superior street, or Union depot.

DISPUTES PEARSON

State Geologist Winchell States Orthodox View of Geology.

Ridicules the Theory of H. W. Pearson on Coal Formation.

Trial of the Case Will Be Resumed Friday Morning.

The H. W Pearson case against the Great Nortrern is expected to go to the jury within a week. The defense is nearly through, and there will be some rebuttal testimony on the part of the plaintiff. Mr. Pearson and R. E. Denfeld, who are in attendance on the trial, came up yesterday afternoon, court having adjourned over to Friday morning.

Professor N. H. Winchell, state geologist, was put on the stand yesterday by the defense.

Mr. Winchell was examined for two solid hours, and the sum of his testimony was that Pearson knew little or nothing about coal formation.

He declared that Pearson's hypothesis was entirely inconsistent with all accepted ideas of geology. If adopted, it would revolutionize the scientific thought on the whole subject.

The geologist absolutely denied Pearson's idea that coal beds were formed by the ocean casting driftwood on the shore.

"He goes out and discovers a place where there is some coal and then goes out and predicts it, and says he does it by his hypothesis. I don't know what his hypothesis is exactly, and I don't believe he knows himself," says the learned orthodox geologist.

Cy Wellington and C. D. O'Brien took the professor over the whole subject of geology. There was a great deal of talk about glacial drifts, upheavals of the earth, peat beds and everything of a scientific nature relating to coal.

When the examination was about concluded, the professor had been talking about glacial invasions.

"Can't you arrange another glacial invasion while this trial is going on?" facetiously inquired Chris O'Brien.

Cy Wellington was inclined to resent this poking fun at abstruse science and the defense's witness, but relaxed enough to say:

"I guess we want all the ice we can get now to keep cool."

The trial will be resumed Friday morning.

Mr. Winchell said that he had studied geology for forty years, and that he had carefully examined the whole state of Minnesota for ancient lakes. He had known plaintiff for six or seven years, and Pearson had explained to him his coal theory.

On March 11 last he went to Montana to see if there was anything in it. He made a careful examination of the whole country, and later made a second trip with Professor Calvin. Professor Calvin and he made examinations together, and at one place they found much outcropping coal and also mines.

Professor Winchell showed samples of this coal to the jury. It was good, rich, black coal, and of the kind known as slicksided.

Professor Winchell says that he visited dozens of villages in Montana, and, indeed, every place that was thought to bear in any way upon the question. He showed pictures that he had taken himself and explained them to the jury. He said that, in his opinion, Mr. Pearson was entirely inconsistent in every way with the country as he saw it. He told how coal was formed and how peat beds turned into coal if given time enough. That coal could not be found 4000 feet above the sea level. It must be formed below sea level, and then to have got where it was now there must have been an upheaval. Professor Winchell objected to Mr. Pearson's idea that the ocean had once submerged this part of the country. Evidence was against this. What Mr. Pearson took for ancient sea beaches were in reality benches. He showed the jury pictures to prove this.

THE FINAL BLOW.

The One That Almost Killed Father.

An incident that happened in West Superior the other day would do for one edition of the "Katzenjammer Kids." A man named Skervesky of that city had a brood of sons and daughters that did not pay as much attention to their spiritual welfare as he thought necessary, and some times during morning prayers they raised disturbances that made Mr. Skervesky think that he was in connection with the other place. Several smaller performances were tried by the young Skervesky with eminent success, but as the Fourth of July drew near, Henry's imagination sought a more brilliant trick with which to celebrate the Fourth.

While the elder Skervesky was at his devotions the other morning, with his head resting in a chair, his mind far, far away from all trials and tribulations of this world, the younger Skervesky crept up and placed a cannon cracker under pater's chair.

The cannon cracker went off. So did the old man.

So will Henry if his father can accomplish it. He wants the child of his bosom to be sent to the reform school far away from all of the fire crackers and red lights of the city of Superior.

The boy was arrested once before for incorrigibility and sentenced to the reform school but was paroled for a year. This last stir will probably land him where there will be no opportunity for him to spread himself or exercise his inventive genius.

MAKE-MAN TABLETS

TRADE MARK

WORTH $1000. PER BOX

A prominent merchant of Minneapolis, writes: "Knowing what I do about Make-man Tablets and what they have accomplished for me I would not hesitate to pay a thousand dollars a box for them. I was a total wreck, all my nerve force was gone. I could not think clearly, and my life was being dragged out of me by degrees, my family had already arranged to send me to a private sanitarium when I was urged to try Make-man Tablets—I had not used a half box until I could feel a decided benefit, and in some way I felt more hopeful, altho' I had tried all forms of medicine and the best physicians I could find. I used in all 10 boxes of Make-man Tablets in 9 weeks—and I feel all the snap and ambition, as when I was a boy. Make-man Tablets certainly have done wonders for me, and I recommend them to all my friends.

I gained 42 lbs. in weight, for I was a mere skeleton when I began their use."

Free A trial treatment of Make-man Tablets will be sent free to any reader of this paper who send their name and address. Make-man Tablets are sold on a positive guarantee at 50 cents a box by all leading druggists or sent postpaid upon receipt of price by the Make-man Tablet Company, 1056 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

SOLD IN DULUTH BY MAX WIRTH AND S. F. BOYCE.

A HELPING HAND

Is Gladly Extended by a Duluth Citizen.

THERE ARE MANY ENTHUSIASTIC CITIZENS IN DULUTH PREPARED TO TELL THEIR EXPERIENCE FOR THE PUBLIC GOOD—TESTIMONY FROM SUCH A SOURCE IS THE BEST OF EVIDENCE AND WILL PROVE A "HELPING HAND" TO SCORES OF READERS. READ THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:

Mrs. John Pitts, of 123 West First street, says: "As the result of an attack of typhoid fever I suffered severely during a year with kidney complaint, and although I was treated by physicians I did not get any better. There was a constant dull aching across my back, so severe at times that I could hardly stoop or straighten. I did not rest comfortably at night, and in the morning felt tired and worn out. I also suffered a good deal from dull and persistent headaches. The kidney secretions were irregular, distressing and unnatural and my limbs were greatly puffed and swollen. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills and procured a box at W. A. Abbett's Drug store. I soon felt beter and before long the aches and pains left me entirely, the kidneys were active and healthy and I felt as well as ever I did in my life."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

PLAN MORE TROUBLE.

Striking Linemen Are After Zenith Company.

The striking linemen and the members of the strike committee are said to have another plan on foot in their fight against the telephone companies. A meeting was held last night at which it was decided to present a petition at the next meeting of the council alleging that the Zenith company is not living up to the terms of its franchise. The committee claims that the matter has been investigated by its members and that they are in a position to prove the assertion. Another meeting of the committee is scheduled for tomorrow night, at which the petition will be presented for approval. Manager Kritzer, of the Zenith company says he is confident that he will be able to show the council, if required to, that the company is living up to its agreement.

IN MICHIGAN.

Ishpeming Man Creates a Sensation While Walking In Sleep.

Ishpeming—James Steele, a son of a commercial traveler living here, got up in his sleep at 5 o'clock this morning and indulged in a rapid run about the city, clad only in his night shirt, causing much excitement. He jumped fences and ran through alleys, and was finally captured by a police officer. The young man was affected by the heat yesterday and was suffering with nightmare.

Menominee—Col. James A. Crozier died Wednesday of dropsy after an illness of sixty days. He was a member of Company A, Twenty-seventh Michigan infantry, during the civil war and received honorable mention for bravery. After the war he engaged in the newspaper business in this state, retiring from active business two years ago.

The Menominee river log drive in 1901 bids fair to be the fastest in the history of the work, and from present indications it will be out within fifteen days. Monday evening the drive was as far down as Pine river. There is a good head of water and a big crew is employed. Up to Saturday evening nearly 100,000,000 feet of logs had been sorted. But few logs will be hung up this year. The only logs which will not be floated are those owned by Mann Bros. on the Ford river.

Iron Mountain—The Chapin mine has not yet been able to get air from the hydraulic plant. It was expected that some could be piped Monday, but it will be some days before the company can get it. To avoid delay ten mules were sent down into the mine Sunday at the Hamilton shaft and these will be used until air in sufficient quality can be furnished.

DESERTED.

Independence Day In New York City Unusually Quiet.

New York, July 4.—The observance of Independence day in this city was more than usually quiet this year. There were flag raising ceremonies at sunrise at the Battery, and at the block house in Central park, but they were attended by very few people. Nearly every one who could do so, left the city yesterday on account of the intense heat and today the streets were almost deserted.

Tammany Hall held its regular Independence Day celebration at which the Declaration of Independence was read and speeches were made by Governor Jennings, of Florida, and other leaders of the Democratic party. The following letter of regret from W. J. Bryan, dated Washington, June 29, was read:

"I congratulate Tammany upon the fidelity it has shown in celebrating each returning anniversary of the signing of the Declaration of Independence. I trust that at this time, when the Republican leaders are denying the universal application of the self evident truths set forth in that declaration, special emphasis will be given to the assertion that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed. In response to your request for a sentiment appropriate for the occasion, I beg to suggest the following: Liberty is not safe without a written constitution and a constitution to be of value must be strong enough to control every public servant and broad enough to include within its protection every person who acknowledges allegiance to the flag."

Eight Trains to Buffalo

From Chicago daily, via Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway, including two new ones just placed in service, leaving Chicago 3:00 and 8:30 p. m., and reaching Buffalo the next morning at 6:50 and 10:30 respectively. New Pittsburg service-through sleeper from Chicago at 10:35 p. m., reaching Pittsburg 11:15 the next morning. Low rate Pan-American and Tourist tickets now on sale. Send 4 cents in stamps for interesting printed matter. W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., St. Paul, Minn. F. M. Byron, G. W. A., Chicago.

DARING HOLD-UP

Great Northern Transcontinental Train Successfully Robbed.

Two Passengers and a Brakeman Were Seriously Wounded.

Bandits Secured $83,000 Specie, Drafts and Other Valuables.

Great Falls, Mont., July 4.—The Great Northern transcontinental train No. 3, leaving St. Paul Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock, was held up at Wagner, Mont., 196 miles east of Great Falls, at 3:02 yesterday afternoon by three masked men who blew open the express car and wrecked the through safe with dynamite, securing $83,000.

The robbery in daylight, was one of the boldest that has ever occurred in the West.

One of the robbers boarded the "blind baggage" car at Hinsdale, a station about twenty miles east of Wagner. He appeared to be a common hobo, but when the conductor discovered him at a stop almost immediately afterward, he drew a heavy Colt's revolver and ordered him to return to the rear of the train on penalty of instant death. The hobo then climbed over the locomotive tender and at the point of his revolver compelled the engineer and fireman to stop the train at a ravine a few miles east of Wagner, where his confederates, two in number, both masked, lay in wait. He then compelled the fireman and engineer to abandon the engine and firing began on both sides of the train as it came to a stop.

Passengers on the train began to look out of the windows and a brakeman alighted on one side of the train, while Traveling Auditor Douglas alighted on the opposite side. Both instantly became the target of Winchesters in the hands of the robbers, but both escaped without injury.

A passenger on the tourist coach, who was leaning out of the window, was struck by a stray bullet and seriously injured. It is impossible to ascertain how seriously. Two other passengers were shot, but neither was seriously injured.

To wreck the door of the express car with dynamite, with which both the confederates that appeared from the ravine were liberally supplied, was the work of an instant. The express messenger was compelled to leave the car at the point of a rifle and the through safe was immediately dynamited. The first charge did not break it open and four others in quick succession were necessary before it was forced.

The robbers hurriedly gathered in its contents, consisting of specie shipments, drafts, coin and negotiable paper, and retreated, keeping the train crew and passengers off at the point of their rifles.

All three disappeared and were not seen later.

The chances of capturing the men are exceedingly slight, since they have several hours' start of the posse.

St. Paul, July 4.—Reports of the robbery were received in St. Paul late yesterday afternoon. They were at once communicated to David Allman, chief of the Great Northern secret service, and before 8 o'clock the coast system had posted a reward of $5000 gold for the apprehension of the robbers.

A dispatch from Havre, Mont., says the following were shot and seriously wounded by the train robbers who held up the Great Northern flyer near Wagner today: Gertrude M. Smith, of Tomah, Wis.; Mr. Douglas, of Clancy, Mont., traveling auditor for the Montana division of the Great Northern, and Brakeman Whiteside, of Havre, Mont.

BEEF BURNED.

Disastrous Fire In Swift & Co.'s Philadelphia Storage Warehouse.

Philadelphia, July 4.—The big dressed beef storage warehouse of A. A. Jewett & Co., Philadelphia, agents of Swift & Co., of Chicago, was almost entirely destroyed by fire today, entailing a loss of $300,000. The fire broke out at 8:30 a. m. in the curing department on the sixth floor of the building and in half an hour the three top floors were a mass of flames. The lower portion of the building was damaged by water, and the immense stock carried by the company was nearly all destroyed. The big ice plant adjoining the storage warehouse together with 300 tons of ice was also destroyed.

UNEASINESS

Prevails In London Over Germany's Financial Crisis.

New York, July 4.—The correspondent in London of the Tribune says that great uneasiness prevails in London commercial circles owing to the far-reaching results of the German financial crisis, and many British firms having dealings with Germany are making inquiries through certain trade protection societies as to the stability of their customers, including those who have been for years on their books.

The Alaskan Nuggets is the best cigar we can make, or anybody can make, to sell at the nickel price.

In Severe Cases of Diarrhoea and Cholera Morbus Use Only MULL'S LIGHTNING PAIN KILLER.

The Great Healer promptly destroys any poisons and fermentations in the bowels. There's perfect safety in its use, as it does not contain opiates and poisons. Safe for the most delicate child or invalid. Keep it in the home, carry it in your grip. 25c a bottle at any drug store or sent by the Lightning Medicine Co., Rock Island, Ill.

Mull's Grape Tonic cures stomach troubles. 50c.

A HEAVY INCREASE

Postoffice Receipts For Fiscal Year Show Up Well.

Total Exceeds That of Previous Year By $9,552.80.

Registration of Letters Also Showing a Fine Growth.

The receipts of the Duluth postoffice for the government fiscal year ending on June 30, 1901, were the heaviest in the history of the office and show a flattering condition of business in Duluth for the postoffice figures are a true index of the business of a city.

The total receipts for the year were $113,915.24. The total for the previous fiscal year was $104,362.44. The increase for the year just closed is therefore $9552.80. This is a little less than 10 per cent and is a showing that gives great satisfaction to the officials of the office here and will place it on a fine footing with the authorities of the postoffice department at Washington.

The figures for the two fiscal years by months are as follows:

1900.	
July, 1899	$ 8,479.33
August, 1899	8,590.04
September, 1899	9,489.14
October, 1899	9,460.17
November, 1899	8,867.54
December, 1899	9,098.39
January, 1900	8,985.96
February, 1900	8,215.20
March, 1900	8,226.79
April, 1900	8,298.49
May, 1900	8,480.96
June, 1900	8,260.43
Total	$104,362.44
1901.	
July, 1900	$ 8,372.03
August, 1900	9,533.94
September, 1900	8,657.32
October 1900	10,647.48
November, 1900	9,374.87
December, 1900	10,680.07
January, 1901	10,049.77
February, 1901	8,798.23
March, 1901	9,105.31
April, 1901	9,421.80
May, 1901	9,681.42
June, 1901	9,793.00
Total	$113,915.24

The registration of letters is growing at a rapid rate and this is particularly gratifying to the department for it is making a strenuous effort to increase the business of this feature of the postoffice work. During the six months from Jan. 1 to June 30 just closed the total number of letters registered was 7036. During the corresponding six months of the year previous the total was 4867. The carrier service has had something to do with this increase.

THE DAKOTAS.

Heavy Rains Do Considerable Damage Around Grand Forks.

Grand Forks—Another severe rainstorm swept over this section of the valley at an early hour Wednesday morning. The Charlesestimate of the rain which fell in three hours was upward of two inches. Reports from different points within a radius of fifty miles shows that the storm was equally sever all around in the vicinity of Gardner and Kelso. Between here and Fargo wheat fields are reported under water, undoubtedly considerable damage has resulted. At Langdon rain continued to fall throughout the morning. Flax is considered to have been injured more than wheat.

Minot—Lightning struck the house of Charles Walker six miles south of Minot, Tuesday night. Walker received a shock and is now in a critical condition at the hospital here.

There are bad washouts on the Soo and Great Northern and all trains are delayed or abandoned. A heavy rainstorm raged all night and grain was slightly injured.

Minnewaukan—In the case of Dewitt Barrows, charged with the murder of James Carolen, the jury returned a verdict of murder in the first degree and fixed the penalty at imprisonment for life. He was given opportunity to make a statement for publication, but refused to talk. He denies the killing, notwithstanding the confessions proved in the trial.

Devil's Lake—Notwithstanding rain, 100 old settlers attended the reunion at the Chautauqua grounds. There were speeches, barbecue and a general good time. Frank H. Prosser was elected president; Henry Hall, secretary, and Dave McCanna, treasurer.

Senator and Mrs. Hansborough have arrived from Washington to spend the summer at their home in this city.

Governor and Mrs. White, with Misses Wagner and Gregory are camping at Chautauqua and will remain during July.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—At 9:30 Wednesday morning the great quarto-centennial carnival was opened with prayer by C. E. Hawley, who opened the first Fourth of July celebration in the Black Hills in 1876 in a similar manner. The address of welcome was delivered by George V. Ayres, acting mayor. Other addresses were delivered by James Consette, president of the Society of the Black Hills Pioneers; W. L. McLaughlin anr W. G. Rice.

The mineral palace, which is the chief attraction of the carnival, was formally opened by Mildred Franklin, granddaughter of Harris Franklin, banker, cattleman and mine owner, of Deadwood. Many people arrived this morning from the Black Hills towns.

Aberdeen—Senator Kyle's funeral will be held Thursday at 4 p. m. The interment will be at Riverside cemetery in this city, where he has two little daughters buried. A few days before his last illness he purchased new lots in the cemetery, not fancying the location of the lots in which his children were laid to rest, and intending to have their remains transferred. He will be buried in the lots lately selected. Governor Herreid ordered all public buildings to display flags at half mast all day Thursday and requests all citizens to exhibit some token of respect for the dead statesman's memory. An autopsy revealed the fact that death was caused by Bright's disease and an affection of the heart.

Vermillion—Thomas H. Ayres was in the city and gave out the information that he has practically deserted politics. This will be a hard blow to the opulists of the state, as he was one of the best workers in the party, and has for many years dealt stunning blows to the opporition. Mr. Ayres has now entered extensively into the real estate business, and is also secretary of the South Dakota Incorporating company. "It has taken me a long time to discover that there is no money and little honor in politics," he said, "but in the future I purpose looking after my own interests in the attempt to gain an honest dollar, and from this time on I will let somebody else save the republic."

BEYOND APPEAL.

WORDS OF PRAISE FOR

Smith's Green Mountain Renovator

Come from an Eminent Professor.

WILLARD H. MORSE, M. D., F. B. S. SC., of Westfield, N. J.,

AUTHOR OF MANY MEDICAL TEXT BOOKS,

Endorses without stint Smith's Green Mountain Renovator.

So long as a remedy is truly scientific and actually does good, it is recognized by the most liberal physicians and the best chemists.

Prof. Morse, of Westfield, N. J., who has devoted his life to the study of new remedies and has probably investigated as many different preparations as any modern therapeutist, except perhaps Sir John Lawes, writes among many other complimentary phrases concerning SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR, the following :—

"I find at the outset that this is a vegetable remedy, and that it did originate with a regular practitioner. In fact, physicians prescribe it, and no one ever thinks of calling it a quack medicine. It puts the blood back into order when it has become depraved. I could not choose a better term than to say it renovates the blood. Having done that, every function is normally performed, and health issues as a matter of physiological course. It gives tone and elasticity to the organs, which by reason of the blood being impure and out of order are debilitated and languishing. Doing this, it must needs be a remedy for functional disorders—diseases of the liver, kidneys, stomach, skin, bladder and other organs. In its mission of adding vigor and strength to the system, it restores health and strength to the nerve structures. You could call it, if you please, a food for nerve starvation. Though I do not know any one connected with the St. Albans Remedy Company they are deserving of kind thoughts and words for pushing this medicine, which is mild, pleasant and harmless in its action, while being permanent and efficient without subjecting the system to any violent reaction."

The above interesting comments on this preparation, which we are so fortunate as to have preserved to us to-day, will be of interest to all suffering from disordered blood, broken down nerves and the many kindred ills that come from such affections.

We would advise any one seeing the need of a tonic and a spring invigorator to try this most potent and harmless of known preparations. The good that will be accomplished by a single bottle of this will prove that it has intrinsic merit.

We are sole agents and guarantee its action, and will refund the cost of the preparation in every instance where everything is not accomplished that is claimed for it.

S. F. BOYCE, Sole Agent. Duluth, Minn.

$45.00 Seattle, Tacoma and Portland and Return.

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THE WEATHER.

Chicago, July 4.—Forecasts: For Minnesota—Showers and probably thunderstorms tonight and Friday; warmer in northeast tonight, cooler in west portion Friday; east to north winds.

Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday with probably local thunderstorms; southerly winds.

The Consumption of Tea.

Judging from the way the spinsters of the United States drink tea, coupled with the normal demand for the plant, one would naturally suppose that this country was one of the greatest consumers of tea in the world. As a matter of fact the United States stands third in the list of importers of the little leaves. Statistics show that nearly a half billion pounds of tea were consumed in the year 1900 in countries other than the source of production. The United Kingdom is the world's greatest importer of this article of drink, having imported for consumption during the year 1900 in round numbers 250,000,000 pounds of tea, as against 116,500,000 pounds imported for consumption by Russia, 83.3 millions by the United States, 7,500,000 by the Netherlands, about 6,500,000 by Germany and nearly 2,500,000 by France. A comparison of the tea consumption of the past year with that of earlier periods discloses the fact that tea is becoming more popular as a beverage in the European countries, though little more than holding its own in the United States, where coffee is the favorite beverage. In 1900 the per capita consumption in the United States was 9.8 pounds of coffee and 1.1 pounds of tea; in the United Kingdom 6 pounds of tea and .71 of a pound of coffee.

Electoral Laws For Cuba.

The commission which has the framing of the electoral laws of Cuba on its hands has a hard proposition. There are wily political schemers in the Pearl of the Antilles just the same as in this and every country and they are seeking to have the laws arranged for their benefit. It is doubtful, however, if they succeed as there seems to be a determined effort to prevent the intervention of the government in the elections, since many of the authorities have shown a disposition to use their authority to further their personal ends. The commission, according to their report already published, has taken away all right of intervention on the part of the government, and puts all election matters in the hands of an electoral commission composed of members of the different political parties. The report says that the election of provincial councillors is most urgent, as these councillors together with double their numbers, of electors, will elect a senate, and the senate and house of representatives together will decide regarding the legality of the election of a president. The project, in conformity with the constitution, recognizes the representation of minorities. The constitution says that the house of representatives shall consist of one member for every 25,000 inhabitants. This will give Havana seventeen members, Santa Clara fourteen, Santiago thirteen, Matanzas eight, Pinar del Rio seven and Puerto Principe four. The electors may vote for eleven members in Havana, nine in Santa Clara, eight in Santiago, five in Matanzas, four in Pinar del Rio and three in Puerto Principe. Regarding provincial councillors, the constitution says that the number in each province shall not exceed twenty nor be less than eight. The project gives Havana twenty, Santa Clara and Santiago seventeen each, Matanzas fifteen, Pinar del Rio twelve and Puerto Principe eight. The electors may vote for thirteen councillors in Havana, eleven each in Santa Clara and Santiago, ten in Matanzas, eight in Pinar del Rio, five in Puerto Principe. The final decision of the validity of the election of representatives and provincial councillors rests with the house of representatives and the provincial councils respectively. The law is largely based on the former electoral law, though any candidate occupying a place of authority under the government or any officer elected by popular vote must resign his office three months before the elections. The granting of the maximum number of members of provincial councils is considered to be a radical measure. The idea of the commission in doing away with government intervention is a good one as it is said that their intervention heretofore has been most barefaced.

ENORMOUS FIGURES.

The figures of interest and dividend disbursements on bonds and stocks of the public market and other prominence for the month of July almost stagger comprehension, reaching the huge total of $123,000,000. According to a compilation and comparison made by the Boston Transcript this exceeds last year's July total by $17,500,000 and last January's record-making aggregate by $13,500,000. Some $15,000,000 of the $17,500,000 increase over last year comes from dividends, and the par value of shares paying this month is nearly two and one-half billions, an increase of $700,000,000 over last year's July total of stocks paying dividends.

These figures are enormous, and require a strong effort of the mind completely to grasp. The combined result of good crops, strong national resorces, sound business conditions and radical reconstruction of railway finance, is seen in an increase in total July dividends paid from $16,400,000 ten years ago, to $53,800,000 this month. Comparing with July, 1894, when the effects of the 1893 panic were manifest, this month's dividend payments are $34,000,000 greater, an inchrease of 175 per cent. Extending the comparison, we find a billion and one-half more par value in shares paying this July than in 1894, a gain of 180 per cent. The seven years' increase in par value of bonds paying July interest is 42 per cent, and the amount paid has swelled in the same time by 38 per cent.

The grand total of all securities paying this month is six billion par value, a two and one-half billion increase since 1894. This huge mass of capital pays out this month $53,000,000 more than was disbursed to investors in July of the year following the panic, a gain of 75 per cent in seven years. In the last four years the dividends paid by American public corporations have doubled or increased by 100 per cent; in the last eight years they have trebled, or increased by 150 per cent; in twelve years they very nearly have quadrupled. Meanwhile interest payments have taken some twenty years to double. Recent railway finance and good times have made more for security of small interest yield on bonds, and the "cream" has gone to owners of the equities or shares.

THE GLORIOUS FOURTH.

From July 4, 1776, to July 4, 1901, is a far cry, but it is not so far that the glorious memories that hover around the first Fourth of July are beginning to dim, or that the American people have forgotten their heritage of liberty, which this day typifies. Since that day a century and a quarter have passed, and today is the one hundred and twenty-fifth anniversary of the birth of a nation that has waxed great and glorious among the nations of the world, and that is even now, with its starry banner floating around the world, the leader in many things. It is the leader in social and political liberty, the leader in commerce and the leader in all that makes greatness in a nation and its people.

Those who believe that the birth of a free nation such as this, to set an example to the world of what can be done in the interests of humanity as distinguished from the interests of kingships and such ilk, is the work of Him who rules all things, may find ample reasoning to support their belief in the fortunate position of the country on the map of the world. Its location seems beyond question the work of Providence, for in no other spot on the earth's surface are conditions so favorable. The United States could not fulfill its mission of making known the good there is in a democratic government in any other quarter of the globe.

The spark of liberty took fire on that first Fourth of July in a little fringe of territory along the Atlantic shore of a great continent. Once fanned into a blaze by the steadfast spirits of those patriot fathers whom we are glad to remember on this anniversary it spread over the tremendous area waiting for its coming with magnificent speed and its burning lighted the world. Westward and still westward went the wave of fire. The single-handed energy of George Rogers Clarke carried the torch into the Northwest territory and laid the foundation of the sturdy states between the Alleghanies and the Mississippi river. Napoleon, the embodiment of the idea of one-man government, builded better than he knew when he added Louisiana to the growing empire of free government. Westward still went the glorious fire till it met the waters of the Pacific and since then the tide of immigration has been flowing in and is still filling up the broad expanse over which floats the flag of the free.

This anniversary comes in a time of unexampled prosperity, of a prosperity so great that it is raising questions that it will take all of the patriotism and all of the wisdom of the country to solve. The bounds set by the oceans have been overleaped and an enterprise in behalf of a weak and struggling people has added to the care of the nation territories far beyond the seas, that bring with them a horde of other questions that will again tax the patriotism and honesty of the nation. The future is full of problems and it is good to think on this day of what the people have done in the past, and to reason therefrom that they will again deal rightly with the questions that will confront them, and that the Fourths of July in the future will have still more glorious deeds to add to the crown of glory that decks the American people.

THE FISCAL YEAR.

The end of the fiscal year of the United States government has not always been June 30, nor have the reports of different departments been made with that promptness which is so commendable today. In the olden days the year ended with Sept. 30, and the detailed reports which were made to congress only covered calendar years and were eleven months old when presented. It must be remembered that in those days the means of communication were not what they are now and that reports from collectors, postmasters, army disbursing officers and other outside functionaries, if a good distance from the general routes of travel and traffic, were slow in arriving at headquarters. If they contained inaccuracies requiring that they be returner for correction, this took time also. Then in the case of postal and army accounts, and the like, the departments to which they respectively belonged had to analyze and otherwise work them over so as to make them fit into the regular departmental reports for submission to the treasury. Altogether, the period between Sept. 30 and the first Monday in December was quite insufficient for putting the balance sheets into form to send to congress.

In 1834 attention was first called to the matter of improvement by Levi Woodbury, of New Hampshire, then secretary of the treasury, who wrote: "It appears to the undersigned that a change in the fiscal year and of the time when the annual appropriations begin would be a great improvement in the financial operations of the government. If the year was to commence after the last day of March instead of September, and the annual appropriations begin from the same date, many delays and embarrassments could be avoided, and the information on the receipts and expenditures of the previous year to be laid before congress each session would be much more full and accurate."

As usual, when appealed to by the officer, it has specifically empowered to advise it on any class of business, congress studiously ignored Mr. Woodbury's suggestion. He was not discouraged, however. In 1836 and 1838—short session years—he renewed it; and in 1839, at the opening of the long session, he said in his report: "A change in the commencement of the fiscal year is again recommended for reasons too obvious to need repetition."

President Van Buren's term ended in 1841 and Mr. Woodbury who had meanwhile been elected to the senate took his seat in that body. In June 1842 in the midst of the long session Senator Evans of Maine introduced a bill to make the fiscal year begin on July 1 in and after 1843. This was a compromise between the system then in vogue and that recommended by Mr. Woodbury and had the advantage of dividing the year a little more evenly. It has continued ever since and its advantages are apparent to all.

APPALLING MORTALITY.

Six hundred deaths within six days in Greater New York, due to the intense heat, are reported. This is an appalling death list, and the fortunate people who live in Duluth can well congratulate themselves on the fact that they are favored with a temperate and health-giving climate, devoid of the oppressive and deadly heat that mows down the dwellers in the torrid communities in the East, South and West.

The period of intense heat through which New York and other cities have been passing has been, in point of temperature and humidity, as trying as the worst days of August often are, and yet it is recorded of Aug. 14, 1853, that 200 deaths resulted from the heat in New York city, and that during the four days ending with the 14th 400 persons were fatally prostrated. The city then contained only about one-fourth the present population, nor does it appear that the heat was any more excessive at that particular time than it was last week. For some reason the hot weather proves less destructive of life in the large cities now than formerly. Whether this is due to the housing of the poorer people in larger and better buildings, or to more temperate habits, or to greater facilities for getting about the city and to the beaches and breathing places, or to other causes, is a question. And yet the mortality statistics today are startling in their nature.

The Kansas board of tax commissioners is preparing an iron-clad oath to be presented to the next legislature for enactment. The oath, which covers every sort of mental evasion, is designed to put a stop to tax evasion. It may prove effective, but it is doubtful. Some men will continuo to lie about the value of their property for taxation purposes, and what difference will it make to them if the prescribed oath is a little stronger?

Some person has recalled for Gen. Sickle's personal delectation, in view of his change of opinion regarding Pension Commissioner Evans, that just prior to the civil war he made a speech advocating the secession of New York city from the Union. It is a long-forgotten episode and the general made amends by gallantly fighting for the Union several months later, but reference to it must make him perspire freely.

Noting the proposed excursions of the jobbers of Louisville through their trade territory the Philadelphia Record recommends these excursions to the jobbers of that city. The Chicago Inter Ocean observes that Quincy merchants are contemplating such excursions and speaks of them as something new. Why should not Duluth jobbers try this trade-getting enterprise.

The University of Edinburg in Scotland has come to Dalhousie university in Halifax and secured Professor James Gordon McGregor to fill its chair of natural philosophy. Dr. McGregor, regarded as one of the foremost of Canadian teachers, has been in Halifax since 1879. Glasgow university gave him her degree of LL. D.

The city council at Goshen, Ind., is planning to furnish citizens with hot water from the municipal waterworks plant. City councils all through the country are contiually getting into hot country are contiually getting into hot the United States of its being furnished for a fee to citizens.

Wonder if the multi-millionaires coming across on the Deutschland will play poker on the voyage? If they do it is to be hoped they will have sufficient ready cash and not be obliged to give I O U's as did the victim of the last sensation and whose wife paid the bills.

Although the health of the Dramatist Ibsen has slightly improved, it is believed that there is no hope of his full recovery, and that at 73 his work is done. Many, perhaps, will think that it was really done with the appearance of "The Master Builder" in 1893.

It is said that Mr. Spate, who has the paid-chair privilege for the New York parks, will make $450 a day out of it. "I do not know a single Tammany leader," he says, "nor do I belong to any club or political organization."

Liquid air is said to have the power of freezing water into ice. If so it might be well to turn a little of it loose in some of the super-heated cities. The electric fans would not be in it.

A New York paper wants the recent head of the Seventh National bank of that city sent to prison. For what reason? To give President McKinley a chance to pardon him?

A South Dakota minister defines dancing as "activity at the wrong end."

In view of the intense heat in the East, some one has been suggesting open-work shirt waists for men. They would probably look as well in them as some women do.

It is rather discouraging after making extensive preparations for celebrating the Fourth, to have such a damper put upon the proceedings.

The fact that English young men are taking the examinations for American schools of technology is a notable sign of the times.

A typical Fourth, did you say? It does bear some resemblance to former years in the weather line.

There is one good thing about the wet weather. It lessens the danger of Fourth of July fires.

LIGHT LAUGHTER.

Ohio State Journal: New preacher—Is your father at home, Willie?

Willie—Yessir, paw an' Mr. Chips are upstairs playin' with th' kitty.

-:—:-

Detroit Free Press: "Throwing an old shoe after a bride and groom means that all ill feeling is thus thrown away."

"Yes, but suppose the old shoe should happen to hit the bride."

-:—:-

Chicago oPst: "Yes," Miss Frocks went on, "Mr. Templeton and I are to be married. Why don't you offer congratulations?"

"Oh, I've no grudge against Templeton," replied the crusty bachelor.

-:—:-

Harper's Bazar: First M. D.—I don't believe in trying experiments, do you?

Second M. D.—No, not unless you are sure the patient will recover.

-:—:-

Somerville Journal: Ethel—I am going to be married in October.

John (who has been calling regularly for two years, but who hasn't ventured)—Great Scott! Who to?

Ethel (sweetly)—You.

-:—:-

Philadelphia Press: "This verse," said the Sunday school teacher "says 'to him that hath shall be given.' You must have noticed many instances of the operation of this principle. Will you mention one?"

"Yes'm," said one of the little girls. "When you've got a sore eye all the bugs and things fly into it."

-:—:-

Brooklyn Life: "John, dear, hadn't you been drinking when you came in last night?"

"That's like a woman. Just because I had some little difficulty in getting in, because I couldn't pronounce a few words, because I took off my clothes in the drawing room and wore my silk hat to bed, why you rush off to the conclusion that I had been drinking."

-:—:-

Washington Star: "What do you think made Shylock refuse 3000 ducats in cash and continue to demand his pound of flesh?"

"I don't know," answered the man who didn't mean to be ghastly, but who has merely failed to acquire a familiarity with his subject. "I suppose the beef trust happened to be in a position to quote any prices it pleased just at that time."

FLAHERTY'S CAR.

To the Roadmaster:
The morning it was foggy and the pine trees on the hill
Re-echoed in the valley, and the day was dark and chill;
The joints ahead looked gloomily, and silence swayed the men,
When a white-flagged extra shot the curve and smashed my cars at ten.
My handcar and old double can, my joint block jack and crown,
Were scattered o'er the right-away—with dinners on the ground.
At culvert thirty-five I stopped to tamp a rail with slag;
By schedule regulations "Big" McGluke took out the flag;
And I never knew till after he'd a Mickey on his clothes.
For when he should have flagged her down he slept in calm repose.
I.. wire all immediately; investigation on.
My day of restitution's past and all my hopes are gone.

To his men he said:
I'm ready now for anything; this is my fallen star—
One toe I see is missin' from my big goose-necked clawbar.
(Then took his flattened dinnerpail and kicked it o'er the track.)
I'm nineteen years a section boss, as the company can attest,
And Tim Flaherty is yet the only track man in the West
Who never boasted of his work or praised his stock in store,
And never chalked a headblock switch upon a barroom floor,
Or ever mixed with headlights whose bumps conceived of pride,
Or ever yet perused for once the section foreman's guide.
But, with box-toed picks for tamping rock-bed ballast, raise or fall,
Your foreman, T. O'Flaherty, can teach and show them all.
And for trains upon my section, don't they run beyond compare,
Because they know that all is right and Flaherty is there?

Such was his touching tribute, but his mind was falling fast,
When he shouted, "Save the handcar!" and seemed cheerful to the last.
Then flat across the rail he fell, and shouted, "Joint ahead;
Send in my resignation by 2 p. m.," he said.
Send in my resignation; let the system grope its way,
And since 'Big' McGluke has hit the trail he can go to for his pay."

—JOHN FALLON in "The Hobo's Lament."

STOLEN.

Thirty Thousand Dollars Missing From San Francisco Mint.

San Francisco, July 4.—Concerning the report, that a shortage had been discovered in the San Francisco branch mint, the Chronicle today says, six bags of gold, each containing $5000 in $20 gold pieces, have disappeared from the mint and no trace of the thief has been discovered, although Superintendent Leach and his force, assisted by Director of Mint Roberts and his staff of experts, have been at work on the mystery since June 29. The annual count of the coin, amounting to $25,000,000 began last Friday. On Saturday six bags were found to be missing from the cashier's vault. As the cashier's books tallied with those of the other departments, the officials were forced to the conclusion that somebody acquainted with the inside affairs of the mint had taken the money. Director Roberts, of Washington, D. C., made the following statement:

"We have been very reluctant to conclude that a shortage exists. We have fought against the belief that there is anything wrong, but after three days' work in checking calculations and going over the count we have still to face the situation of $30,000 less in coin than the books call for.

"There appears to be no escape from the conclusion that some one or more persons employed in the mint has been faithless to the trust reposed in him or them. There is a possibility of an overpayment to depositors. It is improbable, however, that so large an overpayment could be made."

Both Superintendent Leach and Director Dimmick declared that suspicion could not point to Cashier Cole, since his books were in perfect condition and called for the amount missing.

Notice.

July 6 to 13, the Northern Pacific railway will sell first-class tickets Duluth to Helena, Butte and Anaconda, Mont., and return for $35; to Spokane, Wash., $40, going transit limit July 18, return up to and including Aug. 31. Stop overs allowed in both directions within limit. For tickets and full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot or Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

DAILY STORY.

Gramper's Celebration.

BY MAY BELLEVILLE BROWN

(Copyright 1901, by M. B. Brown).

"Jest like this selfish generation," Gramper Van Boskirk ejaculated. "Every man-jack of 'em gallivantin' up to Wexhaw fer the Fourth, leavin' Pewee Corners empty as a meetin' house on weekday, 'cept fer you an' me, thet's too old an' lame to go, an' Poorhouse Sally that'll hafter stay with the Smith's an' Beazlee's babies."

Cappen Carter, resting his chin on the head of the cane, nodded vigorous assent.

"Las' year they did as they'd orter," said he. "Hed a lawyer down frum Wexhaw to make a speech, an' you an' me set on the platform with the big bugs, 'count o' being ol' settlers."

Gramper's chin worked with vigor for a moment, and then he spat out indignantly.

"Thet's the curse o' railroads. People's never satisfied to stay at hum. Las' year they'd hed ter drive, er else go afoot, an' this year they must git up a big 'xcursion, an' go traipsin' off. Indianny wus spiled the same way, an' I got up an' now here's the railroad."

First Pewee Corners had been but the school house, where the farmers came once a month on Sunday to hear the circuit rider preach, and where their children came to school during the winter. Then, as the land was more thickly settled, a postoffice was established in a farm house at the crossroads, then a country store, to which the goods were hauled in wagons from the nearest railroad, twenty-five miles away, and last of all, the early spring and summer had brought a railroad rirectly to their doors, so new as yet that all the travel was by means of construction trains. In the meantime a section house, blacksmith shop and two or three other buildings had been added.

This little settlement was but one of several that were strung out on the railroad from Metropolis, the bustling young city on the Great Western railway, to Waxhaw, forty miles to the west.

The approaching holiday was to be a double pollification, to celebrate Independence day and the completion of the new road. The first passenger train was to carry a load of excursionists from Metropolis to Waxhaw. The regular trains would not run for some time, as the bridges on the line were but temporary wooden affairs, and the track was not fully ballasted as yet, but for this occasion the real estate agents had seen that a large crowd was assured, and the only ones discontented with the arrangements were Gramper Van Boskirk and Cappen Carter.

It was the evening of the third that a message from Metropolis came clicking into the little office, causing the operator to turn out woth a shout that brought the men from all parts of town.

"Every seat's taken on the excursion train," he announced, "and no more cars can be had. They've ordered the construction train to back down from Waxhaw early in the morning, and every one from here up the road is to go on that. They've two cabooses, and will put seats in the flat cars, so we will have plenty of room."

The morning of the Fourth dawned bright and hot. The roofs of the town seemed to curl up, shingle by shingle; corn blades and weeds hung limp; the hills around the horizon swam in glimmering heat waves.

By 8 o'clock the consruction train backed across the Pewee creek bridge, just at the edge of town, and up to the platform. It was lavishly decorated with bright bunting and flags, and the hilarious crowd swarmed aboard and took noisy possession. The engine puffed and snorted, the children shouted; there was a rumble, a roar, a succession of whistles, a trail of smoke, and the inhabitants of Pewee Corners were gone.

Gramper and Cappen sat on the edge of the platform gazing vindictively down the narrowing rails toward the disappearing train.

"I s'pose they think thet no one ever had a railroad before!" asserted Gramper. "They act es if they owned track, train an' the bull caboodle!"

"People ain't like they ust to be," said Cappen plaintively. "They're light minded, an' onstable. They don't know who they're celebratin', but it's anythin' fer a frolic, an' farmin' may go to the dogs."

"An' they're goin' ter hev a whole ox, an' a Nunited States senator," ruminated Gramper, in a tone of regret.

The sun climbed higher, and still the old men sat on the platform mourning their fate. Suddenly Gramper rose stiffly to his feet, pulling Cappen up after him.

"Look yander!" he exclaimed, pointing excitedly up the road with his cane.

Above the bank of Pewee creek, just where the railroad was flung across, arose a cloud of smoke that every moment increased in volume. They hobbled down the track to the bank and peered over. Where the great timbers of the temporary bridge crossed and recrossed flames licked greedily at the dry, tinder-like wood.

Gramper pointed to a dry ledge of earth, far below the upper bank. "Them tramps thet left town this mornin' slep' down thar las' night, an' must've built a fire fer breakfast. See how it's crep' frum thar all along them beams till now mighty nigh th' whole thing's afire!"

"Lan' o' gracious-" ejaculated Cappen, all his spite at the new railroad swallowed up in the face of this calamity. "Ain't thet too scand'lous?"

Just then, from far up the eastern stretch of track, a whistle cleft the air. Gramper suddenly clutched Cappen's arm.

"It's a jedgment on this perverse an' stiff necked generation!" he exclaimed dramatically. "Thet bridge'll be gone by the time the 'xcursion train's in. Pewee Corners is up at Waxhaw with the bobbycue, but Metropolis, an' the Nunited States senator an' brass band'll be here, an' it'll be our celebration. Hip, hip, hooray!" And the old man's cane described a triumphant circle in the air.

A telegraph operator on the excursion train finally explained the matter to Waxhaw, where a bored crowd was impatiently waiting for the belated visitors. For a town of 300 people can not do much entertaining if the speakers of the day and the only brass band are fifteen miles away, on the other side of a burned out bridge. hTe address of welcome was delivered, and the Coyote quartet of Waxhaw sang two or three patriotic songs, according to program. The picnic dinner was held but on the whole it was a lonesome affair and even the barbecue failed to arouse much enthusiasm.

It was well along toward evening when the construction train, with its banners drooping, slowly backed up and stopped on the opposite side of Pewee creek. The crowd climbed down the embankment to the foot bridges that were hastily improvised from the seats used in the flat cars, the narrow stream was crossed, and a dusty, dejected and tired people filed up the bank.

In the grove that stretched away toward the creek from the platform were seated, in groups on the ground and on improvised seats, the excursionists from Metropolis, presenting a marked contrast to the home-comers, so comfortable and good natured did they look.

On the platform was seated a complacent crowd—the resplendent brass band, the United States senator, whose name had advertised the Waxhaw celebration, several local celebrities from Metropolis, and Cappen Carter, his chin upheld by aggressive dignity while from the speaker's place held forth Gramper Van Boskirk, chairman of the day, who was winding up the program by relating in most approved frontier style, some of his experience with the Indians and buffaloes.

As Gramper brought the exercises to a successful close Pewee Corners realized that the impromptu occasion had been a success, and its drooping spirits rose. And when the senator turned back for another handshake with Gramper and Cappen, the two old cronies took on new importance in the eyes of the people.

After the train had pulled out to the music of three cheers for the senator, three more were given, with a will for the heroes who had risen to the occasion. This tribute Gramper acknowledged in a dignified manner, adding with some acerbity:

"Now thet you hev seen what two superanna-ar-ated ol' men c'n do, I hope ye won't be runnin' on wil' goose chases over th' country, but'll stay ter home an' celerbrate yer own town, the way ye'd orter."

"'Twus a great day—a great day," said Cappen, as they hobbled down the road in the dusk.

"Yep, yeu bet it wus," affirmed Gramper. "I give them tramps my oldes' boots, an' thet orn'ry brown wamus thet I ust to wear at butcherin' times. 'F I'd know'd they wus goin' to hev thet accident under the bridge I d'no but I'd done more."

PRINCIPAL GEORGIA INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL **SAVED** By **Pe-ru-na**

F. A. CURTRIGHT

F. A. Curtright, A. B., principal of the Georgia Normal and Industrial Institute, and editor and proprietor of the "Georgia Helping Hand," writes the following glowing words concerning Peruna, and its efficacy in the cure of catarrh.

He says: "Having experienced such beneficial effects from the use of a few bottles of your catarrh remedy Peruna, it affords me pleasure to add my testimonial to the long list you must already have judging from the many different cases I learn of most every day.

"I was induced to try Peruna by the advice of a friend, and certainly believe that suffering humanity would be relieved if they only gave Peruna a fair trial. Would that I could frame words sufficient to express my gratitude for the benefits derived from its use."—F. A. Curtright, Greensboro, Ga.

The most common phases of summer catarrh are catarrh of the stomach and bowels. Peruna is a specific for summer catarrh.

Mr. Wm. Hebley, Duquesne, Pa., writes:—"I am cured of catarrh of the stomach of two years standing. I had it so bad that I could not eat anything but milk. I doctored with several doctors and they could give me relief for a short time only. I saw Peruna recommended and thought I would try it, and I now think I am cured of catarrh. I have worked two months and did not lose a day."—Wm. Hebley.

Mr. Moses F. Merrill, Columbus, Cherokee county, Kansas, Rural Route No. 3, writes:

"I had been troubled with systemic catarrh, which affected the lower bowels especially. I was troubled with running off of the bowels and troublesome catarrh of the bronchial tubes which caused spitting of thick mucus. **Since taking Peruna my improvement has been wonderful. My bowls are regular as clock-work. I can now eat like other people and my vituals digest."—Moses F. Merrill.**

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, president of the Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

SPOTTED.

Detective Troyer Nabs Some Light Fingered Gentry.

Two men, who gave their names as Frank Jones and Thomas Murray, were arrested by Detective Troyer as they stepped from the Eastern Minnesota, the train which came in from the Twin Cities this morning. Detective Troyer says he recognized them as members of the light fingered fraternity that had evidently come to Duluth to work at their trade today. A charge of carrying concealed weapons will be preferred against Jones in municipal court tomorrow morning as he was carrying a revolver.

John Folton was arrested last night by Officer Fritz and taken to police headquarters. A charge of assault will be lodged against him. Folton is said to have been a principal in a very serious cutting affray that took place last evening in which a cook at the Crystal restaurant was the victim. The cook says that two men assaulted him, but the other man got away. The cook was badly cut up and lost considerable blood before a surgeon could be summoned to dress his wounds.

James Smith and Nellie Johnson were discovered under a shed of the Duluth Scrap Iron company last night, and arrested by the watchman. They are inmates at the police station today and a charge will be preferred against them tomorrow.

James Duffy was arrested last night charged with appropriating $27.50 from a man that he and two companions are alleged to have held up on the Bowery. It is claimed that the other members of the gang held the victim while Duffy went through his pockets.

Harry Franklin was arrested by Officer Roberg early last evening for assaulting a bootblack. The boy, who is about 10 years of age claims that Franklin wanted him to do something and when he refused the man threw him down on the ground and beat him. The charge which will be preferred against Franklin tomorrow will be of a very serious nature.

James Kelley is an inmate of the police station today charged with disorderly conduct. Kelley was arrested last evening after he had broken a show window in a fruit stand at 530 Superior street. He was scuffling with another man whom he pushed through the glass. The arrest was made by Officer Milostan.

Charles Wynberg, who started in early to celebrate the Fourth by filling up to the chin with red liquor, was taken in tow by Capt. Resche, this morning, and is sobering up at police headquarters.

MUCH CASH.

Train Robbers Secured Over $40,000 Ready Money.

St. Paul, July 4.—A Helena, Mont., special says: It is understood the three masked men who robbed the express safes on the Great Northern train near Malta, Mont., yesterday, secured more than $40,000 in cash, besides valuable securities. The Great Northern Express company has offered a reward of $5000 for the arrest and conviction of the desperadoes. A posse was organized at Wagner to pursue, but up to a late hour they had eluded capture and no trace of them has yet been obtained. None of the passengers were molested by the robbers and none of the passenger cars were entered. All the passengers were badly scared, however.

Auditor Douglas and Brakeman Blake were taken to Columbus hospital on the arrival of the train in Great Falls.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

GRAIN-O
THE PURE
GRAIN COFFEE

Coffee injures growing children even when it is weakened. Grain-O gives them brighter eyes, firmer flesh, quicker intelligence and happier dispositions. They can drink all they want of Grain-O—the more the better—and it tastes like coffee.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

A PROTEST.

Denver Clergy Objects to Methods of Judge Palmer.

Denver, July 4.—A committee of seven prominent clergymen, representing the various denominations, appeared at a meeting of ministers to draw up a statement, expressing their views concerning Judge Palmer's action in the saloon and contempt cases, and today mailed Governor Orman and Judge Palmer a letter which, after reviewing all the facts in these cases and expressing a desire "not by any criticism to impede the course of justice, but rather to support and uphold the judiciary," concludes as follows:

"We desire to utter a profound and solemn protest against the act of Judge Palmer in tying up the police administration of the city by injunction."

EPWORTH CONVENTION.

The North-Western Line Official Route for Coference.

The North-Western Line—Omaha road—is the official route of the Minnesota conference to the fifth international Epworth league convention, July 18 to 21, at San Francisco. By this line a number of inexpensive side trips may be made to places of historic interest and to world-renowned scenic resorts.

Rates for round trip from Duluth, by way of Omaha, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pike's Peak, Garden of the Gods, Royal George, Salt Lake City and Ogden, $50.00; same trip going, returning via Northern Lines, $62.

A grand opportunity to cross the Rocky Mountains and see California and the Pacific ocean.

For choice of routes, tickets, illustrated folders and all information, apply to G. M. Smith, general agent, 405 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

Excursion Rates Via "The Milwaukee."

Cincinnati, July 4, 5, 6, United Society Christian Endeavor, $21.50 round trip.

Detroit, July 5, 6, 7, National Educational association, $20.75 round trip.

Chicago, July 23, 24, 25, Baptist Young People's union of America, $13.50 round trip.

Louisville, Aug. 24, 25, 26, triennial conclave Knights Templar, $21.50 round trip.

Buffalo, all summer, Pan-American exposition, $24.50 round trip.

All tickets good on celebrated Pioneer Limited.

Call at Milwaukee office, or write J. T. Conley, assistant general passenger agent, St. Paul, for detailed information. Ask for Pan-American folder.

Detroit and Return $14.00.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company. One night by rail and a delightful twenty-four-hour ride on one of the finest passenger steamers on the great lakes. Tickets on sale July 5 and 7 and can be made good for return until Sept. 1. For sleeping car and stateroom reservation address

M. ADSON,
General Agent D., S. S. & A. Ry.,
Duluth, Minn.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

Fire Bugs

Protect yourself by insuring with John A. Stephenson, 104-105 Providence Building.

Millionaire Companies Only.

John A. Stephenson,
PROVIDENCE BUILDING.

DULUTH'S LIBRARY

Handsome Building In Which Duluth Is Indebted to the Generosity of Andrew Carnegie.

The public library of the city of Duluth, which is soon to be housed in the handsome new building, the corner stone of which was laid today, is the result of the earnest endeavors of women, like many another potent factor in the uplifting and advancement of humanity. The little semi-public library of 1000 volumes that preceded the handsome one of 36,000 volumes that is a source of pride to the city today was gathered by the faithful hands of women, and when it went up in the flames that destroyed the Grand Opera House building, which was its home, it was the thought and energy of these same women that induced the city authorities to create the public library that exists today. In the thoughts that attend the ceremonies of laying the corner stone of the new building, the earnest and loving efforts of the women of Duluth should be remembered, for the foundation work is theirs, as well as much of the superstructure.

In the "boom days" of Duluth, when real estate was falling all over itself in its efforts to reach the top notch in prices as rapidly as possible, and when the town was beginning to think of its duties as a city, it was the women that thought of the need of a library, so they formed one. They got together all the books they could, and started a library in the Grand Opera building, which continued until the destruction of the building by fire left the city without a library. Out of that fire came insurance of $500 on the library, which was donated to the library when the city formed one, and which was the first money received for that purpose.

The city was not long without a library, and again it was the women that filled the breach. Soon after the destruction of their little library they realized that the city was getting old enough and large enough to have a library of its own. So they appeared before the city council and pulled every wire they could find until that body took the required action. The result was the public library of the city of Duluth, which was started in March, 1890, and opened to the public in May. The public reading room was opened in the following August. The present quarters in the Masonic Temple, or at least a portion of them, were occupied. At first about half the present space was used, and as the needs of the library grew more space was taken until the entire second floor was in use.

Among the women to whose efforts the library is to be attributed may be mentioned Mrs. W. B. Phelps, Mrs. W. S. Woodbridge, Mrs. W. S. Birch, Mrs. A. M. Miller and Mrs. J. D. Ray.

When the new library was being opened Zella Allen Dixon, of Chicago, was present to give expert aid in cataloguing, etc. She is now librarian of the Chicago university and an instructor in the School of Library Science in Chicago. The first librarian was Olin S. Davis, who served from May, 1890, to November, 1890, when he was succeeded by Miss Angie Neff. Miss Neff served until June 1, 1899, when the library board made a most fitting and popular choice in selecting as the head of the library force Miss Lydia M. Poirier, who had been connected with the library as an assistant since November, 1890. Miss Poirier is still the librarian, and her assistants are Miss May Hamilton, Miss Tillie Thorne, Miss Elizabeth Selden, Miss Anna True, Miss Louise Lowe and Mrs. Helen Stewart. Miss Lowe is in charge of the West End branch and Mrs. Stewart of the West Duluth branch.

The present library board is composed of the following well known citizens: R. E. Denfeld, president; R. C. Mitchell, vice president; Dr. Charles L. Codding, secretary; Giles Gilbert, W. T. Thompson, W. M. Hubbard, Mrs. C. R. Keyes, Dr. S. M. Stocker and S. T. Harrison.

Former directors of the library board are as follows: L. A. Barber, W. W. Billson, George Donnell, J. D. Ensign, H. C. Helm, Bishop McGolrick, George Spencer, F. W. Wieland, D. E. Woodbridge, J. M. O. Tufte, L. J. Hopkins, D. C. Prescott, C. F. Johnson, F. W. Lonegren, W. H. Smallwood, P. S. Anneke and R. W. Mars. The first president of the board was George Spencer, who served in that capacity from March 14, 1890, to Nov. 6, 1893. Giles Gilbert was the next president, serving from 1893 to the time of the selection of R. E. Denfeld, the present head of the board.

Besides the main library and reading rooms the library has reading rooms in West Duluth and the West End, the former established in December, 1892, and the latter established in January, 1897. At first the West Duluth library was supported by a payment of $50 per month toward the expense of maintenance, the women of West Duluth furnishing the reading matter. Now, however, the West Duluth branch, like that in the West End, is a part of the public library and is supplied with books, newspapers and magazines from the head library. The library also supplies the reading rooms of the two Bethels with magazines and newspapers.

The yearly circulation of the library ran from 16,863 volumes between October, 1890, and March, 1891, steadily up to 113,979 volumes in the year ending with March, 1896. After that there was a falling off to 93,123 in 1898, since which there has been a steady increase, which is still in progress. The circulation last year was 95,304 volumes.

The contract for the new building provides that it shall be ready for occupancy in the early fall, but it is not expected that it will be occupied before December. It is hoped, however, that the library will be settled in its new quarters by Jan. 1.

The library of 36,000 volumes, to which the board is constantly adding, of course is a well selected and admirably arranged collection of books. In addition to the general works there is a very fine collection of Americana, the selection of most of which students of American history owe to Dr. Charles L. Codding, the secretary of the board. At present this collection is hardly available for use owing to the lack of room in the present quarters, but it will have a room in the new building.

To Benjamin F. Wade, the prominent Ohio man, the library is indebted for a donation of 1,000 volumes of government publications, some of which are rare and valuable. This donation was made while Mr. Wade was visiting his friend Judge Ensign in this city.

The library is not in the best position at present for receiving government publications, and that is a matter that its friends can bestir themselves about to good advantage. The library is now on the "remainder list," and the title is significant. It should be on the regular list, and it would not take a great deal of effort to place it there.

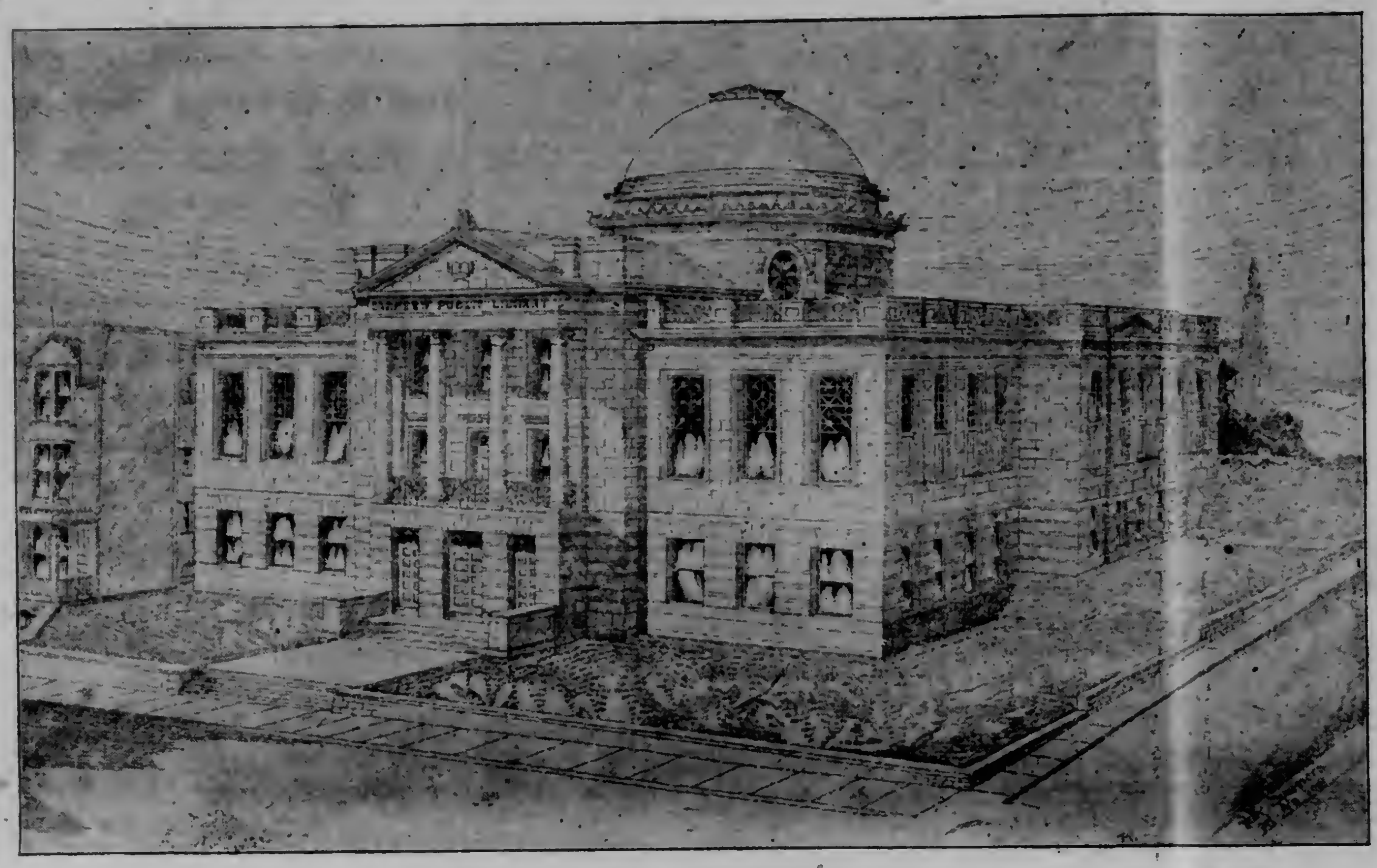
Perhaps the most interesting bit of history in the not very eventful career of the library is the securing of a donation of $75,000 from Andrew Carnegie, the great philanthropist and business man, for the building of a new library.

The efforts of The Evening Herald are responsible for the fact that Mr. Carnegie was prevailed upon to turn toward Duluth in his search for suitable places to make donations of money for library purposes. In the summer of 1899 William T. Thompson, the editor of The Herald, wrote a letter to Mr. Carnegie, who was then residing in Scotland, in which he set forth the need of better accommodations for the Duluth public library, the amount of work it was doing, the liberal provisions for its maintenance by the city, and other cogent reasons why Duluth was a good place for one of the Carnegie libraries.

The effort was entirely successful. On Oct. 21, 1899, this letter was received from Mr. Carnegie:

Skibo Castle, Ardgay, N. B., Oct. 7, 1899.—William T. Thompson, Esq., Editor The Herald, Duluth: Dear Sir—I am pleased to hear what Duluth has done and is doing for its free public library, and if, as you suggest, the city will provide a satisfactory site—which would be sufficient for a detached building, with ground around it, since Duluth is to be a great city in the future, I shall be glad to give $50,000 for a suitable library building. Very truly yours, ANDREW CARNEGIE.

In The Evening Herald of Oct. 23, 1899, this communication was published, and it was the first intimation the public had that this munificent gift had been offered. No time was lost about accepting Mr. Carnegie's terms. The city purchased three lots at the northwest corner of Second street and First avenue west, moved a building that stood there off the ground, and the library board proceeded to prepare for the erection of a building. Mr. Carnegie had sent word that the funds had been placed at the board's disposal. After plans had been accepted it was intimated that Mr. Carnegie might be prevailed upon to increase his gift, and subsequently an endeavor in this direction initiated by C. A. Congdon and aided by Hendy W. Oliver of Pittsburg, resulted in an increase in the amount to $75,000, after which new plans were called for in accordance with the increased donation.



DULUTH'S NEW LIBRARY BUILDING

THE NEW BUILDING.

Built In Ionic Style of Port Wing Stone.

The library building in the present stage of its construction gives but a bare idea of the handsome appearance it will present when completed. An examination of the part already completed and a study of the cut which is published in The Herald today will, however, give a fair idea of what the building is to be.

By common consent the classic orders of Greece in the line of architecture have always been considered the most appropriate for libraries and museums, and of these orders the Ionic is the most symbolical of wisdom. It symbolizes "the wisdom to contrive all great and important undertakings." It is the Ionic style that was selected for this library building. The chief characteristic of this style is the voluted capital to its column, and in this design the Ionic portico (Tetra style) is the main feature of the design, and here is concentrated the decorative effect. This portico will have an educational interest as it will be a duplication of the north portico of the Erechtheum on the Acropolis of Athens both in design and detail. That ancient structure is one of the finest examples of the Ionic. The general design of the building is quiet, simple and dignified. Surmounting the building is a dome.

The material used on the exterior is Port Wing sandstone, faced smoothly and laid in regular courses. The site is 140 by 150 feet in size and the building 100 by 108 feet, or nearly square. It will be seen that the size of the building and that of the site will permit extensions to be made in future. The building, however, as at present planned, will have every appearance of being complete both on the inside and outside.

The main entrance of the building will be on Second street, and is about twelve feet back from the lot line. There are three doors, a central one 5 feet 4 inches in width, and one at either side 3 feet 3 inches in size. These admit to an entrance hall twenty feet wide. To the left is a door leading to the future newspaper room, which is expected to be used for the present as an art room. At the right is the juvenile room, which for the present will be used as a club room. The idea of having these rooms on the lower floor is that the newspaper room may be easily accessible from the street and the juvenile room in a position where the noise and disturbance which there is always sure to be cannot disturb the other patrons of the library.

A stairway eight feet in width will lead to the public and delivery space on the second floor. This public rotunda is designed to harmonize with the exterior and will be thirty-three feet in height to the top of the dome. The delivery space will be large and well lighted from the dome. From this delivery room all parts of the library can be seen.

The stack rooms will be in the rear and at one side of the delivery room. The arrangement is such that there will be light down the aisles. For the present one story will accommodate all the cases, but the arrangement will permit of an additional story.

In the southeast corner of the second floor will be the reference room 32 by 40 feet in size. On the avenue side of the building on the second floor will be the general and juvenile reading rooms, both large and well lighted.

The librarian will have an office just off the delivery room, and back of it a private room. Opening off the delivery room will also be the catalogue and working room.

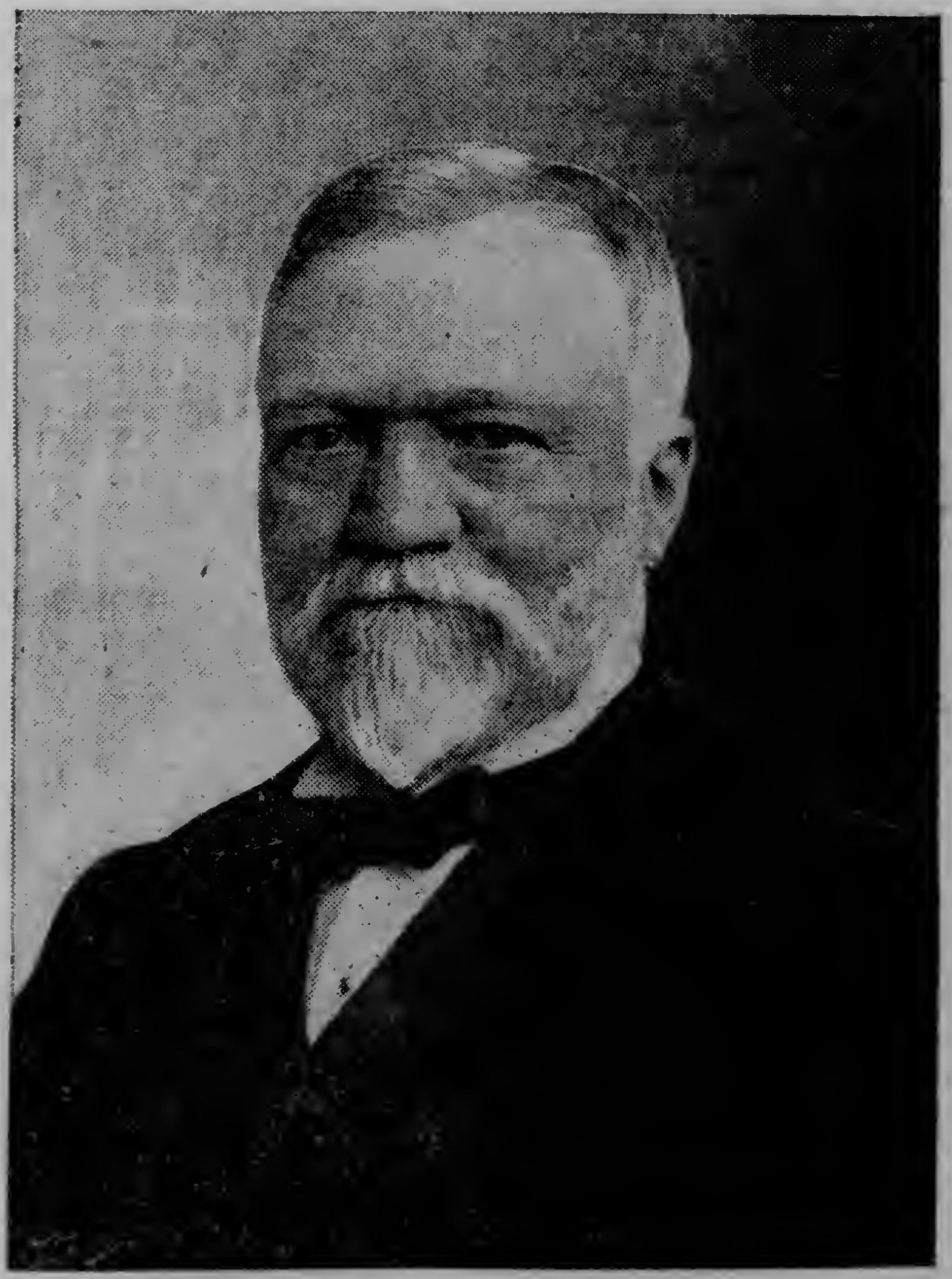
On the first floor there will be a packing room, engineer's room, bindery or store room, lavatories, etc.

The boilers will be placed entirely outside the building. The heating and ventilation will be by direct and indirect steam heating with exhaust shafts until such time as a fan system will be required.

The building is to be fireproof and will be handsomely finished in every particular.

The capacity of the library in all parts, including stack rooms, reading rooms, store rooms, etc., is figured at 125,460 volumes. With galleries added in the three stack rooms it will be increased to 171,920 volumes.

The architect of the building is A. F. Rudolph and the contractors who are building it are Pearson & Fawcett.



ANDREW CARNEGIE,

Who Gave Duluth $75,000 For a Library Building.

To the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

The most popular railway from the Northwest to the great show at Buffalo will be the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

It runs, every day, five beautiful trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago, connecting directly with all Eastern lines.

Its celebrated Pioneer Limited (the famous train of the world) leaves Minneapolis 7:30 p. m. and St. Paul 8:10 p. m. daily, arriving Chicago 9:30 next morning.

Special features of the "Milwaukee's" service are the observation, buffet parlor cars on day trains, private compartment and standard sleepers on night trains, as well as buffet smoking cars and the best dining service in the world.

Tickets at cheap rates will be on sale every day at all points on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to Buffalo and return, and the maximum comfort can be obtained by using this line.

Write to J. T. Conley, Ass't Gen'l Passgr. Agent, St. Paul, for the "Milwaukee's" Pan-American folder (one of the completest and most comprehensive guides yet published of the exposition) and all information concerning rates, etc.

Headache
Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by
Hood's Pills
The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cents of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

PANTON & WHITE
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINN.

First Bargain Friday after the Fourth.

Clearing Sale—offering many saving opportunities that will assist wonderfully to reimburse your pocketbook after an expensive 4th of July celebration. It's proverbial with many merchants that the next day after a holiday is invariably a bad day for business. It's the exception you know that proves the rule, and we intend to make tomorrow an exception. You cannot keep the crowds away from the Glass Block with sales like these going on.

Muslin underwear sale.

Children's fine muslin skirts with ruffle and tucks, value 29c, Bargain Frid'y on sale at only 15c
Children's good muslin drawers, value at 25c, all sizes, Bargain Friday on sale at only 10c
Women's corset covers, low neck, splendid value, Bargain Friday on sale at only 10c
Women's muslin drawers, lace trimmed, an exceptionally good value—Bargain Friday at 23c

Towels, bed spreads, shoes, ladies' neckwear.

Huck towels, fringed and full bleached, 19x36 inches, 50 dozen on sale Bargain Friday, 15c value on sale at only 10c
Bed spreads, full size Marseilles patterns, ready hemmed, 100 dozen on sale Bargain Friday, $1 value on sale at only 75c
Women's tan lace shoes, very best makes, $2.50 value, made from extra fine quality kid with inlaid cloth tops, newest toe and heels, up-to-date in every particular 99c
Ladies' beautiful lawn ties with turn-over collar edged, in dainty colors, 30 dozen on sale Bargain Friday, regular 25c ties on sale at only 19c

Handkerchiefs, silks, wash goods, underwear.

100 doz ladies' white hemstitched handkerchiefs—value 60c per dozen—Bargain Friday special per doz 35c
Beautiful corded wash silk in every new summer color—soft, sheer and airy—Bargain Friday only 17c
Corded dimities, lawns and batistes—all this season's newest designs and colorings—very special—at 5c
Ladies' white cotton summer bodies — low necks and no sleeves—Bargain Friday special at only 5c

Men's underwear, stationery, notions, drugs.

Men's balbriggan summer underwear — plain and ribbed—splendidly finished, made from good yarn 25c
Ivory soap, 10c cake —Bargain Friday 7c
Hostetter's Bitters, $1.00 size, Bargain Friday at 69c
5c envelopes, square or oblong—large or small—special Bargain Friday price—two packages for 5c
Canfield's dress shields—size 3—regular price 30c a pair—special Bargain Friday price—per pair 20c

Fruit knives, fruit jar caps, bird seed---basement.

Fruit knives made of genuine Austrian bronze—they never rust, tarnish or corrode—have china handles—price each 10c
Fruit jar caps, aluminum, fit all sizes of the new Mason jars, the very best for canning as acid does not affect them—per doz. 20c
Bird seed, Panton & White's own mixture—absolutely free from dust or dirt—16 ounces to a pound—per pound 5c

Bargain Counter 1—Dressing sacques and corsets.

Dressing sacques—ladies' white lawn dressing sacques with sailor collar and lace trimmed, 69c value on Bargain Friday at only 37c
Corsets in summer styles, made of good strong net, fancy trimmed, all the new French models, sizes 18 to 30—this is the best 75c corset in the market, on sale at 49c

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 9; Washington, 7.
At Boston—Boston, 9; Baltimore, 1.
At Milwaukee—Detroit, 7; Milwaukee, 5.
At Cleveland—Chicago, 4; Cleveland, 3.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 3; St. Joseph, 2.
At Omaha—Des Moines, 9; Omaha, 7.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 17; St. Paul, 1.
At Denver—Colorado Springs, 3; Denver, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	58	34	24	.586
New York	50	29	21	.580
St. Louis	60	33	27	.550
Philadelphia	58	31	27	.534
Brooklyn	58	30	28	.517
Boston	53	27	26	.481
Cincinnati	56	24	23	.429
Chicago	61	19	42	.328

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	59	39	20	.661
Boston	53	33	20	.623
Baltimore	50	29	21	.580
Detroit	58	31	27	.534
Washington	49	26	23	.531
Philadelphia	55	22	33	.400
Cleveland	56	21	35	.357
Milwaukee	58	19	39	.339

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won	Lost.	Pct.
Kansas City	55	35	20	.636
Omaha	53	29	24	.547
St Joseph	54	28	26	.519
Minneapolis	52	28	24	.538
St. Paul	55	28	27	.509
Colo. Springs	50	23	27	.460
Des Moines	52	21	31	.404
Denver	49	19	30	.388

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, July 4.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Burrows, of Duluth, was in town yesterday.

William La Salle and bride passed through here Tuesday, en route for Grand Rapids, their future home.

Mrs. W. F. C. Gadau has gone to Duluth to receive medical attention.

The temporary building, intended to house the public library while the permanent structure is being erected, is nearly finished.

W. J. Dunlap and son came down from Cass Lake Tuesday.

Mrs. B. J. Summerfield and children are visiting in Duluth.

Thomas H. Martin, of Duluth, was in the city Tuesday.

Miss Mary Toland, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., is visiting her sister, Mrs. John Long.

Miss Lou McDonough went to Shell Lake Tuesday.

Rev. J. W. Heard and Dr. H. B. Allen went to Floodwood on Tuesday.

Phil Hall is laid up with a stiff neck. W. H. Skemp, ditto.

Two young fellows appeared in police court yesterday morning, one charged with drunkenness and the other with disorderly conduct and interference with an officer. The court dealt leniently with them, but taught them a lesson in sobriety and respect for law.

A public meeting of citizens of Floodwood, was held Tuesdya night, to take further action in stamping out smallpox. There was a large attendance.

Arrivals from outside points July 2: At Northern hotel: N. H. Brown, Minneapolis; J. H. Pend, St. Paul; J. H. Musling, Clarksville; John Isaacson, West Duluth; S. Kane, Superior; A. Pisola, West Duluth. At Hotel McKinnon: O. N. Benjamin, St. Paul; W. Swanson, St. Paul; L. H. Seely, Frank Seely and J. Wheeler, Stillwater; James Conly, N. Y.; W. A. Smith, E. J. Mason and T. H. Nearton, Duluth; G. W. Kane, Superior; T. Frank, Cass Lake; G. Reylew, Minneapolis.

A. Quinn and wife went to Duluth Wednesday evening to spend the Fourth.

Every train going out is loaded to the platforms with pleasure seekers.

E. Hoover, of Little Falls, treasurer of Northern Paper company, was in town Tuesday.

Mrs. Olaus Johnson is confined to the house by sickness.

The water power mill broke down Wednesday and will not start up again until after the Fourth.

Do You Know
JELLYCON
Makes delicious dessert? No cooking, no baking, only a minute's labor. Delicious flavors — Lemon, Orange, Peach, Strawberry, Raspberry, Wild Cherry (delicious with cold meats.)

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Finest whiskey ever produced.
"My Office"
Room D, Torrey Bldg.
Wm. McCullough

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 12th, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of Oscar E. Schibsted, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Oscar E. Schibsted, deceased, late of the county of Douglas, state of Wisconsin, being granted to Catherine Schibsted,

It is ordered that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the probate court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 16th day of September, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a special term of said probate court to be held at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by forthwith publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 12th day of June, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, June-13-20-27—1901

LUMBER SASH DOORS
MOULDINGS MAPLE FLOORING
HARDWOOD, SCREENS
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24th AVE W. & MICHIGAN ST.

WHY IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?
Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.
HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
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As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.
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THE 1 TO 4 DAY CURE
For Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Leucorrhœa and Spermatorrhœa
No Pain. No Stain. No Stricture. Free Syringe.
Prevents all Private Diseases of either sex.
At Druggists, or sent to any address, for $1.00.
"Injection Malydor is 'The Best' of all similar remedies."
DR. HENRY KENT, Biddeford, Me.
MALYDOR MFG. CO. Lancaster, O., U. S. A.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co.
Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

STRIKE A FEATURE

In Market Conditions of the Iron and Steel Trade.

Demand Continues Significantly Strong In All Lines.

Yet Impossible to Measure Result of Labor Trouble.

Cleveland, July 4.—Discussing the market conditions, the current issue of the Iron Trade Review says: The possibilities of the strike now on in two-thirds of the Central Western sheet mills and in a portion of the bar and hoop mills is the feature of the week. But even with these the demand has been significantly strong, particularly in finished lines. The fact that buyers seem to be disregarding the possibilities of harm to the situation from labor troubles is one that asserts itself in the midst of all calculations that give prominence to apprehensions. As has been repeatedly observed in this column, the one factor that persists through the changing phases of the weeks is a consumption larger and longer lived than anything allowed for in forecasts based on precedent. It is impossible to measure the extent to which the strike in mills of the American Sheet Steel company and the American Steel Hoop company will cut down production. Both sides are willing to have a shut down for ten days, and it will take another to develop any real test. In the iron trade the published statements concerning the possibility of closing down other mills of the United States Steel corporation companies than those involved have been properly discounted. In any event buyers have not considered that the situation has furnished any new argument for lower prices. Mills report that there has been a general buying movement. Good contracts have been placed for plates and structural steel, the tonnage required for lake vessels being no inconsiderable item. Agricultural implement concerns have been inquiring, and quite a number are disposed to make contracts. In several lines of material the mills find orders again exceeding shipments after a brief period of the opposite experience. The Republic Iron and Steel company has cut its shut-down period short, an order having gone out for resumption on Monday, July 8. The intense heat in the region east of the Rockies has been felt seriously in all mills operated the past week, and output has been much below normal. A surprising announcement of July 1 was that of a reduction in sheets. Some of the lightest gauges are lowered $5 a ton, others $3 a ton and heavier sheets $1 a ton. The new prices put black sheets more nearly in line with tinplates, while the heavier sheets more closely approximate the price of the plate sheet. The Eastern Bar Iron association, which was revived in May, is reported to have a more effective agreement than ever, and prices east of the Allegheny mountains are now being strictly maintained. In the recent lull a weaker sentiment developed in the Central West in steel bars as well as plates, but rumors of cutting have not been verified.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, fresh prints	19½ @ 20
Creamery, tubs	19 @ 19½
Dairies, fancy	15 @ 16
Dairy, fair	14 @ 15
Packing stock	10 @ 10½
EGGS.	
Fresh	11½ @ 12
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream, new	10½ @ 11
Twins, full cream, old	11 @ 12
Full cream, young America	13
Swiss cheese, No. 1	14 @ 14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½ @ 13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13
Primos	6 @ 6½
HONEY.	
Fancy white clover	19 @ 20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½ @ 13
Golden rod	15 @ 17
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25 @ 2 40
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00 @ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13
Cocoanuts, per doz	75
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	14
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
FRUITS.	
Strawberries, 16-quart cases	1 35 @ 1 50
Apricots	1 50
Peaches	85 @ 90
Cherries	1 35 @ 1 50
Sour Cherries, per case	1 65 @ 1 75
Currants, red and white	1 50
Gooseberries	1 50
Watermelons	35 @ 40
Rockyford melons, per crate	3 00
Pineapples, per doz	1 50 @ 1 75
California lemons	3 25 @ 3 50
Bananas	1 75 @ 2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75 @ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25 @ 1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50 @ 3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7 @ 7½
California valencia oranges	3 50 @ 4 00
Seedling oranges	3 25 @ 3 50
Plums	1 25 @ 1 75
OLD VEGETABLES.	
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @ 40
Turnips, white	30 @ 40
Garlic, per lb	10 @ 12
Beets	50 @ 60
Potatoes, per bus	75
FRESH VEGETABLES.	
New celery, bunch	35
Mushrooms	45
Lettuce, per box	40 @ 50
Green onions, per doz	15
Green peas, per bus	1 00
Pie plant, per lb	1¼ @ 1½
Cucumbers	45 @ 50
Spinach, bus	40
Radishes, round, per doz	10 @ 15
Radishes, long, per doz	10 @ 12
Asparagus, green, per doz	45 @ 55
Tomatoes, per basket	45 @ 50
Egg plant, per doz	2 00
Beets, per doz bunches	25
Carrots, per doz bunches	25
Turnips, per doz bunches	25 @ 30
Cabbage, per crate	2 75 @ 3 00
Wax beans, per box	2 25
New Potatoes, per bus	1 00 @ 1 10
Cauliflower, per doz	1 00 @ 1 25
Mint, per bunch	20
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50 @ 2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00 @ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25 @ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50 @ 3 75
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½ @ 4
Choice, per lb	3 @ 3½
LIVE POULTRY.	
Hens	10 @ 10½
Spring Chickens	18 @ 19
Turkeys	8 @ 10
Ducks	8 @ 10
Geese	8 @ 10
MEATS.	
Mutton	7½ @ 8
Lamb	8½ @ 9
Veal, good	8
Veal, fancy	8½
Beef, dressed	6½ @ 7½
Hogs	7½
Pork loins	9
BRAN AND SHORTS.	
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50
Shorts, 200 lbs, acks inc	14 00
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.	
Corn, car lots, sacked	48
Oats, car loads, sacked	32
Hay, upland	13 50
Hay, timothy	15 50
Feed, No. 1	19 00
Feed, No. 2	19 50

A. J. CUMMINGS,
—DEALER IN—
Grain, Stocks and Provisions.
Why pay interest on stocks when you can have them carried by a responsible house free. We take orders for TEN shares and upwards; one point margin and upwards; one thousand bushels grain on 1 cent margin; and REMEMBER that we give instantaneous service over our own private wire. Call at our new and elegant offices in the Trust building and get one of our little books of information, which will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
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WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
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FINANCIAL.
OLDEST! SAFEST! BEST!
WALL STREET
money will earn big returns.
The investor's fund pays semi-monthly
The oldest established in America. No certificate holder has ever lost a cent. Payments made to all subscribers every 15 days. No trouble. No delay. Money refunded on demand. Write today for particulars, free to any address.
C. E. MACKEY & CO., Hudson Building, N. Y.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report arrivals of horses far in excess of the demand. Buyers were few from all quarters and an inactive tone to trade was evident on all classes of horses and mules. Values:

Drafters, extra	$140@180
Drafters, choice	125@135
Farm mares, extra	110@125
Farm mares, choice	90@110
Farm mares, common to good	65@ 75
Mules	110@135

ALL QUIET.

No Further Hostilities Have Occurred at Telluride.

Telleride, Col., July 4.—No further bloodshe is feared at the Smuggler-Union mine, where three men were killed and about ten wounded in a battle between strikers and non-union miners yesterday. The officials of the company having agreed to withdraw all men from the mine except a few watchmen and to make no effort to resume work until the strike is amicably settled or officially declared off.

There seems no probability of further hostilities. Three men were killed and at least ten wounded in the fight yesterday between 150 armed strikers and the force of miners and deputies at the mines. The dead:

JO[illegible] [illegible]ARTHELL, a miner, one of the attacking party.

GEORGE NICHOLSON, shift boss at the mine.

J. LUJAN, a Mexican, employed as trammer in the mine.

Non-union men numbering about 100 were driven over the range into Ouray county and warned never to return.

The striks which culminated in the outbreak yesterday was ordered by the Miners' union on May 1 last. It followed the refusal of the mine management to guarantee all miners employed minimum wages of $3 a day. The mine resumed operations June 17 with a non-union force.

In furtherance of the general desire for an amicable and peaceful settlement of the points at issue between the union and the company a meeting was held here Friday at which the positive assurance is said to have been given that the union should not take action without consultation with the business men who had consented to serve as a committee of mediation and they were only awaiting the return of Manager Collins to take action when the outbreak occurred. Officials of the union declare the march on the mine yesterday was entirely without the sanction of the organization.

Tom Reed cigar is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

Low Rates.
Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria and return only $45.00 via Great Northern Railway. Tickets on sale July 6th to 13th inclusive and good returning until August 31st. The Great Northern Ry., the short, fast line to Pacific Coast points. See Great Northern ticket agents for details of these cheap trips. City office, corner Spalding hotel.

MARINE NEWS.

June's Traffic Heaviest In History of the Sault Canals.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., July 4.—All monthly records in the history of lake commerce passing the ship canals at this point were broken during June, when the enormous total of 4,519,075 tons of traffic passed through. It exceeded the next largest month's traffic a year ago the same month by over 400,000 tons.

The largest items were iron ore, 3,16[illegible],982 tons; wheat, 3,421,802 bushels, and other grain, 1,667,157 bushels.

The vessel passengers numbered 3197, and the registered tonnage was 3,975,[illegible]92.

PASSED DETROIT.

Up yesterday: Nicholas, 12:30 p. m.; McDougall, Martha, Ira Owen, 1; Grover, Cobb, 3:30; Outhwaite, Sauber, 4; Mariposa, Nasmyth, 4:15; Harvard and whaleback, 5:30; Briton and whaleback, Iron King and consort, Pontiac, 9; Gilchrist (steel), Cadillac, 9:30; Reis, 10:30. Down: Elphicke, 10:30 last night; Thomas Wilson, Oil Barge, 11; Sacramento, Pretoria, 12:40 a. m.; Toltec, consort, 4; Nicaragua, Paraguay, Loyalty, 5; Coffinberry, Bloom, 5:40; Neptune, Manola, Russell, 6:30; Yuma, 9; Wallula, Lagonda, 12:40; Curry, Onoko, 2; North Star, 3:15; Aztec, Miztec, Angeline, 2:40; Wilhelm and consorts, Theano, Barr, 5; Crescent City, Krupp, Appomattox, Santiago, 7:20; Orinoco, Paisley, 7:10; Bannockburn and consorts, Devereux, 9; Nyanza, Tempest, Coyne, Pendall, 10; Stephenson, Liberty, 11.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Up yesterday: Reynolds, Colby, noon; Marshal, Tilden, 12:30 p. m.; Monkshaven, 12:50; Case, Alberta, 3:10; Van Hise, Butters, 3; Collingwood, 7; Castle Rhodes, Black Rock, 8:40. Down: Nicol, Iron Duke, Case, 1:30; Rockefeller, Avon, Chisholm, 2:30; schooner Jones, Wallace, Ashland, Jupiter, 4; Yale, Manitoba, 5; Ford, 5:20; Iron Chief, Iron Cliff, 5:50; Spokane, 6:20; Jay Gould, 6:40; Saxon and whaleback, 7:20; Edenborn, 8:20.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland — Arrived: Newaygo, Anderson. Cleared: Light, Linden, Wall, Duluth. Ore, Cumberland, Paris, German, 110, Cleveland, Siberia, Chicago.

Ashtabula — Cleared: John Owen, Fedora, Hanna, Venus, Duluth; Centurion, Marquette.

Cleveland — Cleared: Coal, Duncan, Soo; Volunteer, Fort William. Light, Quito, Progress, Shawnee, Duluth.

Conneaut — Cleared: Coal, Business, Marquette.

Erie — Cleared: Coal, Chili, West Superior. Light, Joliet, Duluth; Waldo, Superior.

Huron — Cleared: Light, Pontiac, Marquette.

South Chicago — Cleared: Mataafa, Roebling, Bryn Mawr, Madeira, Duluth.

Toledo — Cleared: Coal, Iron King, Iron Queen, barge Parker, Duluth. Light, Page, Maine, Buckeye, Hoag, City of Toledo, Duluth.

Lorain — Cleared: Light, Pontiac, Marquette.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Maunaloa, Corliss, Lake Erie, light for ore; Gladstone, King, Lake Erie, coal; Portage, North Wind, Auburn, Buffalo, merchandise; Bradshaw, south shore, passengers and merchandise; Teutonic, Gawn, Kelley's island, limestone; W. L. Brown, Depot Harbor, light for grain; Linden, Wall, Shores, Nester, Bourke, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed—Alcona, Glasgow, Abyssinia, Two Harbors, light; Mohawk, Troy, Buffalo, flour; Peerless, Chicago, passengers and flour; Iron Age, Hutshinson, Spencer, Maunaloa, Albright, Lake Erie, ore; Scranton, Cartegena, Buffalo, grain.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Deutschland from Hamburg.

"The Black Flag" Tonight, 6th Ave. Theater

BAD BLAZE.

The Hoen Building In Baltimore Destroyed By Fire.

Baltimore, July 4.—The six-story brick and iron building on North and Lexington streets, directly opposite the city hall, and known as the "Hoen building," was destroyed by fire today. It took fully an hour to get the flames under control. All of the floors except the first were occupied by Hoen & Co., lithographers and printers. Their loss may reach $300,000, as they had many voluable cuts and lithographic apparatus which it is almost impossible to replace. Other occupants of the building, all of whom, are on the first floor, are the Southern Electric company, the Hammond Typewriter company, the Cash Coal company, Gately & Haskell, bookbinders, Baltimore County Mutual Fire Insurance company and the Belgravia Land company. No statement of the losses of these concerns is obtainable, but a rough estimate places the damage at $150,000. The loss on the building probably will reach $200,000, making the total loss about $650,000, all of which is sair to be covered by insurance.

EMPLOYERS

Must Make Next Move Toward Settling the Strike.

Pittsburg, July 4.—Quiet prevailed in Amalgamated circles today. There was nothing new in the strike situation, and this being the Fourth, the headquarters of the association were deserted. In speaking of a general tie up of the United States Steel corporation plants, unless the companies involved in the dispute make terms, President Shaffer said that while he would not hesitate to take such a course, if it became necessary to do so to win, he did not believe there would be a general strike. "I have hopes," he said, "that the troubles will be settled to the satisfaction of all concerned."

"It is up to the employers now," continued he. "Our scale expired June 30, and they refused to join the new scale. Our men cannot and will not work until it is signed. Should the employers wish to meet us again to talk over the scale we will meet them, and I am satisfied that something will be done within the next two weeks."

The Herald's "want" columns continue to grow in volume and in usefulness. This is conclusive evidence where to obtain the best results.

The Public Library of the Future

The Newest Novel, Fresh From the Ticker

When I arrived in New York and presented my letter of introduction to Mr. James Wilburforce the great librarian received me warmly, saying that he was glad to meet any one who knew his old friend, Professor Skidneys of Oxford. He insisted on my staying for dinner, saying, much to my surprise, that we could see the library better in the evening than in the day time.

As we neared the great library square the brilliancy of the electric lights illumined the sky for blocks about. Crowds of people were mounting the main steps, at the top of which a brass band of fifty pieces was playing popular music.

"That," said Mr. Wilburforce, indicatin gthe band, "is one of the most potent additions to the great modern library. There are many people who will not go anywhere unless there is a brass band. That numerous class for a long time evaded the educational influence of our institutions—now we get 'em all."

I looked up at the immense electrical sign that stood out from the building. It read: "Weekly Dazzler, Social Scandal and Thompson's Magazine out to night. Comic edition of Gibbons' 'Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire,' just received."

"Great idea, isn't it!" exclaimed the librarian, enjoying my wonderment. "The state legislature has just appropriated $100,000 to have that sign enlarged. It has increased our night business 100 per cent. Many Americans regard a library as a place of amusement, and in New York no place of amusement can do business without an electric sign. Before we had the sign visitors would begin to fall off about 10 or 11 o'clock. Since it has been put up our busiest hours are from 11 o'clock to 2 a. m. It is true that most of the people who come in during these hours, attracted by the lights, show an appetite for unexpurgated editions of Juvenal's 'Satires,' Voltaire's 'Candide,' Rosseau's 'Confessions,' Fielding's 'Tom Jones,' Paul de Kochs novels and Congreve's plays. At first they were inclined to be riotous, reading Hamlin Garland, W. H. Mallock and Zola. This brought us into conflict with the police, who raided our night room several times, but the change in the city administration has been in our favor."

"Then the library is open all night?" I said finally—we were still standing on the steps.

"Most certainly; all American libraries are now. Every library, too, has its hotel and restaurant in the building."

"Keeping a library open twenty-four hours must require many attendants?" I suggested.

Oh, no; the books are all open."

"All open—and not many lost?"

"How can they be? You are evidently not acquainted with the fact that there is no such thing as private ownership of books any more. The police make the rounds of the houses every day and if they find a book which has not the library mark on it they confiscate it; if they find one that has been out more than two weeks they simply take it up and return it."

"Yes," he continued, "the private ownership of books was a bad thing. A man would collect, say, fifty books, under the idea that culture consisted in knowing a few good things well, and he'd neglect all the vast literature that young America is producing every day. It was the wrong idea; it kept people away from the libraries. Now we've got them coming; they read everything, and one great consequence is that out of a population of 6,563,422 New York has 3,231,569 active working novelists, 1,056,735 ill or dying and 232,650 retired. People find out how simple it is, and they naturally want to try it."

By this time we had passed through the great doors of the building into the corridor. A stream of people was coming up from a broad staircase that seemed to lead an underground passage.

As we passed through the gateway leading to the main hall I was asked to register my name, age, etc., and when I had done so the attendant handed me a small blue ticket.

What's that for?" I asked Mr. Wilburforce.

"There you have the most wonderful system," he exclaimed, delightedly, "that's good for a suit of clothes."

Come into my office and I will explain that ticket to you, and then you will understand thoroughly the genesis of the present wonderful library system."

When we were seated he proceeded: "Some years ago a movement was inaugurated among millionaires to found public libraries. They (the millionaires) started in by giving the buildings and sites; then they gave books; then, when the thing got going down hill so to speak, they began to give money to run them, and so fast and friously did they give away their money that the city finally stopped it because the poor house was becoming overcrowded with men who had once been the nation's most distinguished citizens. In the meantime the library had become a great and magnificent institution, and other millionaires who asked to get on the band wagon, so to speak, began giving money away to help various plans to bring the people here. For three years the city was library mad, and it was the 'Library party' that won at the last election. Many people would not come to the library because they were not dressed well enough. This is why we give out suits of clothes. On Saturday afternoons we give all the young men neckties; on rainy days we give away umbrellas, rubber shoes and rain coats. It is true there has been some little complaint about the rain coats given on the last rainy day, but the superintendent of the gentlemen's furnishing department (he is also in charge of the periodical division of the library) has looked into the matter and assures me that the next consignment is above reproach.

"We have a vaudeville entertainment in the biographical room on Wednesday; free tickets to all the theaters are judiciously distributed. To catch the society folks we have bridge whist rooms, and on every second Monday the Library Cotillion club meets in the political economy room. There are 100 vitascope and music boxes scattered throughout the building. There is a smoking room for gentlemen, and in front of each lady reader there is a small niche in the table where she may put her gum. I am now trying to induce a charitable old millionaire to provide a fund to buy the gum and cigars.

"Old gentlemen with bald heads are given house caps as they enter, while people who like fresh air are provided with electric fans. There are thirty opticians in attendance——"

Just then there was a noise of a scuffle; it came through the open window which overlooked the main reading room. We both jumped up. A tall man in uniform had his knee on the chest of a prostrate victim. After pulling something from him he proceeded, with the aid of an assistant, to tie a pair of spectacles over his eyes.

"There you are! That's it!" exclaimed Mr. Wilburforce, with evident delight. "An everyday occurrence. Our opticians examine everybody's eyes as they go in and give them the glasses they need. It is compulsory to wear the spectacles assigned, but frequently strangers to the city, who have not been in the habit of wearing glasses, try to fool us by hiding them away when they get to their seats. But they can't fool us," he added, with a chuckle, rubbing his bloodless hands together and turning his back on the scene in the main reading room, where the reader and the optician were still rolling about, struggling on the floor. "By and by people will learn that when we say 'wear glasses' we mean it, and that we mean also to enforce the law. Before we start on our trip through the library I shall take you into the health department."

"Have you many books on health?" I asked, as we neared the doors over which was the sign "Health," and through which many people were going in, but no one coming out.

"None at all, none at all. Books on health are not allowed in the library. Modern library science regards them as the most injurious of all literature. People who read them are always picking out the wrong thing to do; consumptives are always trying to follow the advice given to strong-lunged people. Chronic rheumatics try to imitate athletes, and so does the injurious work go on. We have taken out all books on health, and in their place we now have the health department. The health board was at one time a separate and powerful department of the city government, but now it is an adjunct of the library. The advantages of this are manifold. People who were in the habit of spending hours in a library trying to find out what was the matter with them, and how they could cure it, now go to the health department and learn just what they want in a minute. The assistant librarian, who is president of the health board, is also chief priest of the reading cure sect, which has supplanted the faith curists. When the city's physicians are called to attend the sick poor, instead of taking a satchel of medicines and instruments, they carry a bundle of books. Some truly miraculous cures have been wrought in this way. For instance:

"A man who was dying of heart disease, consumption, kidney trouble, rheumatism, neuralgia, spinal meningitis and chilblains was made to sit up by the reading of a single poem by Ella Wheeler Wilcox. Another who hadn't had the use of his limbs for three years listened quietly to a chapter of 'Eben Holden,' then suddenly threw away his crutches and ran three miles."

We passed into the health department. A row of physicians were vaccinating a long line of would-be readers.

"Before going into the library," said Mr. Wilburforce, "every one must be vaccinated and receive antitoxin. If you notice, those being vaccinated are standing over what appears to be a radiator; in reality it is our quick fumigating machine, which assures safety to all, as any person standing there three minutes is rendered absolutely innocuous. This was brought about by the discovery that in books are many germs capable of spreading disease."

We then passed into the library proper. The first room that we entered was called the new book room, and this, I was assured, was the most popular. It was crowded at the time.

"We get a new novel every hour, and as these books are brought to us fresh from the bindery by our special messengers, employed for that purpose, they are placed in the refrigerating department for a half hour to cool. When the copy can be handled without burning one's hands, it is nailed to one of the moving tables which you see, the crank is turned and the book is started down the line. At the end of an hour another book is started in the same way, and in this fashion a person who has secured a seat near the distributing desk can keep up with the popular novels of the day. The man who has seat No. 1 has been there four weeks. He has developed a fine speed, being able to read a book in a half hour, which enables him to get a little sleep between books. He is beginning to get fagged, and the sporting edition of the Chronicle said this morning that he would last only a few days more. The man in No. 2 is a newcomer. The woman who had that seat gave promise of being a prize reader, having had the position three weeks, and still being fresh, when her husband died. She tried to get his relatives to put off the funeral, but at the end of a week they insisted on burying him. She is now at the end of the line, but I still hope to see her in first place."

We went down a flight of steps. My guide turned up his coat collar and advised me to do the same.

"We are now in the cold storage room," he said, as we entered a draughty place. The temperature could not have been more than 10 degrees Fahrenheit, but even at that, steam was coming from many of the small compartments in the refrigerators that lined the room. He opened one of the little doors, wet his finger and touched a book that lay within. A hissing sound showed its high temperature.

"We've had that work there three months, but have not been able to get it at a heat at which it may safely be handled. It is Hallie Erminie Rives' latest work. Put more ice on that," he said sadly to the attendant as we mounted the steps again.

Our next visit was to the Insomnia Room. Here we found "Richard Carvel" dramatizations of E. E. Rose, the works of Harry Thurston Peck and many, many copies of "The Bookman." The room was filled with readers, each provided with a lounge. They were all asleep.

"You do not need to walk so softly," said my guide, "you could not wake them if you tried. We only let desperate cases in here, people whom our physicians are certain have not slept in years. The average man would not wake up after reading tht books kept here, and even many of these people are only brought to life again by the use of electricity.

"Shall I show you next the sterilized editions of Marie Corelli, our malted copies of Edwin Markham or the unfermented collection of Mary Wilkins? A new machine that has just been put in would interest you, I am sure. We put in a book at one end, turn the crank and get out two copies suited to different readers. Thus, we have the Henry James Souffle and the Henry James with a plot injected, or Edith Wharton as she would have written if she hadn't read Meredith and James, and Edith Wharton with titles that apply to her books."

As it was midnight and the theater crowds were beginning to come in, I begged to be allowed to go home and think over what I had seen.

"As you like," said my friend; "come down tomorrow morning early. Be sure you remind me to show you the matrimonial bureau. It has just been opened next to the literature of love room. It gives promise of being a great success. Only today we wedded a pantomime actor to a blind lady. The union is a most happy one."

HAS BELTED THE GLOBE

J. P. Morgan Now Has a Complete Rail and Water Transportation System That Reaches Around the World.

San Francisco, July 4.—A special to the Chronicle from Tacoma says: It is definitely announced by interests closely connected with the Northern Pacific railroad that J. P. Morgan & Co. has purchased of George B. Dodwell, Frederick Dodwell and Hugh C. Wallace, the Northern Pacific Steamship company and the Washington & Alaska Steamship company. The sale of the lines was effected in New York in May by George B. Dodwell and Hugh C. Wallace, who have recently returned. Men connected with the Northern Pacific confirmed the sale but would not permit the use of their names. It was originally arranged that the announcement should be made only by J. P. Morgan after his return from Europe. The purchase of these lines gives Morgan & Co. a complete transportation system around the world, with headquarters in New York. It comprises the Leyland line from New York to London, the Glen line and Northern Pacific steamship line from London to Tacoma, and the Northern Pacific, Burlington and Erie railroads from Tacoma to New York.

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BROKEN.

Hot Spell Gives Way to More Comfortable Temperature.

Pittsburg, July 4.—Frequent heavy showers during the last twenty-four hours have, it is thought, effectually broken the hot spell. At 10 a. m. the mercury stood at 77 degrees. The sun has been obscured by clouds all morning and the weather is threatening.

But two deaths from heat have been reported today and both were persons stricken on Tuesday. Figures from the bureau of health show that during the wave of torridity there were 97 deaths from heat and 192 prostrations. This record has never been equalled.

St. Louis, July 4.—At 8 a. m. the government thermometer registered 86 degrees.

Kansas City, July 4.—8 a. m.—Mercury 90 degrees, 4 degrees higher than yesterday. Three prostrations were reported during the night, which was insufferably hot.

Cincinnati, July 4.—At 9 a. m. the thermometer indicated 76 degrees. No deaths and no prostrations have been reported up to that hour.

Cleveland, July 4.—No deaths or prostrations have been reported during the past twenty-four hours. At 10 a. m. the mercury was 81 degrees.

AT NEWMARKET.

King's Horse Won Princess of Wales Stakes.

London, July 4.—King Edward's Diamond Jubilee won the princess of Wales stakes of 10,000 sovereigns at Newmarket today. Sidas (Maher) was second. Twelve horses ran.

Miss Pac (Maher) won the race for a selling plate. Richard Croker's Joe Ullman (L. Reiff) was second and Ravensden finished third.

P. Lorillard's Eden II (Maher) won the Exeter stakes.

CRICKET MATCH.

London, July 4.—The Oxford-Cambridge annual cricket match, which commenced today at Lords, was played before a fashionable crowd. The teams were equally matched, but neither was up to the usual standard. The Cambridge eleven commenced ethe batting. When a recess was taken for lunch, the score for Cambridge was 100 runs for two wickets down.

THIRD WIFE DEAD.

Constantinople, July 4.—The third wife of the sultan died today after three years' illness. The sultan is much affected.

WETMORE'S GELATIN
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers

"PUT HIM ON HIS HONOR."

The Rev. Dr. Madison C. Peters, in a sermon in the Sumner Avenue Baptist church, Brooklyn, said:

"Let your boy with the first lispings of speech be taught to speak accurately on all subjects, be they trivial or important, and when he becomes a man he will scorn to tell a lie.

"Early instill into your boy's mind decision of character. Undecided, purposeless boys make namby-pamby men, useless to themselves and to everybody else.

"Teach your boy to have an object in view, the backbone to go after it and then stick.

"Teach your boy to disdain revenge. Revenge is a sin that grows with his growth and strengthens with his strength. Teach him to write kindness in marble, injuries in the dust.

"There is nothing that improves a boy's character so much as putting him on his honor—trusting to his honor. I have little hope for the boy who is dead to the feeling of honor. hTe boy who needs to be continually looked after is on the road to ruin. If treating your boy as a gentleman does not make him a gentleman nothing else will.

"Let your boy wait upon himself as much as possible. The more he has to depend upon himself the more manly a little fellow he will show himself. Self-dependence will call out his energies bring into exercise his talents. The wisest charity is to help a boy to help himself.

"Happy is the father who is happy in his son, and happy is the boy who is happy in his father. Some fathers are not wise. They reserve all their social charms for strangers; are dull at home; forbid their children to go into the nicely furnished rooms; make home as irksome as possible; forget that they were once young; deny their children every amusement and pleasure.

"Many sons of most pious fathers turn out badly because they are surfeited with severe religion, not the religion of Christ, who was himself reproved by the prototypes of such severe men."

Special Excursion to Colorado
VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.
July 1 to 9 and Sept. 1 to 10 the Northwestern Line will sell round-trip excursion tickets from Denver to Colorado points at the low rate of $29.
Remember the dates and route, and do not fail to avail yourself of this very low rate to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo. Also tickets to Salt Lake City and Ogden and return for $44, final limit to return Oct. 31. Full information and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

$23.55 Cincinnati and Return
July 4, 5 and 6, Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short line, four trains daily) will sell tickets to Cincinnati and return for $23.55. Tickets good returning July 14, or by depositing same return limit will be extended until Aug. 31. For full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot or Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

WITH A TRAPPER.

In 1878 I spent two months in the Price county woods in company with a hunter and trapper who had never seen a theater or a street car, and who could neither read nor write, said Otis Harper, of Menominee, according to the Milwaukee Sentinel. "I was threatened with consumption and my parents took the advice of an old physician in Green Bay, where we then lived, and started me out into the forest. It might have been a false alarm, but I doubt it. I couldn't eat or sleep and was losing flesh rapidly. So I was put in charge of Bill Ostrander, the trapper and hunter referred to, who was raised in the valley of the Kickapoo in Vernon county. He was told that I should not leave the woods for sixty days, and I didn't see a soul but Bill during that time. In a week I was leading the old trapper by several laps at every meal we ate in our old shack, and inside of a month I could tote a pack weighing 150 pounds and follow him mile after mile on a pair of snow shoes. The smell of the pines, the crisp, cold air, everything surrounding me, seemed to be bracing. We even slept out of doors while the thermometer was below zero and I never once coughed.

"Bill Ostrander was one of the best trappers in Wisconsin, and although ignorant as a mule, so far as books are concerned, was highly educated in woodcraft. He knew everything worth knowing about the habits of the wild animals of the forests, but not from the books. We caught 300 marten and a number of beaver and otter, all of which were plentiful twenty years ago.

"Ostrander had an original scheme for catching marten. We would kill a porcupine, cook him whole, tie a rope around the carcass and drag him across country, stopping every few hundred feet to bore a hole with an inch augur in a tree. Just above this hole we would drive a horseshoe nail, allowing the point to slant down into the hole, pointing inward. Then we would shove a small piece of the cooked porcupine into the far end of the augur hole and march on, repeating the performance dozens of times during the day, all the time dragging the cooked porcupine over the snow or ground to leave the trail for the martens to follow—and if they were in the neighborhood they followed it to their doom. They like nothing better than cooked porcupine, and would shove their noses, which are much like a weasel's, into the augur holes, but they could never pull them out for in attempting it they drove the sharp point of the nail into the back of the neck. There they would hang until we came back over the route the next day to gather their skins. A marten is a fool animal, and one of the few you can induce to walk blindly into such a simple trap.

"Did you ever see an otter at play? It is a great sight. They are just like children and very fond of sliding down hill. I saw otter, that winter, a great many times, go to the top of a high hill that was covered with snow and slide to the bottom, one after the other, and then scamper back to the top, repeating the performance over and over.

"They travel across country, sometimes going twenty miles from one creek to another, and when they come to a hill where there is a good chance for a slide they stop and frolic like so many youngsters. They have their favorite places, and the higher and steeper the hill the better they like it."

$45.00 Round Trip to Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Pacific Coast Points
VIA GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.
Tickets first class and good until Aug. 31. Only $50 to San Francisco and return. On sale July 6 to 13, inclusive. For details of these cheap Pacific coast excursions call at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

Twilight Limited.
Avoid the heat and dust of the midday by taking the "Twilight Limited" over "The Northwestern Line" for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater. This train of fame leaves Duluth daily at 4:30 p. m. and arrives at destination at early bed time. Without question it is the most pelasant train from Duluth to the Twin Cities.

Over "The North-Western Line."
The "Twilight Limited" daily at 4:30 p. m. for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater.
The "Chicago Fast Mail" daily at 5 p. m. for Eau Claire, Marshfield, Wausau, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Madison, Milwaukee and Chicago. Parlor cars, dining cars, Pullman sleepers.

Summer Excursion Rates Via Eastern Minnesota Ry.
One fare for the round trip to Grand Rapids, Deer River, Cass Lake and Bemidji, good going Friday and Saturday, returning Monday. Tickets good returning until Oct. 31 as follows: Grand Rapids, $3.90; Deer River, $4.50; Cass Lake, $6.05; Bemidji, $6.65. City ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, corner Spalding hotel.

$14.00 Detroit and Return.
Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and the D. & C. steamers, via St. Ignace (Mackinaw Island), account National Educational Convention. Leave Duluth 7:00 p. m. July 5th. Make early application for sleeper and steamer accommodations at
City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Notice.
July 6 to 13, the Northern Pacific railway will sell first-class tickets Duluth to Helena, Butte and Anaconda, Mont., and return for $35; to Spokane, Wash., $40, going transit limit July 18, return up to and including Aug. 31. Stop overs allowed in both directions within limit. For tickets and full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot or Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Ask your druggist for it.
If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies.
Room 220 Times Bldg., New York.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Cuticura
SOAP
FOR BABY

USE MACADAM

It Is Best of All Materials For Duluth Streets.

"Why anybody should want anything else besides macadam for any of the streets and avenues of the city outside of those to be given more fancy paving beats me," said a prominent attorney the other day. "The recent storms should teach a lesson, as the mayor has said, and in my mind the lesson is that there is nothing better for paving material than the natural Duluth rock, pulverized by the busy hands of the petty criminals employed on the city's rock pile.

"Every place where gravel was used is a sight since the rains, while macadamized streets are not affected in the least. The crushed rock costs nothing. It comes from a public avenue, from which the city is only too glad to have the rock removed, as it prepares the way for the opening of the avenue some day. The manual labor of crushing it is done by the chain gang, which draws no wages, except its food, and that must be provided whether or not the gang works a tap.

"In my humble opinion, if that rock was located down at Buffalo or some other distant point, the people of Duluth would rise up and demand that it be used for paving material, regardless of cost. But because it is right at home, and is therefore inexpensive, it is lightly thought of. Hardly anything worse than gravel could be thought of for paving on avenues where the streams of water get good play after heavy rains and this has been demonstrated repeatedly."

THE CHARGES

Investigation of Timber Fraud Accusations at White Earth.

The charges of fraud in the cutting of "dead and down" timber on the White Earth Indian reservation are to be thoroughly anr exhaustively examined, as the press report of a few days ago announced, and Duluth men who are familiar with the situation say that something is likely to drop if the investigation is as complete and fair as it is promised to be.

The investigation will be made by Senator O'Neill, of Bayfield, Wis., who will make another rescale of logs. Mr. O'Neill is now at LaPointe agency, near Ashland, and he will take a number of men to White Earth, where the work done by 'Honest Joe' Farr, the man that has made the charges, will be gone over in minute detail. The result of Mr. O'Neill's examination will be to either refute or confirm the statements Farr has made regarding affairs on the White Earth reservation.

Two weeks ago Farr reported that the lumbermen who have Indian contracts on that reservation had cut a large quantity of green timber that had not been included in the government scale from which the Indians receive their pay. In fact, he stated that in one camp he found more green timber than had been reported cut in all, both dead and down, in all the other camps on the reservation. He went to Washington and made a report that caused a great stir, turning over his evidence to Commissioner Jones and insisting that it was an outrage to call him off at this time, as had been done for he was just beginning to unearth things that the government has pretended to want to know about for a number of years.

Farr said that he had been hampered in his work by persons in Minnesota who should have helped him, and he hinted at political influence that came from a member of the Republican national committee which he believed would be used to defeat his plan to expose one of the greatest pine-log steals ever heard of. Farr is known in Wisconsin, especially among the politicians and business men at Phillips, his home, as "Honest Joe," and it is said that his character warrants the title. He believes that he has unearthed a great robbery, and he has forced one crowd of loggers to pay over $100,000 to Indians on the reservation, his friends feel warranted in backing him for all they have got in this matter.

FROM LEO.

Archbishop Ireland Receives Communication From Pope.

St. Paul, July 4.—Archbishop Ireland has received the following autographic communication from Pope Leo XIII referring to the recent celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the establishment of the diocese of St. Paul:

To Our Venerable Brother, John, Archbishop of St. Paul. Leo XIII, pope. Venerable brother, health and the apostolic blessing.

Fifty years having happily passed since to the city of St. Paul was given the honor of being made the see of a bishop, it is but right that its Catholic people should rejoice and prepare to give thanks to God with the greatest possible solemnity. As memory goes back over these past fifty years, there arises before us the pioneer days of that nascent church, small and humble indeed; for the faithful then numbered but a few hundred, and to minister to them there were but three priests. But now the see of St. Paul, raised to metropolitan honors, has five suffragan dioceses, and all of them singularly flourishing, not only in numbers of clergy and faithful, but also in religious spirit and catholic institutions. With great pleasure, therefore, venerable brother, do we share in your joy, and with you give thanks to God, beseeching Him who gave such abundant and happy growth to your beginnings to grant you greater and more joyful increase in the future. Moreover, being well aware that the present condition of your province, so full of consolation, is due in very great part to yourself and your service of thirty-nine years in the church of St. Paul, we give special credit to your energy, and what great things it shall accomplish in the future we confidently infer from the results of the past. Meanwhile, as an earnest of our affection, and as an augury of divine favors, we impart most lovingly to yourself, the suffragans, the clergy, the faithful of the province of St. Paul, the apostolic blessing.

Given at Rome, at St. Peters, this 18th day of June, in the year of our Lord, in the 24th year of our pontificate.

LEO. XIII.

CABLE FLASHES.

There is a discrepancy of about $50,000 between the books of one department and those of another in the United States mint at San Francisco, and the whole clerical force of the establishment is at work trying to ascertain whether there is a shortage or whether some bookkeeper has made an error.

At Ketterman, Mo., John Davis shot L. E. Bryan, a neighboring stockman, in the arm and in return was shot and killed by Bryan. The men had a quarrel of long standing.

Rev. L. G. Brocker, of the Evangelical church, at Kearney, Neb., committed suicide at his home by shooting himself with a revolver.

Will Prince, indicted for murder in the first degree as an accessory to the killing of Philip H. Kennedy, by his sister, pleaded not guilty. His trial was set for the September term. Lulu Prince Kennedy, under a ten years' sentence for the murder will ask to remain in the county jail until after her brother's trial so that she may testify in his behalf.

Adolph C. Vonnol a count of the Austrian empire, and Mary Gullaton, daughter of the late John Cullaton, of Burlington, Iowa, were married at Laporte, Ind., Wednesday. The groom will next year fill the chair of German and French at Leland Stanford university.

$17.00 Buffalo and Return

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account Pan-American Exposition. Tickets on sale every day and a train every day from Duluth, Union depot, at 7:00 p. m. Let us plan your trip, via popular rail and lake routes.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

The Ordeal is Trying

Childbearing is a perfectly natural function, but it is robbed of its terrors where the virtue of ***"Mother's Friend"*** is known. This unique liniment, applied externally, relaxes all the muscles, so that

The Ordeal is Easy

WILL BOLT, of Lynnsville, Iowa, writes: "'Mother's Friend' has relieved my wife of all cramps, which makes it worth the money."

"It was painless."

Sold by all best Druggists. Sent by express prepaid on receipt of price, **$1.00 per bottle.**

"Motherhood," a book for women and girls, mailed free.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

THE WORK TO BEGIN

Tomorrow Morning Will See Work Start on Superior Street.

Street Railway Will Begin Tearing Up Its Tracks.

To Work From Third Avenue East Toward the West.

Tomorrow morning the improvement of Superior street will begin. The work will be taken up at Third avenue east by the street railway company, which will begin to tear up its old tracks from that point westward.

On the first day of the current week, City Engineer Patton received a communication from Watterworth & Fee, the contractors who are to do the paving, in which they said that the street railway company had not yet shown any signs of commencing the work of taking up the track, and the contractors could not begin operations. The latter notified the city, through the engineer, that if they were delayed in their contract until colder weather, the work would be done at a loss and the contractors, in that case, should hold the city liable.

The city engineer immediately notified the street railway company of the attitude of the contractors and gave the company until the morning of July 5 as the latest date for them to commence taking up the tracks. City Engineer Patton says that the pavement must be in before the frosts, which would affect the sand to be used under the brick.

The plans of procedure in the tearing up of the street railway tracks have been arranged for between the company officials and City Engineer Patton, and, according to them, the traveling public will have a little hiking to do until the pavement is completed. The street railway company will begin at Third avenue east, tear up both tracks for three blocks to the westward and begin laying the new rails. The company has agreed to keep just three blocks in advance of the contractors that are putting in the pavement. While the tracks are torn up, the people riding on the street cars will be transferred and walk the three blocks.

The street railway company will have a temporary track on top of the pavement, on one side of the street, over the three blocks opened, but this will be used solely for the purpose of sending the empty cars back and forth morning and night. The material for the new track and the pavement will also be stored on the same side of the street with the temporary track.

It is the aim of the city authorities to keep one side of the street open to traffic all the time the paving is going on, and it is hoped to accomplish this in spite of the many difficulties that will arise. Just as soon as the street railway company has laid its new rails to Lake avenue, the contractors will begin paving and finish one side of the street to this point, then commence on the other side. According to the specifications, the newly paved portion must be allowed to set for a period of from ten days to two weeks after it is down, and it is here that the troubles of keeping open the street may arise.

City Engineer Patton has just returned from St. Paul, where he took notice of the paving that is going on in that city. He says there are some streets that have been entirely closed to traffic for many weeks and the business men are objecting.

The street railway company has on hand four cars of new steel rails, enough to begin the work, but about half the amount it would desire to have within reach at one time. The new rails are of the 70-pound size seven inches high and will be welded, forming one of the best tracks that can be had in any city. The old wooden ties will be done away with and the new rail laid on a cement base.

The contract for the pavement is far from being a small one to carry out in accordance with the plans and specifications. The concrete base will first be laid, graded and leveled up, then two inches of sand will be placed on top and last of all, the vitrified brick will be placed.

The brick used between the street railway tracks and for a distance of a foot from the outside rails to more expensive than that used on the remaining portion of the street, costing 18 cents more a square yard. The brick used from a point one foot from the outside rail to the curb costs $1.45 a square yard. The brick laid next the rail on the inside is of a specially molded form to permit the flange of the car wheels to fit in. The brick follows the shape of the rail snugly. The brick fitted next the rail on the outside is also specially molded to fit tight to the rail and it is this special molded brick that costs the most.

The contractors are said to have made the statement that they could finish their contract in six weeks, but with the delays that seem bound to come up with the removal of old tracks, the putting down of the new, and waiting for the pavement to set, many consider it doubtful if the pavement is finished within that time, in fact, the city officials are a little averse to making estimates on the time that it will take.

WHERE IS IT?

Nothing Done Toward Getting Detention Hospital For Insane.

Duluth has a detention hospital for the insane coming from the state board of control, but nothing has been done in regard to it so far, though six months have elapsed since the state legislature authorized such institutions in cities of over 50,000 inhabitants.

The law does not necessarily call for a building for this purpose, but it does require that arrangements shall be made for the temporary care of the insane in cases where it is thought that a short delay will obviate the necessity of sending the patient to the asylum for the insane. This may be a ward in a hospital, or any other suitable place. The measure is an excellent one, the authorities say, and they further say that it cannot be provided any too soon.

There are many reasons why it is desirable. The matter of expense is not inconsiderable. The expense of taking a patient to an asylum for the insane is quite large, and it could be avoided in many cases if there was a place of detention. Furthermore, the county has to pay it, and if the place of detention provided by law is used the state is required to foot the bill. In full half of the cases that go through the probate court the patients recover in a short time, their aberrations of mind being due to temporary causes that are removed when the patients are confined in a quiet place where good care can be given them.

Another matter is the natural objection anyone would have to being placed in an asylum if it was not necessary.

Ask Your Physician

When a good physician prescribes beer for a patient it is Schlitz beer. A physician knows the value of purity.

Ask him how germs affect beer and he will tell you that few stomachs can digest them. He will say at once that impure beer is unhealthful.

You will know then why we brew

Schlitz

under such rigid precautions — why we even filter the air that touches it; why we filter the beer, then sterilize every bottle.

If you knew what we know and what your physician knows about beer, you, too, would insist on Schlitz.

'Phone 358, Schlitz,
38-40 Railroad Ave., Duluth.

THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS

While there is no disgrace connected with a stay in such an institution, still it is a stigma that more or less follows the victim for a long time, if not for life, and certainly everybody has a horror of such a confinement. This could be avoided in a large percentage of cases where the patients would attain complete recovery after a short period of care and attention under competent hands in a place of detention.

The law prohibits placing insane patients in a jail unless it is absolutely necessary, and yet at the present time there is no place where patients can be placed in Duluth except in the county jail. The hospitals do not care to take them and will not do so if it can be avoided, and no private families can be induced to take them in. The only alternative is a violation of the law by placing them in the county jail and hurrying through their examinations so that they may be removed to the state hospital for the insane. If there was a place of detention this law, which is founded on good judgment and good sense, could be observed. It is well that it should be observed, for a violation of it involves subjection of the patient not only to the stigma of a confinement in an insane asylum, but that of confinement in a common jail, both of which are needless.

W. G. Benham, judge of probate, was asked about this matter by The Herald yesterday. He is strong in the belief that the place of detention should be provided without delay.

"I believe," he said, "that fully half of the cases that we are now necessarily sending to the insane asylums could be kept out of there if a place of detention were established. A sojourn of from ten to sixty days in many cases would result in a disappearance of the morbid conditions of mind that brought the patients before the probate court, and this would save expense to the county and mortification to many of the patients."

Due to High Water.

Loud and prolonged shrieks from a tug's siren at about the noon hour yesterday caused many Superiorites to believe that there was a conflagration or some other calamity on the water front. The recent heavy rains have raised the water in the harbor and the heavy wind early yesterday aided in making the tide unusually high in the vicinity of the interstate bridge. Some of the tugs and ferryboats which usually run under the bridge were forced to have the bridge opened for them yesterday. One tug, in attempting to pass under the bridge, was caught and had to cause a great commotion before the bridge tenders would swing the draw.

Superior Is Short.

The city of Superior is very much troubled over the condition of the treasury. Yesterday was pay day, and some of the city employes received their money, while others were told to call again. The men in the police department have the month's pay coming, but they will not have a chance to spend any of it today, as the pay roll was held up on account of lack of funds. The health department is two months behind on salaries, and it would have been more if $4000 had not been transferred from the salary fund to the health fund. The taxes have not been paid in very freely, and it is a question whether the city can borrow money to pay its hired men, or whether they will have to wait patiently until the cash box is replenished from ordinary city revenues.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The Vossische Zeitung prints an editorial declaring that Germany under no conditions whatever will permit France to acquire Morocco or Gibraltar, "were either to be accomplished." Is says "France would drive Italy into the arms of the triple alliance and could capture German ships in the Mediterranean in time of war." This declaration is significant, because, evidently inspired and the article is believed to embody the views of the German foreign office.

Gen. MacArthur, who will turn over the command of the American forces in the Philippines to Gen. Chaffee, has closed up his affairs here and anticipates en enjoyable fortnight in Japan on his way home. He is elated at the progress made during the past year.

Appeals to the reason of thinking people. The world is weary of substitution, therefore see that you get Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Asy your druggist.

COMING TAX LEVY

The County Board to Fix It Next Monday.

It Is Expected to Be at Least Three Mills.

Not Much Enthusiasm Over New Court House Idea.

The semi-annual meeting of the board of county commissioners will be held next Monday afternoon, July 8, and several important matters are to come up. The most important is the annual levy of taxes for county purposes, which is required to be made at this time. Besides this the members of the board, who were requested to sound the sentiment on the building of a new court house, or rather the placing of a proposition to issue bonds for that purpose before the people to vote upon this fall, will make their reports.

The county levy will probably be larger than it was last year, when it was $122,961.63, or 2.77 mills. It is likely to be at least 3 mills this time, and it may be more, though it may possibly be kept down to the 3-mill point.

The members of the board have not found very much sentiment either way on the proposition of issuing bonds for a new courthouse. The people have given very little consideration, and there has been little or no public discussion of the matter. Some of the commissioners are not favorable to the proposition anyway, and they have not taken any great trouble to look the matter up, knowing that most of the people believe that if it is possible to get along with the old court house for a time it is well to do so. On the other hand there are commissioners who favor it, and several who are non-committal, so it is doubtful at the present time whether the majority of the board is for or against action on the matter at this time.

This meeting of the board is one of the two meetings each year that the law requires the board to hold. The other one is in January. The practice of having monthly meetings is one that has grown up because it seemed that the business of the board could best be handled in that manner.

Hearing of Anderson.

Alfred Anderson, charged with murdering his wife at Superior last week by beating out her brains with a hammer, was given an examination in municipal court yesterday. After the examination Anderson was bound over for trial at the present term of the superior court, and his case will probably come up for disposition some time early in August. The state introduced the only testimony at the hearing, and Anton Olson was the principal witness. Olson is the man who resides near the house where the crime was committed, and who was attracted to the scene of the homicide by the cries of the woman. Olson testified that he saw Anderson standing over the woman with a club in his hand, while the woman was begging for mercy. Other witnesses were called, but no new evidence was brought out. At the conclusion of the hearing Judge Haily bound Anderson over without bail. The police have as yet been unable to ascertain where the woman spent the night previous to the murder.

Cincinnati and Return, $8 From Chicago,

July 5, 6 and 7, account Christian Endeavor convention. Anybody may get benefit of low fare. Agents of railways in West selling via Chicago will furnish tickets. Ask for them over Pennsylvania Short Lines. Tickets may be obtained in Chicago at 248 South Clark street and Union station ticket office. Write or wire H. R. Dering, A. G. P. agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for tickets and parlor or sleeping car reservations.

YOU CAN BE STRONG

like other men. Try. Let your good sense predominate; place yourself in the hands of science, and don't take everybody's advice—which is nobody's advice. There are years before you; health and happiness too. No pains—no sleepless nights, no scanty appetite, no tired feeling, no heartache or sorrow.

We understand your case; know how you worry as you realize that each day finds you weaker—with less endurance.

We know your despair as you look into your mirror—and see reflected there lines of care which should have no place on so young a brow.

There are many others like it and they are daily being cured by the use of

PALMO TABLETS

They will build you up to health and strength—the perfect being the Lord intended you to be. They will fill the sunken cheek, clear the sallow skin, ease the aching back and cure Nervous Debility completely.

Fifty cents per box—12 boxes—fully guaranteed—$5.00. Mailed anywhere. Book Free.

HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth, Minn

Nervo-Sexual Debility.

MASTER SPECIALIST.

I do not cure all cases, but I cure all I treat; I treat men only and cure them to stay cured.

Men, many of you are reaping the result of your former folly. Your manhood is failing and will soon be lost unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Impotency, like all sexual diseases, is never on the standstill. With it you can make no compromise. Either you must master it or it will master you and fill your whole future with misery and indescribable woe. We have treated so many cases of this kind that we are as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by us, you will never again be bothered with emissions, drains, prematureness, small or weak organs, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition or similar symptoms which rob you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business, pleasure or marriage. Our special form of treatment for weak men will correct all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy, happy man, with physical, mental and sexual powers complete.

Varicocele, Stricture, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases.

and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a **Legal Contract** to hold for our promises. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men?

If you cannot call at our office, write your symptoms fully.

REFERENCES: **Best Banks and Leading Business Men of this City.**

Consultation free and Confidential
Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association
No. 1 West Superior St., Cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

"IF AT FIRST YOU DON'T SUCCEED," TRY

SAPOLIO

THE DULUTH VAN CO.
MOVING, PACKING AND STORAGE OF FURNITURE.

Moving and Storage

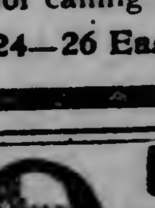
THE OLD RELIABLE

Duluth Van Co

'Phone 492—Old
'Phone 767—Zenith
212 W. Superior St

Have your Carpets cleaned at Bayha's

Carpet Cleaning Works—most reliable at the head of the lakes. All kinds of carpets cleaned for three cents per yard. No charge for calling for them. Office—**Bayha & Co.'s Furniture Store, 24—26 East Superior Street.**



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. **Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids.** Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, **Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.**

50 CENTS

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

BATTLE CREEK SANITARIUM FOODS FOR HEALTH

BIG G

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

Sure investments are desirable, but scarce. One of the surest investments you can make is by purchasing space in Herald classified ads on this page. This is an investment that will pay.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE.

$6000 Modern residence, No. 1531 East Third street. Immediate possession can be given.

$4200 No. 1517 East Fourth street, eight rooms, hardwood finish, good plumbing; house in first-class condition.

Two choice business corners on first street.

Business and residence lots in the West End.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.
Money to Loan at Low Rates.

AT WEST DULUTH

New Box Factory to Start Up In Few Days.

Machinists' Strike Is Delaying Opening of Match Factory.

These Two Industrial Plants Will Be Warmly Welcomed.

Experts are busy at the plant of the Duluth Box company installing machinery. As previously announced, the company has leased the planing mill of the Merrill & Ring Lumber company. Five costly machines, to be used in the making of boxes, are already in place, and they are to be followed by three more, making eight in all. The strike of the machinists in the East has caused delay in having the plant ready for operation. The machines for the factory all come from Rochester, N. Y., and advices from these state that the delayed consignment of machinery will be forwarded within a few days. It is now believed that the factory can be started within the next two weeks.

About thirty workmen will be employed at the start, and this number may be augmented later. Skilled employes will be required to operate the machines, but the remainder of the help will be secured in Duluth if possible. Considerable lumber for use at the factory has already been purchased at local mills. Norway pine is used almost exclusively. The company owns a mill at Spider Lake, Wis., about twenty miles west of Ashland, and the product of their own mill will be used largely at the new factory.

The plant is equipped to make boxes of all sizes. A considerable portion of the output will be shipped to Tonawanda, N. Y., from which point the Eastern trade will be supplied.

Messrs. J. Smeaton and George Lamphier, of the company, have recently moved to Duluth from Tonawanda, in order to be in a position to give the operation of the plant their personal supervision. Other Eastern parties are identified with the company.

The new factory will start out with a patronage already assured, and as they are equipped to manufacture anything for which they receive an order, there is no doubt of a prosperous future for the new enterprise.

AFFECTED BY STRIKE.

Although no factories or shops in Duluth are affected by the machinists' strike, still it is making its influence felt in various ways in this city. This is notably the case in plants where new machinery is to be installed. Were it not for the strike the factory of the Duluth Match company, at the old Marinette Iron works, in West Duluth, would now be in operation. The management stated some weeks ago that the plant would be producing matches July 4, but the unexpected has happened, and now it is given out that the factory cannot possibly be placed in readiness for operation before Aug. 1. Most of the new machinery is already in place, but there is some of the invoice which still remains at the factory in the East. The firm has constantly reiterated its promise that the machinery would be shipped at an early date, but there are still several pieces to be received. The Eastern firm is powerless on account of the strike of the machinists, and there seems to be no immediate possibility of a settlement. This particular factory is operating with about half of its complement of men. At this time there seems to be no possible doubt that matches made in Duluth will be on the market early in August. Two hundred people will be employed at the outset, about half of this number to be men and the remainder girls and boys. As previously stated, the skilled operatives, who will take charge of the intricate machinery, will come from outside Duluth, but as far as possible the employes will be secured in this city.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The rain of last night failed to dampen the enthusiasm of West Duluthians, and the nation's birthday is being observed according to the personal inclination of the citizens. The cars going to Duluth this morning were laden with people, who are not to be denied the pleasures of a holiday, no matter how inclement the weather.

The storm last night did no damage in this portion of the city.

A little daughter of Hans Londing had her right hand injured yesterday, and although the wound is painful it will not result in permanent injury. Her hand was accidentally caught in a door jamb.

Charles Greeves is home after a month's visit in the Red River valley, North Dakota, where he owns a number of farms. Mr. Greeves is satisfied that the cereal yield in that portion of the grain belt will be heavy.

Mrs. William A. Lambert is in Pine City to spend the Fourth.

NOT AN IDIOT.

Someone Had Evidently Been Stringing Agent Withrow.

Humane Officer Withrow, hearing a report that "Bosco, the Wild Man from Borneo," with the Pawnee Bill side show, was insane and fit for an asylum, that he was ill-treated and even confined in an iron cage, made two trips out to the circus grounds yesterday, taking a warrant for Henry Wilson, the manager of the side show, on the second trip. He did not serve the warrant. Manager Wilson told Officer Withrow and Deputy Sheriff Randall, who accompanied him to the grounds, that the Australian man was a fake; that while he was an Australian by birth, there was nothing wrong with him, and that he was not ill-treated in any way.

Mr. Withrow might have been saved the trouble that he went to had he known that Bosco was a visitor on Superior street yesterday and conversed with some of the business men. One of the latter says that the "wild man" is far from being the idiot that some of the reports, evidently sent out for advertising purposes, have alleged him to be.

THEY AGREE.

Railroads All Guarantee the Tenth Avenue West Viaduct.

City Engineer Patton, who returned yesterday from St. Paul, says that he has secured the signatures of the railroad companies to the contract for the building of the foot bridge over the tracks at Tenth avenue west and that the council will probably let the contract for the construction at the next meeting. While he has had the verbal agreement of the companies that they would stand the proportionate cost, none of the contractors would feel like going ahead until there was written assurances that they would get their pay. Mr. Patton says that while he had no doubt but that the companies would sign the agreement, he encountered a great deal of red tape before he secured the signature of one company.

When he arrived in St. Paul he found the president and chief engineer of that company out of the city, but was able after argument to convince the assistant chief engineer that he had authority to sign for the railroad. Then the agreement had to go through the company's legal department. They told Mr. Patton that it might take several days for the document to get through, but he declared that it must go through that day and that he would stay by until he got it. The agreement came back to him that same afternoon.

Mr. Patton first drew up the plans for the foot bridge in 1895, when he was city engineer, but the matter has been dragging along for over five years, owing to objections that were raised by the railroad companies. The fatality that occurred at the tracks to be bridged, when David Peterson had both legs cut off under a train, the other day, was a most regretable incident and was only another demonstration of the necessity of the bridge.

The American Bridge company will undoubtedly receive the contract as its bid of $7926 was the lowest. The bridge will extend from Michigan street to Railroad street and will be 484 feet long and 8 feet wide. The cost will be divided between the Union depot, the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific companies, and the city. The city will pay for 150 feet of the bridge.

For the Defendant.

The suit of W. B. Moer against Clara A. Harris was tried by jury in municipal court yesterday. The case went to the jury in the afternoon and a verdict was returned for the defendant. The suit was brought to recover attorney's fees in the sum of $81.50 for services alleged to have been rendered the defendant and R. H. Harris by J. B. Richards, who assigned his claim to W. B. Moer. In her answer the defendant said that the transfer was not bona fide; that as R. H. Harris was alleged to have received some of the benefits he should have been made a party to the suit, and that J. B. Richards had never performed the services alleged in the complaint. The jury was out about three hours.

$45.00 Round Trip

To Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Pacific Coast Points via Great Northern Railway. Tickets first class and good until August 31st, only $50.00 to San Francisco and return. On sale, July 6th to 13th inclusive. Call at city office, cor. Spalding Hotel.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate Business and residence property, improved and unimproved, bought and sold.

Loans Money loaned at the lowest rates.

Fire Insurance Carefully written in good companies.

For Rent Stores, flats and dwellings.

For Sale.

A nine-room house on Superior Street close to 14th avenue east

$5000

A bargain—good only for a few days.

R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

Lakeside Residence for Sale or Rent.

No. 4309 London Road, 12 rooms, hot-water heat, all modern conveniences.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

FOR SALE.

House and lot in Portland Division ------- **$1200**

One-half cash—balance 3 years at 6 per cent.

Fire Insurance Written.

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FARM

We will trade for improved city property, 100-acre farm near Duluth. Good house and barn, large hennery, horses, cattle, wagons and tools, half acre strawberries, and other crops all in. A very desirable home.

For particulars call at office of

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

$1000 takes 50 feet on East Second street.

$3000 takes 7-room modern house on Third street, center of city.

$1500 takes 50-foot corner, London road, upper side; all improvements.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Building.

FREE FARMS

160 acres of the choicest farm lands in the world FREE, and cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

West End Bargains

$425.00

each—a few choice and well located building lots in the West End on First Street near 28th Avenue West.

$600.00

each—your choice of three lots on West Superior Street near 29th Avenue West.

Julius D. Howard & Co.
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.
Duluth, Minn.

50 Houses and Lots

for sale on easy terms!

A house and lot valued at $1000 will be sold on the following easy terms:

$100 cash.

$500 on or before 5 years with 6% interest.

$400 to be paid with a monthly payment of $12.16 a month in 3 years.

We have sold 50 other properties on these liberal terms.

Chan. Smith,
2 First Ave. W., Hunter Blk.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

College of Mines.

An Engineering school with unique location, giving it unusual facilities. Distinctive methods of instruction. Special courses given. All work in charge of widely experienced men. Catalogue giving list of graduates and their occupation on application. Address F. W. McNair, President, Houghton, Mich.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—CHEAP, CRESCENT BIcycle in good condition. Address 214 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE —leaving city; call at 515 East Sixth street.

FOR SALE—GOOD SINGLE RUBBER tire buggy. Address D. D., Herald.

FOR SALE—HORSE, CHEAP. 1127 East Fifth street.

FOR SALE—DINING ROOM AND PARlor furniture and a number of Remarque proof etchings. Inquire afternoons this week, at No. 20 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE—A TWO CHAIR BARBER shop outfit. Barber shop, 215 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows. S. Kaner, 1217 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—TIMBER AND HOMEstead locating in good locations on rivers running to the coast. Fine homesteads and good timber, a specialty. Headquarters, address Murphy & Dammon, Merchant hotel, Portland, Oregon.

FOR SALE—THE HALL SAFE COMpany's fire and burglar proof safe. J. S. Ray, post box 89.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

FOR SALE — THE JOHN DAIGLE hotel in Hibbing. For terms and further particulars, apply to John Daigle, Hibbing, Minn.

Large Consignments of
Drafters, Farm Mares, Drivers and Mules
are daily received at
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S Midway Horse Market,
Midway, St. Paul, Minn. All horses sold under written guarantee to be as represented. Part time given if desired.

PERSONAL.

PIANO, VIOLIN AND MANDOLIN LESsons, 50c. Walter Howard, 22 7th Ave. W., or leave calls at Howard's machine store, 10 E. Sup. St. Music for dances.

LADIES—TRY MY MONTHLY REGUlator. Box free. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

MIDWIFE.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM, OBSTETRICS electricity, magnetic and suggestive. Private hospital 11 19th Ave. W.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 708 E. 3d st. 'Phone 1225.

MEDICAL.

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT— Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Superior street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile Company, 16 West Superior street.

ATTORNEYS.

S. L. SMITH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 219 Duluth Trust building.

S. D. ALLEN, ATTORNEY, 711-712 PALladio building.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING. Simpson. Zenith 'phone 738. 119 W. 1st st.

INSTRUCTION.

PERSONS DESIRING TO BE TUtored in grade or high school work, apply L. A. W., Box 435.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY THEM AT 20 FIRST AVENUE west, from expert. 'Phone 854.

Detroit and Return $14.00.

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway and Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company. One night by rail and a delightful twenty-four-hour ride on one of the finest passenger steamers on the great lakes. Tickets on sale July 5 and 7 and can be made good for return until Sept. 1. For sleeping car and stateroom reservation address

M. ADSON,
General Agent D., S. S. & A. Ry.,
Duluth, Minn.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—A WASH WOMAN, AT 407 East First.

WANTED—AT ONCE—A GOOD ALLaround laundry girl, one that operates shirt machine. Also one good, accurate marker and assorter; one that is willing to mangle if necessary. Troy Steam Laundry, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; $14.00 per month, 1423 East Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Small family. 1405 East Superior street.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK TO BEGIN July 12. No washing. Good wages. Mrs. S. T. Harrison, 2107 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good wages. 224 East Fourth street.

WANTED—COOK. 318 WEST SECOND.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL AT 210 West Third street.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. No. 409 West Second street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK IN PRIVATE family. Best of wages; no washing; that is willing to go to Ashland. Transportation paid. Call for information. 901 London road.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1127 London road.

A CAPABLE GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call after 6 p. m., 1714 Jefferson street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. One with references. 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL AT 507 WEST Second street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls at Peerless laundry.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 112 East Third street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WE, THE HAWKES NURSERY COMpany, Milwaukee, Wis., want more men. Big inducements; salary or commission. Write for special terms.

WANTED—BRICKLAYERS TO WORK on Hibbing High School, 50 cents an hour; fare one way.

WANTED—FIFTEEN FIRST - CLASS structural iron men. Good wages and steady work. Wisconsin Bridge and Iron company, Houghton, Mich.

WANTED—MACHINE HANDS AND vise hands for sawmill work. Good wages and steady jobs with chance for promotion are offered to the right men. Address The Filer & Stowell Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

YOUNG MAN, do you wish to rise higher in the world? Learn how. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence schools, 206-208 New Jersey Building, Duluth. Open evenings.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED SITUATIONS.

WANTED — SITUATION BY YOUNG man where there is chance for advancement. Competent bookkeeper with business ability and experience. Moderate compensation. Y 42, Herald.

WANTED—BY MAN AND WIFE, FOR camp cooking or boat, or on a farm as first and second. Y 39, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 22 YEARS OF AGE, wants position where there is opportunity of advancement. Not afraid of work. Address M 74, Herald.

WANTED—BY A THROUGHLY COMpetent young man, position as bookkeeper in or out of city. References furnished if required. Address Y 41, Herald.

MAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE PLACE to do cooking in or outside of city. Address 16 East Superior street, Room 18.

COMPETENT LADY STENOGRAPHER wishes position. Has had one year's experience in real estate. Speaks and writes Scandinavian. References exchanged. Address Lavinia Larson, 2420 Twenty-sixth avenue south, Minneapolis Minn.

WANTED—SITUATION BY MAN AND wife experienced as cooks or managers of boarding house. Frank Frantz, 518 Garfield avenue.

LADY WITH SEVERAL YEARS EXPErience in law office, desires position as stenographer. Apply Box C. B., Herald.

UNDERTAKING.

WE HAVE THE BEST FUNERAL CAR and rubber tire carriages in the state. Why not get the best particularly when our prices are lowest. Stewart Livery company, 122 West Second street. Telephone 334—2 rings.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF. WALTER TELLS EVERYthing. 314 East Fifth street.

PROFESSER MME. QUINN IS STILL at 622 West Superior street.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, LEADer North Star band. Zenith 'prone 606.

WANTED—TO BUY.

GOOD INTEREST PAYING, CENTRALly located real estate. Not to exceed $5000. Address with price and location. X 4, Herald.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

DRUGGIST.

C. J. TUFTE, 2015 West Superior street.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ROOMS 1021 WEST MICHIgan street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—HOUSE, CENtrally located; 8 or 10 rooms, modern and suitable for furnished rooms. Y. 6, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, all modern conveniences. Very central. No. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—TABLE BOARDERS IN private family. 32 West Second street.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED — ROOM AND BOARD. 120 First avenue west; bath, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 1, 1901. Work Third degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 8, 1901. Work, ——Burr Porter, M. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocationss second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1901. Work, P. M. & M. E. M. degree. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, recorder.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave July 2, 1901. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall. 113 West Superior street. Frank Crassweller, G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL, No. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Roy Hood, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN.

SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets second and fourth Monday evenings of each month in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. L. R. Birch, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA— Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Memorial service Tuesday evening, June 25. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the initiatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; T. B. Perry, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS— Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

UNITED COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS. Zenith, No. 49, Duluth, Minn.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month. Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

CARPET CLEANING.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

FOUND.

FOUND—ROW BOAT. INQUIRE JOHN Fink, Park Point street railway.

HOTELS.

HOTEL NORTHERN,
208 W. Superior St.
Music Every Afternoon and Evening by the
VIENNA LADIES' ORCHESTRA AND CONCERT COMPANY.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.,
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes

STR. BON AMI
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 9 a. m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.

STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's Dock Mondays and Thursdays at 8 p.m. for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton
JOHN FLYNN, Agt., 2 Lyceum Building.
W. H. SINGER, Mgr., Lake Ave and Canal.

STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE

High Class Passenger Steamships
NEW GIGANTIC TWIN SCREW
BOSTON AND PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL.
Perfect service and table steadiness account of enormous size no stauncher handsomer ships cross the Atlantic.
T. H. LARKE, GEN'L NORTHWESTERN AGENT.
127 SO THIRD ST. GUARANTY BLD'G. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar... Wolf ...Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing. Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv......Duluth......Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar...... Virginia......Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar...... Eveleth......Lv	7:38 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar...... Ely......Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*1 25 pm 11 10 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am †3 00 pm	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	*6 43 pm †11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. L. J. KITCHELL, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm	Ashland and Fast	*11 15 am
*7 30 pm	Minn & Dakota Express	*7 55 am
*8 40 am	No Coast Ltd.	*4 55 pm
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE"	
†9 00 am	St. Paul	*6 45 am
*1 55 pm	and	†2 10 pm
*11 10 pm	Minneapolis.	*7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
† 7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED.	† 8 30 am
* 8 15 am	Copper Country Local.	* 8 00 pm

A Good Thing to Go by. . . .

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.
(The Popular Thoroughfare)
—BETWEEN—
Duluth, Superiors, Etc.
—AND—
Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Etc.
Fast Trains; Pullman Palace Sleepers; Luxuriant Diners; Meals Served a la Carte.
J. C. POND, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.
W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent,
No. 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The Pioneer Limited,
Only Perfect Train in the World.
Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS.

J. T. CONLEY,
Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

TEN PAGES. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. TEN PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, JULY 5, 1901. TWO CENTS.

No Clothing Sale like this has ever taken place in Duluth before.

Store Open Saturday Night till 11 o'clock. The BIG DULUTH Store Open Saturday Night till 11 o'clock.

$9.85 For Men's Suits worth $15.00, $16.00, $18.00.

$14.85 For Men's Suits, worth $20.00, $22.00 and $25.00.

A magnificent assortment of stylish Garments—all new styles.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

FOR SALE!

First-class dwellings in the East End. All modern conveniences.

FOR RENT!

5614 London Road, nine rooms, all modern improvements, furnace heat.

C. H. GRAVES & CO.,

FIRST FLOOR TORREY BUILDING.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

TO REVISE POSTAL LAWS

Periodicals Depending Largely on Gift Enterprises Will Be Debarred From Second Class Mail Privileges Very Shortly.

New York, July 5.—A special to the Tribune from Washington says: Postmaster General Smith has decided to debar from second class mail privileges the large class of periodical publications which depend largely on gift enterprises, guessing contests or nominal subscription rates for their circulation. This sweeping reform, designed to put the postal service on a paying basis, is to be ordered next week by a modification of the postal regulations under the existing law.

By the new regulations a vast amount of printed matter that now pays for transmission at the rate of 1 cent will be charged 8 cents a pound. The second class matter has grown until it now embraces nearly three-fourths of the entire weight of all mail matter handled by the government and yet it brings in a revenue of less than $4,000,000 a year, out of the entire postal revenue of more than $110,000,000. While it contains about three-fourths of all the weight it furnishes only about one-thirtieth of the revenue. To handle and carry the second class matter costs fully $60,000,000 a year above what the government receives for handling and carrying it.

In the revised regulations about to be issued the postmaster general will endeavor to carry out the purpose of congress and of the executive by restoring a stricter enforcement of the laws. The new order will not interfere with legitimate newspapers and similar periodicals, but it will cut off the avenue by which numerous publications load down the mails with circulations induced wholly by merchandise offers or guessing contests that are neither fradulent in character or reduce the circulation to nominal rates. It is likely to cut off trial books, which have secured admission a ssecond class matter. Though promulgated next week, the order will probably not be made operative immediately, in order that publishers may have an opportunity to conform to the new requirements.

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REPUDIATED.

Reading Strikers Fail to Keep Their Agreement to Work.

Reading, Pa., July 5.—Not one of the former employes of the Reading railroad car shops who went on strike recently, returned to work today. Their representatives agreed on Wednesday at a conference with President Baer, of the company, to end the strike today. But the strikers repudiated this agreement, and decided to remain out until the company recognizes their union. There are 1252 mon on strike.

SUSPENDS PAYMENT.

St. Petersburg, July 5.—In consequence of the failure of the Kharkoff Commercial bank, the Commercial bank of Ekaterinoslaff suspended payment today. Its liabilities, 1,250,000 rubles.

LEATHER WORKERS

Form an Amalgamated Association.

Philadelphia, July 5.—Delegates representing 8000 workingmen in all branches of the lather trade in this country and Canada, at a meeting in this city, formed the Amalgamated Leather Workers' association of America.

This new union will affiliate with the American Federation of Labor. Marcellus Waite, of Philadelphia, was elected president, and Dennis Healy, of Lowell, Moss., secretary.

MINISTER RESIGNS.

Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic, July 5.—The minister of finance, Dr. Enriquo Berduo, has resigned.

LEANDER WON

Defeated Pennsylvania In Final Heat.

Most Exciting Race Ever Seen at Henley.

Henley, July 5.—To the disappointment of all the Americans at Henley, the Leander Rowing club crew this morning defeated the crew of the university of Pennsylvania in the final heat for the grand challenge cup. There was bright sunshine, and puffy cross winds blew from the Bucks shore, slightly favoring the Leander's station. The followers of the British crew evinced the greatest confidence and Leander money was everywhere available, but their confidence never exceeded anything beyond even money. The Pennsylvanians' friends picked up several hundred pounds, and a Philadelphia occupant of a boathouse is said to have invested £500 in favor of his crew.

The Pennsylvanians reached their boathouse at 11 o'clock, apparently as fit as possible, while many of the followers of the red and blue showed marks of the intense strain of the final minutes. The crew stripped, chatted and laughed as cooly as though going out for practice.

Ellis Ward, the American coach, placed a miniature American flag upon the rudder of his boat as the coxswain came to the boathouse, and said to Smith:

"Keep that as far ahead, my boy, as you can."

The following are the names of the two crews:

Leander—C. A. Willis, bow; H. J. Duvalion, W. Dudley Ward, G. M. Maitland, C. D. Burnell, J. E. Payne, C. J. D. Goldie, R. B. Etherington-Smith, stroke; C. S. MacLagan, coxswain.

Pennsylvania—R. R. Zane, bow; R. H. Eisenbray, F. L. Davenport, S. Crowther, Jr., A. H. Flickwer, G. S. Allyn, W. G. Gardiner, J. P. Gardiner, stroke; L. J. Smith, coxswain.

Both crews at the start showed no trace of nervousness, and were sent away in capital style, the Pennsylvanians rowing forty-three to the minute and Leander rowing forty-two. At the end of Temple island the Americans led by a third of a length. At Fawley the time was 3 minutes 25 2-5 seconds, with Leander three feet ahead. From there on it was a splendid struggle, out of which the Leanders gained inch by inch. The mile was reached in 5 minutes 15 seconds, with the Leanders half a length ahead, which they increased to three-quarters of a length. At the Isthmian the Pennsylvanians made a desperate spurt, but it was of no avail, and two men weakened perceptibly opposite the grand stand. The Leanders won by a length in 7 minutes 4 4-5 seconds.

"It was a grand race," said Coach Ward, as the Leanders crossed the finish line. "We were simply outrowed, and have no objection to make."

It certainly was the best and most exciting tussle ever seen at Henley. There aws scarcely the advantage of three feet in the Leander's station.

The cheering for the contestants as they struggled for the lead was terrific. Even Henley had never before heard such wild applause as greeted the Pennsylvanians and the Leanders all down the course, and the cheering was delirious from the partisans of the Leanders as the latter's boat crossed the line at the finish ahead of the Pennsylvanians.

Other races resulted:

Silver goblets, final heat—Balliol college, Oxford, beat the Belgians easily. Time, 8:50.

Thames challenge cup, final heat—Trinity hall, Cambridge, beat Kingston Rowing club by one and a quarter lengths. Time, 7:23.

Ladies' challenge plate, final heat—University college, Oxford, beat Eton by two lengths. Time, 7:28.

Diamond challenge sculls, final heat—C. V. Fox beat G. Ashe, winning easily. Time 8:52.

The stewards' challenge cup, final heat—Third Trinity, Cambridge, beat Leander Rowing club.

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SITUATION UNCHANGED

No New Developments In the Status of the Steel Strike and None Is Expected For Several Days.

Pittsburg, July 5.—There seems to be little or no change in the steel strike situation. At the headquarters of the Amalgamated association, all is quiet. President Shaffer, when asked if there was any truth in the rumor that he was going to New York for a conference with the officials of the United States Steel corporation, said:

"No, I have not been invited and do not want to go, the only trip I may take is to Milwaukee to assist in the settlement of several scales for the Federal Steel company."

On being asked if there was anything new in the situation he said:

"No, there is nothing."

The signature to the amalgamated scale was received this morning from the Cleveland Hardware company, of Cleveland, Ohio. Asked whether he had made the statement attributed to him that he had set a limit to the time in which a settlement could be made without the strike being extended and that at the expiration of that time no agreement having been reached, he would order out all the Amalgamated men employed in mills controlled by the United States Steel corporation, President Shaffer replied that he had never given anybody occasion to say anything of the kind.

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GROUNDED IN MUD.

London, July 5.—An investigation of the story published by a news agency in the United States that the British transport Montfort had been wrecked off the Isle of Wight, shows that the transport grounded on a mud bottom, was floated off this morning and proceeded to Southampton without having sustained any damage.

IS STILL VERY HOT

Deaths and Prostrations Continue In the Eastern Cities.

Rain Has Afforded Temporary Relief In Some Localities.

Washington Reports No Permanent Break Yet In Sight.

Philadelphia, July 5.—There were two deaths from heat and ten prostrations reported up to 10 o'clock this morning, when the government thermometer registered 86 degrees, a rise of 6 degres since 8 o'clock. The day promises to be very uncomfortable, as the humidity registers 79 per cent.

Washington, July 5.—Today opened warm again, with the mercury standing at 86 at 10 a. m. in the thermometer at the weather bureau. This was a rise of 6 degrees in a little less than an hour and a half. The downtown thermometers, about 10 o'clock, registered 88. There is no break of a permanent character in the heat wave yet in sight in this section.

St. Louis, July 5.—At 8 a. m. the thermometer registered 86 degrees.

Kansas City, July 5.—Although the atmosphere seemed stifling, the government thermometer registered only 82 degrees at 8 a. m. The first death from heat was reported during the night.

Cleveland, July 5.—The total precipitation of rain in this city during the night was 1.54 inches. The storm was the most violent of the summer. Nearly every street car in the city, as well as the suburban roads, were tied up as the result of prostrated trolley wires or washouts. Hundreds of telephones were burned out by lightning. The telegraph companies also suffered much damage. The heavy rain caused a sharp drop in temperature, the government thermometer early today registering 75 degrees.

New York, July 5.—The weather bureau reported a temperature of eighty-five degrees at 11 a. m. This was a few degrees higher than yesterday, but a pleasant breeze from the southwest made the weather fairly comfortable.

Chicago, July 5.—Three deaths and three prostrations from heat were reported here up to 10 a. m. today. The maximum temperature up to that hour was 82. The humidity was not so high as yesterday.

Washington, July 5.—A well defined break in the hot wave has occurred in some portions of the country, but it is still very hot in most of the territory east of the Rockies. Baltimore and St. Louis, according to the official observations taken at 8 o'clock, were at that hour the hottest cities in the United States. Both recorded 84, which is 9 degrees above the average for this week of July during the past thirty years. Relief has come in New England and the temperature is below the seasonable average there. In Boston it four degrees below the normal. The hot wave has been dissipated in the states in the extreme Mississippi and middle and upper Missouri valleys, the lake Superior region and the Northern Rockies, where heavy rains have sent the mercury downward.

The seat of the hot wave is in the middle Atlantic states and in the middle Mississippi valley. At many points in this territory, the temperature this morning, ranged from six to nine degrees above normal.

No permanent relief is in sight, although thunder storms are likely to occur at any time.

FINAL MATCH

Between Canadian and Philadelphia Cricketers.

Philadelphia, July 5.—The Canadian cricketers today began their final match of the local series, meeting the Philadelphia cricket team on the grounds at Wissahickon Heights, a suburb. The visitors express disappointment over their poor showing against the Merion Cricket club. Before play began today Capt. Van Straubenscie called his men together and requested them to make a strong effort to win the last game. The rain yesterday softened the wicket considerably, and the prospects for high scoring were not good.

LORILLARD IS BETTER.

New York, July 5.—The condition of Pierre Lorillard was reported today to be slightly better than when he was taken from the steamer Deutschland to the Fifth Avenue hotel yesterday. His son-in-law, T. Suffern Taylor said that while Mr. Lorillard's condition was very serious hope of his recovery had not been given up.

Minn Hist'l Society

DELUGED

Western Michigan Struck By Cloudburst.

Floods Wash Out Five Bridges In Montana.

Grand Rapids, Mich., July 5.—Western Michigan was visited by a disastrous cloud burst early today, and the resultant damage will amount to thousands of dollars. Both the Pere Marquette and Grand Rapids & Indiana railroads are crippled north of here, and all north-bound passenger trains are obliged to make long detours, while freight traffic is paralyzed. Between here and Howard City, on the Grand Rapids & Indiana, the roadbed is washed out in a dozen places, and the Pere Marquette is in the same condition. The Grand Trunk can get no trains east on account of the washing out of a bridge at Saranac.

Dams in the Flat and Rogue rivers, north of here, have been washed out, and many mills along these streams will be idle for days. The Grand river rose three feet and six inches between 6 and 10 o'clock this morning, and is still rising rapidly. Great damage was done to fruit trees and growing crops in the Western Michigan peach belt.

St. Paul, July 5.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: Two cloud bursts, between Miles City and Wibaux, yesterday, caused floods that washed out five bridges and several dumps. Three work trains and 1000 men are repairing the damage, but traffic cannot be resumed for twenty-four or thirty-six hours. All trains are being held at Dickinson on the east and Miles City on the west end.

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BODY LYING IN STATE

The Remains of Former Governor H. S. Pingree of Michigan Viewed By Thousands at Detroit City Hall.

Detroit, July 5.—Thousands of sorrowing friends and admirers of Hazen S. Pingree, former governor of Michigan, are passing through the long corridor of the city hall today where the ex-governor's body is lying in state, amid beautiful flowers. The special car containing the bady and the party of Detroiters who went to New York to escort the remains to this city arrived here over the Michigan Central at 8:25 this morning. Detroit post, G. A. R., of which Mr. Pingree was a member, was drawn up at the station when the train arrived. The body was placed in the hearse and the cortege started through the crowded streets for the city hall. The exterior of this building was appropriately decorated with black and the national colors. The long corridor running from Fort street to Michigan avenue was banked in palms and hung with funeral black. At the center of the corridor a catalfalque had been erected, and here the casket was placed, an American flag draped over it. Two by two the citizens reverently filed by the open casket, about which a military guard of honor stood throughout the day.

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INTO TRAIN.

Buffalo Trolley Car Meets With Accident Injuring Several.

Buffalo, July 5.—A north-bound car on the Main street line, smashed into a New York Central coal train at the Jewett avenue crossing at 12:50 o'clock this morning. The car was crowded with passengers and several were injured. The condition of John Ruskey, who was hurt internally, is serious. John Herr's arm was smashed and Mrs. H. P. Blaker, of Brooklyn, had her spine injured.

The gate tender says the gates were down and that the trolley car broke through them.

ANOTHER SUICIDES.

Director of Leipsiger Bank Ends His Troubles.

Leipsig, July 5.—Another director of the Leipsiger bank, Karl Felix Schaeffer, committed suicide by shooting himself this morning. Schaeffer was also a member of the firm of Berger & Voight. This firm declares it is not affected by Schaeffer's death, as he sold his share of the business yesterday on favorable terms.

TWO KILLED.

St. Paul Postal Clerks Lose Lives In Train Wreck.

Mason City, Iowa, July 5.—At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the tender of an Iowa Central passenger train jumped the track, near Hampton, derailing the mail, baggage and smoking cars. The mail car was crushed and Postal Clerks Kendall and McKenzie, of St. Paul, were killed. Mort Heath, express messenger, was badly hurt, and J. W. Manran, baggageman, was slightly injured.

APPOINTMENTS.

President Makes Several In Different Departments.

Washington, July 5.—The president today made the following appointments:

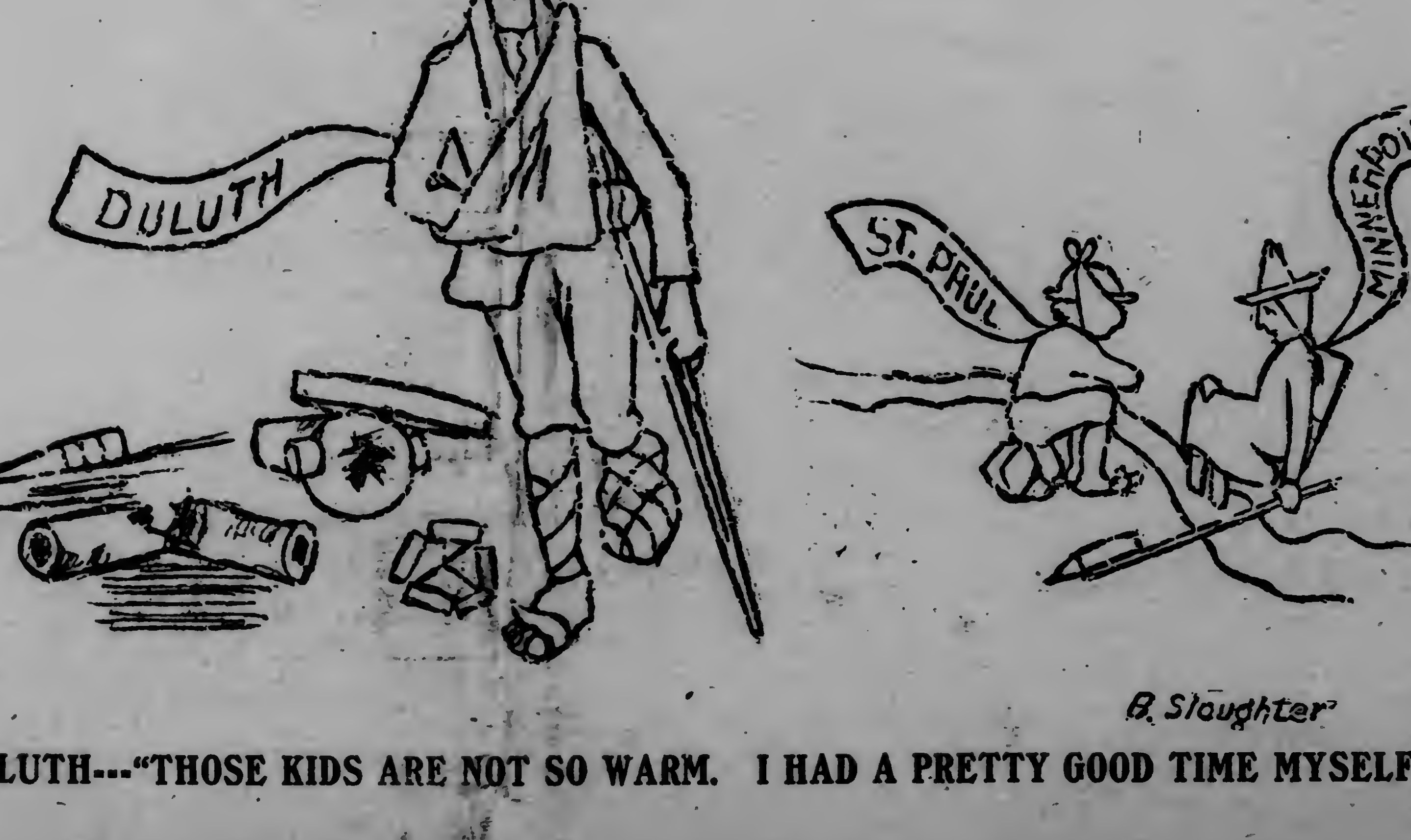
Frederick V. Martin, of Indiana, to be commissioner of immigration, port of San Juan, Porto Rico.

Jacob John Hunker, commander in the navy on the retired list.

Paul E. McDoland and Russell M. Young, assistant surgeons, rank lieutenant, junior grade, navy.

ABOUT CHRISTMAS.

The Hague, July 5.—The accouchment of Queen Wilhelmina is expected to occur about Christmas.



DULUTH---"THOSE KIDS ARE NOT SO WARM. I HAD A PRETTY GOOD TIME MYSELF."

The Stylish Straw Hats Are here

Open Saturdays Until 11 p. m.

The Great Eastern Duluth

M. S. BURROWS.

New N'gligee Shirts Arrived Today

We are exclusive sellers in Duluth of the Stein-Bloch Co., wholesale tailors' productions. The finest and most fashionable ready-to-wear Clothing made in America.

You'll have to hurry

To take advantage of this greatest of all Value-Giving Sales of MEN'S SUITS.

The Sale that all Duluth Has been talking about!

Last Chance Tomorrow— Choice of Our Two Purchases At ONE PRICE

$9.75

Suits made to sell at $16.00, $18.00 and $20.00.

Blue Serge Suits, Plaid Suits, Cheviot Suits, Worsted Suits, Cassimere Suits, Black Suits. CHOICE AT ONE PRICE.

REMORSE.

Great Quantities of It In Police Court Today.

It was a remorseful lot of men that lined up before Judge Gearhart this morning, and with aching heads tried to explain that they were trying to celebrate the Fourth in proper style, but were carried away in their enthusiasm so far as refreshments were concerned. Charles Wynberg, who was arrested early yesterday morning, pleaded guilty to the charge of drunkenness and was fined $10 or spend ten days in the county jail. Fred Nelson and Mike Mels, against whom the same charge was pending, were conspicuous by their absence and their bail of $12 each was declared forfeited. Charles Peterson, who last evening fired off cannon firecrackers, was fined $1 and costs. William Henderson was arraigned on the charge of carrying concealed weapons. He pleaded not guilty and his examination was set for this afternoon. Henderson is one of the men to whom the note from Murray and Jones, the suspects locked up yesterday, was addressed. Charles Swenson could not deny the charge of drunkenness this morning and paid $12 into the fund. James Sullivan and Paul Rusche, against whom the evidence of an intoxicated condition was overwhelming, told the court that such occasions were very rare with them and on the promise of doing better in the future they were released under suspended sentence.

On motion of the county attorney the case against John Duffy, who was charged with grand larceny in the second degree, was dismissed by Judge Gearhart this morning. John McNulty was the complaining witness, and he alleged that Duffy, the clerk at a Lake avenue saloon, had taken his money while he, Duffy, was asleep. Hardly had Duffy been released by the sheriff this morning, when he was served with garnishee papers, taken out by McNulty. Detective Troyer has some $60 that was taken from Duffy when he was arrested and this is the sum that the plaintiff has garnisheed. The amount that McNulty claimed to have lost was but $30.

Arthur Carr, carrying the remnants of a jag secured last evening, was arrested by Sergt. Thompson this morning and will be arraigned as soon as he sobers up.

Reduced Fares to Cincinnati

Will be in effect via Pennsylvania Short Lines from Chicago July 5, 6 and 7, account of Christian Endeavor convention. Round trip, $8 from Chicago. Trains leave Chicago Union station at 10 a. m. and 8:40 p. m., running solid to Cincinnati. Write or wire H. R. Dering, A. G. P. agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for tickets and parlor and sleeping car reservations.

$45.00 Round Trip to Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Pacific Coast Points

VIA GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Tickets first class and good until Aug. 31. Only $50 to San Francisco and return. On sale July 6 to 13, inclusive. For details of these cheap Pacific coast excursions call at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

OFFICIALS.

Northern Pacific Party Making Inspection of Terminals.

A party of the prominent officials of the Northern Pacific Railway company arrived this morning from St. Paul on an inspection trip. In the party were W. G. Pierce, the new general manager, who succeeded former Second Vice President J. W. Kendrick, General Superintendent M. C. Kimberly and Assistant Chief Engineer W. L. Darling. This is General Manager Pierce's first official visit to the head of the lakes.

Accompanied by Superintendent Brown, the party has been going over the Northern Pacific terminals in Duluth and Superior today. Some days ago there appeared in the papers an Associated Press dispatch to the effect that General Superintendent Kimberly would soon accept a position with the Atchison road with whom Mr. Kendrick is now associated, but he refused to confirm the report. Mr. Kimberly is not saying anything for publication, regarding the matter.

THE CLERK'S REPORT.

Earnings of District Court In June.

The report for June of J. P. Johnson, clerk of the district court, has been filed with the county board and it shows total earnings of $539.75, divided as follows: Certificates, $73.85; sundries, $32.40; civil cases, $165.35; criminal cases, $21.15; naturalization papers, $39; marriage licenses, $208. Of the total, $45.60 represents work done for te county, for which there is no collection. Since the fee system was abolished it has been the custom to charge up the work done for the county in order that the office may get proper credit for what it does. But as the fees go to the county there is no transfer of money. This item in the monthly reports of the office have led some people, strange as it may seem, to think that the clerk was not very rapid in making his collections from the county. There is no collection for work done for the county.

Lakeside Company Meets.

The annual meeting of the Lakeside Land company was held today in the office of the company in room 303, Lonsdale building. The stockholders elected the following directors: J. D. Ensign, R. Haines, C. H. Graves, W. C. Sargent and J. B. Greenfield. Following the election of directors, all of whom succeed themselves, the board re-elected the following officers of the company: William C. Sargent, president; J. B. Greenfield, secretary and treasurer.

If You Enjoy Life While Traveling

The congenial parties which gather in the cafe club car or in the observation parlor of the Pennsylvania Limited may include some of your friends. If they are partial to highest standard traveling facilities, you will surely find them on the limited, for this train is a favorite with the best class of travelers. It leaves Chicago 5:30 p. m. daily on 24-hour run to New York. Learn about its comforts by arranging with H. R. Dering, A. G. P. agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, for your next trip East on this train.

MORE TOWNS APPEAL.

Want County to Pay Smallpox Bills.

Three more appeals from the action of the county board in refusing to pay the expenses of range towns and villages in caring for smallpox cases have been made to the district court. The village of Hibbing had a claim of $5406.90, the township of Missabe Mountain has a claim of $3037.89; and the township of Stuntz had a claim of $515.16, all of which were turned down by the board of county commissioners. Similar action by the board in a number of other bills have been followed by appeals, and the district court at the next term will be asked to pass on the question of whether the county has to reimburse the cities, towns and villages for their expenses. So far the city of Duluth has not presented a bill for its smallpox expenses.

John P. Morrow represents the towns and villages that have appealed.

FEW STRUCK.

Attempt to Extend Strike to St. Louis Not Successful.

St. Louis, July 5.—Striking freight handlers from East St. Louis today attempted to extend the strike to this city, owing to the action of the railroad officials in billing freight through to avoid the blockade on the East Side. The attempt was not a success. So far as known only about 300 men, employed in the North St. Louis freight houses on the river front, went out.

When the strikers marched into the Cupples station district and made a demand around the Missouri Pacific and 'Frisco freight houses, they were dispersed by the police.

Imported negroes were put to work on the East Side today by the Illinois Central and met no interference. Small forces also were at work in the Alton and Mobile & Ohio.

STRONG FAILURE

Caused By Closing of the Sturgis Bank.

Mansfield, Ohio, July 5.—Lyman A. Strong, of the Strong Elevator company, member of the grain firm of Strong & Lauk, of Buoyrus, and a heavy dealer in wool, today filed a deed of assignment in the probate court, to Attorney McWeldon and S. B. Leiter. The failure is attributed to the closing of the Sturgis bank. No schedule was filed, but the assets are estimated at $60,000.

SOAKED BY RAIN.

Excessive Rainfall May Injure the Crops.

St. Paul, July 5.—Last night the entire Northwest was soaked by a heavy rain, 4.06 inches of water falling at Moorhead, Minn., 3.97 at Lisbon, N. D., and lesser amounts elsewhere excessive. Excessive rains may hurt crops and farmers hope for some hot dry weather from this time on. Warren, Minn., suffered considerably from a cloudburst and damage to crops and property is also reported at Fergus Falls and other points.

Increases human energy, makes soldiers of weak men. The world has little pity for a man who having lost his grip does not regain it by taking Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. Ask your druggist.

IS TO BE CLOSED

Woman's Hospital Is to Continue No Longer.

Present Quarters Outgrown and New One Cannot Be Had.

Record of the Hospital During Seven Years Existence.

After seven years of quiet, thorough work, the Woman's hospital on East First street is to be closed. The work has outgrown its present quarters and no other building can be found to rent. In view of the fact that Duluth is building one hospital at present, it was thought unwise to try to solicit funds for another building. The lack of a building suitable for progressive hospital work is the only reason for closing an institution that is so well established and so much needed.

During the seven years' existence of the hospital it has done valuable work and has made a record that it can leave with pride. Some of the facts and statistics connected with the institution will be of interest at this time, and they have been prepared by the board of directors, consisting of: Mrs. W. C. Agnew, president; Mrs. T. W. Hoopes, vice president; Mrs. J. T. Hale, secretary and treasurer; Mrs. C. F. Leland, Mrs. S. H. Rothermel and Mrs. H. C. Crawford.

The Women's hospital was opened in December, 1893, and was incorporated in November, 1898. From December, 1893, to April 1, 1901, 816 women and children have been admitted to the hospital. Of these there were 357 medical cases, 172 surgical cases, 252 obstetrical cases and 53 unfortunate women have been cared for.

The growth has been steady. In 1893-94 69 patients were admitted. Last year there were 132 patients. In the seven years there have been 28 deaths. The benefits of the institution have been distributed among all nationalities, and all forms of religious belief have been represented among the inmates. There have been: Lutherans, 150; Methodists, 73; Presbyterians 68; Episcopalians, 55; Catholics, 86; Congregationalists, 15; Baptists, 33; Unitarians, 4; Jewish, 15; unclassified, 327. The management is not sectarian.

The income from patients and a small monthly donation from the city not being sufficient to maintain the hospital, the association has been obliged to supplement this by about $500 a year. This has been done by means of entertainments, subscriptions and association dues ($1 per year). Such money has been used for hospital appliances, for charity, and for making good the usual losses due to uncollected accounts. The charity work done cannot be computed, but the books of the hospital show 800 days' charity work, or an average of 114 days for each year of the hospital's existence.

The hospital has been sustained and managed by a small number of women who have given much time and labor to the task, and it is with much regret that they find themselves forced to give up the work.

'East Lynne'

Sixth Avenue Theater Tonight.

ABROGATED.

Contract For Public Building at St. Cloud Is Annulled.

Washington, July 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor abrogated the contract the government had entered into with Davis, Larkin & Co., of Chicago, for the construction of the public building at St. Cloud, and new specifications will be drawn calling for a fireproof structure and proposals solicited by the customary advertisement. The abrogation of the contract with Davis, Larkin & Co. was caused by an inability on the part of the government and the contractors to reach an agreement as to an equitable amount to "fireproof" the proposed building.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

WITH A CLUB.

Missouri Farmer Kills His Two Neighbors.

Albany, Mo., July 5.—E. A. McConkey, farmer, today killed John Bryant and his son with a club. The Bryants were neighbors. McConkey then attempted suicide, but is still alive. Temporary insanity, induced by the heat, is supposed to have caused the tragedy.

STATE OF SIEGE.

Censorship Established at Buenos Ayres.

New York, July 5.—The Western Telegraph company is advised that the Argentine congress has declared Buenos Ayres in a state of siege for six months, and has established a censorship on all messages thereto.

Eight Trains to Buffalo

From Chicago daily, via Lake Shore & Michigan Southern railway, including two new ones just placed in service, leaving Chicago 3:00 and 8:30 p. m., and reaching Buffalo the next morning at 6:50 and 10:30 respectively. New Pittsburg service-through sleeper from Chicago at 10:35 p. m., reaching Pittsburg 11:15 the next morning. Low rate Pan-American and Tourist tickets now on sale. Send 4 cents in stamps for interesting printed matter. W. B. Hutter, N. W. P. A., St. Paul, Minn. F. M. Byron, G. W. A., Chicago.

WORK BEGINS.

Contractors Tearing Up Superior Street This Afternoon.

It was the contractors, Watterworth & Fee, who took the initial step toward the repaving of Superior street. The street railway company had notified the city engineer that it would be ready to tear up its tracks at Third avenue east this morning, but the company did not live up to its agreement. City Engineer Patton telephoned Manager Warren this morning that the company was expected to begin its work, and he said work would begin this afternoon if the weather permitted the teams to go to work. The teams had not put in an appearance at 2 o'clock this afternoon, however. Several men and a team employed by the contractors began tearing up tre old paving blocks on the lower side of Superior street at Third avenue east shortly after the dinner hour. The men were using a plow to rip up the blocks, but progres was very slow.

DECISIVE

Victory For Shamrock I Over the New Cup Challenger.

Rothesay, Firth of Clyde, July 5.—In a fair trial today, and a smart breeze, the Shamrock I beat the Shamrock II by over 200 yards in three miles and turn to windward. This is the older yacht's most decisive victory over the cup challenger.

AWAITING CASSINI

In Relation to Retaliatory Tariff Duties.

Washington, July 5.—Mr. De Wollant, the charge of the Russian ebassy here, today called at the state department and, in behalf of his government, formally acknowledged the reecipt of Secretary Hay's note respecting the imposition by Russia of retaliatory tariff duties. The Russian note is understood to be indefinite in terms, the principal purpose being to keep the issue between the two governments in its present condition until Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, arrives at St. Petersburg and has had an opportunity to confer with the foreign office officials. There is, however, an earnest expression of desire on the part of Russia to cultivate the warmest relations with the United States, not only politically but commercially and industrially.

DIED AT SAMAR.

Iowa Soldier Succumbs to Dysentery Attack.

Washington, July 5.—Acting Adjt. Gen. Ward today received a cable message from Gen. Chaffee saying that Lieut. Charles McClure, Jr., Thirtieth infantry, died at Cartbalogan, Samar, Philippines, on the 1st inst., of dysentery. Lieut. McClure was a son of Col. Charles McClure, pay department, and a grandson of Gen. George W. Getty, U. S. A., retired. He was born at Sioux City, Iowa, June 10, 1877, and was appointed a second lieutenant in the army from civil life June 1, 1899.

TO CONFER WITH MORGAN.

Cleveland, July 5.—Senator Hanna will leave here late this afternoon for New York. It is reported that he will hold a conference with J. P. Morgan in the latter city, relative to the formation of the big soft coal combination.

FIRE FIGHTER ILL.

Cleveland, July 5.—Ex-Chief J. W. Dickinson, of the Cleveland fire department, one of the oldest and best known fire fighters in the country, lies critically ill at his home in this city from apoplexy, suffered yesterday. Chief Dickinson was retired about a year ago owing to poor health.

CROWN PRINCE FREDERICK.

Copenhagen, July 5.—In the absence of King Christian, the Crown Prince Frederick today received Commander John M. Hawley, of the United States training ship Hartford. They had a long and cordial conversation.

ENGLISH CRICKET.

London, July 5.—Oxford was all out today, in the first innings for 336 runs, in the annual cricket match with Cambridge, which began yesterday at Lords. Cambridge was all out yesterday, in the first innings for 325 runs.

WARM AT CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 5.—At noon the temperature was 88 and one more death and two prostrations had been reported. At 1 p. m. the thermometer was 90 and one more death was reported.

PENSION GRANTED.

Washington, July 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following pensions have been granted: Original—Frank Monika, of Main Prairie, $6. Increase—Barnes Beckwith, of St. Francis, $8.

APPLICATION DISMISSED.

Paterson, N. J., July 5.—Vice Chancellor Emery today dismissed the application for a rule to show cause why the order confirming the sale of the Rogers' Locomotive works, at Paterson, to the Smith-Holran syndicate should not be reopened.

ENGLISH WARSHIPS.

London, July 5.—In the house of commons today Arnold Forster, the secretary of the admiralty, announced that the year's shipbuilding program includes three battleships of a new improved class, six cruisers of the Monmouth class and ten improved torpedo boat destroyers.

NEWMARKET RACES.

London, July 5.—King Courier (Maher), won the Ellesmere stakes at the Newmarket first July meet today. Saka came in second, and Frank Gardner's Encimbe (J. Martin) finished third. Sister Angela (J. Martin), won a welter handicap of 200 sovereigns. Game Chick (L. Reiff) won the Princess cup. Scottish Anchor (Maher) second and Halo, third.

COL SCOTT DEAD.

New York, July 5.—Col. Julian Scott, the well-known artist, is dead at his home in Plainfield, N. J. Col. Scott was born at Johnson, Vt., Feb. 15, 1846.

$17.00 Buffalo and Return

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Ry. account Pan-American Exposition. Tickets on sale every day and a train every day from Duluth Union Depot at 7:00 p. m. Let us plan your trip via popular rail and lake routes.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

$17.00 Buffalo and Return

Via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, account Pan-American Exposition. Tickets on sale every day and a train every day from Duluth, Union depot, at 7:00 p. m. Let us plan your trip, via popular rail and lake routes.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

HE WANTS A CHANGE

Edward McCue Objects to Agricultural Society's Receiver.

He Charges Mr. Scovill With Incompetence and Negligence

Asks His Removal and Appointment of New Man.

Edward McCue, one of the creditors of the St. Louis County Agricultural society, is dissatisfied with the present receiver, and he has applied to the district court for a change in a very decided manner. His petition for the change, which is drawn up by his attorney, S. L. Smith, formerly city attorney, has been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court.

He charges that the present receiver, Josiah B. Scovill, is "incompetent, inefficient and negligent, and wholly unfitted to perform the duties of his office; that though requested by the court, and particularly by a judge thereof, he has neglected and refused to make a proper or any report of his doings as receiver; that he has collected moneys to the amount of $200, which he retains and fails to report to the court or account for, and which have not been applied to the payment of claims against the society, and that he has failed and neglected to collect or attempt to collect other moneys due the society, which moneys petitioner is advised are due and collectable."

Continuing his charges, Mr. McCue avers that the receiver could have rented the grounds and buildings and made several hundreds of dollars out of it, but that he negligently permitted divers persons to use the grounds and buildings without compensation, and that meantime he has wrongfully expended moneys to keep the fences and track in repair. Mr. McCune also charges that the receiver has negligently permitted a default judgment for rent to be entered against the society, without any investition, protest or defense.

He asks that the receiver be removed and some competent person be appointed to fill the place, and that Receiver Scovill be required to account to the court for his doings. The matter will come up in special term of district court tomorrow morning, a note of issue having been filed.

The complaint about the judgments refers to the fact that Henry W. Wheeler, the owner of the grounds, recently got judgment for $1000 for rent against the society, together with an order for the sale of the buildings to pay the rent.

A DESOLATE PLACE

Is the Imperial City Shorn of Its Glamour.

Seldom has a population had to suffer so severely for the sins of its rulers as the misguided people of Northern China. I have seen countries devastated by war during the Franco-German struggle and during the Russian campaign in the Balkans, writes the Pekin correspondent of the London Times, but none presented such a scene of desolation as the region traversed by the railway between the mouth of the Pei-ho and Peking. It is, of course, in many cases, difficult to distinguish between the destruction wrought by the Boxers and the Chinese troops and that inflicted by the allied forces, and, as far as the latter are concerned, allowance must be made both for the legitimate exigencies of warfare and for the natural tendency toward reprisals which a conflict with a barbarous foe is bound to stimulate. Yet it cannot, I fear, be denied that our vaunted civilization has little reason to be proud of the mark which it has left on Northern China in the last year of the nineteenth century. Not that the Chinese themselves have any right to standards, they have been treated, on the whole, with a leniency they can hardly understand, but those are not the standards which Wsetern nations nave set up for themselves. From the mouth of the Pei-ho to Tien-Tsin, and from Tien-Tsin half way, at least, to Peking, not a single village, not a single house has been spared. It was formerly one of the most prosperous districts in Northern China; a fertile agricultural district cultivated with all the patience and industry of the Chinese peasant, who found in the neighboring cities of Tien-Tsin and Peking a ready market for his produce. In normal times it would at this season have been covered with winter crops ready to burst forth into fruit at the first approach of spring. Today it is a wilderness. Not a furrow breaks the monotony of the drab-colored waste. The once busy roads over which long strings of heavy Chinese carts and beasts of burden plowed their way unceasingly from market to market are deserted, the once crowded villages are empty. The whol population seems to have disappeared, save the coolies actually impressed into the service of the allied forces. As one nears Peking the desolation grows less intense.

To the right and to the left, especially as one approaches Chien Men, great gaps in the formerly unbroken array of gaudy shopfronts and quaint signboards which lined the long thoroughfare on either side show the ravages of fire during the troubles, one of the greatest conflagrations in the Chinese city having been kindled in the early days by the Boxers themselves, who imagined that their tutelary deities would not allow the flames to spread beyond the solitary European drug shop which they had doomed to destruction. The great tower surmounting the Chien Men has itself disappeared, and, as one passes through the central archway, formerly opened only for imperial processions, the long vista of open gateways, through which the eye plunges almost into the heart of the Forbidden City, brings home to him with startling suddenness the measure of the blow that has been dealt to the pride of the Celestial Empire. If for a moment I had a feeling as of profanation at the reading of the veil which, during my former visit to Peking, invested with a weird fascination the mysterious life concealed behind those portals, that feeling quickly passed away when, turning off into the Legation Quarter, I was brought face to face with the visible results of the conspiracy hatched behind the pink walls of the imperial palace.

Today it is chiefly in the imperial palaces that one can measure the lengths to which some of our allies have gone in this direction. In the Summer Palace, the most beautiful of all the imperial residences, and, indeed, the only one that can be called beautiful, an Indian sentry mounts guard over the single chamber in which the British authorities have stared for safety the few articles of inferior value left behind them by the Russians after they had packed off all the priceless treasures accumulated by the Dowager Empress. The winter palace, now occupied by Copnt Waldersee and the German headquarters staff, has been stripped equally bare, and in the Forbidden City the great bronze lions and peacocks in the courtyards, a few of the sacrifical vessels in the temples, and a number of European clocks in the private apartments are all that is left of its movable adornments. In one of the small rooms occupied by the emperor one curious relic has, however, been overlooked, which ought to have had a peculiar interest for the Russians. It is a piece of silver plate, representing Russia the Liberator restoring freedom to the Bulgarian people. It was originally made by order of the czar Alexander III. for presentation to the Sobranye at Sofia, but before its completion Prince Alexander at Battenberg had lost favor in the eyes of his imperial kinsman, and the gift was never forwarded to its contemplated destination. But in 1897 an opportunity was at last found of putting it to a new use, when Prince Ukhtomsky was sent out with presents from the czar to the Son of Heaven. The date and inscription were altered, and, though many of the Bulgarian accessories still betrayed its identity, it was passed on to the emperor of China as a suggestive representation of Russia the Liberator restoring to him the Leao-tong Peninsula! If the Emperor Kwang Hsu has any sense of humor he must have appreciated the grimness of the joke when Russia the Liberator relieved him a few months later of all further anxiety about the future destinies of Leao-tong.

Many and great are the outward and visible changes which at once strike the eye of any one who knew Peking in the old days, but there is another and more subtle change less easy to describe. Shorn of all the mystery which hung about it, the glamour of Peking seems to stand out absolutely naked and unashamed. Formerly, for instance, there was at least a suggestion of exotic grandeur in the stately outline of halls and temples and the occasional shimmer of yellow tiles through the trees, which the walls of the Forbidden City allowed to the "outer barbarian" from the Tartar walls. Omne ignotum pro magnifico. Now its inmost sanctuaries have been laid bare. The treasures of bygone centuries which may have lent some of that glamour are gone. The barbaric gaudiness of the very throne room itself is overlaid with the accumulated filth of generations; scabs, cobwebs and birds' nests disfigure the painted ceilings. The same atmosphere of dirt, discomfort and neglect pervades the private apartments of the Emperor and dowager empress and the dilapidated temples and halls. The foul and tattered robes of the few eunuchs who are left to wander about the imperial palaces are only less offensive than their countenances. Sturdy weeds have grown up between the flags of the spacious courtyards, and pools of fetid water lurk beneath the marble bridges of ornamental streams. Here and there a magnificent array of cloisonne of the Ming dynasty or the painted fretwork of a shrine serves only to heighten by force of contrast the general sense of desolation.

RATHBUN'S

The Busy Grocery.
20 East Superior St.
Both phones 656. Simon Clark, Mgr.

SATURDAY SPECIALS

Sweet Young Pig Hams, Sugar Cured —per lb—
12 cents

New Laid Eggs, direct from farmers —2 dozen—
25 cents

Kirks' Laundry Soap—10 bars—
25 cents

6-lb Boxes Best Laundry Starch—each—
35 cents

3-lb Can Java and Mocha Coffee, rich and delicious flavor—per can—
85 cents

High Grade Corn, Peas and Tomatoes—3 cans—
25 cents

Strawberries, Raspberries, Blueberries, Blackberries, Cherries, Gooseberries, Gem Melons, Watermelons at right prices.

Best Table Butter, exquisite flavor—per lb—
25 cents

Home Grown Vegetables in abundance at popular prices.

Honey Sweet Peas—3 quarts —
10 cents

White Crisp Celery—4 heads—
10 cents

Home Grown Cabbage—per head—
5 cents

Blueberries—2 boxes—
25 cents

Salt Water Herrings, the right kind—3 lbs—
25 cents

Evaporated Peaches—4 lbs—
25 cents

CALIFORNIA PEACHES, PLUMS AND APRICOTS.

Best Quality Ceylon Tea, in bulk—per lb—
50 cents

RATHBUN'S.

Bon-Ton Bakery
and Candy Kitchen.
25 West Superior St.

Home Baking and Candy Making.

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon Bons—per box	25c
Assorted Nongates—per lb	25c
Assorted Buttercups—per lb	25c
Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb	25c
Assorted Cream Patties, any color or flavor, made to order, a specialty—per lb	25c

We have a large assortment of Candies in fancy boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

Cream Puffs—per doz	25c
Lady Locks—per dozen	10c
Almont & Cocoanut Macaroone, doz.	10c

WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES.

Summer Excursion Rates Via Eastern Minnesota Ry.

One fare for the round trip to Grand Rapids, Deer River, Cass Lake and Bemidji, good going Friday and Saturday, returning Monday. Tickets good returning until Oct. 31 as follows: Grand Rapids, $3.90; Deer River, $4.50; Cass Lake, $6.05; Bemidji, $6.35. City ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, corner Spalding hotel.

You can rent houses, stores, offices or rooms by means of a Herald want ad.

THE SHOTS ARE HERE

Ninth Annual Tournament of Gun Club Is On.

Hughes of Palmyra, Wis., Leads in First Five Events.

Thirty-Six Entered in the Tournament--- The Scores.

The ninth annual tournament of the Central Gun club of this city commenced this morning and will last through tomorrow. Thirty-six contestants entered for the average prizes, of which there are thirty, running in amounts from $5 to $15. Twenty events of fifteen targets each will be shot, ten during each day.

All professionals and manufacturers' agents residing outside the state of Minnesota are not allowed to share in the division of the money.

Among those here from outside are: Charles Thompson, F. W. Ramaley, Morrison, Novotney, Highhouse, Dr. Wilkinson, of St. Paul; J. M. Hughes, Palmyra, Wis.; Dr. Allen, Staples; Hirschy, Campbell, Minneapolis; J. C. Pope, Mora; Cox, Detroit, Mich.; Brownell, Ely; Seymour, Grand Forks; Trent, Reichert, Long Prairie; Robbins, Fargo; J. C. Marsh, Marshfield, Wis.; Eugene New, Floodwood.

Up to 2:30 this afternoon five events had been shot. Hughes, of Palmyra, Wis., leads with 73 points out of a possible 75. Dr. Day comes second with 72, while Storey has 71. Several men have 70 to their credit, and although some of the men have not come up to the standard that they were expected, some very good shooting was done during the day. The names of the men with their totals for the first five events follow:

Morrison	69
Wilkinson	68
Smith	69
Novotney	60
Thompson	67
Highouse	66
Ramaley	70
Marsh	69
Bird	68
Brownell	63
Catamaran	67
Raymond	58
French	64
Reichert	53
Trent	70
Hirschy	69
Seymour	68
Robbins	70
Sprague	65
Allen	70
Kennedy	66
Berry	67
New	62
Adams	56
Hughes	73
Day	72
Thomas	60
Fulton	68
Graham	66
Storey	71
Lowe	44
Sellon	58
Nelson	68
Cox	66
Pastoret	54

Yesterday afternoon in practice Morrison, of St. Paul, scored 200 straight.

FIREWORKS

Display Will Be Given Tomorrow or Monday Evening.

The display of fireworks that was to have been set off last night, and that was not set off for very good and sufficient reasons, will probably be given tomorrow night—weather permitting—at the place and hour advertised for last night. That is, 8:30 o"clock in the evening, at Thirteenth avenue and London road.

The reason for this is that it takes some time to set up the display preparatory to lighting it, and the weather indications point to unsettled weather until tomorrow. Of course there is a chance that it may be still unsettled tomorrow, and in that event another postponement will take place. But the members of the committee thought that it would be better to take chances on tomorrow night than tonight, for even if tonight was favorable overhead, it would still be wet and muddy under foot.

There has, however, been a protest on the part of many of the merchants who donated sums toward purchasing the fireworks against having the display on Saturday night, as they do not think that evening the best time. The stores will be open then, and the merchants say that neither themselves, employes or customers will be able to see the display.

The merchants wish the event postponed until Monday evening. Mayor Hugo said this noon that in view of the protest by the merchants and the damp weather of today, it was probable that the fireworks would go over until Monday night. He says that it will take two hours and a half to finish the display and that the people will want to sit down. He is in favor of waiting until the ground dries out a little, which he believes it will by Monday night.

Members of the committee regret very much that it was impossible to give the display while the visitors were in the city, but it would have been utterly impossible to give it last night and even if it is clear tonight, as to which nobody can say till tonight comes, it could not be given at the best advantage.

The horse races postponed yesterday afternoon, will be held at the driving park tomorrow afternoon if the weather permits. The purses hung up will be made up from the gate receipts. A balloon ascension will take place at the driving park tomorrow afternoon.

Diphtheria relieved in twenty minutes. Almost miraculous. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

Twilight Limited.

Avoid the heat and dust of the midday by taking the "Twilight Limited" over "The Northwestern Line" for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater. This train of fame leaves Duluth daily at 4:30 p. m. and arrives at destination at early bed time. Without question it is the most pelasant train from Duluth to the Twin Cities.

THE POLICE COURT.

Large Grist of Cases For Disposal.

There was a full calendar of cases to be disposed of in Judge Gearhart's court this afternoon, nearly all of the cases having been put over from yesterday, when very little was attempted in the way of meting out justice. James Smith and Nellie Murray against whom a disreputable charge was made, entered a plea of not guilty yesterday and will have an examination this afternoon.

John Duffy the young man charged with grand larceny in the second degree plead not guilty and thus far has withstood the best efforts of the "official pump." His companion in the alleged crime, Tom Ryan, was arrested shortly before noon today by Officer Mork, and a warrant similar to that against Duffy will be issued. It is claimed that Duffy held a man while Ryan went through his pockets. The complaining witness had not sobered up enough this morning to give a very clear account of himself.

Harry Thomas will be examined this afternoon on the charge of disorderly conduct. James Folton, who is charged with seriously cutting up the cook at the Crystal restaurant on the night of July 3, is also scheduled for an examination. Folton claims that he is not guilty. He says that the cook and another man had him down and were kicking him in the side when his arrest was made. Frank Jones, the man picked up by Detective Troyer at the morning train yesterday, plead guilty to carrying concealed weapons and will be sentenced this afternoon. A charge of simple assault was entered against Harry Franklin who is said to have thrown down and beaten a newsboy. In police court yesterday Franklin plead not guilty and his examination was set for this afternoon. Mrs. Abrahamson, charged with drunkenness, plead guilty and will have punishment doled out to her this afternoon.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelley's hat hospital for sick hats.

If you smoke a "Tom Reed" you smoke the best cigar on the market.

The death of Alvin C. Johnson, of 719 East Fourth street, was reported at the health office this morning. The deceased was the eight-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Johnson and died of pneumonia, July 2. The burial will take place at Park Hill cemetery.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Mathew R. Steele and Leona Fisher, of Douglas county; Charles Jornson and Annie Anderson, John Smith, of Bayfield, and Annie Nyquist, and to Loyal S. Smith and Amanda Smith.

County Auditor Halden continued the forfeited tax sale this morning, and at noon adjourned it to tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. It can be finished up then, but probably it will be held open to Monday, in order to be sure that it is properly and finally cleaned up.

When completely fagged out drink Weiss Beer.

Poor support of Staub is given as the reason for the second defeat of Duluth's ball team at the hands of Ashland yesterday afternoon by the score of 8 to 2. Staub pitched a good game but a superabundance of errors caused the defeat. Augustine pitched for Ashland and put up a good game.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Scott, of Waseca, Minn., are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Goodman, 1515 East Superior street.

Henry Bostwick leaves today on the steamer Samuel Mitchell, for the Pan-American exposition.

Misses Edith and Marion Bostwick returned on Wednesday from an extended trip in the East.

Albert Sanderson, Nephew of Mrs. J. H. Sharpe, has gone to Harvard, Mich., on a visit of two weeks.

Miss Clara Meining, of 217 Second avenue east, and Miss Emma Dagenhart, of Chicago, left yesterday afternoon for a trip down the lakes to Buffalo.

N. A. Eddy and Charles A. Eddy, of Bay City, are in the city.

Francis B. Clarke, of St. Paul, was in the city yesterday.

L. U. C. Titus, of Grand Marais, came down from the north shore today.

E. W. Bird, of Fairmount, Minn., is a business visitor in the city today.

Captain Thomas Shilford, of Cleveland, was among the marine men that called in the city today.

F. S. Colvin, of Biwabik, is a guest of the St. Louis today.

M. C. Helmer, of Iron River, Wis., is in the city this afternoon.

E. W. Cummings, of Tower, was among the morning arrivals in the city.

Mrs. C. W. Miller, of Virginia, was a visitor here today.

Neil L. Clark, of Two Harbors, is a business caller here today.

William Allen arrived in the city from Tower this morning.

John A. Jacobs, of Washburn, is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Hoyt and Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Goodrich, of Milwaukee, Wis., are visiting in the city.

George M. Brush, traveling passenger agent of the Eastern Minnesota road, went to St. Paul yesterday.

Superintendent Frasier, of the city schools at Little Falls, Minn., has arrived in Duluth to take up his work in connection with the summer school which begins next Monday. Mr. Frasier was formerly the principal of the Nelson-Dewey school at West Superior. Last year he had charge of the schools at Waterville, Minn.

E. J. Longyear, of Hibbing, was among the range visitors here today.

J. E. Jerome, of Crookston, is in the city today to attend court.

Ernest Birchall, of St. Paul, is in the city today as a witness in the Burrows case in municipal court.

Mrs. Fred Barker and daughter, Helen, of Presque Isle, Maine, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Preston.

PLAYED AT TOWER.

Freimuth Nine Is Defeated 5 to 0.

The Freimuth baseball nine went to Tower to play yesterday and while they were defeated they played a great game and had a fine time. The weather was beautiful there and the Tower people treated them handsomely. The Duluth men failed to score, while the Tower men managed to get in five runs. The game abounded in brilliant plays and there were many sensational incidents that set the crowd wild. Taylor, the Tower left fielder, took the honors, however, gathering in a difficult fly just at the fence and shutting out three runs. The team lined up as follows:

Duluth.		Tower.
Robinson	Catcher	Sullivan
Young	Pitcher	O'Connor
McSorley	First base	Lackey
Van Coutren	Second base	Forger
Dennis	Third base	Winchester
Carroll	Shortstop	Hickey
Rocklin	Right field	McDonald
Medley	Center field	Oppel
Armstead	Left field	Taylor

Struck out by Young, 8; by O'Connor, 12. Base hits off Young, 7; off O'Connor, 4. Bases on balls by Young, 0; by O'Connor, 7. Errors, Freimuth, 4; Tower, 3. Earned runs, Freimuth, 0; Tower, 2.

Suit on an Order.

The case of M. S. Burrows against the Western Union Telegraph company is having a jury trial in municipal court today and will probably go to the jury this afternoon. Mr. Burrows sues the defendant company to recover $50, and interest on it at 6 per cent, from October 9, 1900. His complaint alleges that on October 8, 1900, G. E. Fletcher, local office manager for the Western Union company, issued an order on the American Exchange bank for $50, that the order was transferred to the plaintiff and when presented to the bank for payment the telegraph company refused payment. J. B. Richards is arguing the case for the plaintiff, while the defendant company is represented by H. F. Greene and Thomas S. Woods.

The Herald is the business man's paper, because it gives him the latest news—the news of today, not yesterday. Hence, to reach him, advertise in The Herald.

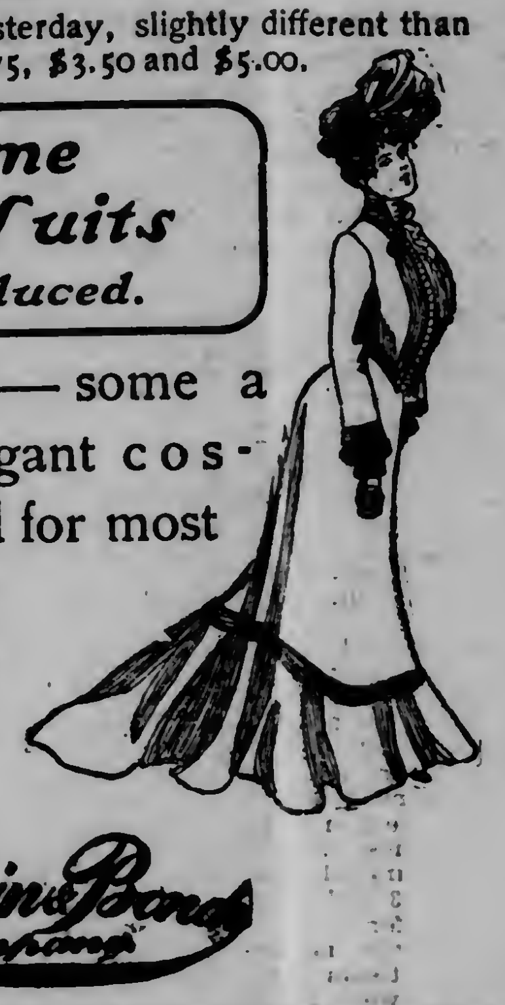
SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

$8 and $7 Beautiful Hats at $5.00
$10 and $12 Beautiful Hats $6.50

Any woman who appreciates style in Headgear cannot afford to overlook these beautiful Hats at present prices.

New Shirt Waist Hats.

Some late arrivals came yesterday, slightly different than some of the earlier effects—$2.75, $3.50 and $5.00.



Handsome Tailored Suits
Very much reduced.

Some a third less — some a fourth less. All elegant costumes, that are good for most any occasion. Reduced in price for quick clearance.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY. | SILBERSTEIN & BONDY COMPANY.

$1.75, $1.50 and $1.25 Cotton and Linen Shirt Waists 95 Cents.
$3.50, $2.50 and $2 Fine Colored Shirt Waists $1.50.

The balance of certain lots to be closed out—every one of them high class and from the best shirt waist workers in America—the time to buy them is now—practically at the beginning of Duluth's summer.

Wash Skirts of Linen and Pique at a Third and a Half Former Prices.

All of our $1.25 and $1.00 Wash Skirts at 75c.
All of our pique and linen $1.75 and $1.50 kinds at 95c.
All of our fancy trimmed pique skirts—denims embroidered with white braid—and grass linen with white braid trimmings—that have sold for $3.50, $3.00, $2.50 and $2.00 at $1.75.

Etons and Box Coats at Half

From $7.50 to $3.75.
From $15.00 to $7.50.
From $10.00 to $5.00.
From $20.00 to $10.00.
Tucked Taffeta Jackets included.

No use being without a coat these "changeable" days and evenings, when so very little will buy a stylish one. The stock is being rapidly reduced—so we advise early selections.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

CABINET

Devoted Two Hours to Discussion of Minor Matters.

Washington, July 5.—The cabinet was in session about two hours today and devboted the time largely to minor postal matters. Postmaster General Smith explained how the revenues of the postal service were being kept at a point far below what they otherwise would be but for the fact that under the present classification, a large number of periodicals are being handled at a rate of 1 cent a pound, which is a great financial loss to the service. It is his purpose to modify the regulations so as to compel this class of publication to pay 8 cents a pound instead of one as now. This new regulation, it is said, will be issued in a few days.

Secretary Hitchcock stated, after the cabinet meeting, that the proclamation opening for settlement the Wichita, Kiowa and Comanche lands in Oklahoma will be given to the press for publication next Monday morning. The date for the opening will not be announced until that time.

To Recover For Ore.

The Iron Belt Mining company of Wisconsin has brought suit against the Duluth Furnace company in the United States court to recover $13,600 alleged to be due as damages by reason of the failure of the defendant to carry out a contract for the purchase of ore. The plaintiff claims to own mines in the county of Iron, in Wisconsin, and to have contracted to deliver the defendant 20,000 tons of ore on the cars in that county during 1900. The iron was to be at least 50.94 per cent metallic iron and not to exceed .007 in phosphorus and the price was to be $2.84 a ton. The plaintiff claims that the defendant never took the ore and it finally sold it for $2.16 a ton. It asks the difference amounting to $13,600.

Fair on the Lake.

Boats that came in from down the lakes yesterday report that the weather was fine on the lake a few miles out of Duluth. The fog and rain was entered about thirty or thirty-five miles down the shore.

TO RETIRE.

Board Has List of Naval Officers Ready.

Washington, July 5.—The special naval board convened to retire officers of the navy in order to bring the number within that specified by the naval personnel act, has completed its work. Although no announcement has been made, it can be stated that the lieutenants recommended for retirement are Miles C. Georgas and Frederick R. Brainard. The board states in its report that no possible reflection upon the officers results from the selection as it is rather a mark of honor than otherwise. Lieut. Georgas made a strong application to be included among those selected, as he had suffered considerable from varicose veins in the lower extremities.

AN ULTIMATUM

Issued By the Striking Miners at Telluride.

Denver, July 5.—An ultimatum was rendered this afternoon by the Telluride strikers, which sets forth their alleged grievances and the manner in which they wished them settled.

Owing to the excitement among the inhabitants, the inquest over those killed in the recent riot has been postponed. This afternoon the funeral of one of the victims was held. Despite the efforts of the union officials, 1000 union men gathered to attend it. Considerable restiveness was apparent.

It is said orders have been received to close the Smuggler-Union indefinitely. It is feared all the other mines also will be shut down in sympathy.

Tom Reed cigar is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

CABLES CUT.

Manager Kritzer Says Three Were Damaged Since Wednesday.

Manager Kritzer of the Zenith Telephone company says that three cables in his company's system have been cut since Wednesday. One of these is below Superior street, at Sixth avenue west, and the other two were cut just below 211 East Third street. The linemen claim the breaks are not cuts, but the work of lightning, and make the assertion that the charge of cutting is done to cast discredit on them. Manager Kritzer, on the other hand, says that lightning could not mar the cables as they have been, and it is very plain, especially in the case of those at 211 East Third street, that they were cut. He says footprints were found on a shed near the pole where the cable was cut, showing where the miscreant had climbed up on the shed and from there to the pole.

SENOR GOES HOME.

The Salvadorian Minister Wishes to Recuperate.

Washington, July 5.—Senor Don Rafael Saldiar, the Salvadorian minister to Washington, has left for his home. His health has suffered somewhat and he goes home to recuperate. There will be consequently a temporary delay in the prosecution of the two claims against his government which the state department has preferred in the interests of Americans amounting to $500,000, but it is stated there is every prospect that an amicable settlement will be reached by Sept. 15 next.

VERY PLEASANT.

President Said Nothing About Removing Evans.

Washington, July 5.—Henry Clay Evans, commissioner of pensions, called on the president this afternoon to bid him goodbye before his departure for Canton. He told Mr. McKinley that he had been taking an inventory of all pension claims on hand; that he will have his annual report ready soon, and asked the president if he had instructions or orders to give. The president made no suggestions. The interview was an extremely pleasant one and nothing has developed to change the situation as it has existed for some time past.

FIRE DAMP

Killed Four Miners on a Drunken Spree.

Pittsburg, July 5.—Four Italian miners, while on a spree in an abandoned coal mine at Catsburg today were overcome by firedamp and killed. They are: Steve Coskey, Andrew Getzlinski, Mike Manowski, Frank Yanky.

CURRY OUTLAWS

Were the Robbers Who Held Up Train.

Havre, Mont., July 7.—The train robbers who held up a Great Northern flyer Wednesday afternoon, east of Wagner, have been recognized as the famous Curry outlaws. "Kid" Curry is the leader, another is named Longbole and the third man is unknown. All use the Texas dialect.

$23.55 Cincinnati and Return

July 4, 5 and 6, Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short line, four trains daily) will sell tickets to Cincinnati and return for $23.55. Tickets good returning July 14, or by depositing same return limit will be extended until Aug. 31. For full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot or Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

PITCHERS HIT HARD.

Two Knocked Out In Game at St. Joe.

St. Joseph, Mo., July 5.—Ewing, of Kansas City, and McDonald, of St. Joseph, were both knocked out of the box in the sixth inning of the morning game today. Score:

Kansas City..1 0 4 0 1 2 0 2 0—10—14—3
St. Joseph ...0 0 2 0 0 5 0 2 0— 9—17—2

Ewing, Weimer and Messitt; McDonald, Hughes and Doern.

DID BETTER.

Challenger Showed Up Better On Second Trial.

Rothesay, Firth of Clyde, July 5.—In the second trial today the cup challenger fared better. The course was a broad reach down channel. Starting even, the challenger soon led by four lengths. After rounding Garroch head the wind lightened, though it was still fresh. The challenger gained slightly on each board across channel. Halfway home Shamrock II led by one and a half minutes. Then, for no apparent reason, she lowered her stay sail, thus losing the lead. Reaching home, Shamrock I led by half a length.

POISONED WINE.

Boys Drink a Concoction of Belladonna.

Pomeroy, July 5.—Steven Kay, aged 14 is dead and seven other boys are dangerously ill from drinking wine containing belladonna at New Haven, W. Va., last night. The boys whose ages range from 14 to 16, secured several bottles of wine for use at a picnic. In attempting to mix alcohol with the wine, they put in belladonna by mistake.

KILLED SWEETHEART.

Milwaukee Man Then Turned Gun on Himself.

Milwaukee, July 5.—Because she refused to be married to him, Fred Alex, a bartender shot and probably fatally wounded Martha Weiuew, a domestic employed at Arnold's restaurant on Jefferson street. After shooting the woman in the breast Alex turned the weapon on himself inflicting a similar wound. Both are at the emergency hospital. Attending physicians say they will die.

MUST CEASE.

No More Sunday Excursions In Ontario.

Buffalo, July 5.—A special from Toronto, Ont., says: Sunday excursions in Ontario by boat must cease. That is the decision of Attorney General Gibson, following on the conviction of a steamboat captain at Fort Erie for running excursions on Sunday from Buffalo to Port Colborne and back.

The attention of Mr. Gibson has been directed to infractions of the law at Ottawa, Belleville, Brockville, Sault Ste. Marie, Toronto and other ports, and the crown authorities will be authorized to prosecute.

This is in accordance with a promise made by Premier Ross some time ago, to Principal Caven and other leaders of the Lord's Day alliance.

GRAIN MAN DEAD.

Chicago, July 5.—John S. Hanna, one of the best known grain merchants in the West, and member of the board of trade firm of Carrington, Hanna & Co., died today after a protracted illness.

MINISTER ILL.

Winona Lake, Ind., July 5.—Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman, one of the best known Presbyterian ministers in the country, is seriously ill here from acute indigestion. He rallied during the morning, but later suffered a relapse and sank rapidly.

SHOT HIS FATHER.

Milford, Del., July 5.—Upon the refusal of his father to allow him the use of a team, Edward Windsor fatally shot his father, Thomas B. Windsor, a hotel proprietor. The son disappeared and is supposed to have committed suicide.

DEATHS FROM HEAT.

Washington, July 5.—The records for the district health office show that the first three days of July there were thirty deaths in Washington from sunstroke or other heat causes. The highest number of deaths for one day was recorded last Tuesday, the victims numbering eighteen. More deaths have been reported so far this month from heat than for any one month during last year.

PINGREE'S HUNT.

Former Governor Tells How He Killed Elephant.

Writing from Durban, South Africa, ex-Governor H. S. Pingree thus describes his first elephant hunt, says the Philadelphia North American.

There were four of us who went up from Port Elizabeth to Cradock on business, viz: Col. Eli R. Sutton, Walter Sutton, his brother, who is employed by the colonial government to bore wells; Joe, my son, and myself. On our way we had passed through the district inhabited by elephants. A farmer, who lives about ten or fifteen miles from Addo, a railroad station located in the midst of the elephant district, had persuaded us to stop over on our return for an elephant hunt.

As all the horses which can be found in this part of Africa have either been commandered by hte British or taken by the Boers, we were told by Mr. Willets, the farmer, that if we accepted the invitation it would be necessary for us to find horses for our party, with the exception of two, which he had kept in hiding in charge of a Kaffir back in the mountains. One of these, which he said was the better one, he proposed that I should ride, and that he would ride the other. He guaranteed that the horse would keep me out of reach of the elephants, but before giving him a definite answer I told him I would make some inquiries in Cradock about the horses, and if I found it was all he had described I would agree to stop a week with him, if necessary, to shoot an elephant.

I found out that what Mr. Willets said about the horse was true. So, when we left Cradock at 8:30 o'clock in the forenoon, Addo was our destination. Walter Sutton had written Mr. Willets that we would arrive either Tuesday or Wednesday (the second week in April), and for him to make an effort to secure three horses. We arrived at Addo at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Mr. Willets was at the station to meet us, and he drove us out to his farm. Walter Sutton had procured one elephant gun in Cradock, and two Lee-Metford and a Winchester sporting rifle.

A Kaffir called us promptly at 5:30 o'clock the next morning. He gave us coffee, and told us the "Baas" was ready. I drank my coffee, put on my old white shirt without the collar and cuffs and went out to see my horse. "All right," he said, "it is that bay over youder."

In addition to my rifle I carried Joe's revolver, so that he could carry a kodak. The Dutchman said if we got in close range he could shoot an elephant's eye out with the revolver. The first day we traveled about thirty miles. We saw no elephants, but we did find some stale elephant tracks, which they call "spoor." During the day we had seen plenty of springbok and other kinds of deer. Willets made the Kaffirs we had with us lie down early, telling them they would have to go on ahead at midnight.

We did not start again in the morning until about 7 o'clock, when we followed up the trail the Kaffirs had taken, and about 11 o'clock we heard them blowing their horns off to our left. The Kaffirs pounded around in the bush all the afternoon, keeping within a mile and a half or two miles of us, while we kept in the open. We saw no elephants.

All next day we hunted until about 4 o'clock in the afternoon, without any better success, when one of the Kaffirs ran up and said that he had discovered fresh "spoor," which he was certain had been made that day. I asked him how he knew they were fresh tracks. "No dew fall on them spoor, baas," he said. The farmer told us to go on with our lunch, and he would go on and investigate. After being absent about half an hour he returned and said that the Kaffir was right; that the elephant could not be more than four or five miles away, as the tracks were very fresh. We immediately broke camp, and the farmer told the Kaffirs to follow up the tracks, and to blow their horns once when they caught a glimpse of the elephants, as he would follow close behind them.

Willets cautioned us not to let our horses get their heads down, "for," said he, "a horse is more afraid of elephants than Governor Pingree, and if they smell them they will be difficult to manage.

We went down a long hill and up another, and when we had gained the summit the Kaffirs stood pointing toward a clump of high bushes, and, sure enough, there stood one big elephant. Further on we could see several more. Willets said there were only two more, but I can take my oath there were half a dozen. It was the biggest elephant I had ever seen anywhere. At that time Jumbo seemed like a calf elephant. I would have given a good deal if I could have been as cool as that Dutchman. He told us the wind was just right, and that the elephant was within range, so they all dismounted except me. I was going to dismount, but Joe said if the elephant charged I could not get back on the horse so I kept the saddle.

Willets said I could fire from the horse all right, and cautioned us not to fire until he gave the word, and then for all of us to fire together. I felt certain that I could hit the animal, for it was standing perfectly still and looked as big as the side of a mountain. He was only about an eighth of a mile away. The Dutchman counted "One—two—three—fire!" And we all banged away together.

I saw the animal fall down on one of his knees, if not both knees, which was better than a drink of whisky for me. The Dutchman told us to keep on firing, and no squad of soldiers ever poured forth such a volley as we did. "If the elephant doesn't scream," said the Dutchman, "the other elephants will run away as soon as they hear the firing, but if he screams they will be coming back to the rescue, and we will have to clear." After we had been firing for some time the elephant could not be seen anywhere, and Willets rode toward the place where he stood. When he got to the place he turned around in his saddle and waved us to come on. We rode up just in time to see the last kick, and when the animal was dead we counted the holes in him, but there were so many I am ashamed to repeat it. There were holes enough for all of us.

When I told Willets how big the elephant appeared to me he said: "This is not a large elephant; it is only two-thirds grown."

The farmer wanted us to follow up the others, but I told him I had seen enough of them; that all I wanted them to do was to keep out of sight. I wanted to bring back a part of the trunk as a suovenir, but Walter Sutton said it would not keep. After we had all sat down on the elephant we went back to where the Kaffirs were holding the horses and had coffee.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

New Walking Skirts.

The weather man is responsible for the demand for "Walking" or "Rainy Day" Skirts. These new ones arrive tomorrow morning and are somewhat different from earlier numbers—have the "smart" hang and are "tailored" beautifully.

$5.75, $8.75 and $10.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Over "The North-Western Line."

The "Twilight Limited" daily at 4:30 p. m. for St. Paul, Minneapolis and Stillwater.

The "Chicago Fast Mail" daily at 5 p. m. for Eau Claire, Marshfield, Wausau, Oshkosh, Fond du Lac, Madison, Milwaukee and Chicago. Parlor cars, dining cars, Pullman sleepers.

Cheap Publicity.

The rate for advertising "Rooms for Rent," "Rooms and Board," "Board," "Wanted—Help," "Wanted," is 1 cent a word—15 cents minimum charge.

An Admitted Fact

Real Estate, Financial Men and Merchants

ALL SAY

That Quickest and Best Results Are Obtained by Advertising in the

Evening Herald!

TOO MUCH FOR SHOW

Inspector of National Guard Makes Some Sharp Criticism.

Recommends That the Minimum Percentage Be Raised.

The Report In Detail---Artillery Wins First Place.

Capt. W. W. Price, assistant inspector general, has just completed his report on the inspection of the three regiments of infantry and the two companies of artillery. The fact that Company C has taken second position among all the companies of the state was announced last month at the time of the practice march, but the standings have not been published heretofore. The Duluth company was just an even point behind Company F, of the First regiment, and two points ahead of the company which ranked third.

Lack of discipline in the individual soldier, and lax methods on the part of the officers in the Second and Third regiments of infantry are the subjects of criticism in the report.

The First infantry is praised, and the artillery is complimented as a first-class organization, all that the state could ask. In the scoring the artillery again won first place in the brigade, with average markings of 87.75. The First infantry comes second, with an average of 84.4; Third infantry, 77.9; Second infantry, 76.6. In the case of property, the First infantry and battalion of artillery each received marks of 100 per cent; Second regiment, 84; Third, 80.

Care of arms, artillery, 90; First regiment, 86; Second, 76; Third, 70. Military discipline, artillery and First infantry, each 100; Third, 88; Second, 83.

The score by companies follows, figures in parenthesis indicating the standing of the company in the brigade:

First regiment—F, Minneapolis (1), 94.4; E, St. Paul (3), 91.4; D, St. Paul (4), 89.2; B, Minneapolis (3), 85; I, Minneapolis (9), 84.2; C, St. Paul, (10), 82.9; G, Red Wing (12), 80.4; K, Stillwater (19), 70.8; A, Minneapolis (20), 75.4.

Second regiment—I, Owatonna (7), 86; C, Winona (12), 80.4; F, Rochester (16), 79; G, Austin (18), 78.4; B, Faribault (22), 72.4; A, New Ulm (24), 68.7; D, Northfield (25), 67.5.

Third regiment—C, Duluth (2), 98.4; D, Zumbrota (11), 80.5; A, Duluth (14), 80.1; I, Morris (15), 79.9; E, St. Paul (17), 78.8; H, Olivia (21), 75.3; F, Brainerd (23), 70; B, Anoka (26), 65.1.

Capt. Price recommends that the minimum standing of companies be raised from 65 to 75 per cent. He says the state is very liberal in its dealings with the guard, and has the right to expect better results. Had the standard been 75 per cent at this inspection the Second regiment would have lost three out of seven companies, and the Third two out of eight.

The officers are criticised for paying too much attention to showy company drills and too little to perfecting the individual soldier.

In their own defense some of the guardsmen call attention to the fact that the enlistment of nearly all of the veteran guardsmen expired in the early spring, just before inspection, and very few of them re-enlisted. Some of the companies went to inspection with 85 per cent of men who had been members of the guard for two months or less.

SOUTH DAKOTA REPORT.

Condition of Crop For Week Ending Monday.

The report of the South Dakota crop service for the week ending Monday last is as follows:

"The temperature during the week averaged above the normal; it was very warm the fore part, with warm nights, but more moderate the latter part, with cool nights.

Showers were fairly general, and in some localities, especially in the northeastern and middle-eastern sections, they were copious. The soil is amply moist generally, and some lowlands are too wet. There was some local damage by hail in several counties, but no extensive hail storms are reported.

"The heavy rains of the two preceding weeks, and current rains, left some low lands in scattered localities too wet and some injudy to corn and small grains has resulted therefrom. Otherwise, the conditions were generally very favorable for good growth of all crops.

"Wheat, oats, spring rye and barley are generally in head or heading, and the earliest filling. Winter rye is generally ripening and harvest has begun in the southeastern counties with prospects of a bountiful yield. While there are some fields of grain that are comparatively thin and weedy, the general outlook for a bountiful crop is very gratifying. A number of correspondents report wheat and oat straw heavy, and there is some apprehension of the grain lodging. Several southern localities also report the appearance of rust in some fields.

"Corn has improved in a number of localities very much, and cultivation is being actively prosecuted where possible, but many fields on low or flat lands are too wet for satisfactory or rapid work. Cutworms are still active in some fields of the late or re-planted corn.

"Grass affords excellent pasturage; generally, there is a fine prospect for a bountiful crop of hay, and haying has begun.

"Flax and millet seeding is not fully completed; the late sown is making good progress and the early sown is generally in thrifty condition, but there is some report of limited damage by cutworms. The general flax outlook is very encouraging.

"Potatoes, on the whole, have made good progress, but bugs are reported numerous and active in a number of localities.

Native grasshoppers are reported damaging wheat and oats in some lower Missouri Valley localities, especially in Charles Mix county."

New Ball Team.

This afternoon the board of trade and the Duluth Grays had planned to play baseball. This would have been the initial appearance of the Duluth Grays. This morning it looked as though there would be no chance to play. Both teams are strong ones. The Duluth Grays are made up principally of high school and Y. M. C. A. players. The board of trade players are in the field for revenge for the game that Cummings beat them a few weeks ago. They will line up in the following order:

Duluth Grays.		Board of Trade.
Potter	catcher	Robinson
Allworth or A. Cummings	pitcher	Chapman
G. Cummings	first base	Barnes
Allworth or A. Cummings	second base	Kitchill
Peterson	short stop	Getchell
Briggs	third base	Don Gearhart
Berg	left field	Jones
Condon	center field	Schipper
Weber	right field	Cross

The Alaskan Nuggets is the best cigar we can make, or anybody can make, to sell at the nickel price.

IS DELAYED.

Weather Prevents Beginning of Work on Superior Street.

According to the arrangements made with the board of public works the street railway company was to begin this morning to tear up its tracks at Third avenue east preparatory to laying the new rails, and for the repaving of Superior street. The company, however, did not begin this morning. The delay is caused by the stormy weather and the tearing up process will probably not begin until next Monday morning. Inquiry at the general offices of the company this morning elicited the information that the office men did not know whether the work had commenced or there would be a delay. The contractors, Watterworth & Fee, who are to do the repaving, are all ready to begin as soon as the street railway company gets its new rails down.

It was expected that the street railway company would have its plans for the straightening of the tracks at Eighth avenue west ready for the examination of the board of public works by Wednesday of this week, but the plans have not yet been presented. The company had plans ready at the time it asked for permission to put in the new "Ys" at Eighth avenue west and Third avenue west, and to change the curve at Third avenue, but the board of public works held that the tracks, if laid according to those plans, would run too close to the curb, and a change was asked. The proposition for the improvements at Eighth and Third avenues west in the line of switches is regarded very favorably by the board, and it is not likely that permission to construct them will be refused. Since the owners of the property abutting the corners of Third avenue west have no objection to the tracks running closer to the curbs, the members of the board have also withdrawn their objections.

The street railway company has also put in a new switch for the double truck interstate cars at Main street and Lamborn avenue, on Connor's Point, West Superior, and with the new switches put in on this side the company hopes to keep the new cars at regular distances apart when they are delayed by the opening of the bridge. The new switches will be put in when the new rails are laid on Superior street.

Cook County Ore.

A. N. McGindley says that he has received news of the striking of a fine deposit of iron on lands owned by himself and Minneapolis parties, in sections 27 and 29, township 65-1. This is just at the boundary line and some distance from Port Arthur. The new McKenzie & Mann railroad is within twelve or fifteen miles of the property. Mr. McGindley says they have been working on the property for about eighteen months.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

John R. G. Pitkin, former postmaster of New Orleans and ex-minister to the Argentine republic and president of the Trans-Mississippi commercial congress, died suddenly Thursday.

The corner stone of the proposed monument to mark the spot where the American flag was first raised over the territory now known as Kansas was laid Thursday. The flag was raised by Zebulon M. Pike, then a lieutenant of the American army, Sept. 29, 1806, and on the anniversary of that day this year the monument begun today will be formally unveiled.

Letha Suydam, eight years old was killed, and twenty-two others were injured by the brick caping of a building with twenty people falling from the roof on the heads of the crowd on the sidewalk below at Canton, Ill.

Robert Waddell added still further to his reputation Thursday afternoon by winning the Sheridan stakes at a mile and a quarter at Washington Park, at Chicago. This stake is the third in importance during the meeting being surpassed only by the derby and the Wheeler handicap.

Three persons were drowned in the river fronting Walbridge Park, Toledo, Thursday. They are: George F. Hirth, proprietor of the job printing office; Helen Hirth, his sister; Aggie Felger. These, with three others went to the park to spend the day. While taking a row on the river, a sailboat came so near that a collision was feared, and in a rush to the other side of the boat it was overturned. The others were saved without injury.

During practice at Cadiz, Spain, a torpedo exploded killing an officer and two sailors and injuring seventeen others. Many of the latter were dreadfully mutilated.

Are You Fit

To be Trusted
With a Good Set of
BRAINS?

Grape-Nuts

Keep Them in
Order.

A BRAIN FOOD AND REPAIRER.

Every minister, lawyer, journalist, physician, author or business man is forced under pressure of modern conditions to the active and sometimes overactive use of the brain. Analysis of the excreta thrown out by the pores shows that brain work breaks down the phosphate of potash, separating it from its heavier companion, albumen, and plain common sense teaches that this elemental principle must be introduced into the body anew each day, if we would replace the loss and rebuild the brain tissue.

We know that the phosphate of potash, as presented in certain field grains, has an affinity for albumen, and that is the only way gray matter in the brain can be built. It will not answer to take the crude phosphate of potash of the drug shop, for nature rejects it. The elemental mineral must be presented through food directly from Nature's laboratory.

These facts have been made use of in the manufacture of Grape-Nuts, and any brain worker can prove the value of the proper selection of food by making free use of Grape-Nuts for ten days or two weeks. Sold by grocers everywhere (and in immense quantities). Manufactured by the Postum Cereal company, limited, Battle Creek, Michigan.

EXPECTS A RETURN

Dr. Bracken Looks For Smallpox Next Winter.

Suggests the Formation of a County Board of Health.

The Lumber Camps Will Have to Be Closely Watched.

Dr. H. M. Bracken, secretary of the state board of health, has written a letter of suggestions along the line of preparing for next winter's struggle with smallpox in the lumber woods, and it is probable that some action will be taken at the meeting of the county board next Monday afternoon.

Dr. Bracken urges that steps be taken immediately to form a county board of health, and he submits several excellent suggestions about how the board can save expense for the state and county, and how some measures may be taken that will curtail the spread of smallpox next winter. He seems to take it for granted that there will be another run of it next winter. His letter is as follows:

"I trust if you have not yet appointed a county board of health that you will give attention to the matter at your earliest possible convenience. The expense of caring for contagious diseases rests now, according to law, on the county. The county board can do much in protecting the county against unnecessary expense, not only in an executive capacity in dealing with unorganized districts, but also in an advisory capacity in acting with the state board of health in suppressing the first outbreaks that may occur in the county.

"Undoubtedly there will be a return of smallpox with the return of winter in the lumbering districts. The counties should not be burdened with this expense, nor should the state. Many of these lumberjacks are non-residents of the state. The lumbermen themselves have a responsibility, and they should be compelled to make provision and care for those who may be sick within their camps.

"Undoubtedly there are many shacks in the lumber camps which housed smallpox patients last winter. These places are sources of infection unless they have been thoroughly disinfected. It will be to the interest of your county to insist upon it that the lumber camps in which smallpox occurred last winter are thoroughly disinfected or burned at the expense of the owners. Of course, burning is the most thorough means of disinfection, and the cheapest when dealing with the older buildings."

The suggestion that the lumbermen be compelled to bear a share of the expense of their own smallpox cases will probably meet with favor among the county authorities.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—New York, 5; Pittsburg, 3. Second game, Pittsburg, 12; New York, 0.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 2; Boston, 0. Second game, Boston, 6; Cincinnati, 4.

At Chicago—Chicago, 5; Brooklyn, 8. Second game, Chicago, 10; Brooklyn, 9.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 6; Philadelphia, 2. Second game, Philadelphia, 1; St. Louis, 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Boston—Boston, 10; Baltimore, 2. Second game, Boston, 8; Baltimore, 3.

At Milwaukee—Detroit, 7; Milwaukee, 1. Second game, Detroit, 7; Milwaukee, 1.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 6; Washington, 5. Second game, postponed.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 8; Chicago, 2. Second game, Cleveland, 6; Chicago, 5.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 3; St. Joseph, 4. Second game, St. Joseph, 7; Kansas City, 6.

At Omaha—Omaha, 9; Des Moines, 5. Second game, Omaha, 5; Des Moines, 4.

At Minneapolis—St. Paul, 3; Minneapolis, 0. Morning game postponed on account of rain.

At Denver—Denver, 8; Colorado Springs, 4. Second game, Colorado Springs, 8; Denver, 7.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	60	35	25	.583
New York	52	30	22	.577
St. Louis	62	34	28	.548
Philadelphia	60	32	28	.533
Boston	55	28	27	.509
Brooklyn	60	30	30	.500
Cincinnati	58	25	33	.431
Chicago	63	21	42	.333

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	61	40	21	.656
Boston	65	35	20	.639
Detroit	60	33	27	.550
Baltimore	52	28	24	.538
Washington	50	26	24	.520
Philadelphia	56	23	33	.414
Cleveland	58	23	35	.397
Milwaukee	60	19	41	.328

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won	Lost.	Pct.
Kansas City	57	36	21	.632
Omaha	55	31	24	.564
Minneapolis	53	28	25	.518
St. Joseph	56	29	27	.518
St. Paul	56	29	27	.518
Colorado Springs	52	24	28	.462
Des Moines	54	21	33	.477
Denver	51	20	21	.488

CABLE FLASHES.

The petition of Earl Russell for a postponement of his trial was presented at a special session of the house of lords Thursday. The petition for postponment was granted and the hearing adourned until Aug. 6.

Santiago has enjoyed two days of celebration, conducted on the most elaborate scale since the war. Wednesday the anniversary of the destruction of Admiral Cervera's squadron there was a yacht excursion to the Spanish wrecks, where the salute was fired and on oration delivered by a loyal Spaniard on the wreck of the Almirante Oquendo.

The fiscal year's exports to the United States from Germany, excluding Dresden, amounted to $98,752,519, an increase of $1,070,461. Magdenburg shows an increase of $3,424,610: Bremen, $1,164,293 and Stettin, $805,404. Hamburg exports decreased $4,109,937. The quarters exports to the United States from the North German consulates amounted to $14,006,326, an increase of $1,340,268.

The American residents, throughout the island of Jamaica, at the Port Antonio headquarters of the United Fruit company celebrated the Fourth of July with great enthusiasm.

A correspondent hears authoritatively that Germany has secured from Spain a purchase option upon the island of Fernando Po, fronting the Cameroons territory. A committee has been formed in Berlin for the colonization and fortification of the island.

Freimuth's Freimuth's Freimuth's Freimuth's

A Storeful of Noteworthy Values Coupled to Radically Low Prices for Saturday.

Rainy Weather Necessities.

Every Duluth woman should own a Mackintosh and several umbrellas. They're the things most needed just about now—and even if tomorrow is clear it shouldn't put the thought of these needs—at these saving prices—out of mind.

Women's $5.50 Mackintoshes at $3.75—Excellent Double Texture Mackintoshes with double breasted box cape—fastened with four large pearl buttons—and inlaid velvet collars—cut full in skirts—colors blue and black—regular price $4.50 and $5.50—the price tomorrow is only $3.75

Girls' Double Texture Box and Raglan rain coats—with velvet collars—very desirable and extra values $4.50

New Rainy Day Skirts of light weight black Melton—with 3 one-inch bands of black taffeta on a flaring flounce—extremely stylish and serviceable—the first twenty-five didn't last a day—we've enough to last tomorrow anyway at $5.75

Umbrellas.
Unusual Values ....Underprice.

26-inch Black Mercerized Sateen cover on paragon frame—very strong and durable—large variety of princess and crook handles with silver trimmings—at 95c

Black Gloria Silk Umbrellas—26-inch strong paragon frame—affording a fine selection of princess and crook handles—in metal, ivory and natural wood $1.25

Colored Gloria Silk Umbrellas in blue, green, red and brown—26-inch paragon frame—pretty crook handles—with silk ribbon and tassel—regular $3.75 umbrellas at $2.25

Oxfords and Shoes Underprice.

Here are some shoe facts that will interest all thrifty women—the price reductions are the result of a careful gleaning and weeding out of broken sizes throughout the stock—one of the effects of an enormous before-the-Fourth business.

Women's fine hand-turned Vici kid shoes—made by Wright, Peters & Co. to sell for $5.00—patent leather tips—lace or button—sale price $2.50

Women's fine Tan Shoes in hand-turns and welts, worth $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00. All new, clean, this season's goods—all sizes, 2½ to 8; all widths, A to EE—sale price only $2.50

Women's Vici kid shoes, in light and heavy soles—black and tan—vesting and kid tops—worth up to $3.00 per pair—sale price $1.50

Women's fine Vici kid Oxford Ties, in hand turns and welts, for dress or street—all the latest styles—Cuban and Louis XV. heels—worth up to $3.50—eight styles—sale price $2.50

Women's hand-turned Vici kid $5.00 shoes—in lace or button—made by Wright, Peters & Co.—nearly all sizes—to close out—price $2.50

Women's $2.00 hand-turned Oxford Ties—in black or tan—all new, this season's goods—all sizes, 2½ to 8—width A to EE—price $1.50

Women's $1.50 Vici kid Oxfords—in black or tan—good wearing goods—all sizes, 2½ to 8—widths to EE—sale price—only 98c

Women's $1.35 and $1.50 Shoes—in black and tan—lace and button—all sizes, 11½ to 2—special price 98c

Child's $1.00 kid Shoes, patent leather or kid tips—lace or button—new, clean goods—sizes 5 to 10½—special sale price—only 67c

Child's kid Button Shoes—good soles—spring heels—worth 75c—sizes 5 to 8—price 50c

Babies' 75c kid Shoes—sizes 2 to 5—price 50c

Boys' Calf Shoes—made to sell at $1.50—sizes 11 to 5—sale price—only $1.00

Men's Shirts.

75 and $1.00 Shirts at 50c—Men's Negligee Shirts in pretty stripe patterns with and without collars and cuffs—not all sizes—have been 75c and $1.00—owing to broken sizes we put them all at 50c

Men's Balbriggan Underwear—excel-lent quality—strong and well made—Drawers have double seat—shirts have French neck finish—you'll know them for great bargains—tomorrow at—per garment 25c

Men's Night Shirts—made of splendid muslin—tastily trimmed with silk and fancy trimming in front and on cuff—are cut large and full—comparison will show this shirt to be superior to any 75c garment in Duluth—our price tomorrow 50c

Men's Hose in black, tan and brown—double heels and soles—absolutely fast color—a good 15c sock—tomorrow we sell them at—per pair 10c

Stockings for Saturday

Four very special values that will throng the department—because people know that we handle the best hosiery only and that our advertised specials are really "as advertised."

Women's Good Cotton Stockings—fast black dye, spliced heels and toes—special finish, equal to ordinary 15c hose—only 10c

50c Infants' Fancy Plaid Stockings—silk and lisle hose, very elastic, pretty color combinations—fast colors—50c stockings at only 19c

Women's Real Maco or Lisle Stock-ings—the "only" "standard" fast black Hermsdorf dye; double sole, spliced heel and toe; superfine quality, at 25c

Women's Light and Medium Weight best cotton hose—made of selected cotton—all black or white soles—high spliced heels and double toes—wonderful values—three pairs for $1.00—or per pair 35c

Women's Best Gauze Lisle Stockings—extra high spliced heels and toes—Hermsdorf dye—very elastic—our regular 50c stockings at 39c

Knit Underwear
Values that astonish and please.

Our magnificent values have sent sales records skyward for the first three days of July—nor is there danger of them falling behind with such as these:

Women's pure white Cotton Vests—sleeveless—Richelieu ribbed—unusual values at 10c

Pure white Cotton Vests—low neck—no sleeves or high back—V neck in front and wing sleeves—25c vests at 20c

High neck and long sleeve Vests—in cream only—extra quality—nicely trimmed—the last of a 100 dozen lot—regular 35c vests—at 19c

Lace trimmed Umbrella Drawers of selected cotton yarn—regular value 45c—tomorrow 22c

"Harvard make" Union Suits—high neck, long or short sleeves—splendidly made with hand crochet trimming—a regular 85c garment—at 65c

Shirt Waists--Wash Dresses.

This section swings into line with an array of values that is powerfully persuasive—that will keep things going at the rush gait—of the past few days—qualities and styles are always particularly noteworthy and these quotations will give you an idea of the values throughout the line.

Waists of good white lawn—very pretti-ly made—trimmed with tucking—embroidery, etc.; 6 styles—among them some $1.25 waists of which sizes are broken, $1.00

Beautiful white lawn waists—with lace insertion—clusters of velvet tucks—with fancy stitched and lace trimmed cuffs—three styles at $1.50

Exquisite white waists—richly and elab-orately trimmed with lace embroidery—tucking—hemstitching—with new effect of embroidery strips from shoulder to bust—allover effects—very beautiful waists—the cream of the season's productions—

$3.50, $3.00, $2.75

Shirt waists at $1.00—that's all—a common price in every store, 'tis true—but $1.00 never bought just such waists as these before! Made of lawns, madras, cheviot, percale and oxfords—come in plain colors, stripes, figures or white lawn—sailor collar, surplice fronts, separable dickey collars—a dozen different styles worth up to $1.50 each—our price $1.00

A special value is this one of fine per-cale with wide sailor color bound with wide band of white figure—has white figure vest—comes in all colors and handsome stripe patterns—is a worthy $1 waist at our price of 75c

A few waists that were $1.00 and 75c—made of excellent percale—odd sizes and broken assortments of patterns—cause this broken price. With them we call attention to our regular stock waists—they're they usual 75c waists, sold here at 50c

White Pique Skirts—of extra heavy pique, cut with full flaring flounce—$2.50 also pique—elaborately trimmed with insertion and applique effects—$3.00 to $5.00—and a very special for tomorrow—of white pique with bands of blue trimming—these are regular $1.75 skirts—tomorrow at $1.25

Children's Wash Dresses and Sailor Suits of excellent percale in handsome stripe patterns—neat sailor suits for girls from 6 to 14 years at less than they can be made for at home—two specials—tomorrow at $2.50 and $1.25

$1.25 Wash Wrappers—all sizes from 34 to 44—in dark and medium patterns—made of excellent percale—with shoulder ruffles and flounce skirt—cut extra full in hips and skirt—$1.25 wrappers at 98c

Millinery News.
Very Interesting.

The Charm of Ample Variety—The appeal of fascinating shapes and fetching styles, the persuasion of tiny prices—are all factors in making this millinery section the busy place it is—in keeping our workrooms busy when others have closed up. And as long as there is fresh goods in the market that we can buy at half and less thro' fortunate trade chances—as long as we have courage to cut our own early purchases in half and take the loss quickly, why shouldn't we be busy?

$4.50 instead of $7.50 and $8 for handsome trimmed hats.

$6.75 instead of $10.00 and $12.50 for lovely trimmed hats.

Half price for choice of various $16.00 to $25 hats.

New Outing Hats in white Duck Pique and linen—all pure and fancy shapes with fancy Persian silk band at $1.00—nicer ones in Knox shapes with quill and breasts—tomorrow at $1.50

Rough and ready Sailors—new shapes with black ribbon band—generally 58c. Saturday we will sell them at 39c

Girls' Hats Reduced.

Girls' trimmed hats in a wide assort-ment of pretty shapes and trimmings, including hats that have been $2.50, $2.75 and $3. Choice tomorrow $1.98

Girls' trimmed hats, very prettily got-ten up—were $1.75 and $2.00—Saturday at $1.00

Girls' trimmed hats that were $1.25 and $1.50. Saturday 75c

$1.00 Corsets 75c.

The "Empress" Corset—that sells every-where at $1.00—in batiste, coutel and satine—in high bust and long hip or short hip and French shape—colors white, drab and black—closing out our remaining stock of the $1.00 grade at 75c

Figured Lawn Kimonas with white yoke and band on sleeve and front—very neat patterns—the sort that sell generally at 75c are here tomorrow at 48c

Toilet Requisites.
After the 4th Necessities.

Doubtless the rain, the wind and the general good time of the 4th have left their mark on your complexion. These price concessions should interest you.

35c Colgate's Perfumes—all floral odors—very lasting and refreshing—regularly 35c per ounce—we furnish the bottles and sell it at only—per ounce 21c

50c Bottles Kirk's American Violet toilet water in pretty 3 oz. bottles—with sprinkler tops—at 25c

25c Cans Colgate's American Violet and rose perfumed Talcum Powder at 18c

35c Bottles Tappan's American Con-centrated Florida water in 4 oz bottles at 21c

25c Bottles Dr. Lyon's American Tooth Powder 19c

50c Bottles of Hind's—Honey Almond cream for sun burn or freckle, an American remedy at 39c

$9.50 DINNER SETS $5.98

100-piece Dinner Sets in the latest shapes and decorations—extremely pretty dinner sets, usually $9.50—our price tomorrow is but $5.98

Fancy Decorated China Oatmeal Bowls and fruit saucers, worth up to $1.75 per dozen, tomorrow each, only 8c

China Egg Cups—dark flow blue deco-rations, regular 5c cups, tomorrow at each 3c

Fancy Jardinieres, assorted sizes and decorations, mostly one of a kind—worth $1.25, $1.50, $1.65, tomorrow 98c

Another lot worth 75c, very richly decorated, new shapes, only 39c

New Bathroom Fixtures

Bright nickel plated—an ornament to any bathroom and useful, too—such things as soaps, racks, sponge holders, towel racks, etc., all at astonishingly little prices.

Earthen Cuspidors—new shapes, regular 15c and 19c sort—closing them out at the low price of 9c

Fiber Porch Seats—very handy for the house 5c

Travelers' Supplies

$6.50 Trunks—strong, canvas covered—with sheet steel bottom and hardwood slats—large tray—nicely painted—a good $6.50 trunk—tomorrow at $4.48

Suit Cases in leather—linen or canvas lined—brass riveted—handsomely made—at $4.75, $6.98 and $7.75

Special values in canvas covered Suit Cases—brass riveted with leather handle and leather corners—cloth lined—price—only $1.48

DAMP BAD FOURTH

One of Worst For Weather That Duluth Has Had.

Crowds Disappointed But Make the Best of It.

Some of the Street Contests Were Pulled Off.

The elements were very far from being patriotic yesterday, and the gloomy, wet weather was a source of much disappointment to the thousands of people that thronged the streets. A large number of the visitors came from the range towns and, while the weather was disappointing to them, they made the best of it and endeavored to enjoy themselves. In spite of the cold and threatening rain, the parade passed off nicely and was larger than could be expected, considering the circumstances. A large number of the fraternal organizations that expected to take part in the parade did not turn out, a misunderstanding arising, it is said, as to whether there would or would not be a parade.

In the afternoon the visitors began to spread out over the city in search of amusement. By far the greater part of the crowd remained on Superior street, where the small boy reigned supreme with his firecrackers and other explosives. At Lester Park and at the pavilion on Park Point, dances were in progress all the afternoon and evening and hither went large crowds of people. The dancing pavilions at both places were crowded until a late hour last night, almost every car that left the central portion of the city being crowded with people going to these popular places of amusement until as late as 9 o'clock in the evening. Rain was threatening every minute, but this did not appear to dampen the ardor of the crowd and the people demonstrated that they were able to enjoy themselves in Duluth even when the elements were against them.

The bad weather caused a postponement of the races at the Driving park. Several good races had been promised, and it was a source of regret to the lovers of this form of sporting event.

The afternoon showed some signs of being clear and dodgers were distributed announcing that the games would come off on First street. In order to make the contests better and to induce people to enter some of the contests were cut out and the prizes were doubled up on the others. This resulted in a very fair lot of games and the crowd was greatly amused. The contests resulted as follows:

100-yard dash for men—First, C. J. Clyne; second, O'Brien; third, F. Bradley.

100-yard dash for boys—First prize, Ted McKenzie; second, Frank Sommers; third, C. Dalrymple.

100-yard dash, fat men—First, A. T. Park; second, M. Filiatrault; third, Larson.

Sack race—First, J. Stafford; second, Gordon Faulkner; third, Archie McRay.

Heavy men's race—First, M. Filiatrault; second, Schogland; third, Larson.

Wrestling match—First, J. H. Disell; second, Remuple; third, O'Brien.

Running hop, step and jump—First, Haley; second, McDonald; third, Faulkner.

Standing hop, step and jump—First, McDonald; second, O'Brien; third, Mallett.

100-yard youths' race—First, Haroldson; second, Johnson.

Shot put—First, Dr. Park; second, McDonald; third, Wiegel; fourth, Wiegel.

Highland fling—First, Professor John Smith; second, Norman McLaughlin.

Highland fling for children—First, Miss Gordon; second, Master Gordon.

Sword dance—First, Norman McLaughlin; second, Professor John Smith.

Sword dance for children—First, Miss Gordon; second, Master Gordon.

Bagpipe contest—First, Norman McLaughlin; second, John Smith.

Shuan Truthais—First, John Smith; second, Norman McLaughlin.

Sailor's hornpipe—First, John Smith.

The wrestling match was won by a professional, but the man against whom he competed gave him a pretty struggle.

The Scotch dances and the bagpipe contest were very interesting.

A large number of the range visitors took the cars over to West Superior in the afternoon and returned to participate in the fun of the evening in this city.

The people had been given ample warning that if the weather was disagreeable in the evening no attempt would be made to shoot off the fireworks but they would be saved for the first pleasant evening. In spite of this warning, the report was in some way spread about that the display would take place, and many people went out to Thirteenth avenue east and London road only to be disappointed.

The display of fireworks by private individuals about the city last evening was very good, and skyrockets and Roman candles were seen shooting in every direction, while the night was made hideous until a late hour by the bursting of big firecrackers about the street. In spite of the precaution taken by the authorities, a cannon cracker that would jar the windows was let off occasionally when the policemen were not about, and it would have been like hunting a needle in a hay stack to attempt to find the perpetrator. Mayor Hugo had given orders that the Fourth of July should cease by 12 o'clock of the night of that date, and his instructions were pretty well carried out.

The day appears to have been singularly free from any serious accidents. There were, of course, numerous incidents where small boys forgot to let go of their firecrackers in time, but this is always expected. One West Duluth man had an experience of this nature with a large firecracker, and will carry his hand in a sling for a few days.

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

FEW ROBBERIES.

Activity of Police Had Good Effect.

Only two robberies were reported as happening yesterday, which is regarded by the police department as a remarkably small number considering the large crowds in the city yesterday. One man, a stranger, reported that his pocket was picked while he was in a crowd and that his missing wallet contained $104. He objected to divulging his name, but his case is being looked after by the city detectives. Mildred Frost reported to the police that she lost $2 while in the Norwegian church at the corner of First avenue east and Third street. Suspicion in this case fell on two boys who were seen in the vicinity, but no arrests had been made this morning.

August Johnson, who came down from the Mesaba range on Wednesday and slept at the Branch Bethel on the Bowery on Wednesday nigrt, reported yesterday that somebody had taken $60 from his pocket while he was slumbering. James Webb, another visitor in the city Wednesday night, after drinking considerably fell in among companions whom he claims relieved him of his money. Last evening James Sweeney was arrested by Officer Terry and was identified by Webb as the man that took his money. Besides the suspects, Tom Jones and Jack Murray, that were arrested by Detective Troyer as they got off the Eastern Minnesota train yesterday morning, William Lamb alias John Delaney, was picked up on the street by the same officer. Detective Troyer had seen the man in St. Paul and decided that he was better off in custody for the day. His companion, William Esmond, was also locked up as a suspect.

After Murray and Jones were locked up yesterday they wrote a note and sent a boy to deliver it. Officer Schulte, following the boy, arrested William Henderson and Frank Connors, who received the note and they were also held as suspects.

John Peterson insisted on shooting off cannon firecrackers on Superior street last evening and was locked up pending a charge of violating the city ordinance. The police took a number of revolvers away from boys who were using them to shoot blank cartridges.

EXCURSION TO TWO HARBORS

SUNDAY, JULY 7th.

—STEAMER—

ARGO

Leaves Booth's dock 10 a.m. and *Steamer Hunter* 1:30 p.m. Returning leave Two Harbors 4:30 pm

FARE, 50c ROUND TRIP

THE DAKOTAS.

Another Theory In the Unexplained Absence of Melquist.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—Mrs. Charles Melquist, whose husband mysteriously disappeared two months ago, has disposed of her interests here and gone to the coast to look up a brother-in-law, from whom she thinks she will be able to learn something of her husband. While everything seemed to indicate murder at the time of the disappearance, Fargoans are gradually becoming convinced that Melquist must have run away. His wife was said to be some years his senior, and it is hinted there was another woman in the case.

Two heavy rains, accompanied by much wind, did some damage to grain Wednesday morning. Some of the largest grain was lodged and some is covered with water. The damage is not expected to be permanent.

Grafton—District court adjourned until Monday, the 8th. Judge Kneeshaw excused all jurymen west of Park river and ordered a special venire of twenty to act during the remainder of the session.

Hillsboro—The city council has awarded a new sewer contract to C. H. Porritt of Fargo, at what is considered to be a phenomenally low figure, or $5,070 and work will be commenced as soon as the material can be secured.

Recent rains are worrying farmers in many parts of this county, owing to a large acreage which seems hopelessly submerged. A prominent farmer from Bohnsack township said that 50 per cent of the land in his vicinity is now under water. A good portion of this will probably dry off in time to prevent irreparable damage to grain, but in many places the crops have already rotted.

Jamestown—The contract for coal for the state asylum for the ensuing year was awarded to the Washburn company, whose bid was $2.82 per ton.

Lightning struck the barn on the farm of Jacob Leisch and a valuable horse was killed. The barn was but slightly injured.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—Dusty and disagreeable weather interfered to some extent with arrangements for Senator Kyle's funeral, but the attendance was very large and the manifestations of sorrow were deep. Many came from the surrounding country, but Marshall, of North Dakota, was the only congressional represenative present from outside the state. The floral tributes were magnificent.

Dell Rapids—The next meeting of the South Dakota state board of pharmacy for the transaction of regular business and the examination of candidates for registration will be held at Mitchell July 10. Applications for examination should be filed with the secretary at least five days before the date of the meeting.

Deadwood—The county commissioners of Lawrence county have granted fifty-four licenses to saloon men. This is the largest number for one county in the state.

J. L. Megren, a well known Black Hills man, has returned from the Klondike. At Dawson, he says, there are 5,000 idle men who would be glad to work at even $3.50 per day. Men are still going into that part of the country. Two steamers arrived the day he started for home.

Huron—The Philip Christian Endeavor convention for Hand, Hyde and Beadle counties will be held in this city on Wednesday and Thursday, July 10 and 11. The program includes the discussion of a series of subects relative to Christian work among young people.

Mrs. Anna L. Little, who was injured by the collapse of a sidewalk here last fall at the Woolley prohibition meeting has presented a bill to the city claiming $5,000 damages.

Interviews with prominent Republicans from different parts of the state indicate a belief that Governor Herried will ask A. B. Kittredge to fill the vacancy caused by Kyle's death and that he will accept the place. The belief is also expressed that if the governor confirms to the wishes of Republicans generally he will appoint Coe or Crawford. These two names appear to be the only ones taken into account.

Many thousands have been restored to health and happiness by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. If afflicted with any throat or lung trouble, give it a trial, for it is certain to prove beneficial. Coughs that have resisted all other treatment for years, have yielded to this remedy and perfect health been restored. Cases that seemed hopeless, that he climate of famuos health resorts failed to benefit, have been permanently cured by its use. Bear in mind that every bottle is warranted, and if it does not prove beneficial the money will be refunded to you. For sale by Boyce's Drug store.

SITUATION IS SERIOUS

Acting State Entomologist Forbes Reports on the Hopper.

The Red River Valley Is Suffering From the Pest.

The Most Serious Outbreak Exists In Clay County.

St. Paul, July 5.—Acting State Entomologist Forbes has issued a circular in regard to the appearance of grasshoppers in the Red River valley, threatening the destruction of all the crops. Professor Forbes says:

The Red River valley, all the way from Wilkin county to Kittson county, is suffering from an attack of grasshoppers. The Rocky mountain locust, or grasshopper, is very generally present, especially in the southern part of the valley. Much damage, however, is being done in some localities where this species is not present. The distribution over this region is quite general, though the grasshoppers are much worse in spots. At Moorhead and Ada they are present in numbers sufficient to do great damage if conditions favor their work. Fortunately the farmers have been assisted in their work of combatting the insects by two important conditions; one is the cool weather which has restricted the activities and dampened the ardor of the grasshoppers; the other is that the grasshoppers are quite generally parasitized by red mites which attach themselves to the animal's wings or to the back beneath the wings and there thrive on the substance of the hopper beyond the influence of the weather. In some situations, however, the grasshoppers have cleaned up many acres of young wheat, flax and potatoes. Since the rains many of these fields are recovering, but others are still suffering severe trimming at the edges. It is not uncommon to see great fields as bare as they were before the seed was sown. As a general thing, however, the grasshoppers have been more of a menace and an annoyance than a veritable scourge, but all must admit that the possibilities of the situation are immense, and that it is worthy of the most vigorous treatment.

The damage is mostly being done by two closely related species, the Rocky Mountain locust and the White Mountain locust. Both are migratory; both are destructive, and both may breed in the Red River valley. They are very much alike in appearance, and it takes an expert to distinguish between the two. The Rocky Mountain locust is a little the larger, and is said to be the more voracious. The destructive abilities of the White Mountain locust and of other native grasshoppers is very generally underestimated. Several times in the history of agriculture in Minnesota it has proven to be very destructive, and where favored by weather conditions, may cause great damage. A small flight of grasshoppers was seen last fall to come into Otter Tail county from the west, but almost all of the grasshoppers doing damage in Minnesota this year were bred in Minnesota. Other small swarms probably crossed the state line from the Dakotas, where they breed permanently. The Red River valley should be regarded as the eastern limit of the breeding ground of this species.

The state entomologist has been furnishing assistance to the farmers from the funds set aside by the legislature for the purpose of combatting injurious insects, though the sum appropriated would be insignificant in case of a general outbreak it has been made to cover quite a large territory in the Red River valley this season. The state entomologist has made a uniform practice of furnishing kerosene to such farmers as would provide themselves with hopperdozers. The purchase or manufacture of hopperdozers by the farmers is calculated to furnish some assurance that he will use the oil supplied him for the intended purpose. The farmer gets his oil by applying to a county commissioner, selected by the state entomologist as local agent, for an order upon some dealer in oil with whom special arrangements have been made for furnishing oil to the farmers for this purpose. The farmer signs a promise to use the oil for the killing of grasshoppers by means of the hopperdozers, and for no other purpose. Oil has been furnished farmers at various points in the counties of Kittson, Marshall, Polk, Norman, Otter Tail, Clay and Wilkin. In Clay county, where the most serious outbreak exists, the whole community is fighting grasshoppers, and they were caught by hundreds of bushels every day during several weeks. In this county there are enough grasshoppers present to completely destroy the crops and to be a menace another year to the whole state. The farmers of this county have, however, taken hold of the proposition in excellent good spirit, and they have the situation well in hand.

It is hoped that the county commissioners of all the counties in which damage has been done this year will find it possible to arrange for the supervision of the plowing during the autumn of all stubble fields and other ground in which grasshopper eggs have been laid. This is the most general appearance of the Rocky Mountain locust that has occurred in Minnesota in many years, and the crops of the state must be regarded as in peril until the stubble fields from this year's grain are plowed. W are very much in need of legislation which will make it possible for competent authorities to compel the plowing of fields in which grasshopper eggs have been laid, for they are veritably seeds of trouble.

HOPPERS VERY THICK.

Crookston, Minn., July 5.—Portions of the townships of Russia are being devastated by grasshoppers, and in some localities they are destroying a large area. Theodore Noesen was in the city this afternoon and says that on his farm a tract of 160 acres seems doomed already. Sixty acres of wheat have been swept clean off. The insects are so numerous that it is impossible to walk through the fields with one's eyes open. Millions of hoppers settled down in the city this afternoon and the sidewalks have been covered with them.

A Good Milk

For infant feeding is a mixed Cow's milk, from herds of native breeds. Borden's Eagle Brand Condensed Milk herds are properly housed, scientifically fed, and are constantly under traied inspection. Avoid unknown brands.

PANTON & WHITE
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINN.

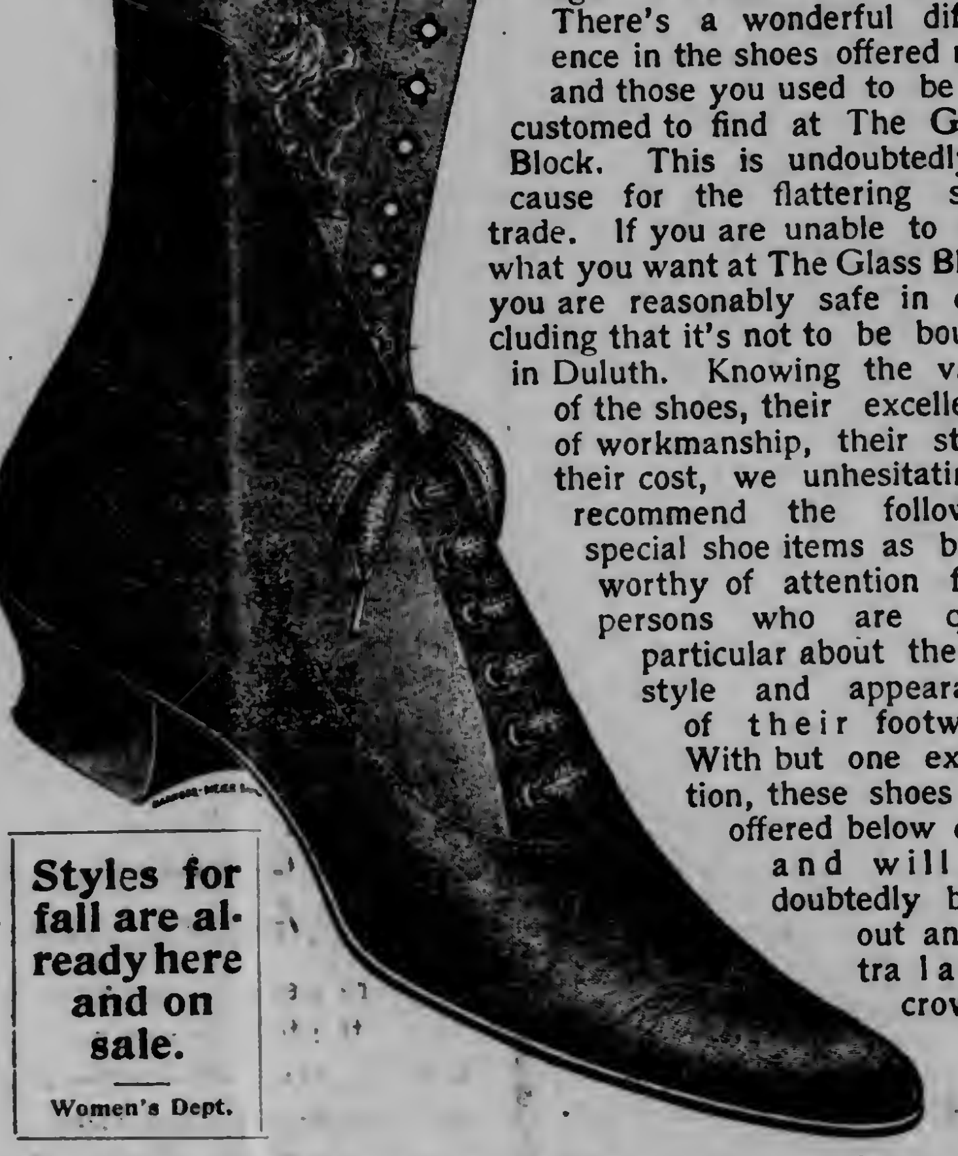
July business

This is a wonderful July business in comparison with that of a year ago. We are making tremendous gains in every department. That the crowds are here is very noticeable. At times when business is lagging elsewhere we are rushed. We are not letting up because it is the time of year to expect dull business. On the contrary we are putting forth strenuous efforts to make the summer months show a phenomenal growth.

The special offerings for Saturday are to be sold at prices, in most cases, lower than we have offered similar merchandise, being so low that you are reasonably certain of not being able to duplicate any of them outside The Glass Block.

Shoes.

The Shoe department has the proud distinction in leading all other departments in percentage of business increase. There's a wonderful difference in the shoes offered now and those you used to be accustomed to find at The Glass Block. This is undoubtedly a cause for the flattering shoe trade. If you are unable to find what you want at The Glass Block you are reasonably safe in concluding that it's not to be bought in Duluth. Knowing the value of the shoes, their excellence of workmanship, their style, their cost, we unhesitatingly recommend the following special shoe items as being worthy of attention from persons who are quite particular about the fit, style and appearance of their footwear. With but one exception, these shoes are offered below cost, and will undoubtedly bring out an extra large crowd.



Styles for fall are already here and on sale.

Women's Dept.

Women's tan lace shoes, made from extra good quality kid, in a rich dark shade. Stylish inlaid cloth tops. Round toes, military heels. All sizes, from 2½ to 7. $2.00 Shoes—tomorrow's price ---------- 99c

A creditable assortment of women's Oxfords. In tan or black, plain or fancy designs. There is not a normal foot in Minnesota we cannot fit from these. Worth $1.50 emphatically—selling tomorrow for ---- 97c

Women's tan lace shoes, in modish summer shades and correct fashions. Light, medium or heavy soles. We'll leave it to your judgment: There's not another shoe selling in Duluth elsewhere for $3.00 any better—our price only ---------- $2.34

Women's patent leather lace shoes—elegant designs, stylish and correct. $3.00 is the regular price of these shoes. They will be offered tomorrow at the low price of ---------- $2.19

This is Oxford weather

And this is Oxford headquarters. Even the exclusive shoe shops can not boast of as good or great an assortment as we are offering. It matters not whether you have $1.50 or $7.00, or any intermediate amount, to pay for your midsummer footwear, we have the style that will just meet your ideas. Even the lady with the tiny foot who wears a "number one" can be fitted without difficulty. We are making a specialty of carrying small sizes. See our Oxfords tomorrow.

Muslin underwear bargains

Women's Muslin Drawers, lace trimmed, at	23c
Women's Plain Muslin Corset Covers at	10c
Women's Corset Covers in Muslin Embroidery, trimmed, at	15c
Children's Good Muslin Drawers at	10c
Children's Nice Muslin Underskirts at	15c
Ladies' Fine Muslin Skirts, lace trimmed, at	75c
Ladies' Fine Muslin Gowns at	98c
Ladies' Fine Chemise at	$1.00 to $3.00
Ladies' Fine Cambric and Muslin Drawers at	49c
Ladies' Corsets, summer styles, at	49c
Women's $1.50 Percale Wrappers at	98c

PANTON & WHITE
GLASS BLOCK

Bargain counter 1.

Women's neckwear.

This is just the weather for airy, cool neckwear. On Bargain Counter 1 we will offer a large assortment of Ladies' fashionable ties at the following low prices:—

30 dozen wash ties, white and colored, worth 25c, for	19c
30 dozen 15c embroidered turn-over collars at	10c
An odd lot of hand-made turn-over collars, 35c and 50c goods for only	15c
Fancy stocks with bows, silk, 5-cord and hemstitched—assorted styles in Windsors. Large variety to select from—Saturday at only	25c

Bargain counter 2.

Wash goods.

That was a gigantic wash goods deal we went into last week when we unloaded a jobber's stock of summer wash fabrics. As we already had a large stock we were not particularly anxious to buy them, and therefore made an offer that we did not expect would be accepted. This is the only store in Duluth with an outlet sufficiently large to justify making a mid-summer purchase as large as this one. The sale has scored a sensation this week. We have sold more than half the purchase. Prices are about half actual market value. On Bargain Counter 2 tomorrow three lots are to be sold, viz:

Lot 1—6c Lawns and Challies—this season's most stylish designs and colorings. Fresh and new. Tomorrow on sale at half price	3c
Lot 2—Dimities, Batistes and Lawns—very sheer goods, handsome weaves. Will wash well, and are very durable. On sale tomorrow at half price	5c
Lot 3—18c Dimities and Lawns. This has been one of the most sought for bargains of the big wash goods sale. Although the selling from these has been lively, there will be a large assortment to choose from tomorrow—Half price tomorrow	9c

Bargain Counter 3.

Umbrellas and parasols.

Ladies' and Men's $1.25 Gloria Silk Umbrellas, special Saturday at	95c
Ladies' and Men's $2.25 Gloria Silk Umbrellas, special Saturday at	$1.75
Ladies' 24-inch Cotton Gloria Parasols, worth 75c—we purchased 5000 of these at an inside figure, and offer them tomorrow at	59c

We also exhibit a great variety of better class of Umbrellas at prices up to $6.50. For every price we give as good values as can be had anywhere.

Bargain counter No. 4.

White goods.

White Dimities in stripes and plaids—also plain India Linons—sold at 12½c and 15c—per yard	8½c
10-4 New York Mills Sheetings, full bleached, worth 35c—Saturday per yard	22½c

Glove department.

The glove department offers several specials—each price is low—but notwithstanding this fact we still stick to our long established custom of guaranteeing every pair of gloves we sell.

Fifty dozen chamois wash gloves—2-clasp—bought to sell at 89c—all sizes—tomorrow at	49c
Ladies' 35c silk mitts in black only—Saturday only	20c
Ladies' extra size silk mitts—double palm—special at	35c
Palm Leaf Fans—Saturday 2 for	5c

$1.50 women's denim wash skirts, 49c.

300 Women's denim skirts in gray, blue and red, trimmed with two rows of white duck. Made good and full width—all new styles—sensation sale price	49c
Linen Crash Skirts for women, in best quality of crash—made with deep hem and finished in the best fashion—value $2.00—sale price	49c
Ladies' new walking skirts—in gray, brown and blue—with flare effect—at	$3.98
Walking skirts in brown on sale at	$2.25

IN MICHIGAN.

Iron Mountain's Old Police Force Looking For Their Pay.

Iron Mountain—The old police force at Iron Mountain, the members of which were suspended by Mayor Hammond, are resorting to all kinds of subterfuges to get their pay. Mayor Hammond will not sign their warrants and the treasurer is obdurate, despite an opinion from the city attorney that he would be justified in paying the men, irrespective of the fact that the mayor's signature is lacking from their checks.

The delivery horse of F. M. Bins of East Brown street at Iron Mountain, was killed Monday evening. It was standing in front of the store attached to the delivery wagon and walked up to the track right in front of a train. The locomotive struck it square in the breast and the animal died almost instantly.

Sault Ste. Marie—Vags at the Soo are to have a disagreeable time hereafter. To date, when they have been arrested by officers of the force, they have been sentenced to the county jail where they have languished in comparative ease, with good sleeping quarters and fair meals. Now they will be sent to hard labor on the rock pile, which the council, at a meeting held this week, has decided to provide. As a result of this provision for the tramps' comfort, it is likely that the Soo will be visited by a constantly decreasing number of hobos.

Marquette—F. J. Johnson, of Marquette, has a scheme for a big summer hotel at Picnic Rocks. He wants the city to co-operate to the extent of building a boulevard to the property and the Marquette council is going to give the proposition serious consideration.

Ontonagon—The disappearance of the 5-year-old Finnish girl from the Evergreen location of the Mass mine is still as much a mystery as ever. Many opinions and theories are advanced as to where the mising child will be found, but no tangible clew has been discovered. According to the Ontonagon Herald the search has been continued right along and every effort possible has been made to find the missing girl. Hundreds of men have searched the woods in every direction. Sheriff O'Rouke and a party of picked land lookers are also doing their utmost to find out the fate of the child. A reward of $100 has been offered to any one who finds her dead or alive.

STILL HATE AMERICANS.

The Filipinos Are Ready to Revolt Again.

New York, July 5.—Secretary Root has a review of the situation by a Philippine officer, who has devoted special attention to learning the attitude of the Filipinos toward the Americans, and it indicates the belief on his part that civil government for a long time, at least, will be a failure.

This officer finds that in many cases the officers who have been in command of the posts and districts have lacked tact in dealing with the natives, and that, despite orders from headquarters, the treatment to which the Filipinos have been subjected has been cruel and harsh.

He asserts that in some cases villages have been burned on slight provocation, and that some officers have even resorted to torture in trying to extract information from the natives.

He is not specific in these statements, though he says that in many cases the officers who improperly treated the natives were young volunteers without experience.

This officer says that while large numbers of the natives have taken the oath of allegiance, they hate the Americans more than they ever did the Spaniards, and would rise tomorrow if they thought they could drive the Americans out.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

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Largest Circulation in Duluth.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time). July 5.—Cool weather prevails over Rocky Mountain districts and Lake Superior. The warm wave has abated somewhat in North Atlantic states, but continues in the central valleys. Showers occurred during Thursday or last night over Gulf and North Atlantic states, the Ohio valley, lake region and Northwest, heavy, as follows: Detroit, 1.08 inches; Green Bay, 1.86; Escanaba, 2.16; La Crosse, 1.52; Moorhead, 4.06; Winnipeg, 1.14; Edmonton, 1.56; The barometer is lowest over Minnesota and Western Texas, and continues high over South Atlantic states and Rocky mountain districts. The winds in the lake region are fresh and brisk southerly and easterly, with dense fog at Duluth and Marquette.

Abilene	98	Medicine Hat	66
Battleford	68	Memphis	94
Bismarck	76	Miles City	76
Boston	72	Milwaukee	82
Buffalo	82	Minnedosa	64
Calgary	68	Modena	86
Charleston	86	Montgomery	92
Chicago	94	Moorhead	78
Cincinnati	92	New Orleans	84
Davenport	100	New York	86
Denver	94	North Platte	100
Detroit	90	Oklahoma	96
Dodge City	104	Omaha	98
Duluth	56	Pittsburg	86
Edmonton	72	Port Arthur	68
El Paso	96	Portland	72
Escanaba	70	Prince Albert	—
Galveston	86	Qu'Appelle	70
Green Bay	78	Rapid City	76
Havre	70	San Francisco	70
Helena	68	Santa Fe	86
Houghton	56	Shreveport	94
Huron	86	Spokane	72
Jacksonville	86	St. Louis	98
Kamloops	74	St. Paul	82
Kansas City	104	Sault Ste. Marie	70
Knoxville	92	Swift Current	64
La Crosse	86	Washington	94
Lander	—	Williston	70
Los Angeles	80	Winnemucca	78
Marquette	56	Winnipeg	68

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Showers this afternoon or tonight. Generally fair Saturday. Warmer tonight and Saturday. Easterly winds shifting to brisk and possibly high westerly tonight.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster Official.

Chicago, July 5.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Saturday: Upper Michigan — Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday, with probably occasional thunder storms, easterly winds shifting to westerly.

Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Saturday; cooler in west portion tonight; southerly winds shifting to westerly.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Saturday, slightly colder in southeast tonight westerly winds.

Another Epidemic of Epizootic.

There are reports of a horse epidemic in the Eastern cities which seems to reproduce the conditions of the epizootic, or grip, of twenty-seven years ago. This will naturally cause some anxiety to horse owners of the West, lest the disease should spread in this direction. The epidemic of 1874 came in the winter and was attributed to the dampness, if not cold, of that season. This attack comes in the summer, but the theory has already been mooted that it is due to the wet season that has prevailed. It does not appear to be a very severe ailment, but it will be none the less inconvenient if it spreads to many cities. The theory which is advanced to account for it permits the hope that a change in the weather may terminate it in the East and check its spread to the West.

Rural Free Delivery.

Some people hold queer ideas concerning rural free delivery as established in different localities. Someone started the report, and it has gone the rounds, that for every rural free delivery route ten fourth-class postoffices were discontinued. As the routes are but twenty-five miles long on the average, common observation of the distance of country postoffices shows the foolishness of the statement. The fact is that so far from abolishing ten offices, the average route abolishes not more than one. Here and there a petty office is found which never had any right to exist and whose work can be more than made good by the changed system. The real revolution wrought by rural free delivery is in the star routes. Where formerly the government was a party to a serious economic waste, it is now sparing the repeated traversal of the same ground by different parties to accomplish a single end. To illustrate: A railroad town which we may call A is the distributing point for three hamlets, B, C and D, connected by one well-kept turnpike twenty-five miles long. The bulk of the population who patronize the three country postoffices live along this turnpike. Under the old system a star-route contractor drove a stage from A over the twenty-five miles of road, passing the houses of all these persons, but delivering his mail only in closed pouches at B, C and D. There the respective postmasters opened the pouches and assorted the letters and other matter, and the farmers who lived along the turnpike hitched their horses once a day and journeyed to the office each patronized, taking an hour or two of time in a busy season to make this trip, though going over precisely the same ground the contractor. Under the new regime the carrier takes his open mail-sack full of matter for distribution along his route, saving every one of these patrons the trouble of harnessing and the time of a trip of from one to three miles and return; but he takes also closed pouches for delivery at the several postoffices, containing mail addressed to persons who do not live along the turnpike, but in the back country not reached by his route. These people have to have a postoffice, as heretofore, and they will continue to make their journeys daily, or so many times a week, till the rural-delivery system attains a stage of development where it covers the entire country and not simply that which is convenient of access.

TOO MUCH MEAT EATEN.

Now that the Duluth butchers have raised the prices of meat to an almost prohibitive rate, why not reduce the consumption of that food, especially during the summer months. It is a well-known fact that the people of the United States eat too much meat. They eat more in the aggregate and per capita than any other country. Scientists say it is not well to eat so much. An eminent French physician, Dr. Championerre, of Paris, recently read a paper before the French academy, in which he treated this subject in a most interesting manner.

Dr. Championerre contends that appendicitis has evoluted in the last twenty years. He thus combats the theory held by physicians generally that the disease has existed from time immemorial, and that medical science has only recently advanced far enough to recognize it. He does not contend that appendicitis is a new disease, because the appendix has always existed and been liable to inflammation. But he does hold that its frequency has increased very greatly.

The main reason for this, in Dr. Championerre's opinion, is the increased consumption of meat. When the masses of the people ate little meat and people subsisted chiefly upon vegetables, appendicitis was almost unknown.

Dr. Championerre says: "Its direct connection with the intestines makes the appendix the depository of the most virulent infections of the body, and since the organ has no outlet, these toxics multiply, increase in power, and finally work the most violent consequences. I have shown that to infect the intestines is to affect the appendix. Now, to go further, incontestible records prove that every epidemic multiplies intestinal infections, and that particularly has this been found true of influenza. The change in our food, the shifting from vegetable to animal foods, has worked structural changes in the intestines and made them more liable to disease. Animal food contains to a much greater degree properties inimical to health, and the consumption of meat is increasing daily. I have never seen or heard of a vegetarian being a victim of appendicitis. In countries where a vegetable regime still obtains, appendicitis is practically unknown, and finally in the two countries where meat eating has its greatest vogue —England and the United States—there are more cases of appendicitis than in the rest of the entire world put together. Do not these facts point their obvious moral?"

The reduction of the meat habit would mean a great reduction in the cost of living, especially in Duluth, and if it would lessen the number of cases of appendicitis, why not give it a trial.

REVISING THE TARIFF.

It is beginning to be the quite common opinion that the Republican leaders will not allow and amendment of the tariff laws at the coming session of congress; that the high duties of the Dingley law will not be lessened, but whatever changes are brought about in the existing tariff rates will be effected by reciprocity treaties. A gentleman who stands close to the administration, and who, on the recent presidential trip, had an opportunity to ascertain the views of the president and members of the cabinet, is reported to have said recently:

"I feel certain that there will be no reduction ordered in the present tariff rates during the coming session of congress. Any one who has looked carefully into the talk about putting certain articles on the free list will have no difficulty in tracing it to a political source. The great money interests of the country, represented in the industrial plants, their owners and operatives, have no sympathy with the demand for tariff modifications. The so-called trusts are sound business concerns, organized on business principles and operated to the benefit of the general public. I do not hear any demands from the laboring people that the tariff be cut down. The case is much like the recent strike of machinists, when the men in our shop were told by a walking delegate that they must strike in sympathy with others who had gone out. Our men had no complaints to make and did not wish to stop working. But the walking delegate had to do something to earn his pay and his industry took that form.

"The cry for tariff changes looks to me very much like an effort to raise an issue. It is quite certain that the men who are directly affected by the proposed changes are not party to the demand. We have found by experience that when congress takes up the tariff question for discussion it is a signal for business paralysis. Manufacturers and merchants are afraid to move in the transaction of their business as long as there is doubt as to what rates are to be established. The country is now enjoying a remarkable degree of prosperity, all of which will be disturbed as soon as congress begins to talk of tariff changes. I remember some years ago the duty on tea was lifted, but it did not have the effect that was predicted. The price of tea was immediately raised on the other side in proportion to the tariff reduction, and our people paid as much for tea on the free list as they did when a duty was exacted.

It may be that the laws will no be changed, but there is unquestionably a demand for relief in some way, and it is doubtful if reciprocity treaties will accomplish the needed results. The senate refused, at its last session, to ratify any of the reciprocity treaties negotiated by Commissioner Kasson, and it is likely to refrain from taking any action next winter. It is questionable, also, whether the gentleman quoted above expresses the views of President McKinley. Others who have talked with him during the past two months claim that he believes there should be a revision of the tariff. The author of the views expressed above talks as if he had been retained in the interests of the trusts. He mentions tea. Does he not know that when the Dingley tariff imposed a duty of 10 cents a pound on tea, the price of tea to the consumer was raised 10 cents a pound? There is no general revision of the triff proposed by Mr. Babcock and other Western Republicans, so that legitimate business interests will find nothing at which to take alarm, but there is a general demand that an end shall be put to the conditions which permit the holding up of the citizens of this country by the trusts, to permit the latter to sell to the foreigner for less than we can buy here at home. The Republican party failed to perform its duty in this respect in the last congress. It will have another chance at the session beginning in December. Should it again fail to act, the people may call upon the Democratic party to come to their aid.

DULUTH'S FOURTH.

Had the elements been kinder, Duluth would have had a great celebration of the Fourth that would long have been remembered, but, even despite the inclement weather the day was well observed and a part of the elaborate program was carried out. Beneath a leaden sky, that threatened rain at any moment, the parade was formed and proceeded over the prescribed route. It was a lengthy and interesting procession and had the sun been shining would have presented a dazzling appearance and its numbers would also have been greatly increased. Everyone was disposed to make the best of the unpleasant conditions and the many hundreds of visitors who came to the city were well satisfied of the desire to entertain them as much as the weather would permit.

The laying of the corner stone of the public library building with impressive Masonic ceremonies was an event of absorbing interest. The eloquent oration delivered by Hon. Robert G. Evans, of Minneapolis, was listened to with close attention, and the reading of the stirring sentences of the Declaration of Independence by L. C. Harris was calculated to stir the patriotism of his hearers.

There was much disappointment because the wet weather made necessary a postponement of the exhibition of fireworks. This will occur on the first fine evening.

Considerable interest will invest the Jewish historical exhibition to be held in New York city next winter. The Jews have their roots in all lands, and the history of their relations with America is of more importance probably than most people realize. Even Columbus's voyage of discovery brings the Jew into view, for he wrote descriptive letters of his new world adventures to Jews in Spain, and these will be on exhibition. There are various national Hebrew organizations, and all these will co-operate to make the exposition of American Hebrew life, from the earliest times, a popular success.

It is generally known that Poe was in his younger days a good athlete, and the July Bookman, in an article on his brief career at the university of Virginia, calls attention to some records which were in their day really remarkable, such as swimming six miles against a strong tide, and while still a boy jumping 21 feet six inches. Is it possible that if he had fallen on later days Poe would have been another Capt. Poe of the eleven, instead of the author of "The Raven."

It is interesting to see that the staid Atlantic Monthly, which holds to its fine and dignified conservatism at all essential points, has been led to follow the lead of newspapers and cheaper magazines in furnishing a digest of previous chapters in serials. But to prevent disturbance of the appearance of the page the digest is given in the advertising pages, with reference by a footnote.

Col. James Kilbourne of Columbus easily leads in the contest for the Ohio Democratic nomination for governor. He has far more pledged delegates than all others put together, but the politicians are predicting that he will have to be better harmonized with Tom Johnson than he is supposed to be in order to win. The convention comes next week.

The ultimate haunt of vice is the human heart, said Rev. Dr. Huntington, of New York, in a recent baccalaureate address. "Cities must be reformed from within, if they are to be reformed to any purpose. You cannot police a city into being good any more than you can finance a city into being holy, or loot an empire into being Christian."

The Pennsylvania crew lost in the final heat at Henley, being defeated by one length by the mighty Leanders. There will be much disappointment among the friends of the American crew, but they have the satisfaction of knowing that it was a warmly contested race in fast time.

The latest form of the American peril in England is the threatened purchase and exportation to the United States of the late Prof. Foxwell's valuable library of 30,000 books and pamphlets on economics. A fund is being collected to keep the books in England.

According to the London Courier, in the new coins the King's head will look from left to right; Queen Victoria is represented looking from right to left. According to very old custom the new sovereign must not look the same way as his predecessor.

The Deutschland, with hundreds of millions of dollars, as typified in wealthy Americans, has arrived safely at New York. What a commotion there would have been in Wall street had the vessel gone to the bottom with all on board.

Only about $40,000,000 worth of claims against Spain have been filed up to date. Hon. William E. Chandler and his associates upon the Spanish claims commission are not anticipating a summer of abundant and unbroken leisure.

A New York lawyer left $1,000,000 to his wife in a will consisting of fifteen words. The will has been held good. Had he been writing a will for a client he would have filled sixteen pages of typewriting.

Duluth will soon be justified in asking for a change in the management of the weather bureau. There is a limit even to the patience of Duluthians.

The machine politicians of Iowa are getting some hard knocks.

A corner in St. Louis that sold for $350,000 in 1891 has just changed hands for $1,000,000. There will be similar increases in Duluth property in the not distant future.

It is reported that Andrew Carnegie intends to erect a monument to James G. Blaine. It would be a commendable act. Mr. Blaine deserves a monument.

And the next day it also rained.

AMONG THE MIRTHMAKERS.

Smart Set: Bibbs—No man knows himself.

Gibbs—That's so. He would lose his best friend if he did.

Chicago Post: "He'll never amount to anything as a golf player."

"Why not?"

"He calls himself 'William' instead of 'Willie.'"

Catholic Standard: Hi—Josh says that city fellers gev him a hundred an' some odd dollars fur his horse.

Si—You ain't heered the rest of it. When he took them dollars to bank he found they wuz all odd.

Washington Star: "The politicians don't talk as much as they used to about the horny-handed son of toil," said the neighbor.

"No," answered Farmer Corntossel, "Sence golf got fashionable you can't jedge a man by his callouses any more."

Detroit Journal: Citizen—No, I don't care to buy the lots.

Agent—I guess you don't know how the land lies.

Citizen—No, but I know how the average real estate man lies.

Puck: Friend—How much money did your defaulting cashier get away with?

Bank Manager—Can't say.

Friend (in astonishment)—What! Haven't you had his books examined yet?

Bank Manager—No; he hasn't returned them yet.

Chicago Tribune: "It is said that lobsters will be extinct in twenty-five years," remarked Hiland.

"Oh, well," replied Halket, who is very fond of lobster, "let us not worry about it. Let us look on the bright side. We may all die before that time."

Philadelphia Press: "I belong to the Buffaloes," confided the young man, with an air of mystery.

"Oh, I thought perhaps you belonged to the Bears," commented the young lady, with a shy smile.

"The Bears? I don't know what order that is."

"Why, bears, you know—bears—they—they hug people sometimes."

RAIN.

The patient rain at early summer dawn;
The long, lone autumn drip; the damp, sweet hush
Of springtime, when the glinting drops
Seem gone into the first notes of the hidden thrush;
The solemn, dreary beat
Of winter rain and sleet;
The mad, glad, passionate calling of the showers;
To the unblossomed hours;
The driving, restless midnight sweep of rain;
Of spring's childhood; the fierce, Unpitying pour
Of low-hung, leaden clouds; the evermore
Prophetic beauty of the sunset storm,
Transfigured into color and to form
Across the sky.—O, wondrous changing rain!
Changeful and full of temper as man's life;
Impetuous, fierce, unpitying, kind again,
Prophetic, beauteous, soothing, full of strife;
Through all thy changing passions hear not we
Th' eternal note of the Unchanging sea?

—LAURA SPENCER PORTER, in the Atlantic Monthly.

CONTINUOUS ADVERTISING.

The Fourth Estate: One of Boston's big department stores recently published the following in the midst of its large display ads in the Sunday local papers:

"Many customers have said to us, 'Why do you advertise continuously? We always come to your shop when we desire to buy goods.' We believe that is true with thousands of our patrons—particularly the large number who have charge accounts—but we wish to increase this long list; and our announcements of new articles and fabrics opening frequently are intended as a source of information from time to time of what is particularly new and desirable as well as what are exceedingly reasonable in price.

"Many lots have to be disposed of at a great loss, on account of excessive stock, injudicious buying or change of fashion; at such times the prices quoted are so very low that we want the information of these opportunities known far and near, both to our regular customers and the great public.

"So, if you read our advertisements in the light of valuable information about our store, you can send messengers or come yourself, confident such may be relied upon, and if you are made a satisfied customer we have accomplished our purpose, for a satisfied customer is the best advertisement known to us."

In other words, this business concern keeps continually before the public because it has something to say, in a business news way, every day in the year.

The amount of capital invested in these great shopping emporiums is large, and it is an absolute necessity that the goods purchased be turned over as quickly and as often as possible. It has been demonstrated that periodical advertising will not do.

It is all very well to talk about regular customers who would visit the store whether the concern advertised or not, but how long, think you, would they continue in the role of regular customers?

It is safe to say that 99 out of every 100 shoppers gain their information about a merchant's wares from the columns of the newspaper. The enterprising and successful shopkeeper is perfectly well aware of this fact, and he would as soon think of trying to do business on the "once in a while" advertising plan as he would of attempting to make a success by opening his shop whenever he happened to feel in the mood to transact business.

Journalist Knew It All.

Washington Post: There was a meeting of social reformers at Detroit the other day and one of the topics discussed was "What Must We Do with the Press?" A successful newspaper editor who was called upon to give his views frankly admitted that he didn't know anything about it and the next speaker was a perambulating "journalist" who talked for an hour. Of course, the latter was of the opinion that he knew it all.

Be Merciful to Beasts.

Baltimore American: The merciful man is merciful to his beast. The man who is at once humane in his instincts and careful of his own interests will take good care of his horses and do everything in his power to alleviate for them the sufferings of the heated season. Especially will he spare them the torture of the whip. Fortunately, cruelty to animals is on a gratifying decrease, owing to the energetic missionary work of the humane societies of men and women, a work which should receive practical help from the general public.

A Sight to Behold.

Philadelphia Record: Now that Commissioner and Civil Governor-elect Taft has gracefully carried his 296 pounds avoirdupois and led a petite Filipino senorita through the mazes of a Spanish dance at Cebu, who will dare say that the prospect of benevolent assimilation is not roseate?

Coronet at Bargain Rates.

Detroit Free Press: Father-in-law Zimmerman is having all kinds of trouble to knock off a few cents more on the dollar. Yo can't put it down as a certainty that there are no more titled foreigners going to marry their way into old man Zimmerman's family while he has his health and strength.

The Man and the Firecracker.

Springfield Republican: Minister Wu, strange to say, has enemies in the City of Brotherly Love. The "Chinese-American Misionary society" of Philadelphia objects to him as Fourth of July orator, on the preposterous ground that he "covertly aided the Boxers in their massacre of Christians in China." From all that can be learned, the "Chinese-American Missionary society" is a very shadowy concern; it does not count. As for Minister Wu, he will make an appropriate orator in one aspect of the case. China is the country that the firecracker came from. He ought to be made to justify its existence.

No Tears For Dick Townley.

Army and Navy Journal: The dismissal of Lieut. R. H. Townley, U. S. N. retired, will be hailed by many officers on the active list with much pleasure, because it was largely through the efforts of Lieut. Townley that the law permitting the assignment of retired officers to active duty was passed through congress. It has always been felt that a great injustice has been done the active list by this statute, for while the number of officers on the active list was apparently increased by the law the real effect was to enable retired officers to fill shore billets while the real active list of the navy was kept at sea, without much prospect of shore duty as reward for well performed sea service.

Well Worth the Price.

New York Sun: No yellow fever in Havana! Think of it! Think of it! That alone is worth the price of the Spanish war.

Vocal Evidence.

Buffalo Express: And now a Nebraska judge has decided that the curfew law in that state is unconstitutional. There is some sense left on the bench.

DOUBLE SUICIDE.

Result of the Husband Drinking to Excess.

Hot Springs, Ark., July 5.—Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Wilson, old residents of this city, committed suicide Tuesday, the wife in the morning and the husband in the afternoon. Mrs. Wilson came here early Monday evening in search of her husband who occasionally drank to excess. He had not been home for two days. She made the rounds of the saloons on Central avenue, and, upon learning that her husband was drinking and carousing, immediately purchased several grains of morphine and started home.

A message was received at police headquarters that Mrs. Wilson was in a dying condition from the effects of a drug. A physician was summoned, but Mrs. Wilson died early next morning. Her husband when informed that she had taken morphine hurried home, and was there told by the attending physician that his wife could not live. Wilson broke down completely and cried like a child. He soon dissapeared, and his continued absence occasioned some suspicion that he might take his life. About 3 o'clock in the afternoon the neighbors began a search for him. His dead body was found an hour later in the southern suburbs of the city. A physician stated that death resulted from opium poisoning.

A grown daughter is frantic with grief. Miss Wilson was to be married next month to a very estimable young man of this city.

LOVED THE SAME MAN.

Girls In Kentucky Have a Lively Fight.

Inez, Ky., July 5.—Two young women, each aided by her sister, met on a bridge ten miles east of here and engaged in a desperate fight because they were in love with the same youth. One of the seconds may die, while her principal is hurt severely. The girls were Cora Newson and Alice Chapman; both were infatuated with Rush Muncy.

When the girls met, Muncy asked Cora Newsom to give his ring to Alice Chapman. As she was in the act of handing the ring over she slashed Miss Chapman with a knife she had concealed in her handkerchief. This angered Dixie Chapman, who at once took her sister's part and stabbed Miss Newsom twice, one cut severing the biceps muscle of the right arm. In the fight which followed Dixie Chapman was knocked from the bridge. She fell fifteen feet and both arms were fractured. She may die. Both Miss Chapman and Miss Newsom are well known and prominent, and the affair has caused a great sensation.

CANT AND CANTEEN.

Rev. S. B. Dexter's Booklet on Canteen Question.

Chicago, July 5.—Facts and startling figures will be found in "Cant and Canteen," Rev. Stephen B. Dexter's booklet on the canteen question: The publication which will be issued in a few days, will contain five chapters, reviewing in detail the arguments for and against the military post exchange system. The conclusion is a plea for the restoration of the canteen.

Dr. Dexter again visited Fort Sheridan on Wednesday and saw that an addition was being built to the guardhouse, which has heretofore been large enough for all purposes. Yesterday there were sixty-four prisoners and pay day was far off. The men, as the officers told Dr. Dexter, are more irritable than ever without the relaxation afforded by canteen sociabilities.

Dr. Dexter is not only convinced that the sentiment in favor of the canteen is so strong that it will result in the passage of a repeal bill at the next session of congress, but he declares the odious law now on the statute books will be the death blow to the Prohibition party. He says:

"Not that the opposition of the saloon power will cease, but the fanatical and misguided persons who have had enacted such a bad law will find that the public will have no confidence in their statements hereafter and will not trust them with any law-making power, or listen to their pleas."

A ROMANCE CONNECTED

With a Marriage That Occurred In Chicago.

Zanesville, Ohio, July 5.—Friends in this city were surprised to receive cards from Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert D. Munson, of Los Angeles, Cal., announcing the marriage of their daughter, Miss Sarah Munson, to Ernest Alfred Northcote, of Zanesville, Sunday, June 30, at Lake Forrest, Ill. The marriage was solemnized at the summer home of the bride's uncle, Ebenezer Buckingham, of Chicago.

The marriage has not a litele romance connected with it. Several months ago Mr. Northcote became ill and his life was despaired of. As soon as Miss Munson was informed of the fact she hurried alone across the contenent to the bedside of her fiance. The physicians gave their opinion that he was suffering from a rare form of nervous disease, but that with proper care he would recover.

Purest and best of all Drinks.....

Soda Water

If drawn from our new Fountain. DEEP ROCK LITHIA WATER, VERNOR'S GINGER ALE at

MAX WIRTH'S DRUG STORE.

DAILY STORY

"FAINT HEART."

BY WILLIAM MacLEOD RAINE

(Copyright 1901, by W. M. Raine.,

She noticed that the Cuban sun and fever had taken it out of him a good bit. He walked as erect as ever, but his uniform coat hung loose about him like a sack and his step lacked the buoyant spring that used to distinguish his approach. He took her pink little palm in his tanned yellow hand with a great sigh of relief.

"It's good to get back to God's country again," he told her after the first greetings were past.

"I suppose you did miss a good many things down there. It must have been awful if the newspapers accounts are true."

He shrugged his thin shoulders.

"It wasn't exactly a picnic, but, then, men don't go to war for fun—at least they are not liable to find it if they do."

"And what did you miss most?"

A flash of his old audacity leaped to his eye. A little girl in New York. There were other things I wanted—iced drinks, something to eat that was green, a pace to sleep in where the standing water wasn't more than six inches deep—but it was the girl I wanted to see most."

She gave him her most suave smile.

"I didn't know you had any sisters."

"I haven't. This was another man's sister."

"Oh!"

There did not seem to be anything further to say along that line, so far as she was concerned. Presently she asked:

"Has the regiment been ordered home?"

"Yes, we're all here—what's left of us!" Then he added: "I came home to tell this girl I love her."

"Yes?" she asked with polite interest. "Did you have the regiment ordered home just for that? Isn't it taking a good deal of trouble?"

"Not too much. That's what I'm here for—to take trouble, if I can only gain my end."

She murmured something about hoping she would be able to congratulate him soon.

His big eyes covered her steadily. "Do you really hope so?"

"Of course. But do tell me about the war. I'm just dying to know all about how it feels to be in battle."

"There's nothing much to tell," he answered, somehow feeling baffled without quite knowing why. "It's awful hot and dusty—and once in awhile some poor fellow gets knocked over. There isn't anything much to see. One gets a throat like a lime kiln. No trouble at all to raise a thirst. That's about all. But there's something else I'd rather talk about."

"Oh, yes! The charges against the government about the feeding and care of the soldiers," she acquiesced hastily.

"Hang the charges! I'm not worrying about them at all. It's this girl I want to talk about."

"Oh, that girl again!"

"Yes, I'm interested in her."

"Is she nice?"

"I think so."

"And good looking?"

"Well, her looks make a hit with me."

"Doubtless she would be gratified to know it."

"I'm not sure about that," he answered, looking at her swiftly. "In point of fact she knows it already, only she pretends not to. I can't seem to find out where I stand with her. When I get ready to tell her she laughs at me with the gravest face imaginable. One can't grow sentimental when a girl is making game of one, you know."

"No, I suppose not," she assented demurely.

He took a grip on himself and decided that the time had come to storm this fortress, to which the run up San Juan Hill appeared a mere bagatelle.

"There was once a young fellow at the Point," he began nervously. "Naturally he thought himself in love, but the curious thing is that he was in love. Fact is, he didn't know any more about girls than you do about the native jargon of the Hindustanee. He never had been with them much and didn't know how to talk to them. But once—well, the sister of a classmate came visiting at the Point, and after that she was the only woman in the world that counted."

She settled herself more comfortably in the chair and smiled dazzingly at him. Never a maiden more unconscious of his ulterior meaning!

"How charmingly romantic! Do go on! I hope there will be immense difficulties in the way. Another lover—obdurate parent—heartrending separation—mutual vows of undying fealty!"

"No, there wasn't any obdurate parent. So far as I could find out her father hadn't any objections to my—to this young fellow's marrying his daughter. There were separations enough. He had to play hide and seek with the Apaches in Arizona for a year or two, but I never discovered that her heart was rent."

"Perhaps it was loaned—or even given away," she bubbled.

He paid no attention to this sally, though he appreciated it.

"There was another lover," he continued, eyes full on hers. "He was a man of a good deal of force, had made his own way in the world, and was on the road to wealth. He could give her all the things that this lieutenant couldn't give her, the luxuries she had been used to all her life."

"Oh, I see. He could feed her on bon-bons." This most innocently.

"He could provide for her as she ought to be provided for."

"Still is is just conceivable that even a girl might weary of eating sweets the live-long year in and year out, isn't it?" she asked, with a touch of asperity.

"I'm not talking about confections exactly, but there are decencies to be observed. A fellow can't ask a young woman of a wealthy famiy to come and share nothing with him."

"Oh, no! Much better leave her to her digestion of the confections and other toys you mentioned."

"Arizona is not exactly a place where a society girl would care to live."

"Of course he asked her whether she would like to go there. He didn't go away without giving her a chance, I suppose."

The lieutenant flushed. "He simply couldn't ask her. The thing was unthinkable. He would have deserved to be shot if he had taken her out there to die of lonelines away from home."

"So he left her to her bon-bons. He can't have thought much of her. She was probably only a fancy of the moment."

"But you are quite wrong. He did. Don't you see that it was because he cared so much for her that he could not ask her to share a lot like that with him? He went away and bore his hurt silently."

"That was very generous of him," she admitted cordially. "But you must be wrong about the officer, Lieut. Weston. He couldn' have really believed in the girl if he thought these luxuries were more to her than the man she loved. If he had thought her a true woman he would not have hesitated to give her the choice. It would not have been fair to her to go away without a word. He must have thought her a butterfly."

Weston's eyes grew eloquent. "Believe me he knew her to be all things good, but he had so little to offer that he knew he had not the right to offer it. There are some things a man may not do."

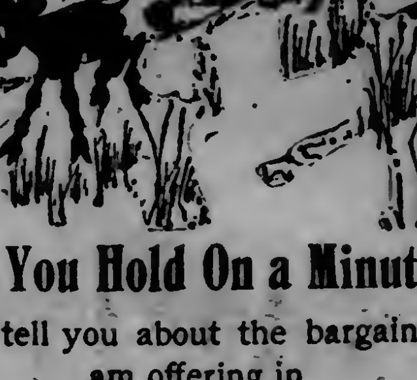
She had nothing more to say. The rest was for him.

"Besides, she did not know whether she loved him or not. At times it seemed to him that she did, and then again he thought she didn't. Perhaps if he had known—been sure—"

He stopped, but she offered him no help. Nor did her eyes meet his fairly. The downcast lids had the answer that otherwise might have been read there.

"Miss Chisholm—Kate—I have come now to find out. While I lay with the fever heavy on me, face to face with death, things took on new relations to each other. Poverty and wealth and external distinctions of society appeared to me the accidents of life; love stood out a great verity to dwarf these. I made a pledge with myself then that if I lived I would find out whether you loved me or not. Long ago I should have asked you, but for my pride. Today it is my pride to brush aside my pride. Will you be my wife, Kate?"

She flashed one radiant look at him, and Weston had his answer before the words trembled from her lips.



If You Hold On a Minute

I'll tell you about the bargains I am offering in

Children's Wash Suits

—at—

50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50

Children's Odd Knee Pants

Cassimeres and Wash Goods

25c, 50c, 75c, 85c, $1.00 and $1.50.

New assortment of Boys' Caps just opened. Children's Combination Overall Suits, just the thing for little fellows to play in.

C. W. ERICSON,

Reliable Clothier.

219 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Herba Cura Stomach Powders

Has 27 years of cures behind it.

One dollar at best druggists.

WOMAN'S SALOON RIGHTS

They Are Equal to Those of Men.

Denver, Col., July 5.—Colorado women have the same privileges as men of entering saloons, winerooms and restaurants and calling for any kind of drinks they wish. Judge Palmer decided the question in a suit to test the power of the city to close restaurants that sell liquor with meals on Sunday.

The ruling is a victory for the restaurants. In deciding the case Judge Palmer held that a restaurant may sell liquors to its patrons on Sunday, that the city ordinance prohibiting winerooms and the sale of liquor to women is unconstitutional, that women may enter saloons and saloonkeepers may sell them beer and whisky the same as to men; that saloonkeepers may conduct winerooms in connection with their saloons and in them serve drinks to men and women. The decision concludes:

Any enactment relative to the sale of liquor whereby a woman is prohibited from purchasing liquors under the same circumstances that a man is, is in violation of her rights under the equal suffrage constitutional provision and is in violation to the right given a saloonkeeper to sell to a woman as well as a man. By that act the last vestige of inequality between man and woman under the laws of the state of Colorado was swept away.

THEY CUT HIS HAIR.

Growth of Many Years Is Forcibly Removed.

Suffolk, Va., July 5.—Refusing to be shaved or have his hair cut, Robert Johnson, a well-known citizen of Courtland, Va., got so objectionable to his wife that she decided something ought to be done. His beard looked like it hadn't been shaved for twenty years, and his hair hung over his shoulders like a woman's locks. Mrs. Johnson thought so much hair spoiled her husband's looks and she asked some of the merchants to suggest the remedy.

Finally a number of merchants and their salesmen got together and decided to play barber till Bob Johnson's appearance was more to Mrs. Johnson's liking. They laid for him. When the details had been fixed Johnson was besieged and the business men wouldn't let him go until they had clipped away the masses of hair and lopped off and shaved the great shaggy beard. Johnson objected for awhile to losing his much-prized hirsute growth, but submitted when he saw his assailants meant business.

Johnson is a carpenter. When he went to the house he was building nobody knew him and it took his wife some time to learn who he was. Mrs. Johnson rejoiced when she learned what had been done. The man who used the razor on Johnson's face is one of the biggest shopkeepers in Courtland.

MINISTER TO BRAZIL.

Berlin, July 5.—The emperor has appointed Herr Von Treutler German minister to Brazil.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

AMUSEMENTS.

PARLOR THEATER.

W. J. Wells, Manager 19 Second Ave. West.

EVERY NIGHT 8:30 P. M.

"Ida Rose Big Specialty Co."

Fine Bill of Vaudeville Acts.

The Talk of the Town!

Are you going down to the

ZENITH TEA CO

Who would not when you can get

$4.10 for $2.69

	Our Price.	Else where.
2 lbs Sugar	1c	15c
2 large cans Tomatoes	2c	20c
2 cans Sugar Corn	2c	20c
2 cans Early June Peas	2c	20c
1 can Peaches	1c	15c
1 can Pears	1c	15c
5 lbs 35c Java & Mocha	$1.50	$1.75
1 lb of 80c Tea	60c	80c
1 lb can Baking Powder	50c	50c
	$2.69	$4.10

Zenith Tea & Coffee Co.,
109 East Superior St.
Duluth, Minn.

Telephone (Zenith) 1269. Telephone and mail orders given prompt attention.

WEINBERG & GOODMAN, Mgrs.
H. Chernoff, Adv. Agent.

ORE ROADS

Still Decline to File Their Tariffs With Commission.

St. Paul, July 5.—Next Tuesday morning the new railroad commission will grapple with the ore rate cases which were settled last fall by the former commission, but have been reopened.

The order of the former commission was disregarded by the ore roads, which withdrew their tariffs and refused to keep any on file, claiming they had carried ore only on private contracts, and had no regular tariffs. Instead of commencing proceedings at once to make the roads comply with the law, the new commission paid no attention to the matter until it was brought up by the roads themselves, asking to have the case reopened. The commission agreed to do so on condition that the roads file their tariffs and acknowledge the authority of the commission. The roads insist that carrying ore is interstate business, as its final destination is Cleveland. They protested against the condition, and the commission obligingly removed it, agreeing to take up the case at a formal hearing on July 9.

The commission had retained Senator Clapp as special counsel in the ore rate cases, but did not consult him until after this amended order had been issued. At the request of Commissioner Staples, Attorney General Douglas was called into consultation. Messrs. Clapp and Douglas agreed in advising the commission to get prompt action from the courts on the legal end of the question—the authority of the commission over the ore rates. The majority of the commission took this advice against their will, and ordered the Duluth & Iron Range and the Duluth, Missabe & Northern to file their ore tariffs with the commission before July 9, or appear on that date to show cause.

The roads have refused to file their tariffs and say they will fight the commission's authority all the way down the line. The railroad attorneys will appear before the commission Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, in answer to the order to show cause. They will claim that ore rates are a matter of private contract and not subject to state regulation; also that the ore traffic is interstate commerce. It will then be "up to" the commission.

WILL SEND MILITIA

If the Striking Miners Do Not Withdraw.

Denver, July 5.—Striking miners are reported to be still in possession of the property surrounding the Smuggler-Union mine at Telluride, where a riot occurred early in the week and resulted in the driving out of the non-union men. It is stated that Governor Orman will send militia to the scene immediately, if the strikers shall persist in surrounding the mine after the arrival of a commission sent by the governor to demand their withdrawal, and open negotiations for the settlement of the strike. The commission will arrive at the mine late this afternoon.

WETMORE'S GELA TIN
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers

Low Rates.

Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria and return only $45.00 via Great Northern Railway. Tickets on sale July 6th to 13th inclusive and good returning until August 31st. The Great Northern Ry., the short, fast line to Pacific Coast points. See Great Northern ticket agents for details of these cheap trips. City office, corner Spalding hotel.

Fine Photos of Corner Stone Laying at Library Building July 4th. Chamberlain & Tailor's Book Store.

RECRUITS FOR NAVY

Being Sought on Inland Waters of the Southern States.

Enlisting Fishermen and Seafaring People For the Service.

Report on Improved Condition of Public Health In Cuba.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, July 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The little Spanish prize gunboat Alvarado, captured at Santiago, has started on a mission of an experimental character which, if fruitful, may lead to the establishment of a system of itinerant recruiting stations for the navy. The Albarado is now in the North Carolina sounds and inland waters of the Southern states, engaged in enlisting fishermen and seafaring people for the naval service. These persons can not be reached by the ordinary recruiting stations in towns, as few of them ever get far from their smacks and huts of the sounds. The navy is now several hundred seamen short, and is adopting this method to facilitate enlistments. Suggestion has been made that a floating recruiting station for both army and navy should be sent down the Ohio river, visiting towns on the way and setting forth the advantages of life in the two military services.

* * *

The remarkably improved condition in the public health in Cuba, and especially in the cities of Havana and Santiago, since American sanitary methods were introduced, is made the subject of a recent report to the war department by Maj. Corgas, surgeon of the medical corps. From the report it appears that Havana is almost as healthy now as the majority of the cities of this country.

While the sewerage system is in need of extension, the drainage has been so improved tht Havana has had less yellow fever in the past two years than possibly at any time in its history. Maj. Gorgas points out that the more healthful Havana is and the greater its freedom from yellow fever, the more this country becomes free from the disease cropping out in Southern ports. A material reduction in the death rate of Havana has resulted.

For the first time in the history of Havana the city has been free entirely this month from yellow fever. Maj. Gorgas says that this condition was due to the fact that a large amount of money and labor has been expended in the destruction of the mosquitoes, which, it has been shown, thransmit yellow fever germs with their sting. There is a peculiar species of the insect, however, which breeds the disease, and investigation has shown that where soldiers have been bitten by these, yellow fever almost invariably results. In destroying the mosquito a force of seventy-five men has been employed and over 1400 gallons of oil used in preventing the propagation of the insect.

The surgeon general of the marine hospital service lately issued special orders to surgeons of his corps, warning them to protect all patients in hospitals from the bite of mosquitoes and to take precautions to prevent them from entering wards where contagious patients are treated, in order to prevent the spread of diseases.

* * *

In his forthcoming annual report Rear Admiral Bradford, chief of the bureau of equipment, will make an appeal for the equipment of American men-of-war with a system of wireless telegraphy. As soon as the appropriation is obtained Admiral Bradford will recommend the system to be adopted for the naval service. In the meantime he is getting all the information available regarding systems in operation and undergoing development. Believing that Commander Richardson Clover, naval attache in London, is deeply occupied with his current work, he recommended to Secretary Long that a wireless telegraph expert be sent to England for the purpose of representing the navy in the forthcoming trials of the two new systems developed by Lloyd's agency. Action has not yet been taken upon his recommendation.

* * *

The monthly bulletin of the American Republics contains the following: There is said to be a good market for pianos, organs and other musical instruments in the state of Yucatan, Mexico.

Ramiro Fernandez, representing the Urban Railway company of Guatemala, Central America, is reported to have secured a concession for a tramway from Guatemala City to Guardo Viego. The material, etc., for the construction of the same will be imported free of duty.

The government of Uruguay is said to be obtaining information with a view to the installing of a large pumping plant at Montevideo.

The Mexican Mining and Developing company, of the City of Mexico, has secured the contract for the construction of a large market building at Toluca. The value of the contract is said to be $300,000, Mexican money. Considerable building material will be needed.

The various railroads in the state of Yucatan are about to discard wood fuel, in view of timber having become so scarce in that country. Negotiations are, therefore, being conducted with a view to the importing of American coal. Felipo G. Canton, of New York city, who acts as American purchasing agent for the principal Yucatan railroads, states that some 15,000 tons of coal will be required for consumption by the various lines for the first years.

Reports state that the Southeastern Railway company, of Yucatan, will soon let contracts for about $5,000,000 worth of material for the proposed line in Yucatan, to be 300 miles long. The concession authorizes the construction of lines from Pato to the bay of Espirito Santo, with a branch to the bay of Ascension; from Valladodid to a point on the line from Pato to the bay of Espiritu Santo, and from a point between the line from Pato and the bay of Espiritu Santo to the coast of the river Hondu, frontier of Belize.

R. A. Gordon, superintendent and engineer for Lindo Bros., at Port Limon, Costa Rica, is reported to be in the market for wire lath, expanded metal wire cloth, to be used for ceilings, and partitions in buildings now under course of construction in that region. He also requests catalogues and prices on turbine wheels, dynamos and ice-making machines.

Messrs. M. Meldona and J. A. Lapez, of Sequi, Monora, Mexico, are contemplating the erection of a plant for reducing silver ores. They will require suitable machinery.

The government of Venezuela has contracted with a French firm and Tuodoro Urdaneta, an engineer of Caracas, for paving an avenue in the capital, three kilometers in length by twenty meters in breadth, with cement gutters and pavement on either side. The execution of this plan will lead to the placing of important orders for cement and building materials.

The French consul at Buenos Ayres, writing on the preparation of codfish destined for the Argentine republic, says that the fish should be heavily salted with a very good quality of salt, and closely packed in boxes. If the codfish is well prepared, the double zinc box is superfluous and unnecessarily increases the shipping expenses. The Norwegian codfish comes sometimes in plain wooden boxes and sometimes in zinc-lined boxes. The Norwegian and Scotch codfish have the largest sale in the republic, due in great measure to the manner of preparation, which always insures the product arriving in good condition. This is an article of food much esteemed in the South American republics, and especially so in the Argentine republic.

* * *

The Mexican consul at San Francisco, Cal., announces that during the month of April, 1901, the total shipments of merchandise from San Francisco to Mexican ports were valued at $131,866. There were also shipped to Mexico from this same port consignments of foreign merchandise, such as rice, cement, brandy, sugar, beer, mineral waters, soda, etc., amounting to $4734. The principal importations from Mexico consisted of the following: Silver ores, $57,832; gold coin, $1890; gold bullion, $94,810; Mexican dollars, $1696; silver bullion, $368,223, or a total of the precious metals of $424,431. The importations of merchandise consisted of live animals, $232; agaves, $37,462; old copper, $80; coffee, $1260; hides and skins, $18,427; horns, $90; beeswax, $333; shells, $644; drugs and medicines, $307; spices, $105; textile fiber, $3870; vegetables, $3416; lemons, $2082; merchandise returned, $1108; oysters, $325; wooden manufactures, $31; copper manufactures, $430; hair, $8; fish, $2055; lead, $1588; silk clothing, $25; hats, $18; cesselote, $2291; total, $75,018. During the month the number of Mexican dollars shipped to Hong Kong was 10,307.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Orangemen, Attention!

The anniversary of the battle of the Boyne will be held at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, Sunday morning July 7 at 10 o'clock. Rev. R. H. Craig will conduct the service. All Orangeman are earnestly requested to attend.

NEW TITLE.

King Edward Wants a More Comprehensive Appellation.

New York, July 5.—Commenting upon Mr. Chamberlain's announcement in the house of commons that the title of King Edward will be changed, the London correspondent of the Tribune says:

The king cannot well be made emperor of self-governing colonies such as Canada and Australia. In circles generally well informed the impression prevails that the words "sovereign of Great Britain" will be added to the present ceremonial title, which is "Edward by the grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, king, defender of the faith, emperor of India." Some people in England, however, believe that the addition will be a complete one, and Canada, Australia and South Africa will be separately mentioned. The attitude of the opposition will depend on the character of the bill. If it should attempt to extend the title of emperor to any part of the king's dominions outside of India it will be stoutly opposed.

'East Lynne'
Sixth Avenue Theater Tonight.

BOERS CAPTURED.

Nearly a Hundred Taken at Howell.

London, July 5.—Lord Kitchener telegraphs to the war office under date of Pretoria, July 4, as follows:

"Grenfell, on July 1, at Howell, captured ninety-three Boers and a lot of supplies belonging to Beyers' commando."

Low Excursion Rates

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

A few of the very low rates at which the Northwestern Line will sell round trip tickets to the various points on certain dates:

Detroit, Mich.	$21 25
Cincinnati, O.	23 55
Buffalo, N. Y.	24 50
Boise City, Ida.	45 50
Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo	29 00
Ogden and Salt Lake City	44 00
Portland, Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver	45 00
San Francisco	50 00

Full and accurate information as to dates of sale, limits and stopover privileges cheerfully given by calling at 405 West Superior street, where tickets and sleeping accommodations will be supplied.

$45.00 Round Trip

To Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Pacific Coast Points via Great Northern Railway. Tickets first class and good until August 31st, only $50.00 to San Francisco and return. On sale, July 6th to 13th inclusive. Call at city office, cor. Spalding Hotel.

What Shall We Have for Dessert?

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try

Jell-O,

a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-day. 10 cts.

MATCH TRUST

An English Concern Absorbs the Diamond Match Company.

The Latter Ceases to Exist as an English Concern.

Long Standing Feud Has Thus Been Patched Up.

New York, July 5.—A dispatch to the Herald from London says: Arrangements have been perfected by which the Diamond Match company, limited, of England, becomes amalgamated with Bryant & May, the famous firm of match makers of Bow.

While all the details of the proposed amalgamation are definitely settled, the actual papers will not be signed until Thursday next, after which date the Diamond Match company will cease to exist as an English company.

The parties interested decline to discuss the terms by which the long-standing feud shall be patched up, but it is generally understood that these contemplate a division of territory between the former rivals, the Diamond company taking the north of England, Scotland and Ireland, while Bryant & May devote themselves entirely to the midlands and southern counties. The percentage of profit from the Liverpool factory of the Diamond company, which formerly accrued to the Diamond company of Illinois, is wiped out in the shape of capital awarded to the parent company in the new combination.

Mr. Barber, chairman of the Diamond Match company of Illinois, with Mr. Smith, the president of the English company, waited on the Bryant & May directors at the works at Bow to fix up the details of this agreement.

The meeting was largely perfunctory, as the essence of the agreement had been settled by correspondence weeks ago. Hence it only required a formal acknowledgement on the part of both boards to ratify it in such a shape that the lawyers might draw up papers.

STABBED.

Negroes and White Men Have Fracas at Ironton, O.

Ironton, Ohio, July 5.—At Fleetwood park late yesterday, John and Albert Slaughter, white, were probably fatally stabbed by Luther Page and Abner Owens, colored. Charles Martin and Riley Slaughter were beaten with clubs. The trouble occurred over an attack on a small boy by a colored man. A small-sized riot followed. Finally the colored men were arrested and placed in the county jail.

After midnight an attempt was made to organize a mob to lynch the prisoners. A crowd gathered at the tunnel on Olive street, but no one volunteered to lead the assault on the jail. If the attack had been made a bloody battle undoubtedly would have occurred as fifty armed colored men were doing guard duty around the ail where their friends were imprisoned.

A little life may be sacrificed to an hour's delay. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea come suddenly. Only safe plan is to have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry always on hand.

DIED OF INJURIES.

Grand Island, Neb., July 5.—Albert Stevenson, who was injured in yesterday's storm which struck a circus tent in this city, died early today of his injuries. Five names were added to the list of injured today, bringing the total up to fifty. All the injured will recover.

LIBRARY ASSOCIATIONS.

Waukesha, Wis., July 5.—At the morning session of the American Library association's annual convention today, routine business was transacted. Reports of officers and of standing committees and on bequests received during the past year, were the principal items of business.

TRIAL JULY 18.

London, July 5.—The lord chancellor, Lord Halsbury, today informed Earl Russel that he will be tried July 18, before the house of lords on the charge of bigamy.

Cure For Cholera Infantum—Never Known to Fail.

During last May an infant child of our neighbor was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctors had given up all hopes of recovery. It took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days' time the child had fully recovered. The child is now vigorous and healthy. I have recommended this remedy frequently and have never known it to fail.—MRS. CURTIS BAKER, Bookwalter, Ohio. For sale by Boyce's Drug store.

Low Excursion West

VIA THE GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY, JULY 6 TO 13.

$35.00 to Butte, Helena and Anaconda and return; $40.00 to Spokane and return; $45.00 to Seattle, Portland, Victoria or Vancouver and return, and only $50.00 to San Francisco and return. Tickets first class and liberal stopover privileges allowed. On sale July 6 to 13. Good returning Aug. 31st. For full information regarding the different routes by which these tickets may be used call at City office, corner Spalding Hotel or Union Depot.

Denver and Return $29.00

SALT LAKE CITY AND RETURN, $44.00.

Via the Eastern Minnesota railway and connection, on sale July 1 to 9. Good returning Oct. 31st. Full information at City Ticket Office, corner Spalding Hotel and Union Depot.

AT WEST DULUTH

The rain yesterday kept most West Duluthians home during the afternoon, and though disappointing, it was better for the West Duluth business men than if the weather had been clear. Business was good in most of the stores that kept open, although they did not have nearly so much trade as on the Fourth of last year. Things were rather quiet and very little drunkenness was noticeable. Some picnic parties had to be abandoned and many of the West Duluth residents were prevented from going to Duluth to see the parade, not only on account of the rain, but on account of the need of additional cars. One man stood on the corner waiting for a car on which there was room for over two hours, and was prevented from getting in the parade by this. The residents of this section think that on such occasions a number of extra cars ought to be run for their benefit. Many of the visitors to Duluth got on the cars on their way out to the end of the line and paid double fare to see the parade.

Last evening a dance was given at the Great Eastern hall which was largely attended, many being unable to gain admittance. The affair was very successful in every particular and the music was kept up until the wee small hours.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mr. and Mrs. Trevost, of Cloquet, Minn., are in the city to spend a few days with friends.

K. A. Macdonald and family, of Munger row, arrived in West Duluth yesterday from a lake trip and visit to friends in Michigan. Mr. Macdonald says that the temperature in Michigan a week ago was 96 in the shade and that there was no rain in sight.

A great deal of work is being done on the machinery for the match factory at West Duluth.

A camping party composed of six young men went up the St. Louis river to spend the Fourth and pretty nearly got drowned out.

Mrs. Barnett, of Huntington, W. Va., is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. Deatherage.

A happy party of young people spent the Fourth at Lester Park, and in spite of the weather they had a very pleasant time. In the party were: Misses Lena Otto, Nora Tims, Minnie Jacques, Alice Tims, Clara Berg and Messrs. Shavert, Leo La Casse, William Godfrey, Fred Potevein and Condy Hines.

Miss Carrie Wicklim, of West Duluth, and Robert B. Mitchell, of Hibbing, were married Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at No. 11 Fifty-fourth avenue west by Rev. W. E. Loomis. The ceremony was witnessed by a few friends.

Not many Fourth of July accidents took place yesterday. A boy named Onsgard was burned about the face and head while lighting a cannon cracker, but is not seriously injured. Alfred Holter had his face burned in the same way, but will be all right in a day or so, while William J. Smart had three fingers of his left hand badly hurt while holding a giant firecracker yesterday afternoon. The accident will deprive him of the use of his hand for some time.

A dog, the property of Knute Nelson, the candy man, was run down and killed by a street car yesterday while in front of the postoffice.

The rain that fell this morning for a while was not as heavy as in Duluth, although is was a fairly heavy shower.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Nystrom, 13 South Fifty-sixth avenue west.

J. G. Robinson, of Munger flats, left this afternoon via the lakes for a month's visit with his brother and sister, of Detroit, Mich. He will visit Buffalo before returning.

Clay Yeager writes to friends here that he intends to return soon from Lebanon, Ohio, where he has resided during the past six months. He says the weather is too warm for him down there. He is much improved in health.

G. H. LeSage, who was formerly dairy and food inspector under John Lind, removed recently to Hibbing. His family and household effects followed him Tuesday.

George Coleman made a trip to Cloquet this week.

P. O'Donnell departed this week for a visit with relatives in Canada, and before he returns he will take in the sights at the Buffalo exposition.

TO CANTON.

President and Mrs. McKinley Ready to Start For Home.

Washington, July 5.—The president and Secretary Cortelyou were busy today closing up odds and ends of business, prior to the departure of the presidential party for Canton at 7:45 o'clock this evening. Ever since the trip to Canton was decided upon there has been a constant fear among Mrs. McKinley's friends that at the last moment it would be found that she was not strong enough to stand the fatigue of the journey. Those nearest her, however, have had every confidence that she would be in good condition for the journey when the time came and this confidence seems to have been justified.

When Dr. Rixey left Mrs. McKinley this forenoon, he said she was getting along very well indeed and that she was really better than she had been at any time since her attack while on the Western trip. She is still quite weak, however. She will have with her the same nurses and maid who have attended her during the late illness. In addition to the president and Mrs. McKinley and Mr. Cortelyou the party will consist of Dr. Rixey, a nephew and a niece of Mrs. McKinley and two or three members of the White House clerical force. They will travel in a private car and expect to reach Canton about 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

Man and Wife Found Dead at Des Moines.

Des Moines, July 5.—F. A. Brackett and his wife were found dead in a lodging house on Second street. Brackett was shot through the forehead and the woman in the temple. Evidently it was a case of murder and suicide. The Bracketts formerly lived in Atlantic, Iowa.

Notice.

July 6 to 13, the Northern Pacific railway will sell first-class tickets Duluth to Helena, Butte and Anaconda, Mont., and return for $35; to Spokane, Wash., $40, going transit limit July 18, return up to and including Aug. 31. Stop overs allowed in both directions within limit. For tickets and full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot or Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

WERE TOO STRONG

Leanders Were More Powerful Than the Pennsylvanians.

It Was Simply a Matter of a Better Crew.

Americans Beaten By the Best Crew In England.

Henley, July 5.—At the conclusion of the race with Leander, the Americans paddled slowly to the raft and took their boat out of the water. Their appearance indicated that they had had a hard fight. Stripping as quickly as possible, the Pennsylvanians were soon in the water for a swim.

Stroke Gardiner smiled as he greeted a representative of the Associated Press, saying: "We did not think it, but they were too strong."

Then, plunging into the water, he seemed almost dazed for a moment, while his brother, sitting on the bath steps, watched the minutes pass that he remained under water. But Gardiner popped up quickly and groped his way to the resting board. Ten minutes later all the crew were out again, and, while "Bob" Cook and scores of friends came to express sympathy, the crew cheerfily declared they had given the Leanders all they had, and had never rowed in better form.

Dr. White said the crew came through the ordeal as fine as possible, and Coxswain Flickwer said that, individually, the crew did splendidly.

"I don't think there was any one man worse than any other," the coxswain said. "Our start was not as good as yesterday, yet it was a fair start. The wind was much against us, and in turning to avoid puffy gusts I was afraid, twice, that I might foul the Leanders. We were rowing about forty all through, as near as I could gauge. We led a bit, up to the end of the island, but at Fawley they led by a few feet, and we were never able to regain it."

"It was simply a matter of a better crew," declared both Hart and Ward. "We think we have done better than any other American crew and, beaten thus by the best crew in England, we did everything we expected, except win."

BY WIRELESS.

Lucania Makes Successful Tests From Sea.

Queenstown, July 5.—The Cunard line steamer Lucania, from New York, June 29, for Liverpool, by way of this port, communicated with the Marconi station at Brow Head, from sixty-five miles westward from that point at 2:20 p. m. today. She is due here at 9 o'clock this evening. The agent of the Cunard line later received another wireless message from the Lucania, saying she was fifty miles west of Fastnet at 3:20 p. m. and proceeding at half speed owing to a fog.

MEADE SAILS.

Transport Leaves Manila For United States.

Washington, July 5.—A cable message was received at the war department today from Gen. Chaffee, saying that the transport Meade sailed from Manila today with three officers and 140 enlisted men of the Eighth battery, field artillery. Gen. MacArthur is a passenger on the vessel. He will go as far as Nagasaki, where he will spend two weeks, completing his trip to the United States on the transport Sheridan.

Special Excursion to Colorado

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

July 1 to 9 and Sept. 1 to 10 the Northwestern Line will sell round-trip excursion tickets from Denver to Colorado points at the low rate of $29.

Remember the dates and route, and do not fail to avail yourself of this very low rate to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo. Also tickets to Salt Lake City and Ogden and return for $44, final limit to return Oct. 31. Full information and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

Here They Go!

100 Spring and Summer Top coats at prices so low that you can't help but buy if you see them.

Lot 1—Black Clay Worsteds, mercerized linings—sold regularly at $10.00. Saturday's price—

$5.00

Lot 2—Gray Cheviots—box cut, well lined, sold regularly at $10.00. Saturday's price—

$6.00

Lot 3—Oxford Covert—Italian lining body, satin satin sleeve lining, sold regularly at $12.50. Saturdays' price—

$8.50

Lot 4—Your choice of any spring and summer top coat in the house, including our $15, $17, $18 and $20 coats for Saturday only

$12.50

One-half off regular price

Takes any article in our Ladies' Clothing Department.

Great bargains in Suits, Skirts, Silk Waists and Jackets.

We still have 15 Ladies' Rain Coats from our Rummage Sale lot which we sell from $2 to $5.

$1.00 Per Week Payments.

Gately
Supply Co.,
8 East Superior Street.

STEWARD ACQUITTED.

Was Accused of Complicity In Frauds.

Manila, July 5.—Commissary Post Steward Chappelle, accused of complicity in the commissary frauds, has been acquitted. Provost Marshal Davis disapproved of the sentence.

A civilian clerk named Stockman has been sentenced to three years' imprisonment.

An Englishman named Howard, former chief of Geronimo's artillery, is in command of the insurgent forces in Mindoro island. They are estimated to number 600 men armed with rifles, including several American deserters. They occupy strong entrenchments at Calapan and Nagan.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older ones. Easily cured. Doan't Ointment never fails. Instant relief, permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

CANCER

S.S.S.

The diseases most feared are those which are inherited—handed down from generation to generation, and family to family. By far the most destructive of these is Cancer, which finds the greatest number of its victims among the children and grand-children of those whose blood was tainted with this dreadful malady. You may carry this poison in the blood for years, but as the vital powers begin to wane a slight bruise or cut, wart or mole, sore or pimple may develop into Cancer. From middle life to old age is the time when the slumbering poison is most apt to break out, a sore or ulcer often degenerating into Cancer, and Tumors become more progressive and ulcerate through the skin, the sharp, shooting pains causing the most intense suffering.

The Cancer patient naturally grows despondent as one after another the usual remedies fail, and the sore shows no sign of healing. The impurities that have been accumulating in the system, perhaps for generations, cannot be eliminated nor the poisoned blood made pure by salves, washes and plasters. The proper treatment is to purify and build up the blood, remove the cause, when the sore or ulcer heals.

Mr. J. B. Arnold, of Greenwood, S. C., writes: "A tiny ulcer came, just under the left eye. It began spreading, and grew worse rapidly, destroying the flesh as it went. As Cancer is hereditary in my family I became thoroughly alarmed, consulting the best physicians and taking many blood medicines, none of which did me any good, when one of our leading druggists advised me to try S. S. S., and by the time I had taken the second bottle the Cancer began to show signs of healing, the discharge grew gradually less and finally ceased altogether, the sore dried up and nothing remains but a slight scar. I feel that I owe my life to S. S. S."

S. S. S. goes directly into the blood, destroys the virus, stops the formation of Cancerous cells and cleanses the system of impurities. What we say of S. S. S. as a cure for Cancer is supported by the testimony of those who have tested it and been restored to health.

Begin in time, don't wait until the blood is so polluted and the system so thoroughly saturated with the poison that no medicine, however efficacious, can check the progress of the disease. If there is a taint in your blood get it out at once, don't wait for some external evidence of it, the appearance of a tumor or ulcer. We have prepared a special book on Cancer which we will mail free. Our physicians are ready to help you by their advice and such direction as your case requires. Write us fully and freely—no charge for medical advice. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

RAINFALL TOO HEAVY

Excess In Northwest Strengthens Price of Wheat.

Advance Was Moderate However --- Cables Were Lower.

Corn and Oats Bulge Sharply and Help Wheat.

Duluth Board of Trade, July 5.—Weather news from the northwest was responsible for a small bulge in the wheat market today. Yesterday there were very heavy rains throughout the Red River valley and alarming reports of too much water were sent in. At the same time there was an attempt to work a grasshopper scare but the two did not work well together for water is generally regarded as a pretty good preventative against grasshoppers. Later reports were that cool dry weather had set in. The corn and oat markets were very strong on the drouth news and the wheat market was affected sympathetically. Receipts from the winter wheat country are growing heavier and the French cables were weaker and this took away much of the bull sentiment in Chicago. Liverpool showed a decline of ⅛@⅝d. Argentine shipments for the week were 408,000 bushels, last year 2,168,000. The Modern Miller says: "The wheat harvest progressed as far north as Nebraska and is practically finished in the more southern sections. Ideal harvest weather has prevailed. As a result the quality is the best ever produced and the yield is fully up to, if not beyond expectations. The movement of new wheat to market is increasing rapidly and promises to become general much earlier than usual."

Stocks of wheat in Duluth are estimated to decrease 900,000 bushels this week which will leave about 2,800,000 bushels. Primary receipts of wheat for the two days were 994,502 bushels, last year 394,494. Shipments 612,849 bushels, last year 330,780. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 783,460 bushels.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 452 cars, against 216 last week and 102 last year. Chicago receipts, 51 cars, 15 of contract grade.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. September wheat opened ⅛c higher at 65¾c, sold up to 66⅛c at 9:40, reacted to 65¾c at 10:55, sold at 66c at 12:40, reacted to 65⅞c at 12:45, rallied again to 66⅛c at 1:10 and closed at that price, an advance for the day of ½c. Chicago advanced ¼-⅜c and Minneapolis ⅜-½c.

Cash sales for the day were 75,000 bushels and the price strengthened being 1c over September.

September flax touched its high point today, reaching $1.52½. The close was $1.51 which was an advance over Wednesday's close of 3½c. October advanced 5c. Cash flax was 3c off. Other coarse grains were unchanged.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 70¼c; to arrive, 69⅝c; July, 70¼c; September, 67⅞c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67¼c; to arrive, 66⅜c; July, 67¼c; September, 66⅛c; August, 66⅜c. No. 2 northern, 62¼c. No. 3 spring, 58¼c. Oats, 27¼@27c. Rye, 46¾c. Flax, cash, $1.85; September, $1.51; September Northwestern, $1.52; October, $1.46.

Car inspection—Wheat, 37; corn, 2; rye, 3; flax, 6. Receipts—Wheat, 60,540; corn, 2341; oats, 3488; rye, 4280; flax, 2280. Shipments—Wheat, 201,000; oats, 1500.

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SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1 car old	$ 0.70¼
No. 1 hard, part car	69¾
No. 1 hard, 1 car old	70⅝
No. 1 northern, 1 car	66¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	66¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	66⅞
No. 1 northern, 16 cars	66⅞
No. 1 northern, 11 cars	66¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	63
No. 2 northern, 1 car	61¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car	63½
No. 2 northern, 8 cars	62½
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	62¼
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	63⅜
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	63
No. 2 northern, 1 car	57¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	58
No grade, 1 car	56⅞
Flax, part car rejected	1.82

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Low Opening Followed By Quick Rally In Wheat.

Chicago, July 5.—Lower cables caused a weak opening in wheat today. Trading was very light and a quick rally followed on fears of too much rains in the Northwest. September opened ¼c lower at 65⅞@66c and advanced to 66¼@⅜c. Argentine shipments were 408,000 bus. Northwest receipts were 452 cars, against 246 a week ago, and 102 last year. Local receipts were 51 cars, 15 of contract grade.

September touched 66½ and closed ¼c higher at 66⅜@½c.

Corn was strong on continued hot weather throughout the West and Southwest. September opened ¼c lower to ⅛c higher at 46¼@46½c, and advanced to 47c. Receipts were 155 cars, 6 of contract grade.

Reports of damage continued. September rose to 48c and closed strong 1½c higher, at 47⅞c.

Oats were better with corn. September opened ⅛c higher at 27⅝@¾c and advanced to 27⅞c. Receipts were 128 cars.

Provisions were easy on lower price for hogs. September pork opened 2½@12½c lower at $13.90@14.00 Lard opened 2½c lower at $8.42½ and ribs were 5c lower at $7.82½.

Close: Wheat, July, 65⅛@¼c; August, 65⅝c; September, 66⅜@½c; October, 67c. Corn, July, 46⅛c; September, 47⅞c. Oats, July, 28½c; September, 29c. Pork, July, $13.80; September, $14.05; October, $14.05; January, $14.05. Lard, July, $8.52½; September, $8.57½; October, $8.55; November, $8.40; December, $8.15; January, $8.02½. Ribs, July, $7.85; September, $7.95; October, $7.87½; January, $7.30. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 66@¼c; No. 3 red, 64@65c; No. 2 hard winter, 65c; No. 3 hard winter, 61c; No. 1 northern spring, 66½@67c; No. 2 northern spring, 65@½c; No. 3 spring, 61@65c. Corn, No. 2, 44⅜@45¾c; No. 3, 44¼@½c. Oats, No. 2, 29c; No. 3, 28½c. Barley, cash, 40@53c. Timothy, September, $4.40. Clover, cash, $9.50.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, July 5.—Close: Wheat, steady, futures, ⅛@⅜d lower; July, 5s ⅜d; September, 5s 6⅛d; December, 5s 6¾d. Corn, quiet, ¼d higher; July, 4s ¾d; September, 4s 1¼d.

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AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	66⅝B	63⅜B	64⅝-64¾	......
High	67¼	64⅛	65⅛	......
Low	65⅝B	63⅜	64½-⅝	......
Close	67¼	63¾	65⅛-¼	......
Sept.—				
Open	65¾B	63⅝-¾	66	......
High	66⅛	64¼-¼	66½	......
Low	65¾	63⅝	65⅞-66	......
Close	66⅛	64⅛	66⅜-½	......

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	27¾-27⅝	46⅛-46½	$13.90-14
High	29	48	14.10
Low	27½	46¼	13.90
Close	29	47⅞B	14.05A

MOVEMENT OF WHEAT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
Philadelphia	19,547	....
Baltimore	70,730	....
Toledo	15,398	3,500
Detroit	3,000	3,461
St. Louis (two days)	242,000	37,000
Boston	33,891	206,029
Chicago	86,300	309,458
Milwaukee	48,000	2,250
Kansas City	257,000	25,600
Duluth	60,510	201,000

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 307 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.:

Chicago, July 5.—Wheat—There was no change in the domestic or foreign conditions. The market here is extremely dull and received its support today almost entirely from the strength in corn and oats. The weather is favorable for rapid marketing of new wheat and we think it will come. Pressure on foreign markets from this source in the absence of good speculation support here is likely to increase. We still fail to see anything to establish and maintain a bull market, and think wheat should be sold on the rallies.

Corn—The strength is on continued dry weather over a large area of corn belt, particularly in the Southwest. The trade is beginning to feel that under no circumstances can a fair crop of corn be secured. Farmers are marketing old corn very sparingly, and at many points in the iterior feeders are obliged to pay Chicago prices or better. Cash demand is the weak feature of the situation.

Oats—There has been a large speculative trade in oats today. The buying has been generally of a good character. Strength is on continued dry weather and the generally poor outlook for the crop. Until today's advance the market has had the support of a good cash demand. Oats are relatively cheaper than corn or hay. With a poor outlook for both, the latter crops we are inclined to think the advance is just commenced and that oats should be bought on weak spots.

Provisions opened weak, but have rallied sharply and are above Wednesday's prices. There was a better local buying apparently by packers, which may be induced to some extent by the poor outlook for the corn crop. Cash demand was somewhat better at the decline. Receipts of hogs, 57,000, against 50,000 last year.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, July 5.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 64⅞c; July, 63⅞c; September, 64⅛c. On track—No. 1 hard, 66⅞c; No. 1 northern, 64⅞c; No. 2 northern, 63½.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, July 5.—Clearings, $31,226,473; balances, $2,407,738; posted exchange, $4.86@4.88½; New York exchange, par.

PUTS AND CALLS.

At Minneapolis—

Puts—September wheat, 63¾@63⅞c.

Calls—September wheat, 64⅜@64⅝-½c.

Curb—Septmber wheat, 64-⅛c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, July 5.—Cotton opened quiet 6 to 11 points higher owing to abundance of dry weather news from southwest. After a set back early, the market again ran up. Light port receipts and rumors that Norfolk was a heavy buyer of spot. Aug. rose to 786, Oct. to 769 and January to 772 within the first hour.

Cotton spot closed, dull; middling uplands, 8⅞; middling gulf, 9⅛. Sales, 2000 bales. Cotton futures, closed quiet and steady; July, 8.53; August, 7.89; September and October, 7.64; November, 7.61; December, 7.63; January and February, 7.66; March, 7.69; April, 7.71.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, July 5.—Consols for money, 93⅜; for the account, 93 9-15.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, July 5.—Cattle receipts, 4000; market generally firm. Good to prime steers 530 @ 640; poor to medium 410 @ 525; stockers and feeders weak, 260 @ 465; calves, 400 @ 625; Texas fed steers 425 @ 530; Texas grass steers, 340 @ 420; Texas bulls, 250 @ 360. Hogs receipts today 15,000; tomorrow 12,000; left over 7,850. Weak. Top 610. Mixed butchers 570 @ 605; good to choice heavy 585 @ 610; rough heavy 570 @ 580; light 565 @ 600, bulk of sales 587½ @ 600. Sheep receipts 8,000. Sheep and lambs steady. Good to choice wethers 340 @ 415; fair to choice mixed 300 @ 375; western sheep 335 @ 415; yearlings 375 @ 425; native lambs 300 @ 510; western lambs 350 @ 510. July 3rd—receipts: cattle 15,090; hogs 29,176; sheep 11,026. Shipments: Cattle 5,531; hogs 5200; sheep 3,922.

An old face on a young body looks incongruous. Early wrinkles, lines, creases, nourished away by Satin-Skin Cream, a tissue builder, 25c.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, fresh prints	19½@	20
Creamery, tubs	19 @	19½
Dairies, fancy	15 @	16
Dairy, fair	14 @	15
Packing stock	10 @	10½
EGGS.		
Fresh	11½@	12
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream, new	10½@	11
Twins, full cream, old	11 @	12
Full cream, young America	13	
Swiss cheese, No. 1	14 @	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13	
Primos	6 @	6½
HONEY.		
Fancy white clover	19 @	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@	13
Golden rod	15 @	17
Dark honey	13 @	14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @	14
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@ 2 40
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00	@ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40	
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13 @	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13	
Cocoanuts, per doz	75	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17	
Brazils, per lb	14	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @	8
FRUITS.		
Strawberries, 16-quart cases	1 35	@ 1 50
Apricots	1 50	
Peaches	85	@ 90
Cherries	1 35	@ 1 50
Sour Cherries, per case	1 65	@ 1 75
Currants, red and white	1 50	
Gooseberries	1 50	
Watermelons	35	@ 40
Rockyford melons, per crate	3 00	
Pineapples, per doz	1 50	@ 1 75
California lemons	3 25	@ 3 50
Bananas	1 75	@ 2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75	@ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@ 1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50	@ 3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7	@ 7½
California valencia oranges	3 50	@ 4 00
Seedling oranges	3 25	@ 3 50
Plums	1 25	@ 1 75
OLD VEGETABLES.		
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @	40
Turnips, white	30 @	40
Garlic, per lb	10 @	12
Beets	50 @	60
Potatoes, per bus	75	
FRESH VEGETABLES.		
New celery, bunch	35	
Mushrooms	45	
Lettuce, per box	40 @	50
Green onions, per doz	15	
Green peas, per bus	1 00	
Pie plant, per lb	1¼@	1½
Cucumbers	45 @	50
Spinach, bus	40	
Radishes, round, per doz	10 @	15
Radishes, long, per doz	10 @	12
Asparagus, green, per doz.	45 @	55
Tomatoes, per basket	45 @	50
Egg plant, per doz	2 00	
Beets, per doz bunches	25	
Carrots, per doz bunches	25	
Turnips, per doz bunches	25 @	30
Cabbage, per crate	2 75	@ 3 00
Wax beans, per box	2 25	
New Potatoes, per bus	1 00	@ 1 10
Cauliflower, per doz	1 00	@ 1 25
Mint, per bunch	20	
CIDER		
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@ 2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50	@ 3 75
POPCORN.		
Rice corn, shelled	3½@	4
Choice, per lb	3 @	3½
LIVE POULTRY.		
Hens	10 @	10½
Spring Chickens	18 @	19
Turkeys	8 @	10
Ducks	8 @	10
Geese	8 @	10
MEATS.		
Mutton	7½@	8
Lamb	8½@	9
Veal, good	8	
Veal, fancy	8½	
Beef, dressed	6½@	7½
Hogs	7½	
Pork loins	9	
BRAN AND SHORTS.		
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 00	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50	
Shorts, 200 lbs, acks inc	14 00	
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.		
Corn, car lots, sacked	48	
Oats, car loads, sacked	32	
Hay, upland	13 50	
Hay, timothy	15 50	
Feed, No. 1	19 00	
Feed, No. 2	19 50	

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, July 5.—Sterling exchange, easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝ for demand and at $4.85¼ for 60 days; posted rates $4.86@$4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84½@$4.85; prime mercantile paper, 4@5½ per cent.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 5.—Butter steady, creamery 14 @ 19c; dairy 14 @ 16½c. Cheese steady, twins 9 @ 14c; young Americas, 9¾ @ 10c. Cheddars, 9 @¼c. Eggs steady loss off, cases returned, 11c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Friday, July 5.

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture •Maximum..	Temp'ture ••Minimum...	Rainfall......
Alexandria	Cloudy	76	58	.66
Campbell	Clear	78	58	2.18
Crookston	Cloudy	76	60	1.18
Minneapolis	Cloudy	88	62	.48
New Ulm	Pt cldy	90	64	.0
Winnebago City	Cloudy	90	61	.04
Worthington	Clear	90	66	.0
Devil's Lake	Clear	76	58	1.38
Larimore	Cloudy	74	56	1.10
Lisbon	Clear	76	56	3.90
Aberdeen	Clear	88	58	.12
Mitchell	Clear	......	48	.24
Bismarck	Clear	76	56	.0
Duluth	Foggy	55	48	.29
Huron	Clear	86	56	.02
La Crosse	Pt cldy	86	68	.12
Moorhead	Clear	78	60	4.06
St. Paul	Cloudy	82	66	.64
Winnipeg	Cloudy	68	52	1.14

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting......	Temp'ture. •Minimum..	Temp'ture. ••Maximum..	Rainfall.........
Minneapolis	12	82	59	.94

REMARKS.

Heavy rains fell over the Dakotas, Wisconsin and Minnesota. Warm weather prevailed during Thursday in interior districts, but it is somewhat cooler this morning.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.

•Minimum temperature for yesterday.

••Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

ST. LOUIS RECLUSES

They Lived In Squalor and Succumbed to Heat.

One Refused Aid From Her Neighbors and Died.

Were Surrounded By Jewels and Money and Silks.

St. Louis, Mo., July 5.—The deadly heat of the past few days has taken from the community one female recluse and miser and laid upon her deathbed another. Both lived in different parts of the city. Both hoarded money and refrained from association with those about them. Neither was acquainted with the other, but the stories of their lives are almost identical.

The one who is dead was the widow of a former captain of police in St. Louis. For thirty-two years she had lived alone, during which time she saw all of her eleven children gathered unto their Maker. Her husband was an officer in the Mexican war way back in 1847. She drew a pension in consequence.

She died in a rocking chair, a few hours before her death indignantly refusing the kindly offices of warm-hearted neighbors. Beside her on the floor was a bag of coin and a bank book.

The other began life in palatial luxury and ended in the squalor of a garret, in the filth of which she was surrounded with hundreds of dollars in hard specie, diamonds, silverware, jewelry and fine silks.

Six months ago a buxom-looking old woman appeared at the tenement at 1555 South Third street and rented two rear rooms at $4 a month. She did not say whence she had come, nor could querries draw the information from her. She said her name was Mary McDonnell, that she was 72 years old, had been thirty-two years a widow, and would be greatly obliged if people would keep away from her.

Recently, it was noticed, the intense heat had been having marked effect on the old woman. Day by day she grew weaker. Monday night neighbors heard groans coming from her room and went to her assistance, but she refused to admit them. A policeman was sent for. He broke in the door and found the old lady dead.

Clutched in her hand was a chamois-skin bag containing $120 in gold. On a chair beside her was a package of papers she had evidently fondled during her last moments. Among them was a bank book showing that she had on deposit several hundred dollars, and deeds to property in St. Louis valued at several thousand dollars. No person has claimed the body. The old woman lived a life of poverty and miserliness.

From a palace surrounded with luxury to a garret in squalor and dirt amounting almost to filth was the gamut of life run by Mrs. Messine McMurray, who is now slowly but surely dying at the City hospital. Though she lived in humble rooms in a back alley, without friends or even acquaintances of intimacy to any particular degree, she had in her trunks and chest nearly $500 in cash, besides precious jewels, silverware and rare silks of great value. And now she is dying as a public charge.

Sunday afternoon she was prostrated by the heat in her mean rooms, where no comforts are to be found. The police, when they called for her, were amazed at what they saw—a woman in rags, pale and pinched from want of food, but surrounded by silken robes, rich jewels and silver plate. One necklace of diamonds is valued at $500.

A LONG LOST SON.

May Be Identified By Dress He Wore.

Dayton, Ohio, July 5.—The efforts of H. K. Smith to identify the lad brought here from Johnstown, Penn., as his long-lost son, who was supposed to have perished with his mother in the famous flood, are proving successful. The lad is between 15 and 16 years of age, and is equally anxious to locate his parents if they are living. He was found on the pier of a bridge after the waters had subsided.

Mrs. Smith and son were passing through Johnstown on a train during the flood and were thought to have drowned. Some time ago Mr. Smith, who grasped at straws in his investigations, received a newspaper clipping indicating that the son had been rescued by farmers near Johnstown. He went to that city and secured custody of the boy, who is now with relatives in Osborn. The youngster has been taken from house to house, and most of the relatives have declared that he is Mr. Smith's son.

The identification was apparently made complete yesterday by the location of scar on the boy's head exactly in conformity with claims made by an aunt. The lad said he wore a drab dress on the trip with his mother, and Mr. Smith and his brother-in-law, Benjamin Coffman, leave in a few days to make another search in the neighborhood of Johnstown, hoping to locate the persons who found the lad to substantiate the boy's claim. The father has doubted the lad's identity, and is anxious to establish it beyond the vestige of a doubt.

COURT OF APPEALS.

Canadians Desire the Establishment of One.

New York, July 5.—Today in London Gilbert Parker will entertain Sir Lewis Davies and Ministers Blair, Mills and Dobell at luncheon says the Tribune's correspondent. The members of the Canadian government are receiving many court invitations and enjoying their stay in London. The problem of establishing an imperial court of appeals through which advice of the colonies can be obtained by the foreign and colonial offices is a difficult one, but not impossible, as Goldwin Smith seems to regard it. Mr. Chamberlain is trying to work it out by enabling the members of the Canadian government to form a constructive plan which will satisfy the Dominion. The other colonies are expected to follow Canada's leadership.

What's the secret of happy, vigorous health? Simply keeping the bowels, the stomach, the liver and kidneys strong and active. Burdock Blood Bitters does it.

YACHTING.

Some Lively Sport In Various Events on Lake Michigan.

Milwaukee, July 5.—The Canada cup defender Illinois, so far as the regatta of the Lake Michigan Yachting association, which was concluded today, is concerned is the best boat in sight. She has no real racing to do so far in Milwaukee, but she started twice, the second time being today with the Nordberg defender Orion and the Chicago boat Minola. The Minola and Orion returned before finishing the first leg because of a defect in their spreaders. The Illinois went along alone and went over the course in 1 hour, 9 minutes and 41 seconds, by long odds the best time of the day, and as the distance was seven and a half miles this is considered excellent time.

The real race of the day was in the knockabout class, between the Colleen, owned by Dr. Baum, of Chicago; the Vagabond, owned and sailed by Harry Landauer, of Milwaukee, and the Cock Robin, owned and sailed by Vice Commodore Alex Mathers of the Milwaukee Yacht club. From the start to the second buoy it was nip and tuck between Colleen and Vagabond, with the honors resting on the Colleen.

Yachtsmen on the judges' boat thought that the Vagabond could have taken the chance of slipping inside the Colleen, but she did not, and the Colleen turned three seconds ahead for the run to leeward for the home buoy. It was only on this leg that the Chicago boat showed any superiority to the Milwaukee craft, pointing closer and making just a little bit faster work.

The Beatrice went over the course intending to double in an effort for the time prize, but this idea was abandoned after the first round had been made.

In Class G, Old Abe, of Sheboygan, and Mame sailed the course, Old Abe winning by six minutes.

The yachts Katie and Vanenna, of the Chicago club, which were to have started today, did not do so.

Following is a time summary of the day's events:

	Start.	Finish.	Actual Time.
Illinois	10:00	11:09:41	1:09:41
Orion	10:00	....	....
Minola	10:00	....	....
KNOCKABOUTS.			
Colleen	10:30	11:45:47	1:15:47
Vagabond	10:30	11:53:18	1:23:18
Cock Robin	10:30	11:54:58	1:24:58
CLASS G.			
Old Abe	10:30	11:57:10	1:27:10
Mame	10:30	12:03:10	1:33:10
SPECIAL.			
Beatrice	10:20	12:15:58	1:55:58

WANTS A DIVORCE.

Husband Deserted and She Inherited a Fortune.

Louisville, Ky., July 5.—Mrs. H. W. Sturla, now of New York, but who formerly lived here, was in the city last week gathering evidence to be used in a suit for divorce, which she has brought against her husband in New York. The action recalls a peculiar story. About twenty years ago Mrs. Sturla suddenly appeared in a house on Ninth street, between Grayson and Walnut. She was then about 16 years of age and seemed to be very innocent. With her she had a boy 4 or 5 months old.

The character of the house was not of the best, and some of the neighbors formed a committee to call on the girl and urge her to move. To this committee she said that she was the wife of W. H. Sturla, and that the child was hers. In a few days Sturla appeared at the house. He was said to be a gambler, and gamblers frequented his rooms, where cards were played. After a short time, in response to warnings from the neighbors, the couple disappeared.

According to the story Mrs. Sturla told last week, her husband deserted her some years ago. She says that when gold was discovered in the Klondike he went there, she furnishing him the money, and that was the last she saw of him. She says that last month she met another woman who claimed to be the wife of W. H. Sturla. She says that after she left here her father died and left her $100,000.

Her visit to Louisville was to secure affidavits that she and Sturla lived together here as husband and wife. She secured the affidavit of Alexander Morris, one of the men who called on her to warn her of the character of the Ninth street house. The others are dead.

RUSTY KEY.

Small things sometimes tell big tales and unravel mysteries of long standing, said an old detective who has seen long service in running down criminals in various parts of the country, to the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "The most singular case that ever fell under my care was a case in which a white man had been murdered in some mysterious way, and the body was put away, and all efforts to locate it was out of the question. Suspicion fell on a negro, and he was arrested, but subsequently was released because of the absence of proof to connect him with the crime. The body was missing and it was certain that the man had been murdered and robbed by some person familiar with the surroundings. The negro had worked for him, but had been discharged because of impudence. Ten years lapsed. All inteerst in the crime had died out. One day some negro blackberry pickers came across a key which hung on the limb of a bush. Because of the growth of the bush, the handle of the key was partially buried in the limb. Right under the bush the negroes found the bleached and decaying bones of a human form. When the matter was reported I was sent out to investigate the matter, and I gathered up the bones, cut the bush down and took everything to the police station. We went back over the list of missing men. There was a captain connected with the department who possessed a wonderful memory and he turned all of his attention to the rusty key which was still in the limb of the bush. I ought to state here that the negro had remained in the community and by his industry bought a few acres of land on which stood the house which had figured in the mysterious disappearance ten years before. 'Cut that key out for me,' said the captain, and it was cut out. He had a consultation with the chief, and, without telling me where he was going, asked me to go with him. We traveled about four miles and drove up to a little house late in the evening. There was nobody at home. 'I guess we might as well go in,' the captain said, and, pulling the key from his pocket, he shoved it into the lock, turned it and opened the door. We waited for the negro after locking the door again, but he never returned. The house was watched all night, but the negro never came. We grew suspicious, and soon learned that he had fled upon hearing of the discovery in the brier patch. Flight strengthened the evidence of his guilt. He was arrested in a neighboring state, returned, tried and convicted, and finally executed. The key which solved the mystery had got caught in a twig that sprung up in the brier patch, and but for this fact the mystery would have never been solved."

$24.50 Pan-American, Buffalo

Until further notice the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, all rail, via Chicago, to Buffalo and return, for $24.50. Good returning ten days from date of sale. For full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Second Engineer of the Steamer Holden Lost His Hand.

Was Blown Off By Explosion of Giant Firecracker.

Grain Movement In Chicago Is Now Somewhat Better.

Sault Ste. Marie, July 5.—Second Engineer Thompson of the steamer Holden, was celebrating the national holiday on board yesterday, when he lost his right hand. When thirty miles above White Fish Point on Lake Superior, a giant firecracker prematurely exploded in his hand. On the arrival of the Holden here today, the injured man was taken to the Marine hospital.

GRAIN MOVEMENT BETTER.

Chicago, July 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Charters have been made at 1⅜ cents for corn, and 1½ cents for wheat. The grain movement is somewhat better than it has been, but nothing much is expected from it by vessel men until more grain is arriving here.

GOES TO ASHLAND.

The Great Lakes Towing company has ordered the tug D. N. Runnells, which has sailed in this port for a couple of season's to go to Ashland to assist the tug Crosby in handling the company's business there. Capt. J. P. Thompson, who will command the Runnells, will take her down Saturday or Sunday.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, July 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Rugee, 9:40 last night; London, 10:20; Linn, 10:50; Bunsen, Martha, 11:30; Vance, 1:15 a. m.; Arabia, 2; Kennebec, 2:20; Cuba, 8; Boscobel, 8:30.

Up yesterday: Norris, 4; Castalia, 4:30; Fedora, 5; Faustin and barge, Mather and whaleback, Oceanica, 5:30; Manhattan, 5:40; Harvey Brown, Trevor, Coralia, Thomas, 6; Watt and whaleback, Bermuda, 6:10; Bessemer and whaleback, 6:40; La Salle, Saxon and barges, 7:40; Ericsson and whaleback, 8:10; Schlesinger, Waverly, 9; St. Louis and barges, Scott, 9:40; Neshoto, 10:20; Roby, Choctaw, 10:30; Venus, Gilchrist (wood), Georger, City of Genoa, Northern Wave, 10:50; Cranage, 11; Dunbar, West Side, 12:30 p. m.; Colonial, 1; Quito, Page, Maine and barges, 1:20; Gates, Street and consorts, 1:50; Business, Kirby, Hartnell, 2; Chili, Glengarry, Minnedosa, 3; Monteagle, Bulgaria, Algeria, 3:30; Wade, Buell, 4; Pauly and barges, 4:10; Boston, 4:40; Wissahickon, 6:10; Farwell, 8:20; Venice, Macy, Wilson, Rochester, 8:40. Down: Corsica, 3:10; Hoyt and whaleback, Alaska (wood) and barge, 4:40; Uranus, 6:20; Saginaw and barges, 7:10; Buffalo, Cherokee, Chippewa, 7:50; Roman, 8; Tom Adams, 8:10; Caledonia, Polynesia, 10:20; Mariska, 10:30; Presque Isle, 11; Wawatam and whaleback, noon; Robert Mills, 12:20 p. m.; Pueblo, 12:30; Davidson, Admiral, Craig, Twin Sisters, 1; Black, 3; Mauch Chunk, St. Paul, Mecosta, 4:20; Oneida, Barkalow, 4:30; Leland and barges, 5:30; Syracuse, Strathcona, 6; U. S. S. Michigan (arrived), 6:30; Drake, Michigan, 8:30.

PASSED THE SAULT.

Sault Ste. Marie, July 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Neff, 10 last night; Nicholas, Pontiac, 10:30; Advance, midnight; McDougall, whaleback, Martha, 2:20 a. m.; Burnham, 3:30; Harvard, whaleback, 4:20; Oliver, 6:20; Castalia, 7; Mariposa, Nasmyth, Outrwaite, 7:30; Sheriffs, Mayatt, 8; Mills, Choctah, 8:30; Harvey Brown, Bartlett, Falcon, 10:40; Fedora, 11:20. Down: Mohawk, 12:20 a. m.; Iroquois, Lake Shore, 1:30; Oscoda, Corning, Filer, 2; Tuttle, Homer, Kingfisher, 3; Monkshaven, Fay, Brown, John Mitchell, Paris, 6:30; Manistique, Filmore, Jenness, Delaware, 7; Cumberland, 8; Fulton, Carrington, Wright, Magnetic, 9:30; Pawnee, Young, Orton, Edwards, 10:20; Warner, Thompson, Colgate, whaleback, 11:40.

Up yesterday: Senator, 5:10; Sevona, 6:20; Maricopa, 7; Robert Rhodes, Amazonas, Grampian, Stone and oil barge, Selwyn Eddy, 9; Aurania, 9:20; Hill (steel), Stewart, Bahama, Hannaford, Hawley, Hopkins, Uranus, 10:20; Hanna, 11; John Eddy, Pennington, 12:20 p. m.; Cambria and whaleback, 1; Holden, 1:20; McWilliams, 2; Matoa, Marcia, 2:30; Strong, Commodore, 3; Fay, Sandusky, 7; Volunteer, 8:20. Down: Miami (steel), 4; Victory, Ogemaw, Wilcox, 4:20; Cornell, Marsala, Lockwood, 7; Murphy, Whitney (wood), Ellwood, Charles Eddy, 11:20; Maruba and whaleback, noon; Fleetwood, Moravia, Pentland, Monarch, 1 p. m.; Amaranth, 3:30; Harper, 5; Venezuela, 5:40; Louisiana, 8; Poe, Smeaton, 9.

CONFUSION IN CHANNEL.

Toledo, July 5.—In order to avoid a collision with a tug Sheboygan, having the schooner Armenia in tow, the passenger steamer State of Ohio was run into the stone abutment of the Pennsylvania railroad bridge yesterday. The steamer P. Pratt, which was following the State of Ohio, was also run into the bridge.

The Armenia was being followed by the Amaranth and the large number of boats meeting in the narrow channel caused great confusion for a time.

The bow of the Ohio is considerably damaged and she struck the bridge abutment with such force that several blocks of stone were carried off the pier by the shock. The Pratt tore out much piling in the bridge draw and did some damage to the machinery of the bridge.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland—Arrived: Mary McGregor, Alleghany, Minnesota, Ewen, Elfinmere, Marquette — Arrived: Cadillac.

South Chicago — Cleared: Blaine, Duluth.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived Mahoning, Schuylkill, Buffalo, merchandise; W. C. Rhodes, Port Huron, merchandise; Senator, Clyde, Amboy, Penobscot, Brazil, Antrim, Colby, Lake Erie, light for ore; Reynolds, Case, Lake Erie, coal; Reis, shipyard.

Departed—Helena, Yukon, Corliss, Lake Erie, ore; Japan, Buffalo, passengers and flour; Sicken, Whitney, McVea, Lake Erie, lumber; Colton, Bourke, Nester, Ashland, light; Granada, Two Harbors, light.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Phoenicia, Hamburg.

New York—Arrived: Cymric, from Liverpool.

EPWORTH CONVENTION.

The North-Western Line Official Route for Coference.

The North-Western Line—Omaha road—is the official route of the Minnesota conference to the fifth international Epworth league convention, July 18 to 21, at San Francisco. By this line a number of inexpensive side trips may be made to places of historic interest and to world-renowned scenic resorts.

Rates for round trip from Duluth, by way of Omaha, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pike's Peak, Garden of the Gods, Royal George, Salt Lake City and Ogden, $50.00; same trip going, returning via Northern Lines, $62.

A grand opportunity to cross the Rocky Mountains and see California and the Pacific ocean.

For choice of routes, tickets, illustrated folders and all information, apply to G. M. Smith, general agent, 405 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

MAKING OF PERFUME.

Americans Are Greatest Scent Users of World.

Throughout the South, in Southern California and the Middle West, there are many places where soil and climate are particularly adapted to flower growing, and the field is open for some energetic individual to start an industry which eventually might become as great as those of renown at Grasse or Nice, says the Kansas City Star. The Americans, it is said, are the greatest scent using people in the world. Every year thousands of dollars' worth of perfumes and pomades are imported and distributed throughout the states. The best violet pomade, which is one of the most expensive made, sells at wholesale for not less than $2.50 per pound, while a number of others are hardly less expensive. In the hope of eventually supplying this demand violets during the last few years have been produced by the ton in Southern California.

Pomades are first made, a sort of stock, from which the skillful perfumer extracts the odors by means of alcohol. The refuse, or waste material, he then, with a little judicious doctoring, makes into soaps, other pomades or toilet waters. From roses, pomades are usually made through the process called "exhaustion;" stated simple, it is the following way: Great pans filled with lard or beef fat are covered thickly with the petals of the blossoms and then heated by steam. As they begin to give up their essences their color pales, an occurrence which is the signal for their removal. The lard is then covered with fresh petals which again are only allowed to remain on its surface long enough to lose their fragrance. Three or four times the lard is thus strewn with fresh petals until it has become so thoroughly saturated with their odors that it will receive no more. The fat then is placed in a sieve and the thick substance which is pressed out of it is called pomade.

The distillation of scent is usually done by a machine which collects the water or oil and thus obtains the very quintessence of perfume. Something of its value may be conceived when it is known that 10,000 pounds of rose leaves produce but one pound of the essence, but of such intense strength are these essences that with the aid of oils, resin or some animal secretions, perfumers, through combinations and manipulations, can obtain from them almost any desired scent. They can, moreover, keep strictly in pace with the fashions. It is because of this that we occasionally read of the immense sales which some favored orchid perfume has had, although we may know that this particular flower is quite lacking in the charm of fragrance. At one time we had thrust upon us innumerable golden rod perfumes, because the plant was then being talked about for the national flower. The sweet scented golden rod, solidago odorata, however, is the only one of the great tribe which has any perceptible odor, and that being similar to anise would hardly be agreeable to wear continually about one's clothes. At the present time violet is the most fashionable scent, and the flower has been perfected to an astonishing degree. Besides the output from various other places 300,000 pounds of these blossoms are used annually at Grasse in France, and 40,000 pounds at Canne and Nice. To obtain this perfume the flowers have to be treated in quite a different way from roses. Like heliotrope, tuberoses, jessamine and mignonette, they cannot be subjected to heat. Therefore they are brought into contact with wool, saturated with olive oil, through which their particular oils pass outward; or else they are exposed to lard thinly spread on framed sheets of glass. Of course, as with the rose leaves, these flowers are renewed until the grease is thoroughly saturated.

Everything, it must be remembered, in connection with the handling of the flowers must be done quickly, for much depends on their perfect freshness, their scent being their most elusive and quickly lost characteristic. At Grasse hundreds of women are about before the dawn picking the blossoms, which they also clean and pile in great masses in the work rooms. These places must be spacious, full of light and air, but never admit the direct rays of the sun. Owing to this very necessity for speed the yearly product of essences, which is now enormous, would not be possible were it not that the flowers follow each other in succession in their seasons of blooming.

Always there seems to be a demand for some new scent. The well known frangipanni essence, which at one time, was only detected on a certain select few, is made up from several species of plumeris, a genius of plants which grows in certain parts of South America and in the West Indies, or, perhaps more especially from plumeria rubra, the Japanese. Gichia, now the most exclusive and fashionable scent, leaves a wave of faint impressions similar to the odor of sandalwood.

To the women who would seek for money or renown in the procuring of original scents or salable pomades it may be hinted that knowledge must in some practical way be gained of how first to obtain lard absolutely pure and without the slightest tinge of odor. It also must be so clarified that rancidity is impossible or all pomades will fall before the tests to which the dealers subject them.

Notice.

July 6 to 13, the Northern Pacific railway will sell first-class tickets Duluth to Helena, Butte and Anaconda, Mont., and return for $35; to Spokane, Wash., $40, going transit limit July 18, return up to and including Aug. 31. Stop overs allowed in both directions within limit. For tickets and full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot or Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

The Herald's "want" columns continue to grow in volume and in usefulness. This is conclusive evidence where to obtain the best results.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS,
MOULDINGS, MATCHED FLOORING,
HARDWOOD, SCREENS,
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.

WHY IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?
Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

WEAR RED IF YOU WOULD BE SMART

The Proper Color In Which to Honor the Revived Croquet Game---The Excessively Long Skirt the Thing.

New York, July 3.—It requires more than the normal set of fingers these bright summer days to enumerate the red gowns that can be counted on any country club house or casino veranda. For the past three years women wore red a good deal for safety's sake on the golf links, and having thus formed a pleasant acquaintance with that royal color they have lavishly adapted it to the requirements of full dress toilets. No woman hesitates any longer to wear, for example, a hyacinth blue foulard, figured over with huge scarlet poppies, and on top of all this riot of color she will perch a hat of poppy red straw, trimmed with hyacinth blue foulard that is powdered with poppy red dots. When she raises and opens her parasol it unfolds as a cloud of tulle fire and her jeweled ornaments are usually ruddy rubies, garnets or other bright sanguine stones.

Where these startling frocks do display themselves to the greatest and most appropriate advantage is on the croquet lawn and on the seat of the automobiles. Nothing short of a decollete ball dress is considered too elaborate for the croquet lawn, and red is the proper color in which to honor this revived and lady-like sport. It is in the cool of the day when a game is under full swing that a fashion chronicler gets her best chance to observe the mode, and so far as the croquet lawn makes revelations the excessively long skirt, spreading out prodigiously at the feet, is the shape to be followed for some time to come.

As the exquisitely clad women step about after their balls is essential to lift the front of the skirt sufficiently to permit safe locomotion. There is a great art in doing this for many of the skirts are of satiny surfaced foulard, sunpleated, ten yards wide at the foot and then supplied with a thick, gauze ribbon ruche at the tip edge of the trailing garment. The sun-pleating is so accomplished that the skirt clings close as far down as the knees, and then flares like a double petunia below. With such skirts the proper under petticoat is made narrowly to the knees of taffeta. Below this is a gathered and accordion-pleated flounce of soft taffeta is set on and over this falls a flounce of white lingerie batiste that is entirely concealed by overlapping frills of lace. It is very much the fashion to carelessly cut the rear of the dress skirt a suspicion shorter than the trailing, lacy under petticoat, the glories of which peep forth with luxurious effectiveness. This point is particularly emphasized in lawn party gowns.

Just now there are two distinctive styles of summer automobile dress. One is frou frou, rosy red and long skirted, and worn when the groom handles the lever. The other is red and simple, and becoming, and worn when the owner of the trap drives herself. A pretty suit of smart red grained voile, shown at a leading modiste's, is set off with white mohair braid and very dark mahogany red velvet ribbons. The undersleeves and chemisette are of white wash lawn, while the hat is distinctly something new. Its straw is almost rust red in tone and its two big pompons are made of countless loops of dark red chenille. These are chauffeur's cockades and are almost the last word in millinery.

Among the recently developed variations in fashions is the fancy for wearing lace hats to informal summer dinners. When the dining is large, very formal and at the house of a mere acquaintance the hat is not de rigeur, but for less ceremonious feasts it is not only proper, but approved for an airy fairy species of headgear to be assumed with the low necked and short sleeved evening gown. The hat is any size or shape one may please to wear it, and is all of lace. Flowers, feathers and ribbons are not permitted, but jeweled ornaments are liberally employed, and the most elegant of these trifles are founded of heavy lace of one tint and trimmed with a light net lace of another tint.

Numbers of women who are swift, handy and tasteful with their needles make their own dinner hats by buying a few white wire frames and utilizing on them the lace and jewel odds and ends from their boxes or drawers of hoarded treasures. The hat must not be so large or heavy as to interfere with the display of a particularly nice or elaborate coiffure. We seem to have reached a new stage in ornaments for the back hair. The pins wo so long have used are disappearing and in their places we have a long comb of shell supplied with very short, widely set teeth. This comb is so long that it almost clasps the rear of the head from ear to ear, its top is studded solidly with fresh water pearls, or turquoise, and when set in place the teeth sink quite out of sight, the wild hairs that will stray out at the back of the neck are held neatly in place and the head appears to be clasped by a curved band of solid jewels.

Great quantities of beautiful, new French lingerie have been received in this city, and are being purchased to be worn with dainty, new spring frocks. Many of the plain, yet durable, suits of underclothing have been made by the peasants of various countries in Europe, but the most beautiful, hand-embroidered pieces were made in the French convents. The newest corset covers end at the waist line, and some of them are made bolero style. These look extremely pretty beneath a sheer white shirt waist. The corset covers that are short to the waist line are one mass of tucks, alternating with lace inserting. The V-shaped neck of the square decolletage is drawn up with dainty wash ribbons in delicate blue or delicate pink. Some ladies have entire suits of lingerie made with delicate green baby ribbon run through the insertion beadings, these suits to be worn beneath dainty green and white sheer waists and with the green and white dimities and lawns, for which there is a fad.

Some lingerie, in readiness for a bride, is made of the finest white French batiste. The corset covers and ruffles of the skirts have hand-embroidered bowknots, and the little French knots in white embroidery. The tiny bowknots are scattered like blossoms every quarter of an inch on the corset covers and flounces. The full front corset covers have groups of very fine tucks extending upward from the waist for about three inches ,to give the garment shape. The dainty Valenciennes lace, edging all the flounces of the skirt and the decolletage of the corset covers, has the design of the bowknot in the lace to match those that have been embroidered in the lingerie.

A favorite design for the trimming of night gowns and drawers is to have tiny tucks in diamond-shaped blocks, these diamonds, formed of tucks, are joined at the points along the line of the yoke on the night robe and as a heading for the flounce on the drawers. These blocks of tucks take the starch well and form an effective heading for a deep ruffle on a white petticoat. Both narrow flounces and deep ruffles can be cut notched, so as to be sewed into the points formed by the heavy heading of the diamond-shaped blocks of tucks. The skirts of dresses are now so heavy that women are glad to make the petticoats with a couple of deep flounces that hold the starch well.

The very latest mercerized petticoats and the black silk moreen skirts are made with scarcely any stiffening. The petticoats are more clinging than ever. The very deep flounce at the bottom has some cording, but not the rows of heavy cords or feather-bone effect, as formerly. The black and white mercerized petticoats are leading novelties; the ruffles are made on the bias and surmounted by double box-plaited ruchings in black. The silk moreen skirts and the taffeta petticoats come in some gorgeous. It is predicted that petticoats in the fichu and petunia shades and in vivid green, to be worn beneath black silk skirts, will have their day of popularity.

For wear in the warm weather the Milanese silk chemise in a dainty shade of lavender, also in pink and blue will be in high vogue and preferred to the gauze undervest. There is dainty lace about the decolletage, which is drawn up with wash ribbons. China silk is used for making the combination suits, consisting of corset cover and short petticoat, Numerous entire suits of lingerie are trimmed with Point de Paris; other dainty lingerie is trimmed with Torchon lace lace, yet hundreds of women prefer the Valenciennes. Fine Cluny and Torchon are about the only laces which will bear the strain of the laundering and will last well. Lingerie in general for the summer of 1901 will have a more lavish use of lawn embroideries than for some seasons past. The shield-shaped empiecements of chemises and of night robes, as well as the wide collars and ruffles on the sleeves in many instances will be of lawn embroidery. There is a decided fad this season for wearing white petticoats, and these are made with graduated ruffles and ruffle skirts are longer than formerly.

PARTY DRESS FOR A BABY GIRL.

A Dainty Dress of Point d'Esprit For a Little Maid of Four.

This dainty dress for a little maid of four is made of white point d'esprit and trimmed with narrow white satin ribbon. The ribbon is gathered and forms ruffles which are set on in curves, both on waist and skirt. A rosette with long ends of the same ribbon in a wider number, and a sash of the same, complete this artistic little model.

Appeals to the reason of thinking people. The world is weary of substitution, therefore see that you get Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Asy your druggist.

BY ARSENIC.

Thirty People Poisoned Within a Month In Toledo, Ohio.

Toledo, Ohio, July 5.—The police authorities here are convinced that some fiend or crank, or perhaps several of them, are responsible for a number of mysterious poisoning cases which have taken place here in the last few months, and which were attributed to other causes. These mysterious poisonings commenced with the Brillman family last winter, when eight persons were stricken down, two of whom died. The blame was placed on oysters eaten at the time, but a chemical analysis showed that large quantities of arsenic was contained in the oyster stew and had been placed there by some one after the oysters passed into the hands of the Brillmans, as other oysters taken from the same pail were all right.

On June 13 last the entire family of Arthur Miller, living at 1227 Farrer street, was stricken down with poisoning, and the blame was then placed on mutton which had been purchased from a local butcher and made into a broth. Those poisoned in the Miller family were Mr. and Mrs. Miller, their five children and two guests, Mrs. Sumner and Mrs. Earnest Miller. After hard work on the part of physicians the lives of all the Miller family were saved.

About a gallon of the mutton broth was turned over to City Chemist Kirchmaier for analysis, and he reported that the broth contained a large quantity of arsenic. The reason given why the Miller family did not die was that a double quantity of broth was made from that at first intended, and that this reduced the poison in a given quantity of broth, so that the physicians were able to save the victims' lives.

The police claim they have struck a trail, and expect to land the guilty party or parties before many days go by. Within ten days after the poisoning of the Miller family four other families were poisoned, making thirty persons in all, and the blame in their cases was placed on pressed corn beef which the victims ate. All the poisonings took place in the same neighborhood. The beef will also undergo a chemical analysis. Some weeks ago the entire family of Attorney C. T. Lewis were stricken down with poisoning from soup, and all came near dying. The hired girl did die.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, Ohio.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last fifteen-years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists. Toledo, Ohio.
WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.
Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

STUDIES IN THE OLD TESTAMENT

GOD CREATOR OF ALL THINGS

International Sunday School Lesson For July 7, 1901.

Genesis 1:1-2:3. Verses printed here 1:6-2:3, "And God said, Let us make man in our image, after our likeness; and let them have dominion over the fish of the sea, and over the fowl of the air, and over the cattle, and over all the earth, and over every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth. And God created man in his own image, in the image of God created he him; male and female created he them. And God blessed them; and God said unto them, Be fruitful, and multiply, and replenish the earth, and subdue it; and have dominion over the fish of the sea, and over the fowl of the air, and over every living thing that moveth upon the earth. And God said, Behold, I have given you every herb yielding seed, which is upon the face of all the earth, and every tree, in the which is the fruit of a tree yielding seed; to you it shall be for meat; and to every beast of the earth, and to every fowl of the air, and to every thing that creepeth upon the earth, wherein there is life, I have given every green herb for meat: and it was so. And God saw everything that he had made, and, behold, it was very good. And there was evening and there was morning, the sixth day.

And the heaven and the earth were finished, and all the host of them. And on the seventh day God finished his work which he had made; and he rested on the seventh day from all his work which he had made. And God blessed the seventh day, and hallowed it; because that in it he rested from all his work which God had created and made."

Golden Text: "In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth." Genesis 1:1.

INTRODUCTORY.

The Book of Genesis is the Book of Beginnings. Its first task is to tell of the origin of man and of the world in which he lives; then of how evil arose in the world; of the birth of civilization; of the reason for the existence of separate nations and of the position of Israel among them. Then, as its second task, the book unfolds the history of the immediate ancestors of Israel in greater fulness. According to another analysis, th book may be studied as tracing the history of Israel from the three great events of the creation, the flood and the call of Abraham. It is a book of generations. It gives the tradition of the generation of the heaven and the earth, of Adam, of Noah, and follows this up with the generations of the heads of three of the great divisions of the race, with especial emphasis on the genealogy of the people of Israel and allied peoples.

The first chapters are not aimed to constitute a cosmical history in the strict sense of that term; they are rather a religious and moral interpretation of the ideas of the early history of the world that existed in the minds of the people in the day in which the chapters were written. If inspiration had undertaken to give an accurate history of the formation of the world, it would have to include many things wholly unintelligible to the world of the day in which the book was written. The Bible does not pretend to be science; it is rather a history of how God has revealed himself in the lives of the people who have been properly called preeminently the "people of God." And yet it seems surprising how nearly the first chapter of Genesis comes to modern geological history in its sequence of the stages of creation. There are other oriental poems of the creation, but they seem full of puerilities and of notions that belong to the conception of many gods. This one is freed of every trace of polytehism, and presents the idea of one God, whose spirit was brooding upon the face of the waters at the initial period of the earth's formation.

The effort to harmonize Genesis with modern science has been an unwise expenditure of intellectual energy, because it is a mistake to think that the truthfulness of the Bible ever demanded such a vindication. If one grasps the religious import of the first chapters of the book, then it will not trouble him a particle to note the fact that some of the physical conceptions of the first chapter are not only irreconcilable with, but are directly opposed to the teachings of modern science. For instance, the idea of a firmament in the heavens, such as is suggested by the sixth verse, none other than the old idea that there is a hard and fast dome of some metallic or other firm substance enclosing all the air above us, and that the stars and sun are fixed in this dome, and that there are windows, or apertures, in it through which the rain descends from the great body of water supposed to enclose the whole exterior surface of this dome. This was the idea of the ancient world, but every school child today knows its falsity. If the inspired writer had sought to teach the true story of the physical world, his religious message would have been lost in the vain effort to force upon the minds of the people information entirely beyond their intellectual horizon.

SOME DETAILS.

The earth was waste and void without the special care of the Divine presence. Things began to take on form and life only when the voice of God spoke the word of command. The light that shone then, came as a division from the darkness and constituted the first day of creation. The expression, "There was evening and there was morning, one day," sounds peculiar in the ear of one who is acustomed to reckon the day from midnight to midnight. But the form of language will be better understood when it is remembered that the Jews reckoned their religious day from sunset to sunset. The language does not necessarily require us to think of the original darkness as constituting a part of the first day; it is simply the natural way for one to have expressed himself in the day of the writer. The difficulty that occurs to us now was not at all present to the writer.

The chapter aims to represent the process of creation in a story of seven days' happenings. Yet these days are not to be reconciled with the ages of geology, although many well-meant efforts have been made to do that. Geology teaches that animals and plants came into existence together from the first, while these chapters represent them as coming into existence on separate and successive days, with the creation of the luminaries occupying a day that intervened between the creation of the first forms of life and the creation of the first denizens of the deep. This will help once more to emphasize the fact that the purpose of this chapter is religious rather than scientific or historical. It teaches that God made things as we see them, rather than how He made them. In response to the Divine will things came into being. This teaching is not violated by the fundamental teachings of evolution as a method. We must be careful, however, not to speak of matter as having in itself the potentiality of all things that afterwards seem to come out of it. Potentiality is never fully present without producing the result that is said to lie potential. Genesis does not say a word about the creation of matter. It only tells us that the Divine will energized in matter to produce the world as we see and know it. It is not interested in the vexed philosophic question of what was the original form of all things, but rather finds its chief interest in the onward movement toward man—the spiritual counterpart of his Maker. In the expression, "Let us make man," there seems something peculiar until one thinks of the idea so often repeated in the Old Testament of attendant spirits ministering to God and doing his bidding everywhere. To these the writer represents the Deity as speaking the words introductory to the last stage of creation.

There is no pessimism in this chapter. One pessimist has said that this is the worst possible world; and another pessimist has replied, no this is not the worst possible world, but it is worse than no world at all. That man of the very olden time, who wrote the first chapter of Genesis, was wiser than either of these learned grumblers of the modern world. He looked upon the world as the creation of a good God, and knew that when God had finished his handiwork He called it good, yes, very good. God blessed it all, and there was a sabbath of rest from the creative fiats. Thus the writer traces to God the origin of all the seasons and days of the religious system of the Jews. The very lights that were placed in the heavens were put there in part, at least, to indicate the seasons for feasting and sowing and harvesting. In short, all creation has some religious significance. Life and being have had their origin in God and have their true meaning only as they render Him service.

TWO GREAT TRUTHS.

'In the beginning God created." These sublime words that open the pages of the Holy Bible contain the fundamental truth at the basis of life. This world is not the product of fortuity. It was not a blind movement of atoms that caused things to be what they are. It was the action of a personal spirit of intelligence and will that caused things to be. Spirit is the ultimate origin of all things as it is always the essential element in every reality. Thought is the first product of spirit, but thought finds expression in deeds. God is from eternity, and, no doubt, his thought of the creation of the world was from eternity, but the Scripture conceives the execution of the plan as marking the beginning of time.

It is important to emphasize the idea that God was in the world at the very beginning. It is his world, and to Him belongs the lordship of it all. "In Him we live and move and have our being." This is not the devil's world. He is an intruder, as is all evil. Evil it not natural to man. All sin is foreign to his nature. It is sickness. This will be emphasized more in the next lesson. But God, who was in the world at the beginning, is in it all along and blesses it with His righteous energy.

Second only to the thought that God is the personal, spiritual creator comes the thought that man is the spiritual culmination of all things that God has made. All else is but the preparation for the existence of man. When all else had been made, then God made man and gave him dominion over all the earth to use it to the glory of the Maker.

"God set the diadem upon his head,
And angel choirs attended."

No preparation was too extravagant for man, and no care is too painstaking for him. The God who made him and endowed him with such spiritual susceptibilities has revealed Himself to him at many periods of his existence as the Supreme One who offers His loving care as a Father and Savior. The human heart, when at its best, responds: "Thou has made us for thyself, and our hearts are restless till they rest in Thee."

The Scripture says that God made man in His own image. It has been very well said that man could not begin to understand what that expression meant until Christ came in the form of man. He was Divinity in the form and fashion of man. He was man caught up and dignified anew with the spirit and character of God. It was in His likeness that man was originally made. He is the archtype of our humanity.

Christ spoke his estimate of man in terms unmistakable. Man is so highly valued at the throne of God that God sent His Son to redeem him, to seek him out of his evil and his sin and bring him back to the heart and home of his heavenly Father. The parable of the lost sheep is eloquent in its expression of the divine valuation of man. It is a parable of seeking and saving and welcoming. The latter feature of it is amplified in the longer parable of the prodigal son. There is joy in heaven at the repenting and home-coming of every sinner.

Thus does God estimate man. What does man think of himself? Alas! too often, he lives as if he thought that none of the dignity and grandeur of the image of God pertained to his character. The swine wallows in the mire, and the butterfly wings its flight from flower to flower through all the summer day. It belongs to the swinish nature to wallow in the mud, and it is right for the butterfly to flit its sunny life away, but man was made for something nobler than to despoil the glory of his character by floundering in the mire of sin or by flitting his days away in the thin and evanescent delights of a world of mere pleasure seeking. God calls him to the high vocation of Christlike character and service. Only in responding to this call does he begin to fulfill the plan of God in creating him.

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WESSON ODORLESS COOKING OIL does TWICE as far as lard or butter and is better!

A dime buys Jap Rose.
A dollar can buy nothing better.
A transparent soap of vegetable oil and glycerin, perfumed with roses.
Can soap be any finer?

Jap Rose Soap

Made by Kirk, as the utmost result of 62 years spent in soap making.

Made of the finest materials, without regard to their cost.

Worth a quarter--costs a dime.

VIKING

Leads them all. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of Milling Products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best QUALITY Wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN,
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THE TRAVELER FROM THE WEST TO THE
Pan-American Exposition

Should remember that there are

Eight Trains Daily
FROM
CHICAGO TO BUFFALO
VIA THE
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The Only Double Track Line.

All tickets over this route afford use of steamers either way between Cleveland and Buffalo, also stop at Chautauqua on the return trip within limit of ticket.

Book of Trains and Pan-American Folder on application
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MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

FREE TILL CURED!

For the next thirty days will treat all NERVOUS and SEXUAL DISEASES of MEN absolutely FREE, except a small charge for medicine only. Call and investigate. THIS MEANS WHAT IT SAYS. Don't run after Fakirs, new fads and would-be Specialists. Call and get a scientific opinion and diagnosis of yaur case before applying elsewhere. Remember I have been in business thirty years, three years in Duluth, and have a record of 15,000 cases cured. Many of which I have permission to refer to.

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never-failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure. Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, No. 5 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

Your house, your flat, your room can be quickly rented by a small want ad in the Saturday Herald

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$1400 Takes 60 feet upper side of East Third street; all public improvements.

$1000 Takes 50 feet on East Second street.

150 feet on East First street at a bargain.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Building.

MORGAN IS BACK

He Returns From Europe With Several Other Millionaires.

Says Prosperity Seems to Be General In England.

Refuses to Say Anything About the Steel Strike.

New York, July 5.—J. Pierpont Morgan, the most notable of half a dozen or more millionaires, who arrived home from Europe yesterday on Hamburg-American liner Deutschland, announced on landing that he would take several days to thoroughly digest the news of the happenings since he left Southampton before he would express his opinion at any length on subjects in which the public is most vitally interested.

So great was the flotilla of boats that accompanied the Deutschland from quarantine to her pier in Hoboken that the foreigners aboard of her, forgetting the day of independence, were justified in believing that a gala occasion was being made for the return of the party of distinguished and wealthy Americans from abroad. Many yachts surrounded the great liner when she first made her pause at quarantine, and from each one of the visitors there was a noisy salute, while flags and bunting floated from every peak. The passengers on the Deutschland thoroughly enjoyed the demonstration and did not neglect to give hearty cheers when the band played patriotic airs.

It would be difficult to give an accurate estimate of the wealth represented by the men to whom the suites of rooms on the upper deck of the Deutschland had been turned over. With Mr. Morgan were W. L. Elkins, P. A. B. Widener and Clement A. Griscom. There were also Pierre Lorillard, seriously ill during the entire voyage; Claus A. Spreckels, Bernard A. Baker and John I. Waterbury. On board, too, were Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney and Lieutenant Governor Woodruff.

It was with difficulty that Mr. Morgan was persuaded to consent to even the shortest kind of an interview.

"My trip abroad," said Mr. Morgan, answering a question regarding his health, "has been one of great enjoyment, and I return home stronger than I have been before in years. My time was not entirely occupied by business, and I look upon my trip as a vacation."

"How did you find the English money market?" Mr. Morgan was asked.

"Prosperity seems to be as general there as in this country. I have been amused by the reports of the purchases made by me, while as a matter of fact about the only things that I bought were two oil paintings that I have long wanted to possess. I left those pictures behind, but they may follow me to Amercia later."

"What steps are being taken to bring the present steel strike to an end?"

"I cannot discuss that question. If there is a strike of steel workers it has been brought on since I sailed from Southampton."

"How about the purchase of the Leyland line of steamships for your account, Mr. Morgan?"

"I will say nothing about the purchase of any line of steamships."

Mr. Widener, Mr. Elkins and Mr. Griscom were found on the upper deck after the customs house officials had boarded the Deutschland. Each of them for a moment turned interviewer and asked question after question in regard to the news from shore. Each expressed great regret for the death of Albert L. Johnson and Jacob S. Rehers.

"I know of no matter of great public interest," said Mr. Widener, "that I can discuss, and I certainly shall refuse to discuss matters that are of personal importance to myself."

This remark was made in answer to a question regarding the attitude that Mr. Widener will assume concerning the grab of Philadelphia streets for transportation purposes. Mr. Widener continued:

"You know everything done in that matter has been since Mr. Elkins and I left New Yor. More than that we are not acquainted with the present situation. There may have been developments since we left Southampton. As our interests are involved to a very large extent, I shall refuse to discuss the matter, and I believe that Mr. Elkins will take the same course."

Mr. Elkins did take that course. He was even less communicative than Mr. Morgan and Mr. Widener. Mr. Griscom, when asked if he could make any statement regarding the probable amalgamation of steamship lines, said that he could not.

"It has been asserted," remarked Mr. Griscom, "that because men who are interested in railways and steamship lines and are passengers on board the Deutschland, they have spent their time during the voyage arranging deals. Nothing could be further from the truth. Our presence here together is merely a coincidence, nothing more. We have hardly discussed business since we left Southampton, and there has been nothing that has looked like a conference."

William C. Whitney went down the bay on the tug Fred Lohman, and at Quarantine boarded the medical officers' tug. He stood on the upper deck with his secretary while the little boat steamed to the Deutschland. Mr. Whitney clambered up the ladder after the medical officers and went at once to the upper deck suites, where his friends were installed. There he encountered his son, Harry Payne Whitney, in the crowd.

"Hello, Harry," he said, casually, "feel all right?"

"Hello," the son responded. "All right."

"Gertrude with you?"

"Yes."

And then, without even shaking hands, father and son turned their backs upon each other to talk to friends. A few moments later father and son and Mrs. Whitney were seated on a pile of luggage on the promenade deck of the Deutschland in animated discussion over automobiles.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,

Herald Building.

Real Estate Business and residence property, improved and unimproved, bought and sold.

Loans Money loaned at the lowest rates.

Fire Insurance Carefully written in good companies.

For Rent Stores, flats and dwellings.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of three thousand one hundred sixty-six and 50-100 ($3166.50) dollars, principal and interest, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice, upon that certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by George Tischer and Frances Tischer, his wife, and John Tischer and Etta Tischer, his wife, mortgagors, to the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company, mortgagee, with a power of sale therein contained, bearing date August 1st, 1896, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, at 3 o'clock and 5 minutes p. m. on August 26th, 1896, in Book 160 of mortgages on Page 39.

Mortgagors also made default in paying taxes on the mortgaged premises for the years 1896, 1897, 1898 and 1899, amounting at the date of this notice, with penalties, costs and interest, to $649.11, and which were this day paid by the mortgagee, for which it claims a lien under the terms of the mortgage against the mortgaged premises. No action or proceeding at law or otherwise has been commenced to recover said debt or any part thereof.

Notice is given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statutes in such case made and provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage will with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto appertaining, be sold at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt of $3815.61, which includes principal and interest and taxes paid, and interest and seventy-five dollars attorneys' fees stipulated in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth in said county on the 17th day of August, A. D. 1901 at 10 o'clock a. m., subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

The premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage and which will be sold, are the northerly seventy-five feet of lots one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4) and five (5) of block forty-four (44), of Portland Division of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, according to the accepted plat thereof of record in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, being a compact piece of ground seventy-five feet by one hundred and twenty-five feet.

Dated Duluth, Minn., July 3, 1901.

THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald—July-5-12-19-26-Aug-2-9-1901.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—

The barbers' state board of examiners for the state of Minnesota will hold public examination in Duluth, Monday, and Tuesday, July 15 and 16, 1901, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m., at Chamber of Commerce building, at room 108.

F. W. MARTIN,
Secretary.

FOUND.

FOUND—ROW BOAT. INQUIRE JOHN Fink, Park Point street railway.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

To the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo.

The most popular railway from the Northwest to the great show at Buffalo will be the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.

It runs, every day, five beautiful trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago, connecting directly with all Eastern lines.

Its celebrated Pioneer Limited (the famous train of the world) leaves Minneapolis 7:30 p. m. and St. Paul 8:10 p. m. daily, arriving Chicago 9:30 next morning.

Special features of the "Milwaukee's" service are the observation, buffet parlor cars on day trains, private compartment and standard sleepers on night trains, as well as buffet smoking cars and the best dining service in the world.

Tickets at cheap rates will be on sale every day at all points on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway to Buffalo and return, and the maximum comfort can be obtained by using this line.

Write to J. T. Conley, Ass't Gen'l Passgr. Agent, St. Paul, for the "Milwaukee's" Pan-American folder (one of the completest and most comprehensive guides yet published of the exposition) and all information concerning rates, etc.

$45.00 Seattle, Tacoma and Portland and Return.

July 6 to 13 the Northern Pacific railway will place on sale tickets from Duluth to above points and return at extremely low rate of $45.00, with final limit for return Aug. 31, 1901. Destination must be reached not later than July 18. Tickets are first-class and good for stopover privileges in either direction, within transit limits. This offers an unsurpassed opportunity for those desiring to hunt new homes and farms to go into the Northwest and look over the country, or for those wishing to visit relatives or friends, or to make pleasure trips. Two trains daily, including famous North Coast Limited.

For tickets and full information, call at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FARM

We will trade for improved city property, 100-acre farm near Duluth. Good house and barn, large hennery, horses, cattle, wagons and tools, half acre strawberries, and other crops all in. A very desirable home.

For particulars call at office of

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FREE FARMS

160 acres of the choicest farm lands in the world FREE, and cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In probate court, special term, June 28th 1901.

In the matter of the estate of Henry F. Miller, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Frederick A. Miller, administrator of the estate of Henry F. Miller, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on the 23rd day of July, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the city of Duluth in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a legal newspaper printed and published at the city of Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth the 28th day of June, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—June 28, July 5-12.

SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—

Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and County of St. Louis, on the 21st day of June, 1901, upon a judgment rendered and docketed in said court and county in an action therein, wherein J. J. Hibbard as administrator with the will annexed, of the estate of John F. McLaren, deceased, not already administered, was plaintiff and Samuel A. Siverts and Anna Siverts were defendants in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants, for the sum of $3537.95, which said execution has to me, as sheriff of said St. Louis county, been duly directed and delivered, I have levied upon and will sell at public auction, to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said County of St. Louis, on Monday, the 5th day of August, 1901, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all the right, title and interest that above named judgment debtors, or either of them, had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the 17th day of November, 1894, at 2:45 o'clock p. m., that being the date of the rendition of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit:

An undivided one-thirty-second (1-32) interest in and to the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section six (6), and an undivided one-thirty-second (1-32) interest in and to the north half of the southwest quarter of section five (5), all in Township sixty-two (62) north of range fourteen (14) west, in St. Louis county, Minnesota, according to the government survey thereof.

Dated Duluth, Minn., June 21, 1901.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff, St. Louis County, Minn.
By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

BALDWIN & BALDWIN,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor.

Duluth Evening Herald—June 21-28. July 5-12-19-26.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, June 21, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles Stoll, Deceased:

On reading and filing the account of Joseph Stoll, administrator of the estate of Charles Stoll, deceased, filed pursuant to the order of this court made upon the 11th day of June, 1901, directing and ordering the filing by said administrator of an account of all said administrator's doings as such administrator, which order was issued pursuant to the petition of Dorothea Stoll, representing herself as sole heir of said deceased, wherein she prays for a hearing upon said account and for the distribution of the estate in said administrator's hands.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and said petition for such distribution heard by this court, on Monday, the 15th day of July, A. D. 1901, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the probate court, in Duluth, Minnesota, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 21st day of June, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, June-21-28-July-5-1901.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, July 3, 1901.

In the Matter of the Estate of Archibald Finlayson, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Duluth Trust Company, administrator of the estate of Archibald Finlayson, deceased, representing among other things, that it has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of its administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, That said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1901, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, That notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper, printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, the 3rd day of July, A. D. 1901.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—July-5-12-19-1901.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

$500 BUYS GOOD PAYING RESTAURANT.

$600 BUYS CIGAR, NEWS AND stationery business.

DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,
309 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE — OXFORD BICYCLE, 81 gear, good condition, $10. 111 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—WELCH COMBINATION folding bed, cost $85; small range, bed room suite, kitchen utensils, and gas range, cheap for cash. B. Williams, 212 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE Am leaving city, must sell at once. Call 326 East Second street.

FOR SALE—A TWO CHAIR BARBER shop outfit. Barber shop, 215 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows. S. Kaner, 1217 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—TIMBER AND HOMEstead locating in good locations on rivers running to the coast. Fine homesteads and good timber, a specialty. Headquarters, address Murphy & Dammon, Merchant hotel, Portland, Oregon.

FOR SALE—THE HALL SAFE COMpany's fire and burglar proof safe. J. S. Ray, post box 89.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

FOR SALE — THE JOHN DAIGLE hotel in Hibbing. For terms and further particulars, apply to John Daigle, Hibbing, Minn.

Large Consignments of
Drafters, Farm Mares, Drivers and Mules
are daily received at
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S Midway Horse Market,
Midway, St. Paul, Minn. All horses sold under written guarantee to be as represented. Part time given if desired.

PERSONAL.

PIANO, VIOLIN AND MANDOLIN LESsons, 50c. Walter Howard, 22 7th Ave. W., or leave calls at Howard's machine store, 10 E. Sup. St. Music for dances.

LADIES—TRY MY MONTHLY REGUlator. Box free. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

MIDWIFE.

DR.EMMA BREINHOLM, OBSTETRICS electricity, magnetic and suggestive. Private hospital 11 19th Ave. W.

MRS BANKS, MIDWIFE,328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS.HANSON,FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 708 E. 3d st. 'Phone 1225.

MEDICAL.

MEN **NO CURE, NO PAY.** If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.
LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Superior street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile Company, 16 West Superior street.

ATTORNEYS.

S. L. SMITH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 219 Duluth Trust building.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING. Simpson. Zenith 'phone 738. 119 W. 1st st.

INSTRUCTION.

PERSONS DESIRING TO BE TUtored in grade or high school work, apply L. A. W., Box 435.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

LOST.

LOST—A BLACK HOLSTEIN COW, white forehead and below, also between shoulder blades a white spot. Please notify Z. Zaik, or call telephone 91 and receive reward.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY THEM AT 20 FIRST AVENUE west, from expert. 'Phone 854.

RAFFLE.

NOTICE—THE RAFFLE OF A GOLD watch and dance to be held at the Bell hotel will take place Monday night, July 8th. No. 627, West Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

GOOD INTEREST PAYING, CENTRALly located real estate. Not to exceed $5000. Address with price and location. X 4, Herald.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GIRL FOR SEWING. 501 West Superior street, upstairs.

YOUNG GIRL TO TAKE OF BABY—can go home nights. Apply 613 East First street.

WANTED—FIVE EXPERIENCED MAchine girls and four apprentice girls. West Duluth Shirt factory.

WANTED — GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork; family of two. Apply 214 South Nineteenth avenue east.

WANTED — COMPENT GIRL FOR general housework. 124 East Third street.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL AT 507 WEST Second street.

AN OLD FACE ON A YOUNG BODY looks incongruous. Early wrinkles, lines, creases, nourished away by Satin-Skin Cream, a tissue builder. 25c.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. J. D. Stryker, Torrey building.

WANTED—A WASH WOMAN, AT 407 East First.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Small family. 1405 East Superior street.

WANTED — SIX LADY CANVASSERS for Red Cross starch. Straight salary. 28 West Second street.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK TO BEGIN July 12. No washing. Good wages. Mrs. S. T. Harrison, 2107 East First street.

WANTED—COOK. 318 WEST SECOND.

WANTED — COMPETENT GIRL AT 210 West Third street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK IN PRIVATE family. Best of wages; no washing; that is willing to go to Ashland. Transportation paid. Call for information. 901 London road.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1127 London road.

A CAPABLE GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call after 6 p. m., 1714 Jefferson street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. One with references. 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls at Peerless laundry.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 112 East Third street.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—BRICKLAYERS TO WORK on Hibbing High School, 50 cents an hour; fare one way.

WANTED—FIFTEEN FIRST - CLASS structural iron men. Good wages and steady work. Wisconsin Bridge and Iron company, Houghton, Mich.

WANTED—MACHINE HANDS AND vise hands for sawmill work. Good wages and steady jobs with chance for promotion are offered to the right men. Address The Filer & Stowell Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

GOOD SALARIES — Earn good wages while learning electrical engineering. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 206-208 New Jersey Building, Duluth. Open evenings.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

WANTED SITUATIONS.

WANTED—POSITION BY A YOUNG man as grocery clerk. Can give best of references. Y 5, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS SHOE salesman by a young man with three years' experience. Good references. L 4, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS COLLECTOR or office man by a competent young man. Best of references. B 50, Herald.

WANTED — SITUATION BY YOUNG man where there is chance for advancement. Competent bookkeeper with business ability and experience. Moderate compensation. Y 42, Herald.

WANTED—BY MAN AND WIFE, FOR camp cooking or boat, or on a farm as first and second. Y 39, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 22 YEARS OF AGE, wants position where there is opportunity of advancement. Not afraid of work. Address M 74, Herald.

WANTED—BY A THROUGHLY COMpetent young man, position as bookkeeper in or out of city. References furnished if required. Address Y 41, Herald.

MAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE PLACE to do cooking in or outside of city. Address 16 East Superior street, Room 18.

LADY WITH SEVERAL YEARS EXPErience in law office, desires position as stenographer. Apply Box C. B., Herald.

UNDERTAKING.

WE HAVE THE BEST FUNERAL CAR and rubber tire carriages in the state. Why not get the best particularly when our prices are lowest. Stewart Livery company, 122 West Second street. Telephone 334—2 rings.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF. WALTER TELLS EVERYthing. 314 East Fifth street.

PROFESSER MME. QUINN IS STILL at 622 West Superior street.

PIANO TUNING.

C.A.GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, LEADer North Star band. Zenith 'prone 606.

DRUGGIST.

C. J. TUFTE, 2015 West Superior street.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms, $5 per month. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, modern. 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS FOR light housekeeping. Water, sewer, and gas, use of bath. 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS 1021 WEST MICHIgan street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FLAT, SEVEN ROOMS, steam heated; all modern conveniences; centrally located. Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANT TO RENT—SIX OR 7-ROOM house, with barn on lot. Apply Duluth Cigar factory.

WANTED TO RENT—HOUSE, CENtrally located; 8 or 10 rooms, modern and suitable for furnished rooms. Y 6, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, all modern conveniences. Very central. No. 818 West Second street.

WANTED—TABLE BOARDERS IN private family. 32 West Second street.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED — ROOM AND BOARD. 120 First avenue west; bath, etc.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 1, 1901. Work Third degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 8, 1901. Work. —Burr Porter, M. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocationss second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1901. Work, P. M. & M. E. M. degree. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, recorder.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave July 2, 1901. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elk's hall, 113 West Superior street. Frank Crassweller, G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL, No. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Roy Hood, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets second and fourth Monday evenings of each month in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. L. R. Birch, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. Memorial service Tuesday evening, June 25. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the initiatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; T. B. Perry, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

UNITED COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS. Zenith. No. 40. Duluth. Minn.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month. Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

CARPET CLEANING.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOTELS.

HOTEL NORTHERN,
208 W. Superior St.
Music Every Afternoon and Evening by the VIENNA LADIES' ORCHESTRA AND CONCERT COMPANY.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.,
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes
STR. BON AMI
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at **9 a. m.** for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points.

STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's Dock Mondays and Thursdays at **8 p.m.** for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton.
JOHN FLYNN, Agt., 2 Lyceum Building.
W. H. SINGER, Mgr., Lake Ave and Canal.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth.. Ar	p.m. 3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor.. Lv	p.m. 3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m. 1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar... Wolf ... Lv	p.m. 1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m. 12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	p.m. 12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	p.m. 12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m. 12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m. 12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing. Lv	p.m. 12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv.......Duluth.......Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar...... Virginia......Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar...... Eveleth Lv	7:38 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar........ Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*1 25 pm 11 30 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily.	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am †3 00 pm	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points. Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	*6 43 pm †11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. L. J. KITCHELL, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited,	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm *7 30 pm *8 40 am	Ashland and East Minn & Dakota Express No Coast Ltd.	*11 15 am *7 55 am *4 55 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†8 00 am *1 55 pm *11 10 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*6 45 am †2 10 pm *7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.

426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
†7 00 pm *8 15 am	BOSTON LIMITED. Copper Country Local.	†8 30 am *8 00 pm

A Good Thing to Go by. . . .

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

(The Popular Thoroughfare)

—BETWEEN—

Duluth, Superiors, Etc.

—AND—

Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Etc.

Fast Trains; Pullman Palace Sleepers; Luxuriant Diners; Meals Served a la Carte.

J. C. POND, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.
W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent,
No. 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The Pioneer Limited,

Only Perfect Train in the World.

Best Dining Car Service.

LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS.

J. T. CONLEY,
Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

SIXTEEN PAGES. DULUTH EVENING HERALD **SIXTEEN PAGES.**

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Vastly Superior

THE GREAT WHITE ENAMEL LINE

To all other makes, and thoroughly up to date, is our new line of Stoves and Ranges. When we introduce new goods, it is an object with us to procure the best in all respects.

We have arranged to handle the entire line of Buck

Stoves, Ranges and Heaters

made in St. Louis, and known as the "GREAT WHITE ENAMEL LINE."

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES French and Bassett

Complete House Furnishers.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

New Endion.

We have a large list of lots in this beautiful division.

Hunter's Park and Glen Avon.

This is the most beautiful suburb to Duluth. We have some handsome houses for sale at very low prices, also choice lots very cheap.

Endion Division.

Some choice corners at low prices. A special bargain on Third street.

$10000 for 520 and 522 West First street. Full lot; house worth $5000. Rented at $60 per month.

$5500 for an elegant modern house, centrally located. House alone cost $8000, lot $5000. All in good condition.

Houses in all parts of city at much less than cost.

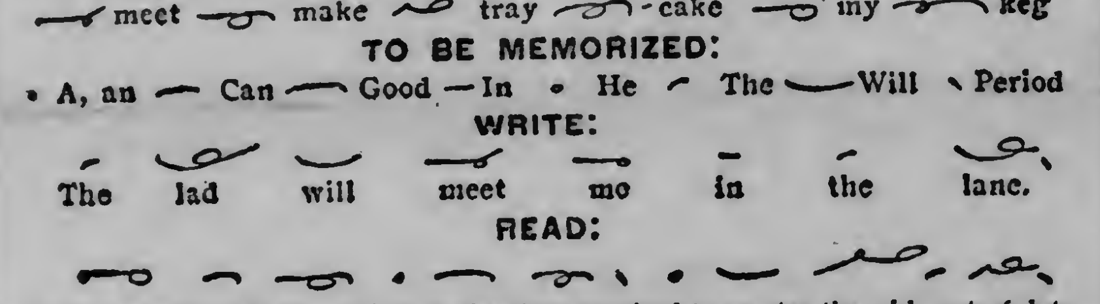
Five Per Cent Money Ready for Loans.

Stryker, Manley & Buck, TORREY BUILDING

THE DRENNING SCHOOL.

GREGG SHORTHAND EASY TO LEARN. EASY TO WRITE. EASY TO READ.

A LESSON IN GREGG'S SHORTHAND.



Can be learned in from ⅔ to ½ the time required to master the old, out-of-date systems. Full particulars regarding this wonderful, modern shorthand will be furnished upon application to

THE DRENNING SCHOOL.

8th Floor, Torrey Building.

ONLY BUTTER MADE IN DULUTH.

SEPARATOR CREAMERY B&R Primus TRADE MARK

MANUFACTURED BY,

BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL,—DULUTH, MINN.

BEST BUTTER SOLD IN DULUTH.

Fine Stationery.

Chamberlain & Taylor's Book Store

323 West Superior Street.

PEACHEY & LOUNSBERRY,

15 Second Ave. West.

Both 'Phones.

Printers.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

POSTMASTER.

Peter Fugel Appointed For Minot, N. D.

Washington, July 6.—The following appointment to presidential postoffice was announced today: Minot, N. D., Peter Fugel.

INJURY WAS SERIOUS.

New York, July 6.—Commando will not race again until he is sound. The recent injury to his hoof—a stone bruise—was much more serious than it showed on the surface.

A LADY OF GRACE.

London, July 6.—Mrs. Ronalds, one of the American ladies who raised the fund when the hospital ship Maine was bought and equipped for the use of the British in the other war, has been gazetted as an honorary lady of grace of the order of St. John of Jerusalem.

ROUNDED UP

Insurgent Leader and One Thousand Men.

Surrendered With Arms and Ammunition.

Manila, July 6.—The forces of the insurgent leader, Bellarmino, which have recently been operating around Donsol, province of Sorogon, were driven across the mountains by the Second infantry and finally captured by the Sixth cavalry. Bellarmino, with 1000 men and 214 guns, surrendered to Col. Wint, at Albay, capital of the province of that name. One hundred more rifles will be surrendered tomorrow.

Later in the day the official announceemnt of the surrender of Bellarmino was made. According to this account, Bellarmino, who has been operating in the province of Soreogona, surrendered Thursday last at Legaspi, on Albay bay, with thirty-two officers, 315 guns and 3000 rounds of ammunition. The rebel president of that section of the country and many Filipinos accompanied Bellarmino, who gave himself up to Col. Theo J. Wint of the Sixth cavalry. In all, since June 1, 1082 insurgents have surrendered in that district. Col. Wint's regiment came from China with Gen. Chaffee. Before disembarking at Legaspi, Col. Wint went to Gen. Chaffee and asked the latter if he desired him to clean up that part of the country. Gen. Chaffee replied: "Yes, but I do not command until July 4."

In three weeks Bellarimino was cornered, in spite of the belief of many officers, that cavalry could not be used in such a country. The insurgent general, Cailles, who surrendered at Santa Cruz, Laguna province, June 24, and his friends have offered to negotiate with Malvar, the insurgent leader in Southern Luzon, for the latter's surrender.

Fomer Filipino officers who belonged to Malvar's command report that fifty insurgents were killed and that many were wounded by the command of Lieut. Manaci during a recent two days' fight in the province of Batangas.

The Twentieth infantry has been ordered from Northern Luzon to Batangas.

Civil Governor Taft and Military Governor Chaffee are working agreeably together. They are holding informal conferences and are arriving at mutual understandings, a state of affairs hitherto almost unknown here.

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INSIST ON PRIVATEERS

Promoters of the Scheme Again Urge Presiden Kruger to Issue Letters of Marque, Which He Refuses to Do.

Brussels, July 6.—The Petit Bleu says that Mr. Kruger has lately refused to entertain proposals to arm privateers, but that the promoters are again urging the former president of the South African republic to notify the powers that unless they intervene he will issue letters of marque. In the event of Mr. Kruger's continued refusal, the promoters propose to act without authorization.

Washington, July 6.—The report from Brussels that former President Kruger is being urged to notify the powers that unless they intervene in the South African contest he will commission privateers is not treated seriously here.

It is well understood, as one outcome of the war with Spain, that the United States government will never again, except in the most extraordinary emergency, issue letters of marque, and the same reasons that impel the government to this course undoubtedly will operate to prevent our government from recognizing any such warrants issued by any other nation, even were that nation in full standing.

In the case of the Spanish war both of the belligerents, by agreement, refrained from issuing commissions to privateers, and it now has been many years since the flag of any respectable nation has flown over such craft. In the case of Mr. Kru[illegible] it is extremely doubtful whether he would, if the issue were forced in this way, be recognized as a de facto president authorized to issue commissions to privateers. That point would have to be settled at the outset, and each nation whose commerce was affected or was threatened by the privateers would determine for itself his competency. It is scarcely to be expected that they would decide against their own commercial interests, so that Mr. Kruger's privateers would find it difficult to secure general recognition.

The threat to send out privateers without President Kruger's consent is idle. It is pointed out here that such craft would be pirates pure and simple and the civilized world would sweep them off the seas if they should begin operations against the commerce of the nations.

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VICTORIA'S DAUGHTER

Even to Her Last Breath a New York Woman Claimed to Be the Eldest Daughter of the Late Queen.

New York, July 6.—A woman who with almost her last breath, held to the story that she was the eledst daughter of Queen Victoria and the prince consort, is dead in this city, having expired in the German hospital, a victim of the heat and of insufficient nutriment. Through the charity of a doctor, who believed her story implicitly and who learned of her demise, her body will not be buried in the potters field, but it will be buried this afternoon in Calvary cemetery.

The woman, who was known as Sophia Adelaide, and Mrs. Kent, always insisted that as an infant she was taken from her royal mother and in her place was substituted the daughter of Prince Albert by his morganatic wife, the Countess de Rouss. Up to the time, it is said, of her coming to America, which was shortly after the death of John Brown the Queen's Highland attendant, Sophia Adelaide received remittances in Paris, or wherever she might be, through the Rev. Ward Bouvie, of Coles Hill, England. When these remittances stopped, and she inquired into the cause, she found that Mr. Bouvie was dead, and thenceforth her remittances were paid to her by John Brown himself, it is said.

At his death they ceased altogether. She made several ineffectual attempts to secure a settlement, and when these failed she came to this country and brought out a book which, it is said, had been suppressed in England and Germany. It contained her contentions.

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THE PRINCESS SUES

Foster Daughter of the Late Collis P. Huntington Wants a Daughter's Share of the Large Estate.

San Francisco, July 6.—The Chronicle says: From sources thoroughly well informed and entitled to credence comes the statement that Princess Hatzfeldt has already begun legal proceedings, which, though, not technically a will contest, amount in reality to an attempt to set aside, in part at least, the last testament of her foster father, Collis P. Huntington. Suit, it is declared, was started in New York some months ago, by Princess Hatzfeldt for a daughter's share of the estate, based on the alleged contract entered into by C. P. Huntington at the time he took the princess, then Clara Prentice, from her mother, the sister of the first Mrs. Huntington, to support and rear. The action said to have been brought simply is a suit to enforce a contract. Filing of paper in the alleged suit was suppressed, it is said, presumably for service.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR

The International Convention Opens Auspiciously at Cincinnati.

The Attendance Said to Be Greatest on Record.

Large Auditoriums For Meetings to Be Held Simultaneously.

Cincinnati, July 6.—With the largest attendance on record, the twentieth international convention of the Christian Endeavor society began here today. Cool weather favored the delegates, and the business session, with which the convention began, was carried on in a pleasant atmosphere, after the severe hot weather of the past ten days. During the early hours reception and rallies were held at different state headquarters. The delegates then marched by states to the Auditorium, where the opening session of the convention was held.

Addresses of welcome were followed by the annual reports of the officers and business agents. This evening the regulation welcoming addresses will be heard at the Auditorium. President Clark will deliver his annual address, and Secretary Baer will deliver his report on the societies' progress during the past year.

Three large auditoriums and a large hall have been arranged on the old exposition grounds adjoining Washington park, on Elm street. A large platform has also been constructed in Washington park for overflow open air meetings. Music hall has been designated as "Auditorium Endeavor." Power hall is called "Auditorium Williston," and Horticultural hall is known as "Auditorium Ohio." Odean hall is the fourth in this group.

Only two of the auditoriums will be used tonight simultaneously. Dr. Tennis S. Hamlin, of Washington, will preside in one, with F. H. Jacobs, of Brooklyn, as musical director. Bishop Samuel Fallows, of Chicago, presides in the other, with Percy F. Foster, of Washington, D. C., as musical director. Soloists will assist the chorus of 1200 voices in each of these auditoriums.

Besides the addresses mentioned for tonight, L. H. Keller, of Milwaukee; Rev. A. Miyaki, of Osaka, Japan; Rev. T. C. Cleveland, Atlanta; Rev. George A. Hubbard, of China; Rev. Neal A. McAuley, Wilton Junction, Iowa; Rev. Alfred Gaudier, Toronto; Rev. W. J. Darby, Evansville, Ind., and Rev. William G. Marsh, Adelaide, Australia, are on the program for short talks.

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Young American Successful In Encounter With a Frenchman.

New York, July 6.—According to a Paris dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser, Albert Hopkins, son of the president of the Women's college in Baltimore, has come out victorious in a duel with a Frenchman, Henri D'Estournel, a man about town. D'Estournel found fault with young Hopkins for wearing an American flag. Hopkins, who is an athlete and used to be a pitcher at St. John's college, Baltimore, slapped the Frenchman's face, and the dispatch says this led to a meeting with swords in the Bois de Boulogne in the dawn. Hopkins was slightly scratched on the cheek while his adversary had his sword arm quite disabled.

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Man and Woman Are Drowned Near Rush City.

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Deaths From Heat Continue In the East.

Washington Seems to Be the Heat Center.

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St. Louis, July 6.—During the past twenty-four hours there have been several prostrations and one death from heat. Dead: Hugo Bothig, electrician, Brooklyn, N. Y. At 8 a. m. the mercury registered 81.

Chicago, July 6.—A delightfully cool breeze from the lake tempered the heat here today, and the weather forecast says moderate temperatures will prevail at least until Monday. At 9 a. m. the temperature was 75. Up to noon but one death had been reported.

◆ ◆ ◆

PRINCE VON HOHENLOHE

The Former German Imperial Chancellor Died Unexpectedly at Ragatz---Was a Warm Friend of Americans.

Berlin, July 6.—Prince Von Hohenlohe, formerly German imperial chancellor, died at Ragatz, Switzerland, last evening.

Prince Von Hohenlohe's death was generally unexpected here, as he left Berlin several weeks ago, apparently in good health, although his increasing weakness was evident. The prince arrived at Ragatz extremely exhausted. His death is attributed to the weakness of old age. The arrangements for the transportation of the body to Germany and for the obsequies are not yet definitely determined upon; but it is expected that the remains will be conveyed to the Hohenlohe ancestral home, at Schillingsfuerst, Batavia, where the family vault is situated and where the body of Prince Von Hohenlohe's wife is interred. It is also expected that Chancellor Von Buelow will break his seaside rest and attend the funeral.

Although Emperor William has fixed his departure on his trip to Norway for Monday next, it is deemed likely that his majesty will once more postpone the date of his starting on his trip in order to enable him to attend the obsequies. Owing to Emperor William's relationship to Prince Von Hohenlohe, his majesty always called the prince "Uncle Chlowig."

It is not believed here that the body of the prince will be brought to Berlin before being taken to Schillingsfuerst.

The officials of the nUited States embassy informed the correspondent of the Asociated Press that the death of the former chancellor was much regretted, because of his uniform kindliness towards Americans and American interests.

Prince Von Hohenlohe's attitude, through his chancellorship, was always fair and conciliatory in regard to German-American relations. Although he was an extensive estate owner, he did not share the agrarian hostility towards the United States. It was certainly owing, in a large measure, to Prince Von Hohenlohe's friendly spirit, during several trying years, that Germany's relations with the United States never departed from cordiality. He received many Americans and was always friendly to them. At the time of the death of United States Ambassador Theodore B. Runyon, in 1896, which occurred in the middle of the night, Secretary Jackson went, early in the morning, to inform the cabinet ministers of the ambassador's death, but only found Prince Von Hohenlohe ready to receive.

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CRASHED INTO ENGINE

Misplaced Switch on Baltimore & Ohio Causes Collision of Accommodation Train and Injures Several Passengers.

Mount Pleasant, Pa., July 6.—The Baltimore & Ohio accommodation train from Connellsville, Pa., crashed into an engine on a siding near here last night and was wrecked. Many passengers were more or less injured, but none of them fatally. Those most seriously hurt are:

Mrs. Victor Woodward, Lancaster, Pa., cut about the head and face and bruised about the body.

Engineer Ridenour, bruised by jumping from the engine of the passenger train.

Samuel Fish, Lowell, Mass., bruised and cut about the head.

The accident was caused by an open switch. The cars did not leave the track and were not badly damaged.

◆ ◆ ◆

STEEL CONCERNS MERGE

The Passing of the Sheet Hoop Company Into Schwab's Control May Have Effect on Strike of the Workmen.

Pittsburg, July 6.—The special train carrying the employes and former officers of the National Steel and American Steel Hoop companies reached Pittsburg from New York today. The two concerns, which have been merged into the Carnegie company, will take up their headquarters in the Carnegie building on Monday.

Considerabue interest is manifested in manufacturing and labor circles as to the bearing the absorption of the American Steel Hoop company by the Carnegie company will have on the strike recently ordered by the Amalgamated association. President Charles M. Schwab, of the United States Steel corporation and still a leading spirit in the affairs of the Carnegie Steel company, of which he formerly was president, is understood to be opposed to organized labor. President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association thinks, however, that the change will not prove inimical to his association.

Asked as to the meeting of the advisory board, President Shaffer said: "This is the regular auditing time and if I find anything of sufficient importance I will call the board together to consider it, but that is all."

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Machinists Allege Unlawful Combine on Part of Manufacturers.

Milwaukee, July 6.—Members of the International Machinists' union, who were enjoined two weeks ago by the Vilter Manufacturing company from in any way interfering with the working of that plant, filed an answer today. Counter charges of unlawful conspiracy are made. The answer asserts that about 300 manufacturers and corporations throughout the country unlawfully combined, conspired, confederated and agreed together under the name of the National Metal Trades association for the purpose of disrupting and paralyzing the organization of the machinists and for the purpose of defeating their request for a nine-hour day. The answer alleges that the Viltor company, under cover, is a member of such alleged conspiracy.

The striking machinists say they have kept wholly within the limits of the law and ask that the injunctional order be vacated and the suit dismissed.

DEACON IS DEAD.

Boston July 6.—Edward Park Deacon, member of a wealthy Boston family, prominent in society some years ago, and who married a daughter of Mrs. William Astor, and was principal in a sensational shooting affair in Paris, is dead. Mr. Deacon was a victim of brain disease.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

SIXTEEN PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

SIXTEEN PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, JULY 6, 1901. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES
THE GREAT WHITE ENAMEL LINE

Vastly Superior

To all other makes, and thoroughly up to date, is our new line of Stoves and Ranges. When we introduce new goods, it is an object with us to procure the best in all respects.

We have arranged to handle the entire line of Buck

Stoves, Ranges and Heaters

made in St. Louis, and known as the "GREAT WHITE ENAMEL LINE."

BUCK'S STOVES & RANGES

French and Bassett

Complete House Furnishers.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

New Endion.
We have a large list of lots in this beautiful division.

Hunter's Park and Glen Avon.
This is the most beautiful suburb to Duluth. We have some handsome houses for sale at very low prices, also choice lots very cheap.

Endion Division.
Some choice corners at low prices. A special bargain on Third street.

$10000 for 520 and 522 West First street. Full lot; house worth $5000. Rented at $60 per month.

$5500 for an elegant modern house, centrally located. House alone cost $8000, lot $5000. All in good condition.

Houses in all parts of city at much less than cost.

Five Per Cent Money Ready for Loans.

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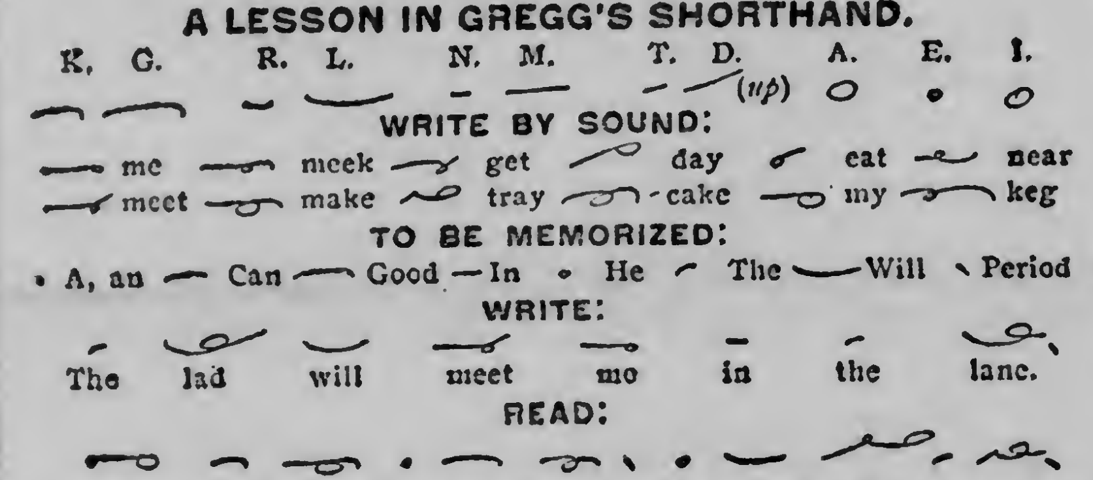

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THE DRENNING SCHOOL.

8th Floor, Torrey Building.

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BEST BUTTER SOLD IN DULUTH.

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I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

POSTMASTER.

Peter Fugel Appointed For Minot, N. D.

Washington, July 6.—The following appointment to presidential postoffice was announced today: Minot, N. D., Peter Fugel.

INJURY WAS SERIOUS.

New York, July 6.—Commando will not race again until he is sound. The recent injury to his hoof—a stone bruise—was much more serious than it showed on the surface.

A LADY OF GRACE.

London, July 6.—Mrs. Ronalds, one of the American ladies who raised the fund when the hospital ship Maine was bought and equipped for the use of the British in the oBer war, has been gazetted as an honorary lady of grace of the order of St. John of Jerusalem.

ROUNDED UP

Insurgent Leader and One Thousand Men.

Surrendered With Arms and Ammunition.

Manila, July 6.—The forces of the insurgent leader, Bellarmino, which have recently been operating around Donsol, province of Sorogon, were driven across the mountains by the Second infantry and finally captured by the Sixth cavalry. Bellarmino, with 1000 men and 214 guns, surrendered to Col. Wint, at Albay, capital of the province of that name. One hundred more rifles will be surrendered tomorrow.

Later in the day the official announceemnt of the surrender of Bellarmino was made. According to this account, Bellarmino, who has been operating in the province of Soreogona, surrendered Thursday last at Legaspi, on Albay bay, with thirty-two officers, 315 guns and 3000 rounds of ammunition. The rebel president of that section of the country and many Filipinos accompanied Bellarmino, who gave himself up to Col. Theo J. Wint of the Sixth cavalry. In all, since June 1, 1082 insurgents have surrendered in that district. Col. Wint's regiment came from China with Gen. Chaffee. Before disembarking at Legaspi, Col. Wint went to Gen. Chaffee and asked the latter if he desired him to clean up that part of the country. Gen. Chaffee replied: "Yes, but I do not command until July 4."

In three weeks Bellarimino was cornered, in spite of the belief of many officers, that cavalry could not be used in such a country. The insurgent general, Cailles, who surrendered at Santa Cruz, Laguna province, June 24, and his friends have offered to negotiate with Malvar, the insurgent leader in Southern Luzon, for the latter's surrender.

Fomer Filipino officers who belonged to Malvar's command report that fifty insurgents were killed and that many were wounded by the command of Lieut. Manaci during a recent two days' fight in the province of Batangas.

The Twentieth infantry has been ordered from Northern Luzon to Batangas.

Civil Governor Taft and Military Governor Chaffee are working agreeably together. They are holding informal conferences and are arriving at mutual understandings, a state of affairs hitherto almost unknown here.

INSIST ON PRIVATEERS

Promoters of the Scheme Again Urge Presiden Kruger to Issue Letters of Marque, Which He Refuses to Do.

Brussels, July 6.—The Petit Bleu says that Mr. Kruger has lately refused to entertain proposals to arm privateers, but that the promoters are again urging the former president of the South African republic to notify the powers that unless they intervene he will issue letters of marque. In the event of Mr. Kruger's continued refusal, the promoters propose to act without authorization.

Washington, July 6.—The report from Brussels that former President Kruger is being urged to notify the powers that unless they intervene in the South African contest he will commission privateers is not treated seriously here.

It is well understood, as one outcome of the war with Spain, that the United States government will never again, except in the most extraordinary emergency, issue letters of marque, and the same reasons that impel the government to this course undoubtedly will operate to prevent our government from recognizing any such warrants issued by any other nation, even were that nation in full standing.

In the case of the Spanish war both of the belligerents, by agreement, refrained from issuing commissions to privateers, and it now has been many years since the flag of any respectable nation has flown over such craft. In the case of Mr. Kruger it is extremely doubtful whether he would, if the issue were forced in this way, be recognized as a de facto president authorized to issue commissions to privateers. That point would have to be settled at the outset, and each nation whose commerce was affected or was threatened by the privateers would determine for itself his competency. It is scarcely to be expected that they would decide against their own commercial interests, so that Mr. Kruger's privateers would find it difficult to secure general recognition.

The threat to send out privateers without President Kruger's consent is idle. It is pointed out here that such craft would be pirates pure and simple and the civilized world would sweep them off the seas if they should begin operations against the commerce of the nations.

VICTORIA'S DAUGHTER

Even to Her Last Breath a New York Woman Claimed to Be the Eldest Daughter of the Late Queen.

New York, July 6.—A woman who with almost her last breath, held to the story that she was the eledst daughter of Queen Victoria and the prince consort, is dead in this city, having expired in the German hospital, a victim of the heat and of insufficient nutriment. Through the charity of a doctor, who believed her story implicitly and who learned of her demise, her body will not be buried in the potters field, but it will be buried this afternoon in Calvary cemetery.

The woman, who was known as Sophia Adelaide, and Mrs. Kent, always insisted that as an infant she was taken from her royal mother and in her place was substituted the daughter of Prince Albert by his morganatic wife, the Countess de Rouss. Up to the time, it is said, of her coming to America, which was shortly after the death of John Brown the Queen's Highland attendant, Sophia Adelaide received remittances in Paris, or wherever she might be, through the Rev. Ward Bouvie, of Coles Hill, England. When these remittances stopped, and she inquired into the cause, she found that Mr. Bouvie was dead, and thenceforth her remittances were paid to her by John Brown himself, it is said.

At his death they ceased altogether. She made several ineffectual attempts to secure a settlement, and when these failed she came to this country and brought out a book which, it is said, had been suppressed in England and Germany. It contained her contentions.

THE PRINCESS SUES

Foster Daughter of the Late Collis P. Huntington Wants a Daughter's Share of the Large Estate.

San Francisco, July 6.—The Chronicle says: From sources thoroughly well informed and entitled to credence comes the statement that Princess Hatzfeldt has already begun legal proceedings, which, though, not technically a will contest, amount in reality to an attempt to set aside, in part at least, the last testament of her foster father, Collis P. Huntington. Suit, it is declared, was started in New York some months ago, by Princess Hatzfeldt for a daughter's share of the estate, based on the alleged contract entered into by C. P. Huntington at the time he took the princess, then Clara Prentice, from her mother, the sister of the first Mrs. Huntington, to support and rear. The action said to have been brought simply is a suit to enforce a contract. Filing of paper in the alleged suit was suppressed, it is said, presumably for service.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR

The International Convention Opens Auspiciously at Cincinnati.

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INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A Craggencroft Interview.

The Rev. John Mason Duncan, president of the school, has gone to lay Craggencroft claims before families and communities in the Dakotas, Montana and Iowa. The Herald had this interview with him before he left:

"Do Craggencroft conditions please and promise, Mr. Duncan?"

"Yes, Craggencroft records more growth, more promise of growth and less loss of students than most other schools known to me or directed by me in twenty-five years. Bulk is not my target. The diamond symbolizes my idea of size for Craggencroft. When the whole Northwest sends to live and study at Craggencroft just half as many girls as Duluth alone annually sends as day students, then Craggencroft will be large enough. This trip is to induce that patronage. I go well furnished. Craggencroft itself is a good storage battery. My calendar published in the "Interior," July 4, helps prepare the way. Numerous letters, kind and strong, from many of our best citizens, go with me and ahead of me. Perhaps other business gentlemen may volunteer similar co-operation. My journey, however, is that of the sower that went forth to sow."

"What gives Craggencroft, Mr. Duncan, the high set values commonly attached to it?"

"Three things, sir. It is private. It is small. It is at Glen Avon."

"Won't you please explain this a little further?"

"Certainly. Many carelessly think that a private school is set for exclusive social uses. This is largely false in both theory and fact; strikingly so at Craggencroft. The core value of a private school is its large freedom from the ironclad fixities of a huge system wisely and necessarily rigid and rigorous. Yet a private school may be as highly organized as a watch or a star. Childhood is elastic. Elasticity is its native air. But an institution that deals with people by the thousand can have small place for elasticity. A state school of any kind and a great college or university are much alike in this particular. All devise and set and work out and must work out a system. Time's maturity, however, counter balances in the college man the rigor of a great system. It is the child and the youth and the girl particularly that suffer from it. Instead of the maintenance of a system and the perfecting it to the greatest good to the greatest number and under the law of the survival of the fittest, the aim in a private school is to infuse into a given number of children the thought and spirit of some one approved life, that life itself in turn the center of a similar sympathetic group of associate lives. That one life is the dynamic center of the school. From it springs the elasticity demanded by childhood. Each girl and each boy by virtue of the freedom of the school becomes attached at many and various points to that life. It is the spark that kindles, the fountain head that feeds, the dynamo that begets and supplies. Contact with that life is in the very nature of a private school made possible, yea, common and natural, and with that contact is imparted to the child not the knowledge but the power of that life. The student gets the ideas of life, the color of thought and of sentiment, the cast of character that that private school man has. That man that has not wrought out life itself in the white heat of realism idealized might hear classes, even teach, perhaps, but he could not organize, and from day to day breathe soul-life into the organism of a private school. I am sorry I may not tell you the long list of glorious company I have in my headship of a private school like Craggencroft. I am sorry that my words can not catch fire and blaze along these lines with the fervor and joy of professional privilege secured to me and my associates and our students at Craggencroft. It is the dignity and the privileges and the certainties of such school life that give it the pricelessness which the intelligent have always recognized, and which withal still lies within reach of the wealth of the rich, of the self-sacrifice of all, except the very poor, and oftener than is thought within the ministry of love.

"In a private school, therefore, you see there is no one lost, scarce even the son of perdition. No Ephraim joined to his idols is let alone. Each young life is bound by immediate social ties to one larger life. Book learning proceeds as a secondary matter, but not in a secondary way within the larger process of life fusion.

"You can see, sir, that because of this primary nature of a private school it can never be very large. And in this smallness lies the second unit of Craggencroft value. Of course, this must not fall below the degree of size demanded by emulation and competition. I am not trying to develop a large thing. Size for me is determined by the minimum demands of competition as suggested, and the necessities of financial integrity. A private school is bound by the same business obligations as a private man's and so must attain a debt-paying power either by earnings or endowments. The small school means small classes. You can talk as much knowledge to 200 persons in forty minutes as you can to twenty in forty minutes. But the thoughtful man would scarce venture to say that in the former case as much impartation is commonly possible. Small classes and full time allow much repetition on the part of both teacher and student, and repetitio mater studiorum est, you know. Small classes reduce the teacher's chances of missing fire. Small classes render outside helpfulness more likely and more uniform. 'Tis hard to serve one and neglect others. Small classes do away with this invidious discrimination: Of whatever volts of energy and ability a teacher has six pupils can get more each than sixty could get each. Speed, certainty and uniformity are thus greatly advanced and friction and waste and discouragement are reduced.

"And Craggencroft is at Glen Avon. Do you know what that means? It means that from 8 in the morning until 5 in the evening, including both transit coming and going, a Craggencroft girl or boy scarce sees or hears or feels any suggestion or sight or sound of vice and immorality of any sort or kind. A thoughtful man in this day can thank God for such a possibility of statement. I know some men would show youth the wide, wide world. But it is a philosophy false as it is cruel to expose innocent youth to bald bold vice that thus virtue may be learned. Light is the expelling power against darkness. Heaven rather than hell antagonizes and wins wrong over. "The best way to keep cheat out of a half bushel is to chuck it full of wheat" is unanswerable. The moral cleanliness of Glen Avon, its chaste seclusion in poetic virtue and its freedom from commercial and municipal distractions supply us an educating force rarely equalled in schools and never more needed than now. I have no mercenary motive when I say to parents that Glen Avon in itself is almost an education aside from Craggencroft. Again allow me to say that if Craggencroft has any special value it is because it is private and small and at Glen Avon.

"Will the property be in any way changed?"

"Yes, it is being thoroughly overhauled by plasterers, decorators and carpenters, all by the courtesy and energy of Mr. Mendenhall. It will be opened about September, the tenth, in a public reception to the new faculty."

"Are there to be any changes in the course of study?"

"Very slight ones. A little more history has been put into the forms. The course satisfies present demands for college entrance, and that, you know, is our aim. A girl or boy ready for the freshman year of a standard American college can make his way well in any profession or business."

"Will the general organization be the same?"

"A fundamental change occurs in our residence administration. Hitherto, because of Mrs. Duncan's inclination to teaching, the house has been kept by some lady engaged for that purpose and the administration of the affairs of resident students has been to a greater or less extent in the hands of some special member of the faculty. Next year 1901-1902 Mrs. Duncan herself takes up the keeping of the house and the entire and sole direction of the house-and-home life of the young ladies resident. The faculty of course continue their relations as chaperons and lady superiors."

"I should like to have a list of the faculty and their departments."

"Here is the list, sir. You may notice that two new departments are created. A specially trained instructor, Miss Harrington, assumes charge of the gymnasium, and opens our school of elocution and expression. Miss Harrington will appear publicly early in September. The violoncello is offered under Mrs. Erd, of our own city. The primary school has a new principal, Miss Grace Munson. Miss Munson brings not only a strong and attractive personality, but full breadth of collegiate training, ripe experience and especial study and practice in the new 'School of Education of the University of Chicago.' This 'School of Education' is the recent consolidation of Mrs. Emmons Blaine school, under Col. Parker, and the Dewey School of Child Development. Whatever these schools stand for separately and together Miss Munson represents, and represents with the special endorsement of masters. We feel that great advance has been made by us in securing Miss Woolfolk, of New York city, in our art work. Early in September some of Miss Woolfolk's drawings and paintings will be exhibited at our Fall Art reception. In middle September, Mrs. Stearns, the new and gifted director of the Craggencroft School of Music, will give a public recital. So our opening month, you see, promises much to both ourselves and the community of Duluth. But here is the list:

Rev. John Mason Duncan, A. M., President—Philosophy, Rhetoric, Bible.

Mrs. Sarah MacCleave Duncan, Director of the Home Life and Social; Head of Intermediate School.

Mrs. Grace Gibson Pinkerton, A. B., University of Chicago; Greek, Latin, Classical History.

Miss Elizabeth Sara Norcross, A. B., Monmouth College; History, Literature.

Mme. Ottilie Deickmann Caspari (Bremen, Germany); German, French, Italian.

Miss Mary E. Hallock, A. B., (Mt. Holyoke College); Mathematics, Chemistry, Physics, Astronomy.

Miss Laura Virginia Knox, A. B., (Grinnell College and Wellesley); English, Director of the Seminary.

Miss Mary Sinclair, A. B., (University of Toronto). The Intermediate School.

Miss Grace Ellery Munson (Women's College, Western Reserve University), Special Representative of the School of Education of the University of Chicago. Head of the Primary School.

Miss Eleanor Phyllis Harrington (Pupil of Professor Watson, Washington, D. C.; Graduate of Manning College, Oratory, and Physical Training, Post-graduate Columbia School Expression and Physical Education, Chicago). Director of the Gymnasium and Instructor in Elocution and Expression.

Mrs. Mabel Wilson Stearns, Graduate New England Conservatory, Boston; Special Representative of the Faelten Fundamental Training Piano-forte School, Boston. Piano-forte and Singing.

Miss Eva Marshall Woolfolk, A. B., Pupil of Daniel Strain, Boston; of J. Carroll Beckwith, Kenyon Cox and Rhoda Holmes Nichols, New York; and of Raphael Collin and Gustave Courtois, Paris. Painting, Drawing, Water Colors, Decoration.

Mrs. Marie Geist Erd, Graduate of the Royal Academy, Munich; The Violoncello.

"When does Craggencroft open?"

"September 11, 1901."

"What is your address during your absence?"

"It is Lock Box 455, Duluth, Minn."

"Do you receive any boys into residence this year?"

"No, there are no boys at home this year. My son, Duffield, has been entered at Princeton university, but will spend a year of special extra study at Lawrenceville, and 'my other boy,' Stuart Draper, goes into business. Like ancient Jacob, I am bereft. Goodbye."

WHICH IS THE BEST?

Duluth Baseball Championship to Be Settled Sunday.

Hansell's Nine and Fashions to Have It Out.

Winner Will Be the Representative Team of Duluth.

The championship among the ball teams of Duluth is to be decided tomorrow, when the Duluth team will cross bats with the Fashions at the Driving park. There has been a good deal of rivalry between the two teams, and as it does not appear that two really first-class teams can be got out of Duluth, it has been decided that whoever wins tomorrow shall have the pick of the other team and become the representative of Duluth. Combined, the team will make one of the strongest organizations in the Northwest, and as some fast ball players are coming to Duluth in the near future, some pretty warm games will result.

The Fashions will probably have the strongest team that they have got together this season on this occasion, and it will be an exciting game from start to finish. "Loole" Kline will wear the mask for the cigarmakers, while Staub will pitch. He is a very promising man, and gained the good opinion of the Ashland team while he was there in the four games recently. Gerard will play first base, Cheyne second, and a player from Tower, named Hickey, will make things hum on third. He has played several games lately with the Fashions, and is said to be the fastest man in this part of the country for the position. Si Bennett will be on short, with Lovell in the left field and Ryan in the right. "Pike" Mullaney, the crack player of the Superior team, will be in the center field.

The Duluth team will have Sturgeon behind the bat and the redoutable Glenny in the box. Hansell himself will play first, and the hard hitting Randall will be on second. Shepard will be at short. McLaren will play third. He has developed into quite a hitter, and can be depended upon to nail out a two-bagger whenever the occasion demands. Maley will be in the left field and Murphy will be on the other side, with Lambert in the same old place.

The two teams have been borrowing each other's men whenever they wanted to play fast ball, and the consolidation will fix Duluth in the place for a steady, good ball team.

The game will be called promptly at 3 o'clock—if the rain does not interfere.

O-AT-KA
Sunday, July 7th,
Two grand free concerts, Flaaten's Third Regiment Band, 3:30 to 5:00 P. M. Perboner's Famous Ladies' Orchestra, 8:00 to 9:30 P. M. 10 minute car service.
Free! Free! Free!

COMES NEXT.

Mustache Dyeing Damage Case Scheduled For Trial.

The suit of W. E. Lewis against H. Brown and Joe Davidson is the next jury case scheduled in municipal court after the disposition of the suit of M. S. Burrows against the Western Union Telegraph company, and it is likely to be reached either this afternoon or Monday morning. The case is a unique one, in that its settlement will very likely establish a precedent by which to determine the commercial value of a mustache. The plaintiff, in his complaint, says that on or about June 2, he went into H. Brown's barber shop and sat down in the chair for a shave and a shampoo; that while he was in the chair of Joe Davidson, one of the tonsorial artists, his mustache and eyebrows were dyed black, without either his knowledge or his consent. The plaintiff says that he is by nature light complexioned, and that the black mustache and eyebrows have made him look so unnatural and grotesque that he is a subject of ridicule among his friends and acquaintances. He claims that his personal appearance and his feelings have been damaged to the extent of $250, and for this amount from the coffers of the barber he prays the court. W. J. Barnes represents the interests of the plaintiff.

Dancing tonight at Oatka.

SUMMER SCHOOL.

Attendance Promises to Be Gratifying Large.

All of the arrangements are completed for the opening of a summer school Monday morning at 8:30 o'clock and a very successful one is expected. A large number of teachers will be in attendance and the influence will, no doubt, make itself felt throughout the next school year. The teachers for the school are all thoroughly conversant with their work and will do all for the students that can be done. All registrations must be made at the high school Monday morning. Superintendent Park says that they expect about seventy-five people from Duluth, twenty from Carleton county, five from Ontario, Canada, two from Michigan, nine from Wisconsin and three from Two Harbors, while about twelve from the ranges will be here.

Tearing Up the Blocks.

Watterworth & Fee, the contractors, who have the contract for the repaving of Superior street, are making good progress in their preliminary work. The firm commenced yesterday to tear up the old paving blocks from Third avenue east on the south side of the street and have the old pavement loosened up as far as Second avenue east. The street railway company has not yet made a move to tear up its old tracks and will not, probably, before Monday.

Summer Term

Will begin at the Business University on Monday, July 8.

NOT YET OUT.

James Holton's Hearing Delayed, Complaining Witness Being Absent.

The assault case against James Holton was called in municipal court this morning, but as the complaining witness is not able yet to leave the hospital the hearing was postponed until Monday morning. Holton is charged with using a razor on Cook Wilberforce, of the Crystal restaurant, on the night of July 3. Wilberforce is said to have received some very serious cuts.

A number of those that participated in post mortem proceedings of the Fourth of July and were gathered in by the police department last evening were lined up before Judge Edson this morning to explain why their celebration did not cease on the night of the Fourth. Chris Burnes had a good excuse ready, after pleading drunkenness, and was released under suspended sentence, as was William Kelly, who acknowledged that he has no steady place of abode, nor a salary. John Doyle, another who lingered too long at his cup, and knew it, was committed to the county jail for ten days to repent. W. J. Raymond and Arthur Carr, who claim that they are seldom led from the paths of sobriety, were released under suspended sentence. Philip Hackett, who is charged with drunkenness, avers his innocence and will be examined this afternoon.

EXPECT MORE.

July Lumber Shipments May Exceed Those of June.

It is predicted by well-informed shippers that the lumber shipments of 57,000,000 feet from the head of the lakes in June will be exceeded in July if the weather is fairly favorable. Most of the stock on the docks is sold, but some of it is not yet in shipping condition. The lumber would be moving out faster, too, if the boats could make better time—most of the trips of late having consumed more than ordinary time.

There is a pronounced difference of opinion between the shippers and vesselmen as to the prevailing rate from the head of the lakes and Ashland. Vesselmen claim they are receiving a $2.50 rate and shippers declare that they are paying only $2.25.

Alger-Smith & Co.'s second great raft is due this afternoon from Pigeon river, coming down in tow of the Gettysburg. It is thought the arrival has been delayed by wind on the lake. It has been stated that the raft would contain 8,000,000 feet of logs, but this is denied. The exact amount will not be known until arrival here, but it is believed that it will be the greatest raft ever brought to Duluth.

Sunday afternoon, Third regiment band, Oatka.

A SAMPLE BRICK.

Mayor Hugo's Idea For a 1901 Souvenir.

Visitors in Duluth this summer will get a brick. Alarming as this statement may sound, and coming from the city's chief executive officer, the danger dwindles down to zero point when it is understood that the mayor qualifies his statement by saying that the visitor will get the brick if he wants it, and will not get it unless he takes the trouble to go after the article. Mayor Hugo has conceived a novel idea in the way of a souvenir of Duluth and says that all visitors in the city this summer will be presented with a sample brick of that used in the paving of Superior street. The mayor did not say whether the brick would be of the size actually used in the pavement, but at any rate a brick would be a very substantial souvenir. It has been suggested that the city officials exercise great caution in bestowing the brick, and that none should be given married men where there is any question of family infelicity. Mayor Hugo says that the visitors may have the brick certified to if there is any doubt as to its authenticity.

Free concerts Sunday afternoon and evening, Oatka.

A Weeping Niobe.

A woman in the sunset of life, telling a tale of poverty and woe, has caused considerable annoyance at the city ticket offices today. Although she is loath to give her name, she states that she has been working on Lake avenue, but that the work was too hard and her son is very ill. Her old home in Eau Claire is where she longs to go, and she wants two half-fare tickets. Her appeal fell on deaf ears at the poor office, and some of the railroad people are investigating her case. If her story proves to be true she will probably secure the tickets, but there is some suspicion that the woman is not keeping the truth entirely on her side. She is very adept at emphasizing her story with perfect floods of tears.

Funeral on Sunday.

The funeral of David Peterson, who was run over by a train while crossing the tracks at Tenth avenue west a few days ago, will be held tomorrow afternoon at the First Swedish Methodist church, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Third street. It will take place at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and Rev. John A. Anderson will conduct the service. The deceased was a member of the Sunday school of this church.

Two grand free concerts will be given at Oatka tomorrow. Flaaten's Third Regiment band in the afternoon, from 3:30 to 5 p. m. Perboner's Famous Ladies' orchestra, from 8 to 9:30 p. m. A ten-minute car service, and the scow used in connection with the ferry, should crowd the popular resort to its capacity. Manager Alexander wishes to state that there will be no postponements this season. Everything advertised takes place, rain or shine, so pleasure seekers will not be disappointed.

Special Excursion to Colorado

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

July 1 to 9 and Sept. 1 to 10 the Northwestern Line will sell round-trip excursion tickets from Denver to Colorado points at the low rate of $29.

Remember the dates and route, and do not fail to avail yourself of this very low rate to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo. Also tickets to Salt Lake City and Ogden and return for $44, final limit to return Oct. 31. Full information and tickets at 405 West Superior street.

You can get boarders, help, tenants or partners by means of a Herald want ad.

ANOTHER VICTIM

Cold Waters of Lake Superior Again Claim a Man.

Michael Lalor Last Seen On Canal Pier Wednesday.

Undoubtedly Slipped and Fell In---Man of Fine Character.

The sudden disappearance of Michael Lalor from the end of the canal pier on Wednesday morning of this week is a source of anxiety to his relatives and friends, and the conclusion has been reached that another victim has been claimed by the cold waters of old Lake Superior.

Lalor was a laborer, about 37 years of age, and has been employed for the last two months by Charles Stone, the contractor on the cement work for the government piers at the ship canal. He was sent out Wednesday morning to the end of the pier to wet down the cement blocks and spread burlap over them. He was out on the end of the pier a long time, and, finally, another man was sent out to learn what progress was being made. He returned with the report that Lalor was missing. The missing man's hat and coat and the pail that he had used were found on the end of the pier, but no trace of the man himself.

The men at work on the pier say there can be no doubt but that he went into the water, for none of them saw Lalor return. At the time of his disappearance he was dressed in oilskins and wore heavy rubber boots. It is claimed that this suit would carry him down as though he were a stone. A search was instituted about the waters at the end of the pier as soon as Lalor's disappearance was noticed, but there was a heavy sea running at the time, and the probabilities are that the body was carried some distance by the current. It is believed that he slipped and fell in. Inspector Cromwell says that there is a sort of pocket formed on the outside of the pier under the trestle work along the pier by the swirling waters, and it may be possible that the body will be found there. The life-saving crew was at work all the morning and this afternoon dragging in the vicinity of the end of the pier, but at a late hour this afternoon no find was reported.

As soon as Lalor was missed, his effects were inspected at the St. Nicholas hotel, at the foot of Lake avenue, and the name of his brother, Thomas Lalor, from a little town in Illinois, was discovered. This brother arrived in the city this morning and is active in the search for his relative.

Michael Lalor has been in the employ of Mr. Stone for about two months, and by his employer and fellow workmen was regarded as a very faithful, sober and reliable man. The inspectors say that if he was given a piece of work to do he stayed by until it was finished, no matter how long after hours he had to work to complete it. Previous to working for Contractor Stone, Lalor worked two years for Robert Whiteside, a lumberman of this city.

Shortly before his disappearance, Lalor bought a St. Mary's hospital ticket. He had a sick and accident policy in the Union Men's Mutual company and a life insurance policy in the New York Equitable Life Insurance company. It is said that he had a large part of his savings in the bank, but nothing is definitely known about this. His brother says that there is some doubt as to Lalor's having much money saved as he was of a very generous nature and had been in the habit of giving his money away to those less fortunate than himself.

Dancing tonight at Oatka.

IT IS HEARD.

Edward McCue's Application For Receiver Scovill's Removal.

There was a very slow special term of district court this morning, with the smallest number of cases that there has been on any special term for a long time. There was four cases in all, and of these two were continued.

The principal case on the calendar was the application of Edward McCue for the removal of J. B. Scovill as receiver of the St. Louis County Agricultural society. Mr. McCue was there represented by S. L. Smith, his attorney, and Mr. Scovill had S. D. Allen as his legal representative. Mr. Scovill made a report of his doings as receiver, and showed that he had been attending to business in the best manner that circumstances would permit. Judge Cant heard the matter, and took it under advisement. The hearing disclosed the fact that the society is possessed of very little wealth. In all it owns $40, and that will go but a short way to pay the claims against it.

In the case of school district No. 14, against Andrew Broberg and others findings for the plaintiff were ordered.

STILL CRIPPLED.

Traffic Is Badly Delayed In Western Michigan.

Grand Rapids, Mich., July 6.—The railroads of Western Michigan are still crippled as a result of yesterday's cloudburst. The Michigan Central, up to noon, had not been able to get a train to or from Detroit. The Grand Rapids & Indiana main line north was opened this morning for the first time since Thursday. The Pere Marquette main line north had not been repaired up to noon and the road's line to Saginaw will not be open until tomorrow. Freight traffic is still paralyzed.

COOLER IN NEW YORK.

New York, July 6.—The temperature this morning was lower than it has been for more than a week. In the office of the local forecaster the official figure was 75 at 9 a. m. with humidity at 85.

SMALL FAILURE.

London, July 6.—The failure of F. P. Lee, an operator on a small scale in West African securities, was announced today on the stock exchange.

FELL ON THE STREET.

An Unknown Man Dropped In a Fit.

An unknown man dressed as a laborer created a little stir on Michigan street, in the rear of the Torrey building, this morning, by falling over on his face while walking along the street. It was at first thought that he was dead, but on the suggestion of one of the spectators a restorative was applied in the way of ammonia held under the man's nose and he revived very quickly. It was some time before he was able to walk, however, and the only information that he would give was that he was subject to fits of the kind he had this morning after a prolonged spree.

The people that saw him fall telephoned the police department, but the police did not want the man unless he was drunk, the health department had nothing to do with his case and the coroner could do nothing unless the man was dead, so an interesting question arose as to what disposition can be made of a stranger that falls or faints on the streets, whether there is any organiaztion that looks after cases of this nature or whether the victim is dependent on some good Samaritan.

HE RESIGNS.

W. E. Magner to Leave Free Labor Bureau Commission.

Mayor Hugo has received notice of vacancies on two of the local commissions and he will soon receive notice of a third vacancy affecting the free labor commission, for Commissioner W. E. Magner, this morning confirmed the report that he would tender his resignation at the next meeting of the commission. The other vacancies are on the health board and on the civil service commission. H. R. Patterson resigned from the board of health to take up a sprinkling contract with the city and E. C. Little tendered his resignation as a member of the civil service commission. The resignations of Mr. Patterson and Mr. Little were brought about by the desire to have business dealings with the city, Mr. Patterson in the way already stated and Mr. Little in the way of insurance.

Mr. Magner says that his resignation will be tendered because he has not the time to give to the office and not because his firm might wish to do business with the city.

Mayor Hugo said this morning that he might have two of the appointments ready for the council next Monday night and possibly the third if Mr. Magner's resignation were tendered in time. The free labor bureau commission meets this evening at the city hall to confer with the finance committee of the council regarding an appropriation, and possibly Mr. Magner's resignation will be made then.

Pass Sunday pleasantly, Oatka.

TRANSFERS OF REALTY.

Mrs. Davis Deeds Some to a Company.

Two transfers of Duluth real estate for considerations aggregating $117,000, were filed yesterday afternoon in the office of the register of deeds, Mrs. Ida P. Davis, of New York, transferring some of her holdings to the Davis Real Estate company. One deed covered lot 3, West Superior street, Duluth proper, First division, lots 15 and 16, block 10, Central division, the west half of lot 94, block 2, Duluth proper, Third division, and the sw¼ of the ne¼ of section 14, 50-15. The consideration for this transfer was $80,000. The other deed, for a consideration of $37,000, transferred lots 49, 51 and 53, block 85, Duluth proper, Third division, lots 14 and 16, West Seventh street, Duluth proper, First division, and lots 61 and 63, West First street, Duluth proper, First division.

Sunday, Oatka, two free concerts.

Nearing the End.

The forfeited tax sale continued for a short time this morning. County Auditor Halden was out of the city, so the sale was conducted by Deputy Auditor Marvin. As an auctioneer Mr. Marvin made a good understudy for Mr. Halden, but he was not any more successful in charming the bidders than his superior officer. Only half a dozen pieces were offered, after which the sale was adjourned until Monday, when it is expected that it will be cleaned up. The regular sale is over, and the only property being offered now is property that was bid in at the sale and the bidders repented of their bargain and did not finish the deal by leaving the money.

Claims There Is None.

H. H. Hawkins this morning applied to the district court for the release of Eugene Sullivan, who is held under the name of Davis in the county jail, where he has served seventy-two days of a sentence of ninety days from Hibbing on a charge of malicious destruction of personal property. The ground on which the application is based is that Sullivan is being wrongfully held without due process of law, there being no commitment for him whatever. This is lightly different from the usual ground for writs of habeas corpus in cases sent down from the ranges. Usually the grounds are defects in the commitments, but in this case there is no commitment at all, according to the petition.

To Sell a Lot.

C. E. Peaslee, receiver of the Manufacturers' bank, of West Duluth, has secured permission from the district court to sell lot 13, block 11, Duluth Heights, Fifth division, for $75 to C. P. Craig, who has offered that much for it. The lot was taken by the bank's estate under foreclosure for a debt of $200, but the receiver stated in his application for permission to make the sale that he believed the offer of $75 was a good one. Judge Dibbell signed the order permitting the sale to be made.

Dancing tonight at Oatka.

RECENT DEATHS.

Former Lieutenant Governor Nye of Indiana Dead.

Columbia, S. C., July 6.—Dr. J. William Stokes, congressman from the Third South Carolina district, died today at his home in Orangeburg, after a long illness.

La Porte, Ind., July 6.—Mortimer Nye, former lieutenant governor of Indiana, and a leading Democrat, died today. He was stricken with paralysis while delivering a Fourth of July speech.

Westchester, Pa., July 6.—F. C. Crandall, president of the Sedalia Trust company, Sedalia, Mo., died suddenly in a hotel here today. His death is supposed to have been from heart disease aggravated by heat.

PINGREE FUNERAL

Dead Governor Laid to Rest at Elmwood Cemetery.

Imposing Military and Civic Procession Followed the Remains.

Casket Was Borne to Grave on Flag Draped Caisson.

Detroit, July 6.—When the beautiful strains of "Jesus, Lover of My Soul," swelled through the Pingree homestead this afternoon, the beginning of the funeral services over Hazen S. Pingree, former governor of Michigan, the house was crowded to its utmost capacity with those who had known and loved the dead man. In life Mr. Pingree's house was never closed to the public. And it was so in death. All for whom room could be found were permitted entrance. The services were held in the east drawing room. A scriptural reading broke the hush, and was followed by the hymn, and then Rev. Reed Stuart, a Unitarian minister, and Nehemiah Boynton, a Congregationalist, spoke on the life and works of the dead statesman. After a prayer, the singing of "Lead, Kindly Light," ended the services.

Slowly and reverently the casket was borne from the house to a flag-draped caisson, drawn by four horses. Escorted by Governor Bliss and staff, the First regiment Michigan National Guard and the first battalion Michigan naval reserves, the cortege passed slowly down the broad avenue, past thousands of members of various civic organizations, who were drawn up at a salute on one side of the avenue. As the caisson rolled by each organization fell in behind it, marching to the solemn tones of the dirge played by the bands. The interment was at Elmwood cemetery, and the services there were in charge of the Scottish Rite Masons and the G. A. R.

Dancing tonight at Oatka.

QUIET PREVAILS.

No Further Disturbance at Telluride Mines.

Denver, Col., July 6.—Governor Orman today received a dispatch from his representatives at Telluride saying quiet prevails, and he is hopeful the strike at the Smuggler-Union mine will be ended at a conference, to be held this afternoon.

Dancing tonight at Oatka.

STEAMER ASHORE.

Old Dominion Grounds Near Greenwich, Conn.

New York, July 6.—The Joy Steamship company received news today that the steamer Old Dominion of that line was ashore in Long Island sound. A special to an afternoon paper says the steamer is ashore off Captain Island, about two miles from Greenwich, Conn., and that a wrecking tug has gone to her assistance. She left Providence last night with a number of passengers aboard.

FORCE OF CLERKS.

Go to Oklahoma to Arrange Opening.

Washington, July 6.—A force of thirty clerks from the general land office will leave tonight for Oklahoma to conduct the business pertaining to the opening of the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache land in that territory. The proclamation will be promulgated Monday and two land offices will be established. They will be located at Reno and Lawton.

VISITS SULTAN.

Constantinople, July 6.—The khedive of Egypt, Abbas Hilmi, arrived here today and proceeded to visit the sultan at the Yildiz palace.

LONDON RACES.

London, July 6.—Allyar (L. Reiff) won the Park Welter plate at the Alexandra park meeting today. Sibola (J. Reiff) second and Parramatta third. Richard Croker's Gladwin (L. Reiff) won the Oakley plate.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived—Victoria, Naples.

Hamburg—Arrived: Columbia, New York; Bulgaria, New York.

Liverpool—Arrived: Lucania, New York.

THOMSON & DUNLOP
31 West Michigan St.
Are you going to build? You will need—
Cement Sidewalk, Mantels,
Tiling, Shingle Stains,
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Telephone 657 { Duluth. Zenith.

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Real Estate, Financial Men and Merchants
ALL SAY
That Quickest and Best Results Are Obtained by Advertising in the
Evening Herald!

IS AGAIN PUT OFF

Fireworks Display Will Come Off Next Monday Evening.

The Weather Too Threatening to Attempt the Exhibition.

Horse Races Are Put Over Until Next Saturday.

The fireworks display will not take place this evening. This is the decision of the committee on fireworks, through F. W. Kugler, the chairman, and is an answer to hundreds of inquiries that have been made today from everybody supposed to have anything to do with the fireworks. The display will take place on Monday evening, if the weather permits. If that evening is not favorable, another time will be set, and the committee will keep making dates until a pleasant evening does occur. Mr. Kugler says that his telephone has been kept hot all day, and that one has very little idea of the large number of people that are interested in the fireworks.

It was planned to have the fireworks, postponed from tho night of the Fourth of July, this evening, at Thirteetnh avenue east and London road, but the weather indications this afternoon were such that the committee decided that it was folly to attempt the display. One shower would spoil the entire display, and the committee in charge will not take any chances.

The display will take place Monday evening, providing the weather is fit, at the point planned. The delay in giving the display is not a matter that is agreeable to the committee, as every day means an added cost because of the men that are here to superintend it, and who must remain in the city and make the display.

Chairman Kugler says that the people of the city will be well repaid for their disappointing wait when the display does take place, for it will be the finest ever attempted at the head of the lakes, in fact, in the Northwest. He says that the display will be similar to that made at the World's fair at Chicago, and the one that is being made at the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo.

In connection with the announcement of the postponement of the fireworks comes the announcement that the horse races to be held in the Driving park this afternoon, have also been postponed. The ground at the Driving park is simply soaked and has water standing o nthe surface. Horsemen say that even with three or four warm days, the ground would not be fit for racing. It is planned to have the races next Saturday if the ground dries out enough, and further announcements regarding the events will be made next week. The local horsemen are very much disappointed because of the conditions that have made racing impossible at the present time, for there was every promise of the best racing events ever attempted in Duluth. There are in the city at the present time several speedy horses that have been in training at St. Paul and purposely for the races on the Fourth of July, and it is doubtful if these horses can be held here till next Saturday. It is said that there are four horses in the bunch that have marks of 2:14 and better, and that the owners had them in training for the coming summer events. They thought it a good scheme to send their horses up here to carry away a little money on the side before starting out on the summer campaign. The story is that the reason so many fast horses came here is accountable to the fact that each horse owner had reached this conclusion without knowledge of the intentions of the others.

TO COMPETE.

Band Will Strive For the First Prize at Milwaukee.

The Third Regiment band is preparing for the trip to Milwaukee with the Duluth and Superior Elks. Director Flaaten expects to take thirty pieces, and is going after the prize for the best band. Daily rehearsals are being held, and the band will go down there in the finest state of perfection that it has ever known. Everyone who heard the band on the Fourth of July was proud of it. Duluth has always had a good band, but never better than now.

The band will also take with it the drum major, Michael McGuffin, who was seen here in the parade on the Fourth. His fine military figure and thorough knowledge of the tactics made him a striking figure, and the manner in which he has been coaching the men in the band was apparent in the fine marching appearance of the men. Mr. McGuffin was a drum major in the regular army of the United States for about twenty years, and what he does not know about the drum major's art is not worth knowing. He has had a very interesting experience, too, having been with Admiral Farragut, at Mobile, in the civil war, and all through that conflict was in the navy. When the Spanish-American war broke out he was in the army and went to the front with the band in his regiment. H was in the trenches at the Santiago fight, and later went to Montauk Point. He has now retired from the army.

Oil Is Struck.

The Los Angeles, Cal., Times says: "Secretary Wheeler of the Ramona Oil company, came down from Piru, Ventura county yesterday with the good news that oil had been struck at a depth of 885 feet, the drill having dropped ten feet into oil sand. This was expected as gas and oil have been showing strongly for the past week."

There are a number of Duluth people interested in the company and this is good news to them.

THREATENS TO SPREAD.

Brazil, Ind., July 6.—The strike started by laborers on the Brazil electric system threatens now to spread to other branches of labor in this city. Imported tracklayers refused to go to work this morning when they found a strike was on.

Dancing tonight at Oatka.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St.

Kelley's hat hospital for sick hats.

If you smoke a "Tom Reed" you smoke the best cigar on the market.

The Big Duluth team will play at Aitkin tomorrow afternoon. Aitkin has a strong team and a good game is expected. The Big Duluths will line-up in the following order: Catcher, Girard; pitcher, Lovell; first base, Halden; second base, Hurd; short stop, Olson; third base, C. Irwin; left field, P. Irwin.

The weather man at last holds out a promise of a change from lowering skies. He forecasts that it will clear this afternoon and be fair tomorrow. All districts west of the Mississippi river were clear this morning, with same condition prevailing over the entire state of Minnesota with the exception of Duluth and vicinity.

The Orangemen of Duluth are making arrangements to hold their annual celebration and picnic at Lester Park, July 12. Rev. R. H. Craig, Rev. A. C. Manson and others will speak. During the day there will be music, dancing and athletic sports of all kinds.

A. T. Park, the secretary of the Fourth of July committee on street amusements, says that all of those who took prizes in the street contests held during the afternoon of the Fourth, must claim their prizes by Monday night at his office in the Manhattan building.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Joseph Burns, of Cook county, and Mary Palmer, Edward R. Risch and Hilda Sandbo, and to Fred Merrill and Inca Pauline Gruben.

The Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic will have two special sleepers attached which will be occupied by tourists from Duluth going to the National Educational association meeting at Detroit.

Summer Term

Will begin at the Business University on Monday, July 8.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. George MacDonald, of Negaunee, Mich., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. H. McMahon, of 25 East Fourth street.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hurkee, of Minneapolis, are registered at the St. Louis.

K. C. Niss came down from Ely this morning where he has just finished closing out the stock of the Ely Cash Grocery company. Mr. Niss leaves for his home at Hermann, Minn., tonight.

John Kerby, of Ely, leaves tonight on a business trip to Chicago. He will be absent about ten days.

M. M. Alman and Mrs. W. F. Alman, of Winipeg, are at the Spalding.

Mrs. T. R. Wright, of Port Huron, is registered at the Spalding hotel today.

John Dwan, of Two Harbors, is in the city today.

James Firth, of Ashland, is in Duluth on business today.

E. G. Nevins, of Winona, is in the city calling on friends.

Mrs. C. L. O. Lucken, of Chicago, is visiting in the city.

Mrs. John Miller, of East Superior street, has returned from Buffalo, accompanied by her sister, Miss Carolyn Tillotson, of Utica, N. Y.

I. Abrahamson leaves tomorrow night for a visit in Detroit.

A. B. Kent has gone to Detroit.

Miss Belle F. Calverly has gone to Detroit to attend the National Educational association sessions.

Miss Addie M. Boer left last night for Detroit, to attend the meeting of the National Educational association.

August Doenitz, register of the land office at Ashland, is in Duluth to spend Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Davies and family, of Grand Forks, were in the city last night en route to the Pan-American exposition. Mr. Davies is managing editor of the Grand Forks Herald.

Thomas B. Newhauser, of Ashland, is registered at the Spalding.

V. S. Hillyer, of Tower, is in the city, and will remain until tomorrow.

Charles Gradowsky leaves tonight for Chicago.

H. F. Ellard, of Ironwood, Mich., is in the city.

H. J. Wessinger, of Virginia, is a Duluth visitor today.

John Dwan, of Two Harbors, left today for Portland, Ore., where he will remain a month.

Miss H. Peterson left today for San Francisco. She will visit in metropolis of the coast and vicinity until September.

W. W. Broughton, of St. Paul, assistant general freight agent of the Northern Pacific, is in the city today on business.

G. A. Potter left this afternoon for his home in Necedale, Wis., where he will spend Sunday with his family. His daughter, Miss Georgia Potter, will return to Duluth with him Monday.

L. G. Secard, of Hibbing, is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Rogers, of Cloquet, spent the day in Duluth.

John Korby, a merchant of Ely, is in Duluth today.

S. W. Campbell, of Ashland, Wis., agent at the La Pointe Indian reservation, is in Duluth today.

Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Trezona and children, of Eveleth, are in the city.

N. A. Beatty, of Tower, is a Duluth visitor this afternoon.

C. B. Edwards, of Ashland, is registered at the St. Louis.

G. C. Steele is in the East on his semi-annual buying trip.

F. I. Whitney, general passenger and ticket agent of the Great Northern, arrived in the city from Sault Ste. Marie last night, and left at once for his home in St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Davis, accompanied by their son, David, and daughter, Millies, leave tonight for Mr. Davis' old home in Southern New Hampshire, where they will remain until September. This is Mr. Davis' first real vacation in twenty-five years and he is looking forward with pleasurable anticipation to a sojourn among tre familiar scenes in the old Granite state.

Peter B. McTague spent the Fourth with friends at Brainerd.

G. A. French is home from Grand Rapids, Mich. He had been absent from Duluth about two weeks and was in the East during the hot wave, and finds it a relief to experience Duluth weather again, even if it does rain rather often.

C. E. Bassett left Grand Rapids for New York, from whence he will sail for Europe.

W. E. Barnum, of Milaca, is in Duluth today on business.

L. W. Ray, of Port Arthur, is registered at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. S. I. Lavigne, and child, leave tonight for Detroit and other Eastern points. They will be absent at least one month.

John E. Caine left this afternoon for St. Paul, where he will remain over Sunday.

Dr. S. B. Clark and Mrs. Clark, of Buffalo, N. D., are in the city this afternoon. They are en route home from the Pan-American.

Mrs. Max Fischbein and daughter leave tomorrow night for Buffalo.

F. H. Peterson, superintendent of schools at Moorhead, is in the city. He leaves tomorrow night for the Pan-American exposition.

Mrs. Maul Sanders, of Helena, Mont., was in Duluth this morning. She left during the day for Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Jones, of St. Paul, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Campbell at Camp Bell on Park Point. Mr. Jones is traveling auditor of the Soo line.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Williams, of Minneapolis, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Campbell, Munger terrace.

Mrs. C. W. Miller came down from Virginia yesterday to meet her mother, Mrs. W. C. Corey, who arrived from her home in Faribault last evening. After a visit at Virginia, Mrs. Corey will return home accompanied by her granddaughter, Miss Mates, who is now visiting in Michigan.

Dr. Wunder, of Two Harbors, left this morning on a pleasure trop to the Pacific coast. He will be gone about a month.

Dancing tonight at Oatka.

HAVE HOPES.

Malta, Mont., July 6.—Deputy Sheriff Cunningham of Wagner, a member of one of the posses who are in pursuit of the Great Northern train robbers, has returned to Malta. He reports that the posse has been cut to fifteen men. They came in touch with the bandits on Thursday night and hope to surround them.

Ladies' orchestra, Sunday evening, Oatka.

HUGHES LEADING

Palmyra, Wis., Man Still at Front In the Shoot.

Hirschy of Minneapolis Pressing Him Very Closely.

Dr. Day of Duluth Fourth In Rank at Noon.

The Central Gun club shoot is progressing finely and there was today nothing in the way of rain to mar the sport. Hughes, of Palmyra, Wis., is still in the lead, with 218, having missed only three birds this morning, while Hirschy, of Minneapolis, who had 143 at the close of yesterday's events now has 217 at the end of the fifth event today. He missed only one during the morning. Morrison, of St. Paul, the man who hit 300 birds in succession in Thursday's practice, had third place today, having missed but two during the first five events. Dr. Day, of Duluth, is fourth on the list with 211. Robbins, Seymour and Trent are fifth with 210 birds apiece. The shoot will continue until this evening when each man will have had a chance at 300 birds. The scores this afternoon at 1 o'clock were from a possible 225 birds, ending the fifteenth event.

Five of the gunners went out to the shooting grounds in a hack this morning with their guns strapped on behind. When they got to the grounds there were only four guns. The one lost is very valuable. The scores that follow are the totals for yesterday and the totals for the first fifteen events:

	First day.	Fifteen events.
Hughes	146	218
Hirschy	143	217
Morrison	142	215
Dr. Day	142	211
Robbins	141	210
Seymour	140	210
Trent	139	210
Marsch	140	209
Storey	139	209
Graham	139	209
Allan	139	207
Cox	135	205
Lawrence	136	204
Wilkinson	135	202
Sprague	134	200
Nelson	131	198
French	128	197
Ramaley	135	195
Brownell	132	195
Fulton	127	185
Thompson	130	194
Highhouse	130	191
Bird	134	192
Smith	131	192
Sellon	122	190
Thomas	126	187
Adams	121	187
Berry	128	187
New	122	182
Novoteney	117	179
Richert	111	172
Pastoret	111	xxx

Third regiment band, Sunday afternoon, Oatka.

O-AT-KA
Sunday, July 7th,
Two grand free concerts. Flaaten's Third Regiment Band, 3:30 to 5:00 P. M. Perboner's Famous Ladies' Orchestra, 8:00 to 9:30 P. M. 10 minute car service.
Free! Free! Free!

AN ARREST.

First Under a New Law Passed Last Winter.

Louis McElroy, a laborer, residing in this city, was arrested by Capt. Resche this morning and taken to police headquarters, where a complaint was lodged against him of having obtained transportation and other benefits under false pretenses. He was arraigned in municipal court, pleaded not guilty and had his examination set for July 10. Bail was fixed at $25, in default of which the defendant was committed.

The arrest is the first that has been made in this city under the new law passed by the last legislature, and intended for the relief of those employers that advance transportation charges, pay the board of employes to get them out to a piece of work and then have the employes jump their job. The act, in substance, makes it a misdemeanor "for an employe to obtain railway or other transportation, or the benefit of other advancements made by employers, to be thereafter repaid in labor, to refuse to perform such labor or repay such advancements, and providing for the punishment thereof."

On conviction of this charge the penalty is a fine not exceeding $25 and imprisonment not exceeding sixty days. The refusal to work after being sent out to a job, with fare prepaid, is accepted as prima facie evidence of intent to defraud.

The complaining witness in the case against McElroy is George D. Bartlett, who hired the defendant to go out to Winston, Minn., to cook in a lumber camp. It is charged that the complainant paid the fare and boarded McElroy for some time, but that he never put in an appearance at the work which he contracted to do.

Complaints of this nature are being made by the wholesale by other employers of labor at the head of the lake, and it is said that cases similar to the McElroy case will be brought up in the near future, as soon as the evidence is collected and the men in custody. It is said that the practice of jumping a job after being sent out to a contract, with fare paid, has been in vogue for a long time, and that some of the employers are out a considerable amount of money every year.

WARM SPELL BROKEN.

St. Louis, July 6.—Dr. Hyatt, the local weather observes reports the warm spell in this city broken. Today has been the coolest for several weeks, the thermometer at 3 p. m. registering 90.

POPE SENDS LETTER.

Rome, July 6.—The pope has sent a letter to the superiors and generals of the religious orders and institutions, condemning the French exceptional legislation against the congregations.

PROF. SCHMIDT DEAD.

Berlin, July 6.—Professor Johanns Schmidt, the famous Indo-German scholar of Berlin university, is dead.

DOING WELL

American Athletes Winning In England.

Duffy Takes the One Hundred Yard Dash.

Huddersfield, Eng., July 6.—A great crowd witnessed the amateur championship games here this afternoon. The first event, putting the weight, fell to W. C. Coe, university of Pennsylvania, with a put of forty-five feet five and a half inches. Jewett, Heckmondwike, England, was second.

In the preliminary heats of the 100-yards dash, A. F. Duffy, Georgetown university, won his heat. Time, 10 1-5 seconds. In another heat of this event, W. B. Tewksbury, university of Pennsylvania, finished third. Time, 10 seconds. The final heat was won by Duffy, by three yards. Time, 10 seconds.

In the 120 yards hurdle race, A. C. Kraenzlein, Chicago Athletic club, won; Trafford, Birmingham, second. Time, 15 3-5 seconds.

Coe had things all his own way. After winning his heat easily, Duffy started as favorite in the final 100 yards, came away from the start and won as he liked.

The hurdles proved another safe thing. Kraenzlein led all the way and won by four and a half yards, in time equalling his own record. Baxter, of Pennsylvania, started, but was outpaced and stopped at the sixth hurdle.

In the long jump, Kraenzlein, who had injured himself while competing in the hurdles, did not take part, and O'Connor, of Waterford, had a walkover. He accomplished 23 feet 8½ inches, which is the record for these championships.

In the preliminaries of the mile-run, Maxwell W. Long, of the New York Athletic club, won the first heat in 57 2-5 seconds.

In the final heat of the quarter run, Wadsley, of the Unity Athletic club, beat Long by two yards. Time, 49 4-5 seconds.

The high jump was won by Irving K. Baxter, of the university of Pennsylvania, with a a jump of 6 feet 1 inch. O'Connor, second, scoring, 5 feet, 9 inches.

In the pole jump Irving Baxter, of the university of Pennsylvania, and Hodgson tide at 9 feet 10 inches.

TO DULUTH.

Twin City Commission Men to Be Here Tonight.

Tonight there will be an excursion of commission men of St. Paul and Minneapolis to Duluth, where they will be entertained by the commission men of this city.

A short time ago the commission men of Duluth joined the Twin City Commission Men's Protective association, an organization which is designed to hold the commission men of the two cities to uniform methods of doing business. This evening a regular business meeting of the association will be held in Duluth.

Preceding the meeting there will be a banquet at the Spalding. Tomorrow the visitors will be taken for a boulevard drive, and in the afternoon will be taken out for an excursion on the lake on the steamer Bon Ami. They will return to their homes at 11:15 at night.

About forty are expected to come.

Death Reports Filed.

The following death certificates were filed with the board of health today: David Peterson, 17 years of age, son of Mrs. Annie J. Peterson, or 1425 West Superior street, died at St. Mary's hospital, July 3, from injuries received on the railway tracks; Mary Rosenquist, the 7-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Olaf Rosenquist, of 21 East Second street, died of diphtheria on July 4; Arcy Pinney, the 6-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Pinney, of 2018 West Eighth street, died July 6, of diphtheria; Mary Evelyn Haley, the 8-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John J. Haley, of 1513 1-3 East Third street, died of scarlet fever, July 4; Mat Pulvisella, aged 35 years, died of pneumonia at St. Mary's hospital, July 5; George M. Anton, aged 29 years, died at the Red Cross hospital, June 29, of typhoid fever.

NOT IN IT.

Independence Makes a Poor Showing In First Trial Race.

Bateman's Point, R. I., July 6.—The yachts Constitution, Columbia and Independence started in a 30-mile race today. The wind was about eight knots. The Constitution crossed the starting line at 12:10:02, the Columbia at 12:10:05 and the Independence at 12:10:15. The last named is handicapped fifteen seconds. At first the Herreshoff boat left the Boston craft nearly a quarter of a mile. The Columbia passed the Constitution and then the Independence pulled up on the two others until she seemed on nearly even terms. The Constitution regained the lead.

Then the Independence tacked and crossed the wake of the others, going out to sea wind hunting. Later, at 1:09, the Independence tacked to the starboard and stood after the Herreshoff boats. At that time she was over two and a half miles astern of the Constitution, which led the Columbia by half a mile. The weather was very thick, and there was difficulty in making out the position of the yachts.

On board the yacht Wanda, via Bateman's Point, July 6.—At the end of an hour and fifteen minutes' of sailing the Constitution is leading the Columbia by about three minutes, and both boats are fully a mile and a half ahead of the Independence. The wind is still very light and a little south of east. All three boats are on the port tack, with the Independence far to leeward.

3:02 p. m.—The wind has fallen to about three or four knots an hour, and it is possible that the race will not be finished within the time limit.

ELECTRICAL STORM

Kills Jockey and Does Damage in Canada.

Fort Erie, Ont., July 6.—This place was visited last night by the most severe electrical storm ever known in Canada. At the race track the row of stables known as "Irish row" was struck and a colored jockey, William Scott, of Louisville, Ky., was killed. William Benner, a farmer, whose stable is just outside the track, was killed and his son rendered unconscious. Mrs. Wolver, who lives on the Rideout road, met death in the same manner. The others injured are William Nash, of Chicago, and William McCormick, of Toronto. Several valuable horses were injured.

EXCURSIONS.

Business Men's Committee Will Go After Them Now.

Now that the Fourth of July celebration, or most of it, is out of the way, the work of the committees that have been preparing to push the business men's excursions to Duluth will be taken up again with renewed vigor.

J. M. Gidding, chairman of the excursion arrangements committee of the general business men's committee has been waiting for is the conclusion of the celebration.

"Now that it is out of the way we shall proceed vigorously, and dates for more excursions will be arranged very shortly. We have letters from several railroads that are very encouraging, and we expect hearty co-operations both from the rail and lake transportation lines."

The suggestion has been made that the fireworks, now that they have been postponed, might be further postponed until the first excursion comes in, and give the visitors a chance to see them. This suggestion met with considerable favor in many quarters, but it is not likely that it will be adopted.

Two free concerts, Oatka, Sunday.

FIVE YEARS.

Jessie Morrison Sentenced to Close Confinement at Hard Labor.

Eldorado, Kan., July 6.—Jessie Morrison, convicted of manslaughter in the second degree for the murder of Mrs. Clara Wiley Castle on June 22, 1900, was today sentenced to five years in the penitentiary in close confinement at hard labor. Miss Morrison took the sentence calmly and returned to her cell with steady steps. She will be taken to Lansing at once.

Judge Aikman overruled successively motions for a new trial, for postponement of sentence and for arrest of judgment. Court adjourned to September, when Miss Morrison's attorneys will file a bill of exceptions and take an appeal to the state supreme court.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

A Plan to Handle Chicago Freight By Lighters.

Chicago, July 6.—A departure in intramural freight handling, of interest to shippers, is about to be made here. The plan calls for the construction of a big warehouse and dock, land for which has been purchased at State and Water streets, and a system of lighters to run on the river. As the majority of the railroads centering here have dockage facilities and the river is lined with factories, much of the freight transfer business now handled by express companies is expected to be obtained. It is expected the cost of transferring freight from one railroad to another and from the railroads to the lake steamers, or vice versa, will be much reduced.

PROFESSOR LE CONTE DEAD.

San Francisco, July 6.—Professor Le Conte, of the University of California, died today in the Yosemite valley, where he had gone for a brief outing. Professor Le Conte had a national reputation as an instructor in philosophy, history and sciences.

TOURING MADE EASY.

Traveling by coach has indeed been facilitated, now that it is possible for an American going to Europe to order six months in advance the coach with which he wishes to travel between two different points in his journey, says the New York Sun. The organization of an international coaching company has recently made that possible. It is indeed possible to arrange an entire trip by coach in advance and follow it out with as much certainty as if it were to be taken on a government railroad. The ultimate end of this new enterprise is the establishment of a series of coaches which will carry American tourists from one end of Europe to another, and the preparation of all the details in advance, even to ordering the luncheon for a particular day of the trip and selecting the kind of sandwiches for an excursion.

A real estate investment is usually a safe investment. Our own city of Duluth, with its numberless resources, is a good place to cast your anchor. Consult the "real estate" columns of The Herald every day and see if you can't make a deal.

CLARK'S ADDRESS

President of Christian Endeavor Reviews Work of Past Year.

An Abstract of the Report of General Secretary Baer.

A Most Wonderful Gain Shown In All Departments.

Cincinnati, July 6.—At today's session of the international convention of the Society of Christian Endeavor President Clark made his annual address.

In opening his address President Clark reviewed the work of the Sunday school, begun in the last part of the eighteenth century, and the work of popularizing Bible study, and the printing of a cheap Bible in the nineteenth century. He declared that the nineteenth century saw peculiar perils assailing the young man and that the Y. M. C. A. was started to set young men at work for young men in a new evangelism. Then he took up the organization of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor, in the last twenty years of the nineteenth century. "The hour," he continued, "for the development of new methods and lines of work had come, and today, with the new century only six months old, we can see why the twentieth century peculiarly needs such an agency as the Y. P. S. C. E. In the first place the twentieth century church needs to cultivate a strenuous, earnest type of religion. The batteries which the twentieth century are already turning on the church of God are the masked batteries of indifference and world lines—not persecution and open hostility, and an army that can spike these guns of indifference and worldliness is the most imperative need of the church today. God saw this need and called on ramy of young people into existence, 3,500,000 strong."

President Clark declared that the days of the rampant infidel and atheist are past. "Robert Ingersoll today is little but a memory of eloquent bathos and pathos. But something more insidious, more subtle, more harmful a thousand times than persecution or blatant infidelity is the foe of the church of the twentieth century," he continued.

"This infidelity is a scepticism of life rather than of talk. It is the indifference that is born of luxury and fashion. Worldliness is an almost certain adjunct of prosperity and wealth. Indifference to divine things is almost sure to accompany unprecedented development in material things. Enormous expansion on the earth does not favor an expansion toward the heavens. 'Sure, we must fight if we would win,' is as true today as ever, but the foes that we must fight are those that weaken our hold on divine realities and substitute earthly prosperity for divine grace."

The speaker reviewed the Christian Endeavor pledge which he declared has put iron in the blood of millions of young Christians and been a tonic for the half hearted. The prayer meeting he declared to be the anti-toxine for the devastating influence of worldliness. The twentieth century church, he said, needs more thorough going and effective organization in church life. This century will be one of mighty combinations and tremendous aggregations of material forces.

"But one trust," he continued, "I venture to say, is needed, and that is a church trust. There should be a religious clearing house. Fifty new sects sprang up in the United States alone within 100 years. I am not decrying a wise denominationalism, an idea for which Christian endeavor always stands, and which is as wide apart as the poles from a decisive and glorious sectarianism. But there should be a religious clearing house. There should be a combination of the Christian forces of the land to work in harmony for the advancement of the kingdom through their own churches and denominations.

"The society does not aspire to be such a trust for the church at large, but it does aspire to promote among the young the spirit of harmony and brotherly love and united service for the kingdom of our Lord and for their native land."

In conclusion, President Clark declared that "not only are the great industrial forces of the land uniting, but the devil is marshalling his forces at the beginning of the twentieth century as never before. Who will stem this tide? Who will oppose the united front of evil? Surely an organization which has found its way into forty denominations and into every country beneath the sun, and organization which has united 3,500,000 young people of every kindred and tribe and people and tongue and color and creed, has some reason to think it was called into being by God for this very purpose. The church of the twentieth century needs more strenuous religious obligations; the testimony and petition of the prayer meeting; more complete and perfect organization; larger brotherhood and more substantial unity.

"These very things are the things which God seems to have established the church society to promote. Then we work with God we cannot fail."

SECRETARY BAER.

Following is an abstract of General Secretary John Willis Baer's annual report made to the convention:

In 1891, the close of the first decade of Christian Endeavor, there were 16,274 societies. 1901, at the close of Christian Endeavor's second decade, we must employ the same numerals, though differently arranged, to tell our strength, for the 16,274 societies have become 61,724. The nearly 1,000,000 members have become nearly 4,000,000, this growth is marvelous, and nothing comparable to it can be found in history.

The net increase in numbers of new societies since we met in the great London convention last July is near 2000, with a total membership of almost 100,000 members. In other words, the net increase during the past seven years of our splendid history. There have been more than 2000 new societies added to the lists, but the net gain has not been quite that, because we have had to drop from our fellowship societies that have disbanded for various reasons, or that have become exclusively denominational societies. I am glad to say that the number of societies that we have taken from our enrollment is less the last year than it was the year before. The last year has been noteworthy along this line for two reasons. First, a number of Christian Endeavor societies that left our ranks during the last decade (and in that time there were many that did this), have returned; some with longer names, but just as pleasing to us, such as Baptist Union of Christian Endeavor, or Episcopal Epworth League of Christian Endeavor. Some have been reorganized on a better and surer basis, understanding our principles, as they did not in the earlier attempt, striving now for quality rather than quantity. Second, a few societies during the last year have given up our fellowship at the request of pastor or church, and in instances we have found upon investigation that the step had been taken reluctantly and because of misunderstandings and misapprehensions. Therefore, let it be known everywhere that Christian Endeavor does not insist upon uniformity of constitution or method.

One of the most gratifying facts to report is steady growth in "foreign" and misionary lands. Secretary Chaplin of the Irish section reported an increase of 500 societies, particular mention being made of the number of Episcopal church endeavor societies that have been organized the past year in the Church of England. This, and other splendid achievements by our English brothers show conclusively that the great London convention was blessed of God.

Indeed, nothing shows the adaptability of Christian Endeavor to every climate and country more than the fact that there are national Christian Endeavor unions in the United States, Canada, England, Scotland, Ireland, Wales, Australia, France, Spain, Germany, South Africa, India, China, Mexico, and Japan, and that Christian Endeavor leaflets and constitutions may now be found in Chinese, Japanese, Malagasy, Persian, Arabic, Turkish, Greek, Spanish, Swedish, Dutch, Norwegian, Welsh, Australian, Hungarian, Coptic, Mexican, Portuguese, Indian, the many dialects of India and Africa.

Unusual as it is to report any backward step in Christian Endeavor, still it is necessary to do so in South Africa, where the continued hostilities between Briton and Boer have made it seem wise for Secretary George I. W. Kilbon, of the South African Christian Endeavor union, to suspend his work for a time, expecting, however, that, when peace is declared, the work will be taken up with renewed energy and in true Christian endeavor manner.

We must pause to tell of the cruel blows dealt to our very promising work in China. Hundreds of Chinese Christian Endeavorers forfeited their lives in the past year at the hands of the Boxers, rather than recant. Societies were crushed out in many instances, but I am glad to say that in the last three months particularly there is a most hopeful outlook for Christian Endeavor in China, and the blood of the martyrs is to be the seed of a work that we never expected in the early days. China is now calling for a secretary that her work may more speedily be accomplished under God's guidance.

Very naturally the increase in junior and intermediate societies continues to be interesting. There are now over 16,000 junior societies and 1285 intermediate societies, the first with 483,000 members, and the second with 38,500.

If Christian Endeavor has done nothing else, it is worth these twenty years of effort for the cheer it has carried into such places and into prisons and jails in this country. There is no page of Christian Endeavor history more inspiring than that which tells of the progress made among our brothers in bonds, in the twenty-five and more prison Christian Endeavor societies scattered throughout the great prisons of the United States.

The business meeting of the United Society of Christian Endeavor (the corporation) was opened by President Francis Clark and special devotional prayers for the late Rev. Dr. Maltbie Babcock, who died recently in Italy, and for Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman, who is seriously ill in Indiana, were led by the Rev. Floyd W. Tompkins, of Philadelphia, and Rev. W. H. McMillan, of Pittsburg. A resolution of condolence was ordered sent to the relatives of the late Dr. Babcock, and a message of good will and sympathy was telegraphed Dr. Chapman. The report of Treasurer William Shaw was then submitted. The total receipts for the year ending June 1, were $11,020; expenses, $10,864; balance, $156. The following were then elected as general trustees:

Bishop B. W. Arnett, Wilberforce, Ohio; Rev. W. H. Darby, Evansville, Ind.; Bishop Samuel Fallows, Chicago; Rev. Rufus W. Miller, Reading, Pa.; Rev. W. H. McMillan, Allegheny, Pa.; Rev. P. S. Henson, Chicago; Bishop A. Walters, Jersey City; Rev. J. H. Garrison, St. Louis; Professor James L. Howe, Lexington, Va.; Rev. H. F. Shupe, Dayton, Ohio; Rev. J. M. Lowden, Providence; Rev. Canon J. B. Richardson, London, Ont.; Rev. Cleveland B. McAffe, Chicago, and Hon. S. B. Capen, Boston.

Treasurer Shaw tendered his resignation as trustee and Hon. S. B. Capen, of Boston, was selected to succeed him. Rev. Cleland B. McAffe was elected to succeed the late Dr. Babcock. The following officers were then re-elected: Francis E. Clark, Boston, president; William Shaw, Boston, treasurer; John W. Baer, Boston, general secretary, and F. H. Kidder, Boston, auditor. A new position of field secretary was created and Rev. Clarence E. Eberman, of Lancaster, Pa., was elected.

A CRAZY MOOSE.

A moose that is both blind and deaf is one of the attractions at the Shesuncook club house of Chesuncook lake, Maine, and A. McLain, the keeper, expects many visitors to view the animal during the summer. He was captured by Mr. McLain on Memorial day, and since that time has spent his days and nights in a little clearing in the vicinity of the building, says the Boston Herald.

Two of the fishing parties at Chesuncook reported to Mr. McLain the existence of what they termed a crazy moose. They gave him a vivid account of how they had seen the animal run headlong into trees and stumps and whatever happened to be in his patch. Mr. McLain listened and smiled, but was inclined to be skeptical.

"On Thursday, May 30, however," says Mr. McLain, "the drivers were picking up logs above my house, when they came down and told me that they had driven a moose into the lake. This was about 8 o'clock in the morning, and I thought nothing more of the incident until the afternoon, when I saw from the house something swimming in the lake, perhaps a mile from shore. With the aid of glases I saw that it was a moose, and thought at first that it was a cow which had been driven away from her calves.

"Jumping into my canoe, I started out to drive her back. I paddled to within fifty feet of the animal, and then discovered that it was a good-sized bull. The moose was swimming in a circle, and, although I made all the noise I possibly could, he paid absolutely no attention to me. He was nearly exhausted and in great danger of drowning. There was a heavy sea running, and I tried to head him for the shore. I paddled up beside him, but he got his nose over the side of my canoe and came near upsetting me a mile from land.

"After that I left him and hurried to the lumber camp, of Burr brothers, who were there with their crew of drivers, to get help. We returned in a batteau, got a rope around the animal's neck, and towed him ashore. When he came out of the water he could hardly stand. He is totally blind, and his eyes appear to have dried up. I can speak in an ordinary tone two feet from the animal, and he will not lift his head. The first time I put my hand on him he flinched a bit, but soon continued feeding. He has stayed in the field about the club house ever since, and can be seen there any time."

POWER OF A SONG.

Foster's "Old Folks at Home" is the most popular song in existence. It has been translated into all the languages of Europe and also into some of Asia and the isles of the sea, says the Literary Era. The lines are poetic only in the sense of suggestion; they are so simple and artless that it would seem that any school child could pen them and improve upon them, but they express the sentiment of every homesick man or woman that ever lived. Compared with "The Old Folks at Home," Kipling's "Mandalay," which has been said by some high authorities to be the acme of homesick expression, is a disgusting emulsion of beer and sensuality. There is an oft-told story of a regiment of troops, with pay overdue four months, that was overtaken by the paymaster just as it reached a camp near a great city in which everything was 'wide-open." Many of the men, with their pockets full of money, "broke guard," and returned to camp in a condition prejudicial to good order and military discipline. The guard themselves became untrustworthy, good men though they had been on the march and in battle; the sober members of the regiment strove unsuccessfully to restrain the uncontrollable, and the colonel gravitated between slaughter and suicide, when suddenly the leader of the band asked permission to try his hand on the disturbing element. Grouping his musicians in the center of the camp, he started "The Old Folks at Home," and played unceasingly for half an hour, when the officer of the guard reported that the camp was entirely quiet, even the most uproarious drunkards having wept themselves to sleep.

If you have a good business, advertise and keep it. If you have not, advertise in The Herald and get it.

Reliable Men and Women
For Domestic Service, Cooks, Housemaids, Etc., easily found through...
HERALD WANTS.

CRIPPLE CURED

BY HEALER MITCHELL.

Case of Mrs. Huss, West End Woman, Cured of Tumor After Twelve Years.

The man of mysterious power, Dr. Mitchell, performed a marvelous cure on the person of John Farmer, who had been suffering for two years with paralysis and rheumatism, and had been unable to walk without the aid of crutches, and even then he could scarcely get along. Fifteen minutes after Dr. Mitchell took charge of him Mr. Farmer walked out of the office, down the stairs and up Superior street unaided. He surprised his son by walking to the wagon three blocks away. Mr. Farmer was seen by a reporter last week, and he has not suffered the slightest tinge of pain since Tuesday and walks about as briskly as anyone. He said, "I never felt better in my life. I never expected to be able to walk again." And there is the case of Mrs. Huss, of 1922 West Michigan street, Duluth, who, when interviewed by a reporter, said she was rapidly approaching death from heart and stomach trouble, and general run down of the whole system, caused by a tumor of the womb. After two months' treatment by Dr. Mitchell she feels better than she has for twelve years. Any one doubting this statement is at liberty to call upon Mrs. Huss at address given above.

Dr. Mitchell's office is at 17 East Superior street.

VISIT OVER.

The Canadian Ministers Will Sail For Home Soon.

New York, July 6.—The Canadian ministers who are in England probably will sail for home about Aug. 1, says the Tribune's London correspondent. They do not look for a practical solution of the question of an imperial court of appeal at once, but consider that a conference is helpful in creating an atmosphere for imperial federation. They assert that Canada is satisfied with the existing arrangements, and not in haste to modify them, hence that any proposals for creating an imperial court of appeal will need to be acted upon with deliberation. The ministers make up a strong delegation, and their presence in London has strengthened the good relations between Canada and the mother country.

FORGERY

Is Charged Against Julian Field, an Author.

London, July 6.—At the Mansion house police court today Julian Field, an author, was committed for trial upon the charge of forging an agreement whereby it was made to appear that William Waldorf Astor had promised to pay him £1400 for stories to be published in Mr. Astor's magazine. Field denies that he was guilty of the alleged forgery and averred that he had a complete answer to the charges.

BOTH DEAD.

Bodies of Rancher and His Wife Are Found.

Riverside, Cal., July 6.—At a ranch five miles from Elsinore, Peter Tidman and his wife have been found dead. Apparently Tidman had cut his wife's throat and crushed her skull. The body had been dragged to a ditch and the ranch house set on fire. Tidman, it appears, then tried twice to cut his throat. Falling, he had laid on the ground, put his face in a shallow water trough and strangled.

WORKS WELL.

French Pleased Over Success of Submarine Boat.

New York, July 6.—The London correspondent of the Tribune cables that the French press is greatly elated at the reported complete success of the submarine boat, which at recent maneuvers in Ajaccio harbor torpedoed the ironclad Jaureguibery and escaped all pursuit. This show, the Matin holds, that French submarines are perfect and other Paris newspapers concur.

Low Rates.

Portland, Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria and return only $45.00 via Great Northern Railway. Tickets on sale July 6th to 13th inclusive and good returning until August 31st. The Great Northern Ry., the short, fast line to Pacific Coast points. See Great Northern ticket agents for details of these cheap trips. City office, corner Spalding hotel.

WINCHELL CORRECTS

Never Said There Was No Ore on the Mesaba Range.

Claims That the Duluth Impression Is a False One.

In His Opinion H. W. Pearson Is a Scientific Anarchist.

For years it has been held up to the prospective, but possibly reluctant, investor in any scheme around Duluth that Professor N. H. Winchell, the eminent geologist of the State university had once declared that iron ore in paying quantities did not exist on the Mesaba range in Minnesota. There is probably scarcely a resident of Duluth who has not heard that statement made. Now comes Professor Winchell and denies that he ever made the statement; says he knows that it is currently believed at Duluth that he did, but that he never did and that the impression is wrong and without justification.

Professor Winchell did all this while on the stand and after he left it yesterday at St. Paul in the case of Herbert W. Pearson, of Duluth, against the Great Northern railroad. The Dispatch reported the incident and the other proceedings of yesterday as follows:

"One of the interesting passages in the case of Pearson against the Great Northern railway occurred this morning while Professor Winchell was being cross-questioned. Mr. O'Brien, for the plaintiff, asked Professor Winchell if in the early examination in the northern part of the state he had not expressed the opinion that no iron existed in marketable quantity in Minnesota. Professor Winchell said he had not.

"Did you not in one of your reports deny the existence of iron on the Mesaba range?"

" 'I did not.'

" 'Did you not write a paper which was published, either at Duluth or at West Superior, turning down the Mesaba iron range?'

" 'I did not, but quite the reverse.'

" 'Did you not recall such paper and suppress its distribution?'

" 'There is no such publication in existence, and never was. I have withdrawn none.'

" 'Do you know Mr. Behrns, of West Superior?'

" 'No, sir.'

" 'Where is that paper?' (to other witnesses).

"Here a whispered consultation occurred among the counsel, when it seems to have been decided to drop the subject, and Mr. O'Brien excused Professor Winchell.

"Subsequently, in conversation with Professor Winchell, the Dispatch ascertained that the idea is current at Duluth that he denounced the Mesaba range before the discovery of iron.

"Professor Winchell said he was glad Mr. O'Brien brought the subject up, for it gave him opportunity to deny it under oath. He also stated that public records will show that his reports early, as well as late, always advocated the existence of ore on the Mesaba range, and that he had instigated the first exploration ever made on the range after the examination by Professor Chester. This was done at Mesaba station by Mr. Mallmann; and that at once a swarm of other explorers entered upon the western extension of that range, the result of which was the discovery of the Mountain Iron ore body by Capt. Nichols, and others soon after. Professor Winchell stated that he had mapped the entire range in 1890 before any iron was discovered, and showed the line of future development as nearly correct as possible at that time in connection with his bulletin No. 6, published in March, 1891.

"Louis Stockett was recalled to testify to the reliability and identity of certain reports.

"In further cross-examining the witness, Mr. O'Brien brought out the fact that Professor Winchell had been first asked by officials of the Great Northern road to take charge of investigations in Montana last winter, and that he had gone out there in March. He had spent seven weeks in pursuing his investigations and at his instance Professor Calvin, of Iowa, had been invited to assist him.

"When asked what he was being paid for his work Professor Winchell promptly answered, '$500 up to July 1; after that I do not know.'

"The witness acknowledged that his investigations had been largely, in fact chiefly, at some distance from the lands in dispute, though always within fifteen or twenty miles of Stockett and the adjacent mines.

"For a time the witness and lawyer were at odds as to the geologic and popular interpretation of a question.

"Professor Winchell refused to admit that the country in question had at any time in its history been covered by a large body of water. That section of the earth had been submerged by water, but it was not then a country and was merely the sea bed.

"It required several minutes of hard mental labor before this fact was thoroughly established.

"Professor Winchell admitted that since he had observed ancient beaches in Cascade county, Montana, these must have marked the place where land and sea at one time joined.

"After some hesitation on the part of the witness and a deal of objection on the part of Mr. Wellington, Professor Winchell finally admitted that 'if by some system of observation the location of these beaches or shores could be demonstrated the area of the coal district would be thereby circumscribed.

"In answer to a question as to his opinion of Mr. Pearson's scientific ability Professor Winchell said that he regarded Pearson as a scientific anarchist, and could not himself, as a scientific man, place any credence in his theories.

"Mr. O'Brien introduced a letter of introduction to the scientific members of the faculty of the university of Minnesota, given by Professor Winchell to Mr. Pearson. The letter included this statement: 'I have heard his theory as to coal, in part, and consider his ingenuous hypothesis worthy of examination.'

"Professor Winchell acknowledged writing the letter some years ago.

"In answer to a question put by Mr. Wellington the witness said that Mr. Pearson had claimed in conversation with him that coal could be found in Minnesota and Dakota.

"This statement was promptly followed by a question from Mr. O'Brien as to whether or not the witness had not himself, in his latest geological report, predicted that in Northern Minnesota coal would be found.

"The witness believed that such a prediction was embodied in his latest report, but it had been made by one of his assistants. He had, however, agreed with it.

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SUMMER TONIC
DELICIOUS
Vinol
GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY RETURNED.
S. F. BOYCE,
DRUGGIST.

KILLED BY TRAIN.

William Oakes Run Over on Northern Pacific.

William Oakes was killed by a Northern Pacific train some time after 12 o'clock Thursday night, about ten miles west of Superior, near the town of Walbridge.

The body was discovered by the section crew from Walbridge, Friday morning, and Coroner Dudley of Douglas county was notified. The body was brought to the coroner's morgue last night.

One of the unfortunate man's legs was severed and his head shockingly mutilated. Oakes was alone at the time of his death and it is impossible to ascertain how the accident occurred. He was employed as a section man and had been with the company about three months. He was about 35 years old and nothing is known of his relatives.

MISSIONARY UNION.

Annual Meeting of Women Next Tuesday.

Next Tuesday will take place the second annual meeting of the Women's Missionary union at Morley Congregational church, corner Nineteenth avenue east and First street. The meeting will be an all-day one. The morning session will begin at 10:30 prompt.

Miss Nason, a returned missionary from Turkey, will be present. Miss Holt, who is preparing to go to Turkey next month, will also be present. Miss Ostregren, recently returned from mission work among the Scandinavians, and Miss True, from work among the Freedmen of the South, will be present and there is a probability of seeing and hearing Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell from India. With these, together with the excellent talent from home promised, the program will be entertaining. It is as follows:

MORNING.

10:30—Devotional hour ....
Mrs. Myra Gray, leader.
Minutes of last meeting..................
"The Mormon Problem"..................
Mrs. Blackmar.
Introduction of Miss Holt..................
Secretary' annual report..................
12:30—Luncheon..................

AFTERNOON.

1:30—Praise meeting..................
Mrs. Holt, leader.
"The Freedman" ....
Miss True.
"Congregational Home Missionary Work" ....
Mrs. Alex Milne.
"Women In the Home Land"..................
Miss Ostregren.
Miss Nason, from Turkey..................
Election of officers..................

Oatka Beach Concert.

The following program will be rendered tomorrow afternoon at Oatka Beach by the Third regiment band:

"March of the Bersagilieri" ....Eilenberg
Overture—"Barber of Seville".... Rossini
Spanish serenade—"La Paloma"..Zradler
Melange on popular melodies—"A Sure Thing" .... Tobani
Patrol—"Coppers on Parade" .... Bell
Grand selection from "Faust".... Gounod
Shottische—"Dancing With My Baby" .... De Witt
Dance caprice—"Little Egwpt"....... .... Bergenholter
Two-step—"The Jolly Tramps" ... Ascher

Celebrated the Fourth.

The Young People's society of the Swedish Baptist church was to celebrate the Fourth of July at Thirty-second avenue east, where a program was to have been given, but the unfavorable weather caused an abandonment of the outdoor feature and it was held at the church on Nineteenth avenue west and First street in the afternoon. The feature was an address by the pastor, Rev. K. A. Lundin. He said that three persons are closely connected with the history of America's freedom, religious and political. Roger Williams, during the seventeenth century; George Washington during the eighteenth century, and Abraham Lincoln in the nineteenth century.

Game Postponed.

The game between the Duluth Grays and the Board of Trade people which was scheduled to come off at the driving park yesterday afternoon had to be postponed on account of a muddy track. Both teams were ready and anxious to play and the game will come off Monday afternoon—if the weather is good. The board of Trade people are after Cummings' scalp for their defeat two weeks ago, and will endeavor to show that he is not such a hard proposition after all.

A Special Meeting.

Mayor Parker has called a special meeting of the council of Superior for next Tuesday night. The council is to assemble for the purpose of discussing and considering the street railway franchise, in order that the aldermen may become more familiar with its provisions, and be better enabled to explain the proposition to their constituents, before the matter comes for final disposition.

Business University Happenings.

Harry Hanson has left the Duluth Business University to accept the position of bookkeeper for Conroy & Crotty, furniture dealers, city.

Ben Schweiger left the college to act as assistant bookkeeper for the Duluth Street railway.

Mrs. Sessions, of Minneapolis, Minn., gave an interesting exhibition of touch typewriting on the Smith Premier machines at the college this week.

Professor A. J. McLennan has arrived in the city and will assume duties at the Duluth Business University, Monday, July 8.

Lief Stenson left the college last week to accept the position of stenographer for Mr. C. H. Dow, broker, city.

Messrs. Evans and Scott and Miss Signie Ostenson each entered the college this week for a complete commercial and stenographic course.

$24.50 Pan-American, Buffalo

Until further notice the Northern Pacific railway will sell tickets, all rail, via Chicago, to Buffalo and return, for $24.50. Good returning ten days from date of sale. For full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

COMPLEX QUESTION

Trial of Earl Russell Is an Interesting One.

Validity of the Divorce Laws of Nevada an Issue.

Power of Foreign Tribunal to Divorce an Englishman.

New York, July 6.—The London correspondent of the Tribune writing of the Russell case, says: The case of Earl Russell, involving the trial of a peer by the house of lords after the suspension of functions of this kind for sixty years, may offer an object lesson in the form of a majority verdict which will tend to dignify the traditional rights and dignities of twelve ordinary men in the box. New precedents may be created by a fresh committee empowered to examine the journals of the house of lords.

The essential facts will be that a radical peer will be exposed to a majority verdict from a house representing the old Toryism of the privileged classes, and that any member answering the roll call of the lord high steward will be both an unsworn juryman respecting issues of fact and a judge regarding complex questions of divorce law in England and in America. The results of so remarkable an experiment in criminal procedure cannot be safely forecast. An abandonment, or at least a reconstruction of the antiquated procedure of trial by a privileged jury would seem more likely than the substitution of a majority for a unanimous verdict in ordinary criminal practice.

The Nevada judge who granted the divorce decree to Earl Russell has, indeed, been instrumental in raising a series of questions of exceptional interest. This is the first issue of the validity of the divorce under the laws of Nevada and the decisions of the United States supreme court. There is the fundamental question of the power of any foreign tribunal to release an Englishman from the obligations of marriage contracted in his own country, and to enable him to return to England with another wife. There is the issue of privilege, with the anamoyous procedure of trial by the house of lords when there is a charge of felony against a peer and this is the traditional inheritance of social conditions which have been transformed by the normal development of political institutions. The Nevada judge has opened a Pandoras box for the confusion of the privileged order and for the bewilderment of hair-splitting lawyers. The best consolation which the stern ministerialist can find is hope that the Russell case may lead to the enactment of uniform divorce laws in the states of the American Union and may open the way for a closer approach between England and America in legislation for the defense of the sanctity of marriage.

Summer Term

Will begin at the Business University on Monday, July 8.

THE DAKOTAS.

An Elevator Man Has Narrow Escape From Suffocation.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Sheldon—C. E. Murray, agent for the Monarch Elevator company, narrowly escaped death by suffocation in a flax bin. The flax had formed a crust on top, leaving an excavation about ten feet deep. As Murray stepped on the crust it gave way, precipitating him to the bottom. He finally succeeded in finding the ladder and climbing out.

Mrs. James McCready, of this place has been adjudged insane by the commissioners of insanity and ordered committed to the asylum. Religion is her hallucination.

Jamestown—District court adjourned July 4. A jury in the case of Joe Miller, charged with stabbing Adam Bruckner and dangerously wounding him, disagreed, and he will not be tried again.

Fargo—The schedule for the farmers' excursion to the North Dakota agricultural college this summer provides for the attendance from LaMoure and Griggs counties July 15-17; Ransom, Barnes and part of Cass, July 18-20; Ward, McHenry and Grand Forks, July 21; Nelson, Steele and Sargent, July 22; Pembina, part of Cass, Traill and Richland, July 23; Pierce, Benson, Towner, Ransom and part of Richland, July 24; Traill, Walsh, Nelson, July 25; part of Cass, July 26; Bottineau, Rolette, Cavalier and part of Grand Forks, July 29.

Dickinson—Haying will be a little late, but the present outlook is for the largest crop in many years. These prospects have a tendency to advance the price of stock cattle a little.

Lisbon—Summer school closed after a well-conducted session of three weeks, there being about seventy teachers enrolled. State Superintendent of Instruction Devine addressed the school.

Grand Forks—A deadly enemy to the grasshopper has appeared in many sections. An examination shows that small red insects, or parasites, are clinging to the dead hoppers, and those not dead are affected.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Vermillion—The state board of dental examiners has been in session in this city this week. Those present were Drs. Palmer, of Madison; Stutenroth, of Watertown; Blunt, of Yankton, and Collins, of Vermillion. This was the first meeting of the board under the new law, and was attended by seventeen applicants for licenses to practice. Thirteen of these were graduates from dental schools and were accepted upon personal demonstration. Four candidates were from dentists' offices and went through a written and oral examination, besides making the demonstration. The next meeting will be in June, 1902, at Watertown, where the organization had its birth eighteen years ago.

Big Stone—The residence of S. R. Gold was broken into in the absence of the family Tuesday evening. The house was rummaged pretty thoroughly, but nothing of value was taken. Some silver and jewelry was taken. It is supposed that the perpetrators were boys of the town looking for spending money for the Fourth.

Tacoma Park—Herbert J. Viljoen, the Transvall commissioner, addressed the industrial camp meeting upon the causes and origin of the war in South Africa.

Huron—Immense crowds attended the state Epworth league assembly and heard a patriotic concert by the jubilee singers and a speech by Rev. Jenkins Lloyd Jones, of Chicago.

Sioux Falls—Judge Carland has appointed the following United States commissioners for four years: Daniel Conway, Sioux Falls; Edwin T. White, Yankton; Charles D. Tidrick, Chamberlain; Charles A. Coe, Deadwood; Charles Mitscnrich, Eureka.

IN MICHIGAN.

Ewen Had a Prize Fight as a Fourth Attraction.

Ewen—This town had a prize fight with which to celebrate the Fourth and it proved a fast one from start to finish. Mark Nelson, "the Terrible Swede," knocked out Jack Daley, of Chicago, in the sixth round of what was to be a 20-round go. The Chicago man was the favorite from the start, but Nelson proved to be the faster and the stronger of the two, and gained the decision after some terrific fighting.

Calumet—As No. 3 train of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railroad was on its way to Calumet, a rig was run down at Boston crossing and a horse cut in twain. Engineer Henry Jackson, on approaching the crossing knowing it was foggy, blew a long blast in warning. When the carriage was sighted by Engineer Jackson he slackened the train as quickly as possible. The train was crossing Boston trestle and had slackened considerably. The fact that there was only one horse killed shows that the engineer had his train under control. The parties were from Lake Linden. The horse was cut in two pieces.

Houghton—Another attempt is to be made to find some trace of the five men who were on the tug Fern before she went down. So far absolutely nothing has been discovered that would indicate what became of the captain and his crew, and Capt. McCormick of the life saving station at the canal, will make a strong effort to solve the mystery.

The Isle Royale mill location is fast becoming an important suburb to the village of Houghton. There are now three heads running in the mill and seventy-five men in all are employed in the mill proper, the boiler house and pumping station. The location has been platted and a number of dwellings have already been erected, while there is evidence of others under contemplation.

CHAPMAN IMPROVES.

Winona Lake, Ind., July 6.—Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman, the evangelist, who was stricken here July 4 with acute indigestion, passed a good night and his physicians say he is practically out of danger.

ODE TO INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.

From oldest time
The human heart has throbbed,
Full of great angels breathing messages sublime,
Whereat it laughed or sobbed.
And some it understood, and forthwith spoke
In divers tongues, or shaped in stone,
Or told in colors with a stroke;
But some
Made it to shudder only or to kneel
Smitten to ecstasy; still it was dumb.
It could not yet intone,
It could not feel
These raptures and despairs which deep within it broke. * * *

The shepherd sang the pastures of the Lord,
The heathen's rages, and the temple's calm;
He sang how sun and moon and stars adored—
We only read his psalm,
Cedars of Lebanon, and mountains sharp,
Waters of Babylon, we know full well;
Where are those hymns that swept the tingling harp
Of royal Israel?
By the white marbles and green bays of Greece,
Apollo smote his lyre through vale and hill;
Music! thou fleddest by the golden fleece,
Trou wert a wild-bird still.
The sculptured god, the tale of Troy, remain,
The priestess by her tripod in the dawn—
But delphic nightingale, where is thy strain?
That is forever gone!
And where is thine, that melted Tuscan groves
Till amorous branches were together blown,
While silken boys and girls kissed out their loves
Until the night has flown?
Those fluted intervals have passed the reeds
Of Echo's stream, and now in fields remote,
Autumns of memory, 'mid old names and deeds,
Lie thin, light leaves they float,
In parchment pale the lovers still survive;
On palace walls their eyes, their lips, still bloom
With hues undying, but not alive,
And silent as the tomb.

—OWEN WISTER, in the Atlantic.

THE STAGGERING PRICE.

New York World: The British secretary of war's estimate that in the month of May 416 deaths had occurred among the 40,229 Boers in the "concentration camps" is a shocking one. This is a death rate of about 125 per 1000 per annum, which is six times as high as the normal death rate of London. Mr. Broderick's admission is in itself an awful arraignment of British humanity.

Kansas City Star: Great Britain has fought a long and costly war in South Africa. There is much reason for popular dissatisfaction over the miscalculations and mismanagement of this war, but it is to be assumed that the time will never come when public sentiment will approve an inglorious withdrawal of the troops. In the meantime it ought to be exceedingly dangerous for such unpatriotic demonstrations as that proposed for Fox hall, London.

Philadelphia Record: With Pretoria strongly fortified against assault there is no fear in that quarter of any superior force of Boers like that which the other day practically wiped out 250 Australian mounted riflemen scarcely 100 miles from the Transvaal capital. The war in South Africa has become, on the one hand, a matter of elaborate garrisoning and on the other a series of guerrilla raids. The British forces can only hold the chief towns and important military posts, without seeking to hunt down the elusive raiders. Under such conditions the anticipations of an early peace seem entirely illusory.

Boston Globe: In spite of so many and unmistakable warnings England still persists in squandering lives and money in maintaing the assumed pride and prestige and in the pursuit of a shadowy dominion over barren territory in far-off, sparsely-populated lands, ostensibly to secure new markets for British products. While thus expending money on uncivilized countries, whose commerce amounts to but little, England's industries are suffering at home. Worse than all, the war charges in Africa threaten to engulf the nation in debt, while 17,000 fighting Boers are still in the field and the war that was soon to end threatens to be the just beginning. Even on the score of cruelty to animals alone the situation looks ghastly. Over 100 transports have first and last left New Orleans with 120,000 horses and mules and upward of $25,000,000 have been spent in the United States for dumb targets alone.

New York Times: The results of the small fighting of the last few weeks seem to be fairly even. And this must be intolerable to the British. It shows that the war is not over. That is the sting of it. It does not give any prospect of an end of the drain of men and money which the war has caused. It is still necessary to keep a garrison in the two ex-republics some ten times as large as the total number of their fighting men, still necessary to go on spending £2,000,000 a week in conquering a country, the conquest of which is so far from being visibly achieved. In two years more English money has been sunk in South Africa more than can possibly be got back, directly or indirectly, in two generations. And it is made to appear that Great Britain has no enterprises on hand excepting the establishment of British supremacy in South Africa. At least she has left herself without the military means of prosecuting any other for an indefinite time to come.

No ointment, salve or grease is half as pleasant to use for sores, burns, chafing, any skin irritation, as dainty Satin-Skin Cream. Keep it handy. 25c.

MANY WOMEN TESTIFY

That Pe-ru-na Cures Female Ills.

Dr. Hartman, President of the Hartman Sanitarium, Offers to Treat All Women Free During the Summer Months.

Miss Millie Baker.

Miss Millie Baker writes from 290 East Ohio street, Chicago, Ill.:

"I suffered for years with weakness peculiar to women, severe bearing-down pains, and continual headache. My system seemed completely upset and I did not know where to find relief. The doctor tried three different remedies, but they did not seem to help me any.

"After using five bottles of Peruna I was as well and strong as ever. I would not be without for any money." —Miss Millie Baker.

A Well Woman.

Mrs. Florence Aitkins, 922 Forsythe street, Toledo, Ohio, writes:

"I am today cured of that dreadful disease I wrote to you about when I asked your advice. I at once began taking Peruna and Manalin and have just finished the fifth bottle.

It has cured me of leucorrhoea. I had the trouble for nine months and had given up hope of ever being strong again. I cannot tell how happy I feel, but you will know. I never heard of such medicine. It is the only medicine on earth.

My husband is now taking it for cattarh of the head. I will always keep Peruna in my house.

"I cannot find anything to talk about from morning until night, but Peruna. I was a sick woman when I first wrote you. I have a bright, clear color now, and am altogether a well woman. I think leucorrhoea is the worst of female diseases, for I suffered all sorts of pains. I thought at first that I had ulceration of the womb, and Peruna has cured me. I am now a sound woman.

Peruna is the best friend I ever had on this earth—it must be praised—it cured me."—Mrs. Florence Aitkins.

Was Tired and Miserable.

Mrs. Ellen Bollinger, Crowder, Indian Territory, writes:

"Three years ago I began to go down in health. I had a tired, miserable feeling. I had constipation so bad that I had to take a laxative every day or two; I was very nervous, and had a dozen other ailments. I took medicine of different kinds, but to no avail.

"I grew worse and was falling away, as I could scarcely eat anything. I wrote to Dr. Hartman asking him for advice which he kindly gave, and recommended Peruna and Manalin which I commenced to take. I began to feel better at once and now I am hearty and strong.

"I think I am as well as anybody can be, and eat more than I ever did. I never felt better in my life. I feel that I owe a debt of gratitude to Dr. Hartman and his wonderful medicine for the good health I now enjoy.

"I give Peruna to my children, and it does them all the good in the world.

There is no use of a woman suffering as I did; if they write to Dr. Hartman for advice they can soon be restored to health."—Ellen Bollinger.

Free Home Advice.

In view of the great multitude of women suffering from some form of female disease and yet unable to find any cure, **Dr. Hartman, the renowned specialist on female catarrhal diseases, has announced his willingness to direct the treatment of as many cases as make application to him during the summer months without charge.**

This offer will hold good only during the summer months. Any woman can become a regular patient by sending a written statement of her age, condition of life, history and symptoms of her derangements.

Those wishing to become patients should address The Peruna Medicine company, Columbus, Ohio.

SECURING SEATS.

Good View Wanted of Coronation Procession.

New York, July 6.—Official preparations for the coronation procession are already being made, says the Tribune's London correspondent. It is expected the route will be through the same thoroughfares as at Queen Victoria's coronation in June, 1838. Offers running up to several hundred pounds are already being made for seats along the route. It is evident that King Edward's coronation will eclipse in magnificence that of any previous sovereign.

WILBUR SCORCHED.

Disastrous Fire Has Destroyed Two Blocks.

Wilbur, Wash., July 6.—One of the most disastrous fires that ever occurred in Wilbur has destroyed two blocks of buildings and still continues to burn. The principal lossse so far are as follows: M. E. & E. T. Hayes, $100,000; J. H. Robertson, $4500; C. M. Carpenter's hotel, $6000.

CIRCUS IN COLLISION.

Gleiwitz, Silesia, July 6.—Barnum & Bailey's circus train was in collision today at Beauthen, Upper Silesia. One person was killed and several were injured. Great damage was done to the material of the show.

WEAK, WASTING, STRICTURED MEN Cured While You Sleep, IN 15 DAYS!

19,846-CURES LAST YEAR-19,846

Stricture Is Instantly Relieved and the Obstruction Dissolved Like Snow Beneath the Sun—IN FIFTEEN DAYS.

Varicocele Is Cured and Weak Men Are Restored by the Magic St. James Treatment Applied Locally and Directly to the Affected Parts.

HOME TREATMENT BY MAIL CAN BE USED by the PATIENT AS SUCCESSFULLY AS BY OURSELVES.

"Gran-Solvent" dissolves Stricture like snow beneath the sun, cures VARICOCELE and ENLARGED PROSTATE, and strengthens the Seminal Ducts, stopping drains and emissions IN FIFTEEN DAYS.

No drugs to ruin the stomach, but a direct local and positive application to the entire Urethral Tract.

Every sufferer from Stricture and the offspring, Varicocele, Prostatitis and Seminal Weakness, should write to the St. James Association, 71 St. James Building, Cincinnati, Ohio, for their illustrated work, showing the parts of the hnman system involved in urethral ailments, which they send to mail applicants securely, wrapped in plain package, prepaid................ FREE

FREE TREATISE COUPON—Cut out this coupon and mail it to the St. James Association with your name and address plainly written, when they will send you a copy of their exhaustive treatise accurately illustrated in half-tone, showing the parts of the male system involved in Urethral Aliments.

ST. JAMES ASSOCIATION, 71 St. James Bldg., CINCINNATI, O.

Please send to me a copy of your Complete Illustrated Work upon the Male Sexual System, securely sealed, PREPAID, Free of ALL CHARGES.

Name

Address

CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE.

ST. JAMES ASSN., 71 ST. JAMES. BLDG., CINCINNATI, O.

WORLD OF LABOR

Linemen's Strike Continues and Charges of Wire Cutting.

Providing For Expenses of the Free Labor Bureau.

Annual Meeting of the Wisconsin Federation at Superior.

A very serious phase in the electrical linemen's strike developed on Friday of this week. It was the attempt on the part of some person or persons unknown to cripple the service of the Zenith Telephone company by cutting three of the cables in the system. The act was committed on the night of July 3, and in addition to the three cables put out of commission through human agency, the lightning on that night damaged about twenty-five more. Manager Kritzer, of the Zenith company, has no hesitancy in pronouncing the work on the three cables as that of some of the strikers or their friends. He says that lightning could not possibly have done the injury, the evidences of the cutting being very plain. No attempt was made to cut the wires inside the cable. The rain getting into the cable easily ruined about twelve feet of the wires both ways from the aperture. The striking linemen deny all knowledge of the cutting and charge the Zenith company with attempting to gain public sympathy by making the charge against them. Both telephone companies, according to Manager Kritzer's statement, have offered a reward of $500 for the apprehension of the guilty parties.

The Electrical Workers' union held another meeting last evening and the strike of the linemen was the principal topic of discussion. The members of the union are averse to giving out any of the conclusions reached at the meeting, but it is understood that the principal discussion was over the charge that the cutting of the cables was done by some of the members of the union. One of the men prominent in the strike declared last evening that the union has from the very first been firmly opposed to any act that would damage the property of the telephone companies, and says that not one of the strikers has thought of doing such a thing.

The telephone companies are still firm in their position not to grant the demand for eight hours, and the managers claim that the only thing that is worrying them is the danger to the systems arising from the cable cutting. Manager Kritzer said Friday that the threat of a boycott was not a source of alarm; that the Zenith company has not lost a single subscriber yet, but has received new applications for 'phones. He says that the company does not fear the action of the strikers in the matter of the proposed petition to the council in which it will be alleged that the telephone company is not living up to the terms of its franchise.

* * *

There will be a joint meeting of the free labor bureau commission and the finance committee of the city council, at the council chambers this evening, to discuss the matter of funds for the establishment and maintenance of the bureau. The commission expects to ask the council for an appropriation of $1500 to defray the expense, and there is somewhat of a divided opinion among the aldermen as to the advisability of making this appropriation. Some believe that the employers should support the bureau by the payment of a fee. An understanding will probably be arrived at this evening between the commission and the finance committee.

* * *

The state free labor bureau was formally opened for business in West Superior on Friday of this week. The bureau is established in the office of the board of public works, of that city, where it will remain until permanent quarters have been found on Tower avenue. J. C. Stewart, former secretary of the board of public works, has been chosen superintendent of the bureau, and has been indorsed by the labor organizations of West Superior.

* * *

The labor organizations of this city did not turn out in as large numbers for the Fourth of July parade as had been planned, the threatening weather on the morning of the Fourth being responsible in the main. There was a very good representation of organized labor in the parade, however, for the delegates of the Trades' assembly turned out well, and large delegations were in line from the 'Lonshoremen's union, the Stonemasons' union, the Carpenters and Joiners' union and the Amalgamated Meatcutters' union. The 'Longshoremen's union had the largest number of men in line.

* * *

Another incident of interest in the world of labor occurred this week when about a dozen of the workmen employed to move the Lerch livery barn filed liens because they had not been paid for their work. These liens cover the two lots on which the two sections of the barn now stand at Fourth avenue west and First street. The lots are not the property of Mr. Lerch and the barn is there temporarily. The amounts claimed range from $4.50 to $22.20, the total amount being $149.20. Baldwin & Baldwin are the attorneys for the men.

* * *

The labor organizations of Duluth are taking quite a lively interest in the annual meeting of the State Federation of Labor of Wisconsin, which will be held in West Superior three days of next week, commencing with Tuesday. It is expected that there will be in the neighborhood of 100 delegates in attendance from all parts of Wisconsin, and the local committees in the city across the bay are making arrangements to entertain that number. The meeting next week is expected to be one of the most important of the kind ever held in the state, and it is said that one of the questions to be discussed will be the possibility of the labor unions acting unitedly in a political way, the idea being that the labor men should unite in favor of whatever is for the interests of the laboring men, and should stay together on that proposition, but that they should not be tied down to any particular party. The meeting will be held in the labor hall in the Hammond block, on Tower avenue between Eighth and Ninth streets. On Tuesday evening the delegates will be given a banquet in Maryland hall. On Wednesday evening there will be a mass meeting in the interest of labor unions, and prominent speakers from Wisconsin will take part. A number of the local members of labor organizations expect to attend this meeting and some of them will probably take part in the program.

LABOR NOTES.

A ton of gold is worth $627,915.

London has 100,000 night workers.

The French Alps now possess 58 factories.

Great Britain's coal fields cover 9000 square miles.

Americans are the greatest coffee topers in the world.

Nearly all the tram conductors in Valparaiso are women.

The length of life of a tradesman is two-thirds that of a farmer.

One-half of the world's production of coffee berries comes to the United States.

Philadelphia's chief department stores close at 5 p. m. daily; Saturday, 1 p. m.

Every week more than $1,000,000 is sent out of the United States in payment for coffee.

The total value of the coffee imported into the United States was something like $60,000,000 last year.

Last year Germany and France together only consumed half as much coffee as the United States.

A ton of steel made up into hairsprings is worth £1,576,458—more than twelve times the value of pure gold.

The strikes that have occurred in the United States last year cost the country, it is said, between $400,000,000 and $500,000,000.

More than 800,000,000 pounds of coffee were consumed here last year. This would be an average of 10½ pounds to a person.

During the hot spell of the past week employes of Cramps shipyard, Philadelphia, have worked only from 8 a. m. to noon.

France holds the record as a user of gold. She has coined 2300 tons in the last forty years, against 1400 used by the English mint.

In Norway girls are required by law to become proficient in knitting, baking and spinning before they are eligible for matrimony.

To brew a barrel of lager beer, one and one-half bushels of malt are used; to brew a barrel of ale, four and one-half bushels of malt are required.

The recent innovation in Germany whereby two women were appointed assistants on the board of factory inspectors has proved a great success.

Most of our coffee comes from South and Central American countries. The rest comes from Porto Rico, Java and the Philippines, with a little from Hawaii.

Bicycles are generally considered very modern invention, but some of the Egyptian obelisks, it is said, bear figures mounted on 2-wheel vehicles resembling the old velocipeded

The woman as porter and guard already is known on French railways, but now a German railroad has opened a larger field to women, and is employing them as booking clerks, telegraph and signal operators and in other posts.

For many generations after the first bale of cotton raised in the United States was sent to market, most of the cotton plantations of the country were east of the Mississippi. But now nearly one-half of the entire American crop of cotton comes from the territory west of the river.

Parasols do not pass through several different "hands," as do dresses, but often are made from first to last by one worker. The making of one parasol provides a woman with work for the best part of a week, if it be a very special and beautiful one.

In Northern and Central Kansas there are many farmers who will not begin harvesting for a week or more yet, so that by moving along from county to county the harvesters will have work for five or six weeks to come. The wheat crop is gigantic, but the labor crop is altogether too small.

Probably no place on earth will averago acre for acre the timber that the Puge sound region can furnish. It is fir, cedar, spruce, hemlock and alder, as well as maple and other woods. Its Douglas fir—the most common variety—has been found superior to yellow pine and other woods heretofore used for car building.

A great firm of perfumers in London, which till now has for centuries employed men entirely, contemplates taking on girls for "capping" the bottles of scent. The work is essentially that which small, neat fingers can accomplish quickly and well, but, alas! the pay the women will earn at it will be one-third what the men received.

It is quite likely that before long we may be producing all our own sugar, and that alone will knock off an eighth of all our imports of foreign goods. Theer is really nothing, says the New York Journal, that we buy abroad that we could not produce just as well at home if we set our minds to it, except possibly diamonds and dukes.

Two years ago there wasn't' a silver of fence on what is now Mr. Watson's 7000-acre farm. He bought seven quarter sections for $35 apiece and accrued taxes. He had nine head of cattle then. He has 500 head now. Out of his profits he has kept buying more land until he has got a very likely farm. He has made $12,000 free and clear in two years.

The New York Sheet Metal Workers at their last regular meeting adopted an amendment to the constitution of the union prohibiting members from joining the volunteer or standing army and navy, except in time of war between the United States and a foreign nation. The feeling that prompted this action is that there is a growing tendency to utilize the military power, not merely to preserve order and prevent bloodshed, but to suppress strikes.

Three of the largest shoe manufacturing firms in Plymouth county, Mass., have agreed to ask their employes to work but fifty-four hours a week during the summer. Two of these firms have decided, also, to follow the same schedule throughout the entire year. The men will receive as much pay for their fifty-four hour week as they formerly received for the fifty-nine hour week. The change was made voluntarily, and apparently because employers believe that just as much work would be done as before. The same experiment has been made in other lines of industries, and seemingly with success. More and more in New England the manufacturers are trying to produce a higher grade of product rather than a cheaper grade. To get the best results, says the Boston Advertiser, it is necessary that the workmen shall be far above the average in intelligence and in efficiency. If shorter hours of labor will bring about this result, then it is economy to shorten the length of the working day.

What are Humors?

They are vitiated or morbid fluids coursing the veins and affecting the tissues. They are commonly due to defective digestion but are sometimes inherited.

How do they manifest themselves?

In many forms of cutaneous eruption, salt rheum or eczema, pimples and boils, and in weakness, languor, general debility.

How are they expelled? By

Hood's Sarsaparilla

which also builds up the system that has suffered from them.

It is the best medicine for all humors.

Summer Term

Will begin at the Business University on Monday, July 8.

EXCURSION TO TWO HARBORS

SUNDAY, JULY 7th.

—STEAMER—

ARGO

Leaves Booth's dock 10 a. m. and Steamer Hunter 1:30 p.m. Returning leave Two Harbors 4:30 pm

FARE, 50c ROUND TRIP

$45.00 Round Trip to Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Pacific Coast Points

VIA GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Tickets first class and good until Aug. 31. Only $50 to San Francisco and return. On sale July 6 to 13, inclusive. For details of these cheap Pacific coast excursions call at city ticket office, corner Spalding hotel.

DULUTH The New Store DULUTH

EXHIBITION AND SALE OF

Oriental Rugs, Carpets, Bric-a-brac

AT AUCTION.

RUGS This magnificent collection, the finest ever seen in the West, is composed in part of Royal Kirmanshahs, Tabriz, Kurdestans, Bokharas, Silks, Bijars, Sennes, etc., etc. All choice specimens of the textile art.

IN BRIC-A-BRAC Cloisonne Bronzes, Royal Vienna, Teakwood Furniture, Limoges Enamels, Ivory Carvings, Rare Ceramics, Antique arms.

WE take pleasure in announcing that Mr. E. S. Suleeba of Armenia, is with us and will personally conduct the sale assisted by Mr. Robert Grant. His present collection is replete with most superb antique and modern oriental rugs, carpets and bric-a-brac and is the result of his personal selection after a number of years of experience among the connoisseurs of this country—being a native importer, his facilities for obtaining rugs and bric-a-brac of the rarest qualities and colorings is unsurpassed. The stock is direct from the Orient and will be shown for the first time in this city. They are the highest specimens of Japanese and Oriental art. Sale will begin Monday, July 8, and continue for four days.

Most Respectfully yours,
"THE NEW STORE."

117 and 119 West Superior Street.

DULUTH The New Store DULUTH

ANNOUNCEMENT!

Monday, July 8th, 1901, we will begin a great closing out sale of our basement dept., consisting of Crockery, Glassware, Cutlery, Hardware, Woodenware, Tinware and House Furnishing Goods of every description. Watch the papers for further particulars regarding price reductions. You will find these especially interesting.

DULUTH SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES

Archdeacon Appleby to Conduct Services at St. Paul's Church---Dr. Henry Weston at the First Methodist.

At St. Paul's church, the services will be conducted by the Venerable Archdeacon Appleby, D. C. L., who will preach at the morning and evening services. The services will be as follows: 8 a. m., holy communion; 11 a. m., choral celebration of holy communion, with sermon; 7:30 p. m., evening prayer and sermon. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Processional—"Through the Night of Doubt and Sorrow" ....Sullivan
Introit—"Give Peace in Our Time".... ....Hatton
Communion service in E flat ..Woodward
Anthem—"The Trumpet Shall Sound" ....Marston
Communion hymn—"Draw Nigh" ..Monk
Recessional—"Glory be to Jesus"..... ....German Air

EVENING.

Processional—"Through the Night of Doubt and Sorrow" ....Sullivan
Psalter ....Chanted
Canticles ....Chanted
Hymn—"The Shadows of the Evening Hours" ....Jones
Anthem—"Brightest and Best"........ ....From Rubenstein
Orison—"Light at Evening Time"..Troyte
Recessional—"Glory be to Jesus"..... ....German Air

A. F. M. Custance, organist and choirmaster.

* * *

At the First Methodist church tomorrow Rev. Henry Weston, D.D., president of Crozier theological seminary will preach. In the evening Rev. R. A. Saunderson, pastor of Oneota church will preach. Sunday school at 12 m.; Epworth league devotional meeting at 6:30 p. m. A special musical program will be given.

* * *

Rev. C. R. Sine, recently from Hiram theological seminary, will address the men s meeting at the Y. M. C. A., 18 East Superior street tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, on the subject, "Our Contribution to Society." Miss Johns will sing.

* * *

At the Glen Avon Presbyterian church Rev. R. Ames Montgomery, pastor, services will be held at 10:45 a. m. "His Eyes Behold the Nations," is the text for the morning. Sunday school will meet at 12 m. The evening service at 8 p. m. "The Rest That Comes from Belief in Christ." hTe fourth sermon in exposition of the Epistle to the Hebrews.

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach in the morning. Subject, "Wherein We Stand." In the evening Rev. Mr. Battle, of Minneapolis, will preach.

* * *

The Sunday services at Hope church of the Evangelical association, corner First street and Sixth avenue east, will be as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m.; sermon at 11 a. m., subject "Zion's Beauties." The pastor, Rev. L. S. Stapf, will give a synopsis of the convention sermon at Sleepy Eye preached by Bishop Thomas Bowman, of Chicago, at 7:15 in the evening C. L. Rakowsky will give a partial report of the state convention of the Young ePople's alliance after which the pastor will give his convention address on "Possibilities." The choir and male octet will sing at these services.

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church the Lord's Supper will be observed at the morning service. Rev. Alexander Milne will preach on "The Desire of All Nations." The evening sermon will be on: "Spirituality and Habit."

* * *

There will be regular services at the First Christian church next Sunday morning at 10:40; Christian Endeavor at 7 p. m. Evening service at 8 p. m. Rev. C. R. Sine, pastor.

* * *

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, No. 922 East Superior street, there will be service at 10:45 a. m., subject "God." Christian Science reading room, No. 409 Burrows building, open daily except Sunday from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

* * *

At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, Rev. A. C. Manson, pastor, there will be morning service at 10:30, subject "Weapons for Service." Evening song service at 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., will preach at the Lester Park M. E. church Sunday morning on "The Communion of Saints." The sermon will be followed by holy communion. Instead of the usual evening service, during the months of July and August, there will be a short vesper service every Sunday at 5:30 p. m. There will be special music at each service and strangers are cordially invited.

* * *

At Hazelwood Park church, there will be Sunday school at 2 p. m.; preaching service at 3 p. m.

* * *

Rev. R. H. Craig will conduct the anniversary service of the battle of the Boyne, for the local Orangemen, at Columbia hall, Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

* * *

At the Lake Avenue Bethel, Evangelist Williamson, of Chicago, will speak at 10 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Mrs. Asher, gospel singer, and the Bethel quartet, consisting of Miss McGiffert, Mrs. Asher, Mr. Lavender, Mr. Ballou will sing, also the Young Ladies' quartet will sing. Sunday school at 3 p. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:15 p.m. Evangelist Williamson will speak each evening during the coming week. There will be special singing each evening.

* * *

At the Branch Bethel, 508 West Superior street, Sunday school at 3 p. m., L. A. Marvin, superintendent. Evening service at 7:45, conducted by Evangelist John Callahan. On Monday evening the meeting will be conducted by the young people of the Baptist church. On Tuesday evening the meeting will be conducted by the young people of the Congregational church. On the remaining evenings of the week by Evangelist Callahan.

* * *

In Grace M. E. church Sunday morning the services will be conducted by Mr. Bevis, secretary of the Y. M. C. A. In the evening, Rev. H. W. Knowles will preach on "The Responsibilities of Freedom." A patriotic sermon. Prelude, on "The Ethics of a Reporter."

* * *

At Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, Ninth avenue east and Sixth street, services tomorrow morning will be at 10:30, and in the evening will be in English at 7:45. Norwegian Sunday school at 12:10. Rev. I. G. Aschim, pastor.

* * *

At the First Swedish M. E. church, there will be services tomorrow morning at 10:30, in the evening at 7:45. Rev. John A. Anderson, pastor. Sunday school at 12 m.

* * *

At the First Swedish Baptist church, services tomorrow at 10:30 and in the evening at 8 o'clock. Rev. K. A. Lundin, pastor. Sunday school and Bible class for adults at 12 m. Young People's society at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

* * *

In the First Norwegian Danish Lutheran church, corner First avenue east and Third street, services will be conducted by Rev. N. B. Thvedt at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT

Buffalo Express: The news that a Western man is to give $1,000,000 to endow a number of "people's churches" may set some existing churches to asking themselves wherein they fail to be people's churches.

Indianapolis Journal: Last Sunday Bishop Lawrence, the successor of Bishop Phillips Brooks, delivered a sermon on Boston Common, the first of a series to be given by prominent preachers during the season. The purpose of those who have made provisions for these sermons is to reach the thousands who do not attend church, but flock to the parks. The experiment might be tried elsewhere. The thousands who go to cities on Sunday excursions would listen to good preachers.

Kansas City Times: Many churches are struggling to keep going. The ministers discuss the question, "Why Does Not the Laboring Man Attend Church?" Charitable organizations are struggling with many problems that the church ought to settle without much difficulty. It is a lamentable fact that the churches have but a modicum of the power they ought to have if their mission is, as they claim, a divine one. Their mission is to redeem and save the lost, lift up the fallen, make clean the unclean and bring up human nature to what they claim was its original perfection. This is a superhuman nature to what they claim was its original perfection. This is a superhuman work indeed, and the fact that this work languishes in many places causes thoughtful men to inquire, "What is wrong with the church?"

Chicago Chronicle: Our friends the Methodists are always in the line of progress. Now they are at work upon their hymn book, reducing the number of hymns from 1100 to 600. They wish no outworn forms or useless words connected with their service. They intend their hymnal shall meet the wants of the past. The Methodists are remarkably liberal in their choice of hymns. They take good from any sources whatever—Catholic or Protestant Jew or Gentile—and shape it to the use of devotion. This is thoroughly in accord with Wesley, who would have approved "Gloria in Excelsis," Cardinal Newman's "Lead, Kindly Light," or any other hymn that touched the heart. Music has always ben an important part of the Methodist service, and in this service the humblest singer, as the humblest sinner, is not to be left out.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

Simplicity is the sign of seriousness.

Nothing is more profitable than preparation.

The shadow may be the price we pay for the sunshine.

Your promotion cannot be measured by your locomotion.

Our bitterest tears are shed over our brightest blessings.

Goodness may win gold, but gold will never win goodness.

Most of us would rather watch others than work ourselves.

The darkness of night throws a fierce light on many of our deeds.

The best preaching for the times is preaching for the eternities.

The best things will be but stuff to the man who only seeks the stuff.

No sermon ever bore fruit that had not been buried in the preacher's heart.

The majesty of a man cannot be measured till he is seen standing in a magnificent minority.

DECISIONS

Handed Down By the Supreme Court of Minnesota.

St. Paul, July 6.—The supreme court handed down ten decisions yesterday. The lower court was sustained in eight instances and reversed in two. A per curiam decision was also rendered in the suit of the McGovern heirs of Waseca. A farm, owned by Thomas McGovern, was left to his widow without a will, and on her death to her son Lawrence. The other heirs demanded a partition, which was made by the probate court. Lawrence claimed the land by adverse possession and appealed, but the supreme court sustains the partition.

S. D. Hillman, who took testimony as referee in the Metcalf investigation, and was only allowed $5 a day, or $85, by the district court, loses his appeal. Hillman claimed $526.25, and adduced Governor Lind's promise. The supreme court holds that the governor cannot bind other branches of government to pay more than regular wages, and Hillman must get his extra compensation from the governor or through the legislature.

Georgia C. Hasty wins her suit against L. W. Bonness & Co., in which she got a judgment for $2840.13 for logs cut from her land. The land was an eighty-acre tract, homesteaded by one Noel, who assigned his claim to the plaintiff. The assignment was not recorded by the land office for a year, and during that time Segure & Bailey, lumber firm, cut timber from the land and sold it to Bonness & Co. The court holds the act a tresspass and the verdict not excessive.

A rental agent, who is not entrusted with general control of property, is not the owner's agent and cannot be fined for failure to abate a nuisance. The court so decides in a St. Paul case, reversing the lower court.

The Winona county court is reversed in the case of H. M. Lamberton against Charles M. Youmans, assignee for William H. Yale, former lieutenant governor. Lamberton is the heir of W. J. Lamberton, who bought real estate for Yale. He bought a tract in 1879 for 4983.83, on which only $3789.33 was paid. He bought another in 1883 for $2675, on which no ayment was made, thouh it was platted and sold for $10,402.50. When Governor Yale assigned, in 1899, H. M. Lamberton put in a claim, which was denied. The district court held that the claim was barred on the ground of laches, but the supreme court declared that the circumstances do not bar him from enforcing the trust, by which he was to share the profits equally.

A St. Louis county case was the Farmers Trust company, a corporation, limited, respondent, vs. Asher M. Prudden et al, defendants, Asher M. Prudden and Lottie W. Prudden, appellants.

In consideration of the extension of the time of payment of the mortgage debt, an instrument was executed by the mrotgager, assigning to the mortgagee the rents of the premises to be applied on the mortgage debt then past due. It provided that if default occurred in the mortgage, a representative of the mortgagee might take possession of the premises, let the same and collect rents, and, if necessary, eject tenants.

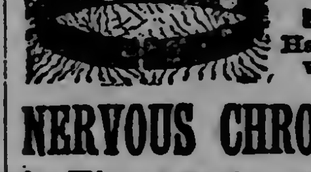
Held, that the instrument constituted an assignment of the rents, with incidental possession for the purpose of collection, and did not convey an interest in the real estate, and that the mortgagee was entitled to foreclose the lien and have a receiver appointed to collect the rents. Other rulings of the court examined and held to contain no revisible error. Order affirmed. Lewis, J.

What Our Flag Stands For.

Wherever the American flag is raised in token of sovereignty, it stands for liberty, independence and equality. What our flag is to the nation Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is to the individual, inasmuch as it not only gives you freedom from your ailments, but protects your system in such a manner that they cannot return. When your stomach gets out of order, causing you to belch after eating, or when you are so nervous that you toss about all night unable to sleep, you should certainly try it, because it will strengthen your stomach, steady your nerves, and induce sound, healthy sleep, and for indigestion, constipation and biliousness there is nothing to equal it. Rheumatism is also counteracted by its direct action on the kidneys.

Tom Reed cigar is proving a winner for us and will prove a winner for you if you will give it a chance.

The Alaskan Nuggets is the best cigar we can make, or anybody can make, to sell at the nickel price.



WHEN NATURE FAILS

DR. SPALDING'S IMPROVED PATENT ELECTRIC BELTS Have cured others and will cure you of any

NERVOUS CHRONIC AILMENT

for Electricity is nature itself. Don't pay $15 to $30 for others when we will sell the best for $6 to $12

CALL or SEND FOR PARTICULARS

Theatrical men testify to the merits of

DR. SPALDING'S ELECTRIC BELT.

Cadiz, Ohio, May 14, 1901.

We have been using Dr. Spalding's famous electric belts and take pleasure in saying that they are all that is claimed for them, and we recommend them to anyone afflicted with the diseases they are claimed to benefit. We have tried them for rheumatism, kidney trouble constipation, and general debility, and they have given perfect satisfaction, and we would not be without them.

QUARRY & VASBINDER,
Managers Opera House.

FOR SALE AT

BOYCE'S DRUG STORE.

Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

WM. C. SARGENT, *President.* JOHN B. GREENFIELD, *Sec. and Treas.*

Lakeside Land Comp'ny

We are offering the best inducements for securing a home on easy terms ever made to the public in this city.

We invite you to call and talk this over.

If you will buy a lot of us, we will lend you the money to build at 6 per cent interest on the payment of one-quarter the cost of the house and lot. The money to be repaid in monthly amounts, interest only on deferred payments and you can have from three to eight years time according to the size of the monthly payments you are able to make.

No commissions of any kind. You simply pay six per cent interest on the money you have the use of. We have a very large list of desirable lots at Lakeside and Lester Park. Many on the line of the water and sewer. This is your chance to own your own home.

LAKESIDE LAND COMPANY,

WM. C. SARGENT, *President.*

303 Lonsdale Building.

JOHN B. GREENFIELD, *Sec. and Treas.*

Another Page from History

Some of my readers may remember that a couple of weeks ago, under this caption, I called their attention to the overthrow, or rather the evolution of the Roman republic into a senate-governed nation. I think there was food for thought in that page of history.

In our own country and times we have been through several processes of evolution. We have already verified time and again, when comparing this history of ours to that of other nations, that like conditions beget like results. In other words, while it may be a trite quotation, we are realizing it in our own case that history certainly does repeat itself. We seem to pay little attention to that fact, however, and go right on, perhaps not blindly, but certainly as if we were deluding ourselves into the idea we were working on original lines.

I am no prophet picturing troublous times ahead, nor a philosopher prating about the "awakening," but simply one of many hundreds of thousands of thinking men who would like to see the past, experience and history taken advantage of in mapping out the course we would like the events of today to follow. Our authorities tell us that soon after the period we last glanced at conditions in Rome again changed.

'The senate sank into a powerless assembly of imperial nominees, and the spirit of Roman freedom wholly perished with the extinction of stoicism. The progressive or retrogressive steps in the phases of government are, after all, but the application of the ordinary principles of human nature. Despotism is the normal and legitimate government of an early society in which knowledge has not yet developed the powers of the people, but when it is introduced into a highly civilized community, it is of the nature of a disease, and a disease which, unless it be checked, has a continual tendency to sprout. When free nations abdicate their political functions, they gradually lose both the capacity and desire for freedom. Political talent and ambition, having no sphere for action, steadily decay, and servile, enervating and vicious habits proportionately increase. Nations are organic beings in a constant process of expansion or decay, and where they do not exhibit a progress of liberty they usually exhibit a progress of servitude. In a free nation beware of the first step toward centralizing power, the yielding into the hands of one man authority to act without legislative consent. It presages the downfall of that nation's liberty. * * * The ascription, by the pagans, of divinity to kings had had no appreciable effect in increasing their authority or in restraining the limits of criticism or rebellion. But the ascription of a divine right to kings, independent of the wishes of the people, has been one of the most enduring and potent superstitions and it is even now not wholly vanished from the world.

"A series of social and political causes diminished the personal independence for which the barbarians had been noted, and which had been preserved, particularly preserved by the people of the old republics until the acquisition of great wealth and power with the coincident debasement of morals and the debilitating yielding to the sensuous ease marked their decay and their retrogression into kingdoms and empires. The king had at first been, in barbarous times, not the sovereign of a country, but was simply the chief of a tribe. But with the more settled habits of the ex-republicans the sovereignty assumed a territorial aristocracy. The kings gave their chief leaders portions of conquered land or of the royal domains, under the name of benefices. The obligation of military service was attached to these benefices and by slow, and, perhaps, insensible stages, each of which has been the subject of fierce controversy, was made irrevocable and ultimately hereditary. While society was still disorganized small landlords purchased protection from the crown, or of some important chief, by surrendering their estates, which they received back as tenants subject to the condition of the payment of rent, or of military service. Others, without making any such surrender, placed themselves under the care of a neighboring lord and furnished in return homage or military aid. At the same time, the free peasant folk, the common people, for the most part, sank into serfs, subject to the protection of the land owners. In this way a hierarchy of ranks was gradually formed, of which the sovereign was the apex and the serf the basis. Legislation, if there was any, was a farce.

"The completed legal organization of this hierarchy belongs to the principles of feudalism, but the chief elements of feudalism existed before Charlemagne and the moral results following from them may be already discerned. Each rank, except the very highest, was continually brought into contact with a superior, and a feeling of constant dependance and subordination was accordingly fostered.

"Liberty was indeed dead."

So endeth the second lesson.

FRANK WILLFORD.

Does it Pay?

Does it pay, I wonder, to toil for gold
 Till the back is bowed and bent,
Till the heart is old and the hair is white,
 And life's best days are spent;
Till the eyes are blind with the yellow
 dust
 That we strive for day by day,
Till all we hear is the coin's dull clink,
 I wonder, does it pay?

Does it pay, I wonder, to strive for
 naught
 But the pleasures life will give,
To dance all night and to dream all day,
 To be merry while we live;
To work and worry and fume and fret
 Over what we shall wear today,
What we shall eat and what we shall
 drink,
 I wonder, does it pay?

Does it pay, I wonder, to give our
 strength,
 The treasures of heart and brain,
The gift of the gods and the skill of hand,
 For that which brings no gain;
To labor for that which is bread alone,
 And the things that pass away,
Till the heart is full of an aching void,
 I wonder, does it pay?

Does it pay, I wonder, to never stop
 In the ceaseless rush and care,
And list to the songs of bird and brook,
 Or wander through woodlands fair;
To never think of what lies beyond
 The narrow sphere of today,
Till the new life dawns on our untried
 souls,
 I wonder, does it pay?

—Sommerville Journal.

MAGAZINES FOR JULY

Love and war are pictured in a West Point scene which is conspicuously illuminated on the outer cover of the July number of the Ladies' Home Journal—an issue that is particularly notable. It contains a number of fine full-page engravings and pages of illustrations artistically grouped. One of these later features is "The Country of Sheridan's Ride," a handsome double page of pictures showing the entire route, as it is today, with an account of the ride and the battle, and extracts from Thomas Buchanan Read's immortal verses.

* * *

Ainslee's Magazine for July presents a masterly exposure of the nefarious campaigns of Addicks in Delaware under the heading "Buying a State." It is an interesting bit of reading, following so closely upon the recent revelations of political rottenness in the state of Pennsylvania. The issue contains a number of illustrated contributions full of interest, including "A Workaday Balloonist," by Harvey Sutherland, which is illustrated with a picturesque set of balloon photographs.

* * *

The complete novel in Lippincott's Monthly Magazine for July is "A Woman For Nothing," by Louise Betts Edwards. The issue is a particularly good one for summer reading, as it contains the following additional stories: "Two For Peace," by Mary E. Wilkins; "Her Day of Freedom," by Ina Brevoort Roberts; "The Image Maker," by William Le Queux; "A Judgment of Solomon," by Martha Wolfenstein; "Cheever's Magic Mashie," by Edwin L. Sabin; "A Chinese Cue," by Harold Ballagh; "A Columbia College Tale," by Albert Payson Teruhune.

* * *

Emmy Lou again makes her bow to the readers of McClure's in the July number. Her trials in the second reader are delightfully set forth by George Madden Martin, who also tells of her first success. It seems that "The day after a lesson Emmy Lou knew it. On the day it was recited Emmy Lou lacked sufficient time to grasp it." She recited her past lessons to her dolls. "And so did Emmy Lou know by heart the second reader," as was proved at the spelling bee when the trustees were visitors. The story is appropriately called the "Hare and Tortoise, or the Bliss of Ignorance."

* * *

Margaret Deland's "Studies of Great Women," the leading feature in Harper's Bazar, is worth reading. This month Charlotte Corday is the subject and the character sketching is a strong piece of work. John K. Mitchell, M. D., contributes the third of his articles on "Self Help For Nervous Women," and "Mabel Balcome gives directions for "Modern Nursing at Home." The usual space is given in fashions and the many things that interest women.

* * *

One of the best of magazines for women is that of the old-fashioned title, "The Woman's Home Companion." This is a periodical of much enterprise, and the July number contains an article on "Home Life in New York City" by Bishop Potter, which applies so well to conditions in every large metropolis that it should be widely quoted. Carmen Sylva contributes a story, "Carma, the Harp Girl." Two pages are devoted to pictures of famous women of Europe, their jewels being the chief interest. A timely article is by London Knight, who describes the place "Where the Spirit of Independence Was Born."

* * *

Havelock Ellis, the well-known British author and scientist, is contributing to the Popular Science Monthly a series of articles on British Men of Genius." He has taken the 900 persons most eminent for attainments in various directions, and, by a study of their lives as contained in the National Dictionary of Biography, he is able to compare the man of genius with the ordinary citizen. Mr. Ellis' last article treats the pathology of the man of genius, about which a great deal has been written, mostly in rather an absurd way.

* * *

In the July number of Frank Leslie's Monthly, Stewart Edward White describes the great log jam in the Grand river of Michigan in the summer of 1883. The article is profusely illustrated. E Carl Litsey writes of "The Abbey of Gethsemane." The pictures that accompany this sketch are especially well done. One of the notable features is "Leaves from the Autobiography of a Russian Student," by I. A. Hourwich. There is a sketch and portrait of the Rev. John Jasper, of "Sun-do-move" fame in "Marginalia," the department that always contains much that is entertaining.

* * *

Scribner's Magazine for July has an attractive flavor of adventure, sport, travel and holiday-making out of doors. The leading article is by Rufus B. Richardson and describes the romance and the historic past of the island of Sicily. Francis Parkman, the historian, when a boy of 18, made a journey to Lake George and kept a diary of what he saw in that romantic region, associated with so much of the colonial history that Parkman made his special field in after years. This portion of his diary is published for the first time. Another article, which will appeal strongly to the lover of nature, is Dr. Leroy M. Yale's memoirs of a quaint old New England character, "Uncle David," who gave him his first lessons in fishing and hunting. The story of "Krag, the Kootenay Ram," by Ernest Seton-Thompson, is concluded.

* * *

Harper's Monthly Magazine for July presents among its many illustrations a number of charming color prints. These pictures are chiefly in an article by Eliot Gregory descriptive of "Newport in Summer." The frontispiece represents "The Horse Show at Newport," and is from a painting by Henry Hutt. There are color prints also in two of the stories, which include many short tales for summer reading. The stories embellished with illustrations are: "The Lion in the Way," by George Hibbard; "The Portion of Labor" (Part V), by Mary E. Wilkins; "The Right of Way" (Part VII), by Gilbert Parker; "His Primeval Conscience," by Jennie Bullard Waterbury; "The Fourth Gentleman," by E. Duvall; "Mahnet," by W. A. Fraser; "Across the Bridges," by Mary M. Mears. Woodrow Wilson contributes the seventh part of his review, "Colonies and Nation."

* * *

The Century Magazine for July is styled the "Summer Fiction Number," and it well deserves that title. It contains stories by Mary E. Wilkins, Frances Hodgson Burnett, Irving Bacheller, Seumas McManus, Josephine Dodge Daskam, Anne Douglas Sedgwick, Stewart Edward White and Elliott Flower, the creator of Policeman Flynn. Miss Wilkins tells a New England tale of a crystal lamp pendant and its bearing on the affairs of her heroine. Mr. McManus' story, "Mrs. McCafferty's Mistake," is Celtic throughout; Miss Daskam's "A Hope Deferred" is that of a New England spinster in love with a French bachelor.

* * *

In the July Atlantic Louis Dyer writes of "Sixteenth Century Trusts," and his historical researches show that combinations in trade were quite as successful several hundred years ago as they are now. "Audrey," Miss Johnston's new novel, is continued, and it fulfills the promise given for it in the first installment of the story. T. J. J. See discusses "The Limits of the Stellar Universe," and Kate Stephens sketches "The New England Woman." "The Steel Engraving Lady and the Gibson Girl" is an amusing little skit.

* * *

Success for July delivers many sound preachments in the guise of stories which contain advise for those who are striving to win in the struggle of life. The frontispiece is a spirited picture of the siege of Pekin, which accompanies a story by Ferdinand Cowle Iglebert of "How a Methodist Preacher Saved the Day at Pekin." "Why Combinations Thrive," by Tom L. Johnson, mayor of Cleveland, is an article in which Mr. Johnson supports his opinion that the evils of trusts are real. "The Voyage of a Dunce" is the title of a good story by George Ramsay McIntyre.

* * *

Everybody's Magazine for July, published by John Wanamaker, New York, can hardly be beaten for summer reading. It opens with an article on "Photography as a Fine Art," by Charles H. Caffin, which is illustrated with fine specimens of photography. This is followed by "Sabe Hike?" by Oscar King Davis, which describes the life of our soldiers in the hilippines.

* * *

The World's Work for July presents an interesting record of "The March of Events" since the June issue. One of its leading topics is the recent decision of the supreme court in regard to the bearing of the constitution upon our insular possessions. The article explains the insular cases, and pronounces the decision common sense and good law. Other topics in the same department are: "Rhetorical Cuban Indirectness," "A Year of Hawaiian Territorial Life," "The Democratic 'Split' in South Carolina," "A Strike in a Labor Utopia," "Our Close Kin Across the Sea," "Continental Jealousy of America," "The Great Army of Pensioners," "The End of the Allies' Occupation of China," "The Larger Chinese Problems," "The New Bureau of Forestry," and "A Revolution in Electrical Traction."

* * *

The Review of Reviews for July opens with editorials by Dr. Shaw, discussing the prospects of the wheat and corn crops, the conditions of our export trade and the recent growth of American capital. "Count Tolstoi in Thought and Action" is the subject of an interesting portraiture of the Russian social reformer, by R. E. C. Long. An illustrated article describes the important work lately undertaken by the New York and New Jersey commissions for the preservation of the Palisades of Hudson river. The aims and purposes of "The Washington Memorial Institution" are fully set forth by Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler.

* * *

The recently opened Boston Elevated railway, a subject of vital interest to the people of that city and its far reaching suburbs, is fully described by its chief engineer, George A. Kimball, in the July number of the New England Magazine. He gives a history of the changes in public street transportation since the days of the early omnibus lines, and shows by specially-taken photographs, superbly reproduced, this latest effort in the solution of the problem of urban and suburban communication for one low fare in safety. A portrait of that old-time scholar and stately gentleman, Dr. Manasseh Cutler, who, with Gen. Putnam at Marietta, was one of the Western Reserve, and whose name is famous as having drafted the ordinance of 1787, excluding slavery from the Northwest Territory, forms the frontispiece of this number, and an illustrated article is devoted to his life.

* * *

The story in the Argonaut for July 1, by Charles Fleming Embree, and entitled "The Horror of Three Sandals." It tells of the efforts of a Mexican official to entrap a suspected American plotter against the government, of the use of a beautiful girl as a spy and lure, and the tragedy that followed the discovery of the treachery.

* * *

"The Use of Growing Plants for Table Decoration" is the leading article in the in the July number of Table Talk. It is written by an acknowledged authority on plants; is a practical article and will be valued by women who take an interest in beautifying the home table. "The Cost of Living in a Professor's Family," by the wife of one of them, will interest all housekeepers, as prices and figures are given to cost of keeping a well supplied table at small outlay.

* * *

Current Literature for July is rich in thoughtful articles on educational subjects. Professor Francis G. Peabody, the Rev. Dr. Lyman Abbott, Harold E. Gorst, J. E. Le Rossignol and others discuss the most important phases of the educational movement, and a larger amount of timely and interesting matter on school themes is brought together than appears in any other magazine of the month, though all devote considerable space to the subject.

* * *

Despite the season—which in letters may pardonably be considered uneventful—the July Critic shows no diminution of variety or of vigor. The contents embrace almost everything in the way of literary effort except fiction. Among the most interesting of the occasional contributions is Mme. Sarah Bernhardt's "Drama of the Sea," being a transcription of her emotions on witnessing a Breton coast tragedy—the wreck of a fishing smack and the consequent loss of life. Mme. Bernhardt here shows that acting and sculpture are not her only mediums of expression, for she writes with much beauty, force and simple pathos.

* * *

It is probably true that almost every man has in him certain qualities which would draw some woman to him, but it is difficult to frame a statement in general terms of "What Women Like in Men." This is the task which a very well-known author, under the nom-de-plume of Rafford Pyke, has undertaken in the Cosmopolitan for July in a clever essay, which proves him to have made woman the subject of thorough observation and comprehensive study. "The foreign girl," says the author, "marries the man with whom she will be happy, the American marries the man without whom she will be unhappy."

* * *

The publishers of the Smart Set declare the July number of that Magazine superior in many respects to all previous numbers, and the opinion is one in which the readers will doubtless concur. There is not a heavy line in all the 160 pages, but the number scintillates with smart humor that is as exhilarating to the heated brain as a rollicking ocean breeze. The literature of blood and of mud has no place in the Smart Set, but all its fiction is of that vivacious and enchanting character so hard to write, so easy to read, so rarely found in periodicals and so refreshingly enjoyable to the amusement-loving world. As a magazine of real entertainment the Smart Set has no rival.

* * *

Modern Culture Magazine was in advance of all its contemporaries when it presented in its June number a critical paper on "Notable Paintings at the Pan-American Exposition." Following this signal success it gives its readers in July a trilogy of articles of especial interest to Pan-American visitors. The first of the two articles on "The Pan-American by Day and Night" is contributed by C. Y. Turner, the celebrated New York artist, whose fine color sense made him the choice of his brothers of the brush for director of color at the exposition.

* * *

The belief that all the blame for the troubles in China does not lie at the door of the Chinese is expressed in the July Forum by W. C. Jameson Reid, who supports his position by strong arguments. He narrates the story of the successive encroachments of European powers, and shows how natural it was that these aggressions should stimulate an anti-foreign spirit. Mr. Reid, who knows the East well, suggests that outside nations will find it more to their advantage to cultivate merely commercial relation with China, rather than an active political interest in that country.

Summer Term

Will begin at the Business University on Monday, July 8.

No Time For Supposing.

Boston Globe: Nebraska's crop of corn is likely to exceed that gathered last season by about 278,000,000 bushels. What will be the ruling price per bushel to the producer, do you suppose?

A Cautionary Signal.

Minneapolis Journal: A Nebraska man spanked his married daughter with a hard pine shingle because she was too giddy. The court dismissed his case, but laid it down that his act was unlawful.

Praises Pyramid Pile Cure.

Mrs. Aaron Medron, of Savannah, Ga., writes: "I had piles and rectal trouble for years until it was unbearable any longer. As I had often seen Pyramid Pile Cure advertised I determined to try it and for two years have never ceased to congratulate myself that I did so for I have been entirely cured of rectal troubles and two packages of the Pyramid did it."

The Pyramid Pile Cure contains no cocaine, opium nor any injurious drug whatever, and is absolutely safe, painless and never fails to cure piles in any form.

Druggists sell full sized treatment of this remedy for 50 cents.

CIRCUS DAY

Ringlings' Great Show Coming Here July 26.

Twenty Elephants Perform at One Time.

Twenty elephants performing in one ring, at one time, under the direction of one man—this is the startling trained animal novelty that Ringling Brothers will present to their thousands of patrons in this city when their great combined circus, menagerie and hippodrome exhibits in Duluth, Friday, July 26. Ringling Brothers have always been noted for their marvelous elephant performances. They were the first to recognize the public demand for something better than the old-time, stereotyped and clumsy trained elephant act, and they are the only managers who ever had the enterprise and daring to import an entire troupe of trained elephants from Europe. The Lockhart comedy elephants, which they imported especially for their great show, and which will be seen in a series of new and even more wonderful performances this season, are the talk of America, as they were the wonder and admiration of all Europe. Presented alone, these great animal actors easily surpass anything hitherto seen in this country, while in combination with Ringling Bros.' marvelous twenty-elephant act they form an ensemble of trained animal intelligence and immensity that fairly staggers the imagination. What it means to present a performance by twenty elephants, "in one ring, at one time," can only be realized when it is understood that the largest number of elephants hitherto performed together was only eight, and this was accomplished alone by Ringling Brothers' great corps of animal trainers. The performance given by this great company of elephants is so novel, so original and so varied that it would be a more simple task to describe what they do not do than to enumerate the marvelous things they actually accomplish. For it must be understood that these animals are not merely trained elephants. They are veritable animal actors, exhibiting the same degree of intelligence and the same artistic sense of the propriety of things, as the most careful and conscientious human performer. They form pyramids, stand on their head, walk on two legs, dance, engage in pugilistic encounters, organize themselves into a brass band, and actually play upon ponderous brass horns and other musical instruments, and, what is more surprising, present complete plays and comedies with an understanding and sense of humor such as no other animal in the whole realm of zoology could possibly equal. This great act does not exhaust the trained elephant features of the show, for there are thirty of these interesting and curious animals, including the famous Lockhart elephants.

The arenic features of Ringling Brothers' circus are especially strong this season; in fact, press and public have vied in declaring that this year's exhibition surpasses anything in the arenic line ever seen in America.

The only giraffe known to exist is a feature of Ringling Brothers' menagerie this season. The show exhibits in West Superior, Thursday, July 25.

FANNY MORANT DEAD.

An American Favorite Twenty Five Years Ago.

News has just been received here, says the Dramatic Mirror, of the death on Nov. 1, 1900, at Brighton, England, of the famous Fanny Morant, who a quarter of a century ago was among the most popular actresses on the American stage. She made her last appearance twenty years ago, and so completely did she hide herself in her retirement from the public eye that her old associates and admirers long since lost track of her. She is remembered by old theater-goers, however, as an actress of rare personality, grace and accomplishments, and regret over her passing, though tardy, is none the less sincere.

Miss Morant was born in Hampshire county, England, in 1821. She received her education in a convent in Paris. When she was but 16 her father died, and she became the bread winner for her mother and two younger sisters. For a time she was a governess, but that occupation ill suited her temperament, and she decided to go upon the stage. She made her first appearance at the Druary Lane theater under the management of James Anderson, as walking lady of the regular stock company. Her talent for the stage was so marked that very soon opportunities were offered to her to advance herself. She understudied the leading women of the company, and during her first season she often appeared in the heroine roles.

In 1858 Mr. Anderson brought her to America with his company for an eight months' season. At its conclusion Miss Morant decided to remain on this side of the Atlantic. She played here from that time until her retirement, 20 years ago. In 1857-58 she made a starring tour over the country, and upon her return to New York she was engaged as leading woman at the old roadway Theater, under the management of Edward Eddy. She made her first appearance there on October 18, 1858. The following summer she played in San Francisco, again with James Anderson. After five months in the West she came back to New York.

On January 28, 1860, Miss Morant was married in this city to Charles Smith, a wealthy manufacturer, of Warren, R. I. Her marriage did not interfere with her stage career. She was engaged by James Wallack to play the role of the Governess in "The Romance of a Poor Young Man," and her success in the part led to a permanent engagement with the Wallack company. She remained a member of that organization until the spring of 1869.

Miss Morant's next engagement—one of the most important of her career—was with the stock company at ooth's theater. She made her first appearance there as the Nurse in "Romeo and Juliet," in August, 1869. The next production was "Rip Van Winkle," with Joseph Jefferson in the title role, in which Miss Morant played "Gretchen." Subsequently at ooth's Theater she made notable successes as the Queen in "Hamlet," and as Lady Macbeth with Edwin Booth.

In June, 1870, she became a member of Augustin Daly's company at the Fifth Avenue theater, making her first appearance as the Countess Clothilde in Sardou's "Fernande." In the spring og 1871, she supported Charles Mathews in "Not Such a Fool as He Looks" at the Fifth Avenue. She remained a member of the Daly company until 1874, taking important parts in Qall of the productions made by that brilliant organization. Among the important roles that she originated was Olivia Alston in "Saratoga." When Daly's new Fifth Avenue theater, at 728 Broadway, was opened in 1873, she was prominent in the ceremonies attending the opening. Among her associates there at that time were William Davidge, Mrs. Gilbert, Fanny Davenport, James Lewis, George Clarke, Sara Jewett, Kate Claxton and Clara Morris.

In the summer of 1874, Miss Morant and Mr. Daly had a disagreement over the terms of a contract that resulted in a lawsuit. Mr. Daly won the suit and Miss Morant left his company to join the stock company at the Union Square theater. On Aug. 19, 1874, she made her first appearance at that play house in the part of Mrs. Reid in "Jane Eyre." In November, 1875, she originated the role of the Countess de Vernay in "Rose Michael," and the next month she originated in America the role of the Countess de Linieres in "The Orphans," both productions being at the Union Square. Her farewell to the stage occurred in 1879, when she appeared in the character of the Countess in "The Danicheffs."

Miss Morant's retirement from public life was occasioned by ill health. She went to Proidence, R. I., for rest, and finally settled there permanently. She was independently wealthy and passed the last years of her life in luxury. She went to England only a few months before her death.

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Koster and Bial's Is to Be Demolished.

New York, July 4.—The invasion of Herald Square by a great department store is, after all, to solve the problem of Koster and Bial's. All the managers in town have fought shy of it, and the theater has gone a-begging in vain for a lessee. The department store people have bought all the ground from Broadway right up to Koster and Bial's, which extends from Thirty-fourth to Thirty-fifth street. They have decided that they need the theater property, too, and while the actual sale has not been made, the negotiations are practically complete. The loss to the estate will be considerable, but the executors regard themselves as lucky to get rid of the hoodoo at any figure within reason. Unless something intervenes the tearing down process will be inaugurated within six weeks.

* * *

The appearance of Francis Wilson in "The Strollers" was not exactly all that the comedian had hoped for. His wishes dominated the production to such an extent that the book was calculated to give Wilson the choice of his life with never a rival near. The decks were truly cleared for him, and he prepared to receive all the bouquets. Sad to relate he failed to reckon on Marie George, into whose saucy little head there had crept a determination to make good. If Wilson had been better acquainted with Miss George he would have known she would surely do that. But he didn't look for it, and now he is wiser. Not only has he had to divide the honors with her, but there is considerable question if she does not really get more than her share of the applause. Her recent success in London has not spoiled her work, and she tries as hard to please as ever she did in the old Casino days. Irene Bentley, too, scored heavily, and both girls did full credit to George Lederer's hard training.

* * *

The hot weather was too much for Willie Collier, who quit right in the middle of the week. He will probably continue "On the Quiet" at the Madison Square, at the first sign of cool weather. "The Buxton Burglary" has closed, and the Herald Square will probably remain dark until Andrew Mack reopens it. "Florodora," "The Strollers," and "Captain Jinks," are running along all right, and the roof gardens are in full blast. The fall season is only five weeks away, and rehearsals are already going on with as much activity as the torrid weather will permit.

* * *

The theatrical folk have found time in the hot weather to take a kindly interest in the needs of an old newspaper man, Maj. George F. Williams. He has been playing in hard luck of late years. His work as war correspondent in the '60s and as the directing spirit of the Herald, and later of the Advertiser, has been forgotten in the Park Row sanctums, and the major has found it an exceedingly hard matter to make both ends meet. As a step toward making his old age more comfortable a benefit was given him last Monday night at the Herald Square. Among those who volunteered are Elita Proctor Otis, Marshall P. Wilder, Williams and Walker, Emma Carus, George Evans, George Fuller, Golden, Carrie Delmar, William Clifford and "Mickey" Finn.

* * *

Truly Edna Wallace Hopper is playing in hard luck. Not only did she have to change her matrimonial program to suit her one-time affianced's mother, now she is an heiress only on paper. For a few brief but never-to-be-forgotten days she had the Rialto guessing over that story that her fortune was not a cent less than $500,000, and, really, you know, it might be a million. The tip was so straight that all the papers clutched at it, and some even printed De Wolf Hoper's half tone in their excitement. Upper Broadway saw a new star and work galore for those who could get next, and many a fizz was consumed by the actor who had already engaged her to be his manager. Now it's only passee memory, and everybody will tell you that she or he "was on" from the very first time.

* * *

Kyrle Bellew's experience in Australian camp life must have been very interesting according to letters and photographs he has sent in advance of his visit to the states this fall. He was located on the Palmer river in North Queensland and a thousand miles from civilization. The actor has owned mining property in this section for several years and makes periodical visits to it. "My Home," as he labels one photo of his tent, shows the actor at work at a rude desk under a canvas covering 9½ by 7½ feet. Bellew spends more than half of his time in the saddle and mails only reach him once a week. He will be very fit, as he puts it, when he visits us to present "A Gentleman of France."

* * *

It is a far cry back to the days when McKee Rankin put up the Third Avenue theater and tried his hand at managing it and acting there. Since then it has been the theatrical shuttlecock of the town, and everything has been tried within its walls. This fall there will be a new deal on, and it will be opened with an elaborate production of "Faust," at Third Avenue prices, however. The elaborateness is called forth by the fact that Joseph Chamberlain is to appear as a star in the time-honored play.

One of the most interesting of the foreign stars who are to visit the states shortly is Mme. Charlotte Wiehe Berini. She is known to Europe as Mlle. Charlotte Wiehe, and is a Danish actress who has achieved a phenomenal success as a mimic and pantomimist. Her recent performances of "L'Enfant Poodique" made a sensation in Paris. The French capital was then surprised by the announcement that Mlle. Wiehe and M. Victor Maurel, the famous barytone, had formed an alliance and would appear together on the dramatic stage in a new play by M. Francois Croisset. M. Maurel secured a temporary release from the Opera Comique, and there were rumors that his affection for the charming actress had as much, if not more, to do with the venture as his hope of pecuniary gain. The play, "Je ne Sais Quoi," was produced at the Capucines theater, and was a great success.

John Drew seems to be drawing all the Frohman prizes these days. His pull was big enough to secure him "Richard Carvel" after that play had been promised to James K. Hackett, and this respite the fact that Hackett was the one eminently fitted for that part, both by age and by ability for dramatic acting. Frohman's decision sent Hackett away as an independent manager, and "Richard Carvel" failed to set New York afire. Now Frohman has gone and done it all over again. Faversham, as a reward for his great work with the stock company at the Empire, is to be starred really in place of Hackett. He was promised "The Second in Command," the play by Capt. Marshall, which has scored a tremendous hit in London. hTe hero is young, and the part calls for such acting as Faversham excels in. Faversham grew enthusiastic, and one day explained to a group of friends exactly how he meant to treat the part. Two days later came the cabled announcement that Frohman had given this play to John Drew, and Faversham will have to content himself with "A Royal Rival." This brings him into direct competition with Hackett, who will present the same hero under the title of "Don Caeser's Return." All the consolation Faversham got was in the shape of orders to get ready to open at the Criterion a week earlier than Hackett will at Wallack's. The latter meanwhile has had an opportunity in England to see the Frohman's version, which is now playing in the provinces.

But the Don Caesar warfare is not to end here. The Hacket version is by Victor Mapes, but friends of Theodore Burt Sayre maintain that he wrote a version and submitted it to Hackett more than a year ago. Hackett had the Mapes version in hand and declined the other, whereupon Sayre sent it to London to Louis Walter. The same friends declare that although Gerald de Maurier's name is attached, "A Royal Rival," the play in which Waller is now appearing, is really the work of Sayre. There will be legal proceedings galore over here and possibly in England.

Miss Cecilia Loftus bade farewell to vaudeville in a manner that was neither exciting nor profitable. She was advertised weeks in advance for her farewell matinee at the Herald Square, and an extra force of policemen was in readiness to keep the crowd in order. The result was saddening. The crowd could have had four seats apiece had it been so minded, and what is worse displayed the bad taste of preferring imitation to that wonderful one-act play in admiring which Miss Loftus up-to-date stands conspicuously alone. She will come back to us in the fall as E. H. Sothern's leading lady, and if she only gives us an imitation of Virginia Harned all will be forgiven.

When Bernhardt presented "L'Aiglon" for the first time in London, Ellen Terry was in the audience. The Bernhardt manager was very busy when Miss Terry arrived, and scouting the idea of waiting until the courtesies of the house could be extended to her the actress indignantly decided to buy her seats in the pit. An American friend who was present describes her actions as most remarkable—for her. In the first place she sat remarkably still. Next to her was a woman with a baby, and before the first act was ended that baby was in Miss Terry's arms. It was after the second act that her identity was discovered, and the mother was delighted. When it was all over Miss Terry kissed the baby twice and handed it back to the mother. Every one waited until she had passed, and as she reached the door they gave her such cheers as Bernhardt had acted for in vain. Later she told some friends that she had enjoyed herself immensely, but most of all what the baby's mother said. It was: "Hon my word! If I 'ad known of this 'onner a day sooner, ma'am. She was christened yesterday the baby was; 'er name are Mary Eliza, but I sure would have called 'er Ellen if I'd honly known. Do yer suppose it'd 'urt 'er, ma'am, if I was to christen 'er twice?"

Young Cyril Scott has decided to remain with "Florodora" all summer and probably for another year. He will not appear in Harry B. Smith's "Liberty Bells," which opens in Philadelphia early in September.

There is another Hammerstein in the field in the person of Harry, who in appearance more closely resembles his father than do his brothers. Young Hammerstein conducted the Columbia theater in Harlem until it passed into Proctor's hands, and now he is to open the Madison Square Garden roof garden and enter into a keen rivalry with his doughty father for the up-in-the-air shekels. Of the other sons Willie is actively helping Oscar in the Paradise, while Arthur, who has inherited much of the Hammerstein genius for invention, is devoting himself to decoration. He has attended to that feature of the Victoria and the Republic.

From negro servant to heroine is quite a jumq, but Amy Richard has won this promotion by her excellent work in "Janice Meredith." Frank McGee has assigned her to the title role in his road campany, which is to visit the places not touched by Miss Mannering. McKee has signed Tom Browne, the whistler, formerly of "A Trip to Chinatown," and recently of "My Lady" for the support of Peter F. Dailey in "Champagne Charley."

The ill-fated "Miss Printt," introduced to the public by Marie Dressler, was the means of attracting attention to a very clever young actor in the person of Thomas Evans. His presentation of the sporting editor was one of the best pieces of character work seen last season. He has been engaged by Klaw and Erlanger for their comedy company, "The Rogers Brothers in Washington."

The Casino in the hands of the Shubert Bros., will be devoted to light opera, musical comedy and burlesque. The Sires would have kept it if they could have presented their own productions there. The New York keeps them busy, and they decided not to have any more iron in the fire. The Shuberts have been remarkably successful so far. They came to town almost strangers, and they have done well with the Herald Square. They now control theaters in Buffalo, Syracuse, Rochester, Utica and Troy, and with two on Broadway they will be formidable rivals for Frohman.

Vincente Serrano is a young man who has done remarkably well for the time he has been on the stage. He has just been selected as leading man for Elsie de Wolfe. Serrano's first notable work was done with Annie Russell, and at one time report had it that he and the actress were to wed. Last season he made a great hit as the hero in "Arizona," and later he took part in Nat Goodwin's "Merchant of Venice."

"Yours Merrily" John Rogers writes that he will startle Europe with Corinne. He is confident that the crowned heads will fall over one another in their wild rush to see the little wonder, who not so many years ago was posing as the girl actress. He will direct her tour in Europe in a new musical play based on Spanish life.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Robert Taber is to play Ben Hur in London.

Kathryn Kidder may revive "Mme. Sans Gene."

Elita Proctor Otis is to star in "The Brixton Burglary."

Dan Daly is to be a cowboy in Harry B. Smith's new play.

There will be three "Florodora" companies next season.

In England, Corinne is to star in "An American in England."

Olga Nethersole has arranged to appear abroad all next season.

New York has a floating theater, the steamer Grand Republic.

Henrietta Crosman is to do "The School for Scandal" next season.

Isadore Rush is the guest of Lillian Russell at her country seat at Far Rockaway.

Russ Whytal and Maclyn Arbuckle will be seen in Stuart Robson's revival of "The Henrietta."

It will be twenty-five years on Aug. 13, since the opening of the Wagner theater at Bayreuth.

"Jack and the Beanstalk" has been added to the repertoire of the Wilbur-Kirwin Opera company.

Roland Reed's old comedy, "The Wrong Mr. Wright," will be revived for road purposes next season.

Twelve New York theaters are open, nine furnish vaudeville; Keith's is the only house open in Philadelphia.

Robert Mantell's repertoire for the coming season will include "Hamlet," "Richelieu," "Othello," "Richard III," and "Romeo and Juliet."

The principal engagements for the Lulu Glazier Opera company us to date, include Ritchie Ling, Van Rensalaer Wheeler and Mark Smith.

The Siberians like their plasures long drawn out. The play begins at 8 and ends at 1 o'clock, and usually five acts, with 15-minute waits between each act.

Edwin Milton Boyle may be added to the list of headliners in vaudeville who will desert that brand of the profession. He expects to have a new play completed in September with a suitable part for Selina Fetter.

King Edward has given strict injunctions that no immoralities in the way of stage literature shall be permitted to pass through the censor's hands without expurgation. He also has decided that the renewal of licenses to reproduce in London certain well-known plays shall be refused point-blank.

Hall Caine is still in Rome, where he has been preparing for his new play, based on modern life in the Italian capital. He will call it "The Eternal City," and the sketches he has made of scenes in Rome will be used by the scene painters. Viola Allen is said to be going to confer with Caine about her part in the play.

The comic opera "The Explorers," produced in Chicago last week, is a satire on polar expeditions, and has for its principal settings a scene in Madagascar, a scene in the Hotel Nimit in Chicago, and a scene in Lincoln Park in winter. A native chorus is presented in the first scene, and the management adds to the beauty of the scene by tropical coloring. The Hotel Limnt scene introduces a chorus of diningroom girls, and specialties by the Shooting Star Repertory company. In the carst are: Charles Dickson, Edward Mackay, Ruth White.

Few of the teams in vaudeville this season have scored a hit equal to that achieved by the Twin Nieces (girl and boy, singers and dancers, the former a beautiful and shapely miss of 17. After a lengthy engagement in a musical farce last season they were engaged for the Keith circuit. When their act was seen in the mertopolis, they were offered engagements covering 100 weeks in the United States and Europe. The twins, however, accepted but little of the time, as they have been offered places in a big musical production which will be disclosed next season.

James K. Hackett returned from his brief trip to England on Friday, says the Dramatic Mirror. His stay on the other side was of only four days' duration. The managerial "Napoleon" (save the mark!. has changed the opening date for William Faversham in Sayre's Don Caesar play at the Criterion to August 26, in order to forestall Mr. Hackett's production of Victor Mapes' Don Caesar play on September 2 at Wallack's. If I mistake not Mr. Hackett announced the time and place of his opening about eight months ago, long before the other production was thought of. The change that Charles Frohman has made in Mr. Faversham's date, therefore, is solely for the purpose of "getting ahead of Mr. Hackett.

It is possible to say in advance that at least one feature of the new "Cyrano de Bergerac," on which Walter Damrosch is now engaged, will be quite out of the prevailing style of opera composers. The music of Roxane's part has been written for that neglected member of the operatic group, the coloratura soprano, who after a triumphant feign is now likely to become the Cinderella of the family. For a long time she had things her own way and hers was the kingdom of opera. But she has dropped now into second place not altogether because her kind is not what it was, although that fact had its share in the present condition, but rather because there remain in the operatic repertoire few works that repay her effort.

"The Emerald Isle" is the title of the new operetta which has just been produced in London and which is said to approach nearer to traditions of the famous little Savoy Theater than any other sung since the last really successful Gilbert and Sullivan work was given there. This was "The Gondoliers," for those produced after it did not equal the earlier operas in popular or critical regard. Capt. Basil Hood was the librettist of "The Emerald Isle," and the music, begun by Sir Arthur Sullivan, was completed by Edward German. The text would seem a little too local in its humor to interest American audiences, although its sentimental elements are conventional enough. The story is scarcely varied from the customary manoeuvres of the Irish colleen, her lover, the spy (this time a comic one), the high-born young lady and her patriot lover, the soldiers and the rebels that figure in all Irish operas and dramas as their stock characters. Some of the lyrics are neat and fanciful and the dialogue is at times bright, although Capt. Hood has indulged unduly, even according to English views, his taste for puns. But the book is said to move briskly, the music is the best heard since Sir Arthur was at his best and the audience gratefully proclaimed the opera a success.

Don H. Bacon

The Iron King of Birmingham, As Viewed By a Southern Writer.

Homer George, in the Atlanta, Ga., Sunny South: Birmingham has a man whose very presence fills the atmosphere with a filmy dread. That man is Don H. Bacon—a small man with a small name. But a man with brain, with energy, with determination, with nerve, with training, with ability and withal power.

Mr. Bacon is chairman of the board of control of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company, the largest corporation in the Birmingham district. This corporation owns and works the largest amount of coal lands of any company in the South. It owns and works the largest number of iron furnaces of any company in the district. It owns and works the largest steel plant in the South. And it employs several thousand men. The company owns a total of 428,648 acres of various coal and mineral lands in the states of Alabama and Tennessee, which lands yielded 7,809,927 tons of the five products of the company in 1899. The company bosses the men who work these acres and all men connected with the handling of the products, from miners to sales agents. It is autocrat of all—an enormous sovereignty.

Don H. Bacon is boss of the company and his power is absolute in all respects.

Little wonder he is feared. Little wonder all the horde of employes tremble in his presence. Yet with all this power there would not be the dread of him that fills the minds of the hundreds of employes were it not for the fact that he is known as an absolutely fearless man in the district. All realize that to come into disfavor in his eyes is to lose such positions as are held. The amount of stock you may hold, the influence you may control does not count. It is all the same. Unless you have his favor you have no position.

When he was first appointed chairman of the board of control he came to Birmingham and created the most absolute sensation of the year by asking for resignations and discharging men on an extensive scale. Men of money, men of training, men of some ability and men of great influence—all fell before his word. I do not recall the number of changes made, but they were numerous. One story is told of a visit by him to the Ensley steel plant. There he found men at work with a nervous haste. He walked in the place and glanced about him. He asked the name of workmen, pointing toward them and when answered requested the superintendent to give them a week's notice and let them leave.

And so he established an authority no one dares question. His every order, no difference to whom given or on what subject, is obeyed with a startling alacrity. His presence in the district keys the nerves of all the company's employes to the highest pitch. He commands without hesitation and his men must obey without hesitation.

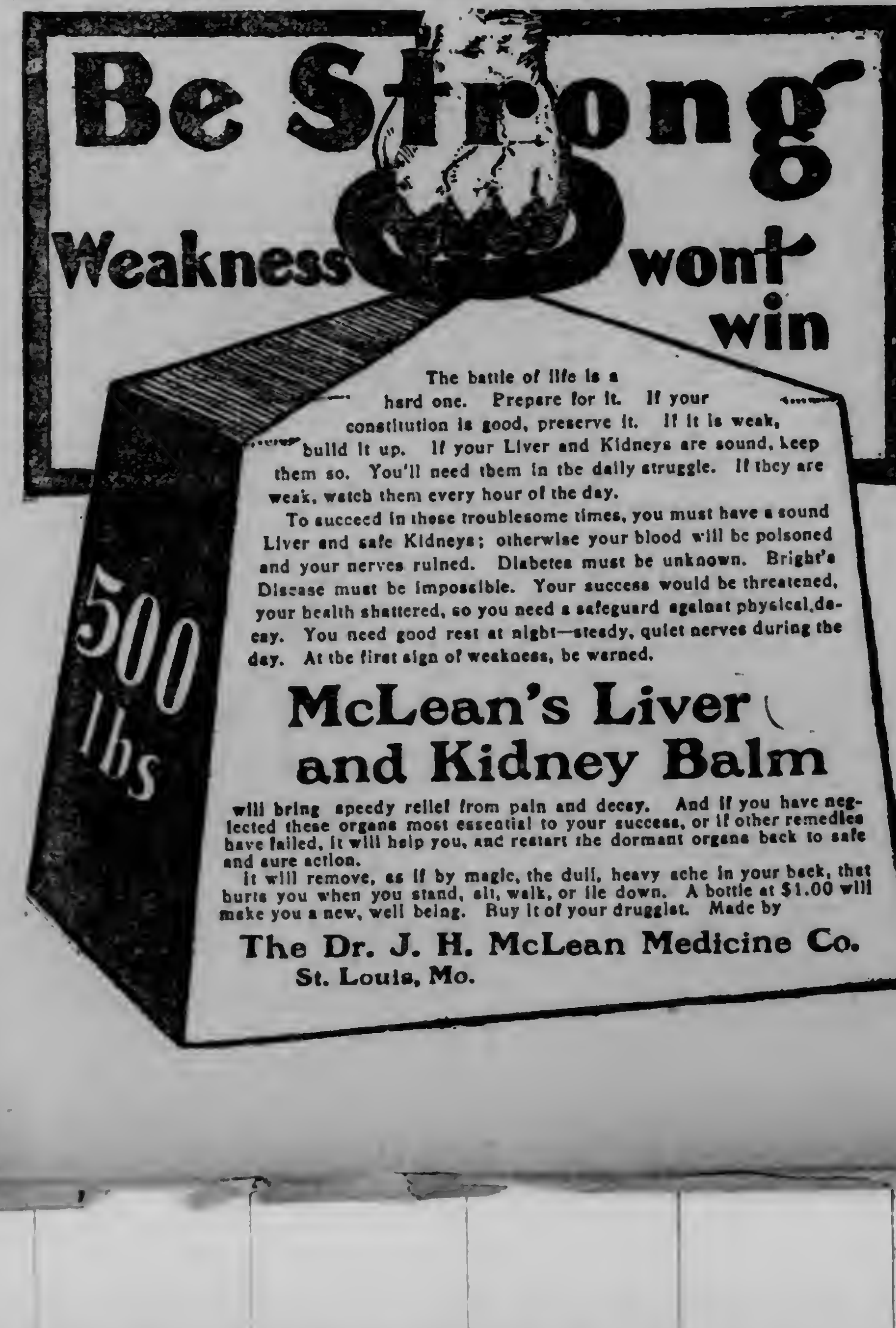
The man—he is small of stature, cold eyes, firm jaws, controlling lips, broad brow, elastic step, strongly muscled, with a rather loud voice. He talks by using a few words. He never hesitates to tell what he thinks you should know. Then he stops. He speaks plainly, though not bluntly. But he never says too much. He is not unkind; but he is busy. He cannot be worried by long conversations. He has too many duties to perform for the Tennessee Coal and Iron company. He is its boss.

Mr. Bacon is a Western man. He is a self-made man. He is a man who begun at the very bottom. He is a man who at one time performed manual labor. He is untiring. And the success he has won has been a deserving success, hard-worked for, and for a long time sparingly given him. Little else is known of him, because he is feared. He is possibly more wonderful than Schwab—the million-dollar-a-year-man. If he is not more so, he is certainly as much so. And he is different in one respect. That he is satisfied to be Mr. Bacon without letting the world know too much about him or placing himself in public light always. But he is older than Mr. Schwab. That may be the reason of it all.

With all of Mr. Bacon's autocratic policy there is a soft and manly feeling about him that appeals to any man who loves the fearless and true. This is shown no better than by his actions while president of the Minnesota Iron company. It is stated that the policy of the company under his management was most altruistic, and in many respects unique as to its employes. The company for the last five or six years previous to the time Mr. Bacon left it employed about 1900 men. In all its history a pay day was never missed and invariably cash was given the employes. This, though at one time it gave a bonus of $700 to secure $7000 currency, and at times it was impossible to get cash on the paper of the largest steel companies in the country with the Minnesota's indorsement.

Mr. Bacon was born in 1850 in Bradford county, Pennsylvania, and in 1862 went West and located in Michigan. When 19 years of age he became a telegraph operator for the Cleveland Mining company, which has since become the Cleveland-Cliffs at Ishpeming. He studied the science of iron mining—an industry then in its infancy as far as the West was concerned. He began at the bottom in the state of Michigan and grew up with the industry. By steps successive he passed from operator to timekeeper, to cashier, to assistant superintendent, until he reached the superintendency of the mine in 1880. In 1883, when Jay C. Morse retired, he became agent, or manager, for the mine. In that position he remaned until 1887, when he went to Minnesota.

From that time Mr. Bacon's rise has been as natural and as sequential as the rise of all the men of genius, fearlessness and ability. From manager of the Minnesota he soon was promoted to the presidency. Then he was further promoted to the chairmanship of the Tennessee Coal and Iron company, where he is adding to his success and reputation by the manner in which he is managing the affairs of the company—a company with $34,000,000 assets and employing about 14,000 men.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To succeed in these troublesome times, you must have a sound Liver and safe Kidneys; otherwise your blood will be poisoned and your nerves ruined. Diabetes must be unknown. Bright's Disease must be impossible. Your success would be threatened, your health shattered, so you need a safeguard against physical decay. You need good rest at night—steady, quiet nerves during the day. At the first sign of weakness, be warned.
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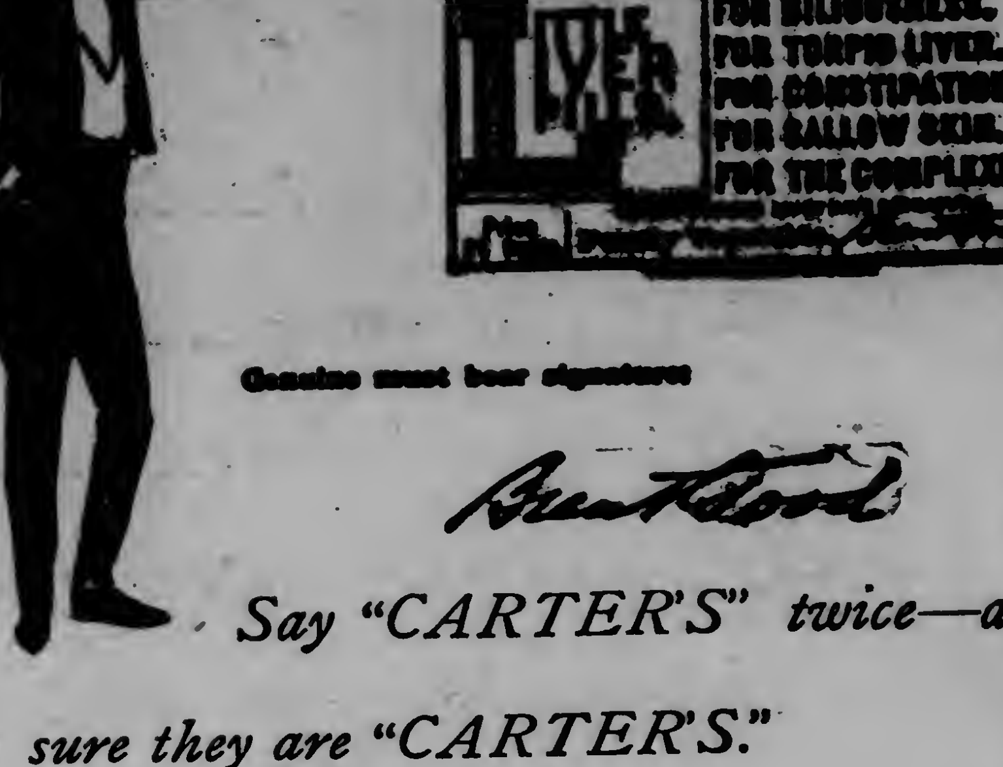
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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time). July 6.—The barometer is low over Lake Superior, and high over Central and Southern states, and the North Pacific coast. Cool temperatures prevail over Lake Superior, with moderately warm in Central and Southern states. Showers fell over the lake region, North Atlantic and Gulf states, heavy at Port Arthur, Buffalo and New York. The winds in the lake region are fresh westerly. Clear skies are the rule in districts west of the Mississippi river.

Maximum temperatures in last twenty-four hours:

Abilene	98	Medicine Hat	74
Battleford	72	Memphis	92
Bismarck	76	Milwaukee	90
Boston	70	Minnedosa	72
Buffalo	82	Modena	90
Calgary	72	Montgomery	90
Charleston	84	Moorhead	74
Chicago	90	New Orleans	88
Cincinnati	92	New York	90
Davenport	86	North Platte	86
Denver	88	Oklahoma	102
Detroit	88	Omaha	84
Dodge City	90	Pittsburg	90
Duluth	64	Port Arthur	58
Edmonton	82	Portland	80
El Paso	100	Qu'Appelle	70
Escanaba	68	Rapid City	86
Galveston	88	San Francisco	74
Green Bay	82	Santa Fe	84
Havre	80	Shreveport	94
Helena	82	Spokane	84
Houghton	62	St. Louis	100
Huron	81	St. Paul	78
Jacksonville	88	Sault Ste. Marie	60
Kansas City	90	Swift Current	74
Knoxville	94	Washington	94
La Crosse	80	Williston	78
Los Angeles	80	Winnemucca	90
Marquette	62	Winnipeg	74

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Sunday. Warmer tonight; fresh winds, mostly westerly.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecaster Official.

Chicago, July 6.—Forecasts: For Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Sunday except probable showers and warmer in northeast portion tonight.

For Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Sunday.

North and South Dakota—Generally fair tonight and Sunday. Slight changes in temperature.

Upper Lakes—Fresh westerly winds, becoming variable and decreasing. Generally fair except possibly howers on extreme Northern Huron and Eastern Superior tonight.

Higher Bonds to Be Exacted.

Canadian horse owners who have been bringing their horses into the United States, ostensibly for racing purposes only, are somewhat annoyed by a new ruling of the treasury department. Secretary Gage has decided that when animals are brought into the United States for racing or exhibition purposes, bonds to the full value of the animals so entered shall be deposited with the collector at the port of entry. Heretofore it has been the custom to merely deposit a nominal bond, the customs officials taking it for granted that the owner intended to export the animal at once. This concession was made so that there might be the fullest possible attendance of foreign horses,cows and other animals at the various agricultural fairs here. Canadian stock owners were the main beneficiaries of the privilege. It was learned recently that certain owners were taking advantage of this to get valuable horses and stock into this country for the purpose or selling them. After depositing a small bond for the entrance of a blooded horse, for instance, they would report to the collector that they had decided not to take the horse back, and duty would be paid in proportion to the amount of the bond. In this way undervaluation was constantly occurring. Secretary Gage has stopped this by notifying all collectors that the value of animals thus admitted shall be closely examined into and bond exacted to the full limit. Probably only a small number of the Canadian stockowners abused the privilege that has heretofore been extended, and it seems too bad that the others should suffer, but there does not appear to be any other way to stop the fraudulent practice.

The Steel Trust's Dividend.

The recent declaration by the directors of the United States Steel company of dividends of 1¾ per cent on the preferred and 1 per cent on the common—presumably quarterly dividends—means that with the full $1,100,000,000 capital of the company issued it will require at this rate about $75,000,000 a year to meet the dividends and pay the interest at 5 per cent on the $304,000,000 of bonds. The Iron Trade Review figures that this would mean $10 on every ton of product available to dividends, apart from the profits necessary for renewals, depreciation and sinking fund. It need scarcely be said that such a scale of profits is essentially an attendant of pronounced prosperity. Should the steel trade slacken considerably, where would the dividends for the common stock come from? Te fact is that the capital stock of the trust represents too much water.

Redeeming Imprinted Checks.

A roar has gone up all over the country from merchants and others over the announcement that the government would keep all unusued imprinted checks as vouchers for the money paid for them. Money firms have large quantities of imprinted check books, and they would sustain quite a loss if the blank checks were not returned to them after being redeemed. So great has been the outcry in the past four days that Commissioner Yerkes is considering the question of returning the checks after paying the rebate. It has been the custom of the internal revenue office to retain among its files for record purposes all stamps, checks and other instruments that have been redeemed. It was intended to follow the same course with stamped checks, and the various collectors of internal revenue were instructed accordingly. Commissioner Yerkes has instructed his assistants to see if they can devise some scheme by which the redeemed checks can be returned to their owners without embarrassing the department or leaving it unprotected. There has also been a lot of criticism over the fact that unused bank checks will not be redeemed unless presented in quantities the value of $2 or or more. These instructions, however, are provided by law, and it is impossible for the commissioner to change them.

IS PATRIOTISM WANING?

The Fourth of July with its attendant celebration has passed. For one day the nation took upon itself holiday attire and with the noise of drum and cannon and the shouts of the populace celebrated the anniversary of the Declaration of Independence. Why this display of banners, this music, this speechmaking, this jubilation? The answer comes, because 125 years ago the continental congress declared that "these colonies are, and of right ought to be, free and independent states."

We celebrate the beginning of a nation; a meager beginning of an almost hopeless attempt. We celebrate an act, against the ultimate success of which the chances then stood ten to one. The act was important only in its relation to subsequent events. Had the arms of the fathers become nerveless; had no assistance come from abroad, the declaration of independence would have been a hollow mockery. Had the armies of the Confederacy prevailed, then over one-half of this great empire the celebration of the Fourth of July would have had no meaning.

It may be Providence—it may be the chance of war, but this day, the anniversary of the nation's birth, has become the day of our nation's preservation and the day of the consummation of the greatest victory of modern times. When on July 4, 1863, the 30,000 Confederate soldiers under the gallant Pemberton laid down their arms and surrendered to the victorious Grant at Vicksburg, and when on that same day, "Gen. Lee, the flower of Southern chivalry, beaten and backward reeled, from a stubborn Meade and a barren field," and the army of the Potomac stood breathless but triumphant on the bloody field of Gettysburg, the nation was born again—and the Declaration of Independence became a living thing. It became a harmonious declaration of national principles, and not an oracle to be construed to meet the exigencies of the hour. Let the nation celebrate the declaration of the fathers. It was a daring act, but of far greater importance to the nation and to the human race was that other declaration on July 4, 1863—that declaration from the cannon's mouth—that declaration emphasized with shell and grape and cannister; that declaration written in blood by the remorseless hand of death; that declaration which announced that these United States of right ought to be and are forever free and united.

Many who on July 4, 1898, thrilled with a feeling of pride as they listened to the details of the destruction of the Spanish squadron off Santiago, remembered that other day, thirty-five years before, when amid the same celebration the wonderful news came of the surrender of Pemberton and of the awful carnage on the field of Gettysburg. These days marked the turning points in the history of the nation. The Declaration of Independence gave the colonies a standing among the nations of the earth. The new baptism of July 4, 1863, completed the work of the fathers and established the constitution as the supreme law of the land. The Fourth of July, 1898, ushered in the new era of world influence. To this point the evolution of the nation had been toward unity—toward a solidified nationality beneath the constitution. Shall the achievement of July 4, 1776, and the victories of 1863 and 1898 be ignored and the fruits destroyed? Shall the constitution which has cost so much become a mere shuttle in the hands of an inconsistent weaver? Is the spirit of '76, and '63 and '98 departed? Has the spirit of commercialism swallowed up the ancient patriotism of the people? We think not. When the time comes for an expression: when the people see the danger in which the constitution has been placed by the builders of an imperial policy, there will be but one voice, but one cry: "The constitution and its integrity forever."

A NEEDED REFORM.

So great has the abuse of the second-class privileges of the postal department become that Postmaster General Smith has decided to take the matter in hand and make a start, at least, in correcting some of the most flagrant of the abuses which come within his authority. There are many glaring misuses at the hands of congressmen, and there are many things outside of the second-class department which go to make the annual deficit in the postal service, but they must be rectified by congress, if at all, and cannot be relieved by the department without authority.

The reform which Postmaster General Smith has decided to inaugurate has to do with periodicals of various kinds which depend largely on gift enterprises, guessing contests or nominal subscription rates for their circulation. By the new regulations a vast amount of matter which is now sent through the mails at 1 cent a pound will be forced to pay at least 8 cents or will not be carried. The Herald approves of this move of the postmaster general, and believes that it is a step in the right direction. People who subscribe for a newspaper or periodical with which some premium is given do so largely for the sake of securing the premium and not because they want the paper or magazine. They receive it because it is included in the offer. Then, again, complaint is very frequently heard that subscribers who agreed to take a paper or periodical for a certain length of time for the sake of securing the premium have had difficulty in stopping it at the end of the period for which they subscribed.

There are numerous other annoying features connected with the securing of circulation by means of premium offers. The Herald does not believe in them and has never used them. It believes that every paper should stand on its merits; that its subscribers should be subscribers because they want the paper and not because they can get something for nothing in the way of side issues. The postmaster general has started in the right direction. Let the good work go on. It will not interfere with legitimate newspapers or periodicals.

IT LOOKS LIKE WAR.

The report is out that Congressman Littlefield of Maine, the man who stands in Tom Reed's shoes, will throw his influence and his vote in the scale for tariff reform. Littlefield is a man of brains and backbone. It was Littlefield who stood in his place in the house and pronounced, in language that admitted of no misunderstanding, his eternal opposition to the iniquitous Porto Rican tariff act. He was one of the few Republicans who refused to be whipped into line for that nefarious piece of legislation. He was borne down by the force of numbers, but his speech went out to the people as one of the severest arraignments of the Republican administration. Littlefield is a lawyer, a statesman and a patriot. The party lash has no more terrors for him than it had for James G. Blaine or Thomas B. Reed. Like these men, whose honored place he now occupies, he is a protectionist, but not a blind worshipper of a schedule. He knows that the time has arrived for the nation to throw off its industrial swaddling clothes. He knows that the time has arrived when the people should not be taxed to "build up" industries which are menacing the trade of every corner of the globe. These things he knows, and he has the honesty and courage to declare it to the world.

To the intelligent observer of the commercial signs of the times it seems strange that the whole Republican party does not see the approaching storm and make haste to avert it or seek cover. There is no doubt about the fact that Europe is arming, as it were, against the American invasion. The attitude of Russia, brought about by the foolish action of Secretary Gage, is a fit index of the sentiment over continental Europe. For years the United States has kept up a wall against their products. We were exclusive and demanded nothing of them. They sought our markets and we fought them off. Now the tables are turned. We want to enter their markets with our surplus, and their turn has come. We cannot eat our pie and keep it too. We cannot exclude foreign products and hope to be allowed to enter foreign markets. The problem is so simple that a fool ought not to be led astray. Yet we find a large majority of a dominant party advocating a policy which will hermetically seal every foreign market to American products.

The Republican press condemns Russia for what it is pleased to call excessive retaliation for the countervailing duty on sugar placed there by Secretary Gage. It was not the prohibition of Russian sugar which was at the bottom of the action of Russia. That was but an excuse. The attitude of the American congress on all matters of trade was at the bottom of this affair. When a nation negotiates commercial treaties and then repudiates them, it may expect some kind of retaliation. Europe is going to teach the American people that the time has come for them to take a dose of their own medicine, and it will be given with a large spoon too.

This situation is seen by Babcock and Littlefield and Cullom and many other Republican members of congress. They know that the tariff must be revised, but it is difficult to get a proper excuse to attack this sacred white elephant of the G. O. P. Babcock chose to use the trust as a medium to take off the curse of his iconoclastic innovation. The trust is a good scapegoat—no one will object, but the trusts.

THE GIANT INDUSTRY.

It is stated by Carl Hovey in Ainslee's Magazine that the value of railroad investments in the United States is $13,000,000,000. This includes 37,000 locomotives and 1,500,000 cars. He estimates that one-fifth of all the money in the world is invested in railroads, and says that among the great business enterprises of the country the railroad is "the giant of them all." In 1899 the railroads of the country earned $140,000,000 on 190,000 miles of main track and 60,000 miles of double and side tracks, and gave employment to 1,000,000 men.

And all this enormous business, incomprehensive in volume, has grown up in seventy-three years—during the lifetime of a man. In 1828 there were but three miles of track and two little locomotives. Then consider not only the railroad business itself, but the other industries that it calls into being and supports—machine shops, locomotive factories, steel rail plants and other industrial concerns depending largely upon the railroads as their patrons.

Then these million workmen support perhaps 3,000,000 or 4,000,000 other people—wives, children and other dependents—besides helping to support business men of all kinds and their dependents. The railroad came just in time, as great things and great men usually do; what could the country have done without it?

ECONOMY REQUIRED.

An annual surplus of $75,864,990 is shown by the government's balance sheet for the fiscal year ended June 20, 1901, the total receipts having been $585,843,309, and the total disbursements $509,983,310. The previous year's surplus was $79,527,060. Although the total receipts from all sources showed a gain of $18,607,457 over last year, the expenditures were $22,269,519 greater, reaching a total only exceeded since the civil war period by the fiscal year ended June 30, 1899, which covered the end of the Spanish and the beginning of the Filipino wars. This accounts for the reduction in the surplus.

The surplus during the coming fiscal year will be much reduced by the repeal of stamp duties and special taxes, the estimated decrease being $40,000,000. Yet the people of the United States will still be contributing the enormous sum of $545,000,000 to run the various departments of the government. This is an enormous sum, and there are very many people who believe, with good reason, that it is too heavy a burden. There is no doubt that it could be lightened materially without impairing the efficiency of any department of the public service. The practice of economy in expenditures would make possible a much greater reduction in revenues than was effected by the last congress. The cost of our military establishment has been increased nearly $10,000,000, although the administration claims that the Filipino war has been ended. Civil and miscellaneous expenses have been increased $16,500,000, and the cost of the navy has been raised $4,500,000. There is need of economy at Washington, and the people will look to the next session of congress to practice it.

It was stated at the meeting of the president and cabinet Friday, that the date of the opening of the Kiowa, Comanche and Wichita reservations will be announced on Monday. It comes from an authoritative source that in spite of the efforts of the "sooners" and the "boomers" on the edge of the reservations to prevent a fair distribution of the newly opened lands by denouncing as immoral any form of lot-drawing for order of precedence, Secretary Hitchcock is going to adopt just that method. Everyone who wishes to become a bona fide settler may go to the nearest local land office and prove his right. If he can do this he will be given a chance in the drawing and the number he draws will determine his place in the order of the selection of homesteads. There will be no more race running or fighting over priority of claims, but the whole affair will be managed with as good order as a rural vendue in the East.

The Trans-Siberian railway solves the problem of a land route between the Far East and Europe, but it is hardly the best possible solution, and already steps are being taken toward creating a rail connection through Southern Asia. A line through Asia Minor, Persia, Beluchistan, India, Burma and China would not be exposed to winter interruptions of traffic equally with the trans-Siberian line and would have the additional advantage of traversing a more productive and populous region.

"Community of interest" has checked the building of new railways. The Railroad Gazette's figures show less than 2000 miles of new track for the past six months, as against 2110 miles for the same period of 1900. Texas and Oklahoma lead in new construction. The Southwest is probably the only section where there are not plenty of railroads to care for the traffic.

The Sioux City, Ia., Commercial club has employed a "commissioner" to look after railroad rates for that city. There is plenty of work that such an official could do in behalf of Duluth. Railroad freight rate discrimination now diverts to other channels trade that should come to Duluth.

The Washington Post notes that while the Ohio Republican platform jollies the negroes the ticket does not bear the name of a colored man. Did the Post expect evidence that the Ohio Republican platform meant what they said about the colored brother?"

Kidnaping is punishable by death in Illinois, the new law going into effect July 1. The first one to die for such an offense will establish a world wide precedent. It is doubtful if kidnaping will flourish in Illinois in the future.

George Washington's family coach has at last been presented to the Ladies' union of America, and will be placed on exhibition at Mt. Vernon. All the automobiles in creation will never succeed in overshadowing it.

The managers of the Pan-American exposition are claiming that they will be able to pay all expenses and have a balance left to declare dividends. They will have to revise their figures at the close of the exposition.

A Todd county paper publishes a list of rules on "How to Keep Cool." The best and only safe rule is to come to Duluth and enjoy the delightful breeze from Lake Superior.

The dowager empress of China fears that she will be trapped if she returns to Pekin. There is a possibility some dime museum manager might want her for a freak.

The Detroit News notes that men who cheat the state out of millions of dollars of taxes are awfully indignant because the tax commission spends money in finding them.

Oregon claims to have produced a cross between the strawberry and the raspberry, but it is safe to claim that it is not a better berry than the strawberry.

The supreme court of the District of Columbia has declared croquet a nuisance. Have the learned judges of that court ever saw a game of golf?

Returns show that the toy pistol, the giant fire cracker and the mud can did a rushing business on the Fourth. And then the surgons were kept busy.

One of the best things of the baccalaureate season was this from President Hadley: "Life is a measure to be filled, not a cup to be drained."

The man who founded Dawson City died a millionaire. Others who found the city later are not in any danger of dying as millionaires.

A Canadian paper has evolved from its inner consciousness what it calls "the higher jingoism." The phrase will be appreciated.

Congressman Grosvenor is talking against tariff revision. What else could be expected from the mouth piece of the trusts?

In England the Liberal party is looking for a leader. It has been in bad shape sicne William E. Gladstone passed from earth.

Lipton's London tea stores made $900,000 clean profits last year. The big business done was the result of advertising.

H. Clay Evans still remains at the head of the pension bureau.

Mr. DOOLEY

On the Practice of Medicine.

By F. P. DUNNE.

"What's Christyan Science?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"'Tis wan way iv gettin' th' money," said Mr. Dooley.

"But what's it like?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"Well," said Mr. Dooley, "ye have something th' matther with ye. Ye have a leg cut off."

"Th' Lord save us," exclaimed Mr. Hennessy.

"That is, ye think ye have," Mr. Dooley went on. "Ye think ye have a leg cut off. Ye see it goin' an' says ye to ye'ersilf; 'More expinse. A wooden leg.' Ye think ye've lost it. But ye're wrong. Ye're well as iver ye was. Both legs is attached to ye, on'y ye don't know it. Ye call up a Christyan Scientist or ye'er wife does. Not manny men is Christyan Scientists, but near all women is, in wan way or another. Ye'er wife calls up a Christyan Scientist, an' says she: 'Me husband thinks he's lost a leg,' she says. 'Nonsense,' says th' Christyan Scientist, she says, 'f'r she's a woman too. 'Nonsense,' says she. 'No wan iver lost a leg,' she says, 'Well, 'tis sthrange,' says th' wife. 'He's mislaid it thin,' she says, 'f'r he hasn't got it,' she says. 'He on'y thinks he's lost it,' says th' Christyan Scientist. 'Lave him think it on again,' she says. 'Lave him raymimber,' she says 'they'se no such thing in th' wurruld,' she says, 'as pain an' injury,' she says. 'Lave him to put his mind hard to it,' she says, 'on' I'll put mine,' she says, 'an we'll all put our minds to it, an' 'twill be all r-right,' she says. So she thinks an' th' wife thinks an' ye think th' best ye know how an' afther awhile a leg comes peepin' out with a complete set iv tootsies an' be th' time th' las' thought is expinded, ye have a set iv as well-matched gambs as ye iver wore to a picnic. But ye mustn't stop thinkin' or ye'er wife or th' Christyan Scientist. If wan iv ye laves go th' rope, th' leg'll get discouraged an' quit growin'. Manny a man's sprouted a limb on'y to have it stop between th' ankle an' th' shin because th' Christyan Scientist was called away to see what ailed th' baby."

"Sure, 'tis all foolishness," said Mr. Hennessy.

"Well, sir, who can tell?" said Mr. Dooley. "If it wasn't f'r medical progress, I'd be sure the Christyan Scientists was wrong. But th' doctor who attinded me whin I was young'd be thought as loonatical if he was alive to-day as th' mos' Christyan Scientist that iver rayjooced a swellin' over a long distance tillyphone. He inthrajooced near th' whole parish into this life iv sin an' sorrow, be give us calomel with a shovel, bled us like a polis captain, an' niver thought anny medicine was good if it didn't choke ye goin' down. I can see him now as he come up dhrivin' an ol' gray an' yellow horse in a buggy. He had whiskers that he cud tie in a knot round his waist, an' him an' th' priest was th' on'y two men in th' neighborhood that carried a goold watch. He used to say 'twas th' healthiest parish in th' wurruld, barrin' hangin's an' thransportations an' thim come in Father Hickey's province. Ivrybody thought he was a gr-reat man but they wudden't lave him threat a spavin in these days. He was catch-as-catch-can an' he'd tackle anything fr'm pneumony iv th' lungs to premachure baldness. He'd niver heerd iv mickrobes an' nayther did I till a few years ago whin I was tol' they was a kind iv animals or bugs that crawled around in ye like spiders. I see pitchers iv thim in th' pa-apers with eyes like pooched eggs till I dhreamed wan night I was a hayloft full iv bats. Thin th' dock down th' sthreet set me r-right. He says th' mickrobes is a vigitable an' ivry man is like a conservatory full iv millyons iv these potted plants. Some ar-re good f'r ye an' some ar-re bad. Whin th' chube roses an' geranyums is flourishin' an' liftin' their dainty petals to th' sun, ye're healthy, but whin th' other flower gets th' best iv these nosegays, 'tis time to call in a doctor. Th' doctor is a kind iv gardner f'r ye. 'Tis his business f'r to encourage th' good mickrobes, makin' two pansies grow where wan grew befure an' to hoe out th' Canajeen thistle an' th' milk weed.

"Well, that sounds all r-right, an' I sind f'r a doctor. "Dock,' says I. "Me vilets ar-re thinnin' out an' I feel as though I was full iv sage brush,' I say. Th' dock puts a glass chube in me mouth an' says, 'Don't bite it.' 'D'ye think I'm a glass eater?' says I. talkin' through me teeth like a Kerry lawyer. 'What's it f'r?' I says. 'To take ye'er timprachoor,' says he. While I have the chube in me mouth, he jabs me thumb with a needle an' laves th' room. He comes back about th' time I'm ready to sthrangle an' removes the chube. 'How high does she spout?' says I. 'Ninety-nine,' says he. 'Good hivens,' says I. 'Don't come near me, dock, or ye'll be sun sthruck,' I says. 'I've just examined ye'er blood,' he says. 'Ye're full iv weeds,' he says. Be that time I'm scared to death, an' I say a few prayers, whin he fixes a hose to me chist an' begins listenin.' 'Annything goin' on inside?' says I. ''Tis ye'er heart,' says he. 'Glory be,' says I, 'what's the matter with that ol' ingine?' says I. 'I cud tell ye,' he says,' 'but I'll have to call in Dock Vinthricle, th' specyalist,' he says. 'I oughtn't be lookin' at ye'er heart at all,' he says. 'I niver larned below th' chin an' I'd be fired be th' union if they knew I was wurrukin' on th' heart,' he says. So he sinds f'r Dock Vinthricle an' th' dock climbs me chist an' listens; thin he says: 'They'se something th' matther with his lungs, too," he says. 'At times they're full iv air an' again,' he says, 'they ain't,' he says. 'Sind f'r Bellows,' he says. Bellows comes an' pounds me as though I was a roof he was shinglin', an' sinds f'r Dock Laporatteny. Th' dock sticks his finger into me side. 'What's that f'r,' says I. 'That's O'Hannigan's point,' he says. 'I don't see it,' says I. 'O'Hannigan must have had a fine sinse iv humor.' 'Did it hurt?' says he. 'Not.' says I, 'as much as though ye'd used an awl,' says I, 'or a chisel,' I says, 'but,' I says,' 'it didn't tickle,' I says.

"He shakes his head an' goes out iv th' room with th' others an' they talk it over at tin dollars a minyit while I'm layin' there at two dollars a day—docked. Whin they come back, wan iv thim says: 'This here is a mos' inthrestin' case an' we must have th' whole class take a look into it,' he says. 'It means me, Hinnissy. 'Dock,' he says. 'Ye will remove his brain. Vinthricle, ye will have its heart, an' Bellows, ye will have its lungs. As f'r me,' he says, 'I will add wan more vermiform appindix to me belt,' he says. ''Tis sthrange how our foolish predecessors,' says he, 'niver got on to th' dangers iv th' vermiform appindix,' he says. 'I have no doubt that that's what kilt Methusalem,' he says. So they mark out their wurruk on me with a piece iv red chalk an' if I get well, I look like a rag carpet. Sometimes they lave things in ye, Hinnissy. I knowed a man wanst, Moriarty was his name, Tim Moriarty, an, he had to be hem?stitched hurriedly because they was goin' to be a ball game that day an' they locked up in him two sponges, a saw, an ice pick, a goold watch an' a pair iv curlin' irons belongin' to wan iv th' nurses. He tol' me he didn't feel well but he didn't think annything iv it till he noticed that he jingled whin he walked.

"That's what they do with ye nowadays, Hinnissy. Ivry time I go into Dock Cassidy's office, he gives me a look that makes me wisht I'd wore a suit iv chain armor. His eyes seem to say, 'Can I come in?' Between th' Christyan Scientists an' him, 'tis a question iv whether ye want to be threated like a loonytic or like a can iv presarved vegetables. Father Kelly says th' styles iv medicine changes like th' styles iv hats. Whin he was a boy, they give ye quinine f'r whativer ailed ye, an' now they give ye sthrychnine an' nex' year they'll be givin' ye proosic acid, maybe. He says they're findin' new things th' matther with ye ivry day, an' ol' things that have to be taken out, onill th' time is comin' whin not more thin half iv us'll be rale an' th' rest'll be rubber. He says they ought to enforce th' law iv assault with a deadly weepin' again th' doctors. He says that if they knew less about pizen an' more about gruel an' opened fewer patients an' more windows, they'd not be so manny Christyan Scientists. He says th' diff'rence between Christyan Scientists an' doctors is that Christyan Scientists thinks they'se no such thing as disease an' doctors thinks there ain't annything else. An' there ye ar-re."

"What d'ye think about it?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"I think," said Mr. Dooley, "that if th' Christyan Scientists had some science an' th' doctors more Christyanity, it wudden't make anny diff'rence which ye called in—if ye had a good nurse."—(Copyrighted, 1901, by Robert H. Russell.

When Woman Loves

BY JOHN F. PEARSON.

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It will simplify matters and lead to a better understanding if I confess at the outset that I am what the police denominate a "crook." I am neither a thief, robber nor burglar, but a financial agent for people who have property to dispose of, property acquired in an unlawful way. For instance, if a burglar comes across bonds, shares, notes, deeds and the like while pursuing his calling, he bundles them up and brings them to me. For a liberal commission I dispose of the papers on the open market or deal with the loser direct. Now and then I handle jewelry, but the gems must be valuable and the losers wealthy to interest me in a case. It may be of interest to know that I was a fairly good civil engineer before I became a financial agent. Why I exchanged professions is a matter concerning myself alone.

Ten years since a friend of mine named Dee got into trouble in a Western state. In trying to break away from the officers one of them was shot dead. That meant the gallows for Dee. I at once secured the best legal counsel for him, but was plainly told that only a miracle could save his neck. When his case came up he was convicted withou the jury's leaving the box, and he was sentenced to be hung. We made an appeal, and he went back to prison knowing that he would be safe for eight or ten months to come.

Dee was a man of twenty-eight, a gentleman by birth, one of the handsomest men you ever saw. Hat it been a jury of women they would have acquitted him as promptly as he was convicted. A dozen females broke down and wept when he was sentenced. Though watching things closely I had not put myself forward at the trial. Among the interested ones I had noticed a handsome girl about 20, and the trial was not half concluded when I knew that she regarded Dee as an innocent man and a hero. When the verdict of guilty was pronounced she fainted away and the incident created some local gossip.

As nothing more could be done for Dee for some time I was about to leave the city when I received a note asking me to call at a certain house. I called and met Miss Fay, Dee's court room admirer and heiress. She told me that she had fallen in love with Dee, and that every dollar she had was at his disposal to save his neck. When I replied that it wasn't a question of money and that he was almost certain to hang after we had exhausted all legal dodges, she asked me to remain in town until I heard from her again.

Dee was a far better man in all things than three-fourths of those shouting their morality, but I felt it my duty to tell Miss Fay just where he stood. I admitted to her that he was a criminal instead of a hero, and that even if his life was saved through her efforts she could hardly hope he would marry her and settle down. Nothing I could say would dispel her illusions, and she actually became angry at me for giving her brotherly advice. She did not tell me what steps she meant to take, but I knew by the light in her eyes that she would hesitate at nothing. It was seven days before I met her again, and I was astonished at the work she had done. Dee was confined in the county jail, which was as strong and safe as a state prison. He had a cell at the end of a wing, and was so hedged in by bolts, bars, guards and steel and stone walls that there was not the remotest chance for an escape.

In the week the girl had located the cell, rented a cottage outside the walls and stocked it with tools and provisions, and laid the plan to defeat justice. The plan was boldness itself. It was to find two trusty men and esconce myself in the cottage and dig a tunnel to the cell of the condemned. The distance was 160 feet, and we must go under the street, under the yard wall, and then under the wall of the jail. The cottage was one of three, and had a space of only twenty feet on each side of it. The other cottages were owned by the families occupying them, and the people were bound to watch any strangers moving in. To dig the tunnel was the work of months, and to run its other mouth into the cell was a feat the oldest engineer and the nerviest sort of a crook might well hesitate over. I ridiculed the whole plan at once, but Miss Fay took it up, point by point, and so well did she argue that after three or four hours I agreed that there was one chance in a thousand that success might be achieved.

The first move was to find a family to occupy the cottage. It was not very difficult for me to get hold of an oldish woman who would assist us to carry the scheme through. She opened a boarding-house, but took in only three men of us. We were supposed to be railroad men, and to come and go before daylight and after dark. Now and then we did come and go, but it was only to deceive the neighbors. As soon as we settled in the house we began work on the tunnel, and we never put in less than fourteen hours out of the twenty-four. The two men with me knew what they were being paid for and could be depended upon. The cellar of the cottage gave us room for the dirt excavated, and it seemed as if luck was with us from the start. It was winter, with but few people passing on the side street, and the ground being hard frozen there was less danger of the roof of the tunnel falling in. One can run a ditch on the surface as straight as a rule, but when you come to run a tunnel it is a different thing. We had sewers and gas and water pipes and beds of rock to look for, and the far end must reach a certain cell inside the jail. To say that I sweat blood over that job would be drawing it mild. We went over or under the pipes in the street, made a couple of elbows to avoid big rocks, and finally reached the prison wall. From the wall we were to go under a coal shed until reaching the prison wall, and there would be no chance to take sights above ground. Fortunately for us, we struck an old abandoned sewer, and this find saved us at least a month's digging. We followed it up to the prison wall, and then we were twenty-five feet from the spot we wanted to reach.

The jail had a cellar, but under only two-thirds of the space. The new wing rested on a bed of rock and cement. In the ordinary way we had to work around the pipes we progressed only by inches. Toward the last of our work Miss Fay called at the cottage of a night and even crept into the tunnel. She made the arrangement for the future, and I alone was taken into her confidence.

At last there came a night when we began work on the flagstones forming the door of Dee's cell. I had gotten a note to him, and he knew what we were doing. It was two nights later before we broke through and he dropped down among us. As we emerged into the cellar of the cottage I halted to tell him the story of the girl, and when I had finished it, I said

"You must make a choice. You must either marry the girl and settle down to an honest life, or I will give you up to the prison authorities before you can leave the house.'

He did not hesitate. He was touched by her devotion and glad enough of an opportunity to drop his profession. In an hour he was at the appointed place. She was there to greet him and a clergyman was there to marry them. Then they went away into hiding, and it was months later before they crossed the sea to make a home in a foreign land. The escape and the tunnel were discovered, of course, but the cottage was empty and the late occupants could not be traced. While I rejoiced over Dee's good luck, I really felt more solid satisfaction over the success of my tunnel. The newspapers, on the authority of the city engineer, pronounced it a splendid piece of work, and added that the designer must have ability of no mean order. I had come out to an inch of the spot aimed at, and I had taken a prisoner out of one of the strongest jails in the world.

Suspicion Excited.

Philadelphia Ledger: The English papers which call for the publication of the suppressed portions of Chaffee's report have a shrewd suspicion that they bear hard on the other fellows.

Summer Term

Will begin at the Business University on Monday, July 8.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Detroit Free Press: He—Do you suppose we will never have enough to get married on?

She—Surely. Why, Jack, we don't need a million. A couple of hundred thousand will do to start on.

Harlem Life: Rescuer—Miss Properleigh, give me your hand.

Drowning Maiden (preparing to sink for the third time)—Oh, Mr. Manley this is so sudden; so unexpected! You will have to ask mamma!

Philadelphia Press: Ascum—Hello! How's your baby?

Newpop—I have no baby. We're living with my wife's folks now.

Ascum—How do you mean? What's that go to do with the baby?

Newpop—It's "our Mary's baby" now.

Puck: Crawford—Why do you think he's the most henpecked man that ever lived?

Crabshaw—Because when his wife went away to the country for the summer she made him keep a diary of how he spent his time in town.

Smart Set: Lady (to clerk in clothing store)—I want a pair of trouser for my husband.

Clerk—What size, madam?

Lady—I don't know the size, but he wears a fifteen collar.

Somerville Journal: Every once in a while a woman writes to the papers to ask how she can get rid of red ants. One sure way is to burn the house.

Chicago Record-Herald: "That's a bride and groom across the aisle."

"How do you know?"

"I saw him du ting off her new shoes

"I saw him dusting off her new shoes with a twenty-dollar bill."

Brooklyn Eagle: "I met the new bride out on the boulevard; she's keeping house."

"How did she look—and how did you know?"

"Oh—she had on a lovely white frock, with a white chiffon pompon in her hair, and she had a loaf of bread under her arm."

Baltimore American: "Henry is a brute," said Mrs. Justwed to her mother, to whom she had gone for sympathy.

"Why, what has he done, my poor child?"

"Why, he—he says that my new bonsssssssssss scfi)zrhisl 9etaoi cmfwy vbgk net—the one that is trimmed with those lovely cherries and things—bo-hoo—he says—he says it looks like a boiled dinner."

"Hartford Fire."

The agency of the above insurance company, which is one of the cheapest in the world, has been placed in my office.

Assets, $11,002,588
Surplus, $3,810,203

Representing
Millionaire Companies Only.

John A. Stephenson,
First Floor, Providence Bldg.

No such values as ours anywhere in Duluth.

THE G. C. STEELE CO.,

226-228 W. Superior Street, Duluth, Minn.

Big values and low prices fairly stare you in the face.

Complete House Furnishings at Little-at-a-Time Payments.

All Iron Beds, excellent grade, white enamel, fancy shape, comes in full sizes (4 ft 6 in.) only—sells elsewhere at $3.50—our price—

$1.98

White metal bed with brass knobs—one of the simplest and also one of the most desirable patterns—regular value $7.00—on sale at—

$4.20

An almost indestructible Sewing Rocker in solid oak—smooth finish, braced arms, carved back, fancy spindles and woven cane seat.

Price, $1.15.

Stewart Stoves and Ranges.

Large sales have proven they're the best. The one range that's stood the test of time. We guarantee satisfaction and price.

Stewart Stoves and Ranges burn wood, coal or coke, bake quickly and save fuel. Stewart Steel Range, with warming closet and large oven—

$24.95 and up

In Fancy Rockers....

We offer you your choice of any—worth up to $6.00—for ---- **$3.85**

New styles, beautiful designs in golden or Flemish oak and birch mahogany.

Wernicke "Elastic Book Cases....

An interesting exhibition. A system of units never too large or too small for your books. It grows with your library and is "ALWAYS COMPLETE, BUT NEVER FINISHED."

We have on hand a full line of office appliances, filing cabinets, etc.

Reduced Prices on Crockery.....

See the display in our end show window.

No large outlay of cash required to purchase here. We sell on ---------- **VERY EASY PAYMENTS.**

DULUTH'S SOCIETY

The Young Ladies' Card club met last Monday afternoon with Miss McDougall, of 12 West Second street. The club prize was won by Mrs. H. F. Williamson, Jr., and the visitors' prize by Miss Grace Bradshaw, of Superior. Mrs. A. D. McRae took the consolation prize. Miss Lydia Poirier will entertain the club at the next meeting. Those present were:

Mesdames—
J. C. Geggie,
H. F. Williamson, Jr.,
Macauley,
A. D. McRae, of Superior,
C. F. Macdonald.

Misses—
Button,
Casselton, D. D.
Davidson,
Dickinson,
Grace, Superior,
White,
Parker,
Mary Scott,
Grace Bradshaw, of Superior,
Davis,
Kalman, St. Paul,
Stewart,
Wahpeton, N. D.
Janet Smith.

* * *

The class of '99 of the Duluth high school has issued invitations for a class reunion, to be held at Lester Park July 12. Clinton Markell is the chairman of the committee. About forty people are expected to attend, as it is the first reunion that the class has had.

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Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ayers left this week for a visit at Bangor, Me.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Prudden and family have returned from an outing at Solon Springs, Wis.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Holding were in the city this week on their wedding trip. They came up the lake on the steamer Miami and left for Los Angeles via Yellowstone park. The groom is a business man of New York city.

* * *

Miss Rose Gidding, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., is in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Gidding, of 1405 East Superior street. Miss Gidding is a performer of some note on the pipe organ and her execution has been very favorably commented on in the East where she resides.

* * *

Miss Eloise Decker and Miss Margaret Plowman, of Evansville, Ind., are visiting Miss May Sherwood at Glen Avon.

* * *

Misses Edith and Marion Bostwick returned on Wednesday from an extended trip in the East.

* * *

Henry Bostwick left yesterday on the steamer Samuel Mitchell for the Pan-American exposition.

* * *

Mrs. Gertrude Robinson, of Elmira, N. Y., is the guest of her son, Dr. Robinson, who has taken a residence for the summer at 218 Fourteenth avenue east.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Black have returned from their wedding trip, and are living at 324 West Third street.

* * *

Miss Clara Meining, of 217 Second avenue east, and Miss Emma Dagenhart, of Chicago, left Thursday afternoon for a trip down the lakes to Buffalo.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Scott, of Waseca, Minn., are visiting with Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Goodman, 1515 East Superior street.

* * *

Mrs. A. H. Comstock is visiting friends in Boston.

* * *

Miss Lydia Poirier went to Waukesha, Wis., this week.

* * *

Mrs. M. A. Howe, of New York, is here to spend the summer with her daughter, Mrs. George A. St. Clair, of 1125 East Superior street.

* * *

Mrs. T. F. Canfield, of Salem, Ore., is in the city visiting her sister, Miss Murray, of 1632 East First street. Mrs. Canfield was formerly Miss Margaret Murray and frequently visited here.

* * *

A party of young people enjoyed a delightful picnic at Lester Park last Saturday. Among those present were:

Misses—
Edna Cargill,
Virginia Day,
Marion Day,
Catherine Day,
Jennie Parker,
Helen Wigdahl,
Helen Maginnis,
Lou Robinson.

Messrs.—
Kenneth McLeod,
Ed McLeod,
Walter Ennis,
Joe Parker,
Clyde Palmer,
Earl McMartin,
Jack McLaren,
Jack Burnett.

* * *

Tuesday evening, July 16, is the date set for the concert by Franz Schultz at St. Clement's hall in the West End, and it promises to be a highly successful affair. Miss Rena Smith, soprano; Miss Minnie Schultz, contralto; Miss Therese Shesgren, pianist; George L. Tyler, tenor; Roy Prytz, baritone; Robert Cox, reader, and a chorus of sixty voices from the Catholic choirs of the city will assist. Among the numbers to be given are the quartet, "Sancta Mater," from Rossini's "Stabat Mater;" Mr. Custance's new composition, "O Salutaris," chorus and baritone solo, and the "Gloria" from Millard's mass in G.

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A very pleasant dinner party was given Wednesday night by Dr. Emma Breinholm in honor of her guests, Mrs. and Miss Challey, of Minneapolis. The covers were laid for twenty-four. The decorations were roses and carnations. The evening was pleasantly spent in card-playing, and a number of musical selections were given.

* * *

Miss Kate Peck and Miss Hattie Peck arrived from New York Tuesday and will spend the summer with Mrs. E. W. Matter, 2105 East First street.

* * *

Miss Io Barnes has returned from the Northwest university, Evanston, Ill., to spend the summer at her home at Lester Park.

* * *

A pleasant surprise party was given Roy P. Reilly in honor of his birthday Tuesday evening at his home, 1933 Piedmont avenue west. Those present were:

Misses—
Maud Dardis,
Jessie Pattinson,
C. Deslaurier,
Ethel Gorley,
Mary Lynott,
Stella Reilly,
Florence Reilly.

Messrs.—
James Callahan,
Frank Dardis,
Bert Evarts,
Z. Deslaurier,
James Hart,
Joseph Roth,
Roy Pattinson.

* * *

A pleasant surprise party was given Alex Bethune, of Bay View Heights, Saturday evening, in honor of his 16th birthday. An enjoyable evening was spent in playing games, singing and music. Those present were:

Misses—
Alva Riddle,
M. Cameron,
Laura Bethune,
Mary Bethune,
Kate Bethune,
Mamie Clausen,
Emma Sampson.

Messrs.—
R. Riddle,
Herbert Louis,
Harry Garrett,
Fred Martino,
Alex Cameron,
Roy Pollow,
Henry Tremp,
Adolph Martino,
Allen Clausen,
G. Bethune,
C. Bussess.

* * *

W. F. McBeath, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. George Dion, of East Fifth street, has returned to Minneapolis.

* * *

Miss Emily Yahnke, of Chicago, is in the city for a two months' visit with her sister, Mrs. J. K. Richter.

* * *

Mrs. George W. Buck and son, Fred, have gone to Deerwood for a summer's outing.

* * *

Miss Bessie Gilbert, of Ashland, is visiting friends in the city.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. Carson returned on Wednesday from their wedding trip.

* * *

W. C. McClure and daughter, Miss Clara McClure, of Saginaw, Mich., are visiting in the city this week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Edwards, of St. Paul, are visiting friends in Duluth for a few days.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Prout, of Eveleth, spent the Fourth in this city, the guests of friends.

* * *

Arthur Bowen, of Minneapolis, a former resident of Duluth, was calling on old acquaintances here this week.

* * *

Miss Dell Reid left on Wednesday for Cass Lake after a visit with friends in this city.

* * *

Clifford Wilkinson and W. Clark Calhoun left this week for a trip to the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo.

* * *

One of the social events scheduled for the coming week is a dancing party to be given on the evening of July 11 at the Armory by the K. P. orchestra and the Lakeside company, uniformed rank K. of P.

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On July 4 there was a reunion of the Hamilton family, of this city, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen T. Welch, 424 Second avenue west. Mrs. William Roope, accompanied by her son, came from Seattle, Wash., for a visit with her sister, Mrs. Welch. Others of the family circle, Alex. Hamilton, the father, accompanied by his son, E. A. Hamilton and family, of Hancock, Mich., arrived for the reunion. E. A. Hamilton is engaged in business in Hancock and will make but a short visit here. Mrs. Hamilton, however, will remain for a number of days. Besides these there were Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Hamilton and Miss Mary Hamilton, of this city.

* * *

On Wednesday evening a very pretty marriage ceremony took place at 11 Fifty-fourth avenue west. The bride was Miss Carrie Wicklem, of West Duluth, and the groom, Robert Mitchell, of Hibbing. The ceremony took place at 8 o'clock in the evening and was performed by Rev. W. E. Loomis, of the Asbury Methodist church. A few friends of the couple witnessed the ceremony.

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George W. Thompson and family, formerly of West Duluth, have taken up their residence in the Park terrace, 105 Eighth avenue west.

* * *

Mrs. William Lambert, of West Duluth, is visiting relatives in Pine City, Minn.

* * *

Mrs. Louis Foucault, of West Duluth, is visiting friends in Hibbing.

* * *

Charles Lovelace, of Chicago, a former resident of West Duluth, was a caller in the city this week.

* * *

Mrs. W. W. Walker left this week for a visit at Appleton, Wis.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. Thomas, of Two Harbors, were visitors in Duluth over the Fourth.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Bacon, of Grand Forks, were in the city on Tuesday evening, enroute for Eastern points. Mr. Bacon is the manager of the Hotel Dacotah.

* * *

The moonlight excursion given by the Duluth lodge of Elks on Wednesday evening was one of the most enjoyable events of the kind run out of Duluth. About 800 people were the guests of the Elks on the steamer Peerless and a delightful run was made for fifteen miles up and back on the north shore. An orchestra played almost continuously during the trip and many danced in the cabin. Several fine musical features were on the program of entertainment, including selections by the Elks' quartet and Miss Schultz and Franz Schultz. The boat reached the dock on the return trip in time to permit the Superior Elks and their ladies to catch the last car for home.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Alice Helen Morison and William P. Harvey took place on Tuesday at the cathedral residence, Rev. James Hogan officiating. The bride was becomingly gowned in tan and brown traveling suit and hat to match. After the ceremony a wedding supper was served at the St. James hotel. Mr. and Mrs. Harvey will be at home at Munger terrace after July 15.

* * *

Frank Brown and Max Hagenmach, of St. Paul, were in the city this week on their way to the Pan-American exposition. Mr. Brown is the son of Mrs. L. H. Hayden, of this city.

* * *

Miss Bertha Arhuse and Medin Laflamme were married at the St. James church, at West Duluth, on Tuesday evening, Rev. John Feeheley performing the ceremony. A wedding supper was served after the ceremony at the home of relatives.

* * *

Mrs. Frank B. Beaupre returned home Tuesday after a visit in Minneapolis.

* * *

Mrs. D. T. Adams and daughter left Wednesday night for an extended visit in Eastern cities.

* * *

Mrs. Miller and daughter left Tuesday for a visit in Mitchell, Ontario.

* * *

The Misses Cargill and Miss Sibbold left for the East Tuesday. The Misses Cargill, who are teachers in the Duluth schools, will visit in Ontario, Can.

* * *

Miss Eva Willcuts, planist, assisted by Miss Virginia Willcuts, cellist, made her debut as a musician at Masonic hall, Tuesday evening, and a large audience was delighted with the finished selections rendered by the accomplished young artist.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Parsons arrived home Sunday after a visit of three weeks in the East. They spent most of their time while absent in New York city and Buffalo.

* * *

The Misses Day, of Shelby, Iowa, are visiting relatives in West Duluth.

* * *

Mrs. M. Sparks and daughter, Miss Lelia, left Monday afternoon for Illinois, where they expect to remain for at least a month, visiting in several different cities of the state.

* * *

Mrs. Frank Taylor, of St. Paul, is visiting Mrs. O. I. Olson, of 2231 West Superior street.

* * *

Duncan A. Cameron, of La Crosse, Wis., is a guest of his friend, Fred Stickles, this week.

* * *

Miss Anna Burnham left Monday night for Chicago, where she will remain.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Mahoney, of St. Joseph, Mich., are paying a visit to sons, Edward and J. D. Mahoney.

* * *

Mrs. J. O. Dalzell returned home Monday from St. Paul.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Fellows departed Monday night for Boston, where they will enjoy a visit of some length.

* * *

Mrs. W. G. La Rue has returned from California and other Pacific coast points, and is at home at 502 Ashtabula terrace.

* * *

Miss Sadie Shapiro and Harry Graham, of this city, were married Sunday afternoon at Odd Fellows' hall, in the presence of a large company. After the ceremony the bridal couple and those present were served with a wedding feast. Five hundred people were gathered around the festal board. Mr. and Mrs. Graham left on a wedding tour, which will include a visit at the Pan-American exposition.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Murray have gone to their old home in Iowa, where they will visit until autumn.

* * *

Mrs. S. A. Jamison has gone to New York state, and will remain there for two months.

* * *

Monday, at 4 o'clock p. m., Miss Alice Perry and Charles Cormier were united in marriage by Rev. Father Feehely at St. James' church. Mr. and Mrs. Cormier left Tuesday morning for a wedding trip as far east as Sault Ste. Marie. They will reside in West Duluth.

* * *

Joseph Grignon, of Montreal, is in the city, the guest of his sister, Mrs. P. Poissant, of 4 Glen avenue.

* * *

Masters Herbert and Clarence Coubaim, of St. Paul, are guests of Mrs. Jacob Sattler, of 213 Fifth avenue west.

* * *

Miss Maggie Foucault, of West Duluth, and John Mitchell, of Iron River, Wis., were married Tuesday morning at the church of St. John the Baptist, at Eleventh avenue west, Rev. Father Lauret officiating. In the evening a wedding supper was rerved at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Foucault, of Fifty-third avenue west, the supper being followed by a reception. Mr. and Mrs. Mitchell will reside at Iron River.

* * *

Edward Webb, of Hibbing, visited this week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Krakenberg, 336 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

* * *

Charles W. Culver has gone to Seattle, where he will make his home in future.

* * *

Mrs. A. Merritt is in Butte, Mont., visiting with friends.

* * *

Mrs. J. Pengilly and daughter, of Ely, and Mrs. Marion, of Tower, were calling on Duluth friends Tuesday.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Davidson spent the Fourth at their old home in Austin, Minn.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Howard and child are at the Buffalo exposition.

* * *

Mrs. W. J. Carmichael is visiting in Minneapolis.

* * *

J. G. Robinson, of Munger flats, left this afternoon via the lakes for a month's visit with his brother and sister, of Detroit, Mich. He will visit Buffalo before returning.

* * *

Mrs. Barnett, of Huntington, W. Va., is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. Deatherage.

* * *

A happy party of young people spent the Fourth at Lester Park. In the party were: Misses Lena Otto, Nora Tims, Minnie Jacques, Alice Tims, Clara Berg and Messrs. Shavert, Leo La Casse, William Godfrey, Fred Potevein and Condy Hines.

A STIMULANT.

And a Sorry Friend to Some Systems.

"Coffee acts as a stimulant to me. I can for a time accomplish considerably more work, but then I am dull, spiritless, nervous, weak and irritable. Coffee acts like a slow poison on my father, giving him inward pains and a feeling of being generally upset. Continued use always used to make him ill.

"He used to be very fond of the beverage, and was in the habit of drinking it two mornings, say, then skipping a few days and taking it two mornings again. If he took it the third morning he was invariably sick. It is two years now since we had the first package of Postum. We have been using it ever since, to our very great benefit.

"A lady friend who is the wife of a prominent clergyman in New Haven (whose name I am not at liberty to give) was a complete nervous wreck from the use of coffee. About a year ago she began the use of Postum and continued in it. Six weeks after starting she had lost all her former nervousness, had grown plump in the face, and her health better than it had been for years. She is a splendid walking advertisement, and is most enthusiastic in the praise of Postum, telling all her callers of its merits and urging them to try it." Kate Austen, Hamden, Conn.

AGREEABLE.

Ore Roads Will Produce Statements Through Courtesy Alone.

Joseph B. Cotton, of Duluth, and Gorge Welwood Murray, of New York, the legal representatives of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad, appeared before the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners at St. Paul yesterday, and said that they would produce the records of the company, showing the original cost of the line, next Tuesday. They said that they do this simply as a matter of courtesy and they do not admit the authority of the commission in requiring them to do so.

The ore rate hearing is set for next Tuesday, and the commission will use the company's records in determining what a reasonable rate for the transportation of ore would be. Experts will also be employed to go over the line and appraise it.

A similar request has been made for the Duluth & Iron Range road's records.

The first order of business Tuesday will be the reply of the railroad attorneys to the order to show cause why they have not filed their ore tariffs with the commission. If the reply does not satisfy the commissioners mandamus proceedings will be begun.

AN EXAMINATION.

City Civil Service Board Decides on One.

On July 24 another civil service examination for applicants for positions as pipemen and truckmen on the fire department and for policemen will be held at the city hall. This examination was decided on at a meeting of the civil service commission last evening. The examination is open also to all men who wish to compete for the position of stenographer to the city attorney. There are at present no open positions on either the police or fire department, but the list of eligibles has diminished considerably, and the commission thought best to add a number of names. The tests will be in reading, writing, arithmetic, knowledge of the city, etc., in connection with a physical examination. The last test will be a most rigid one, and only sound men will be accepted.

The commission last evening accepted the resignation of Comissioner E. C. Little. The position will be filled by an appointment by Mayor Hugo.

A GOOD COLLECTOR.

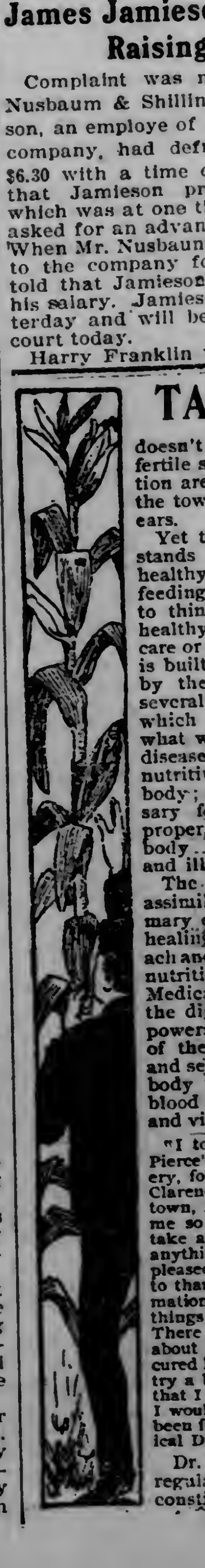
James Jamieson's Success at Raising Funds.

Complaint was made yesterday by Nusbaum & Shillin that James Jamieson, an employe of the Northern Pacific company, had defrauded them out of $6.30 with a time check. It is alleged that Jamieson presented the check, which was at one time good for $30, and asked for an advance, which was made. When Mr. Nusbaum presented the check to the company for payment, he was told that Jamieson had already drawn his salary. Jamieson was arrested yesterday and will be arraigned in police court today.

Harry Franklin was yesterday found guilty of assaulting a small newsboy and was committed to the county jail for twenty days.

The hearing of John Duffy and Thomas Gallagher, who were arraigned in police court yesterday on the charge of holding up Matthew Webb for $27.50, was postponed until July 8, as the complaining witness had not yesterday afternoon come out of the sleep he acquired by liberal potations of Fourth of July red lemonade. Thomas Ryan, who was suspected of having a hand in the affair, established his innocence satisfactorily and was released. William Henderson, the suspected crook, was found guilty of carrying concealed weapons and will spend twenty days in the county jail.

William Graham was sent up for five days for disfiguring the nasal organ of Ben Borden, while the latter was given a three-day term for calling his assailant bad names.



TALL CORN

doesn't come by accident. A fertile soil and careful cultivation are necessary to produce the towering stems and heavy ears.

Yet the farmer who understands that he can't have a healthy corn crop without feeding and weeding, seems to think that he can have a healthy body without either care or culture. But the body is built up just as the corn is, by the assimilation of the several chemical elements on which vitality depends. And what weeds are to the corn, diseases of the stomach and nutritive systems are to the body; they divert the necessary food supply from the proper channels, and the body becomes lean, sickly and ill-nourished.

The proper digestion and assimilation of food is a primary essential of health. By healing diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery increases the digestive and assimilative powers, stimulates the action of the blood making glands, and sends to every organ of the body the rich red-corpuscled blood on which physical vigor and vitality depend.

"I took two bottles of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, for stomach trouble," writes Clarence Carnes, Esq., of Taylorstown, Loudoun Co., Va. "It did me so much good that I didn't take any more. I can eat most anything now. I am so well pleased with it I hardly know how to thank you for your kind information. I tried a whole lot of things before I wrote to you. There was a gentleman told me about your medicine, how it had cured his wife. I thought I would try a bottle of it. Am now glad that I did, for I don't know what I would have done if it had not been for Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate the bowels and cure constipation.

Summer Term

Will begin at the Business University on Monday, July 8.

'East Lynne'

Sixth Avenue Theater Tonight.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The business portion of Polo, a town of 1000 inhabitants on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, in Caldwell county, Mo., was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of over $50,000. The Bank of Polo and twenty buildings were consumed.

A team and a loaded wagon broke through the Burkhardt bridge, six miles east of Hudson, Wis. Several men and boys, who were fishing on the bridge, were thrown into the water. One of them, a boy 18 years of age, named Johnston, was crushed between the timbers and instantly killed. The others were all injured.

Barton Meyers, a small boy, of West Liberty, Iowa, was caught by the rope of a balloon, during a Fourth of July celebration at that place, carried five miles and dropped unhurt in the next county.

Roy Powell, aged 18, who was found guilty of the murder of Woodbury Workinger, at Freeport, Ill., has been sentenced to thirty years in the penitentiary.

Charles G. Dawes, comptroller of the currency, has tendered his resignation to the president, to take effect Oct. 1 next. In answer to an inquiry, Mr. Dawes said: "I have resigned because of my intention to be a candidate before the people of Illinois for the United States senate.

Frederick Wright, of Indianapolis, in making a balloon ascension and parachute leap at the Carlisle, Ind., carnival, became entangled in the guide ropes when 150 feet above the ground and was pitched to the earth below. Thousands witnessed the terrible fall. Wright was picked up unconscious and will probably die.

William Cosgrove, a patient from Clay county, was struck by Walter McIntyre, another patient, with a heavy floor brush, at the insane hospital at Fergus Falls, the blow falling on the back of the neck and breaking the spinal column, causing instant death. Both were chronic cases. McIntyre is an epileptic and appears to have no idea that he has done any harm.

Sores, chaps, wind-burn, all painful, irritating skin afflictions quickly cured by Satin-Skin Cream. 25c.

Low Excursion Rates

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

A few of the very low rates at which the Northwestern Line will sell round trip tickets to the various points on certain dates:

Detroit, Mich.	$21 25
Cincinnati, O.	23 55
Buffalo, N. Y.	24 50
Boise City, Ida.	45 50
Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo	29 00
Ogden and Salt Lake City	44 00
Portland, Tacoma, Seattle and Vancouver	45 00
San Francisco	50 00

Full and accurate information as to dates of sale, limits and stopover privileges cheerfully given by calling at 405 West Superior street, where tickets and sleeping accommodations will be supplied.

SCHOOL ELECTION

Board Directs the Appointment of Judges and Clerks.

To Take Place July 20 For Selection of Three Directors.

Bids For Supplies For the Coming Year Are Received.

At its regular meeting last night the board of education directed Clerk Bronson to appoint judges and inspectors for the annual school election for the Independent school district of Duluth, which will take place July 20. There are over 300 of these to appoint, and they will get $2 each. The list of polling places was submitted to the board and approved.

The three directors whose terms expire and to whom sucessors are to be elected are S. L. Fraser, E. R. Cobb and N. C. Hendricks. All of these gentlemen are at least receptive candidates for re-election, and so far there has been very little talk of opposition to them, the only name outside of these three that has been mentioned being that of J. L. Washburn. The term is three years and there is no compensation.

The board last night spent considerable time in considering bids for the furnishing of fuel and other supplies for the next year. Coal bids were received from five companies. They were all the same, and they made no reduction from the ordinary rates in consideration of the size of the contract, which amounts to over 4000 tons a year. Action on the matter was postponed to the August meeting of the board.

Bids for furnishing hardware for the year were submitted by the Northern Hardware company at $349.62, the Kelley Hardware company at $306.25, W. H. Leonard at $363.06 and R. R. Forward & Co. at $305.57. The bids were referred to the building committee for tabulation.

The contract to furnish paper and stationery was divided between the Zenith Paper company and the Duluth Paper company. The Zenith will furnish $1025 in paper, $28 in inks and $265.40 in stationery, and the Duluth company $78.01 in paper and $96.70 in stationery.

George F. Perrott got the contract for tuning the twenty-five pianos for a year at $1.50 each.

The following miscellaneous contracts relating to repairs and improvements in buildings formerly authorized were made:

Deetz & Co., steel ceilings	$ 782 00
Duluth Corrugating and Roofing company steel ceilings	702 00
Dixon & Lowry, tile sidewalks, etc.	941 00
Thomson & Dunlop, cement walks and steps, Endion	195 00
J. O. Porlier & Co., plaster painting, Adams	369 80
Ringsred Paint and Wall Paper company, Glen Avon, paint and tint	116 00
H. A. Hall & Co., sundry schools	1315 00

The buildings committee was authorized to relay the tile walk on Second street in front of the high school.

Twenty-six residents of Park Point asked that the board establish a school at Oatka beach. There was a school there last winter, the residents furnishing the building and janitor service and the board the teacher and supplies. There are twenty-seven children in the neighborhood, and the people want a permanent school. The matter was laid over for future consideration.

The resignation of Miss Anna Redding, a Washington school teacher, was accepted.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Brooklyn, 12; Chicago, 5.
At Cincinnati—Boston, 4; Cincinnati, 3.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 3; Philadelphia, 2.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 7; New York, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Chicago, 8; Detroit, 4.
At Philadelphia—Baltimore, 5; Philadelphia, 8.
At Boston—Boston, 2; Washington, 1.
At Cleveland—Milwaukee, 6; Cleveland, 2.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Colorado Springs—Denver, 7; Colorado Springs, 2.
At St. Paul—Minneapolis, 6; St. Paul, 2.
As Des Moines—Omaha, 6; Des Moines, 4.
At St. Joseph—Kansas City, 10; St. Joseph, 9

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	61	36	25	.590
New York	53	30	23	.566
Philadelphia	61	32	29	.525
Boston	56	29	27	.518
Brooklyn	61	31	30	.508
St. Louis	63	25	28	.473
Cincinnati	59	26	33	.441
Chicago	64	21	43	.323

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Chicago	62	40	22	.645
Boston	56	36	20	.643
Baltimore	53	29	24	.547
Detroit	61	32	29	.525
Washington	51	26	25	.510
Philadelphia	57	23	34	.404
Cleveland	59	23	36	.390
Milwaukee	61	21	40	.344

WESTERN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won	Lost.	Pct.
Kansas City	58	36	22	.621
Omaha	56	32	24	.571
Minneapolis	54	29	25	.537
St. Joseph	57	30	27	.526
St. Paul	57	29	28	.509
Colorado Springs	53	24	29	.453
Denver	52	20	32	.385
Des Moines	55	21	34	.382

Denver and Return $29.00

SALT LAKE CITY AND RETURN, $44.00.

Via the Eastern Minnesota railway and connection, on sale July 1 to 9. Good returning Oct. 31st. Full information at City Ticket Office, corner Spalding Hotel and Union Depot.

"MOTHERHOOD"

A Book for Girls and Women SENT FREE

IT tells plain facts that everyone of the gentler sex ought to know. Its common sense advice saves pain, trouble and anxiety. One or more copies sent upon request, to one person or to different addresses. If the readers of this announcement know of expectant mothers, they will do them a great favor by having this book sent to them. Address the publishers,

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Spread the Glad Tidings.

HATS VERITABLE FLOWER GARDENS

The Feature That Impresses Itself Most Strongly on the Admirer of Summer Millinery--- It Is Flowers Galore.

New York, July 4.—Veritable flower gardens are the hats now. This is the feature that impresses itself most strongly on the admirer of summer millinery.

Flowers, lace and tulle are the three articles which form the word-picture of almost any hat selected at random. Aside from the wholly artistic modes of arranging these, there is no marked originality in the season's headgear.

Much the same shapes and styles as prevailed during the fall and winter months still bear the impress of fashion's favor. Broad, flat shapes, with either very low or medium crowns, rolling, broad brims, and the inevitable curl to the left side mark the best models. The distinctive feature is manifest in the exaggeration of this point, in many instances hats being built up to perfectly huge proportions by the massing of garniture on the left side of the hat.

The new braids and straws are exceedingly beautiful productions. Many of them are so delicately constructed, so airy and filmy in their makeup, that they suggest the gauziness of the cobweb or ethereal patterns in spun glass. White horsehair lace braids particularly suggest the latter, and interwoven or interfolded with tucks or folds or silk maline they make almost gossamer headgear, which one would think only adapted for fairyland. Entire hats are made of this filmy hair braid, arranged in parallel rows, with folds of tulle alternating forming the most unspeakably dainty creations seen in many a season. Combinations of black and white hair, with borders of straw or gold braid or tinsel, unite to form exquisite creations, which need but a beautiful flower monture or spray to make complete. It is difficult to see a dress hat, as distinguished from the ready-to-wear millinery, in which the braids or straws are not combined with tulle or chiffon, either in the form of deep tucks, folds or puffs, frequently being veiled by the straw or braid, the silken tissue shining through the meshes with fascinating effect.

And foliage, never was it so beautiful. Nature's forms and colors have been more than faithfully reproduced, even to the tiny holes betraying the voracious inroads of birds, worms, insects and caterpillars. Even the dusty and frosty appearances peculiar to the varied seasons are simulated, and one might easily deceive even nature's worshipers by placing a spray of the new leaves in a likely place. Rose, ivy, grape, maple and violet foliage are the favorites, with trailing vine and sprays leading in form. The desired golden touch is found in gold vellings, though oftentimes the gold tinsel is found veiled by mousseline. [illegible] flowers, ribbon and even lace of contrasting color. Duchesse, applique, Irish point, Chantilly, renaissance and thread laces, hand run, are most often seen, and these, of course, lend an air of elegance to the season's millinery that is in keeping with the richness of other dress accessories.

In the way of traveling hats, never did fashion allow more designs and materials to choose from, the only stipulation being, apparently, a smooth trimness of effect. There are great round turbans of fancy straw, the brims puffed and folded in a way to need little other trimming; sailor hats of Cuban braid—everything is Cuban nowadays—alpines of stitched linen with plain linen bands, and "burnt" straw toques that combine beautifully with black velvet, and the great muslin roses.

The shirt waist hat is the thing of the season for street and field, and it is trimmed in styles to become the wearer of every taste.

Keep your rose-laden hats for smart occasions. Wearing them any day and every day on the street counts you in with the floppy, cheap sort which are beginning to parody the rose queens we all love and would pay homage to by wearing only the choicest and at fit times. Big gardenias vie with the big roses in purest whiteness. Forget-me-nots are the smartest of small flowers this season, they being made with a perfection, softness and beauty of color which is admirable.

The colored shirt waist of the vintage of 1901 can not be described by any Oriental analogy; no landscape approaches it. Nature may dip her pencil in the faintest solution of ultramarine, and draw it across the horizon with a hand tender as Love's, but she can never hope to duplicate the dreamy beauty of the percale shirt waist at 12½ cents per yard. A view of the Rocky mountains has been known to make people weep, but the sublimity of colored shirt waist scenery excites emotions too deep for tears.

When the full symphony of this scenic glory bursts upon the view, it is then that the observer realizes how the Pan-American exposition pales by comparison. Had legend and history and poetry followed the colored shirt for centuries, it would have its grandeur acknowledged. Let a ruined tower stand in the shadow of a colored shirt waist; let a nation fight for its liberty within the pale of this percale landscape, and then let my Lord Byron turn loose the flood of his imagery upon it. After all, its wildness and untouched solitude are most impressive; and without history, save of the seasons, or sound, save of the checks and stripes, time has kept it for the shopping world that knows it now.

Venus in all her beauty never had a colored shirt waist. The rosy-fingered Aurora, the heavenly Juno and the immortal Endymion never wore a pink percale marked down from 15 cents.

The corset sachet is made of two yards of 4-inch-wide satin taffeta ribbon in color to match the corset, or in the wearer's favorite tint. Make one yard of the ribbon into a rosette bow, which fasten to the Alsatian bow, made of the other yard. Sew the selvedges of the ribbon in the Alsatian bow together, leaving a small opening at each end, into which stuff white cotton batting, which has previously been sprinkled profusely with sachet powder. Violet and heliotrope mixed in equal proportions produce a delicate and lasting odor that is liked by most people. Fasten this sachet to the outside of the corset at the bust line.

The exposition sash makes a pretty addition to any summer dress. It may be made of satin taffetas, double-faced satin, or of novelty ribbon to match the dress with which it is to be worn; or if it is desired for several dresses, nothing exceeds in fitness black velvet ribbon. To make the sash takes five yards of 3-inch ribbon, three 10-yard bolts of 1-inch ribbon and a little dexterity in the art of rosette making. The five yards are used for a belt, two long streamers and bow at the waist line in the back. Cut each bolt of the narrow ribbon into three pieces of equal length, making each piece into a rosette bow, and fasten these bows at equal intervals along each wide streamer down the back, with one at the extreme end of each streamer, and either finish the sash with hooks and eyes placed under the bow at the waist, or adjust it in the same place with pins.

The combination in belts of velvet or ribbon with leather is one of the latest fads and is decided effective. A belt of this sort seen recently was of green velvet, lined and piped with vermilion patent leather. Another was made of red grograin ribbon with the lining and piping of black leather.

Applications of panne, in either white, cream or corn color, are a popular trimming for white barege or white serge suits. In a dressy costume of barege a deep lace-edged flounce on the skirt and an entire lace waist give the most correct finish.

Sashes, or long bows at the back of the waist, are much worn with gowns of the thinner and open-work types of muslin. The ends frequently fall nearly to the bottom of the skirt and the sash may be made either of broad ribbon or of tulle.

A simple summer toilet of white alpaca or thin linen may be rendered unusually charming by the addition of a ceinture and broad-plaited collar, falling over the shoulders, of figured foulard or flowered muslin. The chemisette, which sets inside the plaited collar, may be of point d'Arabe, or some tinted, bold patterned lace.

Bands of red, white or dark blue, add amazingly to the style in the gray linen skirts. These linen skirts, by the way, are far more serviceable than the pique, since they do not require such frequent washing.

Tucks abound in the new modes, varying from the finest lingerie tuck, which is scarcely more than a narrow line, to those an inch wide. Shirring is also coming in again, and can be used very prettily on any soft material.

Grass linen gowns are trimmed with the different shades of green and crimson, and a number of dead white gowns show colored velvet trimming. Not very much of it is used on one gown as yet.

The latest models in shirt waists fasten down the back with pearl, gilt or silver buttons. They come in all the sheer wash materials, wash silks and albatross.

Embroidered linen costumes are among the smartest thing shown for summer wear.

Hats worn with bicycle costumes this season are not so severe as formerly, as most of them are draped with silk or gauze scarfs.

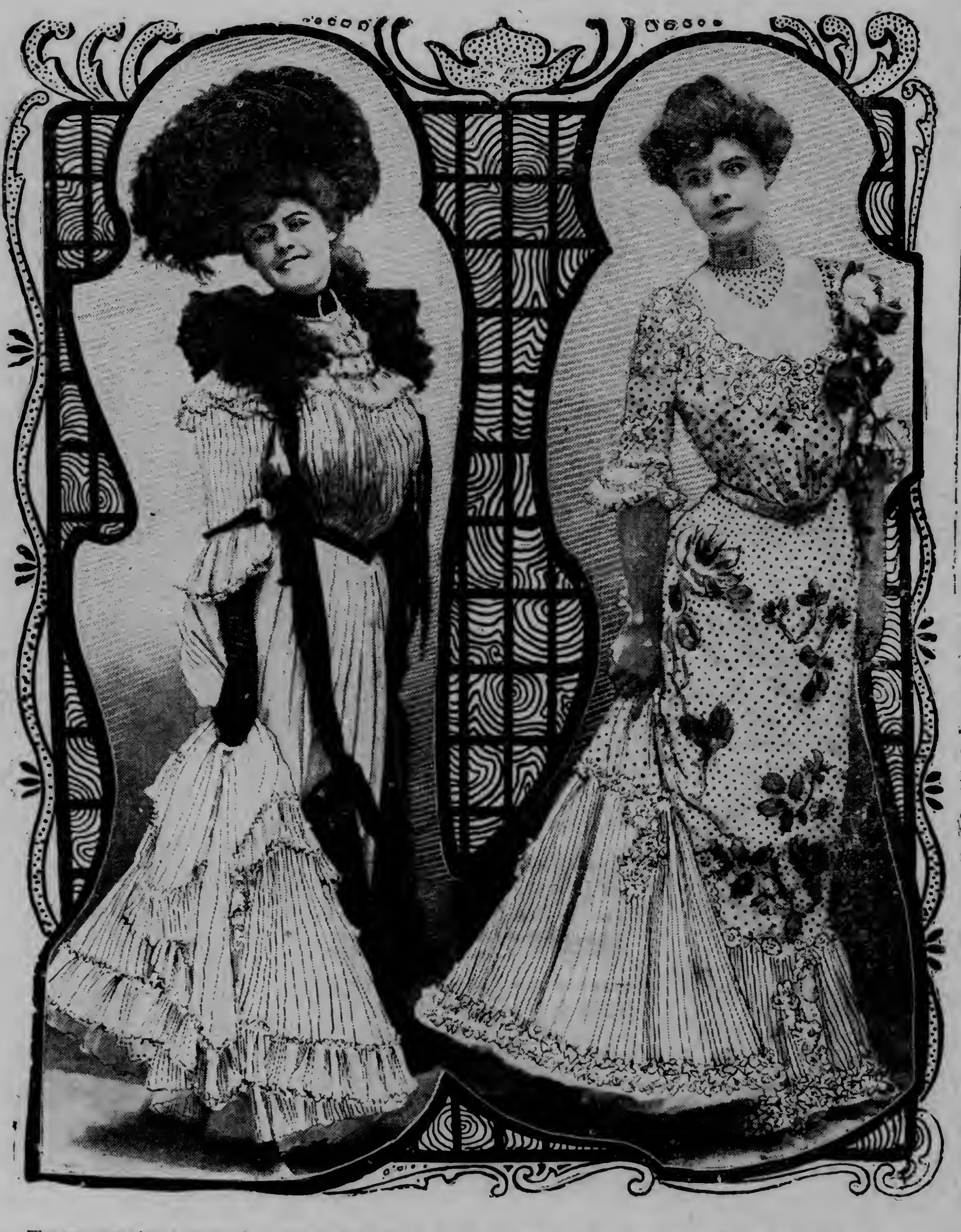
Buttons and buckles of imitation gems are one of the popular fads of the season. The turquoise is the favored stone, but an attempt is being made to revive the coral, which was so popular a few years ago.

Never were there such quantities of pretty, comfortable neckwear shown in the stores as there are this summer; it is an exploded idea that a woman cannot dress her neck prettily and becomingly, and at the same time comfortably. The stiff linen collar is almost entirely banished, and in its place is shown the soft stock of pique, duck or linen, with long ends to tie in front. They come in plain white, also colors, and are as comfortable as they are pretty.

Sachet bags produce the most delicate odor and are much preferred to perfumery by the woman of refinement. The up-to-date woman leaves behind her a waft of sweetness that makes the uninitiated wonder where it comes from. But if you should examine her clothing you would be apt to find innumerable little sachets—fastened under the lace on her bodice, in the lining of her skirt, inside her hat, in her gloves and various other places. Little things of this kind take time, but they are worth it, for they add much to the daintiness of a woman's toilet.

Short skirts for women is the rule in most offices today. Indeed, no rule seems to exist in regard to the matter. Some women still prefer to trail around soiled and shabby skirts while at their work, but they do so from choice —just as the majority, in skirts that clear the ground, also do so from choice, says the Pittsburg Dispatch. With teachers it is different. A member of the Connecticut board of health last autumn recommended short skirts for school teachers the state over, but it got no further than the recommendation. New York teachers generally agree that it is wiser not to wear a short skirt during school hours. At the fashionable "finishing" schools, in which the metropolis is so prolific, it is not to be thought of. "No, a teacher can't wear a short skirt," said a young woman who, living at home, has classes in one of the "select" boarding schools. "No matter how rainy or slushy or snowy or muddy the day, I must don my fashionable long-trailed skirt to go to school. Home, in the afternoons, I live in my short skirt. For shopping, walking, golfing, wheeling—everything but formal calls or entertaining—I wear it. But not at school. There it won't do. No, nothing was ever said against it, but I tried it once, and you should have seen the looks, not of horror, exactly, but uplifted eyebrows and everything that means 'askance.' This from both pupils and teachers. It infringed upon my dignity; my standing was impaired by it. We educators in New York, at least, are not yet educated up to the short skirt."

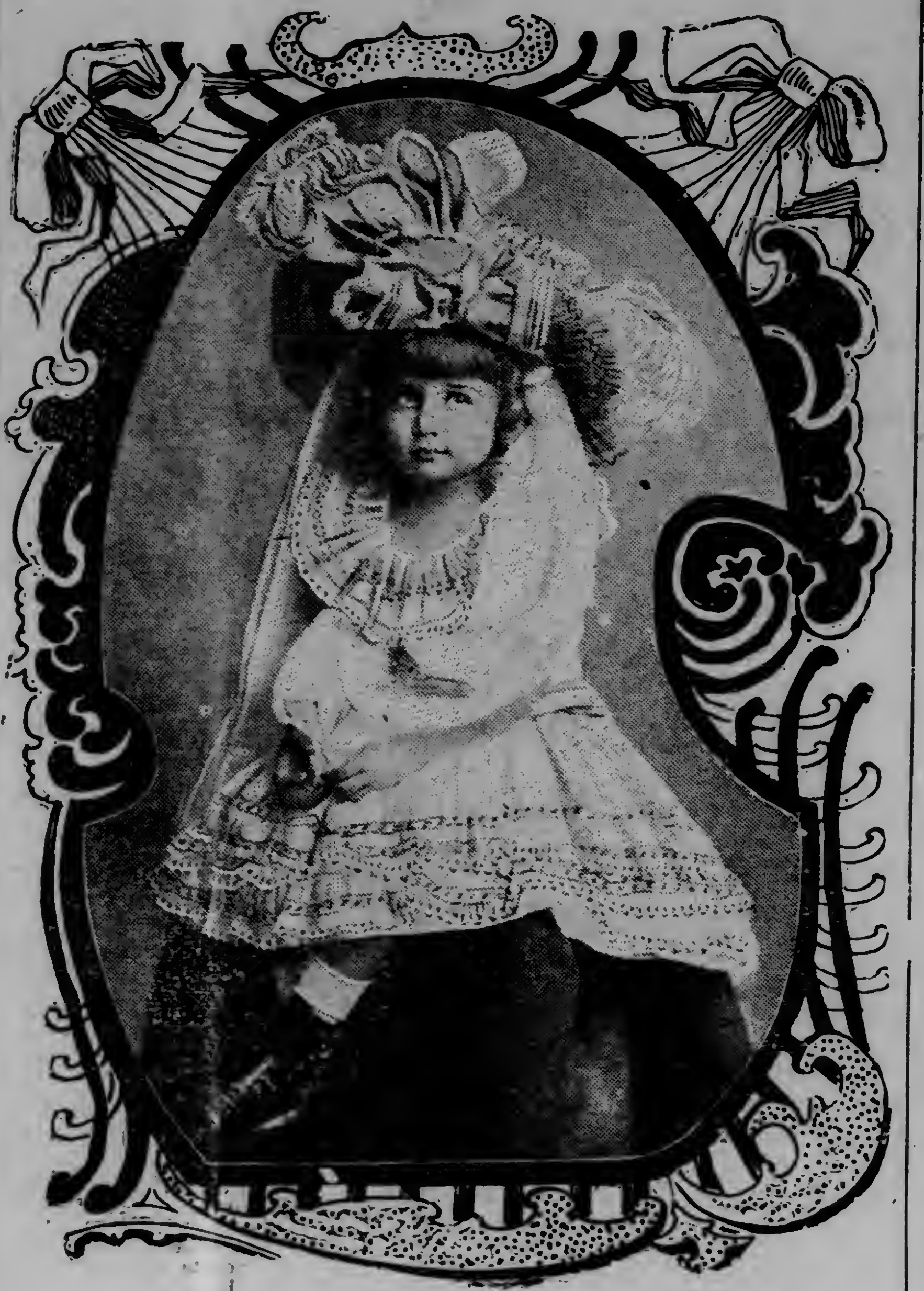
READY FOR CONQUEST.



The summer girl can never be more charming than she is this season. She has discovored the value of black and white contrasts and uses them lavishly. For her dress hat she selects a large black straw of the finest kind. She, or rather the milliner, ties a black velvet ribbon around the crown and veils the brim with one or two phenomenally rich and long black ostrich plumes. Her wrap consists of a huge, soft, fluffy boa with long knotted black velvet ties. Her gloves, her collar, and waistband are black velvet. Her gown is white silk mousseline tucked and kilted wherever possible. She has a number of dance gowns, but one, at least, also carries out as far as possible the black and white effect. This one of cream silk gauze with emboidered black dots is trimmed with a kilted flounce of the plain material and ruches of the same, edged with black lace. Irregular lace insertion forms a yoke to the low bodice and relief at intervals to the kilted flounce. Large floral sprays in natural colors are hand embroidered on the front of the skirt, thus giving a novel and chic effect hitherto never arrived at. Of course, both these gowns are made up over white taffeta.

BIG HATS FOR TINY TOTS.

A Handsome Creation of White Satin Straw With Tam Crown and Flaring Brim.



Dress hats for our tiny daughters this season are immense affairs. One of the handsomest shown is the above. It is made of white satin straw with a tam crown. The flaring brim is faced with gathered white silk mousseline and the strings are of the same. Bows of white Liberty satin ribbon and white ostrich tips are the trimming.

'ROMAN SILK WAIST.

An Advance Model of Fall Styles Suitable For Wear on Cool Days.

These rich waists are really Fall models, but are shown in advance and will be worn during cool days. The design of the silk calls for simplicity in construction. A black velvet band at the neck and wrists and a few tucks are the only trimming.

Notice.

July 6 to 13, the Northern Pacific railway will sell first-class tickets Duluth to Helena, Butte and Anaconda, Mont., and return for $35; to Spokane, Wash., $40, going transit limit July 18, return up to and including Aug. 31. Stop overs allowed in both directions within limit. For tickets and full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot or Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

BABY'S BATH

MILLIONS OF MOTHERS

USE CUTICURA SOAP ASSISTED BY CUTICURA OINTMENT THE GREAT SKIN CURE

For preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin of infants and children, for rashes, itchings, and chafings, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Millions of Women use Cuticura Soap in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and excoriations, for too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. Cuticura Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. It unites in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap and the BEST toilet, bath, and baby soap in the world.

COMPLETE EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL TREATMENT FOR EVERY HUMOR,

Cuticura THE SET

Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERY & SONS, 27-28, Charterhouse Sq., London. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, U.S.A.

BEN FRANKLIN RYE.

Finest whiskey ever produced.

"My Office"

Room D, Torrey Bldg.

Wm. McCullough

WILCOX TANSY PILLS Monthly Regulator. Safe and Sure. Never Fails. Druggists or by Mail. Price, $2. Send for Woman's Safeguard (free). WILCOX MED. CO., 329 N. 15th St., Phila., Pa.

Trade BIG G Mark. CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

TWO TRACKS TO TEXAS

Effective March 10th, 1901, the

FRISCO LINE

Announces the Opening of its

Red River Division

...To...

Denison and Sherman, Texas.

Through Train Service will shortly be established from St. Louis and Kansas City over the

Shortest Line to Texas

THE LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD

Operates the Finest Passenger Service in the South. The equipment is up to date, the road bed without an equal and the time the fastest. Through trains of magnificent Coaches and Drawing-room Sleeping Cars between

Chicago,
Cincinnati,
Louisville,
Evansville or
St. Louis and
Nashville,
Memphis,
Birmingham,
Mobile,
New Orleans,
Pensacola,
and Jacksonville.

Through the historical and scenic regions of Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Florida.

For descriptive matter, time-tables and maps, address

C. L. STONE, Gen. Pass. Agt., *Louisville, Ky.*

BASEBALL

Fashions and Hansell's Team Play Sunday.

Central Gun Club's Shoot Well Attended.

A good deal of interest lies around the game that is scheduled to come off tomorrow between the Duluth Fashions and the Duluth team. The Fashions have a good team and will work hard for the victory, while Hansell says that if they win they can claim anything that they want to. If the weather is good they ought to have the largest crowd of the season out to see the game.

* * *

Bill Lambert was the most stylish man in the crowd from Duluth that visited Ashland on the Fourth for baseball purposes. The shirt waist that encircled his husky form was much admired in every quarter and bids fair to become the fashion for all ball players in the surrounding country. The big center fielder went down after Shep about ten minutes before train time, and the latter informed Bill that they would have to hurry if they wanted to toss the horse hide in Ashland the glorious Fourth. Bill had left his coat behind and the two of them made a break for the street car and just succeeded in getting the train. Bill took off his suspenders, put on his baseball belt, made a blouse out of his lurid wearing apparel and called it a shirt waist. Bill was the admiration of all the feminine population of Ashland that day, who thought it was just too sweet for anything.

* * *

Monday afternoon, Jupiter permitting, the board of trade will endeavor to see that the Duluth Grays are beaten. The Grays will make their initial appearance on this date, although most of them played ball during the earlier part of the season on the high school team. Chapman, who has a quick little out that is very puzzling, will pitch for the Bulls and Bears, while Allworth or Cummings will twirl for the Grays. The board of trade people are out after Cummings with their knives sharpened on account of the defeat he administered to them some time ago, and an exciting game may be expected.

* * *

Two games with the Chicago Unions, the fastest colored team in the country, will be played here on July 13 and 14. The team that will meet them will be picked from the Duluth team and the Fashions, but whether under the name of the Duluths or the Fashions will be seen after tomorrow. The team that will be the outcome of tomorrow's game will be the fastest one in the Northwest, and a great treat is in store for the lovers of baseball.

* * *

The races that were postponed from the Fourth until this afternoon will be the best that have been seen in Duluth for a long while. Some very fast horse flesh is entered, and although the conditions of the track will probably prevent very speedy work, the races are sure to be interesting.

* * *

The work of Morrison, of St. Paul, who, in the Central Gun club's practice shoot, broke 200 birds in succession, is very unusual, and called forth many admiring comments from the gunning fraternity of this city. Mr. Morrison is one of the best shots in the state and his feat is seldom equaled. The Gun club shoot brought a large number of the crack shots into the city and was one of the most satisfactory ever held here. No professionals from outside the state were allowed to take part in the division of the prize money, although they were invited to shoot for the fun of it and to show what they could do.

Part of the weather was rather disagreeable and bad for shooting, but some very good work was done nevertheless. About thirty-six men entered the contest.

* * *

Chicago's champions continue to show the way in the American league pennant race, and the pace they are setting is a hot one to follow, but one that cannot be slackened without losing the lead. The Boston team has come rapidly to he front in the last month, and McGraw's scrappy Orioles are not far behind. The race is already nearly half run, and it may be considered that the eight teams have settled into something like their permanent form, barring unforseen accidents. But it is difficult to make any definite predictions concerning the possible appearance of things at the end of another month. The race so far is a peculiar one, and the standing of the clubs in several instances belies their form on paper. The White Stockings, with only two batters on the team who are hitting at a .300 gait, do not seemingly belong at the top, since at least five clubs are outbatting them in figures. The strenugth of the chamions in the box and their system of team play keep them in the lead. The players exhibit since returning from the East, an unusual confidence in themselves and in each other. They never quit. No better illustration of that can be found than their unexpected brace directly after the slump in Boston, which enabled them, by taking four straight games at Philadelphia, to make an even break in games won and lost on the trip. Duluth takes an especial interest in the Chicago team, because one of its twirlers is Patterson, who formerly played here and is now pitching winning ball.

* * *

After the Brooklyns had made a swing around the circuit Manager Ed Hanlon talked as follows about the outlook for the present season:

"The trip has been a remarkably successful one financially, and if the fans continue to support the game as they are, the league will make money instead of losing, as we expected. Excepting the three week days at Chicago, which, however, were partly balanced by the big Sunday crowd, we drew well all along the line. St. Louis turned out the biggest crowds, and I will say that there is one of the best baseball towns in the country. It has a fast team, one that ought to be in the hunt, and I am glad for the Robisons that they are located in that city. If anybody can give St. Louis a winning team and deserve success, the Robisons are those people. We drew the best Saturday crowd in years there, and the Sunday attendance was fine. I never saw a finer gathering of ladies at a ball game than at St. Louis on Saturday, and for rooting and support of a home club, those two crowds on Saturday and Sunday took the cake.

"A friend of mine in Chicago, a stanch supported of baseball, told me that the reason for the boom in bseball this year was Brooklyn's downfall. All through the West, he said, it was agreed at the start that there was nothing to the race but Brook again, but when the champions got their bad start and it looked as if the others had a show the fans came out. Well, that may be, for all I know, but I want to say that the unexpected good showing of New York and the superb pitching of Mathewson did not show up as well on the Western trip, but he is a great pitcher and will come back."

* * *

No week passes—I had almost said no week day—that I do not receive questions to answer concerning the correct definitions of the rules of the game, and since the first report the questions regarding the new rules of 1901 have been more than ordinarily numerous and have mostly referred to the new rule of called strikes on foul balls, says a leading baseball writer. Among the questions asked concerning the latter rule, has been one as to whether the strike called on the catch of a fly tip ball counts, and another has been as to the character of the foul ball hit; that is, it would be asked whether long hit fouls in the air to outfield could be counted in the case of called strikes on foul hits. It should be plainly understood, in the first case, that no matter what the character of the called strike, it counts as one of the two called strikes under the rule; also any of a foul hit counts as a strike if made before two strikes have been called. After two strikes have been called, no matter how, then no more strikes on foul hits can be called unless from foul tip catches.

The calling of strikes on foul hit balls has wonderfully increased the strike out records of the pitcher and reduced the opportunities for base hits. The weakness of the rule—as regards the doing away with intentional hitting of fouls—lies in the rule not calling strikes on every successively hit foul ball, for it is in the repeated hitting of foul balls in succession that unjustly affects the pitcher. As it is now, batsmen are punished for accidentally hit foul balls and not for those hit foul intentionally.

The hitting of foul balls has even been the one weak point in the game. It was lessened when catches of foul balls on the bound were done away with, but it is still a fault in the game, as batsmen are punished by outs not offset by chances offered for good plays at the bat, as in the case of fair hit balls. The rule of calling strikes on foul hits should be three strikes on every three foul ball hits in succession.

* * *

The English sporting men evidently do not fancy a match between Jack Roberts and Terry McGovern. The Mirror of Life says:

"We cannot help thinking of the absurdity of a match between Jack Roberts, of England, and Terry McGovern, of America. Will Curley is defeated, and defeated badly, by George Dixon. Curley only saving himself from a much earlier defeat by clinging to his opponent, and outraging all rules, Queensberry or otherwise. What chance would Jack Goldswain and Wood, of Clapton, or Tom Ireland, who have all overcome Roberts, have with McGovern? Surely this is too absurd. While George Dixon proves but a chopping block for Terry McGovern, Will Curley at the N. S. C. cuts Jack Roberts to ribbons, and according to all known rules of warfare Jack Roberts should have been beaten. It was just the case of one man in an almost insensible state having more vitality than the other toeing the scratch a hopelessly beaten man; but Curley had shot his bolt and could not finish. Jack Roberts is but a one-handed fighter, whilst Terry McGovern has two, and terribly hard punchers they are. Our opinion may be wrong, but if ever Terry McGovern and Jack Roberts come together—knowing one only by what he has done and the other from having seen him repeatedly perform—we shall be willing to back our opinion by something more substantial than words."

* * *

"John L. Sullivan is still much discussed, and it can be truthfully said that the present popularity and high standing of the manly art of self defense is due to Sullivan more than anyone else," says the Boston Post. "About 21 years ago John L. Sullivan was best known as the Roxbury strong boy. Although he began to spar at several exhibitions in Boston in 1879, it was not until the spring of 1880 that he began to attract general attention. It was then at the wind-up of a benefit in Music hall, given to Joe Goss, that the latter discovered and admitted that the Roxbury lad was a great boxer and fighter, as Goss was sent sprawling from a blow from that mighty right hand, which afterward became world-famous.

"George Rooke, the one-time middleweight champion, who had become a heavyweight, was the next one to receive, in one round, all demonstration he desired of Sullivan's quality.

"Then came the two contests with John Donaldson, which brought him more prominently before the country as a great fighter.

"He soon became recognized as a 'knocker-out,' and at his benefit in Harry Hill's in New York, he offered $50 for any man who could stand before him three rounds, Marquis of Queensberry rules, with big gloves, and Steve Taylor, then one of the best pugilists in the country, accepted, and he became an easy victim of the big fellow.

"An offer was then made to match Sullivan against any man in the world, and the match with John Flood followed. They fought on a barge on the Hudson river, Sullivan winning in eight rounds.

"A few months later he was matched with Paddy Ryan for the championship of America and $2500 a side. Some records insist that it was for the championship of the world, for Ryan had beaten Joe Goss, who came into the title through the retirement of Jem Mace.

"Sullivan and Ryan fought nine very fast rounds in eleven minutes, Sullivan winning easily.

"His challenge to the world then came, and no one accepting, the title became his by default, and he then began a series of Queensberry rules contests, all limited to four or six rounds. All the best heavy weights living went down before Sullivan in quick time, and he became recognized and was styled by all the sporting fraternity as the champion of all champions. Sullivan's tour of the country with an offer of $1000 to any man who could stay before him four rounds marked the decline of old-style fighting, and today the world over all ring affairs are called boxing contests, as they are conducted under the Marquis of Queensberry rules and are boxing contests, and free from all the roughness and objections of London prize ring fighting."

* * *

The subscription purse of $6000 given by the Horse Review for foals of 1898, trotters and pacers, that is to be contested at the Hartford grand circuit meeting the first week of September is the seventh event in the shape of a futurity stake or purse given by that journal, the total amount of money paid out since 1894 being something over $75,000.

The trotters and pacers that have made the final payment for the Hartford race are of such numbers and known quality as to insure for the event the finest field of 3-year-old trotters that ever took the word, and while the members of the pacing division are not so well known there will no doubt be plenty of speed on tap when race day arrives. The trotters that have accepted are:

Allethena, by Allerton; dam by Norwood.
Grace Arlington, by Ashland Wilkes; dam by Egbert.
Aylwin, by Electrite; dam by Simmons.
Carrie Bel, by Lynne Bel; dam by Nutpatch.
Willie Her, by Alfred G.; dam by Happy Traveler.
Directum Miller, by Directum; dam by Abdallah Mambrino.
Lee Wickliffe, by Wickliffe; dam by Electioneer.
Ashbud, by Ashland Wilkes; dam by Aberdeen.
Admiral Dewey, by Bingen; dam, Nancy Hanks.
Green Silk, by Prodigal; dam by Baron Wilkes.
Rowellan, by Adbell; dam by Azmoor.
Nellie Boca, by Clay King; dam by Strong Boy.
Hawthorne, by Jay Bird; dam by Mambrino.
Colonel Edwards, by Dexter Prince; dam by Electioneer.
Direct Light, by Direct; dam by France.
Chestnut colt, by Boreal; dam by Earl.
Chestnut filly, by Onward; dam by Harold.

Of course, at the present time the most talked-of candidate among the lot is Admiral Dewey, by Bingen, 2:04¼, dam Nancy Hanks, 2:04. This royally bred youngster could trot a streak last season as a 2-year-old, and reports from Boston, where he is in training, is unanimous that he is the fastest thing of his age ever seen in New England, and on what he has already done in short brushes through the homestretch some pretty shrewd horsemen say it will certainly take something like a 2:10 trotter to beat him next fall.

* * *

The entire 1901 crop of trotting-bred stock has come to hand at the Bitter Root farm, the property of the late copper king, Marcus Daily, in Montana. The youngsters number sixty-three, of which Prodigal (2:16) is the sire of eleven colts and ten fillies, Bow Bells of twelve colts and six fillies, and Ponce de Leon of fourteen colts and six fillies. Two of the others are by Allerton, the dam of one of them being Helen T, full sister to Arion (2:07¾).

* * *

C. W. Williams has purchased from John A. Scannel, of Louisiana, a trio of fine-looking sucklings by Allerton (2:09¼). One is a bay colt out of Fairwater by Lord Russell; another is a bay filly out of a daughter of Jay Bird, and the third is a bay colt out of Bon Bon by Baron Wilkes.

* * *

How the English Derby was won is told by the Sportsman as follows:

"Weighed out to time, the paddock was crowded, and all were on view except Osboch, who was saddled away by permission of the stewards. Ruskin led the parade, followed by St. Maclou, and then came H. R. H., Handicapper, Cottage, Sang Bleu, Pietermaritzburg, Doricles, Royal Rouge, Revenue, Ian, Veles, Royal George, Orchid, Olympian, Lord Bobs, Tantalus, Claquer, Veronese, Floriform, Prince Charles II., Volodyovski, Wargrave and William III. Assembled at the post there was a tedious wait, chiefly caused by the obstinate Orchid, who repeatedly declined to go near the gate. At last, after over half an hour's delay, the barrier went up, and quickest away was Olympian, followed by Claquer, Osboch and Lord Bobs, while Doricles went next, in advance of Veles, Revenue, H. R. H., Ruskin, Veronese, Royal Rouge, these being in front of Volodyovski. Crossing the road Olympian still hed a clear lead of Lord Bobs, Orchid, Revenue, Pietermaritzburg, Osboch, William III, Prince Charles II, Handicapper, Ruskin and Veles. So they raced to the straight, where Olympian was still showing the way to Prince Charles II., while Volodyovski was following in his wake, with Revenue next, in front of William III. Well, below the Bell the leader collapsed, and Volodyovski dashed to the front, followed by William III. The latter struggled on hard, but Volodyovski, putting in some good work up the hill, secured Mr. W. C. Whitney his first Derby by three parts of a length; four lengths between second and third. Floriform, a head away, was placed fourth, Olympian fifth, Osboch sixth, Doricles seventh, Prince Charles II. eighth, Sang Bleu ninth, Pietermaritzburg tenth, H. R. H. eleventh, Ian, twelfth, Royal George thirteenth and Orchid last. Time, by Benson's chronograph, 2:40 4-5. Value of the stakes, £4950."

* * *

Some good people are evincing much fear that The Abbot (2:03¼), champion trotter, will break down under the amount of fast work Geers gave him at Louisville. It is probable that there is no cause for alarm. Geers made The Abbot champion trotter, and probably knows better than any one else what is good for him.

Kate Collins, sister of John R. Gentry (2:00½), Theodore Shelton (2:00¾) and Myron McHenry (2:15¼) is in foal to Chimes, sire of the champion trotter, The Abbot.

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The Vacuum Organ Developer was first introduced in the standing armies of Europe a few years ago by the French specialist, De Bousset, and its remarkable success in these countries led the Local Appliance Co. to secure the exclusive control of its sale on the Western Continent; and since its introduction into this country its remarkable cures have astounded the entire medical profession. It has restored thousands of cases pronounced incurable by physicians. It cures quickly, harmlessly, and without detention from business.

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One Certainty

Some Duluth People Fully Realize It Now.

WHEN THE BACK ACHES FROM KIDNEY ILLS—WHEN URINARY TROUBLES ANNOY YOU, THERE'S A CERTAIN WAY TO FIND RELIEF—A SURE WAY TO BE CURED—DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS WILL DO IT—DULUTH PEOPLE ENDORSE THIS CLAIM.

Mr. H. Pierson, of 924 Third street east, a carpenter by trade, says: "For two years I was troubled with kidney complaint, and while not severe enough to lay me up, it affected my entire system and I felt generally run down. There was an extreme weakness of the kidneys and the secretions were very irregular. I tried a number of different remedies and took a lot of medicine, but nothing seemed suited to my case. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills very highly recomended and being advised to try them. I procured a box at W. A. Abbett's Drug store, corner of Superior street and Second avenue west. I had not taken them long before I was satisfied they were doing me good, so I continued their use and improved rapidly. In a short time they thoroughly relieved me of the trouble."

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Write to J. T. Conley, Ass't Gen'l Passgr. Agent, St. Paul, for the "Milwaukee's" Pan-American folder (one of the completest and most comprehensive guides yet published of the exposition) and all information concerning rates, etc.

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IN COPPER DISTRICT

Quincy and Wolverine Mines Broke Their Records In June.

Both Shafts Sinking In Calico Lode at Michigan Mine.

Foundation Walls For the Adventure Mill Nearly Completed.

Houghton, Mich., July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Both the Quincy and Wolverine mines broke their best previous records of production on June, the former with an output of 1205½ tons of mineral, the latter with a production of upwards of 277 tons of mineral. As the Wolverine mineral carries the largest percentage of copper of any in the district, the proportion of ingot in the crude mineral running about 87 per cent, the actual production of refined copper by the Wolverine during June was upwards of 240 tons, secured at a profit of about $40,000, or at the rate of $8 per share annual earnings, equal to about 14 per cent on the price of the stock at the close of June. Osceola and Wolverine are probably earning the largest returns on market price of any of the dividend-paying shares of the district at the present time. The heavy production of Quincy is giving hope to the shareholders who have been anticipating a larger dividend in August. The general opinion seems to be that the Quincy will pay a dividend of about $6 next month, bringing the profit disbursements of the year to the same total as in 1900. The Quincy has had some very heavy expenditures for the past three or four years, during which time a vast amount of money has been spent in betterments both underground and on surface at the mine. So large a mine as the Quincy will never get past the stage of requiring considerable sums at frequent intervals for new work, until the mine is nearing its end, which, in the case of this property, will be decades in the future, but the heaviest expenditures are at an end, and the Quincy is fully equipped for large and economical production for many years to come.

At the Michigan mine both shafts are sinking in the Calico lode, and the unwatering of the old Minnesota mine continues. More rapid progress is being made latterly in the pumping, as the water has been lowered to a point where the old workings are of less extent than on the levels nearer surface. The Minnesota was one of the pioneer dividend-payers of the district, contemporaneous with the Cliff, in Keweenaw county, and at the period of its greatest activity, a full third of a century ago, the problem of hoisting from the depth of a quarter mile was relatively a greater one than is now that of hoisting from nearly a full mile, in the deep vertical shafts of the Calumet & Hecla and Tamarack. At great depth the cost of hoisting precluded further work in the early days of mining, but it is probable that the machinery in the new No. 5 shaft of the Tamarack will raise its production at an average cost per ton no greater than was the cost of hoisting from a depth of 600 or 800 feet in the old Minnesota and mines of its day, thirty to forty years ago.

The Victoria is attracting more attention of late, and the good things being said of the property are warranted by the excellent showing of both heavy copper and stamp rock.

The water in the shaft opened on the Butler lode at the Belt mine is now forked out. Miners will be set at work, and N. F. Leopold, of Chicago, in whose interest the option is held, purposes giving the old mine a thorough cleaning-up and examination before deciding upon plans for the future. If the appearance of the old openings, and the showing made in new shafts and drifts warrants it, a company will be organized with adequate capital and the property worked on a large scale, but Mr. Leopold is taking a very sensible and an eminently commendable course in learning, at his own cost, just what the property promises before making any attempt to interest the public in the mine.

The activity in Adventure and its rapid increase in price have directed attention again to the Mass, in the same district, to the benefit of the market price of the shares of the latter named property. Sixteen new drilling machines have been put at work in the mine, where upwards of 200 men are now employed, and considerable new work is being done in and around the new mill, at Keweenaw Bay, sixteen miles south of Houghton. The mine should be able to start one stamp next month.

The Phoenix, in Keweenaw county, made a record last month by more than clearing expenses of all kinds from the mass and barrel copper produced. In addition to its production of heavy copper, the Phoenix is accumulating a large amount of stamp rock that is obviously very rich, and with the building of the 1-stamp mill now planned, should be able to become a dividend-payer at an earlier date than some mines operated on a much more ambitious scale. The Phoenix is being operated economically and for the past year has very nearly paid expenses, besides opening the mine, without a mill.

The foundation walls for the Adventure mill are nearly completed, and a number of piers for supporting machinery are also finished. A good record for economy and speed is being made in the erection of this mill. Good progress is being made at the Trimountain millsite, where the extension of the Copper Range railroad will soon be completed, allowing the delivery of material to much better advantage than heretofore.

At the Champion millsite the right-of-way for the railroad extension has been cleared and grading will be started next week. Excavating for the foundations is well along and the masons will be able to start work very soon.

At the new Baltic mill the concrete foundations for the stamps will be finished this month. Half of the jigs are in place, the launders are built and the engine set. The boilers are bricked in, fuel economizer and fan in place and a steel railroad trestle will be started next week. The Baltic management is doing all in its power to have the mill ready for starting on September 1, and barring further delays in the receipt of material will be able to begin milling on that date.

The foundations for the new mills of the Wolverine and Mohawk are completed, and it is probable that both mills will be running in just about one year—a little earlier if material is furnished as agreed.

The new mill of the Isle Royale has been in commission for two months, and its smooth running has justified the many fine things said about the mill and its machinery previous to its starting. The stamps are now averaging close to 450 tons daily, and by the close of the year will probably reach an average of 500 tons each, giving a total capacity of 1500 tons daily—much the largest production ever secured by a new or reopened mine during its first year—a production, in fact, but little smaller than was that of the Quincy less than a decade ago.

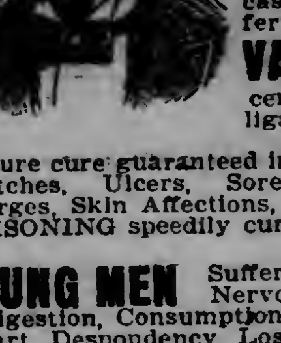
The Arnold, which is now working only a small force, and is confining attention mainly to the extension of the Owl Creek fissure, from which the old Copper Falls mine, now a part of the Arnold, earned its dividends, will probably increase force soon.

The attempt to reopen the old Clark mine at Copper harbor as a manganese producer was a flat failure. This result was predicted by the old-time miners of the district, who stated that the manganese deposits in the Clark were in the shape of lenticular masses, and of too small size and too impure to make the venture a profitable one.

The Oneco, which cut something of a dash in 1899 and 1900, seems to have joined the has-beens for a protracted period, as there is no sign of activity about the shaft, and no indication in Boston of any attempt to raise the funds requisite for resumption of work. But only a small amount of money—only $80,000 all told—was expended at the Oneco, and the showing secured was sufficiently favorable to warrant the expenditure of more money.

The Old Colony tunnel has now penetrated more than half its allotted distance through the alternating beds of trap, amygdaloid and conglomerate, but as yet the results secured have not been especially promising, though a number of cupriferous lodes have been cut. The work, however, is being done with great thoroughness, and when completed, the Old Colony will have become the most thoroughly explored mineral property in this district.

HORACE J. STEVENS.



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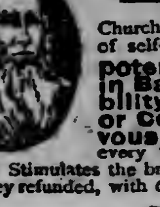
YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or Excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure. Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, No. 5 W. Superior St., Duluth, Minn.



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. **Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids.** Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Dont get despondent, a cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS **Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.**

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

MAKE-MAN TABLETS

TRADE MARK

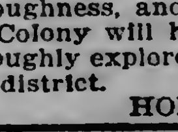
FREE after using one-half Box of Make-man Tablets, if they will not do all we claim for them, return the balance of the box, and your money will be cheerfully refunded. Every box is sold with this understanding and guarantee. **Make-man Tablets** are guaranteed to quickly restore weakened mankind to health, strength and vigor. There is no remedy in the world equal to Make-man Tablets in restoring lost vitality in men and women.

Make-man Tablets are especially recommended for persons of advanced age who may be suffering from loss of vital power or ailments common to old age.

A TRIAL TREATMENT OF MAKE-MAN TABLETS WILL BE SENT FREE TO ANY READER OF THIS PAPER, WHO SEND THEIR NAME AND ADDRESS.

Make-man Tablets are sold on a positive guarantee at 50 cents a box by all druggists or sent post paid upon receipt of price by the **Make-man Tablet Co.,** 1056 Milwaukee Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

SOLD IN DULUTH BY MAX WIRTH AND S. F. BOYCE.



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c, and $1.00 at Druggists

BIDS FOR FUEL AND REMOVAL OF ASHES.—

Bids will be received by the Board of Education of the city of Duluth, at their office, Central High School building, up to 5 o'clock p. m. of Friday, July 5th, 1901, as follows:

First—For the supply of the best anthracite, bituminous and semi-bituminous coal, required for the public school buildings, during the school year of 1901-1902.

Bids must state price per ton, delivered in the school buildings, for slack, egg and lump in bituminous coal; mine run, egg and lump in semi-bituminous coal; and for dust, cargo pea, egg, stove and nut, in free-burning, white ash, anthracite coal, which must be fresh and have been received on dock this year.

The Board reserves the right to order, and the successful bidder must agree to supply any quantity of any coal mentioned in the bid, that may be needed.

Second—For the supply of kindling wood to the several school buildings in the district. Bids to state the price per cord for good, dry slab wood, four feet in length, the same to be delivered into the school buildings.

Also for the removal of ashes from the several school buildings, said bid to state the price per load of one and one-half cubic yard, for the removal of such ashes as may be required for the ensuing school year.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

Bids to be addressed to the undersigned and marked "Bids for Fuel, etc."

By order of committee.

CHAS. A. BRONSON, Clerk.

Duluth Evening Herald—June 22-29, July 2.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

MIDY

Sold by all druggists.

SUMMONS.—

State of Minnesota County of St. Louis. District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Sarah J. Bennett,
Plaintiff,
vs.
Walter E. Bennett,
Defendant.

The state of Minnesota to the above named defendant:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint of the plaintiff in the above entitled action, which complaint is filed in the office of the clerk of the above named court, and to serve a copy of your answer to said complaint on the subscribers at their offices in rooms numbered 301, 302 and 303 in the First National Bank building, in the city of Duluth, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, within thirty (30) days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service, and if you fail to answer said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Dated June 15th, 1901.

BALDWIN & BALDWIN,
Attorneys for said Plaintiff,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June 15-22-29-July-6-13-20-1901.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of ninety and 65-100 dollars ($90.65) which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Charles Gourdet, mortgagor, to A. Nelson, mortgagee, dated November 15th, 1900, and with a power of sale therein contained and duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, Nov. 20, 1900, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 161 of mortgages, on page 332; which said mortgage with the unpaid indebtedness secured thereby was assigned by said A. Nelson to W. G. Close, by written assignment dated April 10, 1901, and recorded in the register of deeds' office for said county, on May 28th, 1901, at 11:50 o'clock a. m., in Book 186 of mortgages, on page 16.

Notice is given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of the premises desdescribed in said mortgage as follows, to-wit: Lot number five (5), block number three (3), of the townsite of Buhl, St. Louis County, Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said county, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, and state, on the 22nd day of July, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of ninety and 65-100 dollars ($90.65) and interest, and twenty-five dollars ($25.00) attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and costs and disbursements of said foreclosure allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 7, 1901.

W. G. CLOSE,
Assignee of Mortgage.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Assignee of Mortgage,
Rooms 608-611 Torrey Bldg.,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-8-15-22-29-July-6-13-1901.

MORTAGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—

Default has been made in the payment of four hundred eight and 50-100 dollars ($408.50), which is due and claimed to be due at the date of this notice, for principal and interest upon that certain mortgage executed and delivered by Albion B. Harper and Nannie M. Harper, his wife, mortgagors, to Cora V. Ashton, mortgagee, bearing date November 18th, 1893, and duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds for St. Louis County, Minnesota, December 21st, 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 127 of mortgages, page 94.

Notice is given, that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises with the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and which are located in St. Louis County, Minnesota, and described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered seven (7), of block nine (9), Highland Park Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which sale will be made by the sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on July 22, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the court house in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to pay said mortgage debt and interest thereon and twenty-five dollars ($25.00) attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated June 8, 1901.

CORA V. ASHTON,
Mortgagee.

S. T. & WM. HARRISON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
Rooms 606-611 Torrey Bldg.,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, June-8-15-22-29-July-6-13-1901.

NOTICE.—

All parties are hereby cautioned against purchasing any interest in the s½ of ne¼ and ne¼ of se¼ of section 20, township 50, range 19. Innocent parties are cautioned not to negotiate for the above described lands. The undersigned holds the title to the same; others claiming title, it is fraud.

CHARLES EDMONDSON,
Cloquet, Minn.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., Oct. 1, 1900.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Fourth of July celebration here was the most successful ever held, and the large crowds that saw the long and interesting program of athletic events and novelty races, enjoyed themselves to the utmost. There was no program in the morning, with the exception of a band concert, which took place upon the arrival of the West Duluth band on the Missabe train. At 1 o'clock the program commenced, and until almost 5 o'clock the large crowd watched the various events, consisting of men's foot races, boy's foot races, high jumps, boy's bicycle race, girl's bicycle race, standing broad jump, catching the greasy pig, pipe race, three-legged race, men's bicycle race, old men's race, slow bicycle race, and horse races. E. Williams won the men's bicycle race, after two contested heats, and Andrew Anderson was second. In the horse races, two horses contested, a buckskin, owned by Malcolm Anderson, and a black mare, owned by Charles Verrill, Jr. The first heat, Verrill's horse would not start, and the heat was awarded to Anderson's horse. The second heat, Anderson's horse held the lead by a considerable distance until within ten rods of the finish, when Verrill's horse jumped ahead, and won the heat. The third heat was won by Anderson's horse in a close finish, the horses being about a length apart. After the races, dancing commenced in the large bowery erected opposite the hardware store and continued until supper. After 9 o'clock dancing commenced in the city hall, and continued until 3 o'clock. A ten piece orchestra furnished music for the occasion. About eighty couple were present. The weather looked threatening throughout the day, but little or no rain fell. A baseball game was expected between the local club and the McKinley team, but the McKinley team failed to put in an appearance. Altogether the celebration was the most successful ever held here, and all the events went off without a hitch.

Postmaster Shank, and his assistant, Mr. Grue, were in Eveleth on business Saturday.

John Millner returned Friday to Hibbing, after a short visit here.

Miss Sophie Johnson went down to Duluth Wednesday for a visit with her sister, Mrs. Fitzgerald.

Thomas J. McGilvary, formerly city engineer of Duluth, was in Biwabik Monday to aid the city fathers in discussing a sewer system.

James P. Carey spent Sunday in Ely with relatives.

Miss Bertha Furtney left Sunday for McKinley, where she will spend a month.

Henry Evenson went down to Duluth Wednesday to spend the Fourth.

Mr. and Mrs. Stinsburg went to Duluth on the Fourth to spend the day with relatives.

Mrs. Fred Lerch left Wednesday for Duluth, to visit with her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McNaughton, and child went down to West Superior to spend the Fourth with relatives.

A. A. Tulle spent the Fourth with his family in Tower.

H. S. Grant, of Evanston, Ill., was a Biwabik caller Monday.

George E. Granger of Duluth, was in Biwabik on business Monday.

R. M. Sellwood came up from Duluth to look after the Colonial mines, Tuesday.

J. B. Sattler, of Duluth, transacted business here Monday.

Mrs. M. L. Robbins spent the Fourth with friends at Duluth.

Mrs. Seeley, and son Fred, are visiting with friends at Duluth this week.

The McKinley baseball club played a return game here Sunday, and the local team defeated them again, by a score of sixteen to two. The game was much more interesting than the score shows, as the local team made nine of the sixteen scores in the first two innings, and after that the visitors took a brace, and held the locals down better. The work of both pitchers was a feature, Hathaway for Biwabik striking out seventeen men, and Clendening for McKinley thirteen. The batteries were Hathaway and Canfon, for Biwabik, and Clendening and Alden for McKinley. The McKinley team were white washed seven times, but the locals went into the field only once without scoring. A crowd of several hundred saw the game.

Miss Mabel Morrison and brother of Ely, are spending the week here, the guests of Mrs. Carey.

John P. Morrow looked after legal business here Monday.

Mr. Le Due returned to Duluth Tuesday, after spending the winter here.

D. L. Fairchild came down from Two Harbors on business Tuesday.

Trustee Riley was a Hibbing visitor Friday.

Arthur Sheridan returned to his home at Ely Saturday, after spending a week here.

Mary Kulcin visited friends here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Anderson were Duluth visitors Saturday.

Miss Clem Smith returned Saturday from Tower, where she visited the past six weeks. She was accompanied by her two young nephews.

Mrs. Bale of Ely, spent Sunday in Biwabik, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Carmichael.

Mrs. Wm. Mattson returned Saturday from an extended visit with relatives at Ironwood, Mich.

Mrs. Graham was a visitor at the Zenith City Saturday.

William & Co.'s circus played to two medium sized crowds at their tent on the ball grounds Tuesday. The show was a rather poor one, the only creditable part being their band.

Mr. and Mrs. Hayes came down from Hibbing for a visit with friends Wednesday.

F. J. Murray was in Duluth on business Saturday.

Officer O'Hara transacted official business at Duluth Saturday.

Miss Annie Enright returned Saturday from a visit with friends at Duluth.

Miss Maude Fisher spent Sunday with friends at Virginia.

The local postoffice changed hands Monday, N. H. Shank taking charge. Mr. Browne's term expiring on that day. T. E. Grue will assist Mr. Shank. The postoffice will be continued in the same place and the Browne drug store has been moved to the adjoining building.

Miss Downing of Elba, was a Biwabik visitor Monday.

F. S. Colvin transacted business in Duluth Monday.

Mrs. W. E. Powers of McKinley did shopping in Biwabik Monday.

A daughter was born Sunday to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Johnson.

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Burg were Duluth visitors Wednesday.

Gust Lindquist a laborer employed at the docks, was killed by being struck with a crank on a hoist and knocked into a pocket, falling through into the hold of one of the steamers loading.

M. Henzel departed for his home at St. Cloud on Tuesday.

Frank Colvin, of Biwabik, transacted business here on Monday.

H. W. Cable is to build a fine new residence in the near future.

Mrs. D. A. Burke is visiting with relatives at Elk River, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Maxwell rejoice over the arrival of a baby boy at their home, Friday morning.

Mrs. G. E. Pickard has returned from a visit with friends and relatives at Park Rapids, Minn.

R. E. Patterson, state boiler inspector, was in town this week.

J. A. Groves spent Sunday with his family at Ely.

John Rinquist is looking after his business interests at Grasston, Minn., this week.

Bids on $10,000 of county jail bonds were opened Monday evening and the bonds awarded to Fredson & Kassen, of St. Paul, Minn., their bid being for par and $850 premium.

Pete Olson looked after J. Runquist's contract work on the range several days this week.

F. Smith has gone to the Roseberry river.

Miss Amelia Vanderboom arrived from Marquette, Mich., on Tuesday for a visit at the home of her sister, Mrs. L. D. Rose.

The steamer Granada is due for a cargo of pulp wood.

F. Andrews was a Duluth visitor Wednesday.

The Beakman Bros.' livery stable is being rebuilt and it will be a much larger and better building than before it was damaged by the fire.

Eugene LaForce transacted business at Duluth, Tuesday.

John Runquist expects to finish his grading contract for the Duluth & Iron Range and Bassett by next week, and he will move his outfit to Fayal, where he has a contract.

The steamer Green took on a cargo of lumber here this week and the steamer Charles Wall is due also for a cargo of lumber.

Capt. I. K. Cowling spent Wednesday and Thursday at Duluth.

The steamer Philip Minch discharged a cargo of coal here this week.

The rainfall for the last ten days has been about 5 inches.

W. T. Wright transacted business at Duluth Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Bender spent the Fourth visiting with relatives at Sparta.

The majority of people here took in the celebration at Duluth Thursday.

All work on the docks and boats was suspended on the Fourth.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Mabel Carmichael, of Biwabik, visited friends here on Friday.

Dr. Farmer transacted business at Biwabik Saturday.

Superintendent M. McCarthy, of the Elba mine, umpired the Ely-Eveleth baseball game at Ely Sunday.

Mrs. J. R. Ford and daughter Ethel departed Monday for an extended visit with relatives at Detroit, Mich. They will visit the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo before returning.

Capt. William White has resigned as superintendent of the Kimberly mine at Eveleth.

F. Klink transacted business at Biwabik Thursday.

A number of people from here attended the baseball excursion to Ely Sunday. There were three coach loads of excursionists.

Gulbranson Bros. have started on a large stripping contract at the Sparta mine.

Though the ore shipments for the past six weeks has far exceeded and previous record the stock piles are not yet beginning to show much if any depletion. The Chandler and Pioneer stock piles at Ely are not yet half shipped, there still being over 200,000 tons of ore in their piles while the Zenith and Savoy mines have about 125,000 tons the Elby about 65,000 tons, the Sparta and Malta about 100,000 tons and the Genoa mine a like amount. The Roberts still has about 15,000 tons in stock. The Pioneer Iron company is hoisting and shipping over 100 cars from their shaft every twenty-four hours. In spite of all this activity the business men all complain of trade being very quiet.

J. R. Ford has gone to Dakota with his teams to work on some railroad contract.

BEMIDJI.

Bemidji, July 6.—Robert Walters stabbed and inflicted painful injuries upon Charles Nelson in the Great Northern railroad yards Monday evening about 8 o'clock. Walters was accused of "lifting" a watch and pocketbook belonging to one of the inmates of a resort in the tenderloin district. Nelson, having been together with Walters during the day, in order to clear himself of any suspicion of complicity in the theft, set out to find Walters and finally succeeded in locating him in the railroad yards, getting ready to "blow" the town. When accused by Nelson of stealing the articles mentioned he asserted his innocence and offered to stand a search. While undergoing this process he suddenly turned about and stabbed Nelson in the back, inflicting two deep gashes, after which he fled down the railroad track. He was arrested at Rosby.

F. J. Kline, manager of the Walker & Akeley logging operations in this section, left Thursday for Solway with a surveying crew, to run a line for a logging road from Itasca to Solway. The road will be built this summer and practically all the White Earth reservation timber will be transported by rail, there being no streams that can be worked to advantage.

Miss McDonell, the milliner, returned Saturday from her claim at Bridgie, having, on account of the bad roads, walked all the way from Blackduck. She left Wednesday for her home in Wisconsin, where she will remain until Aug. 15, when she will return to make final proof on her claim.

HAVE YOU KIDNEY TROUBLE?

Thousands of Lives Now Saved From the Fatal Effects of Kidney Diseases.

WEAK KIDNEYS MADE STRONG.

Dr. Geo. Leininger's For-mal-de-hyde Kidney Tablets Are the Greatest Discovery Yet Made in Medicine.

A TRIAL TREATMENT SENT FREE

Careful men and women do not wait until they are flat on their backs before they seek some relief. Have you a pain or dull ache in the back or head? Have you rheumatism? Are you nervous? Do you get dizzy? Are you irritable? Are you obliged to pass water often during the day? All these are danger signals, which, if you do not heed, may result seriously and often in Bright's disease. Dr. Geo. Leininger, the noted German physician and scientist, gave to the world the first and only kidney remedy which not alone will cure all kidney diseases, but drive all disease-breeding germs out of the blood, making it impossible for the kidneys to become sick again.

Dr. Geo. Leininger offers to send a trial package of these famous Kidney Tablets, free, to any reader of this paper, who send their name and address.

Dr. George Leininger's For-mal-de-hyde Kidney Tablets come in two sizes, 25 cents and 50 cents. Are on sale at all druggists, or will be sent postpaid by sending direct to the manufacturers.

MAKE-MAN TABLETS.

FREE A trial treatment of Make-Man Tablets will be sent free to any reader of this paper who send their name and address. Make-Man Tablets cure nervous debility and quickly restore weakened mankind to health, strength and vigor. Make-Man Tablets are sold on positive guarantee at 50 cents a box.

FREE MEDICAL ADVICE.

Dr. Geo. Leininger invites the sick to write him. Each letter has the doctor's personal attention. Booklet entitles "Success of the Twentieth Century" mailed free by writing the Dr. Geo. Leininger Chemical Co., Chicago Ill.

SOLD IN DULUTH BY
MAX WIRTH AND S. F. BOYCE.

Joseph Markham is authority for the statement that a brick building is to be erected on the corner of Beltrami avenue and Second street, opposite the Hotel Beltrami.

George Sutton is entertaining his sister, Mrs. J. Taylor and son, of Washington, D. C. Mr. Sutton's nephew is a first lieutenant in the regular army and has just returned from the Philippines on a furlough.

Miss Lou Mill, who has made her home with C. E. Albrant and family for the past six months, returned to her North Dakota farm last week.

Last week a deal was concluded whereby the local telephone exchange becomes the property of W. R. Baumbach, of the Lumbermen's bank, and who is also at the head of the Iron Range Electric Telephone company, wtih lines from Hibbing and other range towns to Grand Rapids, where a local exchange is now being installed, and it is understood that the line will be extended from that point to Bemidji and may possibly be continued to Fosston and Crookston.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Axel Peterson has a position in Hibbing for which place he left Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Melms and Harry McGill, of Duluth, spent Sunday here, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink.

Mrs. W. H. Smith and son, Roy, were in Duluth Saturday.

Miss Judith and Jean Stewart and a party of friends are camping on Spirit Island.

Mrs. John Moline and children spent Saturday in West Duluth.

Miss Nellie Sullivan, who taught school the past term at Rhinelander, Wis., returned home Monday.

Mrs. F. Newbauer and son, August, were in Duluth Monday on business.

A. Krouse, of Fond du Lac, was in Smithville Monday.

Nicholas Hettinger was among the Duluth visitors this week.

Mrs. Albert Swenson and son, Willie, were in Duluth Monday.

Dr. J. T. Tufte, of Duluth, was in Smithville Tuesday.

Mrs. John Moline and daughter, Julia, spent Sunday in West Duluth.

William H. Dash spent Sunday here with relatives.

Miss Hattie Overton spent a few days in Duluth with her aunt, Mrs. M. A. Dash.

Mr. and Mrs. Stenburg were the guests of Alderman Swenson's family Sunday.

John Wikkala was in West Duluth this week on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Lindstrom and children, and August Johnson and daughter, from Oneota, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Renstrom Sunday.

Aleck La Vaque, of New Duluth, was in Smithville Sunday.

Street Commissioner Kruger has a crew of men fixing up Grand avenue.

Duluth is well represented with campers out here this summer. Most of the camping grounds are occupied. They report fishing excellent. Spirit Lake is noted for its good camping, fishing and water lilies.

Miss Annie Segl made a business trip to Duluth this week.

Mrs. Melhorn, of West Duluth, called in Smithville Thursday.

Miss Ethel Overton is spending a few days in Duluth, the guest of Mrs. James White.

Miss P. Hanson spent the latter part of the week in Duluth.

P. Wedmark, of Lindstrom, Minn., spent several days in here.

Mrs. Mary Amundson was in Duluth Monday.

William Harbor entertained a party of friends at Petterson hall the Fourth of July.

Mrs. J. D. Harkins and son, Walter, and Don Overton were in Duluth Wednesday.

Miss Tillie and Willie Swenson and August Erkeson spent Wednesday in Duluth.

As the early morning train on the Northern Pacific Short Line was passing through here Monday, it struck a valuable cow owned by a widow living at Midway, breaking its back. The section foreman had to shoot it.

Mrs. Andrew Nelson was among the shoppers to Duluth Monday.

Mrs. Wood, of Duluth, is spending a few days with Mrs. Johnson.

Mrs. John Nelson is spending a few days in Duluth with her son, John Nelson.

Mrs. Sofie Johnson spent Tuesday in New Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink and daughter, Florence, spent the latter part of the week in Duluth, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Hogeboom.

Mrs. Charles Lundquist spent Wednesday in West Duluth.

Summer Term

Will begin at the Business University on Monday, July 8.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, July 6. (Special to the Herald). Mrs. W. H. Miller and Miss Susie Crawford were in Duluth last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. McKay and Mrs. Beeble were among the visitors in Duluth Saturday.

Mrs Knudsen was in Duluth Saturday.

Edward Hermann left Wednesday for Minneapolis, where he will visit his home for a short time.

Chas. Wills was doing business in Duluth Wednesday.

C. H. Giddings, of Duluth, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Hecklinger.

It was not a very jolly Fourth that most of the people here spent. Many had planned to celebrate down town, but the weather dampened their ardor. A few patriotically inclined people decorated their houses with flags and bunting. Rain and wind, however, could not phase the small boy and his firecracker, nor the large boy with his cannon. The frequent booming of the large cannon was a gentle reminder that it was the glorious Fourth. The fireworks which had been planned were postponed.

A hastily planned dance was given at the fire hall the night of the Fourth music was furnished by the New Duluth orchestra. A good crowd was in attendance.

Mrs. La Vaque, who has been very ill for about ten weeks was taken to St. Mary's hospital early Thursday morning.

Mrs. Brand and children left Tuesday for a visit with Sam Brand and family on their ranch near Napoleon, N. D.

Hans Hanson was here from Red Wing for a short visit with his family. He returned Friday.

William J. Hickok, of Olivet, Mich., has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Keyes this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Keyes spent the Fourth with their daughter, Mrs. W. McGill, of West Superior.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. W. E. Harwood left last Saturday for Buffalo and other points in the East, where she will visit, and expects to be absent for several weeks.

Messrs. Merton Kingston and George Wallace were in the city the fore part of the week, visiting friends and relatives. They left Wednesday morning for Duluth for a couple of days' visit after which they will return to their mining work at Hibbing.

Miss Lina Kingston left Wednesday morning for Lake Minnetonka, where she will join her mother, Mrs. A. G. Kingston, and will remain for several weeks.

A. G. Kingston left Thursday morning for a short visit to Lake Minnetonka with his wife and daughter.

Miss Mae Van Buskirk will leave shortly with a party of Duluth friends for an extended Eastern trip, including the Buffalo exposition.

G. A. Whitman, president of the First National bank, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in the city on business.

Arthur Kropp, of Winona, Minn., who has been with the Fayal Iron company for several weeks, has resigned his position and returned to his home for the remainder of the summer vacation.

Fred Boorman made a business trip to Duluth the first part of the week.

Mrs. H. H. Peterson left last Thursday for a few weeks' visit with relatives at Jamestown, N. D.

W. J. Smith, cashier of the First National bank, arrived home Tuesday evening from Green Springs, Ohio, with his sister, Miss Julia A. Smith, who has been seriously ill for some time. As her physicians advised a change of climate she was brought up here.

MILLIONS OF MEN

Have Been Wrecked on the Rock of Sexual Vice.

Thousands Have Been Rescued by the Progressive Medical Association,

SPECIALISTS FOR DISEASES OF MEN

I make no extravagant assertion when I say that millions of men have been wrecked on the rock of vice. The trouble is not so much that they get disease, but rather that they allow it to grow worse through neglect or improper treatment. This fact is responsible in many cases for nine-tenths of the suffering.

You should remember that the sexual diseases are never at a standstill. Neither can you make any compromise with them. Either you must control them or they will control you and render you utterly unfit for the duties of life.

Specifics and Free Samples, Trial Treatments and the like don't cure complaints of this kind, as anyone who has tried them knows.

But if you have Varicocele, Stricture, Contagious Blood Poison, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases, or any associate disease or weakness, you owe it to yourself to fully and freely investigate our treatment. My mastery of these maladies is complete. I began a special study of them soon after graduating from college, now nearly a quarter of a century ago, and during all of the years since then, they have been my study and persistent practice. I treat nothing else.

Does it not occur to you, then, that I am better prepared to combat and conquer diseases and weaknesses peculiar to men than the general practitioner, who, instead of concentrating his faculties on a single class of disease, scatters them over the entire field of Medicine and Surgery.

Varicocele and its New Cure.

Whatever may be the cause of Varicocele its injurious effects are too well known for extended comment. Suffice to know that it depresses the mind, weakens the body, racks the nervous system, and ultimately leads to a complete loss of sexual power. If you are a victim of this dire disease, come to our office and let us explain to you our process of treating it. You will then not wonder why we have positively cured hundreds of cases of Varicocele during the past twelve months. Under our treatment the patient improves from the very beginning. All pain instantly subsides. The pools of stagnant blood are forced from the dilated veins, which rapidly assume their normal size, strength and soundness. All indications of disease and weakness vanish completely, and in their stead comes the pride, the power, and the pleasures of perfect health and restored manhood.

Stricture Painlessly Removed.

It matters not how long you have suffered from Stricture nor how many different doctors have disappointed you, we will cure just as certainly as you come to us for treatment. We will not do it by cutting or dilating. Our treatment is new, entirely original with us and perfectly painless. It completely dissolves the Stricture and permanently removes every obstruction from the urinary passage. It stops every unnatural discharge, allays all inflammation, reduces the prostate gland when enlarged, cleanses the bladder and kidneys, invigorates the sexual organs, and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

Nervo-Sexual Debility—Its Remedy.

Men, plenty of you are now reaping the results of your former folly. Your manhood is failing and will soon be lost unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Impotency, like all sexual diseases, is never on the standstill. Either you must master it or it will master you, and fill your whole future with misery and indiscribable woe. We have treated so many cases of this kind that we are as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by us, you will never again be bothered with emissions, prematureness, small or weak organs, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition or other symptoms which rob you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business, pleasure or marriage. Our treatment for weak men will correct all these evils, and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, hearty, happy man, with physical, mental and sexual powers complete.

MASTER SPECIALIST.

Contagious Blood Poison Cured Forever.

On account of its frightful hideousness, Blood Poison is commonly called the king of all venereal diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted. Once the system is tainted with it, the disease may manifest itself in the form of scrofula, eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, eruptions or copper-colored spots on face or body, little ulcers in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, swollen joints, falling of the hair or eyebrows, and finally a leprouslike decay of the flesh and bone. If you have any of these or similar symptoms you are cordially invited to consult us immediately. If we find your fears are unfounded, we will quickly unburden your mind. But if your constitution is infected with poisonous virus we will tell you so frankly, and show you how to get rid of it. Our special treatment for Blood Poison is practically the result of our life work, and is indorsed by the best physicians of America and Europe. It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicines of any kind. It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom of blood poison disappears completely and forever. The blood, the tissue, the flesh, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health, and the patient is prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life.

All Associate Diseases Cured.

In curing a disease of any kind, we never fail to remove all reflex complications. If the case is Varicocele, the weakness caused by it disappears. If it is Stricture, and has developed into Prostatic, Bladder or Kidney affections, the injured organs are all restored to perfectly healthy conditions. If it is Blood Poison, any and all Skin, Blood and Bone diseases arising from the taint, are entirely and permanently eliminated from the system. If it is Impotency, the many distressing symptoms following in its train and indicating a permanent decline of physical, mental and sexual powers are totally removed and rapidly replaced by the youthful energy of robust manhood. Hence, all resulting ills and reflex complications which may be properly termed associate dieases, and which, in fact, are often more serious than the original ailment that gives rise to them—all, we say, disappear completely and forever with the cure of the main malady.

Home Treatment by Mail.

One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call at our office, write a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms. We make no charge for private counsel, and give to each patient a **legal contract** to hold to our promises.

Address all communications to PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, No. 1 West Superior street, corner Lake avenue, Duluth, Minn.

The Specialists of the Different Departments

of this Institute by their special form of Sexual Treatment are making many wonderful cures in diseases of the

LIVER AND KIDNEYS, RHEUMATISM, PARALYSIS, PILES, ETC., PRIVATE DISEASES, CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON, RUPTURE, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, HYDROCELE, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY, And All Allied and Associate Diseases of Men.

Progressive Medical Association,

Guarantees You Honest, Faithful and Successful Treatment.

CONSULTATION in Person or by Letter FREE.

OFFICE HOURS—8 to 8.
SUNDAYS—10 to 2.

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Dailey returned last week from a several weeks' visit to the Buffalo exposition and other Eastern points.

Last Sunday a large crowd left Eveleth with the Eveleth baseball team for a trip to Ely, where the return game with the Ely team came off. Result, four to one in favor of Ely. This was a hard blow to the Eveleth boys as it is the first game they have lost this season. Nevertheless the game was closely contested throughout and good ball was played all around.

Robert S. Wilson is visiting with relatives in Duluth this week.

In spite of the rain and cloudy cold weather which struck Northern Minnesota this week, the Eveleth Fourth of July celebration was a great success in every respect. The city was crowded with visitors all day, in spite of the fact that there was a celebration at Duluth. The program for the day was carried out in a satisfactory manner, although the numbers were not put on in regular order. The street parade, foot races, and Independence day oration took place in the morning. In the afternoon a large crowd gathered at the baseball park to witness the game between the Eveleth and Virginia teams, and in spite of the fact that the Virginia boys had imported a pitcher from West Superior and a catcher from Duluth, Eveleth won out by a score of 12 to 4. In the evening a fine display of fireworks was witnessed by the entire city.

William D. Ellsworth, Jr., has accepted a position with the First National bank.

Harold St. Clair has returned home from the Duluth high school and has accepted a position with the Fayal Iron company as shipping clerk.

Services were held at the First Methodist church on Fourth of July evening.

David Harding came up from Duluth Wednesday evening for a few days' visit with his parents. He will return next week to Duluth, where he is attending the Duluth Business college.

C. E. Bailey and wife are visiting friends at Duluth and West Superior this week.

Fergus Ellsworth has gone to Biwabik where he is assisting the office force in the postoffice for a few weeks, postmasters in that city having recently been changed.

CLOQUET.

Cloquet, July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Thursday was the quietest Fourth of July Cloquet has had in many years. No attempt was made to get up a formal celebration, and even if there had been, the weather would not have permitted a program being carried out. About 4 o'clock in the morning a terrific thunder storm broke over the city, with a heavy fall of rain and all day long it looked as if we might have a second visitation. Excursions and picnic parties were perforce abandoned and the people for the most part celebrated in their homes. In the evening a goodly display of fireworks were visible, but otherwise there was little to distinguish the day from any other holiday.

Mrs. Schultz, of Duluth, is visiting Mrs. H. C. Hornby.

During the storm on the morning of the Fourth lightning struck Charles Holmberg's residence on Arch street, tearing off the shingles and seriously alarming the occupants of the house.

Reginald Vibert, son of R. D. Vibert, had his thumb blown off by a giant cracker.

The Cloquet Electric company is constructing an entirely new plant.

Mrs. W. J. Campbell left Thursday for Port Huron to visit friends.

Frank Wilson had his face badly injured by the explosion of a cracker which he held in his hand.

Suit has been commenced in the United States court against the Northern Lumber company by the administrator of the estate of the late George Williams, who was killed on the logging road in March last. Damages are laid at $5000. The company denies liability.

Mrs. McLeod and daughter, who have been visiting with Mrs. Angus Cameron, went to Aitkin yesterday morning.

George R. Laybourn, of Duluth, paid his first visit to Cloquet Thursday.

Sheriff Hardy, of Cass Lake county, was in the city yesterday, on official business.

The Red Caps, of Cloquet, got skinned at Aitkin Thursday. Score 3 to 0 in favor of Aitkin. The boys played for all they were worth, but were unable to connect with the ball.

Lightning struck in the street opposite Mrs. Gilmore's, on Avenue B Thursday morning, tearing a great hole in the ground.

Mrs. A. Cox and daughter, Ellen, went to Duluth yesterday to visit friends. They will remain over Sunday.

Rev. J. W. Heard will preach as usual in the M. E. church Sunday morning and evening. Subject, morning: "Is Life Worth Living?" Evening: "Wanted, Live Men in the New Kingdom."

Mrs. A. J. Taylor is expected home this evening.

A stabbing affray happened upon the streets of Carlton Thursday evening. A man whose name is unknown, but who claims to hail from Swan River, was stabbed in the back, the knife making a frightful wound. His assailant, who is said to live in Thomson, is not, as yet, in custody.

MULL'S LIGHTNING PAIN KILLER.

The Infallible and Safe Cure for Dangerous Summer Complaints, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhoea, Etc.

Contains no opiates or poisons and therefore safe for children. Keep it in the house or carry it in your grip. 25c a bottle at drug stores or will be sent by the Lightning Medicine Co., Rock Island, Ill.

Mull's Grape Tonic cures Biliousness. 50c.

HIBBING.

Hibbing, July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The glorious Fourth was fittingly celebrated here. A grand parade took place at 10 a. m., headed by the police department followed by the following orders: K. O. T. M. lodge, Modern Woodmen, Scandinavian society, Order of Red Men, Finnish Temperance society. A float advertising the Minnesota chief was one of the main attractions in line. A wigwam with an Indian chief peacefully smoking a cigar was well gotten up, capturing the $10 prize for the best float. Immediately after the parade the Declaration of Independence was read by Hon. T. B. Brady, followed by an able oration delivered by Capt. W. H. Smallwood. There was also the usual races in morning and afternoon. Prizes were awarded as follows: Best industrial float, A. A. French, $10; society making best appearance, Modern Woodmen of America, $10; society having largest number in line, Scandinavian, $10.

Sack race, won by R. Gallop, first prize, $3; William McWilliams, second prize, $2; D. Haley, third prize, $1.

Hundred-yard dash, first prize, W. J. Close, $5; second prize, George Ireland, $3; third prize, Thomas Coughlin, $2.

Fat man's race, first prize, J. W. Keller, $4.00; second prize, D. Haley, $2.

Hop, skip and jump, first prize, D. Graham, $3.00; second prize, S. L. Tait, $2.

Standing hop, skip and jump, first prize, D. Graham, $3; second prize, S. L. Tait, $2.

Slow horse race, first prize, W. Sanders, $5; second prize, James Dillon, $2.50.

High jump, first prize, D. Graham, $3; second prize, George Ireland, $2.

Standing broad jump, first prize, D. Graham, $3; second prize, S. L. Tait, $2.

Fast horse race, first prize, George Bell, $10; second prize, James Sanderson, $5; third prize, William Sanderson, $2.50.

Standing broad jump, first prize, S. L. Tait, $3; second prize, D. Graham, $2.

Wheelbarrow race, first prize, Willie McMillen, $3; second prize, Yarwin McLeod, $2; third prize, Albert Olsen, $1.

Pipe race, first prize, George Ireland, $3; second prize, John Macomber, $2.

Throwing the caber, first prize, William Slattery, $3.

Bun contest, first prize, William McMillen, $3; second prize, E. Sturgeon, $2; third prize, George Martin, $1.

Egg race, first prize, Hale Gobb, $2; second prize, D. Haley, $1.

Log rolling, first, James Dougherty, $10; second, Con Davis, $5.

In the evening the Firemen gave a grand ball, they made a fine appearance in their brand new uniforms.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, July 6.—The Eveleth and Ely baseball nines crossed bats at Ely last Sunday. The game from start to finish was a good one. Neither side scored until the fifth inning, when Ely got in 3 runs. In the sixth Eveleth managed to get one man home and Ely again scored in the seventh. The score at the finish was, Ely 4, Eveleth 1.

An excursion train left Ely at 5:30 o'clock on July Fourth, carrying with it the Finnish Temperance society and a large number of passengers. The train left Duluth for the return journey at 10:30 p. m.

The new flag on the city hall was hoisted on the morning of the Fourth at 5 o'clock, the Finnish band playing the "Star Spangled Banner," amid much enthusiasm.

The 7-months-old daughter of Joe Stericha has been dangerously ill the last week.

Jack Brown and family departed yesterday for a visit to their native land, Scotland. Mr. Brown has been in Ely for the past twelve years and held, during that time, several good positions. He was, for five years, clerk in the Exchange hotel, and has been employed as clerk in K. S. Miller's grocery store. They will return next spring.

The Ely Cash Grocery company is no more. Since the first of July the firm is known as Berglund Bros. Mr. Kirby, the other member of the company, will start business for himself.

George Crothers, while working in the machine shop at the Pioneer mine, last Monday got his hand entangled in the machinery. Fortunately no bones were broken, and he will be able to go to work again in a few days.

The 3-weeks-old daughter of Isaac Wikman died Saturday morning and will be buried Sunday from the Finnish church.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, July 6.—Mrs. T. R. Dodson returned Tuesday from a visit at Cambridge, West Superior and Duluth.

There will be service at St. Joseph's church Sunday at 8 and 10:30 a. m. Rev. Father Valentine will officiate.

Wallace J. Wines, who was in the employ of the Magnet, for the past six months, left last week for his home in Gaylord, Mich.

Miss Garrity, of Minneapolis, who has been here on a visit to Mrs. R. S. McDonald, of this place, left Tuesday for her home.

Mrs. Chapman and Mrs. Rolf, St. Paul, are here on a visit to Mrs. Chapman's son, H. H. Chapman, of the northeast experiment farm.

F. P. Sheldon and wife were spending a day or two in Bemidji the first of the week.

A. P. White, banker from Bemidji, was looking after his interests the first of the week.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Seaman, Thursday morning, a son.

Married—At the St. Benedict's chapel on Tuesday, July 3, by Rev. Father Valentine, John L. Smith to Lucia Blanchard. Both young people have a wide circle of friends in Grand Rapids.

Mrs. Gamache left Tuesday for Detroit, Minn., where she will visit with relatives for some time. She was accompanied by her son, Rev. Father Gamache.

Mrs. F. McCormick, who has been here on a visit for several months with her mother, Mrs. M. Brooks, returned on Thursday last to her home at Washburn, Wis.

Mrs. R. S. McDonald left Tuesday for Bemidji and Brainerd.

At the meeting of the Rathbone Sisters held last Wednesday evening the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: P. C., Elizabeth Hennessy; M. E. C., Birdie Kremer; E. S., Carrie Beckfelt; E. J., Lillian Bueneman; M. of T., Anna Farrell; M. R. and C., Winnie Marr; M. of T., Margaret Finnigan; P. of T., Eva Rassmussen; G. of O. T., Mary Lord; trustee, Mary Seaman; representative, Josie Powers.

Superintendent H. H. Champan of the northeast experiment farm returned last week from his horseback trip to Aitkin, Mora, Hinckley and Duluth. Mr. Chapman was absent about ten days and covered over 300 miles. He is well pleased with the trip, having stopped at a number of farms to examine the different soils, and says vegetation is doing nicely wherever he had occasion to make a halt.

The log drive in Prairie river, which empties into the Mississippi near this place, is nearing the mouth. There is over 100,000,000 feet in this drive, and, as usual, the work is being conducted by the combined forces of Price Bros. and Powers-Simpson company, under the supervision of Duncan M. Price.

CASS LAKE.

Cass Lake July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The grand celebration held here on the Fourth was one of the most successful affairs ever held in Northern Minnesota. Several thousand people came to the village to participate, many being present from Bemidji, Grand Forks, Duluth and other places. Rain, which fell till 1 o'clock in the afternoon, somewhat marred the pleasure of the occasion. Bemidji sent a very large crowd, together with her band, baseball team and firemen's running team. A grand parade was given at 10:30, between showers, Chief Flatmouth heading the Cass Lake section and Chief Bemidji leading the Bemidji portion of the procession. The running team of the Bemidji fire department gave three exhibitions. They ran 200 yards with their hose cart, unreeled 200 feet of hose and attached the nozzle thereto, making the exhibition in 31 seconds, remarkable time considering the condition of the track on which they ran. They also gave an exhibition with the hook and ladder truck and ladder climbing. The baseball game between Cass Lake and Bemidji was an exciting affair, Cass Lake winning by a score of 9 to 2. Loeken and Ludwig were the battery for Cass Lake, and Skogsberg and Rouse for Bemidji. The work of Ludwig and Loeken was very good. Loeken struck out fifteen men and allowed but three safe hits, and would have had a shut--out to his credit had it not been for two errors made by Cass Lake infielders. There were sports and races galore, including canoe racing among the Indians. A splendid display of fireworks at the boat landing on the lake front, was given as a fitting finale to a celebration which was indeed "glorious." Much credit is due to the new Cass Lake Commercial club, who managed the celebration, for the success of the day.

Arrangements are being made for a baseball game between the Cass Lake and Park Rapids teams, to be played either on Surday, July 14, or the following Sunday. Both clubs have some very fast semi-professional pplayers, and both have defeated nearly every team of note in the northern part of the state. Cass Lake's easy victory over the strong St. Cloud club has put her in the front ranks of the teams of the state, and many challenges for games have been received of late. Loeken, the Crookston pitcher, is now a member of the local team, as is also Erickson, formerly of Ruchford, who has been playing with Crookston. Some other fast players have been added to the team and the organization will put up a very good game from now on.

Mrs. J. H. McTaggert, nee Bye, came over from Bemidji with her husband and baby to spend the Fourth. They remained here to visit with old friends till Friday before returning home.

N. Bowker, at the City bakery, has a well-developed tarantula, which he found in a bunch of bananas the first of the week. Mr. Bowker has the "animal" on exhibition at his store.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. McCreedy and little daughter Louise, arrived from Minneapolis Wednesday evening for a visit with Mrs. McCreedy's parents, A. J. Abercrombie and wife. Mr. McCreedy will return home this week, while his wife and daughter will remain for a two months' visit.

William Semple, who has been running the Northern restaurant, in the rear of the Northern saloon, has found that his business is increasing so rapidly that he has been compelled to seek more commodious quarters. He has rented that portion of the Kelleher block formerly occupied by J. E. Tapley.

Mrs. G. N. Hitchcock and daughter, Mame, returned on Tuesday evening from Frontenac, where Miss Mame has been attending school at the Villa Maria, and where Mrs. H. has been visiting during the past fortnight. Miss Mame will remain in Cass Lake during the vacation months.

Thomas Tedford has returned from "the drive," and will remain in Cass Lake for a visit with his wife.

Miss Alice Flaherty, who spent the fore part of the summer here with her sister, Mrs. D. A. McCullagh, has gone to the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo.

Harry Judkins, who has been on the sick list for some time past, is rapidly recovering and regaining his wonted strength. His mother, Mrs. B. D. Judkins, who has been confined to the house with an attack of tonsolitis, is also improving rapidly.

Will Miskella, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Miskella, is now acting as operator for the Great Northern at Grand Forks Junction, better known as the "sand pit."

Miss May B. Clayton, who has been one of the teachers in the Indian school at the mission, has been sent to take a class at the Flandreau, S. D., Indian school.

E. P. Scovel, who has charge of the Indian school at the mission, has gone to Detroit, Mich., to attend the National Teachers' association.

H. M. Edmunds, the newly appointed principal of the Cass Lake school, was in Cass Lake this week, becoming acquainted with the people.

Traveling Auditor Moore and Traveling Freight Agent Briggs, both of the Great Northern railway, were in Cass Lake for several days this week.

L. S. Heltman, wife and daughter and Miss Raffter, all of Grand Forks, are among the visitors here this week for the purpose of enjoying fishing and an outing.

S. Mandage and wife, of Park Rapids, sojourned at the Endion hotel for several days this week.

Harry Usher, who has charge of the Akley Lumber company's affairs in this part of the world was in town this week. Speaking of the stage of water for driving, Harry remarked, "Water, why there is water to waste, during the past week some of the smaller lakes and streams have risen fourteen inches."

Dr. Stork, the eminent physician of Grand Rapids, was summoned here to attend to one of his old patients who was sick.

R. L. Kneble, assistant superintendent of the Eastern Minnesota, rested his tired body at the Endion on Tuesday night.

Harry Gunsalaus returned from Tenstrike on Monday and went back there Wednesday morning. Mr. Gunsalaus finds plenty to do in that new town.

A. M. Selby on Tuesday received a telegram from Fruzee, stating that his father was dangerously ill. He left for there Wednesday morning.

Judge Wilcox, of Larimore, N. D., who has been here for several days fishing feels very well satisfied with his work with the hook and line, for he avers that he has landed 160 pike in less than one week.

Miss Lottie Latchke returned from Melrose on Tuesday, where she has been visiting friends.

Mrs. S. E. Lampson, of Minneapolis, sister of Mrs. George H. Sleiman, has arrived here for a couple of weeks' visit.

Hugh McIntosh and wife, of Farris, were visitors in Cass Lake Monday.

John W. Carl, of Walker, was in Cass Lake on Monday.

Mrs. M. A. Beauregard and children left on Sunday last for Bemidji, where they will remain for some time with Mr. Beauregard, who preceded them to that place some two weeks ago.

David Mandigo, a retired druggist of Park Rapids, accompanied by his wife, was a visitor in Cass Lake on Monday last.

Mrs. F. Grant returned on Sunday last from Grand Rapids, where she had been visiting with old friends for several days.

Walter McDonald made a business trip to Bemidji and back on Monday.

A. C. Abson and wife are now living in the house owned by the Congregational people, having moved from their old quarters in the Ellis block.

Mrs. H. J. Broeker and two children returned on Monday from Grand Rapids, where they had been visiting for a fortnight previous with Leo Betz, a brother of Mrs. Broeker, and family.

Eddie Miskella, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Miskella, returned on Saturday last from West Depere, Wis., where he had been attending St. Norbert's college.

The following are the officers of the Cass Lake Gun club: President, J. T. Gardner; vice president, H. Hartley; secretary, George Birtch; treasurer, Dr. Hunley; directors, Charles Tedford, A. S. Williams; captain, J. E. Nelson; vice captain, William Campbell.

Editor Martin, of the Beltrami county News, Bemidji, who is always hustling for the benefit of his town, was in Cass Lake on Monday.

W. S. Davis, of the Grand Forks Herald, accompanied by his bride, was in Cass Lake for nearly a week enjoying his honeymoon.

In the case of the National Cash Register company vs. Omaha Packing company, which has been pending in the district court for some time, Judge McLenahan has filed his findings and order in favor of the defendants, holding that a conditional sale filed in the office of the village recorder of Cass Lake, was no notice and void as against attaching creditors of property situated on section 16. Fred W. Smith appeared as the attorney for the defendants and D. H. Fisk, of Bemidji, for the plaintiffs. This case arose out of an attachment made by the packing company against the property of W. D. Glann, who absconded from Cass Lake last summer.

G. D. Young wife and child, are the guests of H. F. Young and wife. They will spend several weeks here before returning to their home at Minneapolis.

Miss Inez Pemberton has been sick with a very severe attack of angenia pectorious.

Mrs. George Stein has returned from her visit to relatives at Shakopee bringing with her Miss Belle Spencer, who will sojourn here for several weeks.

A. A. Harper and wife took last Saturday's train for Osakis and Sauk Center, returning on Tuesday evening.

Miss Dell M. Reed, recently of Norfolk, W. Va., has arrived here to spend the summer with her parents.

Capt. Beulieau, of Bena, has recently become the father of a 9-pound boy.

Dr. Rodwell this week extracted a 6-pound tumor from an Indian. In order to make a successful operation, the entire left breast had to be removed.

The Cass Lake band will give an excursion on the lake on Sunday, July 14. The steamer Zelah May has been chartered in order to accommodate the large party that will undoubtedly attend.

DRIVES OUT BILE.

People have found that

Smith's Green Mountain Renovator

Does this.

A BAD LIVER IS DANGEROUS.

The person who is dizzy, whose skin and eyeballs are yellow, who has a dull heavy feeling head, has a sluggish liver and poisonous bile is in the system. At this season of the year such a condition is common. The liver, bowels and stomach become stagnant in cold weather. SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR is, we think, the best medicine to drive out the bile, cleanse the blood and bring strength to the body and a rich glow of health to pale cheeks. This medicine is endorsed by the best physicians and is the prescription of a noted practitioner (Dr. Mack) who discovered the formula in Vermont.

Ed. H. Gillman, a popular citizen of Detroit well known throughout Michigan as a lover of all kinds of clean sports, wrote of SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR as follows :—

"It affords me pleasure to advise you of the satisfactory results which I derived from the use of your Green Mountain Renovator. I have found it an excellent remedy for biliousness and liver troubles. As a system tonic, it far excels anything I have ever used, and I cheerfully recommend it to any one who is run down in health and requires a safe and effective remedy that will purify the blood and place all the vital organs in a healthy condition." Yours very truly,

ED. H. GILLMAN.

We have the greatest faith in this splendid medicine and we wish you would try it if you feel the need of a cleanser, a tonic, or a strengthener. It cures tired, nervous people. Renovates the blood and builds up the whole system. **We guarantee every bottle we sell. Call on us and we will show it to you and give you further information.**

S. F. BOYCE, Sole Agent.

Duluth, Minn.

Schlitz

Next to purity, the yeast used in brewing is of the utmost importance in beer. Perfect beer requires a perfect yeast, and rarely does a brewer find it.

The Schlitz brewery introduced chemically pure yeast in America. It has made Schlitz beer the most palatable, healthful beer that is brewed.

The original mother cells form a priceless asset. All the yeast used in Schlitz beer forever will be developed from them. As a result Schlitz beer will never vary, and there'll never be another beer like Schlitz.

THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS

'Phone 858, Schlitz
88-40 Railroad Av.
Duluth.

Never Varies

Summer Term

Will begin at the Business University on Monday, July 8.

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, July 6.—Shortly after noon Wednesday this place was visited by a terrific wind. Some of the tramways of the Tower Lumber company were picked up and conveyed a few feet. Tre grand stand at the ball park was bodily picked up and deposited in the adjacent field. The gale caught Capt. Williams steamer "Libby" in the center of Big bay, and came very near swamping her. There was a number of passengers on board the craft at the time, and they were a scared crowd. Capt. Williams was forced to turn his craft and make for shore.

Mrs. S. J. P. Lackie and sister, Miss Paradise, spent the Fourth with her parents at Duluth.

Mrs. Mary Filewood, who for the past few months has been visiting at different Minnesota and Wisconsin points returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. C. M. Robertson returned home Tuesday evening from a few days' visit with friends in Duluth.

Mayor Murphy returned home last Saturday after a few days visit at Duluth.

Miss Gertrude Murray, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Woodward, at Lakeside, returned to her home at Wausau, Wis., Friday last.

Miss Hazel Fisher, of West Duluth, arrived in the city Monday and is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Fuller.

The Tower Lumber company's mill at Lakeside, resumed operations last Thursday after a shut-down of nearly a week on account of the breaking of some machinery.

Arthur O'Connor has accepted a position in the general store of C. H. Oppel & Sons.

Frank Winchester and Arthur O'Connor went on the excursion bound for Ely last Sunday. They played with the Ely baseball team in a match game with the Eveleth-Virginia aggregation. Ely was the winner.

Mrs. William Voss and family returned Tuesday morning from Ely, where they had been on a visit with Mr. Voss.

Joseph McLaren left Wednesday for Chippewa Falls, Wis., on a visit to his parents. He will be absent about a week.

Mrs. Joseph McIsaac, of Lakeside, spent the Fourth with Duluth friends.

William Fay came up from Hibbing Monday and spent the Fourth with his family.

Dan Haley came up from Duluth Monday. He brought up a crew of men for his log drive on Willow river.

Miss Lila Polkinghorn, of Ely, was a guest of Miss Ada Tippetts a few days this week. She returned home Wednesday evening.

Johing, the 10-year-old son of Mrs. Ola Yarda, had his hand injured one day last week with a 32-caliber revolver. It seems that Mrs. Yarda was examining the gun and was carelessly snapping the trigger, not paying any attention which way the weapon was pointed, when it went off, striking the boy on tre wrist and making a painful but not serious wound.

Ole Bulin, Wener Magnusen, Victor Magnusen and Magnus Magnusen, the "Swede-Finns" who were arrested last Thursday afternoon for riot were brought into municipal court and pleaded. They were held to the grand jury.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, July 6.—The Fourth was celebrated in grand style. There was a parade in the morning, followed by an address of welcome by Mayor Thompson and the reading of the Declaration of Independence by S. D. Gilpin. There were numerous races and games and fireworks in the evening, followed by a ball at the Opera house, given by the firemen.

The W. T. Bailey Lumber company mill closed down Wednesday afternoon for the summer, having finished the winter's cut.

Charles Christopher and family now occupy the Fay cottage in Lake Boulevard.

Joseph Korhan and family have moved into the Loulan cottage on Maple street.

Capt. Richard Roberts and family, of Ely, spent the Fourth in Virginia.

Frank W. Meyers has accepted a position of engineer at the Roberts mine, McKinley.

A change in the passenger service of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railroad will occur in the near future. Instead of leaving Virginia at 12:50 p. m. the service will be changed to leave here at 7:30 in the morning and returning will arrive here in the evening at 6:30, thus giving us only an evening mail. The Eastern Minnesota road will also soon inaugurate a passenger service to Duluth, and their schedule will be pretty much the same as that of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway. This will give three morning trains to Duluth out of Virginia.

Miss Dora Lancore, of Cloquet, spent the Fourth in the city, visiting with friends.

H. J. and E. C. Sigel and families now occupy the Fay cottage recently moved to a place near the Hotel Fay.

Burt V. Merritt and Miss Ora Bragg, of Mountain Iron, were united in marriage Thursday afternoon by Rev. Oaten, of the M. E. church of this city. Both young people are very popular in this vicinity.

Gust Otto left here Tuesday for Ellis City, N. D., where he will locate.

Mrs. William Danohy, of Hibbing, is visiting his sister, Mrs. Peter Wring.

William T. Bailey, Jr., who is studying medicine at the Pennsylvania college, is spending the week here with his brother, Richard.

PARK RAPIDS

Park Rapids, July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Conrad are visiting relatives at Riceville, Iowa.

John Curo, of Hackensack, transacted business here Wednesday.

Mrs. Bartlett and children arrived from Hecla, S. D., Monday. Mr. Bartlett is expected in a few days and will engage in the furniture business here.

James Campbell, of Bemidji, is in town this week.

Miss Mayme Cochran is visiting friends at Brainerd.

G. O. Dohms has returned from Missouri where he has been visiting his parents for the past three weeks.

Mrs. Frank Blakeslee, Sr., and Mrs. J. A. Delezene are visiting relatives at Sparta and Two Harbors.

Eli Maltby and sister Miss Grace Maltby of Bemidji, are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. A. E. Dickinson, who has been visiting friends here for the past week, returned to her home at Maltby, Tuesday.

Miss Laura Fuller is home from St. Joseph's academy for her summer vacation.

L. W. Bills returned Saturday from a business trip to St. Cloud and Minneapolis.

The Fourth of July celebration was rather a disappointment here on account of the weather. A heavy rain which lasted until 3 p. m. prevented carrying out the plans previously made. A few sports late in the afternoon and a dance in the Athletic hall during the evening finished the day's entertainment.

You Have All Day In Pittsburg

And can be back in Chicago next morning if you make the trip on the Pittsburg special leaving Chicago Union station 7:30 p. m. daily, and return on the Chicago special leaving Pittsburg 6:30 p. m. These trains run every day with vestibule coaches and sleeping cars, including buffet sleeping car, on which lunch is served; also breakfast going and returning. Sleeping car space and tickets can be arranged for in advance by addressing H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

When You Drink

JUNIPER ALE

You drink for health as well as pleasure.

Price $1.00 for a case of one dozen bottles.

Scandia Bottling Works,

Duluth, Minn.

DUN'S REVIEW

Fresh Labor Troubles Cause Conservatism In Many Directions.

New York, July 6.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Developments of fresh labor troubles is a feature of a week that has made for conservatism in many directions, but throughout the country jobbers in retail lines are busy and are handling goods at prices which yield fair profits. There is a reflection of this activity in the continued improvement in the textile markets in the East and the uneasiness over the money market does not extend beyond the ranks of speculators in stocks. Crop reports continue gratifying, much good having been done by rains in the Middle West. Harvesting of winter wheat progresses favorably. Manufacturing has been interrupted by the elements and labor agitation. Numerous prostrations from heat caused humane employers to close mills during the most distressing hours, while the sheet and hoop workers were ordered to stop work until certain disputed points were settled. No immediate settlement is anticipated because many plants need repair and others are taking stock. Until the owners wish to resume their position will not be known. The reduction of 25 cents on No. 28 sheets was unexpected and not accompanied by any awakening of pries. Footwear shops in New England are active on fall lines, but local jobbers are less busy and orders from salesmen on the road are light. Leather is quiet but firmer with a splendid export demand for hemlock sole. Woolens and worsteds are selling better and raw wool is taken more freely, but the average of 100 grades, according to Coates Bros.' circular was slightly lower at 17.06 on July 1. Cottons are in better domestic demand, but prices are held above bids of shippers to China and sales in the brown goods divisions have decreased. Manufacturing, as a whole, is unusually active for the season.

Staple products are quiet. Speculation being restricted by depressing weather and the lengthy holidays at most of the exchanges prevented new committments. News from the West was full of promise as to the growing wheat yield, causing a further decline in prices, although foreign needs are known to be heavy. Corn steadied somewhat because of reported injury from heat and drouth. Receipts continue light in comparison with last year's, but exports are equally unsatisfactory. Cotton holds firmly at a point a little below 9 cents, the free movement into sight of the old crop being disregarded. Strength is found in greater activity in the goods market, together with rumors of rains in Texas and a few other states, moisture is deficient. Sales of No. 7 Rio coffee have been made below 6 cents, which is not surprising since receipts at Rio and Santos ports for the crop year just ended were little short of 11,000,000 bags. Even this record-breaking crop will be surpassed if the current yield is equal to expectations. Compared with the prices of a year ago wheat shows a decline of about 11 cents a bushel, cotton $6.24 a bale and coffee 3⅜ cents a pound, while corn is not higher than last year's price and pork products alone of these commodities show an advance.

Commercial failures during the first half of 1901 numbered 5759 with liabilities of $55,804,690, against 5332 last year for $74,747,452. In manufacturing lines there were 1265 defaults with $21,691,048 liabilities, while 4189 traders failed for $24,864,207. The improvement over the preceding year was most striking in brokerage and banking insolvencies which were $9,200,435 and $15,839,554, respectively, against $22,124,345 and $25,822,682 last year. This is the more noteworthy because the violent agitation in Wall street during May was calculated to cause serious disturbance and the last week of June brought other failures through injudicious speculation and poor banking methods. While the half year's statement is gratifying, the second quarter makes a much better showing, liabilities declining $7,902,282 compared with the first quarter and $17,623,675 in comparison with the second quarter of 1900. The average liabilities per failure were smaller than in the corresponding three months of any year since records were compiled. The proportion of bad debts to solvent payments through clearing houses was but 69 cents to each $1000 and only one out of the preceding 105 quarters recorded a lower ratio while ahe average amount of defaults to each firm in business was but $20.33, only seven other quarterly periods making smaller returns.

'East Lynne'

Sixth Avenue Theater Tonight.

Summer Excursion Rates Via Eastern Minnesota Ry.

One fare for the round trip to Grand Rapids, Deer River, Cass Lake and Bemidji, good going Friday and Saturday, returning Monday. Tickets good returning until Oct. 31 as follows: Grand Rapids, $3.90; Deer River, $4.50; Cass Lake, $6.05; Bemidji, $6.65. City ticket office, No. 432 West Superior street, corner Spalding hotel.

$45.00 Round Trip

To Portland, Seattle, Tacoma and Pacific Coast Points via Great Northern Railway. Tickets first class and good until August 31st, only $50.00 to San Francisco and return. On sale, July 6th to 13th inclusive. Call at city office, cor. Spalding Hotel.

Table and Kitchen.

Practical Suggestions About What to Eat and How to Prepare Food.

This matter will be found to be entirely different from and superior to the usual run of food articles, in that every item is a nugget of culinary wisdom and eminently practical.

FIRST VOLUME.

Conducted by Lida Ames Willis, Marquette Building, Chicago, to whom all inquiries should be addressed.

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CANNING AND PRESERVING.

Fresh fruit is desirable all the year around, and the housekeeper who has a well-stocked preserve closet contemplates it with great satisfaction. The trouble and disappointment so many experience in canning and preserving fruits and vegetables could be avoided if proper care and a knowledge of the scientific principles involved were observed. The process is very simple, as canning consists in preserving fruit by sealing in air-tight jars or cans, the fruit that has been previously boiled. The fruit must first be sterilized in order to kill all germs of life or fermentation and then the air completely excluded.

SELECTING THE FRUIT.

Much of the success of the operation depends on the quality of fruit selected. It must be perfectly sound and not a day overripe, especially currants and berries. Neither should small fruits be allowed to stand over night after picking if it is possible to avoid it, for unless they are canned as soon as possible after they are gathered there is great danger of their spoiling, in spite of the greatest care in canning them. The fruit should be ripened naturally, not forced and out of season or bruised by long transportation.

Pick the fruit over carefully, and if it is absolutely necessary, rinse it quickly by placing in a colander or fine wire basket and dipping in and out of cold clear water. Drain thoroughly. The flavor in the fruit will be much finer if it is not washed. Do not waste time and money canning poor fruit. Overripe fruit will be soft and mushy, and lack the fine flavor so delightful in a well-canned article, while underripe fruit also lacks flavor.

PREPARING FOR WORK.

Before beginning the cooking of your fruit have everything in readiness, as much of the success of the process depends on the expedition with which the jars are filled and covered. Both jars and taps must be heated to sterilize them and prevent their breaking when the hot fruit goes in.

Glass jars with glass or porcelain-lined lids are the best. They can be used again and cannot be acted upon by the fruit acids.

Test the cans to see that they are perfect. The rubbers should be changed each year, as they cannot be depended upon for a second season.

As everything must be as close at hand as possible, place jars and covers in a pan of cold water, filling the jars also, place the pan on the stove where the water will gradually heat to boiling point while you are cooking the fruit.

Have a kitchen table conveniently near the stove, and place on it all things needed for the work, such as preserving kettles, wooden spoon or paddle, silver spoon, an agate cup with a handle for dipping, glass measuring cups, jar filler, sugar, etc.

CANNING FRUITS.

When canning the different kinds of fruit, the process varies but little, except in the amount of sugar and time for cooking.

Fruit may be canned without sugar, and used for pie making. But this requires great care, and only the very finest fruit and the jars must be perfectly air tight. Canning differs from preserving in this respect and also in the amount of sugar used. All fruits that require sugar when fresh and uncooked require it when canned.

While canning does not require the same length of time, all fruit must be thoroughly cooked, so that every portion of it is subjected to a degree of heat sufficient to destroy all germs in the fruit. But over-cooking should be avoided, in order to retain the fresh, natural flavor.

The length of time required for canning varies according to the variety and condition of the fruit, but do not have your fruit spoil for want of sufficient cooking.

Fruits that have been shipped a long distance or have stood for some time after being picked need longer cooking than the freshly gathered.

The most delicate fruits require fifteen minutes and thirty minutes is not too long for most kinds.

Sugar is not considered necessary to the preservation of fruits, but is added to make it more palatable, to increase the specific gravity of the water or fruit juices, and therefore by additional degree of heat destroy the germs more certainly, and accomplish sterilization of the fruit in much shorter time. The addition of sugar also preserves the shape of the fruit, abstracting the juices and hardening it, which prevents it from becoming soft and falling apart.

Use only the best granulated sugar for preserving fruits. Sub-acid fruits like blackberries and peaches can be canned with a very small amount of sugar to make them palatable, and remember, the less used the more "natural" your fruit will taste. Two large tablespoonfuls of sugar to a quart of the above fruits is really sufficient. Strawberries, cherries, currants, gooseberries and plums require a good deal more, half a pint at least to a quart of the fruit.

To all juicy fruits like berries, add the sugar, which has been heated in the oven, to the fruit when it boils.

For peaches, pears and such fruits as contain much less juice, make a syrup by dissolving the sugar in water, a pint of sugar to a pint or a pint and a half of water, as the fruit seems to require. Cook the fruit in this until tender enough to pierce with a straw, but not long enough to lose its form or break.

FILLING THE JARS.

When canning fruit by the ordinary method, fill the jars to overflowing, then run the handle of the silver spoon down the side, inside the jars and on all sides to liberate the air bubbles, so they will come to the top and can be removed. See that the jars are filled to the brim with the hot syrup. Wipe all the juice off carefully. Put on the rubber bands, adjust the top and screw it down tight. Do this as quickly as possible. Dip a cloth in hot water, fold and place the jars on this. Do not disturb until cold, then try the lids and screw down if they appear a little loose, as the glass contracts in cooling the lids will become loose, and unless care is taken to tighten them it may cause the fruit to spoil. Do not set your jars in a draught after filling them.

When the fruit is perfectly cold, stand the jars in a cool, dry place, bottom side up, and let them remain for a few days. If, at the end of that time, they show no sign of leaking out, you may be sure your work has been successful, and at the end of two or three weeks you can safely store your fruit away. Put it in a cool, dark closet. A very good plan is to cover each jar with a brown paper bag, such as your groceries come in. If your jars begin to leak, showing signs of fermentation, open them at once, boil the fruit well adding a little more sugar, and use at once. Your fruit was probably over-ripe or not cooked thoroughly in every part in the beginning.

When mold appears on top of canned fruit, treat in the same manner.

Preserved fruit will often keep for a long time with mold on top, unless the jars are very small.

Large-mouthed glass jars with glass or porcelain-lined covers are the best, and the pint size most convenient for use in small families.

ANOTHER METHOD OF CANNING.

For those who have not a sterilizer for the purpose the following method is very successful when you wish to can any considerable amount of the same kind of fruit and save time.

All ripe, mellow fruit, as a rule, can be placed at once in the jars. Place these in a large boiler of warm water, with little blocks of wood or a board underneath. Make a syrup according to directions given above: A cup of sugar to a quart of fruit for the tart fruits and less for the sub-acid, and from one to three cups of water, according to juiciness of the fruit. Pour this syrup while boiling hot into the jars over the fruit. Set the lids on loosely, cover the boiler closely and keep the water boiling from fifteen to thirty minutes, according to kind and quality of fruit. Then screw down the lids at once and set the jars on a folded damp cloth, unless you do not need the boiler again, in that case you can let the jars cool in the watrer after sealing. Proceed same as with other process.

All large fruit that is pared should be dropped into cold water immediately to prevent discoloration.

Pears should, as a rule, be canned whole and require long cooking.

Quinces, hard peaches, pears, apples and such fruits as require softening should be cooked in water until just tender, and then in the syrup, but directly in the syrup if the fruit is mellow and will soften easily.

If you have not quite syrup enough to fill the cans, use boiling water.

The surplus juice left from the berries or other juicy fruits may be made richer by additional sugar, bottled and sealed for winter use in ices and many other ways.

PRESERVING.

The usual method is to use equal weights of fruit and sugar, and cook a sufficient length of time to keep the fruit without being perfectly air-tight.

Preserved fruits are very rich and for economical reasons, at least, most persons prefer the canned fruits for daily use. But some fruits are more palatable preserved than prepared with a less amount of sugar.

CANNED STRAWBERRIES.

Select the finest and freshest berries. To each quart allow a cup or half pint of sugar, and unless the fruit is very juicy, one or two tablespoonfuls of water to prevent the berries from burning until the heat draws out the juices. Heat slowly so the fruit will be evenly cooked. When it boils, add the sugar, which has been heated as hot as possible in the oven without discoloring. Stir very gently with a wooden spoon or paddle until the fruit boils up again. Allow to cook for fifteen minutes, stirring or pressing the berries down under the syrup continually. Seal them up immediately. If there is any syrup left add to the next lot of berries instead of using water. If you cook but one quart of berries at a time you will have better success. If your fruit is in good condition you will have no trouble with it keeping.

PRESERVED STRAWBERRIES.

Put two quarts of strawberries in a preserving kettle, crush them and stand over the fire, where they will heat gradually. As soon as they boil, take from the fire and press them through a jelly bag. Measure the juice, and allow a pound of sugar to a pint of the juice. Stir over the fire until the sugar is dissolved. oil for ten minutes, skimming with care. Then put in two quarts of fine, ripe berries, boil rapidly for ten minutes or until berries are clear, and then remove from the fire and let cool. Cover with cheesecloth to keep out the dust. Heat again to boiling point, then carefully fill small open-mouthed jars. When cold cover with paraffine paper, tie closely and put in a dark, cool place.

CANNED PINEAPPLE.

Pare the pineapple, cut out the eyes and pick or tear the pulp from the core with a silver fork. Make a syrup of two and one half pounds of sugar to three pints of water. Boil five minutes, skim, then add the fruit. Let it boil for twenty minutes. Pour into heated jars and seal at once.

PRESERVED PINEAPPLE.

Prepare as above, and to each pound of pineapple allow three-quarters of a pound of sugar. Sprinkle the sugar in layers over the pineapple, and let stand over night, covered with a cloth. In the morning put the fruit into the preserving kettle, bring quickly to a boil, skim carefully and simmer gently for three-quarters of an hour, until the pineapple is transparent and tender. Put into jars and tie up when cold.

CANNED BLACKBERRIES.

To every pound of berries allow a quarter of a pound of sugar, or less if the berries are very sweet. Put the berries in the preserving kettle, add a small cupful of water to keep berries from burning. When they boil add the sugar and cook for ten minutes. Fill heated jars and seal at once.

Blackberries can be preserved in the same way as strawberries, but do not need quite so much sugar.

KEEPING PRESERVED FRUITS.

Keep the cans and pars in a cool, dark closet, where you can have ventilation from door and window. This will keep the jars clean and free from the sticky moisture which makes them so unpleasant to handle. If you have no dark pantry or closet, use the paper bags or tack newspapers on the edge of the shelves to exclude the light.

MENUS FOR EACH DAY.

Monday.

BREAKFAST.
Moulded Cereal. Cream.
Creamed Salt Cod. Plain Potatoes.
Corn Pone. Coffee.

LUNCH.
Minced Chicken and Eggs.
Potato Roll.
Fruit. Wafers.
Cereal Coffee.

DINNER.
Pea Soup.
Hot Veal Loaf. Mashed Potatoes.
Escalloped Tomatoes.
Fruit Salad.
Wafers. Coffee.

Tuesday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal. Cream.
Dried Beef Relish. Creamed Potatoes.
Sally Lunns. Coffee.

LUNCH.
Cold Veal Loaf. Cucumbers.
Fruit Dumplings, Cream.
Tea.

DINNER.
Fruit Soup.
Broiled Steak. New Potatoes.
New Beets. Creamed Carrots.
Cold Slaw.
Strawberry Bavarian Cream. Coffee.

Wednesday.

BREAKFAST.
Fruit.
Cereal. Cream.
Panned Small Fish. Hashed Potatoes.
White Muffins. Coffee.

LUNCH.
Escalloped Salmon.
Cucumber Sauce.
Fruit. Soft Gingerbread.
Tea.

DINNER.
Iced Clam Broth.
Boiled Mutton. Caper Sauce.
String Beans. New Potatoes.
Lettuce.
Caramel Custard, Frozen.
Coffee.

ANSWERS TO INQUIRIES.

(No attention paid to inquiries not giving name and address of writer, plainly written).

Miss I. R. writes. Will you please answer the following question if possible? How is flaky frosting made for lemon pies? Mine, made from whipped white of egg and granulated sugar, when spread on pie and allowed to brown a bit in oven, always turns pithy and "tough."

MERINGUE FOR LEMON PIE.

Do not use "granulated" sugar for a meringue. I do not think you really mean that. Use powdered or confectioner's (XXX) sugar. Beat the whites of two eggs until stiff and white, then dust in two tablespoonfuls of sugar and continue beating until quite stiff, so it will hold its shape. Add flavoring, if desired. Heap on top of your lemon custard, dust with a little of the powdered sugar and brown slightly in a slow oven. No doubt you cook your meringue too long or have your oven too hot. If cooked too long it is sure to be tough.

FLOUR AND CORNSTARCH THICKENING.

The same writer says: Please distinguish between flour and cornstarch thickening, and the advisability of their use. Which is the best flavor?

The flour gives a richer flavor and should be used for all thickening purposes, such as gravies, meat or vegetable sauces, soups and pastes for croquettes, etc. The cornstarch to thicken puddings, pudding sauces, for invalid dishes, and where delicacy more than flavor is desired. Cornstarch makes a whiter sauce. Do not use a straight bread flour for thickening purposes, but either a blended or pastry flour.

RED PEPPER.

The same writer asks which variety of red pepper is preferable for use as a healthy condiment?

Authorities question the wholesomeness of all condiments when the term is used to designate that class of foods used only to arouse a statiated palate of a dormant stomach to action.

Possessing strong and pungent oils they cannot be very generally used without causing injury to a delicate stomach. The red peper, or cayenne, in common use must be used sparingly or not at all by delicate persons, and certainly should not be put into food for children, unless you wish to cultivate a vicious and abnormal taste. Paprika, a very mild red pepper may be used more freely in cooking. It gives color and a pleasant, peculiar flavor, while most of the heat is dissipated in cooking. It is not irritating in its nature, as the ordinary cayenne. Never use pepper of any variety to season an invalid's food

Referring to the fourth query of our correspondent, we are unable to give the information desired. Probably your physician can do so.

SEDIMENT IN COCOA.

The same writer also inquires, should one keep stirring a cupful of cocoa so as to get the benefit (if any) of that which always remains as sediment in the cup?

If you use a good cocoa, and make it properly, there will be no sediment remaining in the cup. You do not cook it a sufficient length of time or else you use an adulterated article. Stirring or "milling" the cocoa while cooking it will improve it greatly and improve the flavor.

Lea & Perrins' Sauce

THE ORIGINAL WORCESTERSHIRE

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
This signature is on every bottle
Lea & Perrins
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, Agents, N. Y.

Endorsed everywhere as the best and most delicious Sauce in the World for Meats, Game, Soups and Gravies.

Not a soft pasty food—not a harsh singed grain.

Granola

A thoroughly cooked food. Makes the blood doubly rich.

For Morning Noon and Night

Battle Creek Sanitarium Food Co.

WESSON SALAD OIL

has taken the place of Olive Oil where nice distinctions are made.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Do you know that three-quarters of all the world's headaches are the result of using tea and coffee?

So physicians say.

Quit them and the headaches quit.

Grain-O has the coffee taste but no headaches.

All grocers: 15c. and 25c.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

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PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. [illegible] Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

BRINGS A SLUMP

Fine Northwestern Weather Demoralizes the Price of Wheat.

Increase In Winter Wheat Receipts and Lower Cables.

Minneapolis Led In the Slump---Flax Still Bulging.

Duluth Board of Trade, July 6.—Practically every market influence was bearish today and as a result there was a heavy decline in the price of wheat in all markets. Minneapolis led in the slump the September price losing about 2 cents there. Liverpool failed to follow the advance of yesterday here and closed unchanged to ⅝d lower. The weather in the Northwest was ideal and under its influence the previous fear of too much rain melted away. All over the spring wheat states the weather was cool and clear, exactly what was desired in the present condition of the soil and plant. Receipts of winter wheat are growing in all of the Southwestern markets and St. Louis was a liberal seller this morning, presumably being influenced by the large receipts. One of the market statisticians this morning claimed that the winter wheat harvest justified the expectation of 440,000,000 bus of wheat. Bradstreet's report of exports of wheat and flour for the week showed a total of 3,788,000 bus, against 3,019,000 bus a year ago. Broomhall estimates the world's shipments for the past week which will be reported Monday at 8,000,000 bus, against 8,853,000 last week and 7,000,000 a year ago. New York this morning reported 71 loads of wheat taken for export. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 454,000 bus. Primary receipts of wheat were 517,805 bus, last year 401,417. Shipments 315,225 bus, last year 210,550.

Receipts at Duluth and Minneapolis, 233 cars, against 285 last week and 137 last year. Chicago receipts, 162 cars, 66 of contract grade.

There was fairly active trading in futures on the Duluth board. September wheat started ¼c off at 65⅞c bid, sold at 65½c at 9:33, declined to 65¼c at 9:40, reacted to 65½c at 10:05, fell off to 65¼c at 10:15, declined to 65c at 11:10, touched 64¾c at 11:25, firmed up to 64⅞c at 11:32, declined again to 64¾c at 11:50 and closed at 64⅝c bid, a net decline of 1¼c and Minneapolis 1⅞c.

Cash wheat sales aggragated 25,000 bus and the price paid was 1c over September although at the close cash wheat was quoted at 1¼c over the September option.

September flax was rampant again today closing at $1.54, the highest point the option has touched. The Manipulation seems to be about the only reason offered for the bulge. The advance for September was 3c over yesterday's close. October advanced 2c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 68¾c; to arrive, 68⅝c; July, 68⅞c; September, 65⅝c. No. 1 northern, cash, 65⅞c; to arrive, 65¾c; July 65¾c; September, 64⅝c; August, 65c. No. 2 northern, 60⅝c. No. 3 spring, 56⅝c. Oats, 27¼@27c. Rye, 46¾c. Flax, cash, $1.85; September, $1.54; September, Northwestern, $1.55; October, $1.48.

Car inspection—Wheat, 137; corn, 5; oats, ; rye, 4; flax, 25. Receipts—Wheat, 48,686 bus; corn, 3253 bus; flax, 476 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 89,196 bus.

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WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
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SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 3 cars	$0.66¼
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus	66¼
No. 1 northern, 1 car	66½
No. 1 northern, 1 car	66⅜
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	66¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	66¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	63
No. 2 northern, 6 cars	62
No. 2 northern, 1 car	63½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	63
No. 2 northern, 1 car	62
No. 3 spring, 1 car	59
Flax, 18 bus rejected	1.75

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Was Weak, Corn Eased Off Rapidly.

Chicago, July 6.—Excellent growing weather in the West, lower cables and liberal receipts caused a weak market early today. September opened ¼@⅜c lower at 66⅜@66⅛-¼c and broke to 65½c. Bradstreet's reported eexports of wheat and flour for the week equal to 3,788,000 bus, against 4,346,000 bus last week and 3,019,000 a year ago. Northwest receipts were 233 cars, compared with 285 last week and 137 a year ago. Local receipts were 162 cars, with 66 of contract grade. Liquidation continued and the close was weak, September 1¼c lower at 65⅛@¼c.

There was steady opening in corn, but on the improved weather conditions, the market eased off rapidly. September opened ⅛c lower to ⅛c higher at 47⅞@48c and dropped to 47⅛@¼c. Receipts were 858 cars, 12 of contract grade.

September closed weak at 47⅜@½c, a loss of ⅝@½c.

Oats sympathized with wheat and corn. September opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 28⅞@29c and after advancing to 29⅛c drpoped back to 28⅝c. Receipts were 183 cars.

Provisions were firm on light receipts of hogs. September pork opened 5c higher at $14.10, lard 2½c higher at $8.60, and ribs 2½c higher at $7.97½.

Close, wheat, July, 64¼c; September, 65⅛@¼c; October, 66c. Corn, July, 45⅜c; September, 47⅜@½c. Oats, July, 28½c; September, 29⅛@¼c. Pork, July, $14.00; September, $14.30; October, $14.30; January, $14.30. Lard, July, $8.57½; September, $8.65; October, $8.62½; November, $8.52½; December, $8.27½; January, $8.20. Ribs, July, $7.90; September, $8.02½; October, $7.95; January, $7.37½. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.88; No. 1, $1.88; September, $1.55; October, $1.51. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 65c; No. 3 red, 63½@64c; No. 2 hard winter, 63½c; No. 3 hard winter, 63c; No. 1 northern spring, 66½c; No. 2 northern spring, 65c; No. 3 spring, 61@63c. Corn, No. 2, 45¾@46¼c; No. 3, 44½@45c. Oats, No. 2, 29@30c; No. 3, 29c. Rye, July, 47¼c; September, 47¼c. Barley, cash, 40@53c. Timothy, September, $4.45. Clover, cash, $9.50.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 307 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.:

Chicago, July 6.—Wheat—Liverpool cables came ⅛d lower this morning and brought no offers of cash wheat at workable limits. The market here was weak at the opening and declined steadily throughout the day, much long September wheat, bought the past few days, coming on the market. Crop conditions in the Northwest are unquestionably still most favorable, as was evidenced by the marked weakness in the Minneapolis market.

Corn—Mostly local trade today, professionals selling early and later becoming buyers. No rain in the Southwest where it is badly needed, but the temperature is not so high. Reports from reliable sources tell of great damage already done, and each day makes the situation more critical. We believe in buying corn on all breaks, with the expectation of getting considerable over 50c for it.

Oats—Most alarming reports received from Iowa this morning telling of cutting oats for hay. The recent hot weather has cooked them and where a good crop was promised a week ago it is now a total failure. There is no question now but what this crop will be a very light one.

Provisions opened very strong on very light receipts of hogs and higher prices at the yards. There was considerable profit-taking at the advance, but packers bought very heavily and the closing was almost at the best prices of the day. Estimated 29,000 hogs for Monday and 130,000 for next week.

A. J. CUMMINGS,
---DEALER IN---
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MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, July 6.—Close, wheat, cash, 63½c; July, 62½c; September, 62½@⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 65½c; No. 1 northern, 63½c; No. 2 northern, 61@62c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, July 6.—Close, wheat, July, 72⅝c; September, 71⅝c. Corn, July, 49⅞c; September, 50¾c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

At Minneapolis—
Puts, September wheat, 62@67⅞-62c.
Calls, September wheat, 63@63c bid.
Curb, September wheat, 62⅝@62⅜-½c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	66½B@67A	63¾	64⅝	73⅛
High	67A	63¾	64⅝	73⅛
Low	65⅞	62½	64¼	72⅝
Close	65⅞	62½	64¼A	*72⅝
September—				
Open	65⅞B	63⅝-¾	66⅛-¼@⅛	72⅛
High	65⅞B	63⅝-¾	66⅛-¼	72⅛
Low	64⅝B	62½-⅝	65⅛-¼	71⅝
Close	64⅝B	62½-⅝	65⅛-¼	*71⅝

* 11 a. m. close.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	28⅞@29	48@47¾	$14.12
High	49½	48	14.35
Low	28⅝	47⅛-¼	14.12
Close	29⅛-¼	47⅜-½B	14.30

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, July 6.—Wheat, steady, unchanged to ⅛d lower; July, 5s 6d; September, 5s 6d; December, 5s 6⅜d. Corn, steady, ⅜@½d higher; July, 4s 1d; September, 4s 1⅝d.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, July 6.—Cattle receipts, 3000; nominally, steady; good to prime steers, $5.20@6.30; poor to medium, $4.10@5.10; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.60; cows, $2.50@4.50; heifers, $2.50@5.00; canners, $2.00@2.40; bulls, $2.35@4.30; calves, $4.50@6.50; Texas fed steers, $4.25@5.25; Texas grass steers, $3.45@4.20; Texas bulls, $2.50@3.50. Hogs receipts today, 7000; Monday, 32,000; left over, 5125; strong to 5c higher; closing shade easier; mixed and butchers, $5.75@6.07½; good to choice heavy, $5.87½@6.12½; rough heavy, $5.75@5.85; light, $5.70@6.05; bulk of sales, $5.87½@6.05. Sheep receipts, 1500; steady; good to choice wethers, $3.40@5.10; fair to choice mixed, $3.00@3.65; Western sheep, $3.30@4.10; yearlings, $3.65@4.25; native lambs, $3.00@5.00; Western lambs, $3.25@5.00. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 4854; hogs, 14,676; sheep, 10,920. Shipments—Cattle, 3261; hogs, 4670; sheep, 1726.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report market dull with few buyers in attendance. Local trade was the only encouraging feature. Horses were well represented of all grades. Prices dropped in sympathy with the existing quietness. Values:

Drafters, extra	$135@175
Drafters, choice	120@135
Farm mares, extra	110@120
Farm mares, choice	90@100
Farm mares, common to good	65@ 75
Mules	100@125

NEW YORK EXCHANGE.

New York, July 6.—Sterling exchange quiet with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝ for demand and $4.85¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86@4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84½@4.85; prime mercantile paper, 4@5½ per cent.

NEW YORK BANK STATEMENT.

New York, July 6.—The statement of the associated banks for the week ending today shows:

Loans, $889,466,900; decrease, $2,914,500.
Deposits, $965,285,100; decrease, $6,996,900.
Circulation, $30,578,800; increase, $43,000.
Legal tenders, $76,468,700; decrease, $2,349,400.
Specie, $169,864,100; decrease, $2,147,500.
Reserves, $246,632,800; decrease, $4,796,900.
Reserves requited, $241,321,275; decrease, $1,524,225.
Surplus, $5,211,522; decrease, $3,272,050.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, July 6.—Clearings, $25,013,115; balances, $2,593,574; posted exchange, $4.86 for sixty days; $4.88½ on demand; New York exchange, par.

BRITISH CONSOLS.

London, July 6.—Consols for money, 93⅜; for the account, 93½.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.		
Creamery, fresh prints	19½@	20
Creamery, tubs	19 @	19½
Dairies, fancy	15 @	16
Dairy, fair	14 @	15
Packing stock	10 @	10½
EGGS.		
Fresh	11½@	12
CHEESE.		
Twins, full cream, new	10½@	11
Twins, full cream, old	11 @	12
Full cream, young America	13	
Swiss cheese, No. 1	14 @	14½
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13	
Primos	6 @	6½
HONEY.		
Fancy white clover	19 @	20
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@	13
Golden rod	15 @	17
Dark honey	13 @	14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @	14
MAPLE SUGAR.		
Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	
PEAS AND BEANS.		
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@ 2 40
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00	@ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40	
NUTS.		
Filberts, per lb	13 @	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13	
Cocoanuts, per doz	75	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17	
Brazils, per lb	14	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @	8
FRUITS.		
Strawberries, 16-quart cases	1 35	@ 1 50
Apricots	1 50	
Peaches	85 @	90
Cherries	1 35	@ 1 50
Sour Cherries, per case	1 65	@ 1 75
Currants, red and white	1 50	
Gooseberries	1 50	
Watermelons	35 @	40
Rockyford melons, per crate	3 00	
Pineapples, per doz	1 50	@ 1 75
California lemons	3 25	@ 3 50
Bananas	1 75	@ 2 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 75	@ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 25	@ 1 35
Dates, Hallowe'en, 60-lb box	3 50	@ 3 60
Dates, Hallowe'en, 1-lb box	7 @	7½
California valencia oranges	3 50	@ 4 00
Seedling oranges	3 25	@ 3 50
Plums	1 25	@ 1 75
OLD VEGETABLES.		
Turnips, rutabagas	35 @	40
Turnips, white	30 @	40
Garlic, per lb	10 @	12
Beets	50 @	60
Potatoes, per bus	75	
FRESH VEGETABLES.		
New celery, bunch	35	
Mushrooms	45	
Lettuce, per box	40 @	50
Green onions, per doz	15	
Green peas, per bus	1 00	
Pie plant, per lb	1¼@	1½
Cucumbers	45 @	50
Spinach, bus	40	
Radishes, round, per doz	10 @	15
Radishes, long, per doz	10 @	12
Asparagus, green, per doz	45 @	55
Tomatoes, per basket	45 @	50
Egg plant, per doz	2 00	
Beets, per doz bunches	25	
Carrots, per doz bunches	25	
Turnips, per doz bunches	25 @	30
Cabbage, per crate	2 75	@ 3 00
Wax beans, per box	2 25	
New Potatoes, per bus	1 00	@ 1 10
Cauliflower, per doz	1 00	@ 1 25
Mint, per bunch	20	
CIDER		
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@ 2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@ 3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@ 5 50
Fruit juices, ½ bbl	3 50	@ 3 75
POPCORN.		
Rice corn, shelled	3½@	4
Choice, per lb	3 @	3½
LIVE POULTRY.		
Hens	10 @	10½
Spring Chickens	18 @	19
Turkeys	8 @	10
Ducks	8 @	10
Geese	8 @	10
MEATS.		
Mutton	7½@	8
Lamb	8½@	9
Veal, good	8	
Veal, fancy	8½	
Beef, dressed	6½@	7½
Hogs	7½	
Pork loins	9	
BRAN AND SHORTS.		
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50	
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 00	
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 50	
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 00	
GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.		
Corn, car lots, sacked	48	
Oats, car loads, sacked	32	
Hay, upland	13 50	
Hay, timothy	15 50	
Feed, No. 1	19 00	
Feed, No. 2	19 50	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, July 6.—Butter, easier; creameries, 14@18¾c; dairy, 13½@16½c. Cheese, steady; twins, 9@¼c; young Americas, 9¾@10c; cheddars, 9@¼c; daisies, 9¼c. Eggs, steady; loss off, cases returned, 11½c.

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m., seventy-fifth meridian time, Saturday, July 6.

STATIONS.	State of Weather.	Temp'ture *Maximum..	Temp'ture **Minimum..	Rainfall......
Alexandria	Clear	74	58	.0
Campbell	Clear	78	56	.0
Crookston	Clear	74	54	.0
Detroit City	Clear	70	56	.0
Grand Meadow	Clear	78	54	.0
Minneapolis	Clear	78	62	.0
New Ulm	Clear	80	58	.0
Park Rapids	Cloudy	70	58	.12
Winnebago City	Clear	82	56	.0
Worthington	Clear	80	60	.0
Devil's Lake	Clear	74	54	.0
Langdon	Clear	72	56	.0
Larimore	Clear	72	56	T
Lisbon	Clear	76	56	.0
Pembina	Pt cldy	74	52	0
Aberdeen	Clear	84	56	.0
Millibank	Clear	82	58	.0
Mitchell	Clear	84	54	.0
Redfield	Clear	82	56	.0
Bismarck	Clear	76	54	.0
Duluth	Cloudy	65	57	50
Huron	Clear	84	54	.0
La Crosse	Clear	80	66	T
Moorhead	Clear	74	58	.0
St. Paul	Clear	78	64	.0
Winnipeg	Clear	74	54	.0

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations Reporting	Temp'ture. *Minimum..	Temp'ture. **Maximum..	Rainfall........
Chicago	24	70	62	T
Columbus	17	92	72	.01
Des Moines	14	86	62	.0
Indianapolis	11	92	64	.02
Kansas City	19	94	62	T
Louisville	15	94	74	.06
Minneapolis	19	78	56	.01
Omaha	14	86	58	.0
St. Louis	10	96	64	.06

REMARKS.

Light showers fell, but they were local in character. Warm weather continued, except that it was cool in the Minneapolis district.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

T indicates inappreciable rainfall.
*Minimum temperature for yesterday.
**Maximum for twenty-four hours ending 8 a. m., 75th meridian time.

Note—The average maximum and minimum temperatures and the average rainfall are made up at each center from the actual number of reports received. The "state of weather" is that prevailing at time of observation.

Dancing tonight at Oatka.

Cheap Publicity.

The rate for advertising "Rooms for Rent," "Rooms and Board," "Board," "Wanted—Help," "Wanted," is 1 cent a word—15 cents minimum charge.

CRITICAL ON WHEAT

The Crop Has Deteriorated During the Past Week.

Present Indications, However, Point to Splendid Yield.

Only Danger Apprehended Now Is From Too Much Rain.

Minneapolis, July 6.—The Journal says: The wheat crop of the Northwest as it stands today, shows a slight deterioration, as compared with the general conditions a week ago. The prospective yield has been lowered in a moderate degree, principally by the continuation of wet weather conditions that are more unfavorable than otherwise at this time.

Since the seed went into the ground the Northwest has been favored with nearly perfect growing weather. The crop now stands so well as to indicate a splendid yield, barring any calamitous happening in the short time now intervening until harvest. This good outlook was foreshadowed by the favorable conditions that prevailed at seeding time and the period immediately following. The primary indication of a bountiful harvest has been maintained, every succeeding week showing the wheat plant holding its own through the various stages of development. The past week has brought the first evidence of a turn in the opposite direction. Since July 1 the crop has barely held to the previously indicated high level, and generally speaking, no further improvement can be noted, while in places enough damage has occurred to bring the prospective yield a shade under that indicated at this time last week. This suggests that whatever favorable reports as to prospective returns may have been made so far, have been based upon the appearance of the crop, standing with the conditions at the maximum for the year. It indicates that July 1 marked the apex as to general conditions that a further gain cannot reasonably be expected, and that interest from this time on must center in the possibility of maintaining the crop on the present level, until it is harvested.

This is the most critical time for wheat. The next week or ten days will tell the story. As the situation exists today there is a bountiful yield in sight. Against it some unfavorable influences are arising. Looking over the whole field there are found some minor instances of injury from cut worms, and local complaints of damage from hail and rust. In no instance have these complaints been sensational, nor are they widespread, yet, taken collectively, they show a considerable area of damage.

Grasshoppers are a menace in the Red River valley. Cool weather and the persistent combative efforts of the farmers, aided by the growth of a small parasite that kills the hoppers, have held down their development and prevented serious damage from this source to date.

Rust and hot winds are to be feared. What is needed to insure the heavy yield is a period of warm breezy weather. Still and very hot weather would be bad, as it would undoubtedly breed rust.

Most important of all, however, is the fect that the Northwest does not want any more rain at this time. Already there has been more than enough and, in many places, serious damage has been done by too much rain.

There will be an early harvest this year. Wheat is now headed out along the lines of the Northern Pacific and at some points further north. In Southern Minnesota the crop is close to maturity and it is probable harvesting will begin as early as the 15th in some localities.

On the whole the Northwest wheat crop is in a state of maturity beyond the average for this date.

Corn has shown improvement and in general is in better condition than a week ago.

Barley and oats have held up well and the promise previously indicate has been fully maintained.

Spring rye is well along everywhere, and winter rye will be ready for harvest in a few days. The flax acreage has suffered from too much moisture and a lack of sunshine. The development is uneven and the acreage spotted. There has probably been but little damage of an irreparable nature and with weather conditions favoring from now on, flax will show a gain a week hence.

The hay crop will be very heavy.

EUROPEAN STATION

Is Re-Established For an American Squadron.

Washington, July 6.—The navy department has issued formal orders re-establishing the European station with Rear admiral J. B. Cromwell in command. The cruiser Chicago is ordered to proceed from Rio and will be the flagship of the admiral. The Albany and Nashville have sailed from Singapore en route for the new station. The headquarters of the squadron will be designated by Admiral Cromwell and probably will be in the Mediterranean.

PRESENT THEMSELVES.

Striking Machinists Walk Up to Marshal's Office.

Cincinnati, July 6.—In the United States district court today seventy striking machinists who were enjoined by the order of the court from interfering with the operation of the local shops, presented themselves in a body at the office of the United States marshal for the purpose of facilitating service upon them. The strikers declared their action was due to a desire to give proof of their intention to obey the law.

WILL END STRIKE.

St. Louis Teamsters Go Back to Work.

St. Louis, July 6.—In accordance with the action of their union taken last night, 500 transfer teamsters who struck in sympathy with the freight handlers at the East St. Louis freight houses, returned to work today. This, it is believed, will end the strike. The freight handlers immediately modified their demands and appointed a committee to call on the railroad officials interested.

Considerable freight was moved during the morning.

LIBRARIANS.

Officers Elected By State Section of Association.

Waukesha, Wis., July 6.—At a meeting of the nomination committee of the American library association it was decided to recommend John Billings, librarian of the public library at New York, for president. The state Librarian's association has elected officers as follows: President, W. C. Henry, of Indiana; first vice president, C. B. Galbraith, of Ohio; second vice president, Johnson Bingham, of Iowa; secretary-treasurer, Miss Maude Thayer, of Illinois.

At the morning session of the Library association reports of special committee and special papers were read.

RATE WAR.

Another One Is Threatened Between Wabash and Competitors.

Chicago, July 6.—Another rate war between the Wabash and its competitors out of Kansas City is threatened. The former road, in charges made to Chairman McLeod of the Western Passenger association, asetrs that its business rivals have not lived up to the agreement which ettled the recent costly strife for business.

Chicago, July 6.—A proposition to the Western Passenger association by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads, that their cheap rates to Montana and North Pacific points be used by their eastern connections as a basing rate, and that a $45 rate from Chicago to Spokane and Seattle be allowed, has been denied. The proposition will be generally used by the connecting roads idividually, howver, as several of them announced today that they will take independent action in accepting the request of the two northern roads. This will, of course, necessitate similar action on the part of other Eastern connecting lines.

KILLED BY BOMB.

Little Girl Was Sitting on House Porch.

Denver, July 6.—A bomb or torpedo thrown into the yard at 2021 Curtis street today killed Esther Oliver, 5 years old, who was sitting on the porch. The child was the daughter of M. O. Oliver, a surveyor. The unknown man who threw the bomb escaped.

Summer Term

Will begin at the Business University on Monday, July 8.

A BRONCHO BUSTER.

Lola Dix, the Oregon girl broncho buster, is one of the most romantic figures in all the real life romance of the great Northwest, says the San Francisco Examiner.

A year ago Lola Dix was just a pretty little city school teacher, with absolutely no knowledge of the mountains and plains beyond that learned in a "prep" course in geography. She had never been in the country. She had never seen a ranch. She didn't know the difference between a gully and a canyon and the mountains were only distant peaks erected by nature to regulate the atmospheric changes in the cities by the sea, or some reason of that sort. She had never seen a herd of cattle except in pictures and if she thought of horses at all it was with a nervous feeling of dread. She was just a fascinating miss with dark eyes and curly hair of the type popularly known as "cute" and she dreamed her dreams of social ideals much as every city bred girl does. That was only a year ago.

Today Lola Dix is still a school teacher, but with a reputation as a horse woman that has made her the wonder of the whole Northern range in general and Eastern Oregon in particular. She rides like the wind, nor stands she in awe of the ugliest of untamed cattle ponies on the vast Moro county range.

She has broken many wild bronchos and made them perfectly tractable. The greater part of every day she spends in the saddle riding, riding, riding, until now Lola Dix, sturdy, strong and fearless and prettier than ever before, knows all the secrets of the forest and the plains, the mountains and the valleys for hundreds of miles in all directions from the little district school house where she teaches the strangest class of children ever gathered together.

And it has needed only one short year in this romantic environment to transform Lola Dix from a delicate city bred girl of modish manner and modish dress into a veritable queen of the range, who can ride fifty miles a day, teach her class, dance all night and be ready for work again in the morning. Lola Dix is truly a unique character in the human interest drama of real life in the West.

Every morning she rides ten miles over the lonely prairie to her little school house, where a herd of cayuse ponies daily brings as many dusky little half-breed children to receive the benefit of Miss Dix's up-to-date instruction.

This district is facetiously named "The Reservation," as so many white men living there have married Indian women, but the dark little school children are just as bright and just as teachable as any other young Americans.

Dancing tonight at Oatka.

BULLDOG MILKED COWS.

A big white bulldog which had been living off the fat of the land—spring chickens and fresh cow's milk—had his career brought to a sudden ending by a bullet from the revolver of Patrolman Scott, of Mt. Washington, says the Baltimore Sun.

This dog was of unusual size, and for more than a month past his movements about the village had attracted attention. He was declared guilty by a court consisting of Rev. Byron Clark, Mrs. Margaret Carroll and Patrolman Scott of eating chickens and surreptitiously milking cows. For the former offense he might have been punished only with a beating, but the later charge was so unusual that the death penalty was deemed the only effective one.

According to Patrolman Scott, the dog did not have a strictly legal trial, because he was not present in court, nor did he even have a representative, though his master, William Welch, was devoted to him. This was partly the fault of the dog, as the officer of the court was unable to find the culprit, and Patrolman Scott waited two days and two nights before he could execute the sentence. Mr. Welch acquiesced in the action of his neighbors after learning the nature of the evidence.

Just how the dog formed the habit of milking the cows is not known, but it is thought he acquired it by following the example of calves. He had often been seen with the many cows in pasture about Mt. Washington. Of late it had been noticed that he and the cows were very friendly and he was often seen stretched across a cow's back while she was lying down. His appetite for milk grew so strong that he was not satisfied with part of the supply, but wanted it all. A few days ago he objected to Mrs. Carroll entering her barnyard to milk her cow. A shortage in the milk given by the cow had been noticed for some time.

Enjoy Sunday concerts, Oatka.

$45.00 Seattle, Tacoma and Portland and Return.

July 6 to 13 the Northern Pacific railway will place on sale tickets from Duluth to above points and return at extremely low rate of $45.00, with final limit for return Aug. 31, 1901. Destination must be reached not later than July 18. Tickets are first-classes and good for stopover privileges in either direction, within transit limits. This offers an unsurpassed opportunity for those desiring to hunt new homes and farms to go into the Northwest and look over the country, or for those wishing to visit relatives or friends, or to make pleasure trips. Two trains daily, including famous North Coast Limited.

For tickets and full information, call at City Ticket office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

The Waverly and Venus Ashore at False Presque Isle.

Schooner Twin Sisters Sunk In Eighteen Feet of Water.

Collided With the Stern of the Steamer John Craig.

Alpena, Mich., July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamers ashore at False Presque Isle are the Waverly and Venus. Wrecking outfits have left for both boats from here and from Sheboygan today.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Grover, Cobb, City of Genoa, 10 last night; Chili, midnigrt; Empire City, Fritz, 2; Kirby, Hartnell, 4:20; Continental, Holland, 4:30; Houghton, Madeira, Bulgaria, Algeria, 5:20; Linn; Colonial, London, 5:20; City of Traverse, 8:30; Buell, 9; Bermuda, City of Venice, 9:30; Bunsen, Manda, Gilchrist, Georger, Business, 10:40. Down—Albright, 11 last night; Hanna, 4 a. m.; Peerless, Cadillac, Rosedale, 8:30; Pontiac, Iron Age, Hutchinson, Blackrock, 9.

Up yesterday: Trevor, noon; Alva, 12:30 p. m., V. H. Ketcham, Williams, Parker, Shenandoah, Athabasca, 1:20; Choctow, 3; Iron King, Iron Queen, Wait and whaleback, 3:20; Neosho, 4:30; Bessemer and whaleback, Mather and whaleback, Coralia, Thomas, Roby, 5; Northern Wave, 5:20; Ericsson and whaleback, 7; Kendall, Troy, 7:40; Gates, 9; Grover, Cobb, City of Genoa, 10; Chili, midnight. Down: Rome, noon; Whitney (steel), Scranton, German and whaleback, 2:20 p. m.; Troy, Elphicke, 4; Corona and whaleback, Cartagena, Tacoma, 6; Garden City, Kelley, Saveland, 7; Spencer, Siberia, Pathfinder, Sagamore 7:30; Allbright, 11 p. m.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Pope, 10 last night; Sitka, 10:30; Mary Boyce, 1 a. m.; Neff, 2; John Owen, 5:30; Birkhead, Three Brothers, 6:20; Zenith City, Griffin, 6:50; Marina and whaleback, Waldo, China, 7; Fairbairn and whaleback, 7:20; Flint, 8:40; Queen City and whaleback, 9:30.

Up yesterday: Sheldon, Rhodes, 11:50; Veronica and consort, 12:10 p. m.; Hiawatha, Arizona and consorts, 1; Vulcan, 6. Down: Northern King, 8 a. m.; Emory Owen, Australia, 8:40; Carnegie, 9:20; Nipigon and consorts, 9:30; Mars, Edenborn, Maritana, Nyanza, Nimick, Cort, Bell, 10:50; Argonaut, 11; Wolf, Wallace, Ashland, 11:30; Frontenac, noon; Iron Duke, Case, Lockwood, 1:50 p. m.; Stephenson, Liberty, 2:20; Maytham, Murphy, 3:30; J. B. Ketcham, Iron Chief, Iron Cliff, 4:30; Princeton, Magna, 5:30; Ellwood, Saxon and whaleback, 6; W. P. Ketcham, 6:30; Hesper, Adriatic, 7; Mass, 7:40; India, 9.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Notice has been given by the lighthouse board that on July 1, 1901, Poe Reef light-vessel, No. 62, was re-established on her station to the southward and eastward of the easterly end of Poe Reef, easterly entrance to the south channel of the Straits of Mackinac; also that on July 3, 1901, Lake Huron light vessel, No. 61, was re-established on her station in the southerly end of Lake Huron one and three-quarter miles north by east three-quarters east from Fort Gratiot light house, and the red gas buoy carrying a bell and showing a fixed white light 10 seconds, eclipse 10 seconds, which marked the moorings of the light vessel, was withdrawn.

Notice has been given that the color of Lake Huron light vessel No. 61 has been changed from straw color to red.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland—Arrived: Panther, Massasoit, Schoolcraft. Cleared: Ore—Minnesota, Ewen, Toledo; Van Hise, Selwyn Eddy, Cleveland.

Buffalo—Cleared: Coal—Gould, Duluth. Light—Ravenscraig, Nicaragua, Yuma, Duluth.

Chicago—Cleared: Oregon, Foster, Washburn; Santa Maria, Halsted, Middlesex, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Coal—London, Superior. Light—Chattanooga, Duluth; Marina, Superior.

Marquette—Cleared: W. P. Wright, Cadillac, Black Rock, Pontiac, Castalia, Cleveland.

South Chicago—Cleared: Morse, Eads, Duluth.

Toledo—Departed: Sitka, Vulcan, Duluth.

TWIN SISTERS SUNK.

Cleveland, July 6.—The schooner Twin Sisters, of the Gilchrist fleet is sunk in eighteen feet of water at Bar Point. She was bound down with a cargo of iron ore in tow of the steamer John Craig. In a heavy squall the steamer went aground and the Twin Sisters collided with the stern of the steamer. The captain of the vessel did not think his boat was badly damaged and let go the anchor. The vessel then filled rapidly and went to the bottom. Capt. Weeks, of the Gilchrist fleet, and Capt. Collier, of the Great Lakes Towing company, went to Toledo and will take a tug there and go to the wreck.

ONE DROWNED.

Escanaba, Mich., July 6.—While crossing the channel from Gladstone to Maywood Thursday night a sailboat containing eleven people, five of whom were children, was run down by the steamer Huron. All were saved but Joseph Perry, who was sailing the boat.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Sevona, Marshall, Tilden, Robert Rhodes, Amazonas, Grampion, Lake Erie, coal; City of Collingwood, pass and mdse; 86, South Chicago, oil; Miami, Mackinac, pass; Maricopa, Hanna, Aurania, Italia, Amazon, John Eddy, Pennington, Matoa, Marcia, Stone, Lake Erie, light for ore.

Departed—Penobscot, Bangor, Iosco, Jeanette, Brazil, Colby, Amboy, Clyde, Senator, Antrim, Hanna, Maricopa, Sam Mitchell, Aurania, Italia, Amazon, Lake Erie, ore; Northern Queen, Mahoning, Buffalo, flour; Miami, Mackinac, pass; Bielman, Two Harbor, light.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Campania, Liverpool; St. Paul, Southampton and Cherbourg.

EPWORTH CONVENTION.

The North-Western Line Official Route for Coference.

The North-Western Line—Omaha road—is the official route of the Minnesota conference to the fifth international Epworth league convention, July 18 to 21, at San Francisco. By this line a number of inexpensive side trips may be made to places of historic interest and to world-renowned scenic resorts.

Rates for round trip from Duluth, by way of Omaha Denver, Colorado Springs, Pike's Peak, Garden of the Gods, Royal George, Salt Lake City and Ogden, $50.00; same trip going, returning via Northern Lines, $62.

A grand opportunity to cross the Rocky Mountains and see California and the Pacific ocean.

For choice of routes, tickets, illustrated folders and all information, apply to G. M. Smith, general agent, 405 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn.

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SHARKS' FOOD.

The capture of a shark here the other day set the people at the hotel to talking about the things found in the stomach of sharks, says the Punta Rosa correspondent of the New York Sun.

This is the story of the shark that got away. Kitchell thought that it was at least twenty feet in length and he spoke of it as a blue man-eater, which created a smile in view of the fact that he was guessing in the dark. It caused also a general discussion on the plaza.

All hands agreed in the first place that not a single instance was known along the Florida coast where a man had been eaten, or even bitten by a shark. Hands had been snapped at when dabbled in the water from a boat, but the sharks were voted to be too cowardly to attack a whole man wading or swimming.

Munson told of a big shark caught at Cocoanut Grove after a slight struggle. It had swallowed the bait so completely that the hook touched a vital spot and it come in practically dead. It was nine feet long and had supped on a fine raccoon, which it had probably snapped from the root of the red mangrove while the animal was out after coon oysters. The raccoon was a big one and seemed to have been dead only a few hours.

Van Horne supplemented this story by telling about a shark which he cut open at Punta Rosa and which contained thirty-two young sharks, all alive and able to swim away when put in the water. This was a case of a man catching thirty-three sharks on one bait.

George Schultz told of the sharks which gathered at Key West when the transports and soldiers were there. He said that many of the fish were caught and often their stomachs contained little besides empty beef cans which had been thrown from the ships. In one case a pair of suspenders and a shoe were found in the stomach of a big shark, but nobody had suspected that he had swallowed a man.

Huddlestone added his quota by telling of a 12-foot shark which was netted off Sanibel island last year. He saw it cut open and can bring able-bodied witnesses to make affidavit that the stomach of the creature contained three full-grown pelicans, seven king crabs, or horseshoe crabs, undigested, and more than two bushels of mullets in various stages of decomposition.

John Weber, of Toledo, said that he had seen a shark take in all but the head of a 150-pound tarpon, which was being reeled in at Boca Grande. The body of the big tarpon was cut through as if by a knife and it convinced the narrator that a Boca Grande shark could bite a leg off a man with ease.

After all the other stories were told Schultz modestly remarked that only a few years ago he saw a shark opened at Punta Rosa and its stomach contained the most indigestible parts of a Florida steer. He found the horns attached to the skull and the hoofs all separated in the fish. As a Florida steer is only a few times larger than a Kansas jack rabbit this story seems quite plausible.

Two concerts, Oatka, Sunday.

Notice.

July 6 to 13, the Northern Pacific railway will sell first-class tickets Duluth to Helena, Butte and Anaconda, Mont., and return for $35; to Spokane, Wash., $40, going transit limit July 18, return up to and including Aug. 31. Stop overs allowed in both directions within limit. For tickets and full information call at city ticket office, 332 West Superior street, Union depot or Fifty-ninth avenue, West Duluth.

Low Excursion West

VIA THE GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY, JULY 6 TO 13.

$35.00 to Butte, Helena and Anaconda and return; $40.00 to Spokane and return; $45.00 to Seattle, Portland, Victoria or Vancouver and return, and only $50.00 to San Francisco and return. Tickets first class and liberal stopover privileges allowed. On sale July 6 to 13. Good returning Aug. 31st. For full information regarding the different routes by which these tickets may be used call at City office, corner Spalding Hotel or Union Depot.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS
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SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER [illegible]

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CAUGHT IN SQUALL.

Thousands Were In Peril on Lake Michigan.

Chicago, July 6.—Sick and frightened to exhaustion, thousands of excursionists came back to Chicago late Thursday night on belated pleasure boats. Two big steamers and many smaller vessels barely escaped in the storm that swept over the lake at 8 o'clock.

The Milwaukee, homeward-bound from St. Joseph, Mich., was caught in three squalls. The Christopher Columbus, returning from the Wisconsin metropolis, came in between two windstorms. Both were delayed, while other crafts found still greater difficulty in reaching the shore.

The Christopher Columbus carried 3500 passengers and the Milwaukee 1660. There were men, women and hundreds of children.

To the majority, perhaps, a trip on the lake was a comparative novelty. The peril at sea brought with it all the terrors of the unknown. Panics were threatened aboard both steamers, and it was with difficulty that the ship's officers restrained the frightened travelers.

Oatka, Ladies' orchestra, Sunday evening.

MERCER'S REPORT.

It Is Said to Recommend Strict Penalties.

Washington, July 6.—Capt. W. A. Mercer, Indian agent at Leech Lake, has reported on the White Earth lumber cases. His report will be taken up soon by Judge Van Devanter, assistant United States attorney, and Secretary Hitchcock. The details of it will not be disclosed, but it is known that he recommends trict penalties and the maximum assessment of $12 per thousand for green timber of high grade which has been cut under the guise of dead and down. The department anticipates a hot fight from the lumbermen, who insist that Special Agents Farr and McComas have far exceeded their authority. No reports outside of White Earth have been received.

Summer Term

Will begin at the Business University on Monday, July 8.

Appeals to the reason of thinking people. The world is weary of substitution, therefore see that you get Rocky Mountain Tea made by Madison Medicine Co. 35c. Asy your druggist.

REALTY MARKET

Lakeside Land Company Offering to Build Homes.

A Number of Trades In East End Property.

Improvement Bulletin Speaks of Necessity For Small Houses.

Another week full of rainy days, with a rainy Fourth of July as well, has not been good for the real estate business, especifally during a season that is generally acepted as a dull one everywhere. There is an atmosphere of quiet about the real estate situation, therefore, that has made rather an empty week, though there have been deals under way that will be closed up soon, and when they are, things will not look nearly so quiet.

• • •

The announcement of the Lakeside Land company in this issue of The Herald, contains matter of great interest to those who may be home-seekers, but who have not reached a position where they are able to buy a home outright. It is probably the best offer in this line ever made in the city of Duluth, and it has not often been duplicated anywhere. If a lot is purchased of the company it will furnish the money with which to build the home. One-fourth of the total cost of house and lot is to be paid down, and the balance is to draw interest at the low rate of 6 per cent. The purchaser can get ample time in which to make his payments. If his income warrants large monthly payments he can clean it up in three years and save interest. If he is only able to make a moderate payment each month, he can have as high as eight years in which to complete his payments. The offer is a very attractive one, and it will result in considerable activity in building in the lake shore suburbs.

• • •

F. E. House, the new president of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, has secured the Bunnell home, at the corner of Thirteenth avenue east and Superior street, and will occupy it with his family in a short ime. Next spring, it is reported, Mr. House will build a home for himself in the East End. The Bunnell house was recently purchased by G. G. Hartley for Eastern parties.

• • •

John A. Stephenson during the week sold the A. A. Harris residence at 16 East Twelfth street to Frank P. Nester, the well-known lumberman, for $8800. Mr. Nester will occupy the house immediately.

• • •

Stryker, Manley & Buck during the week closed up the deal by which M. L. Parker purchased the George D. Swift residence at 2320 East First street, for $5000. The property was owned by the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company.

• • •

Thomas S. Wood has purchased 100 feet at the corner of Superior street and Twenty-fourth avenue east from Virginia parties, for $1550. The deal was made by Stryker, Manley & Buck.

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Stryker, Manley & Buck, in addition to the sale to T. S. Wood reported above, made a number of smaller sales during the week, including a lot on Second street in the West End for $1025.

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Charles Edgar, the Iron River lumberman, who is making his home here, and who purchased the McCordic residence at Twenty-first avenue east and Superior street, has purchased the lot next his new home at the corner of Twenty-first avenue for $2400, from Wilson G. Crosby. John A. Stephenson made the sale.

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In referring to the demand in Duluth and other Northwestern cities for small moderate-cost houses to rent, the Improvement Bulletin, of St. Paul, makes this interesting statement:

"People are said to be actually prevented from locating in Duluth because of inability to find such houses. Duluth is not alone in its glory in this respect. It is a common complaint in almost all the growing cities of the Northwest. A demand so strenuous would ordinarily bring on a prompt if not an excessive supply. But investors have as a rule ignored this Macedonian cry. They have built flat buildings galore, a good many large modern houses and more small houses neither modern nor otherwise attractive. Small modern houses to rent to people of modest means, but refined tastes, have been the exception to the rule. Such houses can be built for from $1500 to $2000 and if desirably located, will pay a good return on the investment, renting for from $15 to $25 per month, according to location. With interest rates ranging from 3 to 5 per cent on bonds, stocks and mortgage loans, such a proposition would seem to be a fairly good one."

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During June 355 real estate transfers were filed for record in the office of the register of deeds, with an aggregate consideration of $618,560.95. The statement by days is as follows:

June 1	17	$ 16,679 00
June 3	12	33,802 98
June 4	14	4,336 00
June 5	20	23,287 43
June 6	13	10,383 00
June 7	23	6,393 50
June 8	4	18,604 00
June 10	21	57,284 84
June 11	11	11,477 00
June 12	18	5,323 00
June 13	6	1,054 00
June 14	16	9,617 50
June 15	14	61,761 00
June 17	8	10,539 01
June 18	14	9,981 00
June 19	22	29,569 00
June 20	17	28,526 25
June 21	11	38,010 60
June 22	8	121,172 00
June 24	11	38,968 00
June 25	14	8,685 00
June 26	32	42,449 84
June 27	7	14,211 00
June 28	11	9,438 00
June 29	11	4,798 00
Total	353	$618,560 95

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The transfers for the week were as follows:

H. S. Colton et ux to Charles A. Hamlin, se¼ of sw¼ section 23-50-15	$ 88
George B. Orr et al to R. J. Wemyss, trustee, und ½ of n½ of lot 15 and s½ of lots 16 and 17, Transfer division of Duluth	1
Hedwig Bohm to Ida Pauline Davis, lots 49, 51 and 53, block 85, Duluth proper, Third division	1,200
Hedwig Bohm to Ida Pauline Davis, lots 61 and 63, West First street, Duluth proper, First division	30,000
Hedwig Bohm to Ida Pauline Davis, lots 14 and 16, East Seventh street, Duluth proper, First division	900
Farmers' Banking company to Edward S. Lawyer, se¼ of sw¼ section 23-50-15	1
Charles A. Hamlin et ux to Farmers' Banking company, se¼ of sw¼ section 23-50-15	1
Anna R. Wemyss et mar to George B. Orr, s½ lot 15, s½ lots 16 and 17, Transfer division of Duluth	1
Farmers' Trust company, limited, to Henry T. Davis, lot 17, block 18, Central division	2,000
Ida P. Davis to Davis Real Estate company, lot 3, West Superior street, Duluth proper, First division; lots 15, 16, block 10, Central division; w½ lot 94, block 2, Duluth proper, Third division; sw¼ of ne¼ section 14-50-15	80,000
Ida P. Davis to Davis Real Tstate company, lots 49, 51, 53, block 85, Duluth proper, Third division; lots 14, 16, East Seventh street, Duluth proper, First division; lots 61, 63, West First street, Duluth proper, First division	37,000
Stewart S. Shafer executrix to Malcolm Heggart, e½ lot 69, block 121, Duluth proper, Third division	700
Stephen B. Hill et ux to Belliton Mountain Iron company, und ½ interest w½ of ne¼ section 22-58-20	2,500
Harry W. Krebs et al to C. E. Krebs, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 93, Endion	1
Leona Pierce to G. W. Pierson, ten acres in nw¼ section 2-49-15	1
A. P. Brewer to F. S. Johnson, und 1-3 nw¼ section 6-51-16, nw¼ of nw¼ section 32-52-16	200
Peter Palmer et ux to A. E. Kennedy, ne¼ sw¼ and lots 2 and 3, section 2-58-12	350
Lydia S. Hinchman et ux to A. P. Lovejoy, parts of lots 16, 17, 18 and 19, block "F," Duluth proper, Second division	20,000
Richard J. Ryan et ux to George Brosseau, und 1-16 of ne¼ section 9-62-14	250
Daniel Waite as assignee to John M. McClintock, ne¼ nw¼ section 25-59-15	1
Matt Slari et ux to Mashek Lumber company, lots 2, 3, 4, 5 and se¼ nw¼ section 6-57-19	1,430
Robert Whiteside et ux to George C. Swallow, und 1-6 of lots 2 and 3, section 35, and lot 6 section 36-63-14	116
Farmers Trust company to A. M. Marshall, lot 13, block 21, Harrison's division	450
Daisy I. Wahl to Andrew Hedberg, part lots 9 and 10, block 1, Helm's addition	375
The Investment company to John F. Killarin, lots 8 and 9, and w½ lot 10, block 29, Portland	2,800
Gustaf Hahn et ux to John Sundquist et al, w½ lots 362, block 168, Duluth proper, Second division	375
Perry Ekstrand et ux to Homer C. Fulton, lot 12, block 2, New Endion	900
Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance company to Morton L. Parker, lot 5, block 1, Longview addition	5,000
G. A. Whitman et ux to William Cass, lots 11 and 12, block 29, Tower	700
Ole Nickelson et ux to Martin Nickelson, w½ lot 281, block 49, Rice's Point	1
Martin Nickelson to Ole Nickelson, e½ same	1
Lydia L. Hinchman et al to Allen P. Lovejoy, right-of-way over lots 20 and 21, block "F," Duluth Proper, Second division	1
U. S. G. Sharp, assignee to C. E. Peaslee, receiver, lots 37, 35, 33, 1, 31, block 4; lots 12, 10, 8, 6, block 2; lot 9, block 1, 40; lots 38, 36, 48, 34, 32, 30, 24, 22, 20, 18, 46, block 3; lots 7, 5, 47, 41, 39, 29, 23, 21, 19, 17, 3, 13, 15, block 4, Central division, West Duluth, for each lot	125
C. G. Wieland et ux to W. J. Holmes, lots 9 and 10, block 76, Endion	1,000
Jane Haskins et mar to Kate Nevin, lot 3, block 3, Chandler Park addition	750
H. F. Davis to M. J. Forgy, s½ se¼, se¼ sw¼, ne¼ se¼ 24-60-15	400
Olette A. Johnson et mar to C. R. Smith, sw¼ ne¼ and nw¼ se¼, section 13-66-21	2,100
Henry P. Berger to Guy A. Eaton, n½ ne¼, and e½ nw¼, section 34-69-20	2,650
Messba Improvement company to Julius Bordeau, lot 25, block 11, Sparta	200
Edward McIntosh eet ux to Sloenlan-Crootien Stock company, lots 5 and 6, block 10, Ely	1,500
Eric L. Winje et ux to P. C. Brevig, lot 16, block 3, London addition	1,500
Erik Franson to H. Edith Watzke, s½ ne¼, section 23, and sw¼ nw¼, section 24-70-21	1
John M. Longyear, et ux to T. A. McMillan, lot 10, block 11, Hibbing	125
Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to Joseph Franzell, lot 24, block 29, Eveleth	200
Charlotte Fellows to Davis Real Estate, lots 9 and 10, block 294, West Duluth, Fourth division	$1,000
Same to same, nw¼ sw¼ se¼ section 11-50-14	2,000
Same to same, e½ 32-51-13	8,000
Same to same, sw¼, 33-51-13	5,000
Frank E. Wyman, administrator to H. E. Edson, lot 10, block 19, Lester Park, Second division	900
Mary McDonell et mar to Tower Lumber company, lands in Sections 17, 20, 31, 8 and 7-63-14, in sections 29, 30, 26, 23 and 13, 63-15	10,000
C. E. Peaslee, receiver, to Charles F. Leland, lots 6, 8, 10, 12, 18, 20, 22, 24, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 46, 48, b 3; lots 1, 3, 5, 7, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 29, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 47, block 4, lot 9, block 1, Central division, West Duluth	4,905
C. Leland et ux to W. J. Holmes, same	1
John M. McClintock to William Harrison, sw¼ se¼ 30-60-14	20
C. R. Stal et ux to same; same	10
William Harrison to J. W. Hunt, undivided same	1
Leslie Chase et ux to Zina G. Harrington, lots 23 and 24, block 5, Merchants Park division	1
Edgar P. Sawyer et ux to Patrick Albert Smith, lands in sections 13, 14, 23, 24, 26, 27 and 34, all in township 65-21, and in Sections 2, 3, 4 and 11, township 64-21	15,000
Charlotte Fellows to Davis Real Estate company, w 25¼ feet of lot 8, block 4, Central division	15,000
Ida F. Harhnke et mar to Frank McLurkey 5 acres in ne¼ sw¼ nw¼ 34-58-18	45
B. B. Brigham to Frank Crasweller, lot 75 Fond du Lac	50
Lakeside Land Co., to F. E. Wyman, administrator, lot 10, block 19, Lester Park, Second division	1,900
John W. Bailey to Archibald McPhee, undivided 1-20 lot 2, sw¼ of ne¼ and w¼ se¼ section 2; w ne¼ and w½ se¼ section 11; lots 3 and 4, Section 10; lots 1 and 2, section 30-58-14; lot 4 and sw¼ nw¼ section 1, lot 3 and se¼ nw section 2, se¼ nw¼ and w½ ne¼ section 2, se¼ nw¼ and w½ ne¼ section 11 and w½ nw¼ section 12-57-18	500
Charles H. Maginnis et ux to T. W. Kehl, sw¼ nw¼ and nw¼ sw¼ section 2 and se¼ ne¼ section 3, 64-21	500
C. M. Hill Lumber Company to Peter L. Kimberly, lot 3, section 2; lot 3 and 4, and se¼ nw¼, sw¼ ne¼ section 3-58-15	20,000
James H. Flinn, trustee to John C. McGilvery, lot 19, block 35, Eveleth	300
Same to Max Shapiro, lot 10, block 38, Eveleth	175
Nils Svedin to C. R. Smith, ne¼ section 23-65-20	1,400
Lillian M. Smith et mar to Marcus L. Fay, lot 30, block 29, Virginia	150
Mary H. Hawkes et mar to Theron H. Hawkes, Jr., lots 13 and 14, block 54, Portland	1
Lars Soderstrom et ux to M. J. Wilson, lots 3, 4 and 5, section 6-57-14	600
William B. Layton to George B. Manter, lots 14 and 15, block 8, Third Glen Avon division	200

SHIRT WAISTS BARRED.

Gentlemen Must Wear Coats In Chicago Theaters.

Chicago, July 6.—Masculine wearers of shirt waists have been barred from two Chicago theaters, the management of a third is considering the same action, and at none of the better class of play houses is a welcome hand extended toward the exponents of this form of dress fad.

In front of the box office of McVicker's theater last night this notice was posted:

"Gentlemen must wear coats in this theater. The license granted by the ticket of admission will be revoked for any disregard of the rule."

The posting of the rule followed a consultation between the manager of the theater and his attorney. The attorney found from an examination of the laws of the different states, in every state except Pennsylvania a ticket to a place of amusement was a license, subject to revocation whenever the holder thereof did not comport himself in accordance with the wishes of the seller.

At the Dearborn theater admission was denied to two young men dressed in shirt waists.

Anglo-American Copper Mining Company,
of Parry Sound (Limited).

We now offer another small series of this valuable stock at the very low price of **Twenty-five Cents per Share,** payable in five equal monthly payments of five cents each. The work at the mines is being pushed under the superintendence of Captain A. Le Duc, with a full crew of men, and the results are most flattering. New bodies of ore are being opened up; values are increasing as we gain depth, and the smelters are bidding for our ore. Owing to an accident to our smelter in the final test, a delay of several weeks will be caused. You remember, the company do not pay for the smelter until the builders have satisfied the directors it will save the values in our ores. A site at Parry Sound for the smelter has been secured, and we hope to be smelting our own ores soon.

This is one of the most promising stocks ever offered in this market, and we confidently expect a rush for this small series.

Remember this company are actual miners, not speculators.

Orders by Mail will Receive Prompt Attention.

Marcus W. Bates, Agent,
4 EXCHANGE BUILDING, DULUTH.

Beatrice Gold Mining Co.

MARCUS W. BATES, Pres., H. G. GEARHART, Sec., A. T. HEPWORTH, Treas.
Hon. W. D. Edson, Hon. F. E. Barnard, Hon. J. O. Milne, S. E. Middleton, M. W. Bates, Directors.

A second series of the stock of this company will be offered in a few days at the office of the company, 4 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn. The company are now in possession of their mines in Calaveras County, California, and our consulting engineer says we can be producing gold from our mill within thirty days.

Fuller information will be given at the office—call and secure an early place in the list of shareholders. The stock will have a rapid sale.

AT WEST DULUTH

It is feared now that Bert Onsgard, the 12-year-old son of C. C. Onsgard, of Fifty-ninth avenue west, will lose his eyesight as the result of the accident July 4. He had discharged several bunches of firecrackers during the day, and at night he had Roman candles. The last Roman candle caused the trouble. After the fuse was ignited, two colored balls left the tube, and then the firing ceased. The boy knew there were several shots in the tube, and he started to investigate. As he was looking down the tube one of the balls struck him squarely between the eyes. He was carried into the house and a physician summoned. There is faint hope that the eyesight will be saved, but as inflammation has commenced, it will take a long period.

Mr. and Mrs. Onsgard have the sympathy of the people in this last distressing accident which has been visited upon one of their children. About one year ago two of their daughters were painfully burned, and were confined to the house for many weary weeks.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The damage to streets caused by the recent storms is being repaired as rapidly as possible. Several gangs of men are at work in different portions of the city. Some of the avenues are still strewn with paving blocks.

Alfred Holter, employed at the Great Eastern store, knows how it feels to have a cannon cracker explode in close proximity to the face. He is not seriously injured, although his eyeballs are filled with particles of powder and his face is burned painfully.

Mrs. Barrett, of Huntington, W. Va., is visiting with her daughter, Mrs. G. Deatherage.

Misses Jessie and Agnes Ashley, of St. Cloud, are visiting at the home of their brother, Frank Ashley.

O. V. Murray, of Alpena, Mich., brother of M. C. and A. L. Murray, has arrived here and will locate in the city.

Mrs. Charles T. Johnson and three children are at St. Croix Falls, Wis., Mrs. Johnson's old home.

Harvey Johnson, of Calumet, Mich., is visiting with John Cashin.

The men of St. James' church are preparing for their lawn social to be given July 25. They expect to establish a new record in successful socials at this time.

Regular quarterly communion will be observed at the Westminster Presbyterian church tomorrow. At that service the theme of the pastor will be "The Lord Our Righteousness." In the evening the subject is "The Beloved Disciple." All persons having no church connection are invited to the services of the church.

Miss Dora Schultze leaves tonight for the Pacific coast. She will visit at Seattle, Portland and San Francisco, and will be gone two months.

Proctorknott's ball team will play at Hibbing tomorrow.

Mrs. W. J. Merritt and family, of Oneota, left Monday for Townsend, Mont., where they will reside.

Mrs. Bucheu and family have returned from New York state.

Mrs. McKnight will leave soon for Canby, Minn., where she will reside.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Shipley have returned from Texas and will remain here. They were not satisfied with the climate of the Lone Star state.

A son of W. G. Pierson, of Oneota, is quite ill with pneumonia.

Miss Mabel Gates, sister of Mrs. M. C. Murray, arrived Tuesday from Lisbon, N. D., on account of the latter's illness.

The West Duluth musicians have returned from Biwabik, where they assisted the people in their celebration of the Fourth. No rain fell in the range town to mar the enjoyment of the day, and the celebration was a success in every way.

Ellis Neuman returned to Eveleth this morning after a short stay here on business.

Wanted, five experienced machine girls and four apprentice girls. West Duluth Shirt factory.

NEW POSTMASTER.

James Hughes Appointed at Cohasset, Itasca County.

Washington, July 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—James Hughes has been appointed postmaster at Cohasset, Itasca county, vice D. A. Dunn, removed.

An increase of pension to $12 monthly has been granted to Francis L. Nickerson, of Sauk Center.

EXPENSIVE BATHING.

It Has Cost Two Hundred Thousand Dollars.

Huntington, W. Va., July 6.—Twenty or more colored youths for weeks have used the city reservoirs on the hill back of the city for a bathing pool. This is the direct cause of the destruction of $200,000 worth of property by fire, the throwing out of employment of 5000 men, and a water famine, which existed for three days here this week. When the fact became known that reservoirs were used as bathing pools they were ordered drained. While dry the pumps at the water station broke down and fire could not be put out.

WETMORE'S GELATIN
Granulated or shredded; 10 cents at all grocers

AT HOME.

President and Mrs. McKinley Reach Canton In Safety.

Pittsburg, July 6.—The president's private car attached to the third section of train No. 9, the Western express on the Pennsylvania railroad, arrived in this city at 7:25 a. m. and departed at 8 a. m. for Canton. The president was up, but could not be seen.

Secretary Cortelyou said Mrs. McKinley had spent a comfortable night and there was no change in her condition.

Canton, Ohio, July 6.—The train bearing the presidential party arrived here at 10:15 this morning. Mrs. McKinley stood the journey very well.

Owing to Mrs. McKinley's illness there was no demonstration at the station upon the arrival of the train, it being feared that the noise and confusion incident upon such a reception would have an unfavorable effect upon the patient.

There was, however, a large crowd present that completely filled the station platform. When the president and Mrs. McKinley stepped from the train a hearty cheer of welcome went up. In according with the wishes of the president to make the home-coming as quiet as possible, none of the reception committees that have heretofore welcomed the president were present as organizations, but were there as individuals.

The president's carriage arrived from Washington several days ago, and it conveyed the chief executive and Mrs. McKinley to their old home. For several days past servants have been busily engaged in preparing the house for the comfort of the president and Mrs. McKinley. It was said by members of the president's party that Mrs. McKinley had stood the trip exceedingly well and that her condition continues favorable.

Increases human energy, makes soldiers of weak men. The world has little piy for a man who having lost his grip does not regain it by taking Rocky Mountain Tea. 35c. Ask your druggist.

Dancing tonight at Oatka.

The Herald's "want" columns continue to grow in volume and in usefulness. This is conclusive evidence where to obtain the best results.

ONE OF THE BEST INVESTMENTS IN THE WORLD —DULUTH REAL ESTATE.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE!

$1000	50 feet on Fourth street near Sixteenth avenue east.
$4000	50 feet on Second street, between Third and Fourth avenues east; very choice location.
$7500	Modern dwelling house on First street, 125-foot frontage, all modern conveniences.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.
LONSDALE BLDG.

WHAT IS CHEAPER?

One 7-room house, one 3-room house, small barn, 50x150 foot lot, fine view of lake. Only $1000—$250 cash will handle it. Just the thing for a carpenter or builder.

LITTLE & NOLTE

Lakeside Residence for Sale or Rent.

No. 4309 London Road, 12 rooms, hot-water heat, all modern conveniences.

G. G. Dickerman & Co.
Trust Building.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE!

Lot 50x169 feet and seven-room house—has hardwood floors, fire place, furnace heat. Is a fine property and can be bought at a right price. Location Hunter's Park. For further information call on

GEO. H. CROSBY
Loans and Insurance,
106 PROVIDENCE BUILDING.

$1300	Takes 7-room house on West Fifth street, near Twentieth avenue. A snap.
$750	Takes 50 feet upper side Jefferson, near 18th avenue east.
$1000	Takes 50 feet on London road near 18th avenue.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Building.

WHY IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The Pioneer Limited,
Only Perfect Train in the World.
Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS.

J. T. CONLEY,
Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate Business and residence property, improved and unimproved, bought and sold.
Loans Money loaned at the lowest rates.
Fire Insurance Carefully written in good companies.
For Rent Stores, flats and dwellings.

FOR RENT.

Furnished Flat, till September 1st—five rooms	**$20**
Six room Flat—unfurnished at	**$15**

C. A. & E. D. FIELD, 204 Exchange Bldg.

FOR SALE.

House and lot in Portland Division **$1200**

One-half cash—balance 3 years at 6 per cent.

Fire Insurance Written.

Pulford, How & Co.
100 Trust Building.

For Sale.

A nine-room house on Superior Street close to 14th avenue east

$5000

A bargain—good only for a few days.

R. B. Knox & Co
1 Exchange Bldg.

West End Bargains

$425.00

each—a few choice and well located building lots in the West End on First Street near 28th Avenue West.

$600.00

each—your choice of three lots on West Superior Street near 29th Avenue West.

Julius D. Howard & CO.
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.
Duluth, Minn.

FOR RENT.

Store room formerly occupied by R. R. Forward & Co., at 2023 West Superior street; extra good location; newly papered and painted and in first-class condition throughout.

Flats in Wieland Flats, four rooms, steam heat, city water, bath, etc., $10.

714 East Fourth street, nine rooms, recently papered and painted throughout, city water; suitable for two families, $20.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
First National Bank Building,
Duluth, Minn.

A Good Thing to Go by. . . .

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.
(The Popular Thoroughfare)
—BETWEEN—
Duluth, Superiors, Etc.
—AND—
Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowoc, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Etc.

Fast Trains; Pullman Palace Sleepers; Luxuriant Diners; Meals Served a la Carte.

J. C. POND, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.
W. M. STEPHENSON, General Agent,
No. 430 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE.

$6000	Modern residence, No. 1531 East Third street. Immediate possession can be given.
$4200	No. 1517 East Fourth street, eight rooms, hardwood finish, good plumbing; house in first-class condition.

Two choice business corners on first street.

Business and residence lots in the West End.

N. J. UPHAM CO.
400 Burrows Building.
Money to Loan at Low Rates.

FARM

We will trade for improved city property, 100-acre farm near Duluth. Good house and barn, large hennery, horses, cattle, wagons and tools, half acre strawberries, and other crops all in. A very desirable home.

For particulars call at office of

Interstate Land and Investment Co.
605 Palladio Building.

FREE FARMS

160 acres of the choicest farm lands in the world FREE, and cheap rates for settlers. For particulars apply to
J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan building, Duluth, Minn.

4½% 5% 5½%
Money to Loan

Fire Insurance,
Employers' Liability Insurance.

General Agents Travelers' Insurance Co.; of Hartford, Conn.

O. C. Hartman & Co.
210 Exchange Building.

WANTED SITUATIONS.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

WANTED — SITUATION BY YOUNG man where there is chance for advancement. Competent bookkeeper with business ability and experience. Moderate compensation. Y 42, Herald.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED male cook, work for a small crew. Wages moderate. Address J. M., Highland Park, Duluth.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOMS TO care for or few hours' work each day. Inquire 1126 West Michigan street, top floor.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG lady as stenographer and general office work. Has experience in bookkeeping. L 5, Herald.

POSITION DESIRED BY YOUNG LADY as beekkeeper. Two years' experience. Good references. Salary moderate. Address Y 91, Herald.

A YOUNG GIRL WOULD LIKE A place to do housework and would like to go home nights. E 70, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY A YOUNG man as grocery clerk. Can give best of references. Y 5, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS SHOE salesman by a young man with three years' experience. Good references. L 4, Herald

WANTED—POSITION AS COLLECTOR or office man by a competent young man. Best of references. B 90, Herald.

YOUNG MAN, 22 YEARS OF AGE, wants position where there is opportunity of advancement. Not afraid of work. Address M 74, Herald.

MAN AND WIFE WOULD LIKE PLACE to do cooking in or outside of city. Address 16 East Superior street, Room 18.

LADY WITH SEVERAL YEARS EXPERIENCE in law office, desires position as stenographer. Apply Box C. B., Herald.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

BOARD OFFERED.

NICE ROOM WITH BOARD, MODERN conveniences. 326 West Second street.

MRS. McMILLAN HAS MOVED FROM 313 West Superior street to 114 West Second street, and will keep furnished rooms with or without board, also lodgers.

ROOM AND BOARD OFFERED. 317 West Fourth street.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS, all modern conveniences. Very central. No. 318 West Second street.

PASTURAGE FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — PASTURAGE FOR horses and cattle at Spirit Lake, with good shade and pure water. Zenith 'phone 3090.

WANTED—AGENTS.

MEN AND WOMEN EVERYWHERE TO copy letters, $5 to $6 weekly, working evenings. Particulars enabling you to start to work mailed on application. Inclose stamp. Union Advertising company, Toledo, Ohio.

LUCKY PENNY POCKET PIECE, THE hit of the season; genuine lucky penny; sample 10 cents; dozen 60 cents; harvest for agents. Attleboro Aluminum Co., Attleboro, Mass.

LADY OR GENTLEMEN AGENTS TO sell household goods on easy payments. No capital required. Gately Supply company, 8 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

COLLEGE OF MINES

An Engineering School with unique location, giving it unusual facilities. Distinctive methods of instruction. Special courses given. All work in charge of widely experienced men. Catalogue giving list of graduates and their occupation on application. Address F. W. McNAIR, Pres't, HOUGHTON, MICH.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT AND LODGING outfit. Splendid location. 2010 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—SMALL CIGAR AND TOBACCO store, cheap. Good location. Address W. J., Herald.

FOR SALE—GASOLINE STOVE. ALSO good cook stove. 206 East First street, third floor.

FOR SALE—LADIES' AND GENTLEMAN'S bicycle cheap. Flat No. 2327 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—DENSMORE NO. 1 TYPEWRITER, good as new, in perfect condition. Address D 87, Herald.

FOR SALE—LUMBER AND WOOD, First avenue east and Michigan street, or 1511 East South street.

FOR SALE—TWO-HORSE PACKING company wagon, and one-horse top wagon. 213 West First street.

FOR SALE — OXFORD BICYCLE, 81 gear, good condition, $10. 111 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—WELCH COMBINATION folding bed, cost $85; small range, bed room suite, kitchen utensils, and gas range, cheap for cash. B. Williams, 212 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—A TWO CHAIR BARBER shop outfit. Barber shop, 215 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows. S. Kaner, 1217 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—TIMBER AND HOMESTEAD locating in good locations on rivers running to the coast. Fine homesteads and good timber, a specialty. Headquarters, address Murphy & Dammon, Merchant hotel, Portland, Oregon.

FOR SALE—THE HALL SAFE COMPANY'S fire and burglar proof safe. J. S. Ray, post box 89.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

Large Consignments of
Drafters, Farm Mares, Drivers and Mules
are daily received at
BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN'S
Midway Horse Market,
Midway, St. Paul, Minn. All horses sold under written guarantee to be as represented. Part time given if desired.

PERSONAL.

REFINED YOUNG LADY OF 20, VERY wealthy, desires true and affectionate husband. No triflers. Address P. O. drawer 392, Toronto Junction, Can.

ATTRACTIVE, WELL BRED LADY, independently wealthy, refined and generous, good disposition, will devote life to kind husband. "Sincere" 1224 Wellington street, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES—TRY MY MONTHLY REGULATOR. Box free. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

MIDWIFE.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM. OBSTETRICS electricity, magnetic and suggestive. Private hospital 11 19th Ave. W.

MRS BANKS, MIDWIFE, 328 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON, FEMALE COMPLAINTS. Private hospital, 708 E. 3d st. 'Phone 1225.

MEDICAL.

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you have small, weak organs, lost power or weakening drains, our Vacuum Organ Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.
LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 115 Thorpe Blk., Indianapolis, Ind.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOPLE holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg., Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., W. Superior street. Established 1893.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile Company, 16 West Superior street.

ATTORNEYS.

S. L. SMITH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 219 Duluth Trust building.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

CHIMNEY SWEEP.

CHIMNEY AND FURNACE CLEANING, Simpson. Zenith 'phone 738. 119 W. 1st st.

RAILROAD WATCHES.

REPAIRED AND ADJUSTED. HARRIS & Esterly, 406 West Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

LOST.

LOST — GILT SPECTACLES, CASE opening sideways. Address Penner, 127 West Fourth street. Will call and pay reward.

LOST—BARKER SHOT GUN IN leather case, between Nelson's Gun store and Thirty-second ave. east. Return to E. W. Bird, St. Louis hotel, or Fairmount, Minn. Liberal reward.

LOST -- BOY'S COAT, BROWN, trimmed with red. Return to No. 2 fire hall for reward.

GASOLINE AND STOVES.

BUY THEM AT 20 FIRST AVENUE west, from expert. 'Phone 854.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 18 per month. Call 2327 East First street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. 230 East Fourth street.

WANTED — FIVE COOKS, AT ONCE; three dishwashers, eight waitresses. Lewis Employment Agency, 131 West Superior street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALES ladies in crockery and hardware department, basement New Store.

COMPETENT GIRL WANTED FOR general housework. Good wages. Apply after Tuesday, July 9, to Mrs. John H. Dight, 1931 East Superior street.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply J. G. Seecamp, 215 West Superior street.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO copy letters, $5 to $6 weekly working evenings. Work mailed on application. Enclose stamp. Toledo Novelty Supply company, Toledo, Ohio.

NO OINTMENT, SALVE OR GREASE is half as pleasant to use for sores, burns, chafing, any skin irritation, as dainty Satin-Skin Cream. Keep it handy. 25c.

WANTED—GIRL FOR SEWING. 501 West Superior street, upstairs.

SORES, CHAPS, WIND-BURN ALL painful, irritating skin afflictions quickly cured by Satin-Skin Cream. 25c.

WANTED — COMPENT GIRL FOR general housework. 124 East Third street.

WANTED — A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. J. D. Stryker, Torrey building.

WANTED—A WASH WOMAN, AT 407 East First.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Small family. 1405 East Superior street.

WANTED — SIX LADY CANVASSERS for Red Cross starch. Straight salary. 28 West Second street.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK TO BEGIN July 12. No washing. Good wages. Mrs. S. T. Harrison, 2107 East First street.

WANTED—COOK. 318 WEST SECOND.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1127 London road.

A CAPABLE GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call after 6 p. m., 1714 Jefferson street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE GIRL. One with references. 1514 East Third street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED LAUNDRY girls at Peerless laundry.

WANTED - GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 112 East Third street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN OF GOOD habits, able and willing to work; good wages. Apply Charles H. Hall, Branch Bethel.

WANTED — 100 RAILROAD LABORERS for Halvorson, Richards & Co.'s big railroad contract on the Northern Pacific railway, 250 miles west, $2 per day. Station work, clearing and tracklaying. Cheap fare. Ship every morning. Six months' work. Fifty men for Winston Bros., on N. W. Ry. at Rice Lake, Wis. Larorers, $1.75 per day. Board, $3.50 per week. Teamsters, $30 and board. Free fare. Ship at 9 a. m. 100 men for Foley Bros. big contracts, $2 to $2.25 per day. Rock work $1.10 to $1.25 per yard. Station work 18 cents to 22 cents per yard. Two years' work. Fare advanced. Profile in office. Fifty men for John Runquist on Duluth & Iron Range Railway. Four camps; $1.75 per day. Free fare. Ship 3 p. m. daily. Surface gangs, extra gangs and section crews on all railroads. Free fare. Lumber crews, barkpeelers, sawmill men, farm hands, city work, etc. New orders every day. All work guaranteed. National Employment company, 431 West Michigan St. Duluth. Superior, 809 Tower avenue. Minneapolis, 200 Nicollet avenue and 222 Third avenue south. Established 1882.

WANTED — TRIMMERMAN FOR SAWMILL. National Employment company, 431 West Michigan street.

CIGAR SALESMEN WANTED EVERYWHERE; experience unnecessary; $25 weekly. Emanuel company, 208 East One Hundred and Sixth street, New York.

CIVIL SERVICE GOVERNMENT POSITIONS. About 9500 appointments made last year. Probably 10,000 this year. Only a common school education required. Catalogue of information free. Columbian Correspondence college, Washington, D. C.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade, no limit to time. Catalogue and particulars mailed free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

SPECIALTY SALESMAN FOR PERMANENT position. Must be a hustler and show clean record; high commission contract. Bond and entire time required. No side line. Good chance for right man. P. O. Box 3, Detroit, Mich.

WE PAY $20 A WEEK AND EXPENSES to men with rigs to introduce Poultry compound. International Manufacturing company, Parsons, Kan.

WANTED — EVERYWHERE HUSTLERS to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

WE, THE HAWKES NURSERY COMPANY, Milwaukee, Wis., want more men. Big inducements; salary or commission. Write for special terms.

WANTED—FIFTEEN FIRST - CLASS structural iron men. Good wages and steady work. Wisconsin Bridge and Iron company, Houghton, Mich.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to
W. C. McCarter,
Business University.

ORDINARY MECHANICS are plentiful. You can be something better. Learn how. Call on or address C. S. Cable, representative International Correspondence Schools, 206-208 New Jersey Building, Duluth. Open evenings. 3

CARPET CLEANING.

THE DULUTH-SUPERIOR STEAM carpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

GOOD CURE FOR SMALLPOX—HAVE your carpets cleaned and feathers renovated. Also have your old carpets made into rugs. First class upholstering done. Superior Rug company, C. F. Forsell, manager. 'Phone 949, 217 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—VERY REASONABLE TO right party. Furnished house, eight rooms and bath. New, all impropments. Apply at once to A. F. Pfieffer, with Freimuth.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR gentleman, pleasant location. Apply 503 West First street.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED rooms; beautiful view. 827 West Third street.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOMS, fine location, lake view, good table, also double parlors with large piazza. 218 West Third street.

FOR RENT—10-ROOM BRICK HOUSE, very reasonable. Apply Bloom & Co., 102 West First street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED rooms for one or two gentlemen. 111 East Second avenue.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 210 East Third street.

FOR RENT—NEW HOUSE, SEVEN rooms, with bath and electric light. Inquire 318 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE FRONT room, also one side room, furnished. 227 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms, $5 per month. 315 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, modern. 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT—ROOMS 1021 WEST MICHIGAN street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FLAT, SEVEN ROOMS, steam heated; all modern conveniences; centrally located. Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED TO RENT—FOUR OR FIVE room cottage on Park Point, furnished or unfurnished. Responsible parties. A. M. B., Herald.

WANT TO RENT—SIX OR 7-ROOM house, with barn on lot. Apply Duluth Cigar factory.

WANTED TO RENT—HOUSE, CENTRALLY located; 8 or 10 rooms, modern and suitable for furnished rooms. Y 6, Herald.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 1, 1901. Work Third degree. H. Nesbitt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month, at 8 o'clock. Next meeting July 8, 1901. Work, ———Burr Porter, M. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER, NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocationss second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting Sept. 11, 1901. Work, P. M. & M. E. M. degree. James Kelly, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, recorder.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave July 2, 1901. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elk's hall. 113 West Superior street. Frank Crassweller, G. S.; Wallace P. Welbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL, No. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Roy Hood, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets second and fourth Thursdays of the month at Great Eastern hall. W. S. McCullum, sachem; W. E. Day, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, We-ke-me-wup tribe, No. 17, meets second and fourth Monday evenings of each month in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street. L. R. Birch, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. Robert Rankin, V. C.; John Burnett, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Prudden, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.
ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening at 8 p. m., in Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Work in the initiatory degree. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. W. A. Rehder, N. G.; T. B. Perry, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Herrell, treasurer, Union depot.

UNITED COMMERCIAL TRAVELERS, Zenith, No. 40, Duluth, Minn.—Regular meetings fourth Saturday night of each month. Elks' hall, Superior street. W. N. Donaldson, S. C.; C. W. Sutton, secretary and treasurer.

WANTED—TO BUY.

GOOD INTEREST PAYING, CENTRALLY located real estate. Not to exceed $5000. Address with price and location. X 4, Herald.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

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HOTEL NORTHERN,
208 W. Superior St.
Music Every Afternoon and Evening by the VIENNA LADIES' ORCHESTRA AND CONCERT COMPANY.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, LEADER North Star band. Zenith 'prone 606.

DRUGGIST.

C. J. TUFTE, 2015 West Superior street.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

FOUND.

FOUND—ROW BOAT. INQUIRE JOHN Fink, Park Point street railway.

POPULAR MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

WATCH REPAIRING.

HARRIS-ESTERLY, 406 W. SUP. ST.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROF. WALTER TELLS EVERYTHING. 314 East Fifth street.

PROFESSER MME. QUINN IS STILL at 622 West Superior street.

CLARISSA LE LONG, THE FAMOUS clairvoyant is in West Superior and will give dime socials every Friday evening, and readings daily. Parlors 328 Tower avenue.

UNDERTAKING.

WE HAVE THE BEST FUNERAL CAR and rubber tire carriages in the state. Why not get the best particularly when our prices are lowest. Stewart Livery company, 122 West Second street. Telephone 334—2 rings.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONING trouble. 319 First avenue east.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.,
Isle Royale and Apostle Islands Routes

STR. BON AMI
Leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at **9 a. m.** for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur and intermediate points

STR. MABEL BRADSHAW
Leaves Singer's Dock Mondays and Thursdays at **8 p.m.** for Bayfield, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton
JOHN FLYNN, Agt., 2 Lyceum Building.
W. H. SINGER, Mgr., Lake Ave and Canal.

STEAMSHIPS.

DOMINION LINE
RECORD PASSAGE 5 DAYS 7 HRS 27 MINS
HIGH CLASS PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS
NEW GIGANTIC TWIN SCREW
BOSTON AND PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL.
Perfect service and table steadiness account of enormous size no stauncher handsomer ships cross the Atlantic.
T. H. LARKE, GEN'L NORTHWESTERN AGENT.
127 50 THIRD ST. GUARANTY BLD'G. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth.. Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor.. Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar... Wolf ... Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia. Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing. Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv....... Duluth....... Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar....... Virginia....... Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar....... Eveleth....... Lv	7:38 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar....... Ely....... Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	DULUTH.	Arrive
†*1 25 pm 11 10 pm	ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS	†1 55 pm *6 30 am
*Daily	†Daily Except Sunday.	
*7 55 am †3 00 pm	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana & Coast Points. Swan River, Hibbing, Int. Points	*6 43 pm †11 58 am

Sleeper for 11:10 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. L. J. KITCHELL, Nor. Pass Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RY.

Leave—		Arrive—
*4 00 pm *7 30 pm *8 40 am	Ashland and East Minn & Dakota Express No Coast Ltd.	*11 15 am *7 55 am *4 55 pm

"DULUTH SHORT LINE"

†9 00 am *1 55 pm *11 10 pm	St. Paul and Minneapolis.	*6 45 am †2 10 pm *7 00 pm

*Daily. †Daily Except Sunday.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway.
426 Spalding Hotel Block. Union Depot.

Leave	†Daily. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
† 7 00 pm	BOSTON LIMITED.	† 8 30 am
* 8 15 am	Copper Country Local.	* 6 00 pm